Druho:

$$l=2,5 \text{ Kn}$$

 $l=103$
 $l=24$
 $l=2,54$
 $l=2$

$$\begin{array}{l}
R_{x}(2,5-x)2 = (kx+(2,5-x)2)(4-22c) \\
5R_{x}-2xR_{x} = (kx+5-22c)(4-2x) \\
5R_{x}-2xR_{x} = 4R_{x}+20-8x-10x+4x^{2} \\
R_{x} = 20-8x-10x+4x^{2} \\
R_{x} = 20-18x+4x^{2} \\
R_{x} = 5-2x \leftarrow 5-2x \leftarrow 5-2x = 20-18x+4x^{2}
\end{array}$$

$$1)c^{2} - 16x + 15 = 0$$

$$2c = 1,5 \quad um \quad 2,5$$

$$2x = 5 - 2 \cdot 1,5 = 2 \cdot 0m$$

$$2c = 1,5 \cdot km$$