

Notes on Z4c

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I. DERIVATION

- $D_i\beta^i$:

$$D_i\beta^i = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\gamma}}\partial_i(\sqrt{\gamma}\beta^i) = \chi^{3/2}\partial_i(\chi^{-3/2}\beta^i) = \partial_i\beta^i - \frac{3}{2}\chi^{-1}\beta^i\partial_i\chi \quad (1)$$

where $\chi = \gamma^{-1/3}$.

- $D_iD_j\alpha$:

$$\Gamma^k_{ij} = \frac{1}{2}\gamma^{kl}(\partial_i\gamma_{jl} + \partial_j\gamma_{li} - \partial_l\gamma_{ij}) \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\gamma}^{kl}[(\partial_i\tilde{\gamma}_{jl} - \partial_i\ln\chi\tilde{\gamma}_{jl}) + (\partial_j\tilde{\gamma}_{li} - \partial_j\ln\chi\tilde{\gamma}_{li}) - (\partial_l\tilde{\gamma}_{ij} - \partial_l\ln\chi\tilde{\gamma}_{ij})] \quad (3)$$

$$= \tilde{\Gamma}^k_{ij} - \frac{1}{2}(\partial_i\ln\chi\delta^k_j + \partial_j\ln\chi\delta^k_i - \tilde{\gamma}_{ij}\tilde{\gamma}^{kl}\partial_l\ln\chi) \quad (4)$$

where $\partial_l\gamma_{ij} = \partial_l(\chi^{-1}\tilde{\gamma}_{ij}) = \chi^{-1}(\partial_l\tilde{\gamma}_{ij} - \partial_l\ln\chi\tilde{\gamma}_{ij})$. Then,

$$D_iD_j\alpha = \partial_i\partial_j\alpha - \Gamma^k_{ij}\partial_k\alpha \quad (5)$$

$$= \partial_i\partial_j\alpha - \left[\tilde{\Gamma}^k_{ij} - \frac{1}{2}(\partial_i\ln\chi\delta^k_j + \partial_j\ln\chi\delta^k_i - \tilde{\gamma}_{ij}\tilde{\gamma}^{kl}\partial_l\ln\chi)\right]\partial_k\alpha \quad (6)$$

$$= \partial_i\partial_j\alpha - \tilde{\Gamma}^k_{ij}\partial_k\alpha + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_i\ln\chi\partial_j\alpha + \partial_j\ln\chi\partial_i\alpha - \tilde{\gamma}_{ij}\tilde{\gamma}^{kl}\partial_l\ln\chi\partial_k\alpha) \quad (7)$$

$$= \partial_i\partial_j\alpha - \tilde{\Gamma}^k_{ij}\partial_k\alpha + \partial_{(i}\ln\chi\partial_{j)}\alpha - \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\gamma}_{ij}\tilde{\gamma}^{kl}\partial_l\ln\chi\partial_k\alpha \quad (8)$$

- $\partial_k\tilde{A}^{ij}$:

$$\partial_k\tilde{A}^{ij} = \partial_k(\tilde{\gamma}^{il}\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\tilde{A}_{lm}) = \partial_k\tilde{\gamma}^{il}\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\tilde{A}_{lm} + \tilde{\gamma}^{il}\partial_k\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\tilde{A}_{lm} + \tilde{\gamma}^{il}\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\partial_k\tilde{A}_{lm} \quad (9)$$

$$= -\tilde{\gamma}^{ip}\tilde{\gamma}^{lq}\partial_k\tilde{\gamma}_{pq}\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\tilde{A}_{lm} - \tilde{\gamma}^{il}\tilde{\gamma}^{jp}\tilde{\gamma}^{mq}\partial_k\tilde{\gamma}_{pq}\tilde{A}_{lm} + \tilde{\gamma}^{il}\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\partial_k\tilde{A}_{lm} \quad (10)$$

$$= -\tilde{\gamma}^{ip}\tilde{A}^{jq}\partial_k\tilde{\gamma}_{pq} - \tilde{\gamma}^{jp}\tilde{A}^{iq}\partial_k\tilde{\gamma}_{pq} + \tilde{\gamma}^{il}\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\partial_k\tilde{A}_{lm} \quad (11)$$

$$= -2\tilde{\gamma}^{l(i}\tilde{A}^{j)m}\partial_k\tilde{\gamma}_{lm} + \tilde{\gamma}^{il}\tilde{\gamma}^{jm}\partial_k\tilde{A}_{lm} \quad (12)$$

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A. Erik's implementation

1. Note

- Evolve $\bar{g}_{ij} = \tilde{g}_{ij} - \delta_{ij}$,
- Evolve $\bar{\chi} = \chi - 1$,
- Evolve $\bar{\alpha} = \alpha - 1$,

