

# 17-4 React 中的事件派发

```
DebugReact > src > react > packages > react-dom-bindings > src > events > J5 DOMPluginEventSystem.js > ...
 437
       function addTrappedEventListener(
 438
         targetContainer: EventTarget,
 439
         domEventName: DOMEventName,
         eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags,
 440
 441
         isCapturePhaseListener: boolean,
 442
        isDeferredListenerForLegacyFBSupport?: boolean,
 443
        // 获取对应事件,事件定义在ReactDOMEventListener.js中
 445
         // 如DiscreteEventPriority对应dispatchDiscreteEvent, ContinuousEventPriority对应dispatchContinuousEvent
         let listener = createEventListenerWrapperWithPriority(
 446
 447
          targetContainer,
 448
           domEventName,
 449
           eventSystemFlags,
 450
```

#### createEventListenerWrapperWithPriority

```
| Export function createEventListenerWrapperWithPriority(
| targetContainer: EventTarget, |
| domEventName: DOMEventName, |
| eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags, |
|): Function { | // 根据事件名称,获取优先级。比如click、input、drop等对应DiscreteEventPrior | // message也许处于Scheduler中,根据getCurrentSchedulerPriorityLevel()获 | const eventPriority = getEventPriority(domEventName); |
| let listenerWrapper;
```

```
switch (eventPriority) {
    case DiscreteEventPriority:
      listenerWrapper = dispatchDiscreteEvent;
      break:
    case ContinuousEventPriority:
      listenerWrapper = dispatchContinuousEvent;
      break;
    case DefaultEventPriority:
    default:
      listenerWrapper = dispatchEvent;
  return listenerWrapper.bind(
    null,
    domEventName,
    eventSystemFlags,
    targetContainer,
 );
}
```

## dispatchDiscreteEvent

## 适用事件

```
click、drop、input、drop 等
react/packages/react-dom-bindings/src/events/ReactDOMEventListener.js
```

```
// Used by SimpleEventPlugin:
    case 'cancel':
    case 'click':
    case 'close':
    case 'contextmenu':
    case 'copy':
    case 'cut':
    case 'auxclick':
```

```
case 'dblclick':
case 'dragend':
case 'dragstart':
case 'drop':
case 'focusin':
case 'focusout':
case 'input':
case 'invalid':
case 'keydown':
case 'keypress':
case 'keyup':
case 'mousedown':
case 'mouseup':
case 'paste':
case 'pause':
case 'play':
case 'pointercancel':
case 'pointerdown':
case 'pointerup':
case 'ratechange':
case 'reset':
case 'resize':
case 'seeked':
case 'submit':
case 'touchcancel':
case 'touchend':
case 'touchstart':
case 'volumechange':
// Used by polyfills: (fall through)
case 'change':
case 'selectionchange':
case 'textInput':
case 'compositionstart':
case 'compositionend':
case 'compositionupdate':
// Only enableCreateEventHandleAPI: (fall through)
case 'beforeblur':
case 'afterblur':
// Not used by React but could be by user code: (fall through)
case 'beforeinput':
case 'blur':
```

```
case 'fullscreenchange':
case 'focus':
case 'hashchange':
case 'popstate':
case 'select':
case 'selectstart':
case 'message': {
 // We might be in the Scheduler callback.
 // Eventually this mechanism will be replaced by a check
 // of the current priority on the native scheduler.
  const schedulerPriority = getCurrentSchedulerPriorityLevel();
  switch (schedulerPriority) {
    case ImmediateSchedulerPriority:
      return DiscreteEventPriority;
    case UserBlockingSchedulerPriority:
      return ContinuousEventPriority;
    case NormalSchedulerPriority:
    case LowSchedulerPriority:
      // TODO: Handle LowSchedulerPriority, somehow. Maybe the sam
      return DefaultEventPriority;
    case IdleSchedulerPriority:
      return IdleEventPriority;
    default:
     return DefaultEventPriority;
 }
}
```

## 派发事件源码

```
function dispatchDiscreteEvent(
  domEventName: DOMEventName,
```

```
eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags,
 container: EventTarget,
 nativeEvent: AnyNativeEvent,
) {
 //! 1. 记录上一次的事件优先级
 const previousPriority = getCurrentUpdatePriority();
 // ! 2. 记录上一次的transition
 const prevTransition = ReactCurrentBatchConfig.transition;
 // !3. 清空transition,transition为非紧急更新,这里不处理
 ReactCurrentBatchConfig.transition = null;
 try {
 // !4. 设置当前事件优先级为DiscreteEventPriority
   setCurrentUpdatePriority(DiscreteEventPriority);
   // !5. 调用dispatchEvent,执行事件
   dispatchEvent(domEventName, eventSystemFlags, container, nativeEve
 } finally {
   // !6. 恢复
   setCurrentUpdatePriority(previousPriority);
   ReactCurrentBatchConfig.transition = prevTransition;
}
```

