NAIC2020ReID

说明材料

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重要说明:

启动镜像后,依次进入/userhome/NAIC_ReID/目录下,在终端运行 run. sh 即可开启自动化训练过程。

```
一、参赛项目 Git 仓库链接地址
https://github.com/ly-wenli/NAIC_ReID.git
二、核心代码展示
2.1 文件读取代码部分
from .bases import BaseImageDataset
import os.path as osp
from collections import defaultdict
class NAIC(BaseImageDataset):
    def __init__(self,cfg, root='../data', verbose = True):
         super(NAIC, self). init ()
         self.cfg = cfg
         self.dataset_dir = root
         self.mydataset_dir = osp.join(self.dataset_dir,'MyDataSet')
         # self.dataset_dir_train = osp.join(self.mydataset_dir, 'train')
         # self.dataset dir train 2019 cs = osp.join(self.mydataset dir, 'train 2019 cs')
         # self.dataset_dir_train_2019_fs = osp.join(self.mydataset_dir, 'train_2019_fs')
         self.dataset_dir_test = osp.join(self.mydataset_dir, 'image_B_v1_1')
         train = self._process_dir(self.mydataset_dir, relabel=True)
         query_green, query_normal = self._process_dir_test(self.dataset_dir_test, query = True)
         gallery_green, gallery_normal = self._process_dir_test(self.dataset_dir_test, query = False)
         if verbose:
              print("=> NAIC Competition data loaded")
              self.print_dataset_statistics(train, query_green+query_normal, gallery_green+gallery_normal)
         self.train = train
         self.query_green = query_green
         self.gallery_green = gallery_green
         self.query normal = query normal
         self.gallery normal = gallery normal
         self.num_train_pids, self.num_train_imgs, self.num_train_cams = self.get_imagedata_info(self.train)
    def process dir(self, data dir, relabel=True): # train 2020 cs path
```

```
train_2020_cs_path = osp.join(data_dir,'train_2020_cs')
         train 2020 fs path = osp.join(data dir, 'train 2020 fs')
         train_2019_cs_path = osp.join(data_dir,'train_2019_cs')
         train_2019_fs_path = osp.join(data_dir,'train_2019_fs')
         train_2020_fs_unlabel_path = osp.join(data_dir,'unlabel')
         filename_train_2020_cs = osp.join(train_2020_cs_path, 'new_train_list.txt')
         filename train 2020 fs = osp.join(train 2020 fs path, 'train list.txt')
         filename_train_2019_cs = osp.join(train_2019_cs_path, 'new_2019_cs_train_list.txt')
         filename train 2019 fs = osp.join(train 2019 fs path, 'train list.txt')
         filename_train_2020_fs_unlabel = osp.join(train_2020_fs_unlabel_path, 'label.txt')
         dataset = []
         camid = 1
         count_image=defaultdict(list)
         #load 2020 cs dataset
         with open(filename_train_2020_cs, 'r') as file_to_read:
              while True:
                  lines = file_to_read.readline()
                   if not lines:
                       break
                   img_name,img_label = [i for i in lines.split(':')]
                  # if img name == 'train/105180993.png' or img name=='train/829283568.png' or
img_name=='train/943445997.png': # remove samples with wrong label
                          continue
                  img_label = 'train_2020_cs_' + str(img_label)
                   img_name = osp.join('images',img_name)
                  img_name = osp.join(train_2020_cs_path,img_name)
                  count_image[img_label].append(img_name)
         ccil 2020 = len(count image)
         print("wenli:2020cs len is",ccil_2020)
         # load 2020 fs dataset
         with open(filename_train_2020_fs, 'r') as file_to_read:
              while True:
                  lines = file_to_read.readline()
                   if not lines:
                       hreak
                  img_name, img_label = [i for i in lines.split(':')]
                  # if img name == 'train/105180993.png' or img name=='train/829283568.png' or
img name=='train/943445997.png': # remove samples with wrong label
                          continue
                  img_label = 'train_2020_fs_' + str(img_label)
                   img_name = osp.join('images', img_name)
                   img_name = osp.join(train_2020_fs_path, img_name)
                   count image[img label].append(img name)
         fcil 2020 = len(count image)-ccil 2020
```

```
print("wenli:2020fs len is",fcil_2020)
         # load 2019 cs dataset
         with open(filename_train_2019_cs, 'r') as file_to_read:
              while True:
                  lines = file_to_read.readline()
                  if not lines:
                       break
                  img_name,img_label = [i for i in lines.split(':')]
                  # if img name == 'train/105180993.png' or img name=='train/829283568.png' or
img_name=='train/943445997.png': # remove samples with wrong label
                  img_label = 'train_2019_cs_' + str(img_label)
                  img_name = osp.join(train_2019_cs_path, img_name)
                  count_image[img_label].append(img_name)
         ccil_2019 = len(count_image)-ccil_2020-fcil_2020
         print("wenli:2019cs len is",ccil 2019)
         # loade 2019 fs dataset
         with open(filename_train_2019_fs, 'r') as file_to_read:
              while True:
                  lines = file to read.readline()
                   if not lines:
                       break
                  img_name,img_label = [i for i in lines.split(' ')]
                  if img name == 'train/105180993.png'
                                                                 or img name=='train/829283568.png'
img_name=='train/943445997.png': # remove samples with wrong label
                       continue
                  img_label = 'train_2019_fs_' + str(img_label)
                  img_name = osp.join(train_2019_fs_path, img_name)
                   count_image[img_label].append(img_name)
         fcil_2019 = len(count_image)-ccil_2020-fcil_2020-ccil_2019
         print("wenli:2019fs len is",fcil_2019)
         if self.cfg.DATASETS.USE_UNLABEL:
              # load 2020 fs unlabel dataset
              with open(filename_train_2020_fs_unlabel, 'r') as file_to_read:
                   while True:
                       lines = file_to_read.readline()
                       if not lines:
                            break
                       img name, img label = [i for i in lines.split(':')]
                       # if img_name == 'train/105180993.png' or img_name=='train/829283568.png' or
```

```
img_name=='train/943445997.png': # remove samples with wrong label
                               continue
                        img_label = 'train_2020_fs_unlabel_' + str(img_label)
                        img_name = osp.join('images', img_name)
                        img_name = osp.join(train_2020_fs_unlabel_path, img_name)
                        count_image[img_label].append(img_name)
              unlabel 2020fs = len(count image)-ccil 2020-fcil 2020-ccil 2019-fcil 2019
              print("wenli:unlabel len is", unlabel_2020fs)
         val_imgs = {}
         pid container = set()
         for pid, img_name in count_image.items():
              if len(img_name) < 2:
                   pass
              else:
                   val imgs[pid] = count image[pid]
                   pid_container.add(pid)
         pid container = sorted(pid container)
         pid2label = {pid: label for label, pid in enumerate(pid_container)}
         for pid, img_name in val_imgs.items():
              pid = pid2label[pid]
              for img in img_name:
                   dataset.append((img, pid, camid))
         return dataset
    def _process_dir_test(self, data_dir, query=True):
         if query:
              subfix = 'query'
         else:
              subfix = 'gallery'
         datatype = ['green', 'normal']
         for index, type in enumerate(datatype):
              filename = osp.join(data_dir, '{}_{}.txt'.format(subfix, type))
              dataset = []
              with open(filename, 'r') as file_to_read:
                   while True:
                        lines = file_to_read.readline()
                        if not lines:
                             break
                        for i in lines.split():
                             img_name = i
```

```
dataset.append((osp.join(self.dataset_dir_test, subfix, img_name), 1, 1))
              if index == 0:
                   dataset_green = dataset
         return dataset_green, dataset
2.2 模型创建代码部分
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
from .backbones.resnet import ResNet, BasicBlock, Bottleneck
from .backbones.resnest import resnest50,resnest50 ibn,resnest101,resnest101 ibn
from\ loss.metric\_learning\ import\ Arcface,\ Cosface,\ AMSoftmax,\ CircleLoss
from .backbones.resnet_ibn_a import resnet50_ibn_a,resnet101_ibn_a
from .backbones.se_resnet_ibn_a import se_resnet101_ibn_a,se_resnet50_ibn_a
from .backbones.resnet_ibn_b import resnet101_ibn_b,resnet50_ibn_b
import torch.nn.functional as F
from torch.nn.parameter import Parameter
from efficientnet pytorch import EfficientNet
class GeM(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, p=3.0, eps=1e-6, freeze_p=True):
         super(GeM, self). init ()
         self.p = p if freeze_p else Parameter(torch.ones(1) * p)
         self.eps = eps
    def forward(self, x):
         return F.adaptive_avg_pool2d(x.clamp(min=self.eps).pow(self.p),
                                 (1, 1)).pow(1. / self.p)
    def __repr__(self):
         if isinstance(self.p, float):
              p = self.p
         else:
              p = self.p.data.tolist()[0]
         return self.__class__.__name__ +\
                  '(' + 'p=' + '{:.4f}'.format(p) +\
                  ', ' + 'eps=' + str(self.eps) + ')'
class ClassBlock(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self,input_dim,num_features=512,relu=True):
```

