Back on track: Backtracking in counterfactual reasoning

Massachusetts
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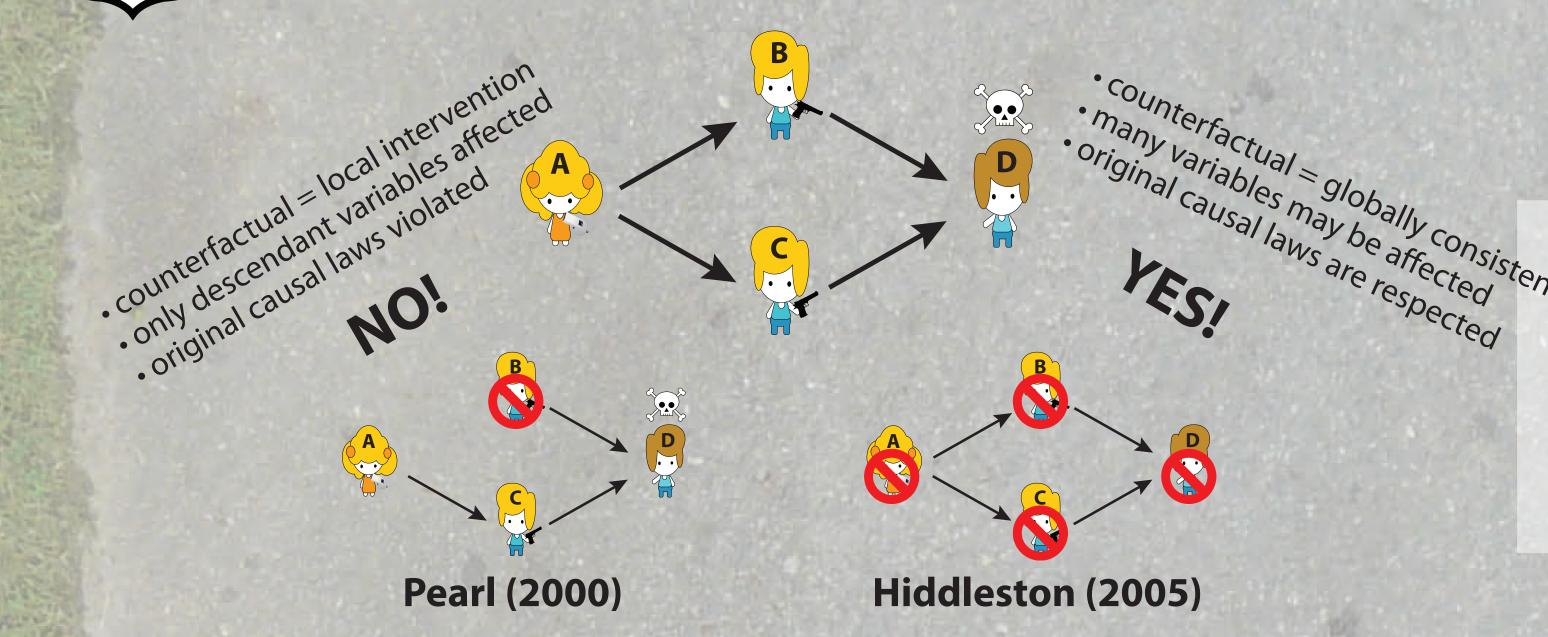
678 mi
3621 mi

Tobias Gerstenberg, Christos Bechlivanidis & David Lagnado

How do we reason counterfactually?
When do we backtrack?

