Recursive File Operations

xargs command will take in some stream of lines and execute the command it got from the argument on each line.

\$ find directory -name '*.mp4' | xargs rm

The above command line will redirect the output of the **find** command to the input of the **xargs** command. This is the most usual use case.

find command will find all of the files which have the *mp4* extension inside of the *directory*. All of these files will then be redirected to the **xargs** command which will build an rm command for each of the input lines. This will in turn, remove all of the found files.