add_block += [nn.Conv2d(input_dim,num_features,kernel_size=1,bias=False)]

super(ClassBlock,self).__init__()

add block = []

```
add_block += [nn.BatchNorm2d(num_features)]
         add_block = nn.Sequential(*add_block)
         add_block.apply(weights_init_kaiming)
         self.add block = add block
    def forward(self,x):
         x = self.add block(x)
         x = torch.squeeze(x)
         return x
class PCB(nn.Module):
    def init (self,cfg,num features,num classes,dropout,out planes,cut at pooling=False):
         super(PCB,self).__init__()
         self.cfg = cfg
         self.num_features = num_features
         self.num_classes = num_classes
         self.dropout = dropout
         self.cut_at_pooling = cut_at_pooling
         self.bn = nn.BatchNorm2d(out planes)
         self.relu = nn.ReLU(inplace=True)
         self.local_conv = nn.Conv2d(out_planes,self.num_features,kernel_size=1,padding=0,bias=False)
         self.local_conv_list = nn.ModuleList()
         for i in range(6):
              self.local_conv_list.append(ClassBlock(out_planes,self.num_features))
         nn.init.kaiming_normal_(self.local_conv.weight,mode='fan_out')
         self.feat_bn2d = nn.BatchNorm2d(self.num_features)
         nn.init.constant_(self.feat_bn2d.weight,1)
         nn.init.constant_(self.feat_bn2d.bias,0)
         self.dy_weight0 = nn.Sequential(
              nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1,1)),
              nn.Conv2d(out_planes,self.num_features,kernel_size=1),
              nn.Conv2d(self.num_features,self.num_features//16,kernel_size=1),
              nn.Conv2d(self.num_features//16,self.num_features,kernel_size=1),
              nn.Flatten(),
              nn.Linear(self.num_features,1)
         self.dy_weight1 = nn.Sequential(
              nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1, 1)),
              nn.Conv2d(out_planes, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
              nn.Conv2d(self.num_features, self.num_features // 16, kernel_size=1),
              nn.Conv2d(self.num_features // 16, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
              nn.Flatten(),
              nn.Linear(self.num features, 1)
```

```
)
self.dy weight2 = nn.Sequential(
    nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1, 1)),
    nn.Conv2d(out_planes, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features, self.num_features // 16, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features // 16, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Flatten(),
    nn.Linear(self.num_features, 1)
self.dy_weight3 = nn.Sequential(
    nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1, 1)),
    nn.Conv2d(out_planes, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features, self.num_features // 16, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features // 16, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Flatten(),
    nn.Linear(self.num features, 1)
self.dy weight4 = nn.Sequential(
    nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1, 1)),
    nn.Conv2d(out_planes, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features, self.num_features // 16, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features // 16, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Flatten(),
    nn.Linear(self.num_features, 1)
self.dy_weight5 = nn.Sequential(
    nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((1, 1)),
    nn.Conv2d(out_planes, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features, self.num_features // 16, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Conv2d(self.num_features // 16, self.num_features, kernel_size=1),
    nn.Flatten(),
    nn.Linear(self.num_features, 1)
)
##-----#
self.instance0 = nn.Linear(self.num_features,self.num_classes)
nn.init.normal (self.instance0.weight,std=0.001)
nn.init.constant_(self.instance0.bias,0)
##-----#
##-----#
self.instance1 = nn.Linear(self.num_features, self.num_classes)
nn.init.normal (self.instance1.weight, std=0.001)
nn.init.constant_(self.instance1.bias, 0)
```

```
##-----#
   ##-----#
   self.instance2 = nn.Linear(self.num_features, self.num_classes)
   nn.init.normal_(self.instance2.weight, std=0.001)
   nn.init.constant_(self.instance2.bias, 0)
   ##------#
   ##-----#
   self.instance3 = nn.Linear(self.num_features, self.num_classes)
   nn.init.normal (self.instance3.weight, std=0.001)
   nn.init.constant_(self.instance3.bias, 0)
   ##------#
   ##-----#
   self.instance4 = nn.Linear(self.num features, self.num classes)
   nn.init.normal_(self.instance4.weight, std=0.001)
   nn.init.constant (self.instance4.bias, 0)
   ##------#
   ##-----#
   self.instance5 = nn.Linear(self.num_features, self.num_classes)
   nn.init.normal (self.instance5.weight, std=0.001)
   nn.init.constant_(self.instance5.bias, 0)
   ##-----#
   ##------#
   self.instance_merge = nn.Linear(self.num_features*6, self.num_classes)
   nn.init.normal_(self.instance_merge.weight, std=0.001)
   nn.init.constant_(self.instance_merge.bias, 0)
   ##------#
   self.drop = nn.Dropout(self.dropout)
   self.adavgpool = nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d((6,1))
def forward(self,x):
   #x = self.relu(x)
   \# sx = int(x.size(2)/6)
   \# kx = int(x.size(2) - sx*5)
   # x = F.avg_pool2d(x,kernel_size=(kx,x.size(3)),stride=(sx,x.size(3)))
   #x = self.bn(x)
   # x = self.adavgpool(x)
   # part = {}
   # part_feat = {}
   # for i in range(6):
        part[i] = torch.unsqueeze(x[:,:,i,:],3)
```

```
#
                 part_feat[i] = self.local_conv_list[i](part[i])
          # d_weight = {}
          # d_weight[0] = self.dy_weight0(x)
          # d_weight[1] = self.dy_weight1(x)
          # d_weight[2] = self.dy_weight2(x)
          # d_weight[3] = self.dy_weight3(x)
          # d_weight[4] = self.dy_weight4(x)
          # d_weight[5] = self.dy_weight5(x)
          # weight_part_feat = {}
          # for i in range(6):
                 weight_part_feat[i] = part_feat[i] * d_weight[i]
          # c0 = self.instance0(self.relu(part_feat[0]))
          # c1 = self.instanceO(self.relu(part_feat[1]))
          # c2 = self.instanceO(self.relu(part_feat[2]))
          # c3 = self.instanceO(self.relu(part feat[3]))
          # c4 = self.instanceO(self.relu(part_feat[4]))
          # c5 = self.instanceO(self.relu(part feat[5]))
          # is model is test ,use this feature
          # print("*"*100)
          # print(x.shape)
          # print(x)
          # print("*" * 100)
          if not self.cfg.TEST.PCB_GLOBAL_FEAT_ENSEMBLE:
              x = self.drop(x)
              x = self.local\_conv(x)
              x = self.feat_bn2d(x)
              out_t = x
              d_weight0 = self.dy_weight0(x)
              d_weight1 = self.dy_weight1(x)
              d_weight2 = self.dy_weight2(x)
              d_weight3 = self.dy_weight3(x)
              d_weight4 = self.dy_weight4(x)
              d_weight5 = self.dy_weight5(x)
              # print("six weight")
              # print(d_weight0.shape, d_weight1.shape, d_weight2.shape, d_weight3.shape, d_weight4.shape,
d_weight5.shape)
```

```
test_x = x.chunk(6, 2)
test x0 = \text{test } x[0].\text{contiguous}().\text{view}(\text{test } x[0].\text{size}(0), -1)*d \text{ weight}0
test_x1 = test_x[1].contiguous().view(test_x[1].size(0), -1)*d_weight1
test_x2 = test_x[2].contiguous().view(test_x[2].size(0), -1)*d_weight2
test_x3 = test_x[3].contiguous().view(test_x[3].size(0), -1)*d_weight3
test_x4 = test_x[4].contiguous().view(test_x[4].size(0), -1)*d_weight4
test_x5 = test_x[5].contiguous().view(test_x[5].size(0), -1)*d_weight5
x = F.relu(x)
x = x.chunk(6, 2)
x0 = x[0].contiguous().view(x[0].size(0), -1)
x1 = x[1].contiguous().view(x[1].size(0), -1)
x2 = x[2].contiguous().view(x[2].size(0), -1)
x3 = x[3].contiguous().view(x[3].size(0), -1)
x4 = x[4].contiguous().view(x[4].size(0), -1)
x5 = x[5].contiguous().view(x[5].size(0), -1)
# print(x0.shape)
weight x0 = x0*d weight0
weight_x1 = x1*d_weight1
weight_x2 = x2*d_weight2
weight_x3 = x3*d_weight3
weight_x4 = x4*d_weight4
weight x5 = x5*d weight5
# linear feat, dont use in test.
c0 = self.instanceO(x0)
c1 = self.instance1(x1)
c2 = self.instance2(x2)
c3 = self.instance3(x3)
c4 = self.instance4(x4)
c5 = self.instance5(x5)
x = self.adavgpool(x)
part = {}
part_feat = {}
for i in range(6):
     part[i] = torch.unsqueeze(x[:, :, i, :], 3)
     part_feat[i] = self.local_conv_list[i](part[i])
d_weight = {}
d_weight[0] = self.dy_weight0(x)
d_weight[1] = self.dy_weight1(x)
```

```
d_weight[2] = self.dy_weight2(x)
                                 d weight[3] = self.dy weight3(x)
                                 d_weight[4] = self.dy_weight4(x)
                                 d_weight[5] = self.dy_weight5(x)
                                 weight_part_feat = {}
                                 for i in range(6):
                                             weight part feat[i] = part feat[i] * d weight[i]
                                 c0 = self.instance0(part_feat[0])
                                 c1 = self.instance1(part feat[1])
                                 c2 = self.instance2(part_feat[2])
                                 c3 = self.instance3(part feat[3])
                                 c4 = self.instance4(part feat[4])
                                 c5 = self.instance5(part_feat[5])
                                 pcb_merge_feat
torch.cat([weight part feat[0],weight part feat[1],weight part feat[2],weight part feat[3],weight part feat[4],
weight_part_feat[5]],dim=1)
                                 # pcb merge feat = x0 + x1 + x2 + x3 + x4 + x5
                                 pcb_merge_feat_train = self.instance_merge(pcb_merge_feat)
                                 if not self.training:
                                             if self.cfg.TEST.USE_PCB_MERGE_FEAT:
