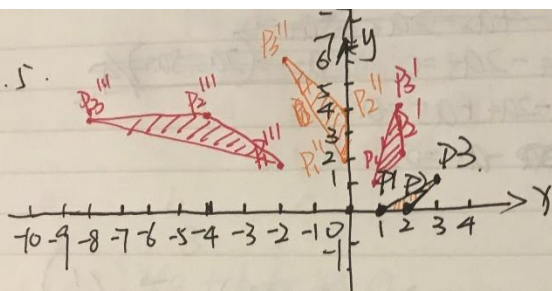


7A.5.



$$a. AP_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AP_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AP_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b. AP_1' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AP_2' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AP_3' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AB_1'' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AB_2'' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AB_3'' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

~~c. Firstly, the triangle has a rotation about (1,1), and an enlargement~~

c. The triangle has a rotation about 135° and an enlargement of $\sqrt{2}$, and it firstly translations 2 units upwards, and then 2 units to the left.