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İNGİLİZCE SORU BANKASI

YASİN ASLAN

- **YDS SINAV TEKNİKLERİ**
- **KELİME TESTLERİ**
- **GRAMER TESTLERİ**
- **CLOZE TESTLER**
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- **İLGİSİZ CÜMLEYİ BULMA**



**ÖSYM tarzında 1000
Yeni Nesil Soru**

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ÖNSÖZ

YDS, YÖKDİL, YKS-DİL YDT, IELTS, TOEFL ve HAZIRLIK ATLAMA SINAVI (PROFICIENCY EXAM) gibi İNGİLİZCE yabancı dil sınavlarına hazırlananlar için temel bir kaynak niteliğinde olan bu soru bankası kitabımız, sınavlarda sorulan tüm soru türleri ilgili konu çeşitliği ile sizlere geniş bir soru yelpazesini sunmaktadır. Düzenli ve programlı bir çalışmayla bu kitapta binlerce farklı kelimeyi cümle ve paragraf içinde kullanımlarıyla göreceksiniz ve zamanla kelime hazinenizin çok zenginleştiğini fark edeceksiniz.

İngilizce sınavlarda yaygın kullanılan hedef kelimeler göz önünde bulundurularak hazırlanmış olan bu kitapta yer alan testler, sınav sorularının içeriğine paralel olarak özenle seçilmiştir.

Sınavlara hazırlanan tüm adaylara başarılar diliyoruz.



YDS SINAV TEKNİKLERİ

KELİME SORULARI

1. Kelime sorularında boşluğun sağ tarafı belirleyici olduğundan orada geçen ifadelerin şıklardaki kelimelerle uyumuna bakın.
2. Kelimenin hemen ardından gelen "but, yet, however, so, thus, therefore, as, because, since" gibi bağlaçlara dikkat edin.
3. Kelimeyi takip eden "who, whose, which, that, where, in which ..." gibi ilgi zamirleri cümleyi daha iyi anlamanıza yardımcı olur.
4. Zarf sorularında "heavily, extensively, vaguely, superficially" gibi cümlenin yüklemesine veya zarfın ardından gelen sıfatı "nasıl" sorusunu sorun.
5. Genel olarak anlatılan şey olumlu veya olumsuz diye bir değerlendirme yaparak seçeneklerde eleme yapın.
6. Cümlenin tamamını anlamasınız bile, yanlış şıkları eleyerek ve mantık yürüterek doğru cevaba ulaşmaya çalışın. **Yanlış cevaplar doğruları etkilemediği için**, mutlaka bir tahminde bulunun.

GRAMER SORULARI

A. ZAMAN (TENSE) SORULARI

1. Past veya Present ifade var mı diye bakın.
2. Özellikle zaman uyumu açısından verilen cümleye uygun olmayan şıkları eleyerek doğru cevaba ulaşın.
3. Sadece bir boşluğa bakarak cevabınızı belirlemeyin.
4. Genellemelere dikkat edin. (A child, children, all kids, everybody, each student, every soldier...etc.)
5. Cümlede geçmiş zamana ait (Past) ifade olmasa da, "appear, evolve, develop, originate, start, arise, emerge" gibi fiillere veya "earlier, first, at the time" gibi Past'a yönelik sebep olacak ifadelere dikkat edin. İlgili cümlelerinde (Relative Clause) sıkça yapılan sadeleştirmelerde soruyu etken ve edilgen yapılan sadeleştirme kurallarına göre çözün.

(V+ing) Etken kısaltma; (V+3) Edilgen kısaltma

Having V3 geçmişte daha önceki olay; Being olayla aynı zamanda gerçekleşen olay

6. Aktif-pasif yapılara dikkat edin.
7. Kipleri (Modals) içeren sorularda önce tense uyumuna, sonra cümlenin anlamına bakın.

B. BAĞLAÇ SORULARI

1. Soruya önce cümlenin yapısına bakarak başlayın; yani boşluktan sonra isim mi yoksa cümle mi var ona bakın.
2. Bağlacın cümlenin neresinde (başta, ortada, ikinci cümlenin içinde, en sonda) olduğunu bakın ve buna göre oraya gelmeyecek seçenekleri eleyin.
3. Cümlenin anlamına göre yanına olumlu (+), olumsuz (-) işaretleri koyarak soruyu çözün. Bunu yaparken "miktar, pekiştireç, sıfat, zarf, rakam, derece, oran" gibi ifadelere özellikle dikkat edin.
4. Cümleyi dikkatlice okuyup anlam açısından bir bütünlük olduğuna emin olun.
5. İki boşluklu bağlaç sorularında her iki boşluğun devamında "**not only...but also..., either...or..., whether...or..., both...and...**" gibi sıkça cevap olan paralel yapılara uygun ifadelere olup olmadığını kontrol edin.

C. EDAT SORULARI

1. Edatların büyük bir çoğunluğu cümle içindeki anımlarına (yer, zaman, amaç, sonuç, sebep, miktar, karşılaştırma) uygun şekilde gelir. Bu yüzden anımlının cümleye tam olarak oturduğundan emin olun.
2. Sadece tek boşluğa bakarak karar vermeyin; bir isim birden çok edat ile kullanılabilir.
3. Cümledeki iki isim arasında boşluk verilmişse tercihiniz "of" olsun.
4. Sınavlarda en sık doğru cevap olan edatlar şunlardır: of, in, on, by, at, for, from, to, with, as, during, along, about, between, among, through, into, under, toward, against, across, beyond, around



CLOZE TEST SORULARI

1. Paragraf içindeki her soru türü kendi kurallarına göre çözülmelidir, yani herbir cümleyi alta verilen seçeneklere göre kendi içinde yorumlamaya çalışın.
2. Tense (Zaman) sorularında boşluğun önündeki ve arkasındaki fiilleri dikkatlice inceleyerek zaman uyumuna (tense agreement) bakın.
3. Kısaltılmış İlgî Cümlesi'nin (Reduced Relative Clause) olduğu sadeleştirme sorularını etken (Ving) ve Edilgen (V3) sadeleştirme kurallarına göre çözün.
4. Etken-edilgen-ettirgen (Active - passive - causative) ve kiplere (modals) dikkat edin.
5. Kelime sorularında boşluğun arkasındaki veya önündeki ifadelere odaklanın.

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA SORULARI

1. Önce bağlıca bakarak seçeneklerde uygun olmayan yapı var mı diye bakın.
2. Verilen cümlenin genel olarak hangi konu hakkında olduğuna bakıp bu konuya ilgili olmayan seçeneklere öncelik vermeyin.
3. Referans ifade içeren (it, its, this, these, they, their, our, her, his, there, such, both, none, also) seçeneklere öncelik verin.
4. Anlam bütünlüğü test etmek için soru kökü ile seçeneği birlikte okuyun ve bütünlük var mı diye kontrol edin.
5. Tüm seçenekleri görmeden işaretlemeyin.
6. Zamanşal zıtlığı dikkat edin.
7. "We-our-us-ourselves"; "you-you-yourself", she-her-hers-herself gibi uygun eşleştirmelerle iki cümlede de zamir takibi yapın.
8. Tekrardan sakınmak gerektiği unutmayın.
9. Anlam ve diğer yönlerden diğer seçenekleri eleyip son ikiye bıraklığınız şıklarda zaman uyumuna ve referans ifadelere (it, its, his, her, our, they, their, these, there, such) özellikle dikkat edin.

ÇEVİRİ SORULARI

1. İlk önce ana cümlenin yüklemi bulun. Çoğu cümlede birden fazla yüklem olacağı için Relative Clause, Noun Clause ve Adverbial Clause gibi yan cümleciklerde geçen fiilleri dikkate almamaya çalışın.

Yüklenin çatısını, yani “Tense-aktif/pasif-modal verb” durumunu inceleyin.

2. Ana cümlenin öznesini bulup yüklem ile eşleştirin.
3. Sıfat, zarf, bağlaç ve miktar belirten sözcüklerin karşılıklarını arayın.
4. Hedef cümlede keskin ifadeleri bulun.
5. Yan cümleleri göz ardı edip ana cümleye odaklanın.
6. “am,is,are” (-dır); “was-were” (idi); “will” (-ecek); “have-has been”(-miştir, -mektedir, -iyor, -dı) gibi yardımcı fiillerin olduğu yüklemelere dikkat edin.

PARAGRAF SORULARI

1. Önce soru köklerini (özellikle metinde belli bir noktaya işaret eden) ve şıkları okuyun ve böylece paragraftaki olaylar, kişiler ve konu hakkında genel bilgi edinin.
2. Paragrafta geçen miktar ifadeleri, sıfatlar, zarflar ve kipler, bağlaçlar, kalıplar, özel yapılar ve keskin ifadeleri çizin. Bunları DOĞRU CEVABIN verildiği şıklarda benzer kelime, ifade ve yapılarla eşleştirmek gerekir.
3. Şıklarda anlamı aşırı derecede daraltan (only, just, merely), gereksiz vurgu yapan (rather, fairly, relatively, quite, comparatively, intensively, heavily) veya çok abartılı (by far the best, always, greatly, largely, extremely, exceedingly, to a large extent) ifadeleri metinde çoğu zaman verilmemiğini göz önünde bulundurarak eleyn. Ancak bu ifadelerin, nadir de olsa, metinde bulunabileceğini de unutmayın.
 - a) especially, specifically, essentially, mainly, primarily, notably, principally, predominantly, mostly, chiefly, in fact, rather, indeed gibi ifadelerle paragrafta vurgu yapılabilir.
 - b) Çokunlukla yanlış şıkta verilen “only, merely, just, solely, simply, exclusively” gibi sadece, yalnızca, sîrf anlamına gelen kelimelere hem paragrafta hem de seçeneklerde dikkat edin.
 - c) Çokunlukla yanlış şıkta verilen “wholly, fully, entirely, completely, utterly, thoroughly, totally” gibi -tamamiyla, bütünüyle “full, all, whole, entire, utter, total” tüm, bütün anlamına gelen kelimelere hem paragrafta hem de seçeneklerde dikkat edin.