                                                         return pcb_merge_feat
                                             else:
                                                         return
(weight_part_feat[0],weight_part_feat[1],weight_part_feat[2],weight_part_feat[3],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weight_part_feat[4],weigh
art_feat[5])
                                             # val c0 = c0.view(c0.shape[0], -1)
                                             # val_c1 = c1.view(c1.shape[0], -1)
                                             \# val_c2 = c2.view(c2.shape[0], -1)
                                             # val_c3 = c3.view(c3.shape[0], -1)
                                             # val_c4 = c4.view(c4.shape[0], -1)
                                             # val_c5 = c5.view(c5.shape[0], -1)
                                             # return (val_c0, val_c1, val_c2, val_c3, val_c4, val_c5)
                                 if self.cfg.MODEL.MERGE_PCB_FEAT:
                                             return (c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, pcb_merge_feat_train)
                                 else:
                                              return (c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5)
                      else:
                                 # this if modoule is use pcb global feature to ensemble distmat.
                                 if not self.training:
                                             # print("x.shape",x.shape)
                                             # use local_conv can raise 0.1 sorce:0.38(dont use is 0.37)
```

```
x = self.local conv(x)
    out0 = x / x.norm(2, 1).unsqueeze(1).expand_as(x)
    # wenli:use this GeM pooling can raise 0.2(use local_conv) sorce:0.37(not use is 0.36)
    out0 = GeM()(out0)
    out0 = out0.view(out0.shape[0], -1)
    # wenli:the next score is 0.07,dont use next method
    \# x = self.local conv(x)
    # x = self.feat_bn2d(x)
    # out0 = F.relu(x)
    # out0 = out0.view(out0.shape[0], -1)
     return out0
else:
    x = self.drop(x)
    x = self.local\_conv(x)
    x = self.feat_bn2d(x)
    d_weight0 = self.dy_weight(x)
    d_weight1 = self.dy_weight(x)
    d_weight2 = self.dy_weight(x)
    d_weight3 = self.dy_weight(x)
    d_weight4 = self.dy_weight(x)
    d_weight5 = self.dy_weight(x)
    x = F.relu(x)
    x = x.chunk(6, 2)
    x0 = x[0].contiguous().view(x[0].size(0), -1)
    x1 = x[1].contiguous().view(x[1].size(0), -1)
    x2 = x[2].contiguous().view(x[2].size(0), -1)
    x3 = x[3].contiguous().view(x[3].size(0), -1)
    x4 = x[4].contiguous().view(x[4].size(0), -1)
    x5 = x[5].contiguous().view(x[5].size(0), -1)
    weight_x0 = x0 * d_weight0
    weight_x1 = x1 * d_weight1
    weight_x2 = x2 * d_weight2
    weight_x3 = x3 * d_weight3
    weight_x4 = x4 * d_weight4
```

```
weight_x5 = x5 * d_weight5
                   c0 = self.instance0(x0)*0.1
                   c1 = self.instance1(x1)*0.2
                   c2 = self.instance2(x2)*0.5
                   c3 = self.instance3(x3)*0.33
                   c4 = self.instance4(x4)*0.8
                   c5 = self.instance5(x5)*0.22
                   pcb_merge_feat = torch.cat([weight_x0, weight_x1, weight_x2, weight_x3, weight_x4,
weight_x5], dim=1)
                   \# pcb_merge_feat = x0 + x1 + x2 + x3 + x4 + x5
                   pcb_merge_feat_train = self.instance_merge(pcb_merge_feat)
                   if self.cfg.MODEL.MERGE_PCB_FEAT:
                        return (c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, pcb_merge_feat_train)
                   else:
                        return (c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5)
def weights_init_kaiming(m):
    classname = m.__class__._name__
    if classname.find('Linear') != -1:
         nn.init.kaiming_normal_(m.weight, a=0, mode='fan_out')
         nn.init.constant_(m.bias, 0.0)
    elif classname.find('Conv') != -1:
         nn.init.kaiming_normal_(m.weight, a=0, mode='fan_in')
         if m.bias is not None:
              nn.init.constant_(m.bias, 0.0)
    elif classname.find('BatchNorm') != -1:
         if m.affine:
              nn.init.constant_(m.weight, 1.0)
              nn.init.constant_(m.bias, 0.0)
def weights_init_classifier(m):
    classname = m.__class__.__name__
    if classname.find('Linear') != -1:
```

```
nn.init.normal_(m.weight, std=0.001)
         if m.bias:
              nn.init.constant_(m.bias, 0.0)
class Backbone(nn.Module):
    def init (self, num classes, cfg):
         super(Backbone, self).__init__()
         last stride = cfg.MODEL.LAST STRIDE
         model_path = cfg.MODEL.PRETRAIN_PATH
         model name = cfg.MODEL.NAME
         self.cfg = cfg
         self.model_name = model_name
         pretrain_choice = cfg.MODEL.PRETRAIN_CHOICE
         self.cos_layer = cfg.MODEL.COS_LAYER
         self.neck = cfg.MODEL.NECK
         self.neck_feat = cfg.TEST.NECK_FEAT
         # self.in_planes = 1280
         # model_weight_b0 = EfficientNet.from_pretrained('efficientnet-b0')
         # model_weight_b0.to('cuda')
         # mm = nn.Sequential(*model_weight_b0.named_children())
         # self.base = model weight b0.extract features
         # from IPython import embed
         # embed()
         #print('using efficientnet-b0 as a backbone')
         if model_name == 'resnet50':
              self.in_planes = 2048
              self.base = ResNet(last_stride=last_stride,
                                    block=Bottleneck, frozen_stages=cfg.MODEL.FROZEN,
                                    layers=[3, 4, 6, 3])
              print('using resnet50 as a backbone')
         elif model_name == 'resnet50_ibn_a':
              self.in_planes = 2048
              self.base = resnet50 ibn a(last stride)
              print('using resnet50_ibn_a as a backbone')
         elif model_name == 'resnet101_ibn_a':
              self.in_planes = 2048
              self.base = resnet101_ibn_a(last_stride, frozen_stages=cfg.MODEL.FROZEN)
              print('using resnet101_ibn_a as a backbone')
         elif model_name == 'se_resnet101_ibn_a':
              self.in planes = 2048
```

```
self.base = se_resnet101_ibn_a(last_stride)
    print('using se resnet101 ibn a as a backbone')
elif model_name == 'se_resnet50_ibn_a':
    self.in_planes = 2048
    self.base = se_resnet50_ibn_a(last_stride)
    print('using se_resnet101_ibn_a as a backbone')
elif model name == 'resnet101 ibn b':
    self.in_planes = 2048
    self.base = resnet101 ibn b(last stride)
    print('using resnet101_ibn_b as a backbone')
elif model name == 'resnet50 ibn b':
    self.in_planes = 2048
    self.base = resnet50_ibn_b(last_stride)
    print('using resnet50_ibn_b as a backbone')
elif model_name == 'resnest50':
    self.in planes = 2048
    self.base = resnest50(last_stride)
    print('using resnest50 as a backbone')
elif model_name == 'resnest50_ibn':
    self.in_planes = 2048
    self.base = resnest50_ibn(last_stride)
    print('using resnest50_ibn as a backbone')
elif model name == 'resnest101':
    self.in_planes = 2048
    self.base = resnest101(last_stride)
    print('using resnest101 as a backbone')
elif model name == 'resnest101 ibn':
    self.in planes = 2048
    self.base = resnest101_ibn(last_stride)
    print('using resnest101_ibn as a backbone')
elif model_name == 'efficientnet_b7':
    # self.in_planes = 1280
    # model_weight_b0 = EfficientNet.from_pretrained('efficientnet-b0')
    # model_weight_b0.to('cuda')
    # self.base = model_weight_b0.extract_features
    self.base = EfficientNet.from pretrained('efficientnet-b0')
    self.in_planes = self.base._fc.in_features
    print('using efficientnet-b0 as a backbone')
else:
    print('unsupported backbone! but got {}'.format(model_name))
if pretrain choice == 'imagenet' and model name != 'efficientnet b7':
    # if model name == 'efficientnet b7':
```

```
#
                      state_dict = torch.load(model_path)
                      # self.base.load state dict(state dict)
                      if 'state_dict' in state_dict:
                           param_dict = state_dict['state_dict']
                      for i in param dict:
                           if 'fc' in i:
                                continue
                           self.state_dict()[i.replace('module.', ")].copy_(param_dict[i])
              # else:
              self.base.load_param(model_path)
              print('Loading pretrained ImageNet model.....from {}'.format(model path))
         if cfg.MODEL.POOLING_METHOD == 'GeM':
              print('using GeM pooling')
              self.gap = GeM()
         else:
              self.gap = nn.AdaptiveAvgPool2d(1)
         if cfg.MODEL.IF USE PCB:
              self.pcb = PCB(cfg,256,num_classes,0.5,self.in_planes,cut_at_pooling=False)
         self.num_classes = num_ classes
         self.ID LOSS TYPE = cfg.MODEL.ID LOSS TYPE
         if self.ID_LOSS_TYPE == 'arcface':
              print('using
                                                                 with
                                                                                        s:{},
                                                                                                               m:
{}'.format(self.ID_LOSS_TYPE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_SCALE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_MARGIN))
              self.classifier = Arcface(self.in_planes, self.num_classes,
                                              s=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_SCALE, m=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_MARGIN)
         elif self.ID LOSS TYPE == 'cosface':
              print('using
                                             {}
                                                                 with
