

12-5 完善实现 React VDOM DIFF 算法

非页面初次渲染。

```
TypeScript
function FunctionComponent() {
  const [count1, setCount1] = useReducer((x) => x + 1, 0);
 // const arr = count1 % 2 === 0 ? [0, 1, 2, 3, 4] : [0, 1, 2, 3];
  const arr = count1 % 2 === 0 ? [0, 1, 2, 3, 4] : [0, 1, 2, 4];
  // const arr = count1 % 2 === 0 ? [0, 1, 2, 3, 4] : [3, 2, 0, 4, 1];
  // 0 删除
  return (
    <div className="border">
      <h3>函数组件</h3>
      <button
        onClick={() => {
        setCount1();
       }}
       {count1}
      </button>
      <l>
       {arr.map((item) => (
```

```
key={"li" + item}>{item}
     ))}
    {/* {count1 % 2 === 0 ? (
     <button
       onClick={() => {
       setCount1();
      }}
       {count1}
     </button>
    ) : (
     <span
      onClick={() => {
       setCount1();
      }}
      react
     </span>
   )} */}
  </div>
);
```

流程

- 1. 从左边往右遍历,比较新老节点,如果节点可以复用,继续往右,否则就停止
- 2.1 新节点没了,(老节点还有)。则删除剩余的老节点 即可
- 2.2 (新节点还有),老节点没了

2.3 新老节点都还有节点,但是因为老 fiber 是链表,不方便快速 get 与 delete,

因此把老 fiber 链表中的节点放入 Map 中,后续操作 这个 Map 的 get 与 delete

3. 如果是组件更新阶段,此时新节点已经遍历完了,能 复用的老节点都用完了,

则最后查找 Map 里是否还有元素,如果有,则证明是新节点里不能复用的,也就是要被删除的元素,此时删除这些元素就可以了

源码实现

```
TypeScript
function reconcileChildrenArray(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  currentFirstChild: Fiber | null,
  newChildren: Array<any>
) {
 let resultFirstChild: Fiber | null = null; // 头结点
 let previousNewFiber: Fiber | null = null;
 let oldFiber = currentFirstChild;
 let nextOldFiber = null; // oldFiber.sibling
 let newIdx = 0;
 let lastPlacedIndex = 0;
  // * 大多数实际场景下,节点相对位置不变
  // old 0 1 2 3 4
  // new 0 1 2 3
  // new 0 2 1 3
  // 0 2 newIndex(1)<2
```

```
// new 3 2 0 4 1
// ! 1. 从左往右遍历,按位置比较,如果可以复用,那就复用。不能复用,退出本轮
for (; oldFiber !== null && newIdx < newChildren.length; newIdx++)
 if (oldFiber.index > newIdx) {
   nextOldFiber = oldFiber;
   oldFiber = null;
 } else {
   nextOldFiber = oldFiber.sibling;
 }
 const newFiber = updateSlot(returnFiber, oldFiber, newChildren[n
 if (newFiber === null) {
   if (oldFiber === null) {
     oldFiber = nextOldFiber;
   break;
 }
 if (shouldTrackSideEffects) {
   if (oldFiber && newFiber?.alternate === null) {
     deleteChild(returnFiber, oldFiber);
 }
 // 判断节点在DOM的相对位置是否发生变化
 // 组件更新阶段,判断在更新前后的位置是否一致,如果不一致,需要移动
 lastPlacedIndex = placeChild(newFiber as Fiber, lastPlacedIndex,
 if (previousNewFiber === null) {
   // 第一个节点,不要用newIdx判断,因为有可能有null,而null不是有效fiber
   resultFirstChild = newFiber as Fiber;
 } else {
   previousNewFiber.sibling = newFiber as Fiber;
 previousNewFiber = newFiber as Fiber;
 oldFiber = nextOldFiber;
// * Vue 1.2 从右往左遍历,按位置比较,如果可以复用,那就复用。不能复用,退出
```

```
// ! 2.1 老节点还有,新节点没了。删除剩余的老节点
if (newIdx === newChildren.length) {
 deleteRemainingChildren(returnFiber, oldFiber);
  return resultFirstChild;
}
// ! 2.2 新节点还有,老节点没了。剩下的新节点新增就可以了
// 包括页面初次渲染
if (oldFiber === null) {
 for (; newIdx < newChildren.length; newIdx++) {</pre>
   const newFiber = createChild(returnFiber, newChildren[newIdx])
   if (newFiber === null) {
     continue;
   }
   // 组件更新阶段,判断在更新前后的位置是否一致,如果不一致,需要移动
   lastPlacedIndex = placeChild(newFiber, lastPlacedIndex, newIdx
   if (previousNewFiber === null) {
     // 第一个节点,不要用newIdx判断,因为有可能有null,而null不是有效fib
     resultFirstChild = newFiber;
   } else {
     previousNewFiber.sibling = newFiber;
   previousNewFiber = newFiber;
 return resultFirstChild;
}
// !2.3 新老节点都还有
// [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] : [0, 1, 2, 4, 5];
// old 3 4 5
// new 4 5
// 构建map
const existingChildren = mapRemainingChildren(oldFiber);
for (; newIdx < newChildren.length; newIdx++) {</pre>
  const newFiber = updateFromMap(
   existingChildren,
   returnFiber,
   newIdx,
   newChildren[newIdx]
  );
```

```
if (newFiber !== null) {
      if (shouldTrackSideEffects) {
       existingChildren.delete(
         newFiber.key === null ? newIdx : newFiber.key
       );
     }
     lastPlacedIndex = placeChild(returnFiber, lastPlacedIndex, new
     if (previousNewFiber === null) {
       resultFirstChild = newFiber;
     } else {
       previousNewFiber.sibling = newFiber;
     previousNewFiber = newFiber;
   }
 }
  // !3. 如果新节点已经构建完了,但是老节点还有
  if (shouldTrackSideEffects) {
   existingChildren.forEach((child) => deleteChild(returnFiber, chi
 return resultFirstChild;
}
```

