

复变函数与积分变换作业 (第6册)

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第十一次作业

教学内容: 5.3 利用留数计算实积分 5.4 辐角原理 6.1 Fourier 积分公式  
6.2 Fourier 变换

1. 计算下列积分:

(1)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{a+b\cos\theta}, 0 < b < a$

$$= \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{dz}{(a+b\frac{z^2+1}{z^2})iz} = -2i \oint_{|z|=1} \frac{dz}{2az+b(z^2+1)}$$

算错极点

奇点  $\frac{a}{b} \pm 1$ , 在  $|z|=1$  内的是  $\frac{a}{b} - 1$  为一级极点.

$$\frac{-a + \sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}{b}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{原式} &= -2i \cdot 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}\left[\frac{1}{2az+b(z^2+1)}, \frac{a}{b}-1\right] \\ &= 4\pi \cdot \frac{1}{2a+2b(\frac{a}{b}-1)} = \frac{2\pi}{2a-b} \end{aligned}$$

(2)  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{x^2-x+2}{x^4+10x^2+9} dx$

令  $f(z) = \frac{z^2-z+2}{z^4+10z^2+9}$ . 上半平面有点为  $i$ ,  $3i$  为一级极点.

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{原式} &= 2\pi i \{ \operatorname{Res}[f(z), i] + \operatorname{Res}[f(z), 3i] \} \\ &= 2\pi i \left( \frac{1-i}{16i} + \frac{-7-3i}{-48i} \right) = \frac{5}{12}\pi \end{aligned}$$

(3)  $\int_0^{+\infty} \frac{dx}{1+x^4}$  为偶函数, 奇点,  $e^{\frac{(2k+1)}{4}\pi i}$  上半平面有  
 一级极点,  $e^{\frac{\pi i}{4}}, e^{\frac{3\pi i}{4}}$ .

$$\therefore = \pi i \left\{ \text{Res} \left[ \frac{1}{1+z^4}, e^{\frac{\pi i}{4}} \right] + \text{Res} \left[ \frac{1}{1+z^4}, e^{\frac{3\pi i}{4}} \right] \right\}$$

$$= \pi i \left( \frac{1}{4} e^{-\frac{3}{4}\pi i} + \frac{1}{4} e^{-\frac{1}{4}\pi i} \right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \pi$$

(4)  $\int_0^{+\infty} \frac{x \sin ax}{x^2+b^2} dx, (a>0, b>0)$

$$f(z) = \frac{z}{z^2+b^2} e^{iaz}. \quad \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(z) dz = 2\pi i \text{Res}[f(z), bi]$$

$$= \pi i e^{-ab}$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{x \sin ax}{x^2+b^2} dx = \text{Im} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(z) dz \right] = \frac{1}{2} \pi e^{-ab}$$

(5)  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\cos x dx}{(x^2+4x+5)^2}$

$$f(z) = \frac{e^{iz}}{(z^2+4z+5)^2}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(z) dz = 2\pi i \text{Res}[f(z), -2+i]$$

= 二级极点.

$$= 2\pi i \left[ \frac{e^{iz}}{(z+2+i)^2} \right]' \Big|_{z=-2+i}$$

!

2 证明: 方程  $z^7 - z^3 + 12 = 0$  的根都在圆环域  $1 \leq |z| \leq 2$  内.

设  $f(z) = 12$ ,  $\varphi(z) = z^7 - z^3$ . 均解析.

在  $|z|=1$  上,  $|\varphi(z)| \leq |z^7| + |z^3| = 2 < |f(z)| = 12$ .

$\therefore M(z^7 - z^3 + 12, |z| \leq 1) = M(12, |z| \leq 1) = 0$ .

$f_2(z) = z^7$   $\varphi_2(z) = -z^3 + 12$ .

在  $|z|=2$  上,  $|\varphi_2(z)| \leq |z|^3 + 12 = 20 < |f_2(z)| = 128$

$\therefore M(z^7 - z^3 + 12, |z| \leq 2) = M(z^7, |z| \leq 2) = 7$ .

$\therefore z^7 - z^3 + 12 = 0$  的根都在  $1 \leq |z| \leq 2$  内.

3 证明: 当  $|a| > e$  时, 方程  $e^z - az^n = 0$  在单位圆  $|z|=1$  内有  $n$  个根.

$f(z) = e^z$ ,  $\varphi(z) = -az^n$ .

在  $|z|=1$  上,  $|\varphi(z)| = |a||z|^n = |a||z|^n = |a| > e = |f(z)|$ .

$\therefore M(e^z - az^n, |z| < 1) = M(-az^n, |z| < 1) = n$ .