                                                                                        s:{},
                                                                                                               m:
{}'.format(self.ID_LOSS_TYPE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_SCALE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_MARGIN))
              self.classifier = Cosface(self.in_planes, self.num_classes,
                                              s=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_SCALE, m=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_MARGIN)
         elif self.ID_LOSS_TYPE == 'amsoftmax':
              print('using
                                                                 with
                                                                                        s:{},
                                                                                                               m:
{}'.format(self.ID_LOSS_TYPE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_SCALE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_MARGIN))
              self.classifier = AMSoftmax(self.in_planes, self.num_classes,
                                                 s=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_SCALE, m=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_MARGIN)
         elif self.ID LOSS TYPE == 'circle':
              print('using
                                             {}
                                                                 with
                                                                                        s:{},
                                                                                                               m:
\label{loss_type} $$\{'.format(self.ID\_LOSS\_TYPE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE\_SCALE,cfg.SOLVER.COSINE\_MARGIN)$$
              self.classifier = CircleLoss(self.in_planes, self.num_classes,
                                                 s=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_SCALE, m=cfg.SOLVER.COSINE_MARGIN)
         else:
              self.classifier = nn.Linear(self.in planes, self.num classes, bias=False)
              self.classifier.apply(weights_init_classifier)
```

```
self.bottleneck = nn.BatchNorm1d(self.in planes)
     self.bottleneck.bias.requires_grad_(False)
     self.bottleneck.apply(weights_init_kaiming)
     # from IPython import embed
     # embed()
def forward(self, x, label=None): # label is unused if self.cos_layer == 'no'
     # device = 'cuda'
     # x.to(device)
     # from IPython import embed
     # embed()
     #print("x.shape",x.shape)
     if 'efficientnet_b7' == self.model_name:
         x = self.base.extract_features(x)
     else:
         x = self.base(x)
     if self.cfg.MODEL.IF USE PCB:
          pcb_out = self.pcb(x)
     # print("x.shape",x.shape)
     global_feat = self.gap(x)
     # print("global feat.shape",global feat.shape)
     # print("pcb_out.shape",pcb_out.shape)
     global_feat = global_feat.view(global_feat.shape[0], -1) # flatten to (bs, 2048)
     feat = self.bottleneck(global_feat)
     if self.neck == 'no':
         feat = global_feat
     elif self.neck == 'bnneck':
         feat = self.bottleneck(global_feat)
     if self.training:
         if self.ID_LOSS_TYPE in ('arcface', 'cosface', 'amsoftmax', 'circle'):
               cls_score = self.classifier(feat, label)
         else:
               cls_score = self.classifier(feat)
         if self.cfg.MODEL.IF_USE_PCB:
               return cls_score, global_feat, pcb_out
         else:
               return cls_score, global_feat
     else:
         if self.neck_feat == 'after':
               # print("Test with feature after BN")
```

```
if self.cfg.MODEL.IF_USE_PCB:
                        return feat, pcb_out
                   else:
                        return feat
              else:
                   # print("Test with feature before BN")
                   if self.cfg.MODEL.IF USE PCB:
                        return global_feat, pcb_out
                   else:
                        return global_feat
    def load_param(self, trained_path):
         param_dict = torch.load(trained_path)
         for i in param_dict:
              if 'classifier' in i or 'arcface' in i:
                   continue
              self.state\_dict()[i.replace('module.','')].copy\_(param\_dict[i])
         print('Loading pretrained model from {}'.format(trained path))
    def load_param_finetune(self, model_path):
         param_dict = torch.load(model_path)
         for i in param_dict:
              self.state_dict()[i].copy_(param_dict[i])
         print('Loading pretrained model for finetuning from {}'.format(model_path))
def make_model(cfg, num_class):
    model = Backbone(num_class, cfg)
    return model
2.3 训练 loss 代码部分
import logging
import numpy as np
import os
import time
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import cv2
from utils.meter import AverageMeter
from utils.metrics import R1_mAP, R1_mAP_Pseudo
import json
import datetime
from solver import make_optimizer, WarmupMultiStepLR
import torch.distributed as dist
try:
```

```
from apex.parallel import DistributedDataParallel as DDP
    from apex.fp16 utils import *
    from apex import amp, optimizers
    from apex.multi_tensor_apply import multi_tensor_applier
except ImportError:
    raise ImportError("Please install apex from https://www.github.com/nvidia/apex to run this example.")
def pcb_loss_forward(pcb_feat,targets):
    # print("inputs.device",inputs.device)
    # print("next(model.parameters()).device",next(model.parameters()).device)
    # outputs = model(inputs)
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
         #
         # global loss0
         # global loss1
         # global loss2
         # global loss3
         # global loss4
         # global loss5
    loss0 = criterion(pcb_feat[0],targets)
    loss1 = criterion(pcb feat[1],targets)
    loss2 = criterion(pcb_feat[2],targets)
    loss3 = criterion(pcb_feat[3],targets)
    loss4 = criterion(pcb_feat[4],targets)
    loss5 = criterion(pcb_feat[5],targets)
    loss_merge = criterion(pcb_feat[6],targets)
    return loss0,loss1,loss2,loss3,loss4,loss5,loss_merge
def get_pcb_optimizer(model):
    if hasattr(model.module,'base'):
         base_param_ids = set(map(id,model.module.base.parameters()))
         new_params = [p for p in model.parameters() if
                           id(p) not in base_param_ids]
         param_groups = [
              {'params': model.module.base.parameters(),'lr mult': 0.1},
              {'params': new_params,'Ir_mult': 1.0}
         ]
    else:
         param_groups = model.parameters()
    optimizers = torch.optim.SGD(param\_groups, Ir=0.1, momentum=0.9, weight\_decay=5e-4, nesterov=True)
    return optimizers
```

```
def do_train(cfg,
               model,
               center_criterion,
               train loader,
               val_loader,
               optimizer,
               optimizer_center,
               scheduler,
               loss_fn,
               num_query):
     log_period = cfg.SOLVER.LOG_PERIOD
     checkpoint_period = cfg.SOLVER.CHECKPOINT_PERIOD
     device = "cuda"
     epochs = cfg.SOLVER.MAX EPOCHS
     logger = logging.getLogger("reid_baseline.train")
     logger.info('start training')
     if device:
        # dist.init_process_group(backend='nccl',init_method='env://')
         model.to(device)
         if torch.cuda.device_count() > 1:
              print('Using {} GPUs for training'.format(torch.cuda.device_count()))
              model, optimizer = amp.initialize(model, optimizer, opt_level='O1')
              model = nn.DataParallel(model)
              # model = torch.nn.parallel.DistributedDataParallel(model,find_unused_parameters=True)
         else:
              if cfg.SOLVER.FP16:
                   model, optimizer = amp.initialize(model, optimizer, opt_level='O1')
     loss_meter = AverageMeter()
     all_loss_meter = AverageMeter()
     acc_meter = AverageMeter()
     pcb_losses = AverageMeter()
     pcb_merge_losses = AverageMeter()
     pcb_optimizer = get_pcb_optimizer(model)
```

```
pcb_scheduler = WarmupMultiStepLR(pcb_optimizer, cfg.SOLVER.STEPS, cfg.SOLVER.GAMMA,
                                         cfg.SOLVER.WARMUP FACTOR,
                                         {\sf cfg.SOLVER.WARMUP\_EPOCHS}, {\sf cfg.SOLVER.WARMUP\_METHOD})
    # train
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
         start time = time.time()
         loss_meter.reset()
         all_loss_meter.reset()
         acc_meter.reset()
         pcb losses.reset()
         pcb_merge_losses.reset()
         model.train()
         for n_iter, (img, vid) in enumerate(train_loader):
              optimizer.zero grad()
              optimizer_center.zero_grad()
              img = img.to(device)
              target = vid.to(device)
              if cfg.MODEL.IF_USE_PCB:
                   score, feat, pcb_out = model(img, target)
                   loss = loss_fn(score, feat, target)
                   loss0, loss1, loss2, loss3, loss4, loss5,loss_merge = pcb_loss_forward(pcb_feat=pcb_out,
targets=target)
                   pcb_loss = (loss0 + loss1 + loss2 + loss3 + loss4 + loss5) / 6
                   all_loss = loss + 0.5 * pcb_loss + 0.5 * loss_merge
                   if cfg.SOLVER.FP16:
                        with amp.scale_loss(all_loss, optimizer) as scaled_loss:
                             scaled_loss.backward()
                   else:
                        all_loss.backward()
                   optimizer.step()
                   if 'center' in cfg.MODEL.METRIC_LOSS_TYPE:
                        for param in center_criterion.parameters():
                             param.grad.data *= (1. / cfg.SOLVER.CENTER_LOSS_WEIGHT)
                        optimizer_center.step()
```