updateTextNode

```
TypeScript

function updateTextNode(
    returnFiber: Fiber,
    current: Fiber | null,
    textContent: string
) {
    if (current === null || current.tag !== HostText) {
        // 老节点不是文本
        const created = createFiberFromText(textContent);
        created.return = returnFiber;
        return created;
```

```
} else {
    // 老节点是文本
    const existing = useFiber(current, textContent);
    existing.return = returnFiber;
    return existing;
}
```

updateFromMap

```
function updateFromMap(
   existingChildren: Map<string | number, Fiber>,
   returnFiber: Fiber,
   newIdx: number,
   newChild: any
): Fiber | null {
   if (isText(newChild)) {
      const matchedFiber = existingChildren.get(newIdx) || null;
      return updateTextNode(returnFiber, matchedFiber, newChild + "");
   } else {
      const matchedFiber =
        existingChildren.get(newChild.key === null ? newIdx : newChild null;
      return updateElement(returnFiber, matchedFiber, newChild);
   }
}
```

ReactChildFiber

packages/react-reconciler/src/ReactChildFiber.ts

```
TypeScript
import {
    createFiberFromElement,
```

```
createFiberFromText,
  createWorkInProgress,
} from "./ReactFiber";
import type { Fiber } from "./ReactInternalTypes";
import { REACT_ELEMENT_TYPE } from "shared/ReactSymbols";
import { ChildDeletion, Placement } from "./ReactFiberFlags";
import type { ReactElement } from "shared/ReactTypes";
import { isArray } from "shared/utils";
import { HostText } from "./ReactWorkTags";
type ChildReconciler = (
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  currentFirstChild: Fiber | null,
 newChild: any
) => Fiber | null;
export const reconcileChildFibers: ChildReconciler =
  createChildReconciler(true);
export const mountChildFibers: ChildReconciler = createChildReconciler
// wrapper function
// 协调子节点
function createChildReconciler(shouldTrackSideEffects: boolean) {
  function deleteChild(returnFiber: Fiber, childToDelete: Fiber) {
    if (!shouldTrackSideEffects) {
     return;
   }
    const deletions = returnFiber.deletions;
    if (deletions === null) {
      returnFiber.deletions = [childToDelete];
      returnFiber.flags |= ChildDeletion;
   } else {
      returnFiber.deletions!.push(childToDelete);
   }
 }
  function deleteRemainingChildren(
    returnFiber: Fiber,
    currentFirstChild: Fiber | null
  ) {
    if (!shouldTrackSideEffects) {
```

```
return;
 }
 let childToDelete = currentFirstChild;
  while (childToDelete !== null) {
    deleteChild(returnFiber, childToDelete);
    childToDelete = childToDelete.sibling;
  }
  return null;
// 给fiber节点添加flags
function placeSingleChild(newFiber: Fiber) {
  if (shouldTrackSideEffects && newFiber.alternate === null) {
    newFiber.flags |= Placement;
 return newFiber;
}
// 文本
function reconcileSingleTextNode(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  currentFirstChild: Fiber | null, // todo 更新
 textContent: string
  const created = createFiberFromText(textContent);
  created.return = returnFiber;
  return created;
}
function useFiber(fiber: Fiber, pendingProps: any) {
  const clone = createWorkInProgress(fiber, pendingProps);
  clone.index = 0;
  clone.sibling = null;
  return clone;
}
// 协调单个节点,对于页面初次渲染,创建fiber,不涉及对比复用老节点
// new (1)
// old 2 [1] 3 4
function reconcileSingleElement(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
```

```
currentFirstChild: Fiber | null,
  element: ReactElement
) {
 // 节点复用的条件
 // ! 1. 同一层级下 2. key相同 3. 类型相同
  const key = element.key;
 let child = currentFirstChild;
  while (child !== null) {
    if (child.key === key) {
     const elementType = element.type;
      if (child.elementType === elementType) {
       // todo 后面其它fiber可以删除了
       const existing = useFiber(child, element.props);
       existing.return = returnFiber;
       return existing;
     } else {
       // 前提:React不认为同一层级下有两个相同的key值