- d) Çoğunlukla yanlış şıkta verilen "always, usually, often, frequently, generally, sometimes, continually, every time, all the time" gibi sıklık zarflarına hem paragrafta hem de seçeneklerde dikkat edin.
- e) Çoğunlukla yanlış şıkta verilen "hardly, barely, scarcely, rarely, seldom, never, no, no longer, not, at all, no more" gibi olumsuzluk bildiren ifadelere hem paragrafta hem de seçeneklerde dikkat edin.
- f) Şıklarda so adj/adv that S+V+O, such+adj+noun that S+V+O, far more than, less than, the best, the highest, the most productive, as... as, the same as gibi gereksiz kıyas, üstünlük veya eşitlik bildiren yapılara dikkat edin.Çoğu zaman bu kalıpların geçtiği seçeneğin YANLIŞ olduğunu hatırlayın.
4. Soru kökünü iyice analiz ettikten sonra orada verilen belli kelimele bakarak metin içinde ilgili cümleyi bulun ve sonra doğru seçeneği bulmaya çalışın.

NOT

Sorunun paragrafin hangi bölümünde atıfta bulunduğuunu tespit etmek ve referans kelimelelere, ifadelere ve cümlelere bakarak eleme yapmak son derece önemlidir.

5. Paragrafta "but, yet, however, still, even so, nevertheless" gibi "ama, ancak, yine de" anlamına gelen zıtlık bağlaçlarına özellikle dikkat edin. Zira genellikle doğru cevap bu cümlelerle ilgilidir.
6. Ana fikir sorulduğunda, parçada ne anlatılıyor diye sorulduğunda,

What is the primary purpose of the author? What is the main idea of the passage?

- a) En genel cümle ana fikir cümlesi idir.
- b) Ana fikir birden fazla konu içerebilir.
- c) Paragrafın giriş kısmında "however, nevertheless, but, on the other hand" bağlaçları varsa ana fikir bu cümle içinde olabilir
- d) Ana fikir paragrafın sonunda verilmiş olabilir.
What is the main idea of the passage?

What is the primary purpose of the author?

"Various familial and societal factors can influence the perception of body image in young people."

"To inform readers about some important problems confronted in clinical trials of drugs"

What is the passage mainly about?

Which could be the best title for this passage?

- a) En genel ifadeyi bulun.
- b) Paragrafin başlığını bulmaya dair sorularda başlıktı gelebilecek kelimenin sadece parçada bahsedilmiş olması yeterli değildir; diğer seçeneklere göre spesifik olmayan, parçanın genelini içeren en kapsamlı seçeneği bulmalısınız.

- c) Okuma parçasına ait başlıklarda "the", "of" ve "and" kelimelerinin sıkça kullanıldığını unutmayın.

ÖRNEK CEVAP: The Advance of Airbag Technology

7. Seçeneklerde eleme yapılırken;

- a) very, too, quite, a lot, only, merely, solely, just gibi ifadelere dikkat edilmeli ve karşılığı parçada aranmalıdır.
- b) Seçenekte geçen miktar, sıfat, veya zarflar ifadesinin karşılığı paragrafta yoksa elenir.
- c) Her paragrafin bir konu ve kapsamı (kişiler, tarih, zaman, yer, topluluk, olay örgüsü) vardır. Seçenekte paragrafin konu ve limitinin dışına çıkmadığına özellikle dikkat edin.

8. En önemlisi de (çıkarmış sorusu olsa bile) kesin doğru dediğiniz seçeneğin mutlaka paragrafta yerini bulun. Hangi cümlein o seçeneğe dayanak teşkil ettiğinden iyice emin olmaya çalışın.

YAKIN ANLAMLI CÜMLEYİ BULMA SORULARI

Bu soruların başında "Verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın olan cümleyi bulunuz." ifadesi yer alır. Demek ki verilen cümlenin seçeneklerdeki karşılığı her zaman % 100 aynı anlama gelmeyebilir. Şıklarda çeldiriciler arasında genellikle zaman uyumu, tekillik/çoğulluk ve özne/shahis/zamir farklılıklarını dikkat çeker. En önemli şey, öncelikle verilen cümlenin zamanını, öznnesini ve yüklemesini tespit etmektir.

Aşağıdaki örnekte, soru köküyle doğru seçeneğin aynı şeyi farklı yönlerden ifade ettiklerini görürüz.

Soru kökünde,

With television, we can follow the problems of other countries more closely. = Televizyon ile diğer ülkelerin problemlerini daha yakından takip edebiliriz.



Seçenekte ise,

Through television we became more aware of the problems of the rest of the world. = Televizyon sayesinde dünyanın kalan kısmının problemlerinin daha iyi farkına varırız.
düğer ülkelerin..... dünyanın kalan kısmının takip edebiliriz.... farkına varırız.

Bu sorularda belli kalıplar, sıfatlar, zarflar ve çeşitli özel kullanımlar sıkça gelir.

It's two months since ... = ... two months ago
We are still debating whether or not he deserves to be promoted. = We couldn't decide to what extent he really merits promotion.

Don't take any notice of ... = ... ignore...

As the traffic is so heavy ... = Since the roads are so busy ..
Bu sorulara dair yeterli bilgiye sahip olmanın tek yolu, sürekli genel ve akademik okuma çalışması yapmaktır. Çünkü bu tür pek çok kalıp vardır ve hepsini ezberlemek mümkün değildir. ÖSYM, öğrencilerin bilgi düzeyine uygun soru sorduğundan, sizler de kendi düzeyinizde çokça kitap okuyarak, karşılaşabileceğiniz bu tip soruların kolayca üstesinden gelebilirsiniz.

Cümleyi Anlama

Bu aşamada, cümlenin olumlu mu, olumsuz mu olduğunu, hem yapıdan hem de sözcüklerden anlamak gerekiyor. Cümlede bir karşılaştırma, "some, any, no" gibi miktar belirten sözcükler kullanılmışsa buna belki bir diyagram bile çizebilirsiniz.

Özneyi ve Zamanı Saptama

Cümle genel bir yargı içeriyorsa ve geniş zaman (Simple Present Tense) kullanılmışsa, sizin bunu değiştirmeniz oldukça nadir olması gereken bir durumdur. Dolayısıyla, cümlenin zamanını tespit etmeniz sizin şıkları elemenize yardımcı olacaktır. Aynı şekilde, özneyi tespit ettikten sonra, bu öznenin doğru şıkta da olması gerekiyor.

Bağlaçlar

Cümlede kullanılan bağlaçlar, olumlu bir yargının olumsuza geçiş, ilk söyleneni destekleme vb. anlamlarla kullanılmaktadır. Eğer cümlede bir bağlaç kullanılmışsa, bunun dengini mutlaka şıklarda arayınız.

➤ Sıfat, Zarf Kullanımı

Genelde en çeldirici şıklar bu adım atılmadığında işaretlenir. Yani, doğru cevaba en yakın görünen şık genelde bu ayrıntıda gizlenir. Benzer, zıt anlam kullanımı becerinizi bu şıklarda göstermeniz gerekmektedir.

After the fall of the Roman Empire, the Latin language continued to change and evolve as it had always done.

- A) Latin began to develop and transform after the collapse of the Roman Empire.
- B) Latin was a changing and evolving language, and this did not change after the Roman Empire's collapse.
- C) Following the fall of the Roman Empire, Latin transformed into an almost new language.
- D) Latin remained a prestigious language in many countries after the fall of the Roman Empire.
- E) The Latin language owed much of its progress to the Roman Empire even after its fall.

- Bu cümlede, "Roma İmparatorluğu'nun çöküşünün ardından, Latin dili değişmeye ve gelişmeye her zaman yaptığı gibi devam etti." denilmiş. Göründüğü gibi herhangi bir yargı, Latin diline herhangi bir eks- tra sıfat ekleme, Roma İmparatorluğu'nun çöküşü ile Latin dilinin gelişmesi arasında birbirinin sebebi olan bir ilişki vs. bulunmuyor.
- Cümplenin öznesi, Latin dili ve zaman da "Simple Past" yani geçmiş zaman. Ancak bunun bütün şıklar- da böyle olduğunu görüyoruz. Dolayısıyla bir eleme yapmıyoruz.
- Bu aşamada, bize "as it had always done" yani her zaman yaptığı gibi yapısını kullanacağız.
- Bir sıfat ve zarf göremiyoruz ancak burada "değiş- meye ve gelişmeye devam etti" yapısı bize yardımcı olacaktır.

Bu adımları attıktan sonra, şıkları detaylı bir şekilde irdelediğimizde:

İlk olarak C, D ve E şıkları eleriz. Nedenleri ise, C seçeneğindeki "new language" yapısı; D seçene-ğindeki "prestigious language" yapısı ve E seçene-ğindeki owe fiili. Bunları orijinal cümlede göremiy-

ruz. A seçeneğinde de “began” fiili var yani başladığını denmiş. Oysaki Latin dili değiştirmeye ve gelişmeye başlamamıştı, devam ediyordu. Bu yüzden eleniyor. Kalan tek sık olan B, doğru cevaptır.

KARŞILIKLI KONUŞMA (DİYALOG) SORULARI

Bu soruların başında “Karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmında söylemiş olabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.” ifadesi yer alır.

Diyalog soruları genellikle günlük hayatı sık karşılaşlığımız doğal ortamlardan kesitler içerir. Bu soruları hazırlanırken sizin sosyal bir varlık olduğunuz ve insanlarla devamlı diyalog içinde olduğunuz varsayılar. Şimdi tutup da kendinizi asosyal bir insan kabul edip, paniklemeyin. Eğer siz çevrenizi yeterince gözlemleyen, kitap okuyan, gündemi oluşturan konuları gören-duyan biriyseniz bu tip soruları cevaplayabilecek alt yapıya sahipsiniz demektir.

Diğer bazı soru gruplarında belirttiğimiz gibi, konuşma sorularında da tek bir tema işlenir. Bir diğer deyişle konuşmanın tamamının tek bir amacı vardır. Bu amaç nedir diye seçenekleri incelemeye başlamadan önce yapılması gerekenler şunlardır:

İlk yapılacak iş boşlukta söylemiş şeyin bir soru cümlesi mi olduğunu bulmaktır. Böylece bulgunuza uymayan seçenekleri rahatlıkla eleyebilirsiniz.

Bazı diyaloglarda, boşluktan sonra söylemiş cümle yes/no ile başlar. Bu da arayacağınız ifadenin bir evet/hayır sorusu olduğunu gösterir. Bu durumu fark ettiğinizde seçeneklerde yardımcı fiille başlayan soruları incelemek cevabı bulmada yeterli olacaktır. Ama bu değişmez bir kural değildir. Yes/ No ile başlayan cevapların soruları her zaman yardımcı fiil başta olacak şekilde kurulmayıileceğinden yanılma payını dikkate almalısınız.