acc = (score.max(1)[1] == target).float().mean()
loss_meter.update(loss.item(), img.shape[0])

```
all_loss_meter.update(all_loss.item(), img.shape[0])
                    pcb losses.update(pcb loss.item(), img.shape[0])
                   pcb_merge_losses.update(loss_merge.item(),img.shape[0])
                   acc_meter.update(acc, 1)
                   if (n_iter + 1) % log_period == 0:
                        logger.info("Epoch[{}] Iteration[{}/{}] All Loss: {:.3f},Global Loss: {:.3f},PCB Loss:
{:.3f}, Merge_Loss: {:.3f}, Acc: {:.3f}, Base Lr: {:.2e}"
                                       .format(epoch, (n iter + 1), len(train loader),
                                                 all_loss_meter.avg,loss_meter.avg,
pcb losses.avg,pcb merge losses.avg,acc meter.avg, scheduler.get lr()[0]))
              else:
                   score, feat = model(img, target)
                   loss = loss fn(score, feat, target)
                   if cfg.SOLVER.FP16:
                        with amp.scale loss(loss, optimizer) as scaled loss:
                                            scaled_loss.backward()
                   else:
                        loss.backward()
                   optimizer.step()
                   if 'center' in cfg.MODEL.METRIC LOSS TYPE:
                        for param in center_criterion.parameters():
                              param.grad.data *= (1. / cfg.SOLVER.CENTER_LOSS_WEIGHT)
                        optimizer_center.step()
                   acc = (score.max(1)[1] == target).float().mean()
                   loss_meter.update(loss.item(), img.shape[0])
                   # all_loss_meter.update(all_loss.item(), img.shape[0])
                   # pcb_losses.update(pcb_loss.item(), img.shape[0])
                   acc_meter.update(acc, 1)
                   if (n_iter + 1) % log_period == 0:
                        logger.info("Epoch[{}] Iteration[{}/{}] Global_Loss: {:.3f}, Acc: {:.3f}, Base Lr: {:.2e}"
                                        .format(epoch, (n_iter + 1), len(train_loader),
                                                 loss_meter.avg,acc_meter.avg, scheduler.get_lr()[0]))
              # if cfg.SOLVER.FP16:
                      with amp.scale_loss(loss, optimizer) as scaled_loss:
              #
                           scaled loss.backward()
              # else:
                      loss.backward(retain_graph=True)
```

```
# loss0, loss1, loss2, loss3, loss4, loss5 = pcb loss forward(pcb feat=pcb out, targets=target)
              # pcb_loss = (loss0 + loss1 + loss2 + loss3 + loss4 + loss5) / 6
              # all_loss = 0.1 * loss + 0.9 * pcb_loss
              # if cfg.SOLVER.FP16:
                      with amp.scale loss(all loss, optimizer) as scaled loss:
                           scaled_loss.backward()
              # else:
                      all_loss.backward()
              # wenli:if use mulit task to train ,may overfit.Deprecated use this method
              # pcb_optimizer.zero_grad()
              #torch.autograd.backward([loss0, loss1, loss2, loss3, loss4, loss5],
                                                                 [torch.ones(1)[0].cuda(), torch.ones(1)[0].cuda(),
torch.ones(1)[0].cuda(),
                                                                  torch.ones(1)[0].cuda(), torch.ones(1)[0].cuda(),
torch.ones(1)[0].cuda(),
                                                torch.ones(1)[0].cuda()])
              # pcb_optimizer.step()
              # optimizer.step()
              # if 'center' in cfg.MODEL.METRIC_LOSS_TYPE:
                      for param in center_criterion.parameters():
                           param.grad.data *= (1. / cfg.SOLVER.CENTER_LOSS_WEIGHT)
              #
                      optimizer_center.step()
              # acc = (score.max(1)[1] == target).float().mean()
              # loss_meter.update(loss.item(), img.shape[0])
              # all_loss_meter.update(all_loss.item(), img.shape[0])
              # pcb_losses.update(pcb_loss.item(), img.shape[0])
              # acc_meter.update(acc, 1)
              # if (n iter + 1) % log period == 0:
                       logger.info("Epoch[{}] Iteration[{}/{}] All_Loss: {:.3f},Global_Loss: {:.3f},PCB_Loss: {:.3f}, Acc:
{:.3f}, Base Lr: {:.2e}"
                                     .format(epoch, (n_iter + 1), len(train_loader),
                                                 all_loss_meter.avg,loss_meter.avg, pcb_losses.avg,acc_meter.avg,
scheduler.get_lr()[0]))
          #pcb_scheduler.step()
```

```
scheduler.step()
         end time = time.time()
         time_per_batch = (end_time - start_time) / (n_iter + 1)
         logger.info("Epoch {} done. Time per batch: {:.3f}[s] Speed: {:.1f}[samples/s]"
                        .format(epoch, time_per_batch, train_loader.batch_size / time_per_batch))
         if epoch % checkpoint period == 0:
              torch.save(model.state_dict(),
                                                  os.path.join(cfg.OUTPUT_DIR,
                                                                                     cfg.MODEL.NAME
' {}.pth'.format(epoch)))
def do_inference(cfg,
                    model,
                    val_loader_green,
                   val_loader_normal,
                    num query green,
                    num_query_normal):
    device = "cuda"
    logger = logging.getLogger("reid_baseline.test")
    logger.info("Enter inferencing")
    if device:
         if torch.cuda.device count() > 1:
              print('Using {} GPUs for inference'.format(torch.cuda.device_count()))
              model = nn.DataParallel(model)
         model.to(device)
    model.eval()
    val_loader = [val_loader_green, val_loader_normal]
    for index, loader in enumerate(val_loader):
         if index == 0:
              subfix = '1'
              reranking_parameter = [30, 2, 0.8]
              evaluator = R1_mAP(cfg,num_query_green, max_rank=200, feat_norm=cfg.TEST.FEAT_NORM,
                                     reranking=cfg.TEST.RE_RANKING)
         else:
              subfix = '2'
              reranking_parameter = [30, 2, 0.8]
              evaluator = R1_mAP(cfg,num_query_normal, max_rank=200, feat_norm=cfg.TEST.FEAT_NORM,
                                     reranking=cfg.TEST.RE_RANKING)
         evaluator.reset()
         DISTMAT_PATH = os.path.join(cfg.OUTPUT_DIR, "distmat_{}.npy".format(subfix))
         QUERY_PATH = os.path.join(cfg.OUTPUT_DIR, "query_path_{}.npy".format(subfix))
```

```
GALLERY_PATH = os.path.join(cfg.OUTPUT_DIR, "gallery_path_{}.npy".format(subfix))
    for n_iter, (img, pid, camid, imgpath) in enumerate(loader):
         with torch.no_grad():
              img = img.to(device)
              if cfg.TEST.FLIP FEATS == 'on':
                   # if model_name != efficientnet_b* ,use this feat
                   # feat = torch.FloatTensor(img.size(0), 2048).zero ().cuda()
                   feat = torch.FloatTensor(img.size(0), 2048).zero_().cuda()
                   for i in range(2):
                        if i == 1:
                             inv_idx = torch.arange(img.size(3) - 1, -1, -1).long().cuda()
                             img = img.index_select(3, inv_idx)
                        if cfg.MODEL.IF_USE_PCB:
                             #print("image shape is ", img.shape)
                             f,_ = model(img)
                        else:
                            f = model(img)
                        feat = feat + f
              else:
                   feat,_ = model(img)
              if cfg.MODEL.IF USE PCB:
                   _,pcb_feat = model(img)
                   if cfg.TEST.USE_PCB_MERGE_FEAT:
                        evaluator.update_pcb((feat,pcb_feat, imgpath))
                   else:
                        evaluator.update_pcb_split((feat,pcb_feat,imgpath))
              else:
                   evaluator.update((feat, imgpath))
    # if cfg.MODEL.IF_USE_PCB:
            if not cfg.TEST.USE_PCB_MERGE_FEAT:
    #
                evaluator.update_split()
    data, distmat, img_name_q, img_name_g = evaluator.compute(reranking_parameter)
    np.save(DISTMAT_PATH, distmat)
    np.save(QUERY_PATH, img_name_q)
    np.save(GALLERY_PATH, img_name_g)
    if index == 0:
         data_1 = data
data_all = {**data_1, **data}
nowTime = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d-%H-%M-%S')
```

```
with open(os.path.join(cfg.OUTPUT\_DIR, 'result\_\{\}.json'.format(nowTime)), 'w', encoding='utf-8') \ as \ fp: the property of 
                          json.dump(data all, fp)
def do_inference_Pseudo(cfg,
                                                        model,
                                                     val loader,
                                                     num_query
                                                        ):
             device = "cuda"
             evaluator = R1_mAP_Pseudo(num_query, max_rank=200, feat_norm=cfg.TEST.FEAT_NORM)
             evaluator.reset()
             if device:
                          if torch.cuda.device_count() > 1:
