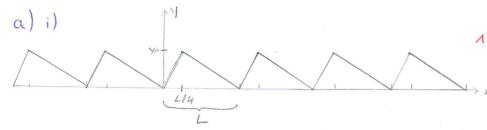
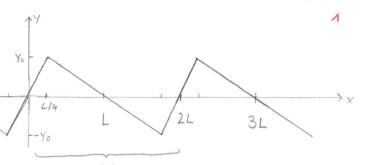
Lösung: Auslenkung einer Saite

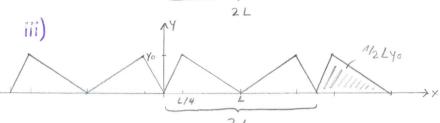
9 Punkte [3+2+4]



Periode L=L



b) Periode L2 = 2L 1/2



Periode L3 = 21 1/2

. Mithelivert der Funktion über eine Periode

a = 1/2 · ( 2 · ( 2 / 40) = 1/2 / 1

nur Cosinus Glieder: symmetrisch bei Spiegelung an y-Achse

c) Fourier-Reihe für (ii): antisymmetrisch -> ungerade Funktion -> Sinus-Reihe

1 
$$\frac{\alpha_o = \alpha_n = 0}{\left(\begin{array}{ccc} + y_o^{\times}/L & \text{far } 0 \le x \le \frac{\zeta}{4} \\ \frac{\zeta}{3} y_o \left(A - \frac{x}{L}\right) & \text{far } \frac{\zeta}{4} \le x \le \frac{7}{4} L \\ \frac{\zeta}{4} y_o \left(\frac{x}{L} - 2\right) & \text{far } \frac{7}{4} L \le x \le 2L \end{array}\right)}$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{2L} \int f(x) \sin\left(\frac{2\pi nx}{2L}\right) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{L} \left[ \frac{4y_0}{4y_0} \int_{0}^{\frac{X}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx + \frac{4}{3} y_0 \int_{L/4}^{\frac{3}{2}L} (1 - \frac{x}{L}) \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx + \frac{4}{4y_0} \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} (\frac{x}{L} - 2) \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{L} \int_{0}^{\frac{X}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx + \frac{4}{3} y_0 \int_{L/4}^{\frac{3}{2}L} (1 - \frac{x}{L}) \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx + \frac{4}{3} \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) + \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{x}{L} \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx = -\frac{x}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) + \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{x}{L} \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx = -\frac{x}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) + \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{4y_0}{L} \left( \frac{L}{\pi^2 n^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) - \frac{x}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) + \frac{x}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) + \frac{x}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{L}{\pi^2 n^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} dx + \left[\frac{L}{\pi^2 n^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) - \frac{x}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) + \frac{2L}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) \right]_{\frac{3}{2}L}$$

$$= \frac{L}{\pi n^2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) \int_{0}^{\frac{3}{2}L} dx + \left[\frac{L}{\pi^2 n^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) - \frac{x}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) + \frac{2L}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{\pi nx}{L}\right) \right]_{\frac{3}{2}L}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \left[ \frac{\pi^{2} n^{2}}{\pi^{2}} \sin \left( \frac{\pi n}{4} \right) - \frac{1}{4\pi n} \cos \left( \frac{\pi n}{4} \right) \right] - \left[ 0 - 0 \right]$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3} \left[ -\frac{\lambda}{\pi n} \cos \left( \frac{\pi n \cdot 7}{4} \right) + \frac{1}{4\pi n} \cos \left( \frac{7\pi n}{4} \right) - \frac{\lambda}{n^{2}\pi^{2}} \sin \left( \frac{7\pi n}{4} \right) \right]$$

$$- \left[ -\frac{\lambda}{\pi n} \cos \left( \frac{\pi n}{4} \right) + \frac{\lambda}{4\pi n} \cos \left( \frac{\pi n}{4} \right) - \frac{\lambda}{n^{2}\pi^{2}} \sin \left( \frac{\pi n}{4} \right) \right] \right)$$

$$+ \left[ \frac{\lambda}{\pi^{2} n^{2}} \sin \left( 2\pi n \right) - \frac{2\lambda}{4\pi n} \cos \left( 2\pi n \right) + \frac{2\lambda}{4\pi n} \cos \left( 2\pi n \right) \right]$$

$$- \left[ \frac{\lambda}{\pi^{2} n^{2}} \sin \left( \frac{7\pi n}{4} \right) - \frac{7\lambda}{4\pi n} \cos \left( \frac{7\pi n}{4} \right) + \frac{2\lambda}{\pi n} \cos \left( \frac{7\pi n}{4} \right) \right]$$

Überlegungen:

$$\sin\left(\frac{2n\pi}{4}\right) = \sin\left(2n\pi - \frac{\pi n}{4}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(2n\pi\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) - \cos\left(2\pi n\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)}$$

 $= -\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)$   $= -\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)$   $= -\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) = -\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) = -\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) d\alpha \sin \cdot antisymm \cdot a$ 

$$\cos\left(\frac{7n\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\left(2n\pi - \frac{n\pi}{4}\right) = \sin\left(2\pi n\right)\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\left(2\pi n\right)\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{n}{4}}} \xrightarrow{\frac{n\pi}{4}} \operatorname{oder} : \cos\left(\frac{7n\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) \operatorname{da} \cos \operatorname{symm}.$$

$$=\frac{440}{\pi^2n^2}\left[\sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)+\frac{4}{3}\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right)+\frac{4}{3}\sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)+\sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)\right]$$

$$+\frac{4y_0}{\pi n}\cos(\frac{n\pi}{4})\left[-\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{3}+\frac{7}{12}+\frac{7}{3}-\frac{1}{12}+\frac{7}{4}-2\right]$$

$$=\frac{4\gamma_0}{\pi^2 n^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right) \left[ 1 + \frac{2}{3} + 1 \right] + \frac{4\gamma_0}{\pi n} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4}\right) \left[ \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - 2 \right]$$

$$=\frac{32\gamma_0}{3\pi^2n^2}\sin\left(\frac{\pi\eta}{4}\right)$$

=> 
$$b_n = \frac{3240}{3\pi^2n^2} \sin(\frac{\pi n}{4})$$
 =>  $f(x) = \frac{3240}{3\pi^2} \sum_{n=4}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \sin(\frac{\pi n}{4}) \sin(\frac{\pi n x}{L})$ 

1/2

1/2

1/2