Analysis 
$$II$$
 - library  $L$ 

Seien  $f_1g:R \rightarrow R$   $n$ -mad differ.

 $L: (f_3)^{(n)} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(1) g(n-k)$  for alle  $n \in M_0$ 

which industrian:

 $n = 0: (f_3)^{(n)} = \{f_3\} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
 $m = n : (f_3)^{(n)} = \{f_3\} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
 $m = n : (f_3)^{(n)} = \{f_3\}^{(n)} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
 $m = n : (f_3)^{(n)} = \{f_3\}^{(n)} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
 $m = n : (f_3)^{(n)} f(k) g(n-k) + \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
 $m = n : (f_3)^{(n)} f(k) g(n-k) + \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
 $m : (f_3)^{(n)} f(k) g(n-k) + \sum_{k=0}^{n} {n \choose k} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
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 $m : (f_3)^{(n)} f(k) g(n-k)$ 
 $m : (f_3)$ 

= x3ex + 1989. 3 x2ex + 1999.1988. 6xex + 1933.1988.1987 6ex (ex)' = ex  $(x^3)^{(4)} = 0$ (Rest der Terme wird Null)  $=)(x^3)^{(n)}=0$ = ex[x3 + 3.1999 x+ + 3.1993-1388 x + 1833-1898-1897] für nz4 Zusatzaufgabe: Sei  $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  mit  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q} \\ 0 & sonst \end{cases}$ => f ist unstetis in allen x = 0 => f ist diffbar in x=0 (why) = (4) + (m) (44) N= (N+H) = (H) = ( N+H) = ( N)