Konuşmada kim, hangi şahıs, birinci mi yoksa ikinci şahıs mı, boş bırakılan yerde konuşmuş onu belirlemelisiniz. Çünkü her iki taraf da farklı yönlerden aynı konuyu işlemek zorundadır. Konuşan kişinin ihtiyacı nedir bunu iyi tespit etmelisiniz.

Boşluktan önce ve sonraki cümlelerin zamanının (tense) boşlukta da aynen devam etmesi beklenir. Dolayısıyla tense uyumsuzluğu gösteren alternatifleri bu sayede devre dışı bırakabilirsiniz. Yapılması gereken en önemli şey boşluktan sonraki özne, yüklem ve nesnelere dikkat etmektir. Bunlar

çoğunlukla boşluğun cevabı veya karşılığı olduğu için doğru seçenekle ilgili çok önemli ipuçları verirler.

Yukarıdakilerin hepsini uyguladığınız halde seçenekleri teke indiremediyseniz ya da bulduğunuzdan tam emin olamadıysanız tatmin oluncaya kadar olası seçenekleri yerleştirip diyalogu yeniden okuyun. Bunu yaparken biraz zaman kaybetseñiz de bu size kaçırılmaması gereken bir net daha kazandıracaktır.

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA SORULARI

1. Paragrafin konusundan kopmadan (kişiler, mekanlar, olaylar, deiginilen esas önemli noktalar) şıklara bakın.
2. Paragrafin konusunun nasıl sınırlandırılmış olduğunu bakın. (yer, yaşı, ülke, tarih, dönem)
3. Eğer yazara ait olumlu-olumsuz yorumlar varsa metinde bunları tespit edin. (sifatlar, zarflar)
4. Konu, sınır, yorum belirlenirken bağlaç içeren yan cümleleri dikkate alınmayın.
 - a) Although, though, even though, (raigmen)
 - b) Because, as, since, now that için, (çünkü, için)
 - c) Despite, in spite of, for all (raigmen)
 - d) Due to, owing to, on account of, thanks to (den dolayı)
 - e) Adjective/Relative Clause Sıfat cümlecipleri
 - f) Noun Clause İsim cümlecipleri (that S+V+O haric)
 - g) İki virgülle ayrılmış, iki tire ile ayrılmış ek bilgi cümlelerini dikkate alınmayın.
 - h) Sadeleştirme yapılarını dikkate alınmayın. (Verb+ing ve Verb 3 yapıları)
5. Paragrafin konu, limit, yorum ve tense durumu zıtlık bağlaçları ile değiştirilebilir.

But, yet, though, although, even though – (ama/fakat)

However, even so, still, nevertheless, nonetheless, (ama/yine de)

In contrast, conversely, on the contrary, aksine

On the other hand (diğer taraftan)
6. Paragraf tamamlama sorularını çözerken verilen boşluktan sonraki (%70) veya önceki (%30) cümlede özellikle aşağıdaki bağlaçlara dikkat edin.



Bu bağlaçlarla diğer cümlenin anlamca uyumlu olup olmadığını irdeleyin.

Therefore, thus, hence, as a result, so (sonuç....)

Nevertheless, yet, but, in contrast, unlike, however, even so, still, nonetheless (zıtlık beklenmedik sonuç olumlu- olumsuz)

Moreover, furthermore, in addition, besides (ek bilgi destek)

Due to, because of, thanks to, owing to (sebep)

Indeed, in fact, as a matter of fact (vurgulama, önceki cümleyi güçlendirir)

For example, for instance, to illustrate (örnekleme)

That's, That is to say, In other words (Yani, bir başka deyişle)

7. Paragrafta genelden özele veya özelden genele ani geçişlere dikkat edin.

a) Metnin akışı özel, genel ya da genelden özele olmalıdır.

b) Konu bir bütün olarak genelse özel cümle elenmelidir.

c) Metin özelse genellemeler elenmelidir.

8. Paragraftaki olayların sırasının (kronolojik sıralama) ve tarihsel açıdan yıllara göre verile sıralamanın uygun olup olmadığını kontrol edin.

9. Paragrafin konu, içerik, kapsam ve yorumlarını belirlendikten sonra zamanını (TENSE) tespit edin.

a) Tüm cümleler PRESENT ise PAST cümleyi ele, PAST ise PRESENT olanı eleyin.

b) Eğer boşluktan sonra tense geçisi varsa bu geçisi sağlayacak cümleyi arayın.

(however, but, nevertheless... zaman uyumu gerektirdiğinden, ELEMEYİN.)

Zaman belirlemede

a) Sıfat cümlecikleri, isim cümlecikleri, zarf cümleciklerinin fiilleri ana yüklem ile farklı zamanda olabileceğinden cümlenin asıl fiiline odaklanıp yan cümlecikleri dikkate almayın.

b) 2 virgülle veya 2 tire ile ayrılmış ek bilgi veren cümleleri dikkate almayın.

c) Sadeleştirme yapılan yapıları (Verb + ing ve Verb+V3) dikkate almadan asıl yükleme odaklınan.

10. Cümleler arasında anlam geçişini sağlayan sözcükleri (this, these, those, such, also, both), (he, his, they, their, it, its), (one, ones, some, others, another, the other, other) bulup altı çizin.

11. Such+noun ifadesi kullanıldığında öncesindeki cümlede ilgili sözcük aranmalıdır.

12. The former, the latter, the first, the second ifadelerinin önceki cümlelerde karşılığı aranmalıdır.

13. "The ve this" gibi belli ifadelerin karşılığı mutlaka parçada olmalıdır.

PARAGRAFTA İLGİSİZ CÜMLEYİ BULMA SORULARI

1. Paragraf Tamamlama sorularını çözerken kullandığınız stratejilerin çoğu bu bölümdeki sorular için de geçerlidir.

2. Roma rakamları ile verilen I. ve V. cümlenin daha az doğru cevap olduğunu unutmayın. Bilhassa içinden çıkamadığınız sorularda bu şıklara yönelebilirsiniz.

3. B şıklından cevap anahtarınızda en az bir adet olmalıdır. C ve D seçeneklerinin bu bölümde daha sık doğru cevap olarak gelmektedir. Bu iki seçenekin paragrafin ortasına doğru cevabı gizlemek için en uygun cümleler olduğunu unutmayın.

4. İlk cümlenin genel bir giriş cümlesi, son cümlenin de özetleyici ve toparlayıcı bir bitiş cümlesi olmasına dikkat edin.

5. Paragrafi tam anlamadığınız sorularda cümlelerin zamirlerini takip ederek doğru cevaba ulaşmaya çalışın.

6. Kronolojik sıraya (tarih, yıl, yüzyıl) dikkat edin.

7. Zaman (Present-present; past-past) ve zamir uyumuna (One-another; some-others; he-his; they-their) dikkat edin.

8. Bu bölümde aynı şıktan üst üste 3 tane işaretlemeyin. Cevaplarınız mümkünse farklı seçeneklerden (DCBEA) olsun ya da (DCBBA), (CBBED), (BDDEA) gibi en fazla bir tane üst üste gelecek şekilde yaymaya çalışın.

NOT

I. cümlenin ilk kelimesi belli bağlaçlarla (thus, so, therefore, however, nevertheless, even so, likewise, in conclusion, finally, as a result) BAŞLAMAZ; ancak V. cümlenin ilk kelimesinde bu bağlaçlar sıkça gelebilir.



ÇÖZÜMLÜ ÖRNEK SORULAR

Buradaki tüm soruların açıklamalı çözümlerini
<https://www.kariveryolu.com.tr/online-yds-kursu/>
adresinden ÜCRETSİZ izleyebilirsiniz.



A- KELİME VE GRAMER

1. Successful adaptive mechanisms ----- a selective advantage in the competition for survival with other life forms and for humans, the most important adaptive mechanism is culture.

A) prohibit B) contaminate
C) provide D) cease
E) hamper

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

FİİL SORUSU: Başarılı uyarlanabilir mekanizmalar, diğer yaşam formları ile hayatı kalma rekabette seçici bir avantaj **sağlar** ve insanlar için en önemli uyarlanabilir mekanizma kültürdür.

A) prohibit, ban, forbid: yasaklamak
B) contaminate, pollute: kirletmek
C) provide, supply, procure: sağlamak
D) cease, stop, halt: durdurmak
E) hamper, prevent, curb, impede: engellemek

2. Both the knowns and the unknowns about COVID-19 have led national governments to take extraordinary ----- to counter the threat of infection and to stop the virus from spreading.

A) measures
B) burials
C) permissions
D) controversies
E) illuminations

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

İŞİM SORUSU: COVID-19 hakkında hem bilinenler hem de bilinmeyenler, ulusal hükümetleri enfeksiyon tehdidine karşı koymak ve virüsün yayılmasını durdurmak için olağanüstü **önlemler** almaya yöneldirdi.

- A) measures, precaution: önlemler, tedbirler
B) burials, funeral, coffin, corpse: gömme, defin
C) permissions, allowance, consent: izin
D) controversies, conflict, debate, disagreement: tartışma, ihtilaf, anlaşmazlık
E) illuminations, enlightenment: aydınlatma

3. Smoking cigarettes and being exposed to secondhand tobacco smoke are ----- causes of premature death in the United States.

A) vulnerable
B) reluctant
C) vague
D) redundant
E) leading

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E

SIFAT SORUSU: Sigara içmek ve ikinci el tüten dumanına maruz kalmak, Amerika Birleşik Devletleri'nde erken ölümlerin **önde gelen** nedenleridir.

A) vulnerable to, susceptible to, defenceless to: savunmasız, alıngan
B) reluctant to, unwilling to: isteksiz X eager to, willing to: istekli
C) vague, indefinite, ambiguous, obscure: belirsiz, müphem
D) redundant, jobless: gereksiz, işsiz
E) leading, forefront: önde gelen

4. Some dolphin species seem to have a variety of --- -- sound motifs associated with hunting or social grouping.

A) repetitive B) involuntary
C) simple D) meagre
E) detrimental

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

SIFAT SORUSU: Bazı yunus türleri, avlanma veya sosyal gruplaşma ile ilişkili çeşitli **tekrarlayan** ses motiflerine sahip gibi görülmektedir.



