

$G$  finite group.

$$X(G) = \{(a,b) \in G \times G \mid \langle a,b \rangle = G\}$$

$$r: (a,b) \mapsto (a^{-1}, b)$$

$$s: (a,b) \mapsto (b, a)$$

$$t: (a,b) \mapsto (a^{-1}, ab)$$

Q) What are the orbits of  $\langle r,s,t \rangle \curvearrowright X(G)$   
 $\uparrow$   
 "Nielsen-equivalence classes"

$\Pi$  = free gp. of rank 2 =  $\langle a,b \rangle = \pi_1(\text{punctured torus})$



$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Aut}(\Pi) \curvearrowright & \hookrightarrow & \text{Aut}(G) \\ X(G) \xrightarrow{\sim} & \text{Epi}(\Pi, G) & \text{Aut}(\Pi) = \langle r,s,t \rangle \\ (q(a), q(b)) \longleftarrow & \varphi & \end{array}$$

$$\text{Out}(\Pi) \curvearrowright \text{Epi}^{\text{ext}}(\Pi, G) \hookrightarrow \text{Out}(G)$$

$$\text{Epi}^{\text{ext}}(\Pi, G) := \text{Epi}(\Pi, G) / \Sigma_{\text{inn}}(G)$$

$$\text{Aut}^+(\Pi) \subseteq \text{Aut}(\Pi) \longrightarrow \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}) \cong \text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$$

$$\searrow \text{Out}(\Pi) \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{Nielsen}$$

$$\cup \text{Out}^+(\Pi)$$

•  $G$  abelian  $G = \mathbb{Z}/n$

$$\text{Out}(\Pi) \curvearrowright \text{Epi}^{\text{ext}}(\Pi, \mathbb{Z}/n)$$

$$\downarrow \cong \text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}) \curvearrowright \text{Epi}(\mathbb{Z}^2, \mathbb{Z}/n)$$

$$\cup \text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}) \curvearrowright \text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}/n) \curvearrowright \text{Epi}((\mathbb{Z}/n)^2, \mathbb{Z}/n)$$

stabilizers  
 $\sim \Gamma_1(n)$

trans.

stabilizers  
 $= \Gamma(n)$

$$G = (\mathbb{Z}/n)^2$$

$$\text{GL}_2(\mathbb{Z}) \curvearrowright \text{Epi}((\mathbb{Z}/n)^2, (\mathbb{Z}/n)^2)$$

$\frac{\phi(n)}{2}$  orbits, all isom.

•  $G$  metabelian (C., Deligne)

all stabilizers are congruence  
 orbits are isom.

• General  $G$ : the class of  $[a,b] \in \Pi$   
 is preserved by the action of  
 $\text{Out}^+(\Pi)$

$\varphi([a,b]) \in \mathcal{C}(G)$  is the "Higman  
 invariant" of  $\varphi$ .

## Character Varieties

"representation variety"

$$\text{Aut}(\Pi) \curvearrowright \text{Hom}(\Pi, \text{SL}_2) \cong \text{SL}_2 \times \text{SL}_2 = \text{Spec } A$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$\text{Out}(\Pi) \curvearrowright \text{Hom}(\Pi, \text{SL}_2) //_{\text{GL}_2} = \text{Spec } A^{\text{GL}_2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{X}_{\text{SL}_2} \quad \downarrow \varphi$$

$$\downarrow \cong \quad \downarrow \text{Fricke, Bruhnfeld-Hilden}$$

$$\text{Out}(\Pi) \curvearrowright \mathbb{A}^3 \quad (\text{tr } \varphi(a), \text{tr } \varphi(b), \text{tr } \varphi(ab))$$

$$r: (x,y,z) \mapsto (x,y,xy-z)$$

$$s: \quad \quad \mapsto (y,x,z)$$

$$t: \quad \quad \mapsto (x,z,y)$$

$$X_{\text{SL}_2} \cong \mathbb{A}^3$$

$$\varphi \downarrow \quad \downarrow \tau \quad (x,y,z)$$

"Markoff surface"

$$\text{tr } \varphi([a,b]) \quad \mathbb{A}^1 \quad x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - xyz = 2$$

$$\mathbb{A}^3$$

$$\cup$$

$$X := \tau^{-1}(-2): x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - xyz = 0$$

"trace invariant" (preserved by  
 $\text{Out}(\Pi)$ )

Prop  $\forall p \geq 3 \quad \text{Epi}(\pi, \text{SL}_2(p))_{T=-2/\text{GL}_2(p)} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{X}^*(p) := \mathbb{X}(\mathbb{F}_p) - \{(0,0,0)\}$

Thm (Markoff, 1879)  $\text{Out}(\pi) \hookrightarrow \text{trans. } \mathbb{X}(\mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}) - \{(0,0,0)\}$

Thm (Bouwman, Gamburd, Sarnak, 2016)

Let  $\mathbb{E}_{\text{BGS}} := \{p \text{ prime} \mid \text{Out}(\pi) \text{ is not trans. on } \mathbb{X}^*(p)\}$

(a)  $\forall \varepsilon > 0, \# \{p \leq x \mid p \in \mathbb{E}_{\text{BGS}}\} = O(x^\varepsilon)$

(b)  $\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists \text{ large orbit } \mathcal{C}(p) \subseteq \mathbb{X}^*(p) \text{ st.}$

$|\mathbb{X}^*(p) - \mathcal{C}(p)| \leq p^\varepsilon \quad (|\mathbb{X}^*(p)| \sim p^2)$

Conj (BGS, Brevner 1991)  $\mathbb{E}_{\text{BGS}} = \emptyset$

Thm 1 (C. 2021) Every  $\text{Out}^+(\pi)$ -orbit on  $\mathbb{X}^*(p)$  has size  $\equiv 0 \pmod p$ .

