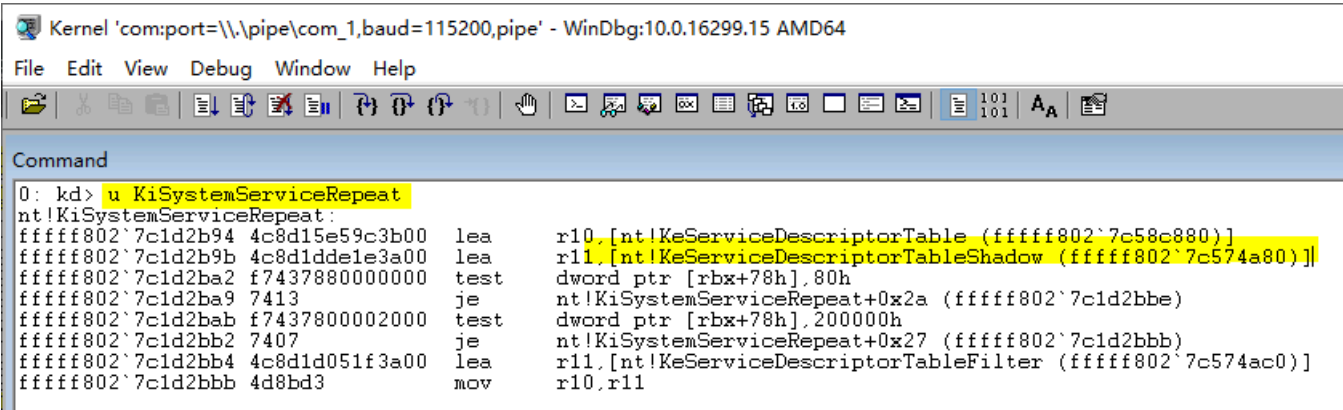


在笔者上一篇文章《驱动开发：内核枚举SSDT表基址》实现了针对 SSDT 表的枚举功能，本章继续实现对 SSSDT 表的枚举，ShadowSSDT 中文名 影子系统服务描述表，SSSDT其主要的作用是管理系统中的图形化界面，其 win32 子系统的内核实现是 win32k.sys 驱动，属于GUI线程的一部分，其自身没有导出表，枚举 SSSDT 表其与 SSDT 原理基本一致。

如下是闭源ARK工具的枚举效果:

| 进程 | 驱动模块 | 内核层 | 内核钩子 | 应用层钩子 | 设置 | 监控 | 启动信息 | 注册表 | 服务 | 文件 | 网络 | 调试引擎 |
|------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|----|----|------|-----|----|----|----|------|
| SSDT | Shadow SSDT | 内核钩子 | 系统中断表 | Object钩子 | | | | | | | | |
| 索引 | 函数名 | 原始函数地址 | 钩子类型 | 当前函数地址 | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | NtUserGetOwnerTransformedMoni... | 0xFFFFFAD520FE2282 | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE2282 | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | NtUserYieldTask | 0xFFFFFAD520FE2294 | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE2294 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | NtUserSetSensorPresence | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22A6 | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22A6 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | NtUserGetThreadState | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22B8 | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22B8 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | NtUserPeekMessage | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22CA | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22CA | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | NtUserCallOneParam | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22DC | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22DC | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | NtUserGetKeyState | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22EE | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE22EE | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | NtUserInvalidateRect | 0xFFFFFAD520FE2300 | - | 0xFFFFFAD520FE2300 | | | | | | | | |

首先需要找到 SSSDT 表的位置，通过《win10内核枚举SSDT表基址》文章中的分析可知，SSSDT就在SSDT的下面，只需要枚举 4c8d1dde1e3a00 特征即可，如果你找不到上一篇具体分析流程了，那么多半你是看到了转载文章。



