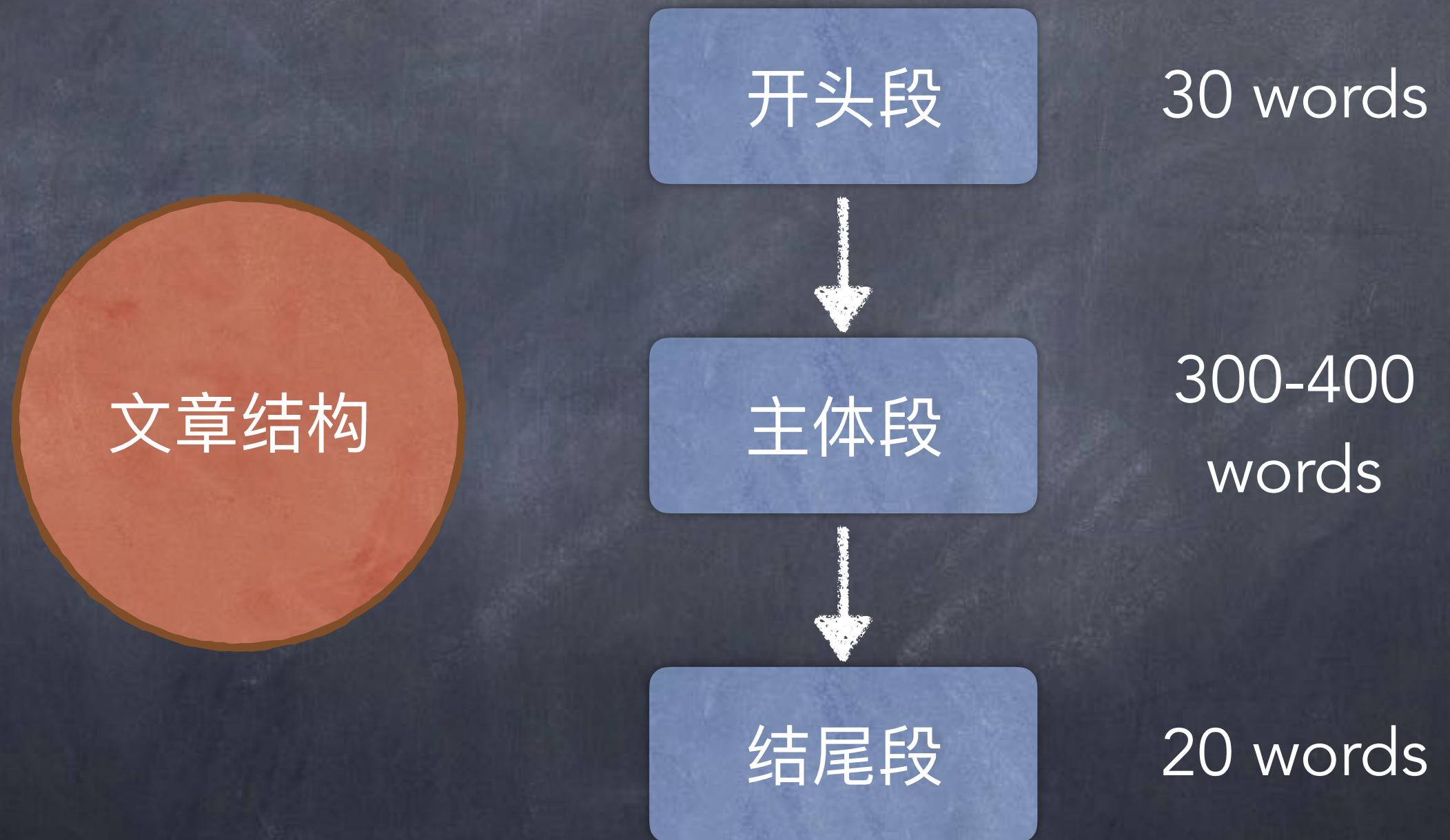


独立写作



PART 3 段间结构

段间展开



开头段

方式一：

Step 1-背景引入

Step 2-改写题目

Step 3-个人观点(Thesis)

开头段

Example: A/D: In order to be well-informed, a person must get information from many different new resources.