$\xRightarrow{(b)} \mathbb{E}_{\text{BGS}}$  is finite

Moduli of elliptic curves w/  $G$ -structures

$\text{work}/\mathbb{C}, \mathbb{Z}(G) = 1$

$\mathcal{M}(G) = \text{"moduli stack of smooth admissible } G\text{-covers of elliptic curves"}$

$\uparrow$   
only branched above  $0 \in E$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{Out}(\pi) \hookrightarrow \text{Epi}^{\text{ext}}(\pi, G) & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{M}(G) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \mathcal{C} \rightarrow E \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{finite \& etale} & & \downarrow \\ \text{Spec } \mathbb{C} & \xrightarrow{\quad E \quad} & \mathcal{M}(1) = [\mathcal{H}/\text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})]^\mathbb{C} & & \\ & & \uparrow \text{"moduli stack of ell. curves"} & & \\ & & \pi_1(\mathcal{M}(1)) = \text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z}) = \text{Out}^+(\pi) & & \end{array}$$

$\{\text{conn. comps of } \mathcal{M}(G)\} \xrightarrow{\sim} \{\text{Out}^+(\pi) \text{ orbits on } \text{Epi}^{\text{ext}}(\pi, G)\}$

$[\mathcal{H}/\Gamma_\varphi] \longleftarrow \text{Out}^+(\pi) \cdot \varphi$

$\Gamma_\varphi = \text{Stab}_{\text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})}(\varphi)$

BGS-conj  $\iff \underbrace{\mathcal{M}(\text{SL}_2(p))_{T=-2/\text{GL}_2(p)}}_{\mathcal{M}_p} \text{ is connected}$

Thm 1  $\iff$  every  $\mathcal{M} \in \pi_0(\mathcal{M}_p)$  has  $\deg(\mathcal{M}/\mathcal{M}(1)) \equiv 0 \pmod p$

## Applications

- ①  $V'_p \xleftarrow{\text{"all but finitely many"}} X(\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow X(\mathbb{F}_p)$  "strong approximation" (at  $p$ )
- ②  $V'_p \text{ Out}(\pi) \hookrightarrow X(\mathbb{Z}_p)$  is maximal (i.e. orbits are dense)
- ③  $V'_p$  can count flat geodesics on  $\mathcal{H}/\Gamma(p) \cap \text{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})'$
- ④  $\text{genus}(M_p) = \frac{1}{12} p^2 + O(p^{3/2})$   $p(p^2-1) = |\text{SL}_2(p)|$
- ⑤  $M_p$  has bad reduction at all  $l \mid p^2-1$  (and  $l=p$  if  $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$ )

## "Proof" of Thm 1

$\mu \in \mathcal{M}(G)_{\text{ram. index } e}$

admissible  $G$ -cover of ram. index  $e$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{\pi} & \mathcal{E} & \xrightarrow{\tilde{f}} & \mathcal{E}(1) \\ & \searrow \tau & \downarrow \sigma & & \downarrow \sigma_1 \\ & & \mu & \xrightarrow{f} & \mathcal{M}(1) \end{array}$$

$\pi \circ \tau = \sigma$

$\lambda$   
"Hodge bundle"

$$\tau^* \Omega_{\mathcal{C}/\mu}^{\otimes e} \cong \tau^* \pi^* \Omega_{\mathcal{E}/\mu} \cong \sigma^* \Omega_{\mathcal{E}/\mu} = \sigma^* \tilde{f}^* \Omega_{\mathcal{E}(1)/\mathcal{M}(1)} = f^* \underbrace{\sigma^* \Omega_{\mathcal{E}(1)/\mathcal{M}(1)}}_{\lambda}$$

$$e \cdot \deg \tau^* \Omega_{\mathcal{C}/\mu} = \deg(f) \cdot \underbrace{\deg \lambda}_{\frac{1}{24}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \deg(f) = 24e \cdot \deg \tau^* \Omega_{\mathcal{C}/\mu}$$

## Problems

- ①  $\mathcal{M}(G)$  is not compact!  $\Rightarrow$  can't talk about degree! Use "Adm( $G$ )" instead
- ②  $\deg \tau^* \Omega_{\mathcal{C}/\mu}$  may not be  $\in \mathbb{Z}$ !  $\nwarrow$  compactification of  $\mathcal{M}(G)$
- $m :=$  largest possible denominator
- ③  $\tau$  may not exist!
- Let  $R = \text{comp. of ramification divisor}$  ( $R \subseteq \mathcal{C}$ )
- $d := \deg(R/\mu)$

Thm (C. 2021)  $\mu \in \mathcal{M}(G)_{\text{ram. index } e}$

$$\deg(\mu \rightarrow \mathcal{M}(1)) \equiv 0 \pmod{\frac{12e}{\gcd(12e, md)}}$$

Need to control  $m, d$ !

Thm (C. 2021)  $e \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ ,  $l$  prime

$$r := \text{ord}_l(e)$$

$$s := \text{ord}_l(|G|) - r$$

$$j := \min \{j \geq 0 \mid G \text{ does not contain a proper normal subgroup of order div. by } l^{j+1}\}$$

If  $\mu \in \mathcal{M}(G)_{\text{Higman}}$ , then  $\deg(\mu \rightarrow \mathcal{M}(1)) \equiv 0 \pmod{l^{\lfloor \frac{s-3s-j}{2} \rfloor}}$

I.e., if  $\varphi: \pi \rightarrow G$  w/  $|\varphi(a_i, b_i)| = e$ , then

$$|\text{Out}^+(\pi) \cdot \varphi| \equiv 0 \pmod{l^{\lceil -j \rceil}}$$