先实现第一个功能，得到 SSSDT 表的基址以及 SSDT 函数个数，完整代码如下所示。

```
#include <ntifs.h>
#pragma intrinsic(__readmsr)

typedef struct _SYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE
{
    PVOID ServiceTableBase;
    PVOID ServiceCounterTableBase;
    ULONGLONG NumberOfServices;
    PVOID ParamTableBase;
} SYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE, *PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE;

PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow = 0;
ULONG64 u164w32pServiceTable = 0;

// 获取 KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow 首地址
ULONGLONG GetKeServiceDescriptorTableShadow()
{
    // 设置起始位置
}
```

```

PUCHAR StartSearchAddress = (PUCHAR)___readmsr(0xc0000082) - 0x1808FE;

// 设置结束位置
PUCHAR EndSearchAddress = StartSearchAddress + 0x8192;
// DbgPrint("扫描起始地址: %p --> 扫描结束地址: %p \n", StartSearchAddress,
EndSearchAddress);

PUCHAR ByteCode = NULL;

UCHAR OpCodeA = 0, OpCodeB = 0, OpCodeC = 0;
ULONGLONG addr = 0;
ULONG templong = 0;

for (ByteCode = StartSearchAddress; ByteCode < EndSearchAddress; ByteCode++)
{
    // 使用MmIsAddressValid()函数检查地址是否有页面错误
    if (MmIsAddressValid(ByteCode) && MmIsAddressValid(ByteCode + 1) &&
MmIsAddressValid(ByteCode + 2))
    {
        OpCodeA = *ByteCode;
        OpCodeB = *(ByteCode + 1);
        OpCodeC = *(ByteCode + 2);

        // 对比特征值 寻找 nt!KeServiceDescriptorTable 函数地址
        /*
lyshark.com kd> u KiSystemServiceRepeat
nt!KiSystemServiceRepeat:
fffff802`7c1d2b94 4c8d15e59c3b00 lea     r10,[nt!KeServiceDescriptorTable
(fffff802`7c58c880)]
fffff802`7c1d2b9b 4c8d1dde1e3a00 lea     r11,
[nt!KeServiceDescriptorTableshadow (fffff802`7c574a80)]
fffff802`7c1d2ba2 f7437880000000 test    dword ptr [rbx+78h],80h
fffff802`7c1d2ba9 7413                      je      nt!KiSystemServiceRepeat+0x2a
(fffff802`7c1d2bbe)
fffff802`7c1d2bab f7437800002000 test    dword ptr [rbx+78h],200000h
fffff802`7c1d2bb2 7407                      je      nt!KiSystemServiceRepeat+0x27
(fffff802`7c1d2bbb)
fffff802`7c1d2bb4 4c8d1d051f3a00 lea     r11,
[nt!KeServiceDescriptorTableFilter (fffff802`7c574ac0)]
fffff802`7c1d2bbb 4d8bd3                   mov     r10,r11
*/
        if (OpCodeA == 0x4c && OpCodeB == 0x8d && OpCodeC == 0x1d)
        {
            // 获取高位地址fffff802
            memcpy(&templong, ByteCode + 3, 4);

            // 与低位64da4880地址相加得到完整地址
            addr = (ULONGLONG)templong + (ULONGLONG)ByteCode + 7;
            return addr;
        }
    }
}
return 0;