In the contemporary world, every day we are bombarded by an overwhelming amount of information, and hardly any source of information can be one-hundred-percent accurate.

开头段

Practice 1: You are helping to select a leader for a student organization or a group. Do you think a person's honesty is the most important characteristic for being a leader?

Honesty is the good quality that many entrepreneurs are striving for.

开头段

方式一：

Example 1:

A/D: Younger school children (aged from five to ten) should be required to study art and music in addition to math, language, science and history.

开头段

In order to be more competitive in college entrance exams, parents place an undue emphasis on the core subjects of maths, language, science and history, ignoring arts education.

While some people claim art and music courses are redundant to school curricular, I do not think so.

As far as I am concerned, exploring art and music are just as important for a child's development as studying the main subjects.

开头段

方式二：

Step 1-个人观点(Thesis)

Step 2-解释

开头段

方式三：

Step 1-自问

Step 2-自答

开头段

Step 1-自问

- 一般疑问句

Is; Are; Could; Should...?

- 特殊疑问句

What; When; Why; Who; How...?

开头段

Step 1-自问

Example 1: A/D: In order to become financially responsible adults, children should learn to manage their own money at young age. (TPO 15)

Should children manage their own money when they were little, just so they could become financially responsible later?

开头段

Step 2-自答

- 给出个人观点，方法和内容同其他两种方式

From my perspective, ...

In my viewpoint, ...

I personally...

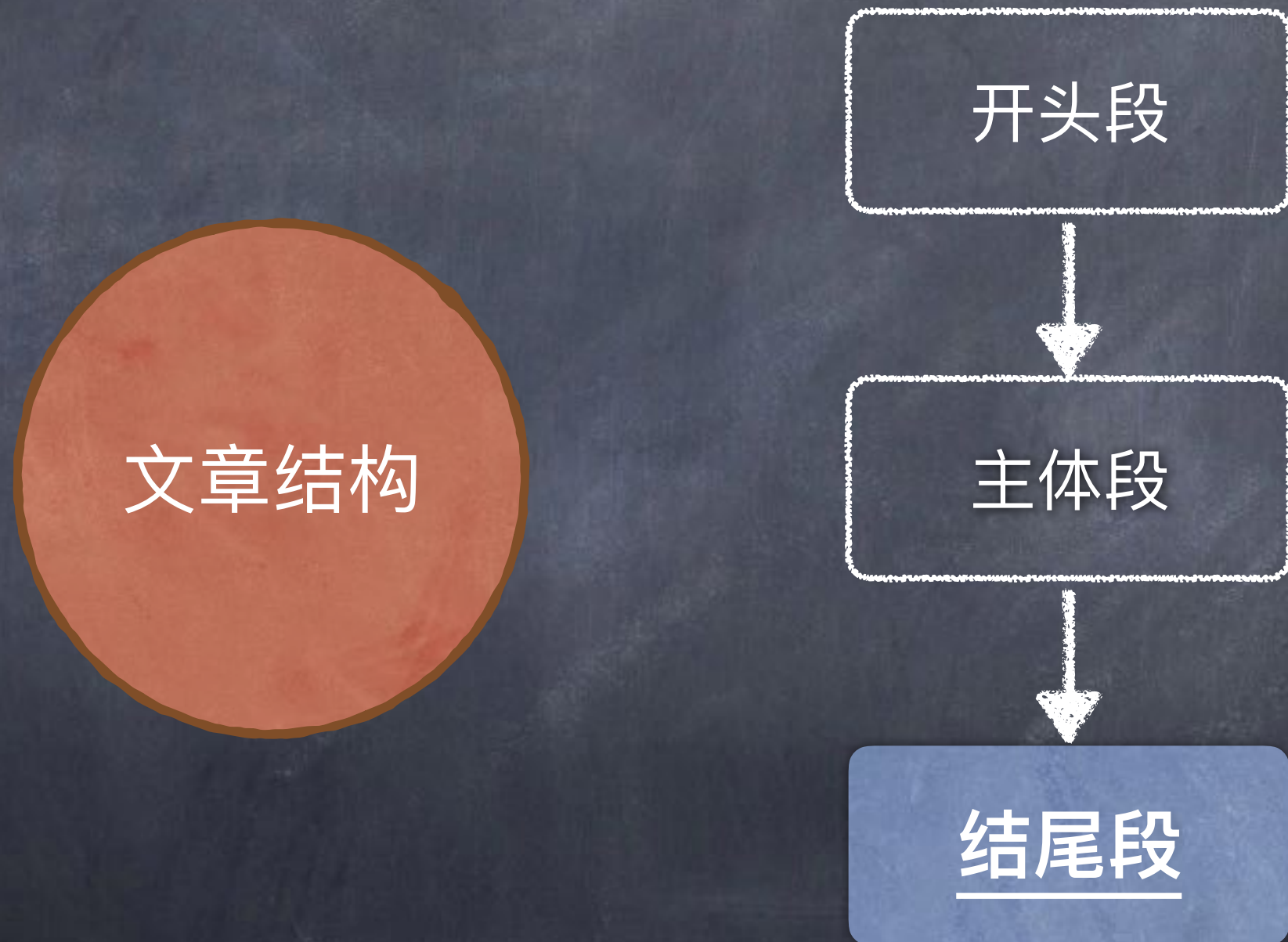
To tell the truth, I...