                                        print('Using {} GPUs for inference'.format(torch.cuda.device count()))
                                        model = nn.DataParallel(model)
                          model.to(device)
             reranking_parameter = [14, 4, 0.4]
             model.eval()
             for n iter, (img, pid, camid, imgpath) in enumerate(val loader):
                          with torch.no_grad():
                                       img = img.to(device)
                                       if cfg.TEST.FLIP_FEATS == 'on':
                                                     feat = torch.FloatTensor(img.size(0), 2048).zero_().cuda()
                                                     for i in range(2):
                                                                  if i == 1:
                                                                                inv_idx = torch.arange(img.size(3) - 1, -1, -1).long().cuda()
                                                                                img = img.index_select(3, inv_idx)
                                                                  f = model(img)
                                                                   feat = feat + f
                                       else:
                                                     feat = model(img)
                                       evaluator.update((feat, imgpath))
             distmat, img_name_q, img_name_g = evaluator.compute(reranking_parameter)
             return distmat, img_name_q, img_name_g
2.4 测试推理代码部分
import torch
import numpy as np
```

```
import os
from utils.reranking import re ranking
from scipy.spatial.distance import cdist
def euclidean_distance(qf, gf):
    m = qf.shape[0]
    n = gf.shape[0]
    dist_mat = torch.pow(qf, 2).sum(dim=1, keepdim=True).expand(m, n) + \
                 torch.pow(gf, 2).sum(dim=1, keepdim=True).expand(n, m).t()
    dist_mat.addmm_( qf, gf.t(),beta=1, alpha=-2)
    return dist mat.cpu().numpy()
def cosine_similarity(qf, gf):
    epsilon = 0.00001
    dist_mat = qf.mm(gf.t())
    qf norm = torch.norm(qf, p=2, dim=1, keepdim=True) # mx1
    gf_norm = torch.norm(gf, p=2, dim=1, keepdim=True) # nx1
    qg_normdot = qf_norm.mm(gf_norm.t())
    dist_mat = dist_mat.mul(1 / qg_normdot).cpu().numpy()
    dist_mat = np.clip(dist_mat, -1 + epsilon, 1 - epsilon)
    dist_mat = np.arccos(dist_mat)
    return dist mat
def eval_func(distmat, q_pids, g_pids, q_camids, g_camids, max_rank=50):
    """Evaluation with market1501 metric
         Key: for each query identity, its gallery images from the same camera view are discarded.
         .....
    num_q, num_g = distmat.shape
    # distmat g
          q
                1324
                4123
    if num_g < max_rank:
         max_rank = num_g
         print("Note: number of gallery samples is quite small, got {}".format(num_g))
    indices = np.argsort(distmat, axis=1)
    # 0213
    # 1230
    matches = (g_pids[indices] == q_pids[:, np.newaxis]).astype(np.int32)
    # compute cmc curve for each query
    all_cmc = []
    all AP = []
    num_valid_q = 0. # number of valid query
    for q_idx in range(num_q):
```

```
# get query pid and camid
         q pid = q pids[q idx]
         q_camid = q_camids[q_idx]
         # remove gallery samples that have the same pid and camid with query
         order = indices[q_idx] # select one row
         remove = (g_pids[order] == q_pid) & (g_camids[order] == q_camid)
         keep = np.invert(remove)
         # compute cmc curve
         # binary vector, positions with value 1 are correct matches
         orig_cmc = matches[q_idx][keep]
         if not np.any(orig_cmc):
              # this condition is true when query identity does not appear in gallery
              continue
         cmc = orig_cmc.cumsum()
         cmc[cmc > 1] = 1
         all_cmc.append(cmc[:max_rank])
         num_valid_q += 1.
         # compute average precision
                                                                                                    reference:
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Evaluation_measures_(information_retrieval)#Average_precision
         num_rel = orig_cmc.sum()
         tmp_cmc = orig_cmc.cumsum()
         tmp\_cmc = [x / (i + 1.) for i, x in enumerate(tmp\_cmc)]
         tmp_cmc = np.asarray(tmp_cmc) * orig_cmc
         AP = tmp_cmc.sum() / num_rel
         all_AP.append(AP)
    assert num_valid_q > 0, "Error: all query identities do not appear in gallery"
    all_cmc = np.asarray(all_cmc).astype(np.float32)
    all_cmc = all_cmc.sum(0) / num_valid_q
    mAP = np.mean(all AP)
    return all_cmc, mAP
class R1_mAP():
    def __init__(self,cfg, num_query, max_rank=200, feat_norm=True, reranking=False):
         super(R1_mAP, self).__init__()
         self.cfg = cfg
```

```
self.num_query = num_query
    self.max rank = max rank
    self.feat_norm = feat_norm
    self.reranking = reranking
def reset(self):
    self.feats = []
    self.pcb_feat = []
    self.img name path = []
    self.pcb_feat_split0 = []
    self.pcb feat split1 = []
    self.pcb_feat_split2 = []
    self.pcb_feat_split3 = []
    self.pcb_feat_split4 = []
    self.pcb_feat_split5 = []
    self.pcb feat split = {}
# wenli:have local feature use next method
def update_pcb(self, output): # called once for each batch
    feat,pcb_feat, imgpath = output
    self.feats.append(feat)
    self.pcb_feat.append(pcb_feat)
    self.img name path.extend(imgpath)
# wenli:have local feature use next method
def update_pcb_split(self, output): # called once for each batch
    feat, pcb_feat, imgpath = output
    self.feats.append(feat)
    self.pcb_feat_split0.append(pcb_feat[0])
    self.pcb_feat_split1.append(pcb_feat[1])
    self.pcb_feat_split2.append(pcb_feat[2])
    self.pcb_feat_split3.append(pcb_feat[3])
    self.pcb_feat_split4.append(pcb_feat[4])
    self.pcb_feat_split5.append(pcb_feat[5])
    # for i in range(6):
            print("pcb_feat[i].shape",pcb_feat[i].shape)
            self.pcb_feat_split[i].append(pcb_feat[i])
    # self.pcb_feat.append(pcb_feat)
    self.img_name_path.extend(imgpath)
def update_split(self):
    self.pcb_feat_split[0] = self.pcb_feat_split0
    self.pcb_feat_split[1] = self.pcb_feat_split1
    self.pcb_feat_split[2] = self.pcb_feat_split2
```

```
self.pcb_feat_split[3] = self.pcb_feat_split3
         self.pcb feat split[4] = self.pcb feat split4
         self.pcb_feat_split[5] = self.pcb_feat_split5
    # wenli:have local feature use next method
    def update(self, output): # called once for each batch
         feat, imgpath = output
         self.feats.append(feat)
         self.img_name_path.extend(imgpath)
    def compute(self,reranking parameter=[20,6,0.3]): # called after each epoch
         feats = torch.cat(self.feats, dim=0)
         # if use pcb global feature ,use next method
         if self.cfg.MODEL.IF_USE_PCB:
              if self.cfg.TEST.PCB_GLOBAL_FEAT_ENSEMBLE:
                   pcb_feats = torch.cat(self.pcb_feat,dim=0)
                   pcb qf = pcb feats[:self.num query]
                   pcb_gf = pcb_feats[self.num_query:]
         if self.feat_norm:
              print("The test feature is normalized")
              feats = torch.nn.functional.normalize(feats, dim=1, p=2) # along channel
         # query
         qf = feats[:self.num_query]
         q_path = self.img_name_path[:self.num_query]
         # gallery
         gf = feats[self.num_query:]
         g_path = self.img_name_path[self.num_query:]
         if self.reranking:
              print('=> Enter reranking')
              print('k1={}, k2={}, lambda_value={}'.format(reranking_parameter[0], reranking_parameter[1],
                                                                    reranking_parameter[2]))
              distmat = re_ranking(qf,
                                                    k1=reranking_parameter[0],
                                                                                   k2=reranking_parameter[1],
                                               gf,
lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
              qf = qf.cpu()
              gf = gf.cpu()
              torch.cuda.empty cache()
              if self.cfg.MODEL.IF USE PCB:
                   if self.cfg.TEST.PCB_GLOBAL_FEAT_ENSEMBLE:
                        pcb_distmat
                                        =
                                               re_ranking(pcb_qf,
                                                                                   k1=reranking_parameter[0],
                                                                       pcb_gf,
k2=reranking_parameter[1], lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                       # del pcb_qf
                        # del pcb gf
                        # torch.cuda.empty_cache()
```

```
else:
                       if self.cfg.TEST.USE PCB MERGE FEAT:
                            pcb_feats = torch.cat(self.pcb_feat, dim=0)
                            pcb_qf = pcb_feats[:self.num_query]
                            pcb_gf = pcb_feats[self.num_query:]
                            pcb_distmat
                                            =
