



## Vocabulary

### Review

1. How is a *product* different from a *quotient*?

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2. Circle the *product* of 12 and 4. Underline the *quotient* of 12 and 4.

3

8

16

48

### Vocabulary Builder

**reciprocal** (noun) rih sip ruh kul

**Related Term:** multiplicative inverse

**Definition:** Two numbers are **reciprocals** if their product is 1.

**Main Idea:** To write the **reciprocal** of a fraction, switch the numerator and denominator of the fraction.

**Examples:**  $\frac{4}{5}$  and  $\frac{5}{4}$ ,  $-\frac{7}{8}$  and  $-\frac{8}{7}$ , 5 and  $\frac{1}{5}$ ,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{2}{3}$

#### reciprocals

$\frac{a}{b}$  and  $\frac{b}{a}$ , where  
 $a \neq 0$  and  $b \neq 0$

### Use Your Vocabulary

3. Draw a line from each expression in Column A to its *reciprocal* in Column B.

Column A

 $\frac{3}{4}$ 
 $\frac{1}{2}$ 
 $-2$ 
 $1\frac{3}{4}$ 
 $-\frac{5}{3}$ 

Column B

 $2$ 
 $-\frac{3}{5}$ 
 $-\frac{1}{2}$ 
 $\frac{4}{3}$ 
 $\frac{4}{7}$

## Key Concept Multiplying and Dividing Real Numbers

The product or quotient of two real numbers with **different** signs is **negative**.

The quotient of 0 and any nonzero real number is **0**.

The product or quotient of two real numbers with the **same** sign is **positive**.

The quotient of any real number and 0 is **undefined**.

4. Write *negative*, *positive*, *undefined*, or *zero* for each result.

$5(-9)$

$-8(-2)$

$0 \div 9$

$9 \div 0$

5. Write 4 or  $(-4)$  to make each equation true.

$6 \cdot \square = 24$

$6 \cdot \square = -24$

$24 \div \square = -6$

$24 \div \square = 6$



### Problem 1 Multiplying Real Numbers

**Got It?** What is each product?

$6(-15)$

$12(0.2)$

$-\frac{7}{10}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$

$(-4)^2$

6. In  $6(-15)$  and  $-\frac{7}{10}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$ , the signs of the numbers are **the same / different**.

So, the product of 6 and  $(-15)$  and the product of  $-\frac{7}{10}$  and  $\frac{3}{5}$  will be **positive / negative**.

7. Multiply.

$6(-15) = \square$

$-\frac{7}{10}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = \square$

8. In  $12(0.2)$  and  $(-4)(-4)$ , the signs of the numbers are **the same / different**.

9. Multiply.

$12(0.2) = \square$

$(-4)^2 = (-4)(-4) = \square$



### Problem 2 Simplifying Square Root Expressions

**Got It?** What is the simplified form of  $\sqrt{100}$ ?

10. Circle the equation that uses the positive square root of 100.

$2 \cdot 50 = 100$

$4 \cdot 25 = 100$

$10 \cdot 10 = 100$

11. Will the simplified form of  $\sqrt{100}$  be *positive* or *negative*? Explain.


12. The simplified form of  $\sqrt{100}$  is  $\square$ .



### Problem 3 Dividing Real Numbers

**Got It?** You make five withdrawals of equal amounts from your bank account. The total amount you withdraw is \$360. What is the change in your account balance each time you make a withdrawal?

13. Complete the model.

Relate	total amount withdrawn	divided by	number of withdrawals	is	change in account balance each time
Write	<input type="text"/>	÷	5	=	<input type="text"/>

14. The change in the account balance per withdrawal is  $-\$$  .

Take note

### Property Inverse Property of Multiplication

For every nonzero real number  $a$ , there is a **multiplicative inverse**  $\frac{1}{a}$  such that  $a\left(\frac{1}{a}\right) = 1$ .

The reciprocal of a nonzero number of the form  $\frac{a}{b}$  is  $\frac{b}{a}$ . The product of a number and its reciprocal is 1, so the reciprocal of a number is its multiplicative inverse.

Dividing by a fraction is equivalent to multiplying by the reciprocal of the fraction. In general,  $\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c}$  for  $b, c$ , and  $d \neq 0$ .



### Problem 4 Dividing Fractions

**Got It?** What is the value of  $\frac{3}{4} \div \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)$ ?

Underline the correct word to complete each sentence.

15. The expression shows multiplication / division.

16. To divide fractions, multiply the first / second fraction by the reciprocal of the first / second fraction.

17. Simplify the expression below.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3}{4} \div \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right) &= \frac{3}{4} \cdot \left(-\frac{\text{ } \text{ }}{\text{ } \text{ }}\right) && \text{Multiply by the reciprocal of } -\frac{5}{2}. \\ &= -\frac{\text{ } \text{ }}{20} && \text{Multiply.} \\ &= \text{ } && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

**Got It? Reasoning** Is  $\frac{3}{4} \div \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)$  equivalent to  $-\left(\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{5}{2}\right)$ ? Explain.

18. Dividing a number by  $\frac{5}{2}$  is equivalent to multiplying the number by .

19. Simplify  $-\left(\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{5}{2}\right)$ .

20. Is  $\frac{3}{4} \div \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right)$  equivalent to  $-\left(\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{5}{2}\right)$ ? Explain.

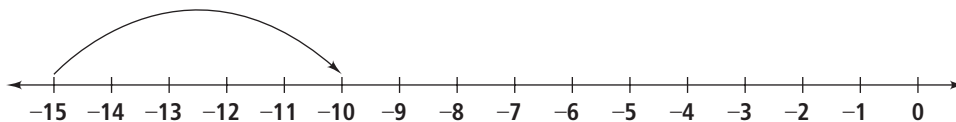


## Lesson Check • Do you UNDERSTAND?

**Reasoning** Use a number line to explain why  $-15 \div 3 = -5$ .

21. In words,  $-15 \div 3$  means dividing  $-15$  into  equal groups.

22. To model  $-15 \div 3$  on a number line, start at  $-15$ . Then use arrows to show three equal groups. The first equal group is shown.



23. What do the three arrows showing the equal groups represent?

24. Divide:  $-15 \div 3 =$  .



## Math Success

Check off the vocabulary words that you understand.

☐ Inverse Property of Multiplication

☐ multiplicative inverse

☐ reciprocal

Rate how well you can *multiply and divide real numbers*.

