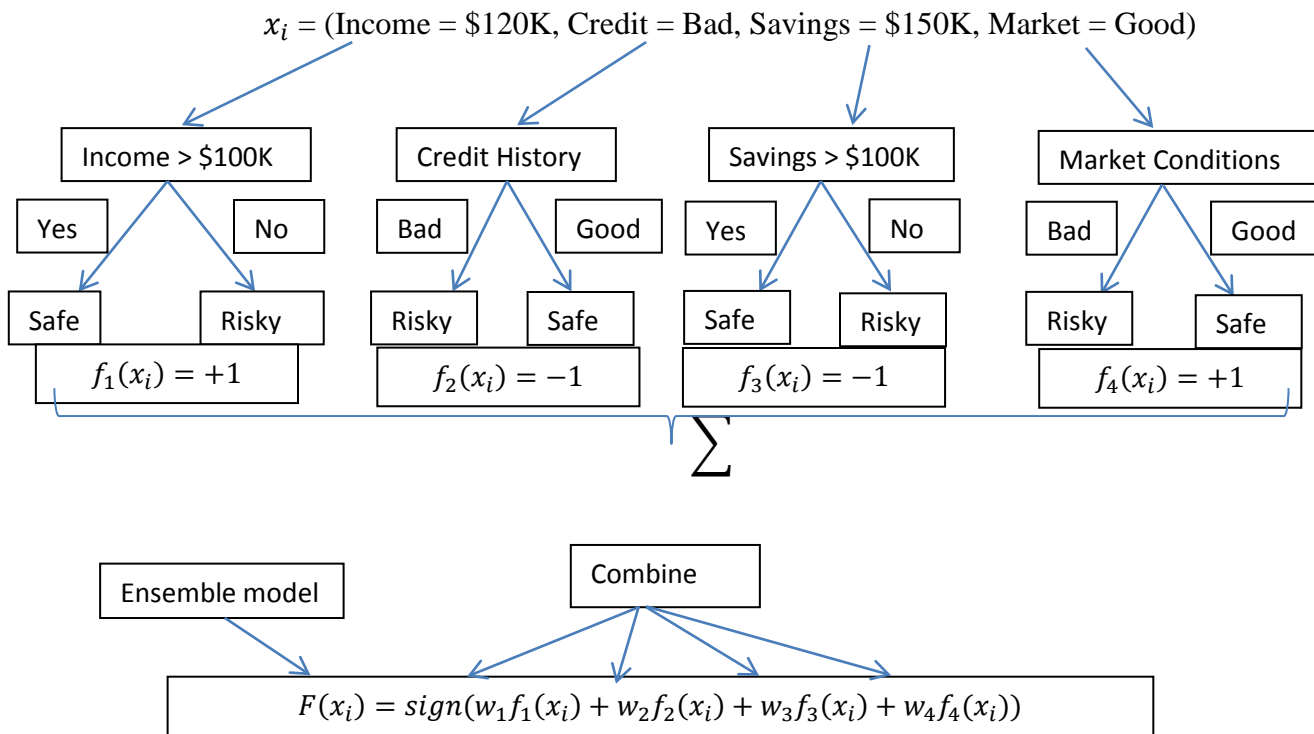


- The way we can think intuitively about boosting is that we can start to fork out weak classifiers.
- The question is, how do we go from a weak classifier to something that has lower error? One approach is to add more features. Another is boosting.
- At the core of boosting is the idea of an ensemble classifier.
- Ensemble methods: Each classifier “votes” on prediction.



- Ensemble classifier in general

- Goal:

Predict output y (+1 or -1) from input x

- Learn ensemble model:

Classifiers: $f_1(x), f_2(x), \dots, f_T(x)$

Coefficients: $\hat{w}_1, \hat{w}_2, \dots, \hat{w}_T$

- Prediction:

$$\hat{y} = \text{sign}(\sum_{t=1}^T \hat{w}_t f_t(x)).$$

- Boosting: Learn where $f(x)$ makes mistakes and focus next classifier on places where $f(x)$ does less well.
- Learning on weighted data:

--- More weight on “hard” or more important points.

-- Weighted dataset:

- Each x_i, y_i weighted by α_i

More important point = higher weight α_i .

-- Learning:

- Data point j counts as α_j data points.

E.g., $\alpha_i = 2 \rightarrow$ count point twice

- Learning from weighted data in general

--- Usually, learning from weighted data

-- Data point i counts as α_i data points.

--- E.g., gradient ascent for logistic regression:

$$w_j^{(t+1)} \leftarrow w_j^{(t)} + \eta \sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i h_j(x_i) (I[y_i = +1] - P(y = +1|x_i, w^{(t)}))$$

- AdaBoost: learning ensemble

--- Start same weight for all points: $\alpha_i = 1/N$

--- For $t = 1, \dots, T$:

-- Learn $f_t(x)$ with data weights α_i

-- Compute coefficient \hat{w}_t

-- Recompute weights α_i .

--- Final model predicts by: $\hat{y} = \text{sign}(\sum_{t=1}^T \hat{w}_t f_t(x))$.

- AdaBoost: Computing coefficient \hat{w}_t of classifier $f_t(x)$

--- $f_t(x)$ is good $\rightarrow f_t$ has low training error.

--- Measuring error in weighted data?

Just weighted # of misclassified points.

- Weighted classification error

--- Total weight of mistakes = $\sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i I(\hat{y}_i \neq y_i)$

--- Total weight of all points = $\sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i$

--- Weighted error measures fraction of weight of mistakes:

$$\text{weighted_error} = \frac{\text{Total weight of mistakes}}{\text{Total weight of all data points}}$$

- AdaBoost: Formula for computing coefficient \hat{w}_t of classifier $f_t(x)$

$$\hat{w}_t = \frac{1}{2} \ln\left(\frac{1 - \text{weighted_error}(f_t)}{\text{weighted_error}(f_t)}\right)$$

- AdaBoost: Updating weights α_i based on where classifier $f_t(x)$ makes mistakes.

- AdaBoost: Formula for updating weights α_i

$$\alpha_i \leftarrow \begin{cases} \alpha_i e^{-\hat{w}_t}, & \text{if } f_t(x_i) = y_i \\ \alpha_i e^{\hat{w}_t}, & \text{if } f_t(x_i) \neq y_i \end{cases}$$

- AdaBoost: Normalizing weights α_i

Normalize weights to add up to 1 after every iteration.

$$\alpha_i \leftarrow \frac{\alpha_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N \alpha_i}$$