- 一 填空题
- 1.  $\frac{6}{5}$
- 2.  $\frac{1}{9}$
- 4. 0.25

5. 
$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{y^2}{2}}, & y > 0\\ 0 & y \le 0 \end{cases}$$

6. 
$$D\overline{X} = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12n}$$
,  $ES^2 = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$ 

- 二 选择题
- 1, B 2, C 3, B 4, D 5, C 6, C 7, D 8, C
- 三 计算题
- 1. 解:设事件B表示汽车废气排放量超标,A表示汽车未通过检验,

则 
$$P(B) = 0.25$$
 ,  $P(\overline{B}) = 0.75$  ,  $P(A \mid B) = 0.99$  ,  $P(A \mid \overline{B}) = 0.17$  ,

(1) 
$$P(A) = P(B)P(A|B) + P(\overline{B})P(A|\overline{B}) = 0.25 \times 0.99 + 0.75 \times 0.17 = 0.375$$

(2) 
$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(B)P(A|B)}{P(B)P(A|B) + P(\overline{B})P(A|\overline{B})} = \frac{0.25 \times 0.99}{0.375} = 0.66$$

**2、解** 设短于 3 米的根数为 X ,则  $X \sim B(100, 0.2)$  ,

 $\mathbb{H}$ .  $E(X) = 100 \times 0.2 = 20$ ,  $D(X) = 100 \times 0.2 \times 0.8 = 16$ .

由二项分布的中心极限定理,X 近似服从N(20,16),

所求概率为

$$P\{X \ge 30\} = P\{\frac{X - 20}{4} \ge 2.5\}$$
$$\approx 1 - \Phi(2.5) = 1 - 0.9938$$
$$= 0.0062.$$

$$L(\theta) = \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^n e^{-\frac{1}{\theta}\sum_{i=1}^n x_i},$$

$$\ln L(\theta) = -n \ln \theta - \frac{1}{\theta} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i,$$

两边关于
$$\theta$$
求导数,  $\frac{\ln L(\theta)}{d\theta} = \frac{-n}{\theta} + \frac{1}{\theta^2} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = 0$ , 得  $\hat{\theta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} = \overline{X}$ ;

(2) 
$$E(\hat{\theta}) = E(\overline{X}) = E(X) = \int_0^{+\infty} x \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} d\theta = \theta$$
,  $\text{mid } \hat{\theta} \neq \theta$  的无偏估计量;

(3) 
$$D(\hat{\theta}) = D(\overline{X}) = \frac{D(X)}{n}$$
,

$$\overline{H} D(X) = E(X^{2}) - (EX)^{2} = \int_{0}^{+\infty} x^{2} \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} = 2\theta^{2} - \theta^{2} = \theta^{2},$$

所以 
$$D(\hat{\theta}) = \frac{\theta^2}{n}$$
.

5、

解: (1)

P	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.15	0.20	0.15
(X,Y)	(0,0)	(0,1)	(0,2)	(1,0)	(1,1)	(1,2)
X + Y	0	1	2	1	2	3
$X^2Y^2$	0	0	0	0	1	4

## 经整理得最后结果

X + Y	0	1	2	3
P	0.10	0.40	0.35	0.15

X	0	1
P	0.50	0.50

Y	0	1	2
P	0.25	0.45	0.30

$X^2Y^2$	0	1	4
Р	0.65	0.20	0.15

$$E(X^2Y^2) = 1 \cdot 0.20 + 4 \cdot 0.15 = 0.80;$$

$$E(X^2) = 1^2 \cdot 0.50 = 0.50;$$

$$E(Y^2) = 1^2 \cdot 0.45 + 2^2 \cdot 0.30 = 1.65;$$

$$Cov(X, Y) = E(X^2Y^2) - E(X^2)E(Y^2) = 0.80 - 0.50 \times 1.65 = -0.025$$