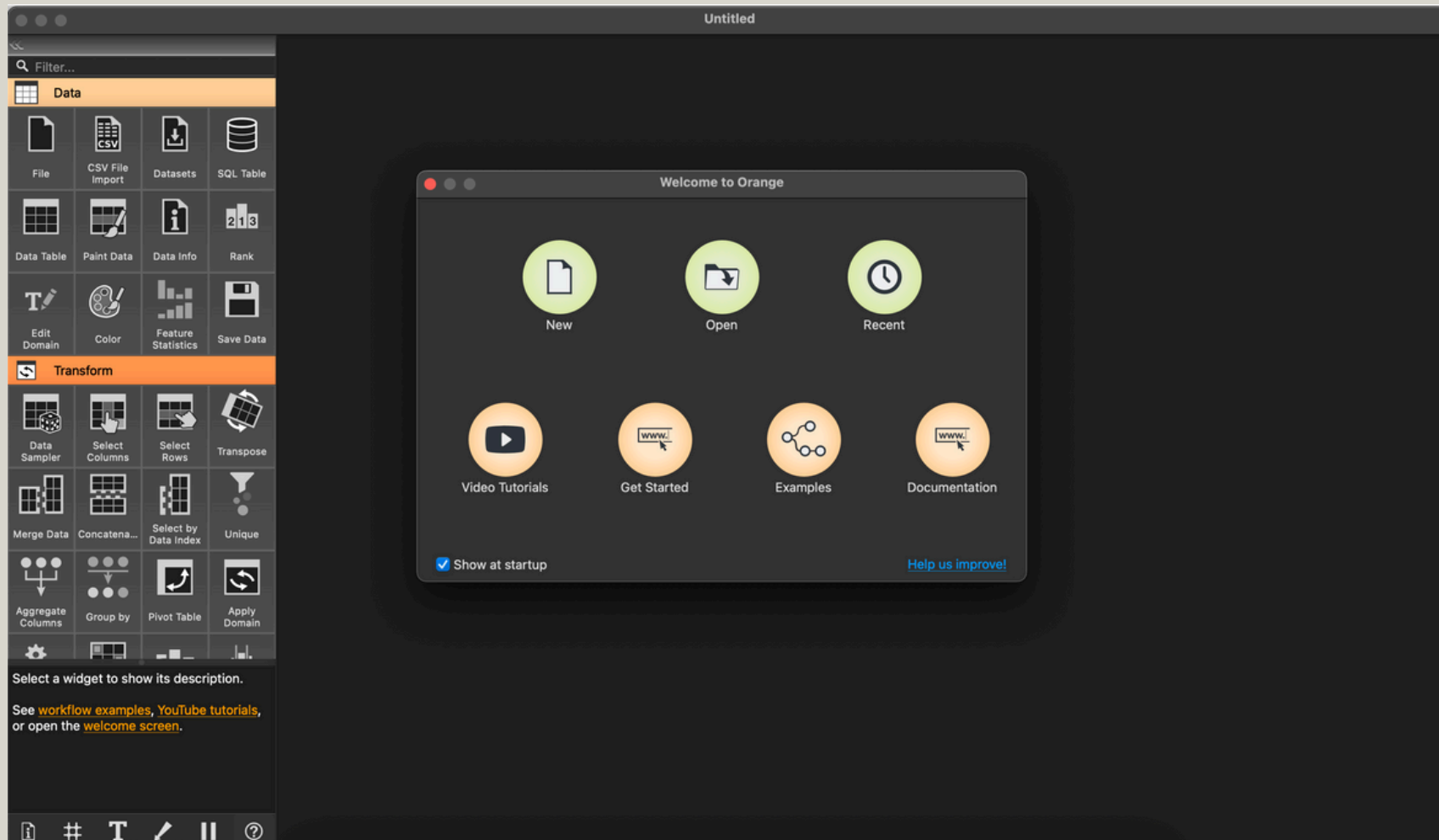


Classification with Orange

