


$$a, a \rightarrow \varepsilon$$
$$b, b \rightarrow z$$
$$e, s \rightarrow bTa$$
$$E, T \rightarrow X$$
$$\xi, \chi \rightarrow a$$
$$g_x: X \rightarrow 1$$
$$g, x \rightarrow 1$$

2.14 CFG to Chomsky Normal form

$$A \rightarrow BAB \mid B \mid \epsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow 00 \mid \epsilon$$

Remove rules containing ϵ

$$A \rightarrow BAB \mid BA \mid AB \mid A \mid B \mid BB$$

$$B \rightarrow 00$$

Remove unit rules

Remove $A \rightarrow A$

$$A \rightarrow BAB \mid BA \mid AB \mid B \mid BB$$

$$B \rightarrow 00$$

Unit Production $A \rightarrow B$

$$A \rightarrow BAB \mid BA \mid AB \mid 00 \mid BB$$

$$B \rightarrow 00$$

Convert 00 and BAB

$$A \rightarrow BC \mid BA \mid AB \mid 00 \mid NN$$

$$C \rightarrow AB$$

$$B \rightarrow NN$$

$$N \rightarrow 0$$

2.30

$$\{0^n 1^n 0^n \mid n \geq 0\}$$

Let $B = \{0^n 1^n 0^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ and p be the pumping length

Let $s = 1^p 0 1^p 0^p$ and show it cannot be pumped

Consider s in the form $s = uvxyz$

1) If both v and y contain at most one type of alphabet symbol, the string will be of form uv^2xy^2z which means no of 0's and 1's of unequal length.

So s is not in B

2) If v and y contain more than one type of alphabet symbol then uv^2xy^2z does not contain symbols in correct order. So s is not in B

By pumping lemma contradiction, B is not context free

b) $\{ 0^n \# 0^{2n} \# 0^{3n} \mid n \geq 0 \}$

let $B = \{ 0^n \# 0^{2n} \# 0^{3n} \mid n \geq 0 \}$ and p be the pumping length

let $S = 0^p \# 0^{2p} \# 0^{3p}$ and show it cannot be pumped

Consider S in the form $S = uvxyz$

v and y don't contain $\#$, so uv^2xy^2z contains more than 2 $\#$'s. Divide S into 3 segments: $0^p, 0^{2p}, 0^{3p}$. It is not contained within v or y . So, uv^2xy^2z is not in B . By pumping lemma contradiction, B is not context free

c) $\{ w \# t \mid w \text{ is a substring of } t, \text{ where } w, t \in \{a, b\}^* \}$

let $B = \{ w \# t \mid w \text{ is a substring of } t, \text{ where } w, t \in \{a, b\}^* \}$ and p be the pumping lemma

let $S = a^p b^p \# a^p b^p$ and show it cannot be pumped

Consider S in the form $S = uvxyz$

1) v and y don't contain $\#$, so uv^2xy^2z don't contain $\#$, thus S is not in B

2) uv^2xy^2z is longer on the left side if v and y are non-empty and occur on the left side of $\#$. S is not in B

3) uv^2xy^2z is longer on the right side if " " right side of $\#$. S is not in B

S cannot be pumped, so B is context free

d) $\{ t_1 \# t_2 \# \dots \# t_k \mid k \geq 2, \text{ each } t_i \in \{a, b\}^*, \text{ and } t_i = t_j \text{ for some } i \neq j \}$

let $B = \text{above}$ and p be pumping length

let $S = a^p b^p \# a^p b^p$ and $S = uvxyz$

1) v and y don't contain $\#$, so uv^2xy^2z don't contain $\#$

2) if only one of v or y is nonempty we can treat them if both occurred on the same side

3) Both v and y occur on left side of $\#$, uv^2xy^2z is longer on left side

4) Both v and y occur on right side of $\#$, uv^2xy^2z is longer on right side

S cannot be pumped, so B is context free

2.31 $B = \text{palindromes over } \{0, 1\}$ containing equal $\#$ of 0s and 1s
Prove by contradiction - B is a context free language

By pumping lemma, there is a number p where any string s in B of length (at least) p , then s may be divided into 5 segments. $s = uvxyz$

let $s = 0^p 1^{2p} 0^p$

1) when v and y contain only one type of symbol then v and y don't contain both 0s and 1s.

So, uv^2xy^2z can't contain equal numbers of 0s and 1s

2) when either v or y contains more than one type of symbol uv^2xy^2z contain equal $\#$ s but is not a palindrome.

So, both cases are contradictions, so B is not context free

2.32 $\Sigma = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $C = \{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \text{in } w, \text{ the } \# \text{ of } 1\text{'s equal the } \# \text{ of } 2\text{'s, the } \# \text{ of } 3\text{'s equal the } \# \text{ of } 4\text{'s}\}$
Show C is not context free

Consider C being context free with pumping length p

let $s = 1^p 3^p 2^p 4^p \in C$ with $|s| > p$

let s be in the form $uvxyz$

1) if vxy contains 1, then $uv^2xy^2z \notin C$ since C cannot have the same number of 1s and 2s

2) " " 2, " "

vxy cannot contain any 1s

3) vxy contains a 3, $uv^2xy^2z \notin C$ since it cannot be same number of 3s and 4s. vxy cannot contain 4s

4) " " 4, " "

vxy cannot contain any 3s

So, cases are contradictions, so C is not context free

2.35 Let G be a CFG in Chomsky that contains b variables. Show that if G generates some string with a derivation having at least 2^b steps, $L(G)$ is infinite.

Since G is a CFG in Chomsky, then every derivation can generate 2 non-terminals at most. This means an internal node can have 2 children in any parse tree using G . Every parse tree with height k has at most $2^k - 1$

internal nodes. With G having some string with a derivation having at least 2^b steps, then there are at least 2^b internal nodes in the parse tree.

The height is $b+1$, at least, so that means there are $b+1$ variables. By using pigeonhole principle, there is a variable occurring at least twice. Thus, we can use pumping lemma proof to construct many strings which are all in $L(G)$, thus $L(G)$ is infinite.