- A) repetitive: repetitious: tekrarlayan
B) involuntary: istemsiz
C) simple, easy, primitive: basit
D) meagre, scarce, sparse, very few: yetersiz, kit, çok az
E) detrimental to, harmful to: zararlı
5. Water applied to the surface of a/an ---- dry soil infiltrates quickly due to the closeness of the soil particles for water.
- A) ambitiously B) previously
C) initially D) eventually
E) relatively
- ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E**
- ZARF SORUSU:** Nispeten kuru bir toprağın yüzeyine uygulanan su, toprak parçacıklarının suya olan yakınlığı nedeniyle hızla süzülür.
- A) ambitiously, determinedly, eagerly: hırslı bir şekilde, iddialıca
B) previously, formerly: önceden, eskiden
C) initially, firstly, at the beginning: başlangıçta, öncelikle
D) eventually, finally: sonunda, nihayet
E) relatively, comparatively, quite, fairly, nispeten, oldukça
6. During the 1990s, crime rates in New York City dropped ----, even more than in the United States as a whole.
- A) jointly B) greedily
C) fortunately D) dramatically
E) illicitly

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

ZARF SORUSU: 1990'larda, New York City'deki suç oranları, bir bütün olarak Birleşik Devletler'dekinden daha fazla, önemli ölçüde düştü.

- A) jointly, unanimously: ortaklaşa, birlikte
B) greedily, avidly: açgözlükle
C) fortunately, luckily: şanslıca, neyse ki
D) dramatically, drastically, considerably, tremendously, substantially, enormously: önemli ölçüde
E) illicitly, illegally: yasadışı olarak

7. Multinational companies ---- no less than 50 percent of trade in manufactured goods in developing countries.
- A) turn down B) account for
C) get through D) cast aside
E) look after

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

DEYİMSEL FİİL SORUSU: Çok ulusal şirketler, gelişmekte olan ülkelerdeki üretilen mal ticaretinin en az yüzde 50'sini oluşturuyor.

- A) turn down, refuse, reject: reddetmek, kısmak
B) account for, take up, constitute, form: oluşturmak
C) get through, succeed in, achieve, accomplish: başarmak
D) cast aside, put aside: bir kenara atmak; biriktirmek
E) look after, care for: ilgilendirmek, birisine bakmak
8. The first concrete example of a merger in the USA was the attempt to ---- the Erie railway company by the Vanderbilt railway company in 1986, but this transaction ended in failure.
- A) take over B) set forth
C) come across D) break out
E) get alongwith

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

DEYİMSEL FİİL SORUSU: ABD'de şirket birleşmelerine ait ilk somut örnek 1986 yılında Erie demiryolu şirketinin Vanderbilt demiryolu şirketi tarafından ele geçirilmeye çalışılmasıydı ancak bu işlem başarısızlıkla sonuçlandı.

- A) take over: undertake, assume: devralmak, ele geçirmek
B) set forth, put forward, claim: ileri sürmek, ortaya koymak, iddia etmek
C) come across, run into, encounter, confront: rastlamak
D) break out, arise, emerge, occur, happen, take place: çıkmak, patlak vermek
E) get along with: birisiyle geçinmek

9. In the modern age, most people usually ----- their schedules until the last moment due to laziness or being unable to control time.

- A) calm down
- B) divide into
- C) cut down on
- D) put off
- E) look up

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

DEYİMSEL FİİL SORUSU: Modern çağda, çoğu insan tembellik veya zamanı kontrol edememe nedeniyle genellikle programlarını son ana kadar **ertelemektedir**.

- A) calm down, settle down, tranquilize, sedate: sakinleşmek
- B) divide into, separate into, classify into: bölmek
- C) cut down on, reduce, diminish: azaltmak, kısmak
- D) put off, postpone, delay: ertelemek**
- E) look up: aramak, sözlükten bakmak

10. ----- by Google using advanced artificial intelligence and neural calculations, the “mumbling song finder feature” is the most obvious example of the technology’s ability ----- audio recordings and convert it into digital waveform.

- A) Developing / being analyzed
- B) To develop / having analyzed
- C) To develop / analyzing
- D) Having developed / to analyze
- E) Developed / to analyze

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E

TENSE SORUSU: Sadeleştirilmiş İlgî Cümlesi (Reduced Relative Clause)

ability + to V1

Gelişmiş bir yapay zekâ ve sınırsız hesaplamlar kullanılarak Google tarafından **geliştirilen** “mirıldanarak şarkı bulma özelliği”, teknolojinin ses kaydı **analizi yapabildiğini** ve bunu dijital dalga biçimine dönüştürebildiğinin en bariz örneğidir.

- A) Geliştiren / analiz ediliyor
- B) Geliştirmek için / analiz etmiş
- C) Geliştirmek için / analiz etme
- D) Geliştirmiş / analiz etmek
- E) Geliştirilen / analiz edebildiği**

11. George Green was the first person ----- a mathematical theory of electricity and magnetism and his theory ----- the foundation for the work of other scientists such as James Clerk Maxwell, William Thomson, and others.

- A) to create / formed
- B) creating / will have formed
- C) to creating / is formed
- D) to be created / may be formed
- E) having created / can form

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

TENSE SORUSU: the first İSİM + to v1

George Green, matematiksel bir elektrik ve manyetizma teorisi **meydana getiren** ilk kişiydi ve teorisi, James Clerk Maxwell, William Thomson ve diğerleri gibi diğer bilim adamlarının çalışmalarının temelini **oluşturdu**.

- A) meydana getiren / oluşturdu
- B) meydana getiren / oluşturulmuş olacak
- C) meydana getiren / oluşturulur
- D) oluşturulacak / oluşturulabilir
- E) oluşturulmuş / oluşturulabilir

12. ----- new urban development programmes and the expansion of industrial sites, nearly 70 % of the land area of the Netherlands is still being used for farming.

- A) Instead
- B) Despite
- ~~C) Whenever no matter when~~
- ~~D) Moreover Furthermore Besides~~
- ~~E) As though As if~~

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

BAĞLAÇ SORUSU: Yeni kentsel gelişim programlarına ve sanayi sitelerinin genişlemesine **rağmen**, Hollanda topraklarının yaklaşık % 70’i hala çiftçilik için kullanılıyor.

- A) Instead: Bunun yerine
- B) Despite + İSİM Rağmen (ZİTLİK)**
- C) Whenever, no matter when: Her ne zaman
- D) Moreover, Furthermore, Besides: Dahası
- E) As though, As if: Sanki



13. ----- ballerinas try to be light on their feet, modern dancers use body weight to increase movement.

- A) With the aim of B) In terms of
C) While D) Because
E) However

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

BAĞLAÇ SORUSU: Balerinler ayakları üzerinde hafif olmaya çalışırken, modern dansçılar hareketi artırmak için vücut ağırlığını kullanır.

- A) with the aim of, with the purpose of: amacıyla ile
B) in terms of, in view of: açısından
C) while, whereas: –iken, oysa (TABAN TABANA ZİTLİK)
D) because, as, since: çünkü, -dından
E) however, but, yet: ancak, fakat, ama

14. The official minimum wage in the Bangladesh is ----- low that several members of a family must work in order to earn the amount regarded as a minimum family income.

- A) such as B) in order to
C) too D) so
E) enough

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

BAĞLAÇ (KALIP) SORUSU:

Bangladeş'teki resmi asgari ücret **o kadar düşük ki**, asgari aile geliri olarak kabul edilen miktarı kazanmak için bir ailenin birkaç üyesinin çalışması gerekiyor.

- A) such as, like: gibi
B) in order to V1, so as to V1: –mek için, amacıyla
C) too...to V1: –meyecik kadar ...
D) so sıfat/zarf that...: öyle... ki, o kadar... ki
E) sıfat/zarf enough to V1 yeterince...

15. Most advertising is directed toward groups ----- individuals, and advertising is usually delivered through media such as television, radio, newspapers and, increasingly, the Internet.

- A) though B) as for
C) rather than D) due to
E) thus

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

BAĞLAÇ SORUSU: Reklamların çoğu bireylerden **ziyade** gruplara yönelik ve reklam genellikle televizyon, radyo, gazeteler ve giderek artan bir şekilde İnternet gibi medya aracılığıyla sunulur.

- A) rağmen
B) –e gelince
C) rather than: –den ziyade, den daha çok
D) nedeniyle
E) böylece, dolayısıyla

16. The adverse effect ----- recent economic figures in the country immediately made an impact ----- the company's financial performance.

- A) from / to B) of / on
C) by / as D) between / with
E) at / in

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

EDAT SORUSU: Ülkedeki son ekonomik rakamların olumsuz etkisi şirketin finansal performansını hemen etkiledi.

- A) -den / -e
B) of: -nin / on: üzerinde
C) ile, tarafından / olarak
D) arasında / ile
E) -de / içinde

17. ----- technology being part of our everyday lives, it is time to rethink the idea of integrating technology into the curriculum and aim to embed technology ----- teaching to support the learning process.

- A) By / at B) Of / during
C) As / from D) With / into
E) Beyond / in



ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

EDAT SORUSU: Teknolojinin günlük hayatımızın bir parçası olmasıyla **birlikte**, teknolojiyi müfredata entegre etme fikrini yeniden düşünmenin ve öğrenme sürecini desteklemek için teknolojiyi **öğretime** yerleştirmeyi hedeflemenin zamanı geldi.

- A) ile, tarafından / -de
- B) -nin / esnasında
- C) olarak / -den
- D) **by**: ile / into: içine
- E) ötesinde / içinde

18. ----- the scientific community expresses considerable confidence for frequently observed events, the community is particularly reluctant to ascribe levels of confidence to singular events.

- A) Whatever **isim**
- B) Even though
- C) As well as
- D) Meanwhile
- E) Just as

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

BAĞLAÇ SORUSU: Bilimsel camia sık gözlemlenen olaylara büyük bir güven ifade **etse de**, topluluk tekil olaylara güven düzeylerini atfetme konusunda özellikle isteksizdir.

- A) Whatever: Her neyse
- B) Even though, Although, Though: -se de, **rağmen** + Tam Cümle(**ZİTLİK**)
- C) Yanı sıra
- D) Bu arada
- E) Tipki gibi, iken

19. Shortly after the Space Race -----, the first objective was to get a person into Earth orbit as soon as possible, therefore the simplest spacecraft that could be launched by existing rockets -----.

- A) began / was favored
- B) begins / is favored
- C) has begun / had favored
- D) will begin / favored
- E) wil have begun / has been favored

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

ZAMAN SORUSU: Uzay Yarışı **başladıktan kısa bir süre sonra**, ilk hedef, bir kişiyi mümkün olan en kısa sürede Dünya yörungesine sokmaktı, bu nedenle mevcut roketlerle fırlatılabilen en basit uzay aracı **tercih edildi**.