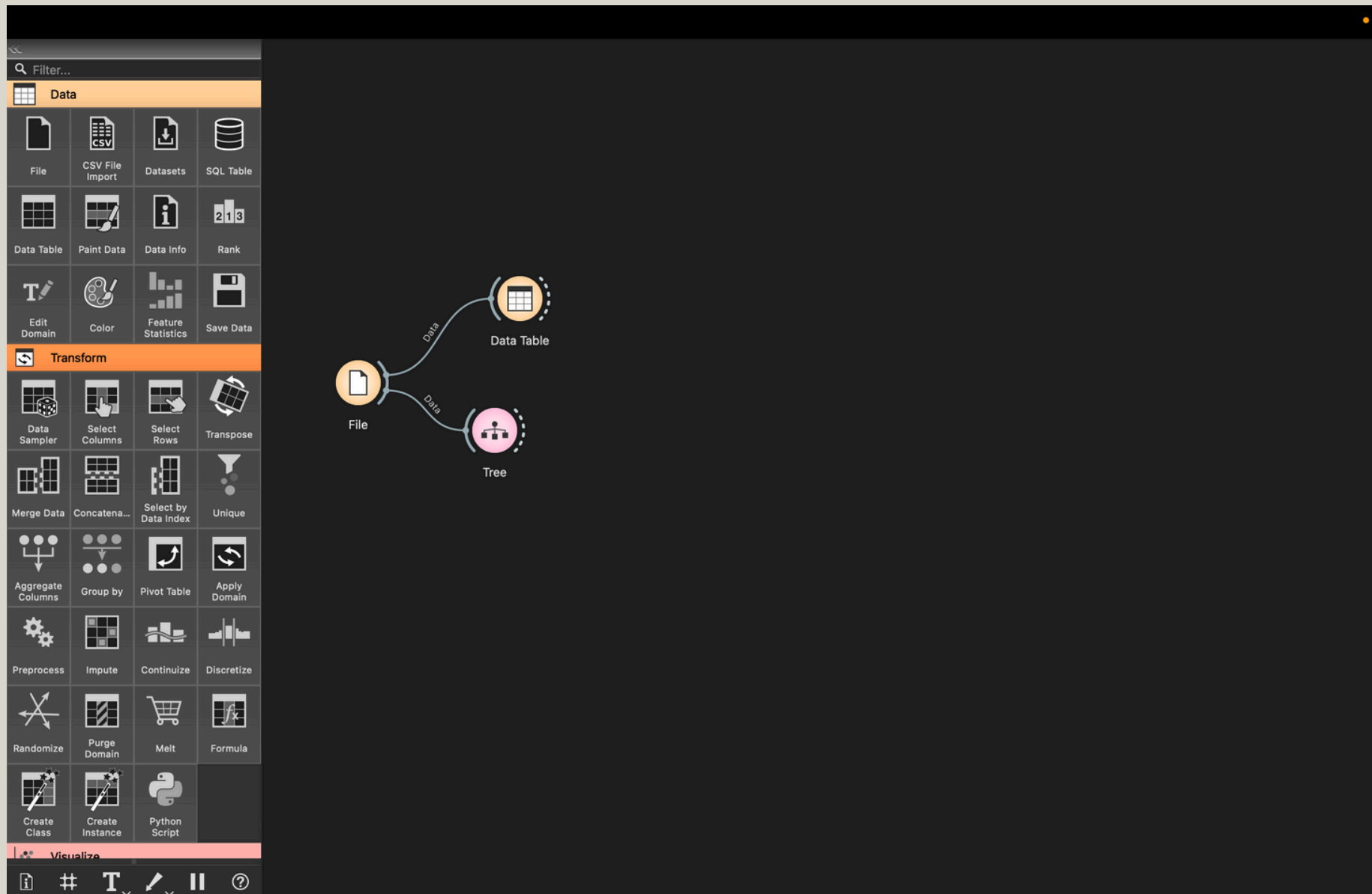
Step 1: Launch Orange Data Mining Software