## 事件优先级记录

react/packages/react-reconciler/src/ReactEventPriorities.js

```
| Export opaque type EventPriority = Lane;

| export const DiscreteEventPriority: EventPriority = SyncLane;
| export const ContinuousEventPriority: EventPriority = InputContinuousLexport const DefaultEventPriority: EventPriority = DefaultLane; // 页面 export const IdleEventPriority: EventPriority = IdleLane;

| let currentUpdatePriority: EventPriority = NoLane;
| export function getCurrentUpdatePriority(): EventPriority {
| return currentUpdatePriority;
| }
```

```
export function setCurrentUpdatePriority(newPriority: EventPriority) {
  currentUpdatePriority = newPriority;
}
```

## dispatchContinuousEvent

### 适用事件

```
JavaScript
case 'drag':
case 'dragenter':
case 'dragexit':
case 'dragleave':
case 'dragover':
case 'mousemove':
case 'mouseout':
case 'mouseover':
case 'pointermove':
case 'pointerout':
case 'pointerover':
case 'scroll':
case 'toggle':
case 'touchmove':
case 'wheel':
// Not used by React but could be by user code: (fall through)
case 'mouseenter':
case 'mouseleave':
case 'pointerenter':
case 'pointerleave':
case 'message': {
 // We might be in the Scheduler callback.
 // Eventually this mechanism will be replaced by a check
 // of the current priority on the native scheduler.
  const schedulerPriority = getCurrentSchedulerPriorityLevel();
  switch (schedulerPriority) {
```

## 派发事件源码

```
JavaScript
function dispatchContinuousEvent(
  domEventName: DOMEventName,
  eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags,
  container: EventTarget,
  nativeEvent: AnyNativeEvent,
) {
  const previousPriority = getCurrentUpdatePriority();
  const prevTransition = ReactCurrentBatchConfig.transition;
  ReactCurrentBatchConfig.transition = null;
  try {
    setCurrentUpdatePriority(ContinuousEventPriority);
    dispatchEvent(domEventName, eventSystemFlags, container, nativeEve
  } finally {
    setCurrentUpdatePriority(previousPriority);
    ReactCurrentBatchConfig.transition = prevTransition;
```

```
}
}
```

## dispatchEvent

```
JavaScript
export function dispatchEvent(
  domEventName: DOMEventName,
  eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags,
  targetContainer: EventTarget,
 nativeEvent: AnyNativeEvent,
): void {
 // 有些场景下是禁止事件的,比如在commit阶段
 if (!_enabled) {
    return;
 let blockedOn = findInstanceBlockingEvent(nativeEvent);
  if (blockedOn === null) {
    dispatchEventForPluginEventSystem(
      domEventName,
     eventSystemFlags,
     nativeEvent,
      return_targetInst,
      targetContainer,
    );
    clearIfContinuousEvent(domEventName, nativeEvent);
    return;
 }
  if (
    queueIfContinuousEvent(
     blockedOn,
     domEventName,
      eventSystemFlags,
      targetContainer,
     nativeEvent,
```

```
) {
  nativeEvent.stopPropagation();
  return;
}
// We need to clear only if we didn't queue because
// queueing is accumulative.
clearIfContinuousEvent(domEventName, nativeEvent);
if (
  eventSystemFlags & IS_CAPTURE_PHASE &&
  isDiscreteEventThatRequiresHydration(domEventName)
) {
  while (blockedOn !== null) {
    const fiber = getInstanceFromNode(blockedOn);
    if (fiber !== null) {
      attemptSynchronousHydration(fiber);
    }
    const nextBlockedOn = findInstanceBlockingEvent(nativeEvent);
    if (nextBlockedOn === null) {
      dispatchEventForPluginEventSystem(
        domEventName,
        eventSystemFlags,
        nativeEvent,
        return_targetInst,
       targetContainer,
      );
    }
    if (nextBlockedOn === blockedOn) {
      break;
    blockedOn = nextBlockedOn;
  }
  if (blockedOn !== null) {
    nativeEvent.stopPropagation();
  }
  return;
}
// This is not replayable so we'll invoke it but without a target,
// in case the event system needs to trace it.
```

```
dispatchEventForPluginEventSystem(
   domEventName,
   eventSystemFlags,
   nativeEvent,
   null,
   targetContainer,
);
}
```