- A) **başladı** / **tercih edildi**: ACTIVE PAST / PASSIVE PAST
- B) **başlar** / **tercih edilir**
- C) **başlamıştır** / **tercih etmiştir**
- D) **başlayacak** / **tercih etti**
- E) **başlamış olacak** / **tercih edilmişdir**

20. Compared to the Arctic, there ----- little overall change in Antarctic sea ice extent, which ----- daily from satellites over the last 40 years.

- A) is / had observed
- B) would be / is observing
- C) has been / has been observed
- D) was / will be observed
- E) will be / had observed

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

TENSE SORUSU: Kuzey Kutbu'na kıyasla, son 40 yılda her gün uydulardan **gözlemlenen** Antarktika'nın deniz buzu genişliğinde çok az değişiklik **olmuştur**.

- A) -dır / gözlemlenmişti
- B) olacaktı / gözlemliyor
- C) **olmuştur** / **gözlemlenmiştir**: ACTIVE PRESENT PERFECT / PASSIVE PRESENT PERFECT
- D) oldu / gözlemlenecek
- E) olacak / gözlemlemişti

ÖNEMLİ NOT: FİDOWSSURL bağlaçları PRESENT PERFECT/PRESENT PERFECT ~~CONTINUOUS~~ ile sıkça kullanılır.

*Don't judge each day by the harvest you reap
but by the seeds that you plant.*



B- CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA

1. ----- is educational technology, in particular the use of the computer in the language classroom.
- A) There has been much research on diverse aspects of teaching and learning a second language over the past thirty years
 - B) Because it is an indispensable part of the learning experience
 - C) The use of technology became a significant part of the learning process in and out of the classroom
 - D) Unless every language class uses various forms of technology
 - E) One of the most important developments affecting teachers and learners in language education programs

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E

Dil eğitimi programlarında öğretmenleri ve öğrencileri etkileyen en önemli gelişmelerden biri eğitim teknolojisidir, özellikle dil sınıfında bilgisayar kullanımıdır.

- A) Son otuz yılda ikinci bir dili öğretmenin ve öğrenmenin çeşitli yönleri üzerine çok sayıda araştırma yapılmıştır.
- B) Öğrenme deneyiminin vazgeçilmez bir parçası olduğu için
- C) Teknolojinin kullanımı, sınıf içinde ve dışında öğrenme sürecinin önemli bir parçası haline geldi
- D) Her dil sınıfı teknolojinin çeşitli biçimlerini kullanmadıkça
- E) Dil eğitimi programlarında öğretmenleri ve öğrencileri etkileyen en önemli gelişmelerden biri

2. -----, it seems pretty obvious that the software development world has some serious issues in diversity.

- A) Hardware development is divided into four general
- B) There were many specific software development processes related to spiral life-cycle model phases
- C) Although it is easy to become accustomed to it
- D) Software engineers also use knowledge of engineering principles and programming languages to develop computer games
- E) Development of the electronics for any product can be broken down into seven steps

CÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

Ona alışmak kolay olsa da, yazılım geliştirme dünyasının çeşitlilik konusunda bazı ciddi sorunları olduğu oldukça açık görünüyor.

- A) Donanım geliştirme dört genel aşamaya ayrılmıştır
- B) Spiral yaşam döngüsü modeliyle ilgili birçok özel yazılım geliştirme süreci vardır
- C) Ona alışmak kolay olsa da
- D) Yazılım mühendisleri ayrıca bilgisayar oyunları geliştirmek için mühendislik ilkeleri ve programlama dilleri bilgilerini kullanır.
- E) Herhangi bir ürün için elektronığın geliştirilmesi yedi adıma bölünebilir

3. -----, a therapist must first teach her self-discipline by making her go to a store and leave not buying anything.

- A) Many other factors besides kleptomania can cause a person to steal
- B) If a woman buys something in every store that she enters
- C) While some men love shopping, some women hate it
- D) The biggest difference in how men and women view the shopping
- E) As the possibility of buying from anywhere, at any time favoured the rise of online shopping

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

IF CONDITIONAL CLAUSE TYPE 1

Bir kadın girdiği her mağazadan bir şey satın alıyorsa, bir terapist önce onu bir mağazaya gidip hiçbir şey almamasını sağlayarak öz disiplini öğretmelidir.

- A) Kleptomaninin yanı sıra diğer birçok faktör bir kişinin çalmasına neden olabilir
 - B) Eğer bir kadın girdiği her mağazadan bir şey alıyorsa**
 - C) Bazı erkekler alışverişe bayılırken, bazı kadınlar bundan nefret ediyor
 - D) Erkeklerin ve kadınların alışverişe bakışındaki en büyük fark
 - E) Herhangi bir yerden, her zaman satın alma imkanı çevrimiçi alışverişin yükselişini desteklediğinden
4. Deaths and illnesses from air pollution are largely down to tiny, invisible airborne particles, known as particulate matter, -----.

- A) which can be as small as a molecule
- B) other causes of premature death are injuries and suicide
- C) and so Americans are living longer, with declines in premature mortality across most of the leading causes of death
- D) because three American tourists died in the Dominican Republic
- E) most deaths were caused by tumors, cardiovascular diseases, and external causes

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

RELATIVE CLAUSE

Hava kirliliğinden kaynaklanan ölümler ve hastalıklar, büyük ölçüde, **bir molekül kadar küçük olabilen**, partikül madde olarak bilinen, havadaki görünmez küçük partiküllerdir.

- A) bir molekül kadar küçük olabilen
- B) diğer erken ölüm nedenleri yaralanma ve intihardır
- C) ve bu nedenle Amerikalılar, önde gelen ölüm nedenlerinin çoğunla erken ölümlerdeki düşüşlerle daha uzun yaşıyorlar
- D) çünkü Dominik Cumhuriyeti'nde üç Amerikalı turist öldü
- E) çoğu ölümün nedeni tümörler, kardiyovasküler hastalıklar ve dış nedenlerdir

5. ----- because it is an integral part of the teachers' profession through which they can use it to facilitate learners' learning.

- A) Technology has always been important in teaching and learning environment
- B) Although teachers feel that they should support their learners to act and think independently
- C) In recent years several researches have been conducted on the advantages of learning different languages
- D) Students were able to control their own learning process by watching movies on Netflix
- E) It is high time to utilize technological activities in language classrooms

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

Teknoloji, öğretme ve öğrenme ortamında her zaman önemli olmuştur, çünkü öğretmenlerin mesleğinin, öğrencilerin öğrenimini kolaylaştırmak için kullanabilecekleri önemli bir parçasıdır.

- A) Teknoloji, öğretim ve öğrenim ortamında her zaman önemli olmuştur**
- B) Öğretmenler, öğrenenlerinin bağımsız hareket etmelerini ve düşünmelerini desteklemeleri gerektiğini düşünmelerine rağmen.
- C) Son yıllarda farklı dilleri öğrenmenin avantajları üzerine çeşitli araştırmalar yapılmıştır
- D) Öğrenciler, Netflix'te film izleyerek kendi öğrenme süreçlerini kontrol edebildiler
- E) Dil sınıflarında teknolojik etkinliklerden yararlanmanın tam zamanı

6. As far as community decision making is concerned, all adults of the same gender are more or less equal -----.

- A) because there was no economic class differentiation
- B) leaders generally have temporary political power at best
- C) but some individuals in a band may stand out for their skills and knowledge
- D) such a person will become an informal leader in the future
- E) in which there is an explicit expectation of immediate return

**ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C**

Toplumsal karar verme söz konusu olduğunda, aynı cinsiyetten tüm yetişkinler aşağı yukarı eşittir, **ancak bir gruptaki bazı kişiler becerileri ve bilgileri ile öne çıkabilir.**

- A) çünkü ekonomik sınıf farklılaşması yoktu
- B) liderler genellikle en iyi ihtimalle geçici siyasi güç sahiptir
- C) ancak bir gruptaki bazı kişiler becerileri ve bilgileri ile öne çıkabilir**
- D) böyle bir kişi gelecekte gayri resmi bir lider olacak
- E) açık bir anda geri dönüş bekłentisinin olduğu

7. The first connection between electric and magnetic effects was discovered by Danish physicist Hans Christian Ørsted in 1820 -----.

- A) William Gilbert initiated the careful study of magnetic phenomena in the late 16th century
- B) electric and magnetic fields are also vector fields
- C) if the sources of classical electromagnetic waves are accelerating electric charges
- D) when he found that electric currents produce magnetic forces
- E) Faraday's conception of electric and magnetic effects laid the groundwork for Maxwell's equations

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

Elektrik ve manyetik etkiler arasındaki ilk bağlantı, 1820'de Danimarkalı fizikçi Hans Christian Ørsted tarafından **elektrik akımlarının manyetik kuvvetler ürettiğini bulduğunda** keşfetti.

- A) William Gilbert, 16. yüzyılın sonlarında manyetik olayların dikkatli incelemesini başlattı
- B) elektrik ve manyetik alanlar da vektör alanlarıdır
- C) eğer klasik elektromanyetik dalgaların kaynakları elektrik yüklerini hızlandırırsa
- D) elektrik akımlarının manyetik kuvvetler ürettiğini bulduğunda**
- E) Faraday'ın elektrik ve manyetik etkiler anlayışı, Maxwell denklemlerinin temelini oluşturdu

8. -----, it has been practiced throughout history.

- A) Forests currently cover about 30 percent of the world's landmass
- B) More land should be available for housing and urbanization
- C) Though deforestation has increased rapidly in the past 50 years
- D) If 90 percent of continental United States' indigenous forest had been removed
- E) Because most of the world's remaining indigenous forest is located in Canada, Russia and the Northwestern Amazon basin

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

Ormansızlaşma son 50 yılda hızla artmış olmasına rağmen, tarih boyunca uygulanmaktadır.

- A) Ormanlar şu anda dünyanın toprak kütlelerinin yaklaşık yüzde 30'unu kapsamaktadır.
- B) Konut ve kentleşme için daha fazla arazi bulunmalıdır.
- C) Ormansızlaşma son 50 yılda hızla artmış olmasına rağmen,**
- D) Kita Amerika Birleşik Devletleri yerli ormanın yüzde 90'ı kaldırılmış olsaydı,
- E) Dünyanın kalan yerli ormanın çoğu Kanada, Rusya ve Kuzeybatı Amazon havzasında bulunduğuundan,

9. -----, it would be regarded as a disaster both at home and abroad.