       deleteRemainingChildren(returnFiber, child);
       break;
     }
   } else {
     // 删除单个节点
     deleteChild(returnFiber, child);
   }
   // 老fiber节点是单链表
   child = child.sibling;
 }
 let createdFiber = createFiberFromElement(element);
  createdFiber.return = returnFiber;
  return createdFiber;
}
function createChild(returnFiber: Fiber, newChild: any): Fiber | nul
  if (isText(newChild)) {
    const created = createFiberFromText(newChild + "");
   created.return = returnFiber;
   return created;
```

```
if (typeof newChild === "object" && newChild !== null) {
    switch (newChild.$$typeof) {
      case REACT_ELEMENT_TYPE: {
        const created = createFiberFromElement(newChild);
        created.return = returnFiber;
        return created;
     }
   }
  }
  return null;
}
function updateTextNode(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  current: Fiber | null,
 textContent: string
) {
  if (current === null || current.tag !== HostText) {
   // 老节点不是文本
    const created = createFiberFromText(textContent);
    created.return = returnFiber;
    return created;
 } else {
   // 老节点是文本
   const existing = useFiber(current, textContent);
   existing.return = returnFiber;
   return existing;
}
function updateElement(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  current: Fiber | null,
  element: ReactElement
) {
  const elementType = element.type;
  if (current !== null) {
   if (current.elementType === elementType) {
     // 类型相同
      const existing = useFiber(current, element.props);
```

```
existing.return = returnFiber;
     return existing;
   }
  }
  const created = createFiberFromElement(element);
  created.return = returnFiber;
  return created;
function updateSlot(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  oldFiber: Fiber | null,
 newChild: any
) {
 // 判断节点是否可以复用
  const key = oldFiber !== null ? oldFiber.key : null;
  if (isText(newChild)) {
   if (key !== null) {
     // 新节点是文本,老节点不是文本
     return null;
   }
   // 有可能可以复用
   return updateTextNode(returnFiber, oldFiber, newChild + "");
 }
  if (typeof newChild === "object" && newChild !== null) {
    if (newChild.key === key) {
     return updateElement(returnFiber, oldFiber, newChild);
   } else {
     return null;
   }
 }
}
function placeChild(
  newFiber: Fiber,
 lastPlacedIndex: number, // 记录的是新fiber在老fiber上的位置
 newIndex: number
) {
  newFiber.index = newIndex;
```

```
if (!shouldTrackSideEffects) {
    return lastPlacedIndex;
  }
  // 判断节点位置是否发生相对位置变化,是否需要移动
  const current = newFiber.alternate;
  if (current !== null) {
    const oldIndex = current.index;
    if (oldIndex < lastPlacedIndex) {</pre>
     // 0 1 2
     // 0 2 1
      // 节点需要移动位置
      newFiber.flags |= Placement;
     return lastPlacedIndex;
   } else {
     return oldIndex;
   }
 } else {
   // 节点是新增
   newFiber.flags |= Placement;
    return lastPlacedIndex;
}
function mapRemainingChildren(oldFiber: Fiber): Map<string | number,</pre>
  const existingChildren: Map<string | number, Fiber> = new Map();
  let existingChild: Fiber | null = oldFiber;
  while (existingChild !== null) {
    if (existingChild.key !== null) {
      existingChildren.set(existingChild.key, existingChild);
   } else {
      existingChildren.set(existingChild.index, existingChild);
    existingChild = existingChild.sibling;
  return existingChildren;
}
function updateFromMap(
  existingChildren: Map<string | number, Fiber>,
  returnFiber: Fiber,
```

```
newIdx: number,
  newChild: any
): Fiber | null {
  if (isText(newChild)) {
    const matchedFiber = existingChildren.get(newIdx) || null;
    return updateTextNode(returnFiber, matchedFiber, newChild + "");
 } else {
    const matchedFiber =
      existingChildren.get(newChild.key === null ? newIdx : newChild
     null;
    return updateElement(returnFiber, matchedFiber, newChild);
 }
