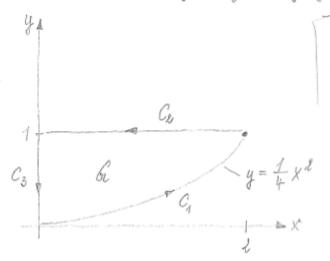
2/4) Augabe 4 Kraft and Arbeit 5 Punkte

$$f = xy\vec{i} - y^2\vec{j}$$

(nur Weg b) war gefragt)



$$\boxed{a} A + b = \begin{cases} A = \begin{cases} f d = \begin{cases} (xy d - y^2 d y) \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

G:
$$y = \frac{1}{4}x^2$$
, $dy = \frac{1}{2} \times dx$
 $0 \le x \le 2$

$$\int f dx = \int \left(\frac{1}{4}x^3 - \frac{x^4}{16} \cdot \frac{x}{2}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{16}x^4 \Big|_0^2 - \frac{1}{32} \cdot \frac{x^6}{6}\Big|_0^2$$

$$= 1 - \frac{64}{32 \cdot 6} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{cases}
C_2 \cdot y = 1, dy = 0 \\
2 \cdot x \times x = 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
\int_{C_k} f du = \int_{2}^{\infty} x dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{2}^{\infty} = -2,$$

• Insammen:
$$6 f d = \frac{2}{3} - 2 + \frac{1}{3} = -1$$

b) Greenscher batz:
$$P = xy$$
 $Q = -y^2$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = x$$
 $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = 0$

$$\iint_{\mathcal{L}} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{Q}}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{P}}{\partial y} \right) dx dy = \int_{\mathcal{Q}} dx \int_{\mathcal{A}} dy (-x) = -\int_{\mathcal{Q}} dx x \cdot \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{4} \right)$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{\ell} dx \, x + \frac{1}{4} \int_{0}^{\ell} dx \, x^{3} = -\frac{x^{2}}{2} \Big|_{0}^{2} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{x^{4}}{4} \Big|_{0}^{2} = -2 + 1 = -1$$

Uberein Himmung