As far as I am concerned, ...

I am in favor of the idea that...

I hold/go along with the idea that...

段间展开



结尾段

方式一：

直接总结

- 重申thesis，点到即可，切忌长篇大论
- in conclusion/to sum up/all in all/naturally/all things considered/ overall...+分论点改写总结

结尾段

Example: A/D: Playing computer games is a waste of time. Children should not be allowed to play them.

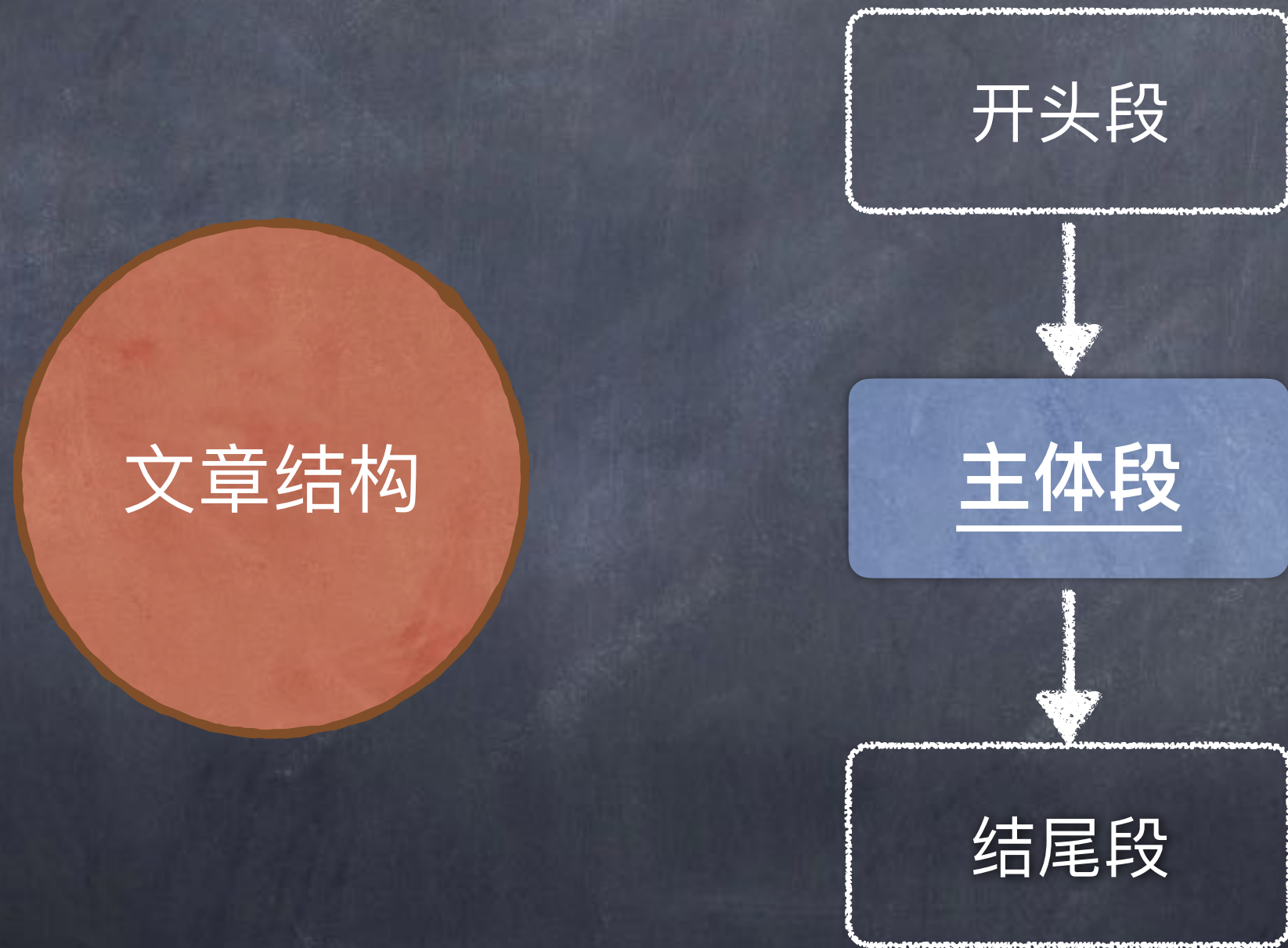
To sum up, I believe that, if a child loves computer games, as long as he/she plays it within a reasonable amount of time, he/she should be allowed to play computer games. It will give him/her the best memory in childhood, and probably it will make him/her a better student.