function reconcileChildrenArray(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  currentFirstChild: Fiber | null,
  newChildren: Array<any>
) {
  let resultFirstChild: Fiber | null = null; // 头结点
 let previousNewFiber: Fiber | null = null;
  let oldFiber = currentFirstChild;
 let nextOldFiber = null; // oldFiber.sibling
 let newIdx = 0:
 let lastPlacedIndex = 0;
  // * 大多数实际场景下,节点相对位置不变
  // old 0 1 2 3 4
  // new 0 1 2 3
  // new 0 2 1 3
  // 0 2 newIndex(1)<2
  // new 3 2 0 4 1
  // ! 1. 从左往右遍历,按位置比较,如果可以复用,那就复用。不能复用,退出本轮
  for (; oldFiber !== null && newIdx < newChildren.length; newIdx++)</pre>
    if (oldFiber.index > newIdx) {
      nextOldFiber = oldFiber;
     oldFiber = null;
   } else {
      nextOldFiber = oldFiber.sibling;
```

```
const newFiber = updateSlot(returnFiber, oldFiber, newChildren[n
 if (newFiber === null) {
   if (oldFiber === null) {
     oldFiber = nextOldFiber;
   break;
 }
 if (shouldTrackSideEffects) {
   if (oldFiber && newFiber?.alternate === null) {
     deleteChild(returnFiber, oldFiber);
 }
 // 判断节点在DOM的相对位置是否发生变化
 // 组件更新阶段,判断在更新前后的位置是否一致,如果不一致,需要移动
 lastPlacedIndex = placeChild(newFiber as Fiber, lastPlacedIndex,
 if (previousNewFiber === null) {
   // 第一个节点,不要用newIdx判断,因为有可能有null,而null不是有效fiber
   resultFirstChild = newFiber as Fiber;
 } else {
   previousNewFiber.sibling = newFiber as Fiber;
 previousNewFiber = newFiber as Fiber;
 oldFiber = nextOldFiber;
}
// * Vue 1.2 从右往左遍历,按位置比较,如果可以复用,那就复用。不能复用,退出
// ! 2.1 老节点还有,新节点没了。删除剩余的老节点
if (newIdx === newChildren.length) {
 deleteRemainingChildren(returnFiber, oldFiber);
 return resultFirstChild;
}
// ! 2.2 新节点还有,老节点没了。剩下的新节点新增就可以了
// 包括页面初次渲染
if (oldFiber === null) {
```

```
for (; newIdx < newChildren.length; newIdx++) {</pre>
    const newFiber = createChild(returnFiber, newChildren[newIdx])
    if (newFiber === null) {
     continue;
   }
   // 组件更新阶段,判断在更新前后的位置是否一致,如果不一致,需要移动
   lastPlacedIndex = placeChild(newFiber, lastPlacedIndex, newIdx
   if (previousNewFiber === null) {
     // 第一个节点,不要用newIdx判断,因为有可能有null,而null不是有效fib
     resultFirstChild = newFiber;
   } else {
     previousNewFiber.sibling = newFiber;
   previousNewFiber = newFiber;
  return resultFirstChild;
}
// !2.3 新老节点都还有
// [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5] : [0, 1, 2, 4, 5];
// old 3 4 5
// new 4 5
// 构建map
const existingChildren = mapRemainingChildren(oldFiber);
for (; newIdx < newChildren.length; newIdx++) {</pre>
  const newFiber = updateFromMap(
   existingChildren,
   returnFiber,
   newIdx,
   newChildren[newIdx]
 );
  if (newFiber !== null) {
   if (shouldTrackSideEffects) {
     existingChildren.delete(
       newFiber.key === null ? newIdx : newFiber.key
     );
   }
   lastPlacedIndex = placeChild(returnFiber, lastPlacedIndex, new
    if (previousNewFiber === null) {
```

```
resultFirstChild = newFiber;
     } else {
       previousNewFiber.sibling = newFiber;
     previousNewFiber = newFiber;
   }
  }
  // !3. 如果新节点已经构建完了,但是老节点还有
  if (shouldTrackSideEffects) {
   existingChildren.forEach((child) => deleteChild(returnFiber, chi
  }
  return resultFirstChild;
function reconcileChildFibers(
  returnFiber: Fiber,
  currentFirstChild: Fiber | null,
 newChild: any
) {
  if (isText(newChild)) {
    return placeSingleChild(
     reconcileSingleTextNode(returnFiber, currentFirstChild, newChi
   );
 }
  // 检查newChild类型,单个节点、文本、数组
  if (typeof newChild === "object" && newChild !== null) {
    switch (newChild.$$typeof) {
     case REACT_ELEMENT_TYPE: {
       return placeSingleChild(
         reconcileSingleElement(returnFiber, currentFirstChild, new
       );
     }
   }
  }
  // 子节点是数组
  if (isArray(newChild)) {
    return reconcileChildrenArray(returnFiber, currentFirstChild, ne
  }
```

```
// todo
  return null;
}

return reconcileChildFibers;
}

function isText(newChild: any) {
  return (
    (typeof newChild === "string" && newChild !== "") ||
    typeof newChild === "number"
  );
}
```