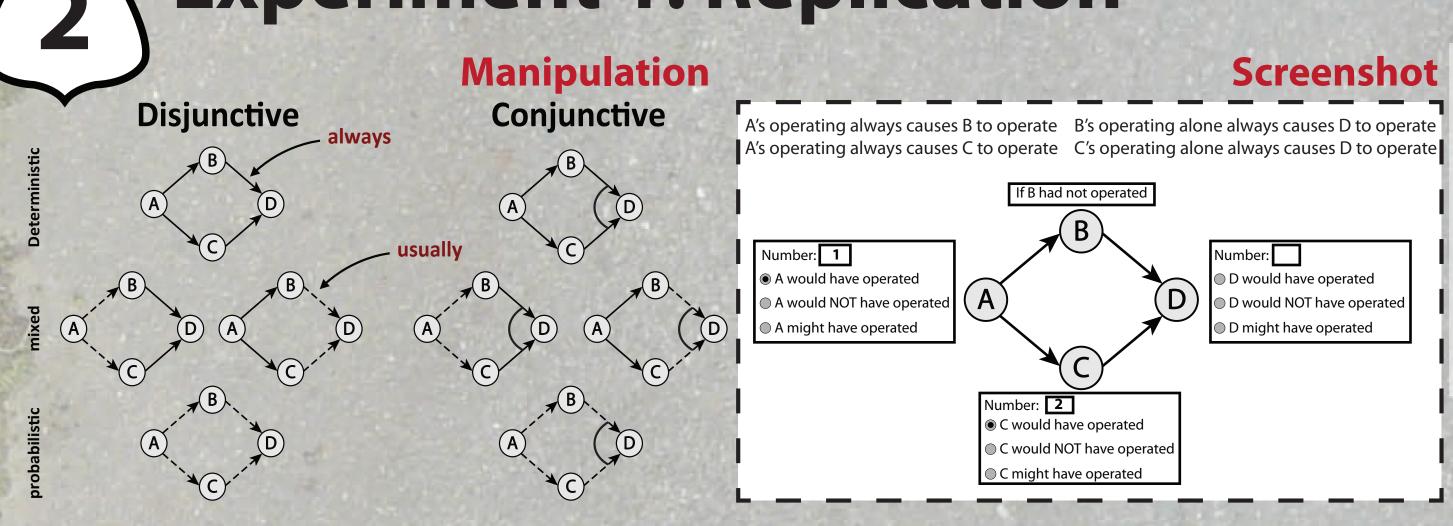
What is backtracking?

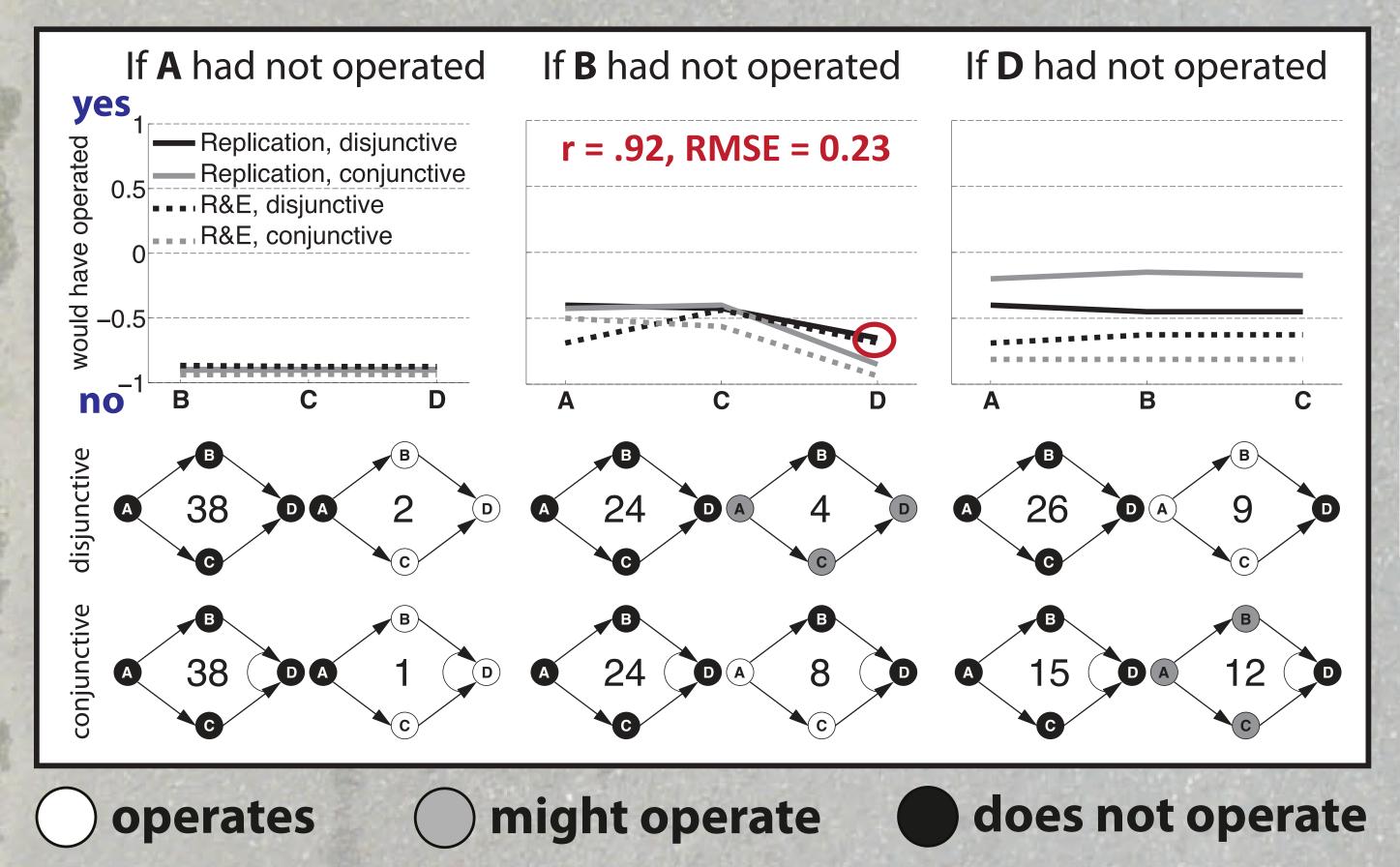
Would D have survived if B had not shot?



