

# Inversion of the Laplace transform

Firstname Lastname

Studentnumber

March 4, 2014

## 1 Introduction

*Definition and some applications of the Laplace transform. Explanation of what will be done in this study. Mention the ill-posedness of the inversion of the Laplace transform. Include references to literature whenever necessary.*

Let  $f : [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . The Laplace transform  $F$  of  $f$  is defined by

$$F(s) = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} f(t) dt, \quad s \in \mathbb{C}, \quad (1)$$

provided that the integral converges. The direct problem is to determine  $F$  for a given function  $f$  according to (??). The inverse problem is: *given a Laplace transform  $F$ , find the corresponding function  $f$ .*

## 2 Materials and Methods

### 2.1 The matrix model

Assume we know the values of  $F$  at these real-valued points:

$$0 < s_1 < s_2 < \dots < s_n < \infty.$$

Then we may approximate the integral in (??) for example with the trapezoidal rule as

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^\infty e^{-st} f(t) dt \approx \frac{t_k}{k} \left( \frac{1}{2} e^{-st_1} f(t_1) + e^{-st_2} f(t_2) + e^{-st_3} f(t_3) + \dots \right. \\ \left. + e^{-st_{k-1}} f(t_{k-1}) + \frac{1}{2} e^{-st_k} f(t_k) \right), \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

where vector  $t = [t_1 \ t_2 \ \dots \ t_k]^T \in \mathbb{R}^k$ ,  $0 \leq t_1 < t_2 < \dots < t_k$ , contains the points at which the unknown function  $f$  will be evaluated. By denoting  $f_\ell = f(t_\ell)$ ,  $\ell = 1, \dots, k$ , and  $m_j = F(s_j)$ ,  $j = 1, \dots, n$ , and using (??), we get a linear model of the form  $m = Af + \epsilon$  with

$$A = \frac{t_k}{k} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}e^{-s_1 t_1} & e^{-s_1 t_2} & e^{-s_1 t_3} & \dots & e^{-s_1 t_{k-1}} & \frac{1}{2}e^{-s_1 t_k} \\ \frac{1}{2}e^{-s_2 t_1} & e^{-s_2 t_2} & e^{-s_2 t_3} & \dots & e^{-s_2 t_{k-1}} & \frac{1}{2}e^{-s_2 t_k} \\ \vdots & & & & & \vdots \\ \frac{1}{2}e^{-s_n t_1} & e^{-s_n t_2} & e^{-s_n t_3} & \dots & e^{-s_n t_{k-1}} & \frac{1}{2}e^{-s_n t_k} \end{bmatrix}. \quad (3)$$

## 2.2 The inversion method

## 3 Results

*The Results section is for a detailed explanation of what happens when the methods of Section ?? are applied to the materials. There should be no interpretation of what the results might mean, just a dry and factual report with numbers, charts and plots.*

- (a) Compute numerically and plot the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (b) Construct matrix  $A$  given by (??) for a suitable choice of points  $t_\ell$  and  $s_j$ . Compute the singular values of  $A$ . Do you detect ill-posedness?
- (c) Use truncated SVD to compute the inverse Laplace transform of  $f$ .

## 4 Discussion

*This section is for interpretations of the results presented in Section ??. Sometimes this section is called Conclusions, or Discussion and Conclusions.*