## CS 321 HW3 - Lyell Read

Submit a pdf in Canvas. Use a word processor and/or text editor. (30 pts, 6 pts each)

Determine whether or not the following languages are regular. If the language is regular then give a regular expression for the language. Otherwise, use the pumping lemma for regular languages or closure properties to prove the language is not regular.

1) L = { 
$$a^nb^k : k \le n \le 2k$$
}

Not Regular.

- 1. Assume for contradiction that L is a regular language
- 2. Given that L is infinite, we can apply Pumping Lemma to prove that L is regular.
- 3. Choose Pumping Lemma integer m>0
- 4. For string w in L, a<sup>n</sup>b<sup>m+k</sup>
- 5. For string w, we can define w = xyz such that  $x = a^q$ ,  $y = a^{(n-q)}$ ,  $z = b^{m+k}$ , such that |xy| <= m and |y| >= 1 (this implies that q < n).
- 6. Thus,  $xy^{i}z$  in L for j = (4 \* (m+k))
- 7. Thus a in L
- 8. But  $a^{(q+4m+4k)}b^{(m+k)}$  not in L as it is not the case that  $(m+k) \le (q+4m+4k) \le 2(m+k)$ , therefore contradiction.
- 9. By contradiction of the Pumping Lemma, we can assert that L is not a regular language.

2) L = { 
$$b^n a^k : n > 0, k > 0$$
 }  $\cup$  {  $a^n b^k : k > 0, n > 0$ }

This language is regular, regular expression for the language:

$$(bb*aa*) + (aa*bb*)$$

## 3) L = { $a^n$ : n=3k for some $k \ge 0$ }

This language is regular, regular expression for the language:

(aaa)\*

4) L = { 
$$a^n$$
 :  $n=k^3$  for some  $k \ge 0$ }

Not Regular.

- 1. Assume for contradiction that L is a regular language
- 2. Given that L is infinite, we can apply Pumping Lemma to prove that L is regular.
- 3. Choose Pumping Lemma integer m>0

- 4. For string w in L, a<sup>n+m</sup>
- 5. For string w, we can define w = xyz such that x = a, y = a,  $z = a^{(n+m-2)}$ , such that |xy| <= m and |y| >= 1 (this implies that n >= 1). In this case, we specify that  $m <= (\sqrt[3]{n} + 1)^3 1$ .
- 6. Thus,  $xy^{j}z$  in L for j = 1
- 7. Thus  $a^{(n+m+1)}$  in L
- 8. But  $a^{(n+m+1)}$  not in L as it is not the case that  $\sqrt[3]{(n+m+1)}$  is an integer, because  $\sqrt[3]{(n)}$  is and  $(m+1)<(\sqrt[3]{(n)}+1)^3$  (m+1 will always be less than the next cube), therefore contradiction.
- 9. By contradiction of the Pumping Lemma, we can assert that L is not a regular language.

## 5) L = { w : $n_a(w) > n_b(w), w \in \{a, b\}^*$ }

## Not Regular.

- 1. Assume for contradiction that L is a regular language
- 2. Given that L is infinite, we can apply Pumping Lemma to prove that L is regular.
- 3. Choose Pumping Lemma integer m>0
- 4. We find string w in L
- 5. For string w, we can define w = xyz such that x = w[0], y = w[1], z = w[2:], such that |xy| <= m and |y| >= 1, and y = b.
- 6. Thus, w' =  $xy^{j}z$  in L for  $j = (n_a(w)-n_b(w)+1)$
- 7. Thus w' in L
- 8. But w' not in L as the number of 'b' exceeds the number of 'a's, as we pumped enough times to make  $n_b(w') > n_a(w')$ , therefore contradiction.
- 9. By contradiction of the Pumping Lemma, we can assert that L is not a regular language.