## Exam 1(100 points)

- 1. (15 points) State and prove Gauss-Markov Theorem.
- **2.** (15 points) Let A be symmetric and a  $p \times 1$  random vector  $Y \sim N_p(0, \Sigma)$ . Show that

$$Y^T A Y \sim \sum_{j=1}^r \lambda_j \chi_j^2(1)$$

where  $\chi_1^2(1), \chi_2^2(1), \ldots, \chi_r^2(1)r$  are independent Chi-squared random variable with degrees of freedom, df =1,  $\chi^2(1)$ . Specify r and  $\lambda_j$  exactly.

**3.** (20 points) Consider  $Y = X\beta + \epsilon$  where X is of full rank and  $\mathbf{E}(\epsilon) = 0$ . Let  $\hat{\beta} =$  the ordinary least squares estimate of  $\beta = (X^TX)^{-1}X^TY$  with  $Cov(\epsilon) = \sigma^2 I$  and  $\tilde{\beta} =$  the generalized least squares estimate of  $\beta = \tilde{\beta} = (X^T\Sigma^{-1}X)^{-1}X^T\Sigma^{-1}y$  with  $Cov(\epsilon) = \sigma^2\Sigma$ .

Prove that

$$\hat{\beta} = \tilde{\beta}$$
 if and only if  $\mathcal{C}(\Sigma^{-1}X) = \mathcal{C}(X)$ 

4. (50 points) Let's consider a liner model

$$Y = X\beta + \epsilon, \qquad \epsilon \sim N_n(0, \sigma^2 I_n)$$
 (1)

where the  $n \times p(p < n)$  matrix X is full rank. Let's decompose X into  $X = (X_0, X_1)$  where  $X_0 : n \times q$  and  $X_1 : n \times (p - q)$ . Let M and  $M_0$  denote the orthogonal projection operator onto  $\mathcal{C}(X)$  and  $\mathcal{C}(X_0)$  respectively.

(a) (5 points) The model (1) can be rewritten as

$$Y = W\alpha + \epsilon, \qquad \epsilon \sim N_n(0, \sigma^2 I_n)$$

where C(W) = C(X). Let  $M_W$  denote the orthogonal projection operator onto C(W). If any, find (a) condition(s) so that  $M_W = M$ .

**(b)** (5 points) Show that

$$C(M - M_0) = \mathcal{N}(X_0^T)$$
 with respect to  $C(X)$ .

(c) (10 points) Explain in detail that in general,

 $M \neq M_0 + M_1$  where  $M_1$  is the orthogonal projection operator onto  $C(X_1)$ .

What is(are) condition(s) so that  $M_0 + M_1$  is orthogonal projection? Suggest  $X_{1*}$  so that  $\mathcal{C}(X) = \mathcal{C}(X_0) \oplus \mathcal{C}(X_{1*})$  and

 $M = M_0 + M_{1*}$  where  $M_{1*}$  is the orthogonal projection operator onto  $\mathcal{C}(X_{1*})$ .

- (d) (15 points) Find condition(s) so that  $\beta_0$  is estimable. If  $\beta_0$  is estimable, derive the test statistic for  $H_0: \beta_0 = 0$  vs  $H_1: \beta_0 \neq 0$ .
- (e) (15 points) Let p = 2q. Find condition(s) so that  $\beta_0 + 2\beta_1$  is estimable. If  $\beta_0 + 2\beta_1$  and  $Cov(\epsilon) = 5$ , develop the test statistic for  $H_0: \beta_0 + 2\beta_1 = b$  vs  $H_1: \beta_0 + 2\beta_1 \neq b$  where b is known.