counterfactual world = similar to the actual world

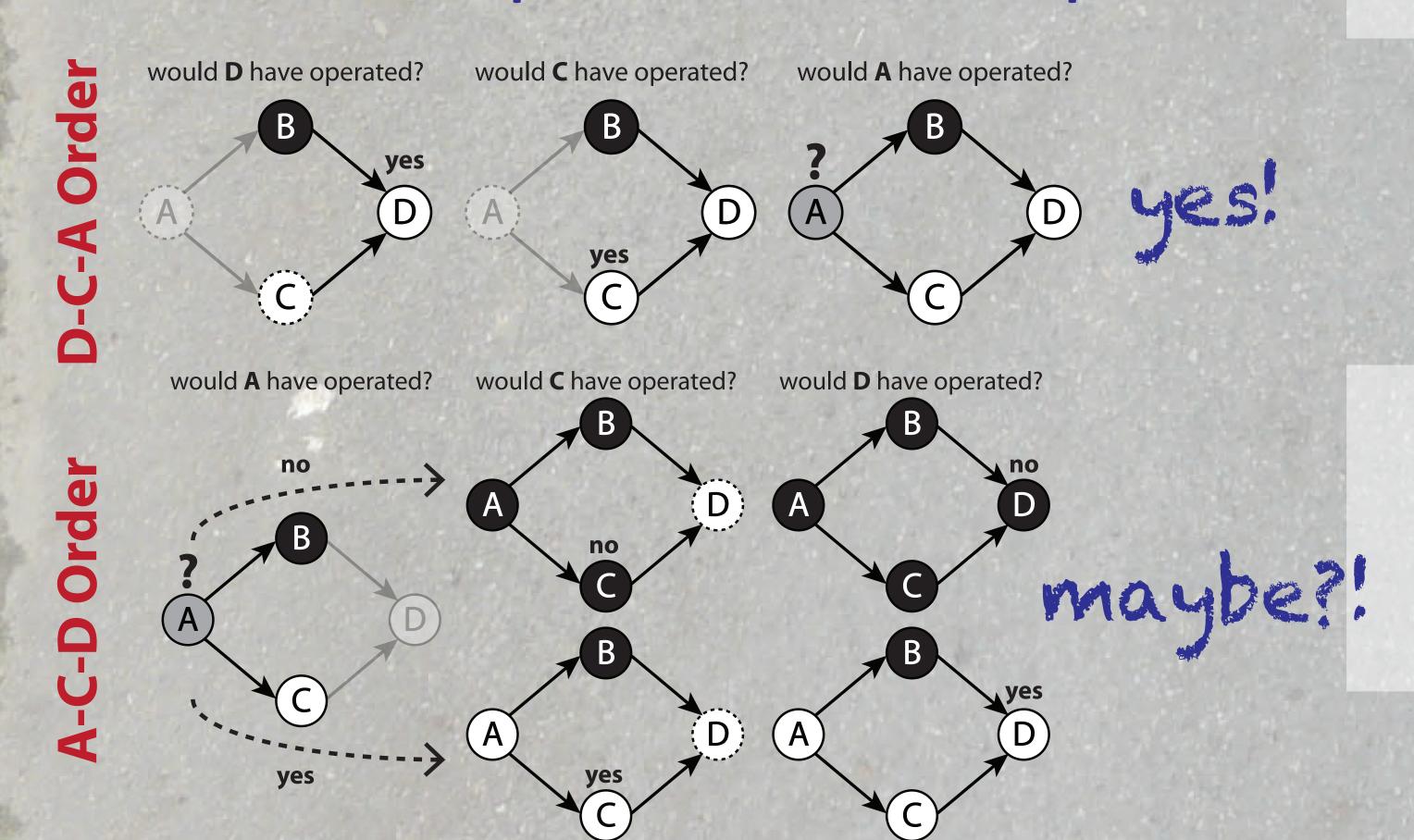
Experiment 1: Replication