## findInstanceBlockingEvent

```
JavaScript
export function findInstanceBlockingEvent(
 nativeEvent: AnyNativeEvent,
): null | Container | SuspenseInstance {
 const nativeEventTarget = getEventTarget(nativeEvent);
 return findInstanceBlockingTarget(nativeEventTarget);
}
export let return_targetInst: null | Fiber = null;
// 如果被阻塞,返回一个 SuspenseInstance 或 Container。
// 上面的 return_targetInst 字段在概念上是返回值的一部分。
export function findInstanceBlockingTarget(
 targetNode: Node,
): null | Container | SuspenseInstance {
 return_targetInst = null;
 // 通过 targetNode 获取最近的 Fiber 实例
 let targetInst = getClosestInstanceFromNode(targetNode);
 if (targetInst !== null) {
   // 寻找最近的已挂载的 Fiber 实例
   const nearestMounted = getNearestMountedFiber(targetInst);
   if (nearestMounted === null) {
```

```
// This tree has been unmounted already. Dispatch without a targ
   // 这棵树已经被卸载了。在没有目标的情况下进行派发。
   targetInst = null;
 } else {
   const tag = nearestMounted.tag;
   if (tag === SuspenseComponent) {
     // 寻找最近的已挂载的 Suspense 实例
     const instance = getSuspenseInstanceFromFiber(nearestMounted);
     if (instance !== null) {
       // 将事件排队以便稍后重播。中止事件分发,因为我们不希望通过事件系统将此?
       return instance;
     }
     // 这不应该发生,出了点问题,但为了避免阻塞整个系统,以没有目标的方式分发!!
     targetInst = null;
   } else if (tag === HostRoot) {
     const root: FiberRoot = nearestMounted.stateNode;
     if (isRootDehydrated(root)) {
       return getContainerFromFiber(nearestMounted);
     }
     targetInst = null;
   } else if (nearestMounted !== targetInst) {
     // 如果在提交该组件的挂载之前收到事件(例如:图片加载完成),暂时忽略它(t
     // 我们也可以考虑将事件排队,并在挂载后分发它们。
     targetInst = null;
   }
 }
return_targetInst = targetInst;
// 没有阻塞
return null;
```

## dispatchEventForPluginEventSystem

react/packages/react-dom-bindings/src/events/DOMPluginEventSystem.js

```
avaScript
export function dispatchEventForPluginEventSystem(
  domEventName: DOMEventName,
  eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags,
```

```
nativeEvent: AnyNativeEvent,
 targetInst: null | Fiber,
 targetContainer: EventTarget,
): void {
 let ancestorInst = targetInst;
 if (
   (eventSystemFlags & IS_EVENT_HANDLE_NON_MANAGED_NODE) === 0 &&
   (eventSystemFlags & IS_NON_DELEGATED) === 0
 ) {
   const targetContainerNode = ((targetContainer: any): Node);
   if (targetInst !== null) {
     let node: null | Fiber = targetInst;
     mainLoop: while (true) {
       if (node === null) {
         // 事件没有对应的fiber,没法执行事件,退出
         return;
       }
       const nodeTag = node.tag;
       if (nodeTag === HostRoot || nodeTag === HostPortal) {
         let container = node.stateNode.containerInfo;
         if (isMatchingRootContainer(container, targetContainerNode))
           // container和targetContainerNode相等,说明找到了对应的rootCon
           break;
         }
         if (nodeTag === HostPortal) {
          // 代码略...
         // 现在我们需要在另一棵树中找到它对应的宿主 fiber。为此,我们可以使用
         // 但我们需要验证该 fiber 是否是宿主实例,否则我们需要沿着 DOM 向上遍
        // 代码略...
       node = node.return;
     }
 }
 // 批量更新
 batchedUpdates(() =>
   dispatchEventsForPlugins(
```

```
domEventName,
  eventSystemFlags,
  nativeEvent,
  ancestorInst,
  targetContainer,
  ),
 );
}
```

### 批量更新 batchedUpdates

react/packages/react-dom-bindings/src/events/ReactDOMUpdateBatching.js

```
pavaScript
export function batchedUpdates(fn, a, b) {
   if (isInsideEventHandler) {
      // 如果我们当前正在另一个批处理中,需要等待其完全完成后再恢复状态。
      return fn(a, b);
   }
   isInsideEventHandler = true;
   try {
      return batchedUpdatesImpl(fn, a, b);
   } finally {
      isInsideEventHandler = false;
      finishEventHandler();
   }
}
```

batchedUpdatesImpl 的具体实现在 react/packages/react-reconciler/src/ReactFiberWorkLoop.js

```
part function batchedUpdates<A, R>(fn: A => R, a: A): R {
  const prevExecutionContext = executionContext;
  executionContext |= BatchedContext;
  try {
    return fn(a);
  } finally {
    executionContext = prevExecutionContext;
}
```

```
}
}
```

