

$$y'' + py' + qy = f(x)$$

$y_p(x)$

Product of

- polynomials
- exponentials
- sine and cosine

$P(x), Q(x)$

Quasipolynomials

Method of Undetermined Coefficients

$$P(x) e^{ax}$$

$$P(x) \cos bx + Q(x) \sin bx$$

$$e^{ax} \cos bx / e^{ax} \sin bx$$

$$P(x) e^{ax} \cos bx + Q(x) e^{ax} \sin bx$$

Examples

ex)  $y'' + 4y' + 5y =$

Polynomial degree: 0

$$\frac{e^x \cos x}{1+i}$$

Polynomial degree: 2

$$\frac{x^2 e^x \sin x}{1+i}$$

$$bc \frac{1-i}{1+i} = 1+i$$

start w/ these

~~$y_p(x) =$~~

$$y_p(x) = P(x) e^x \cos x + Q(x) e^x \sin x$$

$$\max\{0, 2\} = 2$$

$$\frac{(e^x \sin 2x)}{1+2i}$$

Complex #'s  
(2 #'s, 2 terms)

degree 3 coefficients

$$y_p(x) = (A_0 + A_1 x + A_2 x^2) e^x \cos x$$

$$+ (B_0 + B_1 x + B_2 x^2) e^x \sin x$$

→ Not always what you need. need to be in control.

Find complex conj pair associated w/ left-hand side.

Char eqn → of  $y'' + 4y' + 5y$

$$r^2 + 4r + 5 = 0$$

roots →  $r = -2 \pm i$

$$y_h(x) = C_1 e^{-2x} \cos x + C_2 e^{-2x} \sin x$$

$$y_h(x) + y_p(x)$$

ex)  $y'' + 4y' + 5y = e^{-2x} \cos x + x^2 e^{-2x} \sin x$

$-2 \pm i \leftarrow -2 \pm i$

~~$-2 \pm i \leftarrow -2 \pm i$~~

So we need a correction

$$y_p = \left[ (A_0 + A_1 x + A_2 x^2) e^{x \cos x} + (B_0 + B_1 x + B_2 x^2) e^{x \sin x} \right]$$

Correction

$\times \leftarrow$  multiplicity

→ if 2nd-order eqn,

with trig, and there's a corrective  $x$ ,

$k$  will be 1

ex)  $y'' + 4y' + 5y = e^{-2x} \cos x + x^2 e^{-x} \sin x$

find roots  $\rightarrow -2 \pm i \neq -1 \pm i$

ex)  $y'' + py' + qy = f_1(x) + f_2(x)$

split!  $\rightarrow \begin{cases} y'' + py' + qy = f_1(x) \\ y'' + py' + qy = f_2(x) \end{cases} \xrightarrow{\text{solve}} \begin{cases} y_{p,1}(x) \\ y_{p,2}(x) \end{cases}$

$\xrightarrow{\text{sum}} y_p(x) = y_{p,1}(x) + y_{p,2}(x)$

ex)  $y'' + 4y' + 5y = e^{-2x} \cos x \rightarrow y_{p,1}(x) =$

$\begin{matrix} z_1 & = & z_2 \\ y'' + 4y' + 5y = & x^2 e^{-x} \sin x & \end{matrix}$

$-1 \pm i$

$(A e^{-2x} \cos x + B e^{-2x} \sin x) \times$

(bc 0-degree Polynomial)

bc  $z_{\text{left}} \neq z_{\text{right}}$

$y_{p,2}(x) = (C_0 + C_1 x + C_2 x^2) e^{-x} \cos x + (D_0 + D_1 x + D_2 x^2) e^{-x} \sin x$

$\hat{c}$  bc 2-degree Polynomial

$\sigma$  - no  $x$  bc  
 $z_{\text{left}} \neq z_{\text{right}}$

Now,  $\gamma_h + \gamma_{p,1} + \gamma_{p,2}$