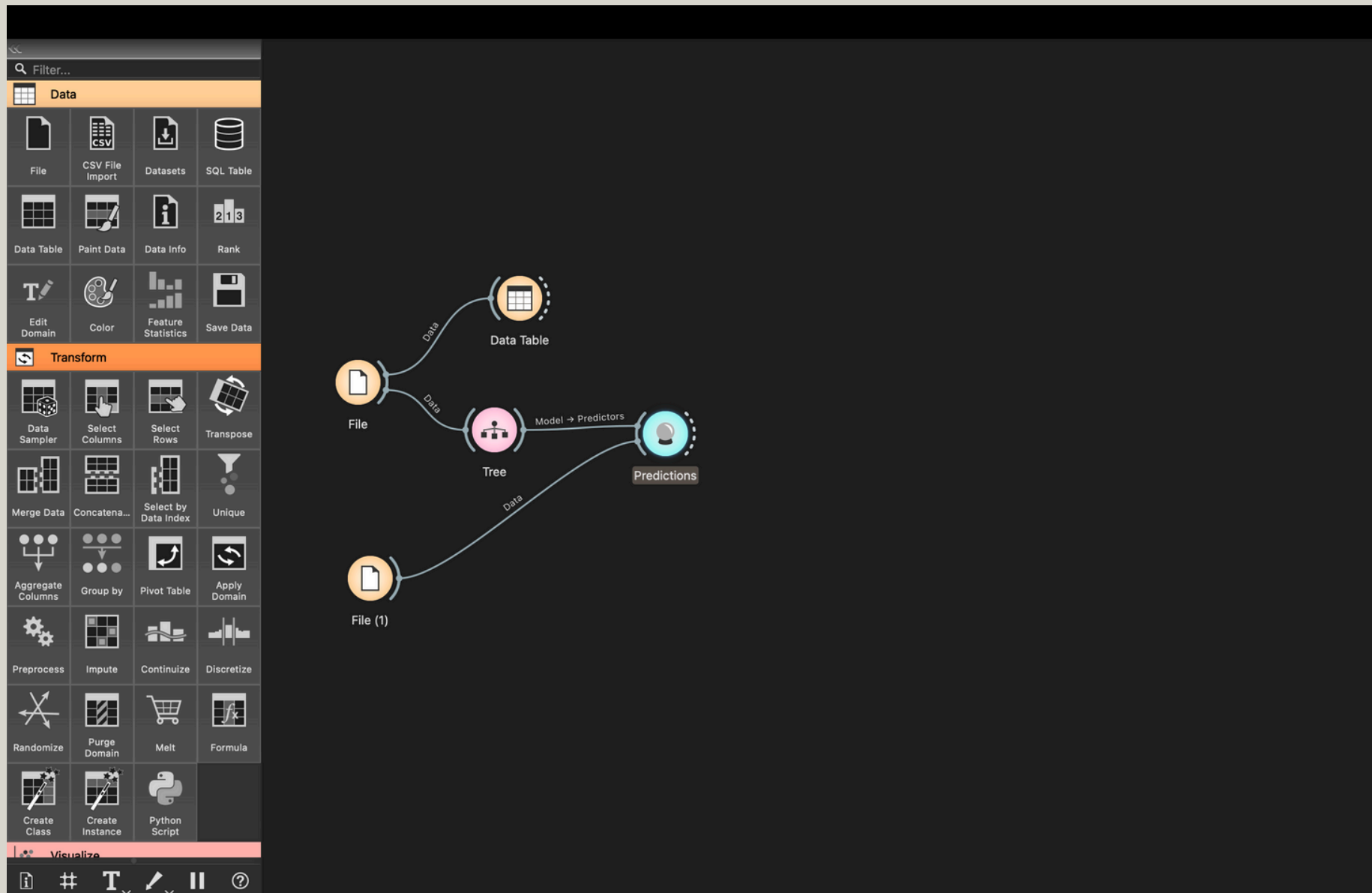
Step 2: Prepare Testing Data in Spreadsheet

[illegible]

Step 3: Classification with Orange Data Mining



Step 4: Perform Classification



Step 5: Interpret Results

The screenshot displays the Orange3 data mining software interface. On the left is a toolbar with two main sections: 'Data' and 'Transform'. The 'Data' section includes icons for File, CSV File Import, Datasets, SQL Table, Data Table, Paint Data, Data Info, Rank, Edit Domain, Color, Feature Statistics, and Save Data. The 'Transform' section includes icons for Data Sampler, Select Columns, Select Rows, Transpose, Merge Data, Concatenate..., Select by Data Index, Unique, Aggregate Columns, Group by, Pivot Table, Apply Domain, Preprocess, Impute, Continualize, Discretize, Randomize, Purge Domain, Melt, and Formula. The main workspace shows a workflow diagram with three data sources: 'File', 'Data Table', and 'File (1)'. 'File' and 'Data Table' are connected to a 'Tree' model via 'Data' links. 'File (1)' is connected to a 'Predictions' node via a 'Data' link. The 'Tree' model is connected to the 'Predictions' node via a 'Model → Predictors' link. On the right, a 'Predictions' window is open, showing a table of results for the 'Tree' model. The table has columns for 'Tree', 'sepal length', 'sepal width', 'petal length', and 'petal width'. The data is as follows:

	Tree	sepal length	sepal width	petal length	petal width
1	Iris-setosa	5.8	4.0	1.2	?
2	Iris-setosa	5.5	2.4	3.7	1.0
3	Iris-setosa	6.0	3.0	4.8	1.8
4	Iris-setosa	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8