3、求下列函数的 Fourier 积分变换

$$(1) f(t) = \begin{cases} -1 & -1 < t < 0 \\ 1 & 0 < t < 1 \\ 0 & \text{其它} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(f(t)) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-i\omega t} dt = \int_{-1}^0 -e^{-i\omega t} dt + \int_0^1 e^{-i\omega t} dt \\ &= \frac{1}{i\omega} e^{i\omega} - \frac{1}{i\omega} e^{-i\omega} \\ &= \frac{1}{i\omega} (e^{i\omega} - e^{-i\omega}) \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) f(t) = \begin{cases} e^t & t \leq 0 \\ 0 & t > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(f(t)) &= \int_{-\infty}^0 e^t e^{-i\omega t} dt = \frac{1}{1-i\omega} e^{t(1-i\omega)} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 \\ &= \frac{1}{1-i\omega} \end{aligned}$$

4 求下列函数的 Fourier 变换，并证明所列的积分等式

$$(1) f(t) = e^{-|t|} \cos t, \quad \text{证明 } \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\omega^2 + 2}{\omega^4 + 4} \cos \omega t d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-|t|} \cos t$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(f(t)) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-|t|-i\omega t} \cos t dt = \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{t(1-i\omega)} \cos t dt + \int_0^{+\infty} e^{t(-1-i\omega)} \cos t dt \\ &\quad \cos t \rightarrow \frac{e^{it} + e^{-it}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

偶函数

(2)  $f(t) = e^{-\beta|t|} (\beta > 0)$ , 证明  $\int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\cos \omega t}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2\beta} e^{-\beta|t|}$  = 2  $\int_0^{+\infty} e^{-\beta t} \cos \omega t d\omega$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(f(t)) &= \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{(\beta - i\omega)t} dt + \int_0^{+\infty} e^{(-\beta - i\omega)t} dt \\ &= \left. \frac{e^{(\beta - i\omega)t}}{\beta - i\omega} \right|_{-\infty}^0 + \left. \frac{e^{(-\beta - i\omega)t}}{-\beta - i\omega} \right|_0^{+\infty} = \frac{1}{\beta - i\omega} + \frac{1}{\beta + i\omega} \\ &= \frac{2i\omega}{\beta^2 + \omega^2} \\ &= 2 \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-\beta t} \frac{e^{i\omega t} + e^{-i\omega t}}{2} dt \end{aligned}$$

## 第十二次作业

教学内容：6.3  $\delta$  函数及其 Fourier 变换；6.4 Fourier 变换的性质

### 1. 填空

(1)  $f(t) = \frac{1}{2}[\delta(t+a) + \delta(t-a)]$  Fourier 变换为 1 cos  $\omega a$  ?

(2) 函数  $F(\omega) = \pi[\delta(\omega + \omega_0) + \delta(\omega - \omega_0)]$  的 Fourier 逆变换为  $\cos \omega_0 t$  cos  $\omega_0 t$

(3)  $f(t) = \sin t \cos t$  Fourier 变换为  $\frac{\pi i}{2} [\delta(\omega + 2) - \delta(\omega - 2)]$  ✓  
 $\frac{1}{2} \sin 2t$

$\frac{1}{2}(e^{i\omega_0 t} + e^{-i\omega_0 t})$

2. 若  $F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[f(t)]$ , 证明

$$\mathcal{F}[f(t) \cos \omega_0 t] = \frac{1}{2} [F(\omega - \omega_0) + F(\omega + \omega_0)] \quad (1)$$

$$\mathcal{F}[f(t) \sin \omega_0 t] = \frac{1}{2i} [F(\omega - \omega_0) - F(\omega + \omega_0)] \quad (2)$$

① 由  $F(\omega - \omega_0) \Leftrightarrow f(t) e^{i\omega_0 t}$ , 有

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} [F(\omega - \omega_0) + F(\omega + \omega_0)] &= \mathcal{F} \left[ f(t) \cdot \frac{e^{i\omega_0 t} + e^{-i\omega_0 t}}{2} \right] \\ &= \mathcal{F} [f(t) \cos \omega_0 t] \end{aligned}$$

同理 ② 可证.

定义出发 拆  $\cos \omega_0 t$   
 $\sin \omega_0 t$ .

3. 求下列函数的 Fourier 变换

(1)  $f(t) = e^{2it} \sin t$

$= F(\omega - 2)$ , 其中  $F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}(\sin t)$ .

$\mathcal{F}(\sin t) = \pi i [\delta(\omega + 1) - \delta(\omega - 1)]$ .

$\therefore \text{原式} = \pi i [\delta(\omega - 1) - \delta(\omega - 3)]$ .

$$\frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2t) = \frac{1}{2}\mathcal{F}(1) - \frac{1}{2}\mathcal{F}(\cos 2t)$$

$$(2) f(t) = \sin^2 t = \int_0^t \sin 2t \, dt$$

$$\mathcal{F}(f(t)) = \frac{1}{i\omega} F(\omega), \quad \text{其中 } F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}(\sin 2t) =$$

$$\therefore \text{原式} = \frac{\pi}{\omega} [\delta(\omega+2) - \delta(\omega-2)] \quad \pi i [\delta(\omega+2) - \delta(\omega-2)]$$

$$\text{原式} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |\delta(\omega+1) - \delta(\omega-1)|^2 d\omega = \frac{1}{\pi} ?$$

