

6.1-6.3

CS271 WK4 BOOK

6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 7.3, 12.1

Bitwise Operations

- AND, OR, XOR, NOT, TEST

- TEST is an implied `bool AND` operation between the source and the destination, that sets the CPU flags

7.3

Multiplication

- MUL can multiply an 8-bit operand by AL, a 16-bit operand by AX or a 32-bit operand by EAX

- MUL outputs:

AL → Result in AX
AX → Result in DX:AX
EAX → Result in EDX:EAX

} Check CF to see if upper half used.

- IMUL does signed multiplication, sign extending its result.

↳ sets the CF to indicate "top" lower end used
↳ sets OF if "low" is not `sx` for result.

↳ i.e. 48.4 into AX: 0010h OF=1 as AL is not `sx` for result.

DIVISION

- Just like multiplication, Q and R are "divided" into different registers

AX → ^QAL: ^RAH

DX:AX → AX:DX

EDX:EAX → EAX:EDX

zero before `div` if not in use!!

- CBW, CDQ, CWD sign extend:

AL → AX EAX → ~~EDX~~ AX → DX

QUICK DIVISION NOTE: when dividing do this to avoid overflow
MOV EAX 0x1000
CDQ
MOV EBX 0x10
DIV EBX ; EAX = 0000,0100h
Back to notes!

- IDIV does signed DIVISION

12.1: see lecture Notes ☺.