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2023-2024 ACSL 第四 轮正式考试 (Junior) **ACSL 2248** 

Time Remaining 1:59 hrs:mins

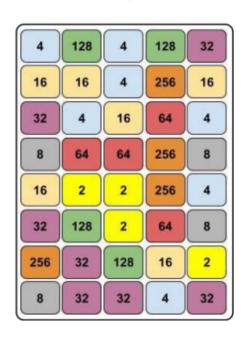
**ACSL 2248** 

Nameyourclass acsljr.

**CLASS / SOURCE NAME** 

End competition

**PROBLEM:** The ACSL version of the popular 2248 numbers game uses an 8 x 5 board with tiles containing powers of 2. Initially, the board contains a random set of tiles with values up to and including 256. You'll be given a path that exists on the board that will be given as a list of locations of the tiles on the path. Each location is a 2-digit number representing the row and column. For example, the number 24 is row 2, column 4 which has a value of 256 on the board shown here.



Your program will modify the board as follows:

- 1. The last tile in the path is replaced by the power of 2 that is the smallest power of 2 that is greater than or equal to the sum of all of the tiles in the path.
  - 2. The other tiles on the path are removed from the board.
  - 3. The tiles above the removed tiles drop down and are replaced by new tiles.
- 4. New tiles are added to the board in row-major order, starting at the top left, using decreasing powers of 2, from 256 down to 2, cycling back to 256 if needed.

Output the modified board.

## **EXAMPLE:**

In the board shown above, the path you are given is 13 23 32 41 51 61 72 82 83. This is the path 4-4-8-16-32-32-32-32, as shown in the following left image, which has a sum of 164. The next higher power of 2 is 256. Remove all of the tiles from the grid and replace the last 32 with a 256 and then shift all columns down as shown in the middle image. Replace the empty locations in row-major order with the powers of 2 from 256 down to 2, circulating if needed as shown in the right image below.



This is the final board that should be output, in row-major order:

256 128 64 128 32 32 16 8 256 16 4 2 16 64 4 4 128 64 256 8 16 16 2 256 4 32 64 2 64 8 256 2 128 16 2 8 128 256 4 32

**INPUT:** There are two strings: the first one represents the board of 40 numbers given in row-major order, and the second one is the path that exists on that board. All numbers in the first string will be powers of 2 between 2 and 256, inclusive. All numbers in the second string will be 2-digit numbers representing the location of each tile on the path, given as the row (1-8) and column (1-5). Every number in each string is separated by a single space.

**OUTPUT:** Output the final board as a string of 40 numbers in row-major order, each separated by a single space.

SAMPLE INPUT	SAMPLE OUTPUT
4 128 4 128 32 16 16 4 256 16 32 4 16 64 4 8 64 64 256 8 16 2 2 256 4 32 128 2 64 8 256 32 128 16 2 8 32 32 4 32 13 23 32 41 51 61 72 82 83	256 128 64 128 32 32 16 8 256 16 4 2 16 64 4 4 128 64 256 8 16 16 2 256 4 32 64 2 64 8 256 2 128 16 2 8 128 256 4 32
256 128 64 128 32 32 16 8 256 16 4 2 16 64 4 4 128 64 256 8 16 16 2 256 4 32 64 2 64 8 256 2 128 16 2 8 128 256 4 32 51 52 61 62 73 82 83	256 128 64 128 32 32 16 64 256 16 256 8 8 64 4 32 128 16 256 8 4 16 64 256 4 4 2 2 64 8 256 128 2 16 2 8 2 1024 4 32
256 16 256 2 32 2 16 2 16 8 32 2 256 64 16 4 2 128 2 32 8 8 32 256 2 2 4 8 32 128 16 16 32 64 256 4 16 128 4 8 14 23 32 42 41 51 52 63 72 73 74 83	256 128 64 32 32 16 8 4 2 8 256 256 128 16 16 2 64 256 64 32 32 16 256 2 2 2 16 128 256 128 16 4 32 32 256 4 16 512 4 8
256 16 256 2 32 2 16 2 16 8 32 2 256 64 16 4 2 128 2 32 8 8 32 256 2 8 4 8 32 128 16 16 32 64 256 4 16 128 4 8 14 23 32 41 51 52 61 71 72 82	256 128 64 32 32 16 8 256 16 8 4 2 256 64 16 256 16 128 2 32 256 16 32 256 2 2 2 8 32 128 32 4 32 64 256 4 128 128 4 8

256 8 4 16 128 64 4 32 256 256 32 32 8 4 2 64 128 8 2 8 64 32 64 16 128 4 4 4 16 64 64 2 8 8 32 128 128 128 64 4 13 22 33 43 54 64 75 84 83 82 81

256 256 128 64 32 64 16 8 4 128 32 8 2 256 256 64 32 128 16 2 64 128 32 256 8 4 32 64 4 128 64 4 4 2 64 1024 2 8 8 4

**问题**:知名的2248数字游戏(ACSL版)采用一个8 x 5 的棋盘,棋盘中每个方块上的数字都是2 的幂次方值。游戏开始时,一系列数字方块随机放置在棋盘上,方块上的数字最大可达256(包括256)。玩家会被给定一条棋盘上的路径,表示为路径中所有方块的位置。方块位置用一个2 位数表示,每位数字分别代表方块所在行和列。例如,数字24代表棋盘上第2 行、第4 列的方块,表示的数字为256。



玩家需要按照如下要求调整棋盘:

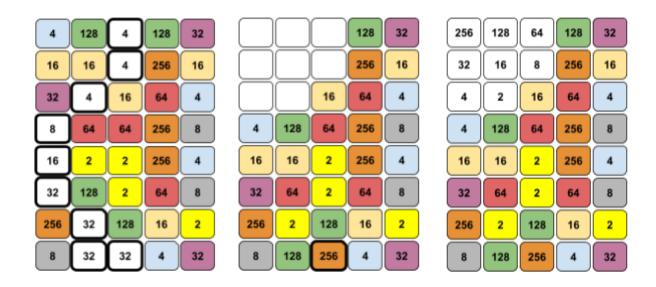
1. 路径中最后一个方块用大于或等于路径中所有数字方块之和的 2 的最小次幂代替。

- 2. 将路径中其他数字方块从棋盘中移除。
- 3. 当某个方块被移除,其上方块落下填补空位,同时方块落下产生的空位被新的方块替代。
- 4. 从棋盘左上角开始,按行优先顺序添加新的数字方块。新添加方块上的数字是从 256 递减至 2 的 2 的幂次方值。如有需要可循环回到 256 重新开始递减。

输出调整后的棋盘。

## 示例:

对于上图所示棋盘, 玩家被给定的路径是13 23 32 41 51 61 72 82 83, 代表棋盘中 4-4-4-8-16-32-32-32 数字方块, 如左下图所示。这些数字方块的总和为 164。下一个 2 的更高次幂是 256。从棋盘中移除该路径中所有方块, 并用 256 方块来替代最后的 32 方块。随后将所有列上的方块下移,如中间图所示。按行优先顺序,用数字为 2 的幂次方值的方块来替代棋盘中的空白位置,其中数字范围为从 256 递减到 2。如有需要可循环回到 256重新开始递减,如右下图所示。



右上图为最终棋盘,按行优先顺序输出:

256 128 64 128 32 32 16 8 256 16 4 2 16 64 4 4 128 64 256 8 16 16 2 256 4 32 64 2 64 8 256 2 128 16 2 8 128 256 4 32

**输入**: 输入两行字符串: 第一行字符串包含棋盘上的 40 个数字,这些数字按行优先顺序排列;第二行字符串为棋盘上的给定路径。第一行字符串中的所有数字都是 2 的幂次方,介于 2 到 256 之间(包括 2 和 256);第二行字符串都是表示路径中每个方块位置的两位数,其中每位数字分别代表行数(1-8)和列数(1-5)。每行字符串中的每个数字之间用一个空格隔开。

输出:按行优先顺序将最终棋盘输出为一行包含 40 个数字的字符串,每个数字之间用一个空格隔开。

样例输入	样例输出
4 128 4 128 32 16 16 4 256 16 32 4 16 64 4 8 64 64 256 8 16 2 2 256 4 32 128 2 64 8 256 32 128 16 2 8 32 32 4 32 13 23 32 41 51 61 72 82 83	256 128 64 128 32 32 16 8 256 16 4 2 16 64 4 4 128 64 256 8 16 16 2 256 4 32 64 2 64 8 256 2 128 16 2 8 128 256 4 32
256 128 64 128 32 32 16 8 256 16 4 2 16 64 4 4 128 64 256 8 16 16 2 256 4 32 64 2 64 8 256 2 128 16 2 8 128 256 4 32 51 52 61 62 73 82 83	256 128 64 128 32 32 16 64 256 16 256 8 8 64 4 32 128 16 256 8 4 16 64 256 4 4 2 2 64 8 256 128 2 16 2 8 2 1024 4 32
256 16 256 2 32 2 16 2 16 8 32 2 256 64 16 4 2 128 2 32 8 8 32 256 2 2 4 8 32 128 16 16 32 64 256 4 16 128 4 8 14 23 32 42 41 51 52 63 72 73 74 83	256 128 64 32 32 16 8 4 2 8 256 256 128 16 16 2 64 256 64 32 32 16 256 2 2 2 16 128 256 128 16 4 32 32 256 4 16 512 4 8
256 16 256 2 32 2 16 2 16 8 32 2 256 64 16 4 2 128 2 32 8 8 32 256 2 8 4 8 32 128 16 16 32 64 256 4 16 128 4 8 14 23 32 41 51 52 61 71 72 82	256 128 64 32 32 16 8 256 16 8 4 2 256 64 16 256 16 128 2 32 256 16 32 256 2 2 2 8 32 128 32 4 32 64 256 4 128 128 4 8
256 8 4 16 128 64 4 32 256 256 32 32 8 4 2 64 128 8 2 8 64 32 64 16 128 4 4 4 16 64 64 2 8 8 32 128 128 128 64 4 13 22 33 43 54 64 75 84 83 82 81	256 256 128 64 32 64 16 8 4 128 32 8 2 256 256 64 32 128 16 2 64 128 32 256 8 4 32 64 4 128 64 4 4 2 64 1024 2 8 8 4

注意:

- (1) 样本数据仅为部分测试数据,测试用例全部通过不代表通过本题。
- (2) 你必须通过数据库中所有的测试点才能获得该题满分。
- (3) java 语言里面的 class name (类名) 需要用本题的 Source file name (即: acsljr)。
- (4) 平台判分规则为调取 5次 input 值,每次单独判分。

Compiler Python 3/CPython 🗸

1	Enter your program code here

Enter custom input data here (optional)

Run code

**Submit code** 

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