WANTEEK LECTURE

WANTEEK ATH WEEK

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Outline

- Namespaces
 - Functionality
 - Namespace std
 - Format
 - Examples
- Q&A

Namespaces

- To group entities under a name
 - Classes
 - Objects
 - Functions
- To divide the global scope in sub-scopes
 - Each one with its own name

Namespace std

• All the files in the C++ standard library declare all of its entities within the std namespace

using namespace std;

Format of Namespaces

```
namespace identifier
{
    entities
}
```

- where identifier is any valid identifier and entities is the set of classes, objects and functions that are included within the namespace
- Example

```
namespace myNamespace

{

int a, b;

}
myNamespace::a

myNamespace::b
```

Examples

• To avoid redefinition errors

```
// namespaces
#include <iostream>
                                                                5
using namespace std;
                                                                3.1416
namespace first
 int var = 5;
namespace second
 double var = 3.1416;
int main () {
 cout << first::var << endl;
 cout << second::var << endl;
 return 0;
```

www.literateprogramming.com

Examples Cont'd

• To introduce a name from a namespace

```
// using
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
namespace first
 int x = 5;
 int y = 10;
namespace second
 double x = 3.1416;
 double y = 2.7183;
```

```
int main () {
   using first::x;
   using second::y;
   cout << x << endl;
   cout << y << endl;
   cout << first::y << endl;
   cout << second::x
   << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
5
2.7183
10
3.1416
```

Examples Cont'd

• To introduce a name from a namespace

```
// using
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
namespace first
 int x = 5:
 int y = 10;
namespace second
 double x = 3.1416;
 double y = 2.7183;
```

```
int main () {
    using namespace first;
    cout << x << endl;
    cout << y << endl;
    cout << second::x
    << endl;
    cout << second::y
    << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
5
10
3.1416
2.7183
```

Examples Cont'd

• To introduce a name from a namespace

```
// using namespace
example
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
namespace first
 int x = 5;
namespace second
 double x = 3.1416;
```

```
5
3.1416
```

Namespace Alias

To declare alternate names for existing namespaces

namespace new_name = current_name;