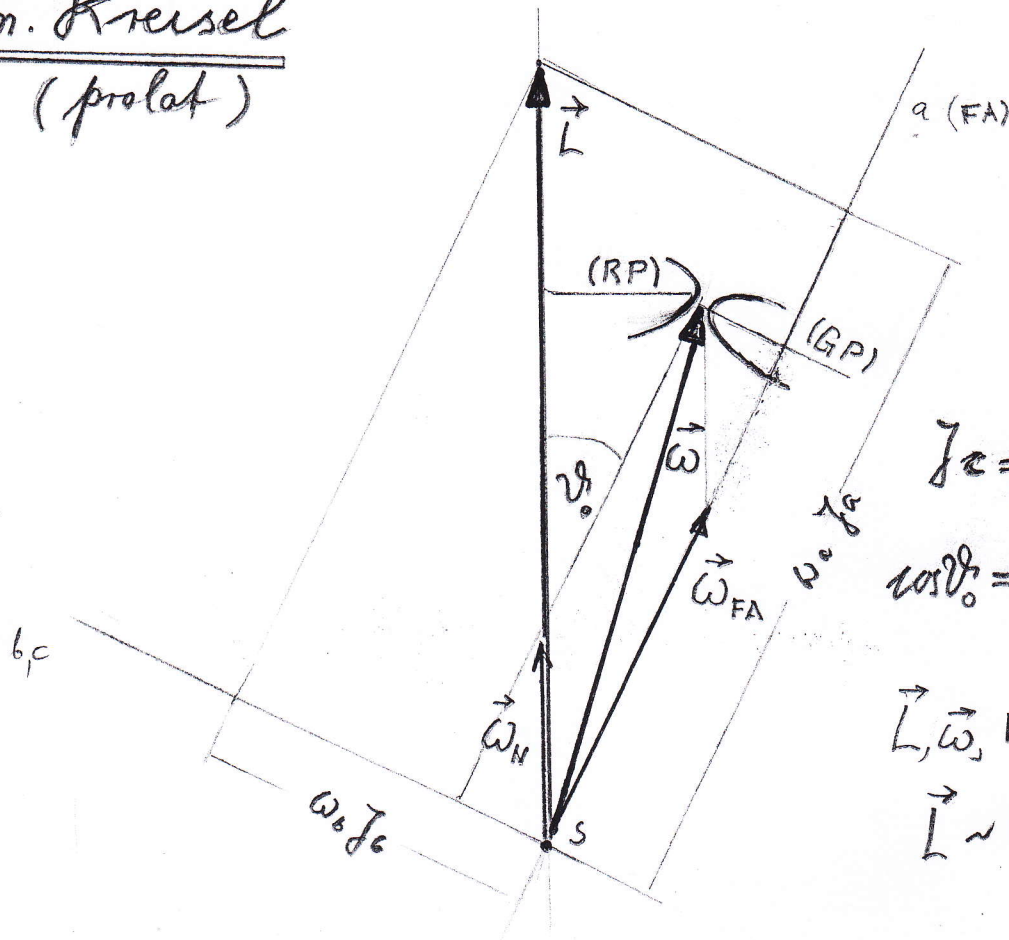


# symm. Kreisel (prolat)



$$J_c = J_b > J_a$$

$$\cos \theta_0 = \frac{\omega_a \cdot J_a}{L}$$

$\vec{L}, \vec{\omega}, \text{FA} \sim$  in einer Ebene

$\vec{L} \sim$  raumfest

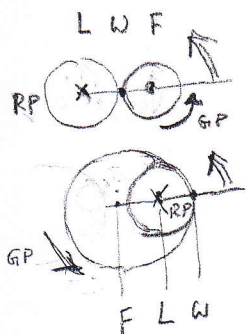
$$\vec{\omega} = \omega_b \vec{e}_b + \omega_a \vec{e}_a ; \quad \vec{L} = J_b \omega_b \vec{e}_b + J_a \omega_a \vec{e}_a$$

$$\vec{L} = J_b (\vec{\omega} - \omega_a \vec{e}_a) + J_a \omega_a \vec{e}_a$$

$$\vec{L} = J_b \vec{\omega} + (J_a - J_b) \omega_a \vec{e}_a$$

$$\vec{\omega} = \frac{\vec{L}}{J_b} + \omega_a \frac{J_b - J_a}{J_b} \vec{e}_a = \frac{1}{J_b} \vec{L} + \frac{J_b - J_a}{J_b \cdot J_a} \cdot L \cos \theta_0 \vec{e}_a$$

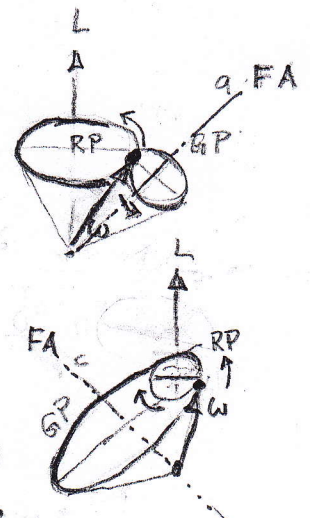
$$\vec{\omega} \stackrel{!}{=} \vec{\omega}_{\text{Nut}} + \vec{\omega}_{\text{FA}}$$



$$\vec{\omega}_{\text{Nut}} = \frac{1}{J_b} \cdot \vec{L} \quad (\sim \text{RP})$$

Abrollen  
aussen!

$$\vec{\omega}_{\text{FA}} = \frac{J_b - J_a}{J_b \cdot J_a} L \cos \theta_0 \vec{e}_a \quad (\sim \text{GP})$$



im oblaten Fall ( $J_a = J_b < J_c$ ; mit c als FA)  
wird  $\omega_{\text{FA}}$  negativ: Abrollen innen!