```

```

}

// 得到SSSDT个数
ULONGLONG GetSSSDTCount()
{
    PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE pwin32k;
    ULONGLONG w32pServiceTable;

    pwin32k = (PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE)((ULONG64)KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow +
sizeof(SYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE));
    w32pServiceTable = (ULONGLONG)(pwin32k->ServiceTableBase);
    // DbgPrint("Count => %d \n", pwin32k->NumberOfServices);

    return pwin32k->NumberOfServices;
}

VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
    DbgPrint(("驱动程序卸载成功! \n"));
}

NTSTATUS DriverEntry(PDRIVER_OBJECT DriverObject, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
    DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");

    KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow =
(PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE)GetKeServiceDescriptorTableShadow();

    DbgPrint("[LyShark] SSSDT基地址 = 0x%p \n", KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow);

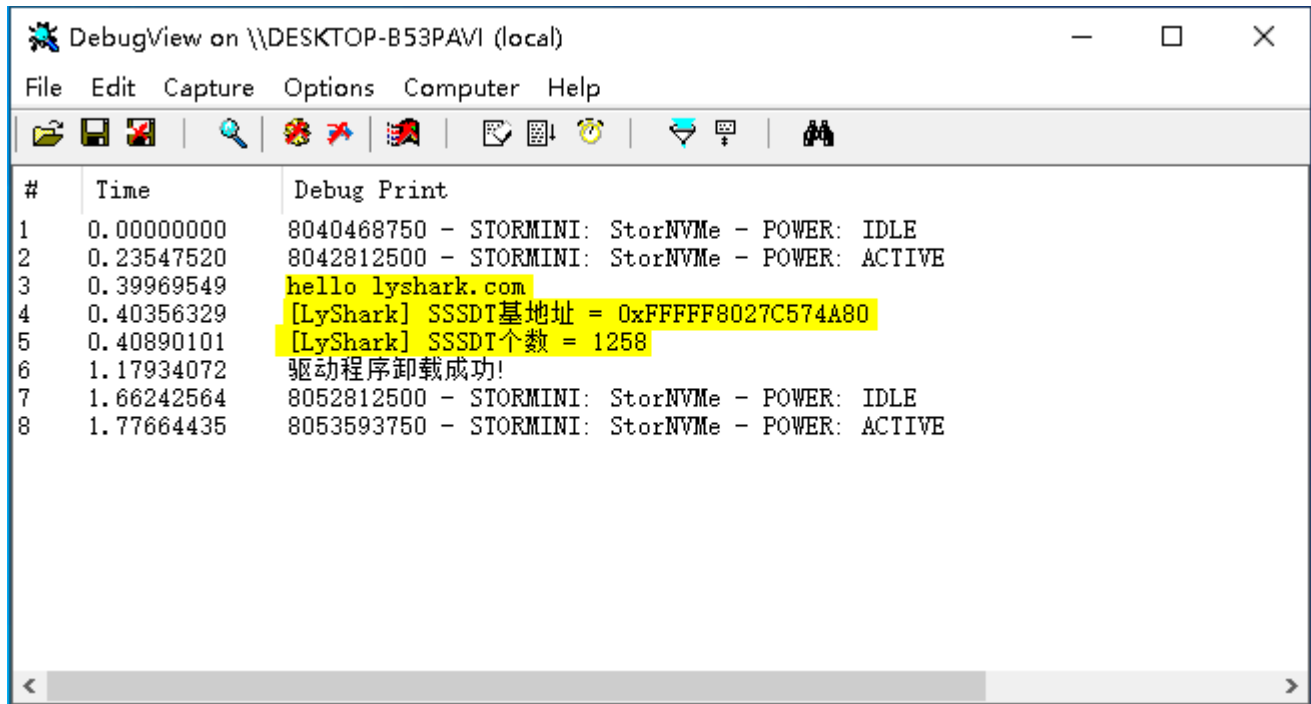
    ULONGLONG count = GetSSSDTCount();

    DbgPrint("[LyShark] SSSDT个数 = %d \n", count);

    DriverObject->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
    return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}

```

这段代码运行后即可得到 SSSDT 表基地址，以及该表中函数个数。



在此基础上增加枚举计算过程即可，完整源代码如下所示。

SSSDT 函数起始index是 0x1000，但 w32pServiceTable 是从基址开始记录的，这个误差则需要 (index-0x1000) 来得到，至于 +4 则是下一个元素与上一个元素的偏移。