结尾段

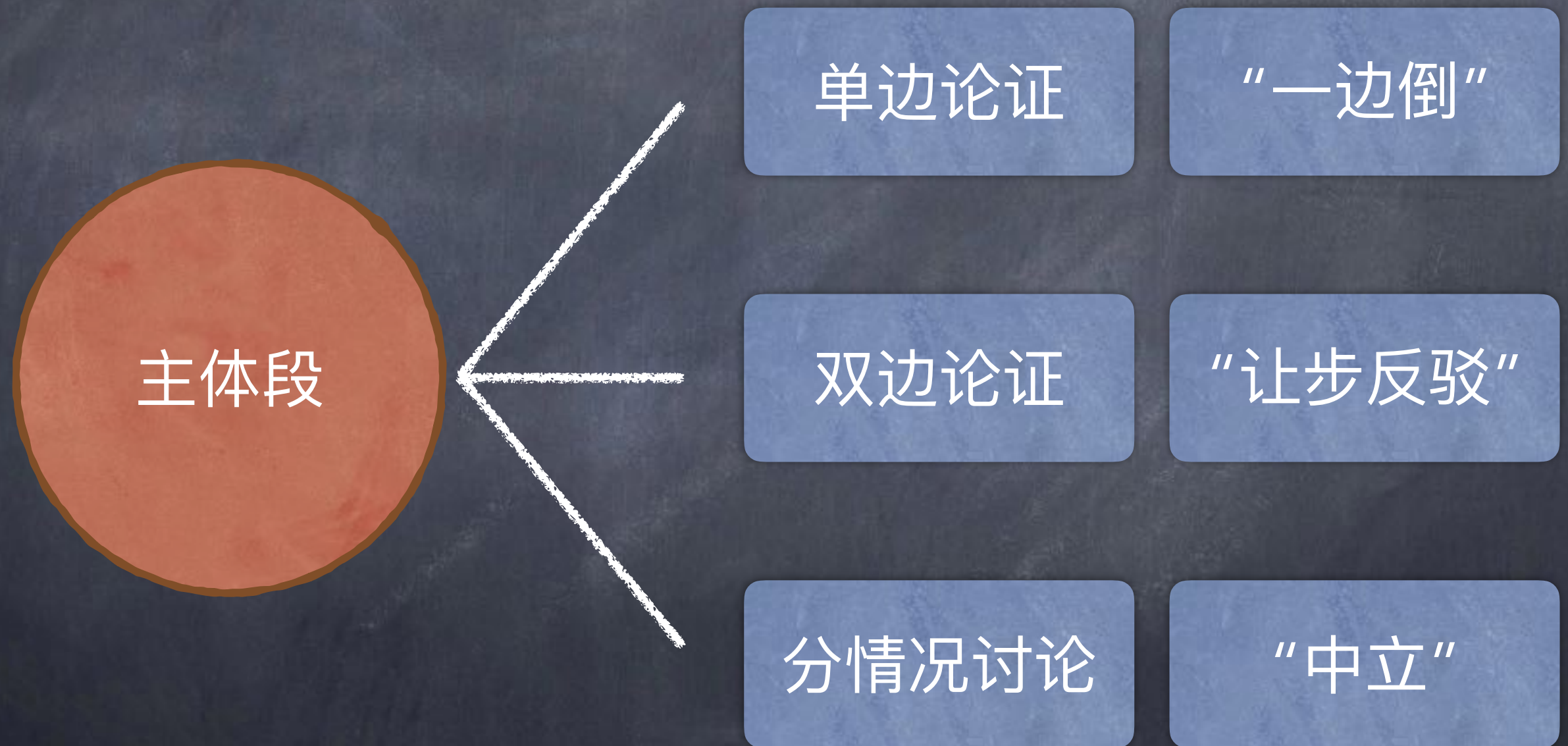
方式二：

- I'm not to say that B cannot.../B is trivial, but let's take this issue more closely, I strongly believe that A.
- I cannot judge hastily if we should do A. However, this fact truly exists as...

段间展开



段间展开



主旨句



主旨句-五个要求:

前置段首

是观点，要具有倾向性

语言不可为细节

不能过于general

各段TS之间互斥

单边论证

- Practice 1 (2013.11.23)
- Teachers' performance should be evaluated by students rather than by other teachers.

单边论证

- 1. For starters, the student evaluation can guarantee more reliable results.
- 2. Moreover, feedback directly from students can better help teachers improve.
- 3. Last, involving students in the evaluation can also benefit the school reputation.

单边论证

- Practice 2 <TPO 13>
- A/D: The extended family(grandparents, cousins, aunts, and uncles) is less important now than it was in the past.