                                                 re_ranking(pcb_qf,
                                                                                  k1=reranking_parameter[0],
                                                                       pcb_gf,
k2=reranking parameter[1],
                                                          lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                            all_pcb_distmat = []
                            pcb feats = torch.cat(self.pcb feat, dim=0)
                            pcb_qf = pcb_feats[:self.num_query]
                            pcb_gf = pcb_feats[self.num_query:]
                            print(pcb_qf.shape)
                            m = pcb qf.shape[0]
                            n = pcb_gf.shape[0]
                            for j in range(m//300+1):
                                 temp_pcb_qf = pcb_qf[j * 300:j * 300 + 300]
                                temp_pcb_dist = []
                                 for i in range(n // 600 + 1):
                                     temp_pcb_gf = pcb_gf[i * 600:i * 600 + 600]
                                     pcb distmat i
                                                                 re_ranking(temp_pcb_qf,
                                                                                                temp_pcb_gf,
k1=reranking_parameter[0],
                                                                   k2=reranking_parameter[1],
                                                                   lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                                     temp_pcb_dist.append(pcb_distmat_i)
                                all_pcb_distmat.append(np.concatenate(temp_pcb_dist,axis=1))
                            pcb_distmat = np.concatenate(all_pcb_distmat, axis=0)
                            # for pcb_qf in pcb_qf:
                            #
                                   # print("part pcb_shape",pcb_qf.shape)
                            #
                                   # print("pcb_gf shape is",pcb_gf.shape)
                            #
                                   pcb_qf = torch.unsqueeze(pcb_qf,0)
                            #
                                       pcb_distmat = re_ranking(pcb_qf, pcb_gf, k1=reranking_parameter[0],
k2=reranking_parameter[1],
                                                                 lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                                   all_pcb_distmat.append(pcb_distmat)
                            # pcb_distmat = np.concatenate(all_pcb_distmat,axis=0)
                            # del pcb qf
                            # del pcb_gf
```

```
# torch.cuda.empty_cache()
                       else:
                            pcb_distmat = np.zeros_like(distmat)
                            pcb feats0 = torch.cat(self.pcb feat split0,dim=0)
                            pcb_qf0 = pcb_feats0[:self.num_query]
                            pcb gf0 = pcb feats0[self.num query:]
                            pcb_distmat = re_ranking(pcb_qf0,
                                                                      pcb_gf0,
                                                                                 k1=reranking_parameter[0],
k2=reranking parameter[1],
                                                             lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                            pcb_feats1 = torch.cat(self.pcb_feat_split1, dim=0)
                            pcb_qf1 = pcb_feats1[:self.num_query]
                            pcb_gf1 = pcb_feats1[self.num_query:]
                            pcb_distmat
                                                    pcb_distmat
                                                                            re_ranking(pcb_qf1,
                                                                                                    pcb_gf1,
k1=reranking parameter[0], k2=reranking parameter[1],
                                                         lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                            pcb_feats2 = torch.cat(self.pcb_feat_split2, dim=0)
                            pcb_qf2 = pcb_feats2[:self.num_query]
                            pcb gf2 = pcb feats2[self.num query:]
                            pcb_distmat
                                                   pcb_distmat
                                                                            re_ranking(pcb_qf2,
                                                                                                    pcb_gf2,
k1=reranking parameter[0], k2=reranking parameter[1],
                                                         lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                            pcb_feats3 = torch.cat(self.pcb_feat_split3, dim=0)
                            pcb qf3 = pcb feats0[:self.num query]
                            pcb gf3 = pcb feats0[self.num query:]
                            pcb_distmat
                                                    pcb_distmat
                                                                            re_ranking(pcb_qf3,
                                                                                                    pcb_gf3,
k1=reranking_parameter[0], k2=reranking_parameter[1],
                                                         lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                            pcb_feats4 = torch.cat(self.pcb_feat_split4, dim=0)
                            pcb_qf4 = pcb_feats4[:self.num_query]
                            pcb_gf4 = pcb_feats4[self.num_query:]
                            pcb distmat
                                                   pcb_distmat
                                                                            re_ranking(pcb_qf4,
                                                                                                    pcb_gf4,
k1=reranking parameter[0], k2=reranking parameter[1],
                                                         lambda value=reranking parameter[2])
                            pcb_feats5 = torch.cat(self.pcb_feat_split5, dim=0)
                            pcb_qf5 = pcb_feats5[:self.num_query]
                            pcb_gf5 = pcb_feats5[self.num_query:]
                            pcb distmat
                                                    pcb distmat
                                                                            re_ranking(pcb_qf5,
                                                                                                    pcb gf5,
k1=reranking_parameter[0], k2=reranking_parameter[1],
```

```
lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                             print("self.pcb_feat.shape",np.array(self.pcb_feat_split[0]).shape)
                             for pcb_feat in self.pcb_feat_split:
                                  pcb_feats = torch.cat(pcb_feat, dim=0)
                                  pcb_qf = pcb_feats[:self.num_query]
                                  pcb gf = pcb feats[self.num query:]
                                  pcb_distmat
                                                         pcb_distmat
                                                                                 re_ranking(pcb_qf,
                                                                                                         pcb_gf,
k1=reranking parameter[0], k2=reranking parameter[1],
                                                               lambda_value=reranking_parameter[2])
                             # del pcb qf
                             # del pcb_gf
                             # torch.cuda.empty_cache()
         else:
              print('=> Computing DistMat with cosine similarity')
              distmat = cosine_similarity(qf, gf)
              if self.cfg.MODEL.IF USE PCB:
                   if self.cfg.TEST.PCB_GLOBAL_FEAT_ENSEMBLE:
                        pcb_distmat = cosine_similarity(pcb_qf, pcb_gf)
                   else:
                        pcb_distmat = np.zeros_like(distmat)
                        for pcb feat in self.pcb feat:
                             pcb_feats = torch.cat(pcb_feat, dim=0)
                             pcb_qf = pcb_feats[:self.num_query]
                             pcb_gf = pcb_feats[self.num_query:]
                             pcb_distmat = pcb_distmat + cosine_similarity(pcb_qf, pcb_gf)
         if self.cfg.MODEL.IF USE PCB:
              if self.cfg.TEST.USE_LOCAL:
                   distmat = distmat + pcb distmat
         print(distmat,'distmat')
         num_q, num_g = distmat.shape
         indices = np.argsort(distmat, axis=1)
         data = dict()
         print(len(g_path), 'self.img_name_q')
         print(len(q_path),'self.img_name_g')
         for q_idx in range(num_q):
              order = indices[q_idx] # select one row
              result_query = np.array(g_path)[order[:self.max_rank]]
              data[q_path[q_idx]] = [str(i) for i in result_query]
```