计算公式：

- $W32pServiceTable + 4 * (index - 0x1000)$

```
#include <ntifs.h>
#pragma intrinsic(__readmsr)

typedef struct _SYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE
{
    PVOID          ServiceTableBase;
    PVOID          ServiceCounterTableBase;
    ULONGLONG      NumberOfServices;
    PVOID          ParamTableBase;
} SYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE, *PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE;

PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow = 0;
ULONG64 u164w32pServiceTable = 0;

// 获取 KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow 首地址
ULONGLONG GetKeServiceDescriptorTableShadow()
{
    // 设置起始位置
    PCHAR StartSearchAddress = (PCHAR)__readmsr(0xC0000082) - 0x1808FE;

    // 设置结束位置
    PCHAR EndSearchAddress = StartSearchAddress + 0x8192;

    // DbgPrint("扫描起始地址: %p --> 扫描结束地址: %p \n", StartSearchAddress,
    EndSearchAddress);
```

```

PUCHAR ByteCode = NULL;

UCHAR OpCodeA = 0, OpCodeB = 0, OpCodeC = 0;
ULONGLONG addr = 0;
ULONG templong = 0;

for (ByteCode = StartSearchAddress; ByteCode < EndSearchAddress; ByteCode++)
{
    // 使用MmIsAddressValid()函数检查地址是否有页面错误
    if (MmIsAddressValid(ByteCode) && MmIsAddressValid(ByteCode + 1) &&
MmIsAddressValid(ByteCode + 2))
    {
        OpCodeA = *ByteCode;
        OpCodeB = *(ByteCode + 1);
        OpCodeC = *(ByteCode + 2);

        // 对比特征值 寻找 nt!KeServiceDescriptorTable 函数地址
        /*
lyshark.com kd> u KiSystemServiceRepeat
nt!KiSystemServiceRepeat:
fffff802`7c1d2b94 4c8d15e59c3b00 lea     r10,[nt!KeServiceDescriptorTable
(fffff802`7c58c880)]
fffff802`7c1d2b9b 4c8d1dde1e3a00 lea     r11,[nt!KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow
(fffff802`7c574a80)]
fffff802`7c1d2ba2 f7437880000000 test    dword ptr [rbx+78h],80h
fffff802`7c1d2ba9 7413                      je      nt!KiSystemServiceRepeat+0x2a
(fffff802`7c1d2bbe)
fffff802`7c1d2bab f7437800002000 test    dword ptr [rbx+78h],200000h
fffff802`7c1d2bb2 7407                      je      nt!KiSystemServiceRepeat+0x27
(fffff802`7c1d2bbb)
fffff802`7c1d2bb4 4c8d1d051f3a00 lea     r11,[nt!KeServiceDescriptorTableFilter
(fffff802`7c574ac0)]
fffff802`7c1d2bbb 4d8bd3                   mov     r10,r11
*/
        if (OpCodeA == 0x4c && OpCodeB == 0x8d && OpCodeC == 0x1d)
        {
            // 获取高位地址fffff802
            memcpy(&templong, ByteCode + 3, 4);

            // 与低位64da4880地址相加得到完整地址
            addr = (ULONGLONG)templong + (ULONGLONG)ByteCode + 7;
            return addr;
        }
    }
}

return 0;
}

// 得到SSSDT个数
ULONGLONG GetSSSDTCount()
{
    PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE pwin32k;
    ULONGLONG w32pServiceTable;