#### dispatchEventsForPlugins

```
JavaScript
function dispatchEventsForPlugins(
  domEventName: DOMEventName,
  eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags,
  nativeEvent: AnyNativeEvent,
  targetInst: null | Fiber,
  targetContainer: EventTarget,
): void {
 // nativeEvent.target
  const nativeEventTarget = getEventTarget(nativeEvent);
  const dispatchQueue: DispatchQueue = [];
  extractEvents(
    dispatchQueue,
    domEventName,
    targetInst,
    nativeEvent,
    nativeEventTarget,
    eventSystemFlags,
    targetContainer,
  );
  processDispatchQueue(dispatchQueue, eventSystemFlags);
}
```

#### extractEvents

获取事件对象,如 click 事件对应的 SyntheticMouseEvent。

```
DebugReact > src > react > packages > react-dom-bindings > src > events > plugins > J5 SimpleEventPlugin.js > ⊕ extractEvents
 97
          case 'click':
 98
           // Firefox creates a click event on right mouse clicks. This removes the
99
            // unwanted click events.
100
            // TODO: Fixed in https://phabricator.services.mozilla.com/D26793. Can
            // probably remove.
101
102
            if (nativeEvent.button === 2) {
103
            return;
104
            }
105
          /* falls through */
106
          case 'auxclick':
          case 'dblclick':
107
          case 'mousedown':
108
          case 'mousemove':
109
110
          case 'mouseup':
          // TODO: Disabled elements should not respond to mouse events
111
112
          /* falls through */
113
          case 'mouseout':
114
          case 'mouseover':
         case 'contextmenu':
115
116
           SyntheticEventCtor = SyntheticMouseEvent;
117
```

#### processDispatchQueue

```
JavaScript
export function processDispatchQueue(
  dispatchQueue: DispatchQueue,
  eventSystemFlags: EventSystemFlags,
): void {
  const inCapturePhase = (eventSystemFlags & IS_CAPTURE_PHASE) !== 0;
  for (let i = 0; i < dispatchQueue.length; i++) {</pre>
    const {event, listeners} = dispatchQueue[i];
    processDispatchQueueItemsInOrder(event, listeners, inCapturePhase)
 }
  // throw error
  rethrowCaughtError();
function processDispatchQueueItemsInOrder(
  event: ReactSyntheticEvent,
  dispatchListeners: Array<DispatchListener>,
  inCapturePhase: boolean,
): void {
 let previousInstance;
  if (inCapturePhase) {
    for (let i = dispatchListeners.length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
      const {instance, currentTarget, listener} = dispatchListeners[i]
      if (instance !== previousInstance && event.isPropagationStopped(
        return;
```

```
}
// 执行事件
executeDispatch(event, listener, currentTarget);
previousInstance = instance;
}
} else {
for (let i = 0; i < dispatchListeners.length; i++) {
   const {instance, currentTarget, listener} = dispatchListeners[i]
   if (instance !== previousInstance && event.isPropagationStopped(
        return;
   }
  // 执行事件
   executeDispatch(event, listener, currentTarget);
   previousInstance = instance;
}
}</pre>
```

#### 执行事件

```
function executeDispatch(
  event: ReactSyntheticEvent,
  listener: Function,
  currentTarget: EventTarget,
): void {
  const type = event.type || 'unknown-event';
  event.currentTarget = currentTarget;
  invokeGuardedCallbackAndCatchFirstError(type, listener, undefined, e
  event.currentTarget = null;
}
```

react/packages/shared/ReactErrorUtils.js

```
JavaScript
export function invokeGuardedCallbackAndCatchFirstError<
   A,
   B,</pre>
```

```
С,
  D,
  Ε,
  F,
  Context,
>(
 this: mixed,
  name: string | null,
  func: (a: A, b: B, c: C, d: D, e: E, f: F) => void,
  context: Context,
  a: A,
  b: B,
  c: C,
  d: D,
 e: E,
 f: F,
): void {
  invokeGuardedCallback.apply(this, arguments);
  if (hasError) {
    const error = clearCaughtError();
    if (!hasRethrowError) {
     hasRethrowError = true;
     rethrowError = error;
   }
 }
}
export function invokeGuardedCallback<A, B, C, D, E, F, Context>(
  name: string | null,
  func: (a: A, b: B, c: C, d: D, e: E, f: F) => mixed,
  context: Context,
  a: A,
  b: B,
 c: C,
  d: D,
  e: E,
 f: F,
): void {
 hasError = false;
  caughtError = null;
```

```
invokeGuardedCallbackImpl.apply(reporter, arguments);
}
```

react/packages/shared/invokeGuardedCallbackImpl.js

```
part default function invokeGuardedCallbackImpl<Args: Array<mixed>,
  this: {onError: (error: mixed) => void},
  name: string | null,
  func: (...Args) => mixed,
  context: Context,
): void {
  const funcArgs = Array.prototype.slice.call(arguments, 3);
  try {
    func.apply(context, funcArgs);
  } catch (error) {
    this.onError(error);
  }
}
```