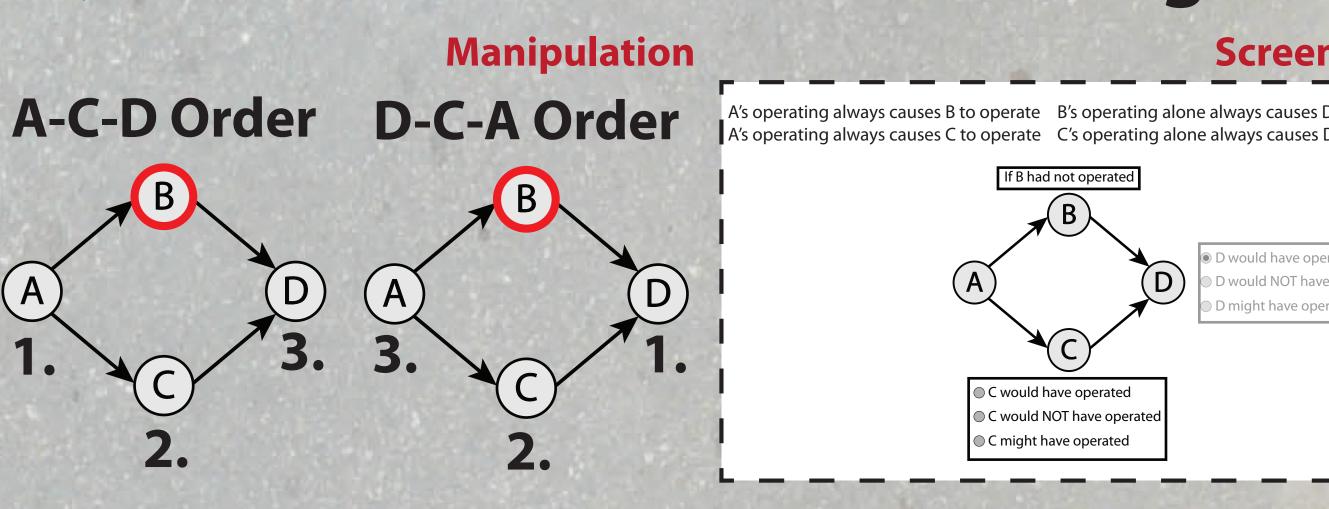


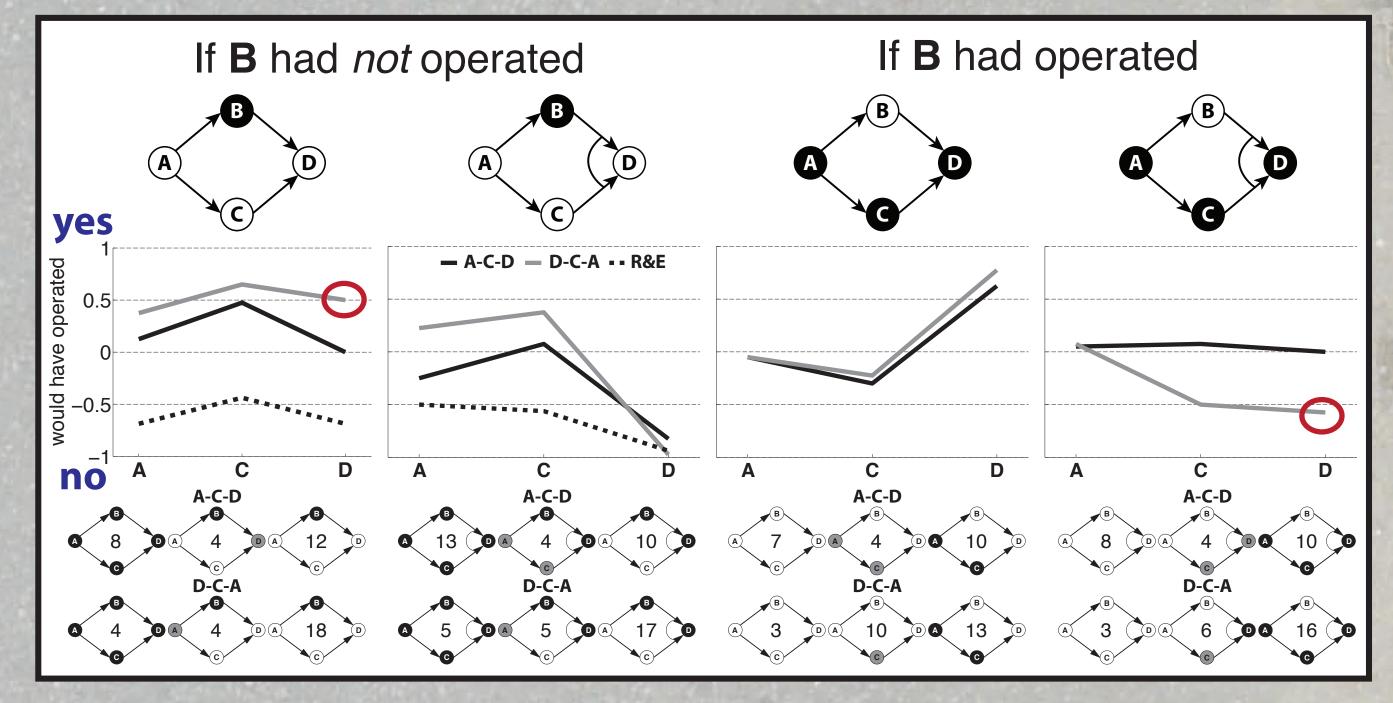
Counterfactual reasoning = local or global?