三、算法思路、亮点解读、建模算计与环境说明

return data, distmat, q_path, g_path

在 NAIC 行人重识别复赛中,整体设计思路是通过表征学习方式以及全局度量学习方式得到精确的行人特征 ID。同时我们也注意到,本次大赛给出的行人图像并非是在自然光下

的行人图片,因此在公开数据集上通用的方法例如 Alinged (罗浩)都在本赛题中有比较差的效果。因此,我们借鉴去年罗浩团队在类似比赛中的公开代码 (DMT)做了一些针对本赛题的修改,并且我们通过实验发现,对本赛题图片进行不同分辨率的训练,最终得到的结果差距很大,所以在复赛最终提交方面,我们将得到的不同分辨率的特征进行了 ensemble 融合,这使得最终达到了复赛 B 榜第 13 名的成绩。

其中,由于今年行人重识别比赛数据量极大,最终复赛时使用的数据集达到了 88w 张,同时在测试榜里面的数量也比去年比赛中多了很多,所以,为了保证在有限的计算设备中能够完成如此大规模的运算量,我们对数据在推理部分的 rerank 做了更进一步的分割处理,这也保证了我们的代码能够正常获得最终的推理结果。同时,我们在 DMT 代码的基础上重构了局部特征的训练分支,其中局部特征使用的是 PCB_RPP 特征提取方式。但是对于这部分特征,由于机器设备以及时间关系,最终没能够在复赛环节使用上。但是,通过本地实验证明,本赛题中将全局特征融合局部特征是行之有效的方法。

我们的模型训练是在 linux 系统下进行,配合调用两块显卡才能够达到和我们同样的分数。如下是我们建模算力表:

GPU 型号	显存大小	平均使用率
Nvidia GTX2080Ti	11019MiB	94%
Nvidia GTX2080Ti	11019MiB	87%

最终我们在复赛 B 榜使用的模型大小如下:

模型名称	模型主干	模型参数大小
Resnet101_ibn_b_128_40.pth	Resnet101_ibn	590MB
Resnet101_ibn_b_128_50.pth	Resnet101_ibn	590MB
Resnet101_ibn_b_192_40.pth	Resnet101_ibn	590MB
Resnet101_ibn_b_192_50.pth	Resnet101_ibn	590MB
Resnet101_ibn_b_240_40.pth	Resnet101_ibn	590MB
Resnet101_ibn_b_240_50.pth	Resnet101_ibn	590MB

最终我们模型在本地设备运行的情况下使用的串行训练总时间大约为59小时。

四、解题思路详情

4.1 获取数据集

我们在本赛题中使用的数据集仅 NAIC2019 初赛数据集、NAIC2019 复赛数据集、NAIV2020 初赛数据集以及 NAIC2020 复赛数据集。通过代码级审查后首先剔除了部分 2020 初赛数据集中和 NAIC2020 复赛数据集相同的部分,这一步的操作,极大的降低了初赛数据集对 2020 复赛数据集的干扰。同时,为了保证在模型微调以后,模型能够在加载中间权重后继续训练,我们对数据集每个 ID 做了排序操作,保证了模型微调后再训练的可靠性。

4.2 创建网络结构、损失计算及度量方式

虽然在复赛过程中我们曾使用局部特征进行过模型的训练,但是由于本地算力限制,最终我们只能通过全局特征提取行人特征用以训练,但是我们在提交的代码中依然保留了局部特征的网络结构,如果需要使用,只需要将 MODEL.IF_USE_PCB 设置为 True 即可。

在我们的全局特征中,使用 resnet101_ibn_b 作为主干网络得到维度 x 为[b,2048,8,4]的 输出张量,其中,b 表示 batchsize 大小,在训练过程中,由于我们根据不同分辨率将训练集分别进行了训练,所以针对分辨率为(256,128)的行人图片,batchsize 设置的是 256,针对分辨率为(384,192)的行人图片,batchsize 设置的是 240,针对分辨率为(480,240)的行人图片,

batchsize 设置的是 200。得到特征 x 以后对 x 进行全局池化并打平维度后得到特征 gf 维度为 [b,2048],再在 gf 基础上进行一层 BN 操作,得到特征 feat,然后在训练阶段使用 gf 作为 tripletloss 的特征进行计算损失,feat 作为 arcface 的输入进行计算 idloss。而在测试部分,则只需要拿到 feat 特征来计算 query 和 gallery 两个数据集的最小距离即可。 五、项目运行环境和运行办法

本项目由于使用了一些 linux 中特有的库,所以不能在 windows 环境下训练运行。

如果需要运行本项目,需要在 ubuntu16.04 版本以上,python3.6 版本以上,pytorch 版本在 1.6 版本,cuda 为 10.1 版本下运行。

同时本项目已经给出了自动化训练脚本文件,如果想要得到和复赛相同的结果,只需要在控制台运行 bash run.sh 即可。训练时间大概 60 小时。如训练过程出现任何错误,请及时联系 m17693280903@163.com。

六、训练时说明

本项目使用的数据集为 NAIC2019 初赛、NAIC2019 复赛、NAIC2020 初赛以及 NAIC2020 复赛四个组合起来的数据集。其中由于 NAIC2020 初赛数据集和 NAIC2020 复赛数据集有部分重复,因此需要剔除初赛中重复的行人图片,总计剔除 33814 条记录,这一部分内容可在项目根目录 cs 2020equal path.txt 文件中看到。

因此,为了方便快速训练,需要将新的初赛标签目录代替旧的标签目录(新的标签目录在项目根目录下的 new_train_list.txt 文件中)。同时,需要将四个数据集的标签文本重命名为 train_list.txt。

项目结构树形图如下所示

-model

-data

```
--MyDataSet
```

--train 2019 cs

-train

--train_list.txt

--train_2019_fs

--train

--train list.txt

--train_2020_cs

--images

--train_list.txt

--train_2020_fs

--images

--train_list.txt

--NAIC ReID