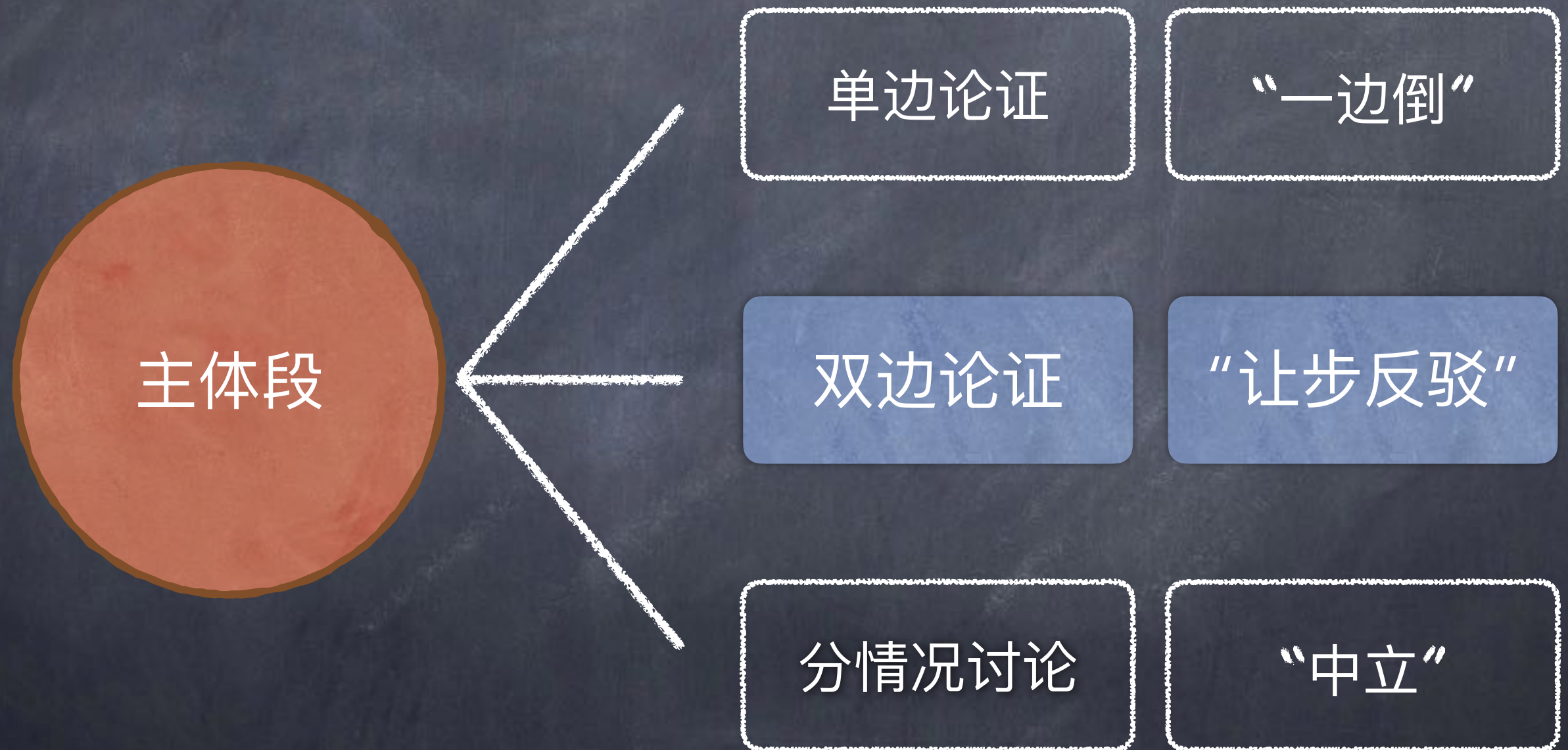
单边论证

- SP1: Geographical separation is the first factor coming into my mind.
- SP2: Accompanying the geographical factor is, more importantly, a change in the people who play certain roles in our life.
- SP3: Finally, even if they are still geographically close to their extended family, they nonetheless seek out friends beyond their kin.

单边论证

- 语料:
- SP1: First off,...; For starters,...; To begin with,...; Off the top of my head the reason is that...
- SP2: Furthermore,...; Moreover,...; In addition,...; Besides,...
- SP3: Last,...; Finally,...

段间展开



双边论证

开头段

SP1支持段

SP2支持段

SP3让步段

结尾段

开头段

SP1让步段

SP2支持段

SP3支持段

结尾段

双边论证

一般-
让步段四要素

Step 1: 主旨句



Step 2: 适当展开



Step 3: 转折



Step 4: 转折展开

双边论证

Step 1: 主旨句

True,...;

Admittedly, ...;

Granted, ...;

Of course, ...;

I do agree that...;

I cannot deny that...;

I have to concede that...;

Perhaps some people may argue that...

双边论证

Step 3: 转折



转折方法：

- 利弊转化
- 重要性转化
- 解决方案转化

双边论证

Practice 1 (TPO 44):

Some people believe that when busy parents do not have a lot of time to spend with their children, the best use of that time is to have fun playing games or sports. Others believe that it is best to use that time doing things together that are related to school work. Which of the two approaches do you prefer?