Would D have operated if B had not operated?

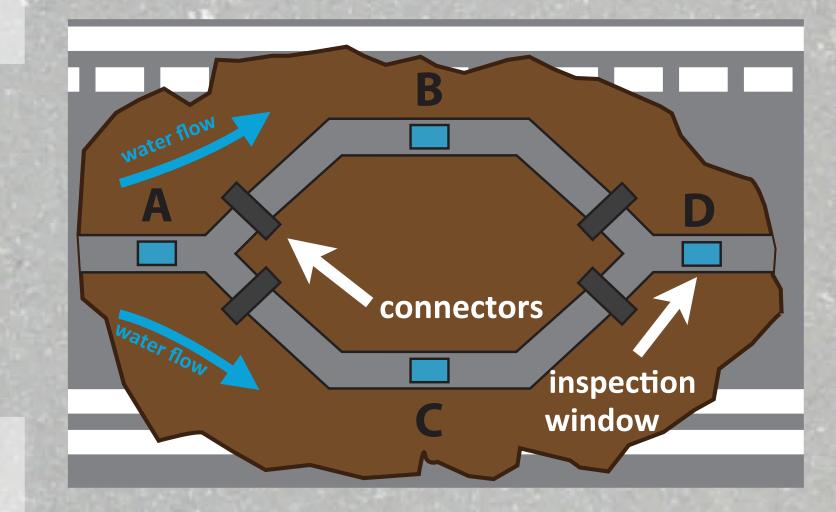


Experiment 2: Order effects in counterfactual reasoning?

