

**Problems** 

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## E. Anagram Groups

Time Limit: 1.0 Seconds Memory Limit: 65536K

World-renowned Prof. A. N. Agram's current research deals with large anagram groups. He has just found a new application for his theory on the distribution of characters in English language texts. Given such a text, you are to find the largest anagram groups.

A text is a sequence of words. A word w is an anagram of a word v if and only if there is some permutation p of character positions that takes w to v. Then, w and v are in the same anagram group. The size of an anagram group is the number of words in that group. Find the 5 largest anagram groups.

### **Input Specification**

The input contains words composed of lowercase alphabetic characters, separated by whitespace. It is terminated by EOF.

### **Output Specification**

Output the 5 largest anagram groups. If there are less than 5 groups, output them all. Sort the groups by decreasing size. Break ties lexicographically by the lexicographical smallest element. For each group output, print its size and its member words. Sort the member words lexicographically and print equal words only once.

#### Sample Input

undisplayed
trace
tea
singleton
eta
eat
displayed
crate
cater
carte
caret
beta
beat
bate

#### **Sample Output**

abet

Group of size 5: caret carte cater crate trace. Group of size 4: abet bate beat beta. Group of size 4: ate eat eta tea. Group of size 1: displayed. Group of size 1: singleton.

Source: University of Ulm Local Contest 2000

Problem ID in problemset: 1340

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