$$(3) f(t) = e^{i\omega_0 t} u(t)$$

$$\text{令 } F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}(u(t)) = \frac{1}{i\omega} + \pi \delta(\omega)$$

$$\text{则有 } \mathcal{F}(f(t)) = F(\omega - \omega_0) = \frac{1}{i(\omega - \omega_0)} + \pi \delta(\omega - \omega_0).$$

$$(4) f(t) = e^{-\beta t} u(t) \cdot \cos \omega_0 t$$

$$\text{原式} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\beta t} u(t) \cos \omega_0 t e^{-i\omega t} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-\beta t} \frac{e^{-i\omega t} + e^{i\omega t}}{2} dt$$

$$= \dots$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{\beta + i(\omega - \omega_0)} + \frac{1}{\beta + i(\omega + \omega_0)} \right)$$

4 设  $\mathcal{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$ ,  $a$  为非零常数, 试证明

$$(1) \mathcal{F}[f(at - t_0)] = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-i\frac{\omega}{a}t_0}$$

$$\mathcal{F}(f(t - \frac{t_0}{a})) = e^{-\frac{t_0}{a}i\omega} F(\omega).$$

$$(2) \mathcal{F}[f(t_0 - at)] = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(-\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-i\frac{\omega}{a}t_0}$$

$$\therefore \mathcal{F}(f(at - t_0)) = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-\frac{t_0}{a}i\omega}$$

$$\mathcal{F}(f(t_0 - at)) = -\mathcal{F}(f(at - t_0)) = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(-\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-i\frac{\omega}{a}t_0}.$$

5 已知  $F(\omega) = \mathcal{F}[f(t)]$ , 利用 Fourier 变换的性质求下列函数的 Fourier 变换

(1)  $tf(t)$

由微分性质,

$$\mathcal{F}(tf(t)) = i\omega F'(\omega)$$

(2)  $(t-2)f(t)$

$$\mathcal{F}(tf(t)) - 2\mathcal{F}(f(t)).$$

$$\text{令 } \varphi(t) = f(t-2). \quad \mathcal{F}(\varphi(t)) = \phi(\omega).$$

$$\text{则有 } \mathcal{F}((t-2)\varphi(t)) = i\omega \phi'(\omega).$$

$$\text{而 } \phi(\omega) = e^{-2i\omega} F(\omega).$$

$$\text{则 } i\omega \phi'(\omega) = 2e^{-2i\omega} F(\omega) + ie^{-2i\omega} F'(\omega).$$



(3)  $tf'(t)$

$$\mathcal{F}(f'(t)) = i\omega F(\omega),$$

$$\mathcal{F}(tf'(t)) = i \frac{d}{d\omega} [i\omega F(\omega)]$$

(像函数的微分性质)

(4)  $f(1-t)$

$$\mathcal{F}(f(1-t)) = -F(\omega) F(-\omega)$$

$$\mathcal{F}(f(1-t)) = -e^{i\omega} F(\omega).$$

$$e^{-i\omega} F(-\omega)$$

6. 求函数  $f(t) = \sin(5t + \frac{\pi}{3})$  的 Fourier 变换.

$$\mathcal{F}(\sin(5t)) = 5\mathcal{F}(\sin t) = 5\pi i [\delta(\omega+1) - \delta(\omega-1)].$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(\sin(5t + \frac{\pi}{3})) &= \mathcal{F}(\sin(5(t + \frac{\pi}{15}))) \\ &= 5\pi i e^{i\frac{\pi}{15}\omega} [\delta(\omega+1) - \delta(\omega-1)] \end{aligned}$$

部分习题参考答案:

第十一次作业

$$1. (1) \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2}}, \quad (2) \frac{5}{12}\pi \quad (3) -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\pi i \quad (4) \frac{1}{2}\pi e^{-ab} \quad (5) \frac{\pi}{e} \cos 2$$

$$3. (1) -\frac{2i}{\omega}(1 - \cos \omega), \quad (2) \frac{1}{1 - i\omega}$$

$$4. (1) F(\omega) = \frac{2\omega^2 + 4}{\omega^4 + 4} \quad (2) F(\omega) = \frac{2\beta}{\beta^2 + \omega^2}$$

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$$3. (1) i\pi[\delta(\omega - 1) - \delta(\omega - 3)]$$

$$(2) 2\pi\delta(\omega) - \frac{\pi}{2}[\delta(\omega + 2) + \delta(\omega - 2)]$$

$$(3) \frac{1}{i(\omega - \omega_0)} + \pi\delta(\omega - \omega_0)$$

$$(4) \frac{\beta + i\omega}{(\beta + i\omega)^2 + \omega_0^2}$$

$$5. (2) -\frac{1}{i}F'(\omega) - 2F(\omega)$$

$$(3) -F(\omega) - \omega F'(\omega).$$

$$(4) e^{-i\omega}F(-\omega)$$

$$6. \frac{i\pi}{2}[\delta(\omega + 5) - \delta(\omega - 5)] + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\pi[\delta(\omega + 5) + \delta(\omega - 5)]$$