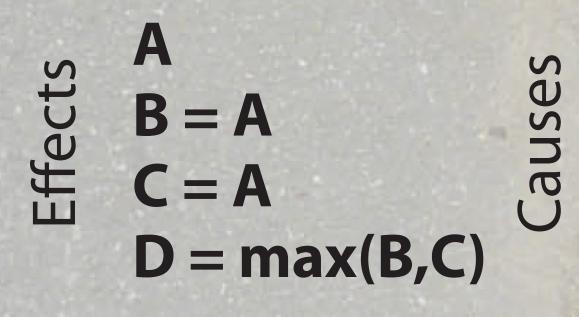


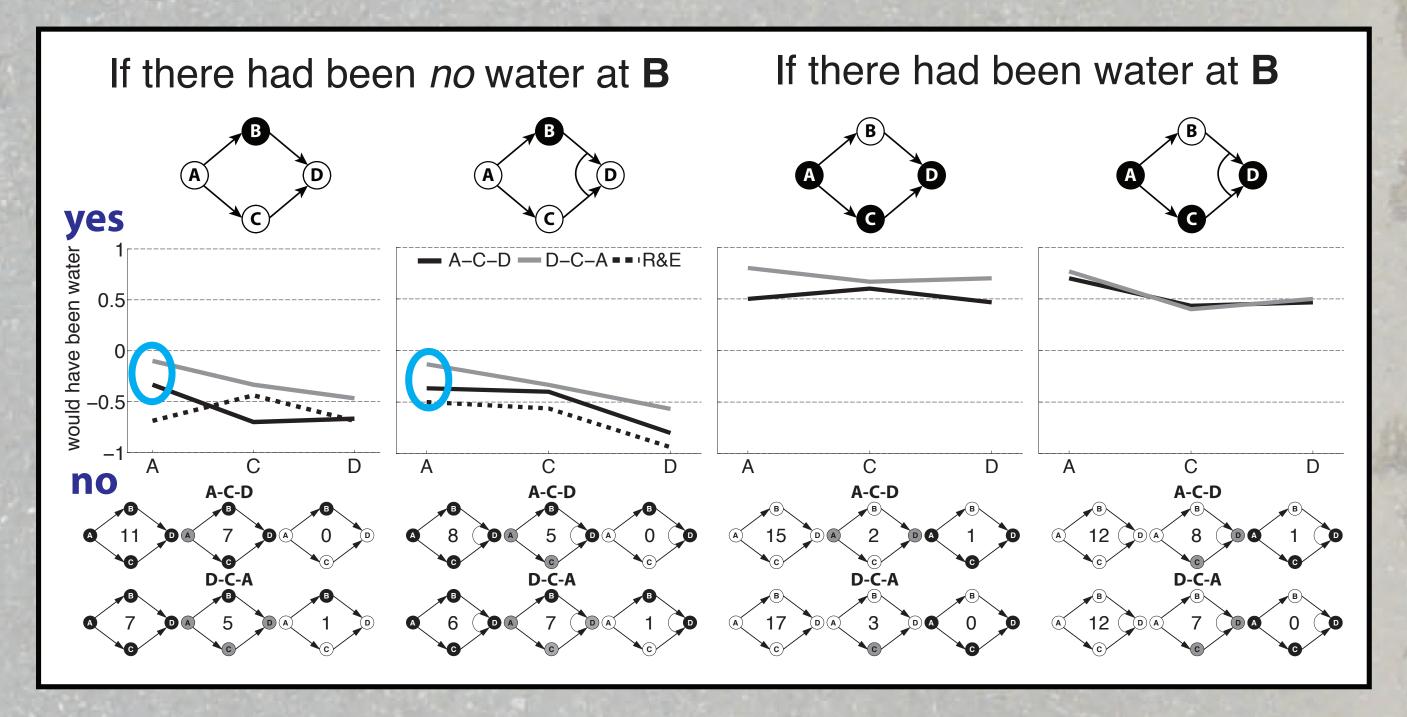


Experiment 3: Do people backtrack spontaneously?



Structural equations





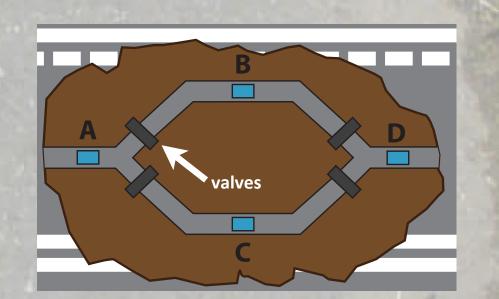
66) Discussion

counterfactual processing is local

- there are situations in which people backtrack spontaneously
- generative models cannot be reduced to structural equations
- counterfactuals cannot be reduced to setting a variable

B no connectors

What's next?



References

Hiddleston, E. (2005). A causal theory of counterfactuals. *Noûs*, 39(4), 632--657. Pearl, J. (2000). *Causality: Models, reasoning and inference*. Cambridge University Press. Rips, L. J. & Edwards, B. (in press). Inference and explanation in counterfactual reasoning. *Cognitive Science*.