- A) Because nuclear power generation in China fell by 10% last year
- B) As South Korea had enjoyed a big economic advantage over North Korea
- C) Since unrest and even insurgency are widespread in many countries
- D) If China's growth rate were to fall to 5% or less
- E) Though India and China are new major economic powers

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

Bu soruda **If Type 2** yapısı, şart bildirmektedir.

Çin'in büyümeye oranı % 5 veya altına düşerse, hem yurt içinde hem de yurt dışında felaket olarak kabul edilirdi.

- A) Çünkü Çin'de nükleer enerji üretimi geçen yıl % 10 düştü
 - B) Güney Kore, Kuzey Kore'ye göre büyük bir ekonomik avantaj elde ettiği için
 - C) Pek çok ülkede huzursuzluk ve hatta isyan yaygın olduğundan
 - D) Çin'in büyümeye oranı % 5 ve  tına düşerse
 - E) Hindistan ve Çin yeni büyük ekonomik güçler olsa da
- 10. In the modern age, there are plenty of science-fiction stories -----.**
- A) Freud and Jung were the worthy successors of these great explorers of the imagination
 - B) in which a person's "life energy" can be boosted or drained away
 - C) if we transcended the one-dimensional perceptions of our this-worldly ego personalities, we could be aware of realities far beyond physical reality
 - D) as we know scientifically that the mind of an infant at birth is empty
 - E) in fact, the related anecdotes hadn't been all exactly seen scientific scrutiny

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

Modern çağda, **bir insanın "yaşam enerjisi" nin arttırlabileceği ya da tüketebilecegi** birçok bilim kurgu hikâyesi vardır.

- A) Freud ve Jung, hayal gücünün bu büyük kâşiflerinin değerli ardılılarıydı.
- B) bir insanın "yaşam enerjisi" nin artırlabileceği ya da tüketebilecegi**
- C) eğer bu dünyasal ego kişiliklerimizin tek boyutlu algılarını aşmış olsaydık, fiziksel gerçekliğin çok ötesinde gerçeklerin farkında olabilirdik.
- D) bilimsel olarak bildiğimiz gibi doğumda bir bebeğin zihninin boş olduğunu
- E) aslında, ilgili anekdotlar tam olarak bilimsel inceleme yapılmamıştır.

**When you reach the end of your rope,
tie a knot in it and hang on.**

C- ÇEVİRİ

- 1. Carl Sandburg, known as the "Chicago Poet", spent most of his life in Illinois, where he had been born, though he travelled extensively around the country.**

- A) "Şikago Ozanı" olarak bilinen Carl Sandburg, ülke içinde çok seyahat etmiş olsa da yaşamının çoğunu, doğmuş olduğu Illinois'de geçirdi.
- B) Ülke içinde uzun seyahatlere çıkışmış olan Carl Sandburg, yaşamının büyük bir bölümünü doğup büyüğü Illinois'de geçirdiği için "Şikago Ozanı" olarak tanınmıştır.
- C) Carl Sandburg, yaşamının çoğunu ülkeyi baştanbaşa dolaşarak geçirmiş olsa da Illinois'de doğduğu için "Şikago Ozanı" olarak bilinir.
- D) Yaşamının tamamını, doğup büyüğü Illinois'de geçiren Carl Sandburg "Şikago Ozanı" olarak tanınmış ve ülke içinde sık sık seyahat etmiştir.
- E) Carl Sandburg, ülke içinde pek çok kez seyahate çıkışmış ise de yaşamının çoğunu doğum yeri Illinois'de geçirdiği için "Şikago Ozanı" olarak tanınmıştır.

ÇÖZÜM:  u Cevap A

A şıklıkındaki cümlede 2 adet Sıfat Cümleciği ve 1 Zarf Cümleciği vardır.

- 2. It seems likely that the recession in the tourism sector will continue throughout the year and so many hotels may be permanently closed during summer.**

- A) Yatırım uzmanlarına göre, bu yıl içinde ekonomik bir kriz görüleceği ve bu yüzden çok sayıda otelin yaz aylarında tamamen kapanacağı kesindir.
- B) Görünüşe bakılırsa, turizm sektöründeki ekonomik daralma yaz aylarında da sürecek ve dolayısıyla bazı oteller kapanacaktır.
- C) Bütün yıl boyunca devam eden bunalım ekonomik kriz sonucunda, birçok otelin yaz aylarında süresiz olarak kapanması kaçınılmaz görünüyor.
- D) Turizm sektöründeki durgunluğun yıl boyunca devam edeceği ve bu yüzden pek çok otelin yaz boyunca kalıcı olarak kapanabileceği muhtemel görünüyor.
- E) Çoklu otelin yazın süresiz kapanmasına neden olabilecek ekonomik durgunluk, turizm sektöründe yıl boyunca devam edecek gibi görünüyor.

**ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D**

D seçeneğindeki and so (ve bu yüzden) bağlacı ipucudur.

3. Women of today think of themselves not just as mothers but as people who spend most of their lives working outside the home.

- A) Günümüzde evlerinin dışında çalışan anneler, isteki zamanlarının çoğunu evde bıraktıkları çocukların düşünerek geçiriyorlar.
- B) Günümüzün kadınları kendilerini yalnızca anne olarak değil, yaşamlarının çoğunu evin dışında çalışarak geçiren kişiler olarak düşünüyorlar.
- C) Günümüz kadınları, yaşamlarının büyük bir bölümünü dışarıda çalışarak geçirse de, anne olarak da üzerlerine düşen görevleri fazlaıyla yapıyorlar.
- D) Günümüzde, zamanlarının çoğunu dışarıda geçiren kadınlar kendilerinin yalnızca anne olarak düşünülmesine şiddetle karşı çıkmıyorlar.
- E) Günümüzde hem anne olan hem de dışarıda çalışan kadınlar işte geçirdikleri sürenin çok daha kısa olması gerektiğini düşünüyorlar.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

B seçeneğindeki not just...but... kalımı ipucudur.

4. Geologists suggest that rocks, which contain exactly the same type of fossil, may have been formed at approximately the same time.

- A) Kayaların içinde bulunan aynı tip fosilleri inceleyen jeologlar, bunların kabaca aynı dönemde oluştularını ortaya koymuşlardır.
- B) Jeologlar, aynı dönemde oluşmuş olan kayaların içinde tamamen aynı tip fosil bulunabileceği görüşündedirler.
- C) Jeologların incelediği kayaların tamamen aynı tip fosilleri içermesi, bunların aynı zamanda oluştuğunu göstermektedir.
- D) Jeologlar, tamamen aynı tip fosil içeren kayaların aşağı yukarı aynı zamanda oluşmuş olabileceklerini ileri sürmektedirler.
- E) Jeologlar, aşağı yukarı aynı dönemde oluşmuş olan kayaların aynı tip fosil içerdiklerini belirlemişlerdir.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

1 Sıfat Cümleciğinin bulunduğu D seçeneğinin yüklemi (suggest) ipucudur.

5. Many people are unaware of the danger, but air and water pollution are slowly destroying the ecological balance of nature.

- A) Hala pek çok kişi, doğanın ekolojik dengesinin bozulmasına hava ve su kirliliğini neden olduğunun farkında değil.
- B) Birçok kişi kabul etmesse de, doğanın ekolojik dengesinin bozulmasına havanın ve suyun tehlikeli biçimde kirletilmesi neden olmaktadır.
- C) Pek çok kişi tehlikenin farkında değildir, ancak hava ve su kirliliği doğanın ekolojik dengesini yavaş yavaş bozmaktadır.
- D) Çoğu kişinin de kabul ettiği gibi doğanın ekolojik dengesinin bozulması ancak hava ve su kirliliğinin kontrol altına alınması ile önlenebilir.
- E) Doğanın ekolojik dengesini tehdit eden hava ve su kirliliğine rağmen, pek çok kişi hala bilincsizce davranışmaya devam ediyor.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

C seçeneğindeki but (ancak) bağlacı ipucudur.

6. The main purpose of rural development strategies and policies is to enable underdeveloped societies or communities in the world to develop themselves in agricultural, economic and socio-cultural fields through self-help and external support.
- A) Kırsal kalkınma programlarının esas amacı, dünyanın az gelişmiş toplum veya topluluklarının tarımsal, ekonomik ve sosyo-kültürel alanlarda kendi kendilerine yardım ve dışarıdan destek yöntemi ile kalkınmalarına yardımcı olmaktadır.
- B) Dünyanın az gelişmiş toplum veya topluluklarının tarımsal, ekonomik ve sosyo-kültürel alanlarda kendi kendilerine yardım ve dışarıdan destek yöntemi ile kalkınmalarına yardım etmek amacıyla, kırsal kalkınma çalışmaları yapılmaktadır.
- C) Kırsal kalkınma stratejilerinin ve politikalarının temel amacı, dünyadaki az gelişmiş toplumlardan veya toplulukların kendi kendine yardım ve dış destek yoluyla tarımsal, ekonomik ve sosyo-kültürel alanlarda kendilerini geliştirmelerini sağlamaktır.
- D) Kırsal kalkınma programlarının asıl amacı, dünyanın az gelişmiş toplum veya topluluklarının tarımsal, ekonomik ve sosyo-kültürel alanlarda kendi kendilerine yardım ve dışarıdan destek yöntemi ile kalkınmalarına yardımcı olmaktadır.
- E) Kırsal kalkınma strateji ve politikaları, dünyanın geri kalmış ülkelerindeki toplum veya toplulukların tarımsal, ekonomik ve sosyo-kültürel alanlarda desteklenmesiyle kalkınmalarına yardımcı olmayı amaçlamaktadır.
7. Sivil itaatsizlik söz konusu olduğunda, nihai çözüm, tüm bireylerin mutluluk ve refah içinde yaşayabildiği, ihtiyaç ve arzularına saygı duyulan ve herhangi bir sorunu çözmek için iletişim kanallarının istediği bir toplumdur.
- A) Thanks to civil disobedience, all individuals can live in happiness and prosperity, their needs and desires are respected, and a society where communication channels operate to solve any problem is created.
- B) When it comes to civil disobedience, the first solution that comes to mind is a society where all individuals can live in happiness and prosperity, where their needs and desires are respected, and communication channels are kept open to solve problems.
- C) In a democratic society with civil disobedience, everyone can live in happiness and prosperity, wishes and dreams come true, and communication channels are constantly kept open to solve all problems.
- D) When it comes to civil disobedience, the ultimate solution is a society in which all individuals can live in happiness and peace, where their needs and desires are respected, and communication channels work to overcome problems.
- E) As far as civil disobedience is concerned, the ultimate solution is a society in which all individuals are able to live in happiness and prosperity, with their needs and desires respected and channels of communication functioning to resolve any problems.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

C seçeneğinin yüklemi is to enable (sağlamaktır) ipucudur.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E

E seçeneğindeki As far as ... is concerned kalibi ipucudur.