```

```

    pwin32k = (PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE)((ULONG64)KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow +
sizeof(SYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE));
    w32pServiceTable = (ULONGLONG)(pwin32k->ServiceTableBase);
    // DbgPrint("Count => %d \n", pwin32k->NumberOfServices);

    return pwin32k->NumberOfServices;
}

VOID UnDriver(PDRIVER_OBJECT driver)
{
    DbgPrint(("驱动程序卸载成功! \n"));
}

NTSTATUS DriverEntry(PDRIVER_OBJECT DriverObject, PUNICODE_STRING RegistryPath)
{
    DbgPrint("hello lyshark.com \n");

    KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow =
(PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE)GetKeServiceDescriptorTableShadow();

    DbgPrint("[LyShark] SSSDT基地址 = 0x%p \n", KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow);

    ULONGLONG count = GetSSSDTCount();

    DbgPrint("[LyShark] SSSDT个数 = %d \n", count);

    // 循环枚举SSSDT
    for (size_t Index = 0; Index < count; Index++)
    {

        PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE pwin32k;
        ULONGLONG w32pServiceTable;

        pwin32k = (PSYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE)((ULONG64)KeServiceDescriptorTableShadow +
sizeof(SYSTEM_SERVICE_TABLE));
        w32pServiceTable = (ULONGLONG)(pwin32k->ServiceTableBase);

        // 获取SSSDT地址
        //ln win32k!w32pServiceTable+((poi(win32k!w32pServiceTable+4*(1-
1000))&0x00000000`ffffffff)>>4)-10000000
        //u win32k!w32pServiceTable+((poi(win32k!w32pServiceTable+4*(Index-
0x1000))&0x00000000`ffffffff)>>4)-0x10000000

        //u poi(win32k!w32pServiceTable+4*(1-0x1000))
        //u poi(win32k!w32pServiceTable+4*(1-0x1000))&0x00000000`ffffffff
        //u (poi(win32k!w32pServiceTable+4*(1-0x1000))&0x00000000`ffffffff)>>4

        //u win32k!w32pServiceTable+((poi(win32k!w32pServiceTable+4*(1-
0x1000))&0x00000000`ffffffff)>>4)-0x10000000

        ULONGLONG qword_temp = 0;
        LONG dw = 0;
    }
}

```

```

// SSSDT 下标从1000开始，而w32pServiceTable是从0开始
// + 4 则是每次向下4字节就是下一个地址
qword_temp = w32pServiceTable + 4 * (Index - 0x1000);

dw = *(PLONG)qword_temp;
// dw = qword_temp & 0x00000000ffffffff;
dw = dw >> 4;
qword_temp = w32pServiceTable + (LONG64)dw;

DbgPrint("[LyShark] ID: %d | SSSDT: 0x%p \n", Index, qword_temp);
}

DriverObject->DriverUnload = UnDriver;
return STATUS_SUCCESS;
}

```

枚举效果如下图所示所示，注意这一步必须要在GUI线程中执行，否则会异常，建议将枚举过程写成DLL文件，注入到 explorer.exe 进程内执行；

| # | Time | Debug Print |
|----|------------|--|
| 4 | 0.00000000 | hello lyshark.com |
| 5 | 0.00482930 | [LyShark] SSSDT基地址 = 0xFFFFF8027C574A80 |
| 6 | 0.01016300 | [LyShark] SSSDT个数 = 1258 |
| 7 | 0.01551020 | [LyShark] ID: 0 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150800 |
| 8 | 0.02089910 | [LyShark] ID: 1 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150800 |
| 9 | 0.02627180 | [LyShark] ID: 2 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150800 |
| 10 | 0.03169280 | [LyShark] ID: 3 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150800 |
| 11 | 0.03702110 | [LyShark] ID: 4 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150801 |
| 12 | 0.04239580 | [LyShark] ID: 5 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150801 |
| 13 | 0.04776480 | [LyShark] ID: 6 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150801 |
| 14 | 0.05314800 | [LyShark] ID: 7 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150801 |
| 15 | 0.05852630 | [LyShark] ID: 8 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150802 |
| 16 | 0.06389920 | [LyShark] ID: 9 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150802 |
| 17 | 0.06925580 | [LyShark] ID: 10 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150802 |
| 18 | 0.07465830 | [LyShark] ID: 11 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150802 |
| 19 | 0.07998320 | [LyShark] ID: 12 SSSDT: 0xFFFFFAD523150803 |