

Lyell C Read

CH 13.2 Part 2 HW
pr 45-67 odd

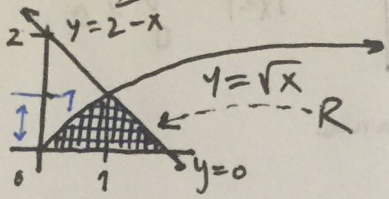
11/13/2018

45) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_y^{\pi/2} 6 \sin(2x-3y) dx dy \rightarrow$

1] $\int_y^{\pi/2} 6 \sin(2x-3y) dx = -3 \cos(2x-3y) \Big|_y^{\pi/2} = \underline{-3 \cos(\pi-3y) + 3 \cos(-y)}$

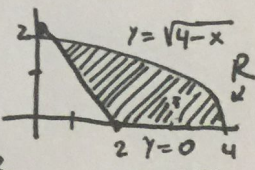
2] $\int_0^{\pi/2} -3 \cos(\pi-3y) + 3 \cos(-y) dy = \sin(\pi-3y) - 3 \sin(-y) \Big|_0^{\pi/2}$

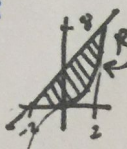
$= \left[\sin(-\pi/2) - 3 \sin(-\pi/2) \right] - \left[\sin(\pi) - 3 \sin(0) \right] = 3 - 1 = \boxed{2}$

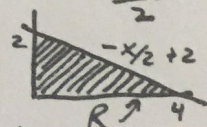
47) $\iint_R 12y dA$ $\begin{cases} y=2-x \\ y=\sqrt{x} \\ y=0 \end{cases}$  $= \int_0^1 \int_{2-y}^{y^2} 12y dx dy$

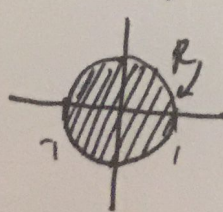
1] $\int_0^1 \int_{2-y}^{y^2} 12y dx = 12xy \Big|_{2-y}^{y^2} = 12y(y^2) - 12y(2-y) = \underline{12y^3 - 24y + 12y^2}$

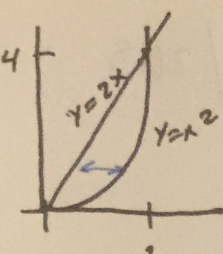
2] $\int_0^1 12y^3 - 24y + 12y^2 dy = 3y^4 - 12y^2 + 4y^3 \Big|_0^1 = 3 - 12 + 4 = \boxed{-5}$

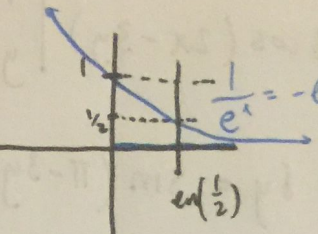
49) (just set-up) $\iint_R 3xy dA$ $\begin{cases} y=2-x \\ y=0 \\ x=4-y^2 \end{cases}$ 1st Q.  $\int_0^2 \int_{4-y^2}^{2-y} 3xy dx dy = \boxed{14}$

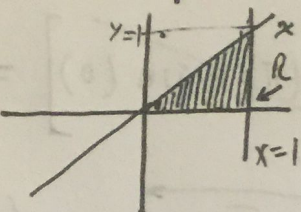
51) (just set-up) $\iint_R 3x^2 dA$ $\begin{cases} y=0 \\ y=2x+4 \\ y=x^3 \end{cases}$  $\int_0^2 \int_{y-y^3}^{y/2} 3x^2 dx dy = \boxed{32}$

53) Plane: $z = 8 - 2x - 4y$. Flattened on $x-y$ plane.  $\therefore \text{Vol} = \iint_R (8 - 2x - 4y) dA = \int_0^4 \int_0^{-x/2+2} (8 - 2x - 4y) dy dx = \boxed{\frac{32}{3}}$

55) Cylinder with base $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ and terminating at plane $z=0$ and plane $z=12+x+y$.  $\iint_R (12+x+y) dA = \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} (12+x+y) dy dx = \boxed{12\pi}$

57)  ; $\int_0^2 \int_{x^2}^{2x} f(x,y) dy dx \rightarrow \boxed{\int_0^4 \int_{\sqrt{y}}^{\frac{1}{2}y} f(x,y) dx dy}$

59) $\int_{1/2}^1 \int_0^{-\ln y} f(x,y) dx dy$  $\Rightarrow \boxed{\int_0^{\ln(1/2)} \int_{1/2}^{e^{-x}} f(x,y) dy dx}$

63) $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 e^{x^2} dx dy$  $\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1}{2}(e-1)}$

skipped rest b/c procedure is the same