8. Fransa hükümeti ile muhalefetin, nitelikli yabancıların Fransa'ya yerleşmelerini kolaylaştırmak için yeni bir yasa taslağı üzerinde anlaşmaya varmaları bekleniyor.

- A) The French government hopes to agree with the opposition on a new skeleton law that will make it easier for qualified foreigners to settle in France.
- B) The new regulation, on which the French government and the opposition agreed, is expected to facilitate the settlement of qualified foreigners in France.
- C) The French government and its opposition are expected to adopt a new skeleton law soon, which will make it easier for qualified foreigners to work in France.
- D) The French government and the opposition are expected to agree on a new skeleton law to make it easier for qualified foreigners to settle in France.
- E) It is stated that the French opposition parties have agreed with the government on a new skeleton law that will enable qualified foreigners to settle in France more easily.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

D seçeneğinin yüklemi are expected to agree on (anlaşmaya varmaları bekleniyor) ipucudur.

9. Av yönetmelikleri, avlanmanın tehdit altındaki veya nesli tükenmeye olan türlerde zarar vermeden ve ticari ve eğlence faaliyetlerini etkilemeden güvenli ve sorumlu bir şekilde yapılmasını sağlar.

- A) Hunting should be done safely and responsibly, without giving harm to threatened or endangered species and without affecting commercial and recreational activities.
- B) Hunting regulations ensure that hunting is conducted safely and responsibly, without causing harm to endangered species and without affecting commercial activities.
- C) As to hunting regulations, hunting must be done safely and responsibly, without giving harm to threatened or endangered species and without affecting commercial and recreational facilities.
- D) Hunting regulations ensure that hunting is done safely and responsibly, without causing harm to threatened or endangered species and without affecting commercial and recreational activity.
- E) All hunting regulations ensure that hunting is performed safely and responsibly, without damaging endangered species and affecting business activities.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

D seçeneğindeki özne ile yüklenin uyumu ipucudur.

10. Kurtarma ekipleri, dün sabah şiddetli bir depremin bölgeyi tamamen harap etmesinden sonra güney Pakistan'ın ücra bir vilayetinde yaklaşık 1000 kişinin hayatını kaybetmiş olabileceğini tahmin ediyor.

- A) Rescuers estimate that approximately 1000 people may have died in a remote province of southern Pakistan after a severe earthquake completely devastated the area yesterday morning.
- B) After a severe earthquake had completely devastated the area yesterday morning, more than 1000 people died in a remote province of southern Pakistan.
- C) Rescuers reported that over 1000 people died in a far province of southern Pakistan when a severe earthquake fully devastated the area yesterday morning.
- D) As a result of a severe earthquake, a remote town of southern Pakistan was fully devastated yesterday morning, and nearly 1000 people died.
- E) Rescuers think that up to 1000 people died in a remote province of southern Pakistan after a severe earthquake had entirely ruined the area yesterday morning.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

1'er adet **İsim** ve Zarf Cümleciği içeren A seçeneğinin yüklemi **estimate** (tahmin ediyor) ipucudur.

11. Avustralya, ormansızlaşma açısından dünyanın en kötü gelişmiş ülkelerinden biridir, çünkü on milyonlarca yerli hayvan öldürülüyor ve nesli tükenmekte olan ormanlar ve ormanlık alanlar yok ediliyor.

- A) Australia is known as the worst developed country in the world for broadscale deforestation because tens of millions of native animals are killed and endangered forests and woodlands wiped out.
- B) Since tens of millions of native animals are killed and endangered forests and woodlands wiped out, Australia is accepted as the worst country in the world for deforestation.
- C) Australia is one of the worst developed countries in the world for deforestation because tens of millions of native animals are killed and endangered forests and woodlands wiped out.
- D) Australia is one of the worst developed countries in the world for broadscale deforestation as tens of millions of animals are killed and endangered forests and woodlands eradicated.
- E) Australia is the worst country in the world for deforestation because tens of millions of animals are killed and endangered forests and woodlands wiped out.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

C seçeneğindeki **because** (çünkü) bağlacı ipucudur.



12. Temel amacı insanların mutluluğunu ve yaşam düzeylerini artırmaya yönelik olan kırsal kalkınma programları, ancak insan kaynaklarının geliştirilmesi ile mümkün olabilir.

- A) Rural development programs, the main purpose of which is to increase the happiness and living standards of people, can only be possible with the development of human resources.
- B) Without developing human resources, it is impossible to implement rural development programs, whose purpose is to increase the life standards of people living in the suburbs.
- C) Rural development programs, whose purpose is to improve the life standards of poor people in the villages, can only be feasible through the development of human resources.
- D) The main purpose of rural development programs is to increase the happiness and living standards of the people living in the village, and this can only be achieved by increasing human resources.
- E) Rural development programs, the main purpose of which is to improve the happiness and living standards of people, may be more effective with the development of human resources.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

1 Sıfat Cümleciği içeren A seçeneğinin yüklemi can only be possible (ancak ...mükün olabilir) ipucudur.

Spread love everywhere you go.

D- OKUMA PARÇASIYLA İLGİLİ SORULAR

Grammar is complex for the majority of foreign language learners. By changing word sequences and by adding a range of auxiliary verbs and suffixes, we are able to communicate tiny variations in meaning. We can turn a statement into a question, state whether an action has taken place or is soon to take place, and perform many other word tricks to convey subtle differences in meaning. Nor is this complexity inherent to the English language. All languages, even those of so-called 'primitive' tribes have clever grammatical components. The Cherokee pronoun system, for example, can distinguish between 'you and I'. Grammar is universal and plays a part in every language, no matter how widespread it is. So the question for many linguists is who created grammar? At first, it seems impossible to answer this question. To find out how grammar is created, someone needs to be present at the time of a language's creation, documenting its emergence. Many historical linguists are able to trace modern complex languages back to earlier languages, but in order to answer the question of how complex languages are actually formed; the researcher needs to observe how languages are started from "scratch". Amazingly, however, this is possible.

1. The author of the passage gives information about the Cherokee language -----.

- A) as grammatical patterns are quite easy for most of foreign language learners
- B) so as to indicate how English grammar differs from Cherokee grammar
- C) to prove that complex grammar structures were invented by the Cherokees
- D) in order to demonstrate how difficult it is to learn the Cherokee language
- E) to show how simple, traditional cultures can have complicated grammar structures

2. According to the passage, -----.

- A) most historical linguists can date modern intricate languages back to former languages
- B) with the rise of historical linguistics in the 19th century, linguistics became a science
- C) Diachronic Linguistics is associated with the study of phonological, grammatical, and semantic changes
- D) grammar has nothing to do with learning a foreign language
- E) no linguist wonders how grammar is emerged

3. In the passage, the word 'scratch' means -----.

- A) in only simple and primitive societies
- B) from the very beginning
- C) by copying something else
- D) in the near future
- E) by using written information

Dilbilgisi, yabancı dil öğrenenlerin çoğunluğu için karmaşıktır. Sözcük dizilerini değiştirerek ve bir dizi yardımcı fiil ve son ek ekleyerek, anlam bakımından küçük farklılıklarını iletebiliriz. Bir ifadeyi bir soruya dönüştürebilir, bir eylemin gerçekleşip gerçekleşmediğini veya yakında gerçekleşip gerçekleşmeyeceğini belirleyebilir ve anlamdaki ince farklılıkları iletmek için pek çok başka kelime hilesi gerçekleştirebiliriz. Bu karmaşıklık, İngilizceye özgü değildir. Bütün diller, 'ilkel' kabileler bile olsa, zeki gramer bileyenlerine sahiptir. Örneğin, Cherokee zamir sistemi 'sen ve ben' arasında ayrıml yapabilir. Dilbilgisi evrenseldir ve ne kadar yaygın olursa olsun, her dilde rol oynamaktadır. Öyleyse birçok dilbilimci için soru, dilbilgisini kim yaratmıştır? İlk başta, bu soruyu cevaplamak imkânsız görünüyor. Dilbilgisinin nasıl oluşturulduğunu bulmak için, bir dilin yapılması sırasında ortaya çıkışmasını belgeleyen birinin bulunması gereklidir. Birçok tarihi dilbilimci, modern karmaşık dilleri daha önceki dillere kadar izleyebilir, ancak karmaşık dillerin gerçekten nasıl olduğu sorusunu yanıtlamak için araştırmacının, dillerin en baştan nasıl başladığını gözlemlemesi gereklidir. Şaşırtıcı, ancak bu mümkündür.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E

1. Parçanın yazarı ----- Cherokee dili hakkında bilgi verir.

- A) gramer kalıpları yabancı dil öğrenenlerin çoğu için oldukça kolay olduğundan
- B) İngilizcenin gramerinin Cherokee gramerinden ne kadar farklı olduğunu göstermek amacıyla
- C) karmaşık gramer yapılarının Cherokee tarafından icat edildiğini ispatlamak için
- D) Cherokee dilini öğrenmenin ne kadar zor olduğunu göstermek için
- E) geleneksel kültürlerin ne kadar basit, karmaşık gramer yapılarına sahip olabileceğini göstermek için



ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

2. Parçaya göre, -----.

- A) çoğu tarihi dilbilimci modern karmaşık dilleri eski dillerine döndürebilir
- B) 19. yüzyılda tarihsel dilbilimin yükselişyle, dilbilim bir bilim haline geldi
- C) Diachronic Dilbilimi, fonolojik, gramer ve semantik değişimlerin incelenmesi ile ilişkilidir.
- D) gramerin yabancı dil öğrenmekle hiç ilgisi yoktur
- E) hiçbir dilbilimci gramerin nasıl ortaya çıktığını merak etmez

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

3. Parçada ‘başlangıç çizgisi’ kelimesi ----- anlamına gelir.

- A) sadece basit ve ilkel toplumlarda
- B) **en baştan itibaren**
- C) başka bir şeyi kopyalayarak
- D) yakın gelecekte
- E) yazılı bilgileri kullanarak

In earlier centuries the Antarctic was thought to be a huge continent in the southern hemisphere. People thought that it had existed around the South Pole, balancing the land masses in the North Pole. Its real size was better understood in the 18th century, especially when Captain Cook sailed for the first time south of the Antarctic Circle and reached the tip of the ice pack. In 1820 an Irish master mariner sighted uncharted lands south of Cape Horn. Explorers from other countries also explored several portions of the coast-line and recorded elaborate documents about their observations. However, from the stand point of these documents, the first extensive exploration was made by a British explorer Captain James Clarke Ross in 1841 when a large part of the Antarctic was discovered. He sailed to both the Arctic and the Antarctic.