2. Equations

$$\bar{\gamma}^{ij} = (\bar{\gamma}_{ij} + \delta_{ij})^{-1} - \delta^{ij} \quad (13)$$

$$\partial_k \bar{\gamma}^{ij} \equiv \partial_k \tilde{\gamma}^{ij} = -\tilde{\gamma}^{il} \tilde{\gamma}^{jm} \partial_k \tilde{\gamma}_{lm} = -(\bar{\gamma}^{il} + \delta^{il})(\bar{\gamma}^{jm} + \delta^{jm}) \partial_k \tilde{\gamma}_{lm} \quad (14)$$

$$\tilde{\Gamma}_{kij} = \frac{1}{2} (\partial_i \tilde{\gamma}_{jk} + \partial_j \tilde{\gamma}_{ki} - \partial_k \tilde{\gamma}_{ij}) \quad (15)$$

$$\tilde{\Gamma}_{ki}{}^j = \tilde{\Gamma}_{kil} (\bar{\gamma}^{lj} + \delta^{lj}) \quad (16)$$

$$\tilde{\Gamma}^k{}_{ij} = (\bar{\gamma}^{kl} + \delta^{kl}) \tilde{\Gamma}_{lij} \quad (17)$$

$$(\tilde{\Gamma}_d)^k = (\bar{\gamma}^{ij} + \delta^{ij}) \tilde{\Gamma}^k{}_{ij} \quad (18)$$

$$\tilde{D}_i \tilde{D}_j \chi = \partial_i \partial_j \chi - \tilde{\Gamma}^k{}_{ij} \partial_k \chi \quad (19)$$

$$\gamma^{ij} = (1 + \bar{\chi})(\bar{\gamma}^{ij} + \delta^{ij}) \quad (20)$$

$$\partial_k \gamma_{ij} = -\chi^{-2} \partial_k \chi \tilde{\gamma}_{ij} + \chi^{-1} \partial_k \tilde{\gamma}_{ij} = -(1 + \bar{\chi})^{-2} \partial_k \bar{\chi} (\bar{\gamma}_{ij} + \delta_{ij}) + (1 + \bar{\chi})^{-1} \partial_k \tilde{\gamma}_{ij} \quad (21)$$

$$\Gamma_{kij} = \frac{1}{2} (\partial_i \gamma_{jk} + \partial_j \gamma_{ki} - \partial_k \gamma_{ij}) \quad (22)$$

$$\Gamma^k{}_{ij} = \gamma^{kl} \Gamma_{lij} \quad (23)$$

$$D_i D_j \alpha = \partial_i \partial_j \alpha - \Gamma^k{}_{ij} \partial_k \alpha \quad (24)$$

$$\tilde{R}_{ij}^\chi = \frac{1}{2(1 + \bar{\chi})} \tilde{D}_i \tilde{D}_j \chi + \frac{1}{2(1 + \bar{\chi})} (\bar{\gamma}_{ij} + \delta_{ij}) \tilde{D}^l \tilde{D}_l \chi - \frac{1}{4(1 + \bar{\chi})^2} \partial_i \bar{\chi} \partial_j \bar{\chi} - \frac{3}{4(1 + \bar{\chi})^2} (\bar{\gamma}_{ij} + \delta_{ij}) (\bar{\gamma}^{kl} + \delta^{kl}) \partial_k \bar{\chi} \partial_l \bar{\chi} \quad (25)$$

$$\tilde{R}_{ij} = -\frac{1}{2} (\bar{\gamma}^{lm} + \delta^{lm}) \partial_l \partial_m \tilde{\gamma}_{ij} + (\bar{\gamma}_{k(i} + \delta_{k(i}) \partial_{j)}) \tilde{\Gamma}^k + (\tilde{\Gamma}_d)^k \tilde{\Gamma}_{(ij)k} + (2\tilde{\Gamma}^k{}_{l(i} \tilde{\Gamma}_{j)k}{}^l + \tilde{\Gamma}^k{}_{im} \tilde{\Gamma}_{kj}{}^m) \quad (26)$$

$$R_{ij} = \tilde{R}_{ij}^\chi + \tilde{R}_{ij} \quad (27)$$

$$R = \gamma^{ij} R_{ij} \quad (28)$$

$$\tilde{A}^{ij} = (\bar{\gamma}^{il} + \delta^{il})(\bar{\gamma}^{jm} + \delta^{jm}) \tilde{A}_{lm} \quad (29)$$

$$\partial_k \tilde{A}^{ij} = \partial_k \left(\bar{\gamma}^{il} \bar{\gamma}^{jm} \tilde{A}_{lm} \right) = \partial_k \bar{\gamma}^{il} (\bar{\gamma}^{jm} + \delta^{jm}) \tilde{A}_{lm} + (\bar{\gamma}^{il} + \delta^{il}) \partial_k \bar{\gamma}^{jm} \tilde{A}_{lm} + (\bar{\gamma}^{il} + \delta^{il})(\bar{\gamma}^{jm} + \delta^{jm}) \partial_k \tilde{A}_{lm} \quad (30)$$

II. MORE

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- [1] Roger Alexander. Solving ordinary differential equations i: Nonstiff problems (e. hairer, sp norsett, and g. wanner). Siam Review, 32(3):485, 1990.