1

ASTRO C207 Radiative Processes in Astrophysics Lydia Lee

Problem Set 8

1. Saha and the Redshift of Recombination

- electron de Broglie wavelength: $\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2\pi m k_B T}}$
- electron degeneracy: $\xi \equiv n_e \lambda^3 \approx 4.1 (10^{-16}) n_e T^{-\frac{3}{2}}$
- $\gamma \equiv \ln\left(\frac{1}{\xi}\right) \approx 10-30$
- Assume $U_x(T) \propto T^0, \approx 1$

(1)

From Saha

$$\begin{split} \frac{n_{j+1}n_e}{n_j} &= \left(\frac{2\pi m_e k_B T}{h^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{2U_{j+1}(T)}{U_j(T)}\right) e^{-\frac{\chi}{k_B T}} \\ \frac{n_{j+1}}{n_j} &= \frac{1}{\xi} \frac{2U_{j+1}(T)}{U_j(T)} e^{-\frac{\chi}{k_B T}} \\ 0 &\approx \gamma - \frac{\chi}{k_B T} \longleftarrow n_{j+1} \approx n_j \\ k_B T &\approx \frac{\chi}{\gamma} \end{split}$$

(2) I don't understand how $\frac{\Delta T}{T} \approx \left(\frac{d \log \binom{n_{j+1}}{n_j}}{d \log(T)}\right)^{-1}$

$$R \equiv \frac{n_{j+1}}{n_{j}} \approx \frac{1}{\xi} e^{-\frac{\chi}{k_{B}T}}$$

$$\frac{d \ln(R)}{d \ln(T)} = \frac{d \ln(R)}{dT} \left(\frac{d \ln(T)}{dT}\right)^{-1}$$

$$\approx \frac{d}{dT} \left[\gamma - \frac{\chi}{k_{B}T}\right] \cdot T$$

$$= \left\{\frac{d}{dT} \left[\ln\left(\frac{T^{\frac{3}{2}}}{4.1(10^{-16}n_{e})}\right)\right] + \frac{\chi}{k_{B}T^{2}}\right\} \cdot T$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\chi}{k_{B}T}$$

$$\approx \frac{3}{2} + \frac{\chi}{\chi/\gamma}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} + \gamma \leftarrow \gamma \approx 10-30$$

$$\approx \gamma$$

$$\frac{\Delta T}{T} \approx \left(\frac{d \ln(R)}{d \ln(T)}\right)^{-1} \approx \frac{1}{\gamma}$$

(3)

$$\frac{n_{j+1}}{n_j} = \frac{g_{j+1}}{g_j} e^{-\frac{E_{j+1} - E_j}{k_B T}}$$

$$\approx e^{-\gamma \frac{E_{j+1} - E_j}{\chi}}$$

$$\approx e^{-\gamma}$$

$$\ll 1 \longleftarrow \gamma \gg 1$$

Last Updated: 2021-10-29 18:10

3

2.	Pulsar	Dispersion	Measure
----	---------------	-------------------	---------

(1)		
(2)		
(3)		
(4)		