双边论证

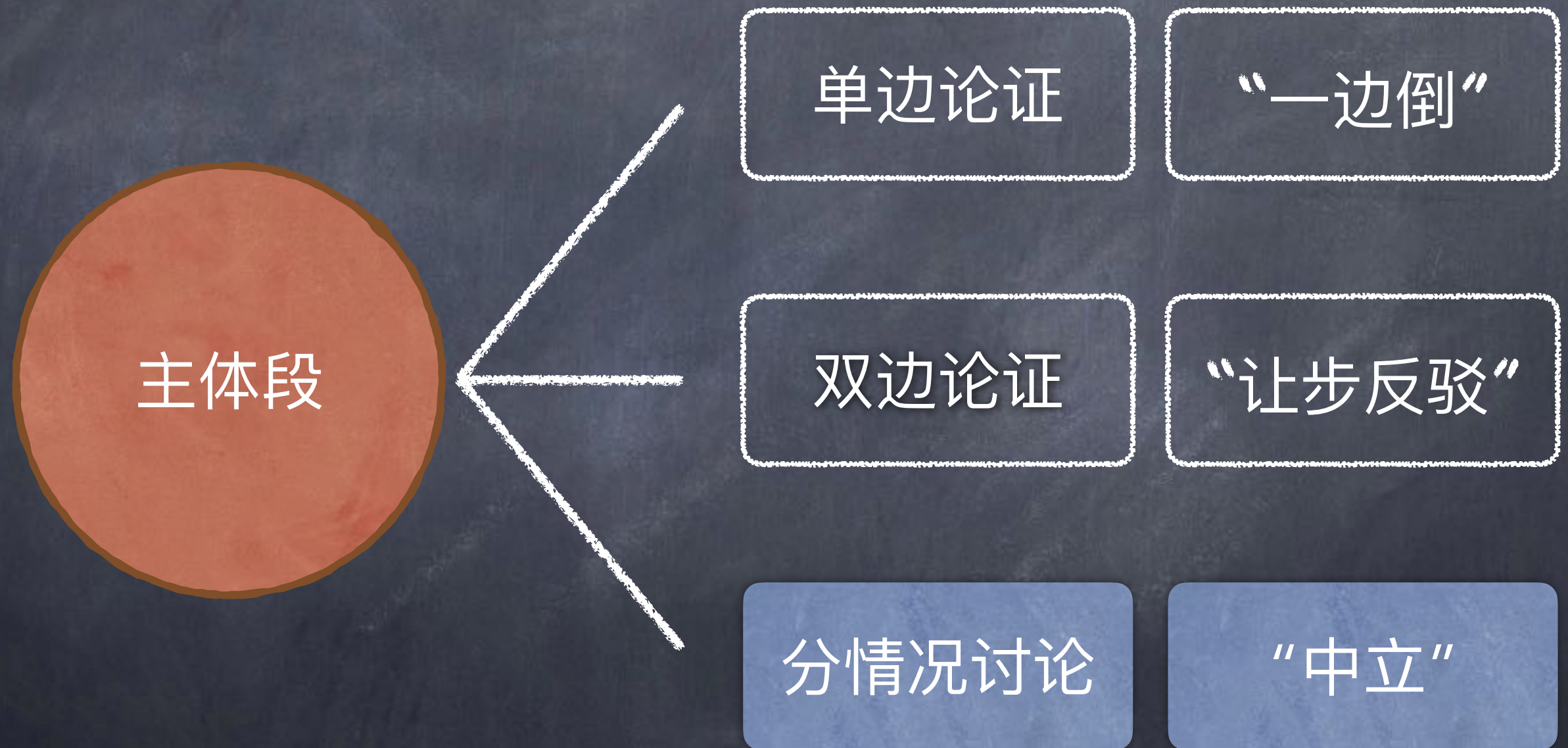
SP1: For starters, for a parent constantly working, the precious time within a family should be devoted to building up a close parent-child relationship, and doing schoolwork is not likely to help.

SP2: Moreover, doing sports or playing games together could build up children's team spirit, which weighs much more than exam marks in the future.

双边论证

让步段：Of course, academic progress is quite important, and parents should find ways to help their children improve. In fact, I did hear a lot of my friends' parents giving them direct aid at home....**However, most parents are not really up to the task of tutoring due to the lack of academic skill and right pedagogy...**

段间展开



分情况讨论

开头段

正方支持段

反方支持段

结尾段

分情况讨论

- Example 1:
- Old buildings should be knocked down and give way to the new buildings.

分情况讨论

- 开头: Whether to conserve or pull down old buildings is a question that can only be answered on a case-by-case basis.
- SP1: When it comes to buildings with aesthetic, archaeological or architectural values, they should be properly **maintained**.

分情况讨论

- SP2: When it comes to other tumbledown constructions without specific value, entire **destruction** is an acceptable decision.
- 结尾: All in all, whether we should pull down old buildings or not should depend on the circumstance.