4. It is clear from the passage that -----.

- A) the first discovery of the continent had been conducted by Christopher Columbus
- B) very few explorers were discouraged from sailing for the north of the Antarctic
- C) explorers from different countries vied for each other to conquer of the continent
- D) Captain Cook decided to embark on a second voyage of discovery following various earlier reports about the Antarctic
- E) Captain Ross took part in an international project studying the ice-pack of the continent

5. It is stated in the passage that the rich natural resources of the Antarctic became only known to the outside world -----.

- A) when the first serious expedition into the interior of the Antarctic started
- B) with Captain Cook’s voyage in the 18th century
- C) if accurate assessments of the size of the Antarctic could be made
- D) after multi-national projects for the exploration of the Antarctic had been implemented
- E) until people noticed how small the land mass was

6. According to the passage, in the past it was presumed that the large land mass around the North Pole -----.

- A) would be better understood from the beginning of 19th century
- B) seemed to be inscrutable, and thus, could not be made clear
- C) must have been in equilibrium by similar range of land mass around the South Pole
- D) had a stable and invariant boundary of coast without having any particular destination
- E) did not have a good sample in the southern hemisphere

Daha önceki yüzyıllarda Antarktika, güney yarımkürede büyük bir kıta olarak düşünülmüştü. İnsanlar, Kuzey Kutbu'ndaki kara kütelerini dengeleyerek Güney Kutbu çevresinde bulunduğu düşünmüştürlerdir. Asıl büyülüğu, 18. yüzyılda, özellikle Kaptan Cook, Antarktika Çemberinin güneyinde ilk kez yelken açıp buz torbasının ucuna ulaştığında daha iyi anlaşıldı. 1820'de bir İrlandalı usta denizci Cape Horn'un güneyinde keşfedilmemiş toprakları gördü. Başka ülkelerden gelen araştırmacılar ayrıca sahil şeridinin birkaç bölümünü araştırdılar ve gözlemleriyle ilgili ayrıntılı belgeler kaydettiler. Ancak, bu belgelerin bakış açısından, ilk kapsamlı keşif, Antarktika'nın büyük bir bölümünün keşfedilmesiyle 1841'de İngiliz kaşif Kaptan James Clarke Ross tarafından yapılmıştır. Arktik ve Antarktika'ya yelken açtı.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

4. Parçada açıktır ki -----.

- A) kıtanın ilk keşfi Christopher Columbus tarafından yapılmıştır
- B) çok az sayıda kâşif Antarktika'nın kuzeyine yelken açmaktan vazgeçti
- C) kitayı fethetmek için farklı ülkelerden araştırmacılar birbirleriyle rekabet etti
- D) Kaptan Cook, Antarktika hakkındaki daha önceki raporlardan sonra ikinci bir keşif yolculuğuna çıkmaya karar verdi

- E) Kaptan Ross, kıtadaki buz torbasını inceleyen uluslararası bir projede yer aldı

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

5. Parçada ----- Antarktika'nın zengin doğal kaynaklarının sadece dış dünyaca bilindiği belirtildi.

- A) Antarktika'nın içine ilk ciddi sefer başladığında
- B) Kaptan Cook'un 18. yüzyıldaki yolculuğu ile
- C) eğer Antarktika'nın büyüklüğü ile ilgili doğru değerlendirmeler yapılabilselerdi
- D) Antarktika'nın araştırılması için çok uluslu projeler yapıldıktan sonra
- E) insanlar kara kütlesinin ne kadar küçük olduğunu görene kadar

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

6. Parçaya göre, geçmişte Kuzey Kutbu çevresindeki büyük kara kütlesinin ----- olduğu varsayılmıştır.

- A) 19. yüzyılın başından beri daha iyi anlaşılabılır
- B) anlaşılmaz gibi görünüyor ve netleştirilemedi.
- C) Güney Kutbu çevresindeki benzer kara kütlesinin alanı ile dengede olmalıdır
- D) belirli bir varış noktasına sahip olmadan, kıyının sabit ve değişmez bir sınırı vardı
- E) güney yarımkürede iyi bir örnek yoktu

The way to get started is to quit talking and begin doing.



E- PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA

1. History is the study of the past in all its forms. Philosophy of history examines the theoretical foundations of the practice, application, and social consequences of history and historiography. It is similar to other area studies in two respects. ----. Second, as is the case with the other area-studies, philosophy of history investigates problems that are unique to its subject matter.
 - A) In fact, Greece and Rome produced a number of important historians and chroniclers.
 - B) First, philosophy of history utilizes the best theories in the core areas of philosophy such as metaphysics, epistemology, and ethics.
 - C) Perhaps the most common complaint against the Hegelians was that their speculative systems overlooked the empirical facts of history.
 - D) Sacred-history thus tends to provide an overarching narrative about the meaning of human existence.
 - E) The wars, famines, and natural disasters that pervade history should be seen as nature's instruments.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

Tarih, tüm biçimleriyle geçmişin incelenmesidir. Tarih felsefesi, tarih ve tarih yazımının pratiğinin, uygulamasının ve sosyal sonuçlarının teorik temellerini inceler. Diğer alan çalışmalarına iki yönden benzer. **Birincisi, tarih felsefesi, metafizik, epistemoloji ve etik gibi felsefenin temel alanlarında en iyi teorileri kullanır.** İkincisi, diğer alan araştırmalarında olduğu gibi, tarih felsefesi kendi konusuna özgü sorunları araştırır.

- A) Aslında, Yunanistan ve Roma bir dizi önemli tarihçi ve kronik yazarı yetiştirdi.
- B) Birincisi, tarih felsefesi metafizik, epistemoloji ve etik gibi felsefenin temel alanlarında en iyi teorileri kullanır.**
- C) Belki de Hegelciler aleyhindeki en yaygın şikayet, spekulatif sistemlerinin tarihin empirik gerçeklerini göz ardı etmesiydi.
- D) Kutsal tarih, bu nedenle insan varoluşunun anlamı hakkında kapsamlı bir anlatı sağlama eğilimindedir.
- E) Tarihi saran savaşlar, kıtlıklar ve doğal afetler, doğanın araçları olarak görülmeliidir.

2. After becoming Chancellor of Germany in 1933, Hitler swiftly consolidated power, anointing himself "supreme leader" in 1934. Obsessed with the idea of the superiority of the "pure" German race, which he called "Aryan," Hitler believed that war was the only way to gain the necessary "Lebensraum," or living space, for the German race to expand. In the mid-1930s, he secretly began the rearmament of Germany, a violation of the Versailles Treaty. ----. Hitler's open aggression went unchecked, as the United States and Soviet Union were concentrated on internal politics at the time, and neither France nor Britain were eager for confrontation.
 - A) After signing alliances with Italy and Japan against the Soviet Union, Hitler sent troops to occupy Austria in 1938 and the following year annexed Czechoslovakia.
 - B) The devastation of the World War had greatly destabilized Europe.
 - C) The attack on Pearl Harbor served to unify American public opinion in favor of entering World War II.
 - D) World War II proved to be the deadliest international conflict in history, taking the lives of nearly 70 million people.
 - E) World War I began in 1914 after the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand and lasted until 1918.

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap A

1933'te Almanya Şansölyesi olduktan sonra, Hitler iktidarını hızla sağlamıştı ve 1934'te kendini "yükse lider" olarak belirledi. "Aryan" olarak adlandırdığı "saç" Alman ırkının üstünlüğü fikrine takıntılı olan Hitler, Alman ırkının genişlemesi için gerekli "Lebensraum" ya da yaşam alanını kazanmanın tek yolunun savaş olduğuna inanıyordu. 1930'ların ortalarında, gizlice Almanya'nın yeniden silahlandırmasına başladı, Versay Antlaşması'nı ihlal etti. **İtalya ve Japonya ile Sovyetler Birliği'ne karşı ittifaklar imzalayan Hitler, 1938'de Avusturya'yı işgal etmek için asker gönderdi ve ertesi yıl Çekoslovakya'yı ilhak etti.** ABD ve Sovyetler Birliği o dönemde iç politikaya yoğunlaştıklarından ve ne Fransa ne de İngiltere çatışma için istekli olmadıklarından, Hitler'in açık saldırganlığı denetlenmedi.

- A) İtalya ve Japonya ile Sovyetler Birliği'ne karşı ittifaklar imzalayan Hitler, 1938'de Avusturya'yı işgal etmek için asker gönderdi ve ertesi yıl Çekoslovakı'yı ilhak etti.
- B) Dünya Savaşı'nın yıkımı Avrupa'yı büyük ölçüde istikrarsızlaştırmıştı.
- C) Pearl Harbor saldırısı, Amerikan kamuoyunu II. Dünya Savaşı'na girme lehine birleştirmeye hizmet etti.
- D) II. Dünya Savaşı, yaklaşık 70 milyon insanın yaşamını alarak tarihin en ölümcül uluslararası çatışması oldu.
- E) I. Dünya Savaşı, Arşidük Franz Ferdinand'in öldürülmesinden sonra 1914'te başladı ve 1918'e kadar sürdü.
3. In 1887 physicists were feeling pretty smug about their subject. They thought they understood reality well, and that the future would just be one of ever more precise measurements. ----. The next three decades turned physics on its head, with the discovery of electrons, atomic nuclei, radioactivity, quantum theory and the theory of relativity. But the grit in the pearl for all this was a strange observation made that year by two researchers called Albert Michelson and Edward Morley that the speed of light was constant, no matter how fast the observer was travelling.
- A) Atoms sticking together in molecules or crystals are said to be bonded with one another
- B) Space is the boundless, three-dimensional extent in which objects and events occur and have relative position and direction
- C) They could not have been more wrong
- D) In fact, physicians and surgeons were once members of separate professions, and traditionally were rivals
- E) Physics also made significant contributions through advances in new technologies arising from theoretical breakthroughs

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

1887'de fizikçiler branşları hakkında oldukça kendini beğenmiş hissediyorlardı. Gerçeği iyi anladıklarını ve geleceğin her zamankinden daha kesin ölçümlerden biri olacağını düşündüler. Onlar daha fazla yanıldamazlardı. Sonraki otuz yıl, elektronların, atom çekirdeklerinin, radyoaktivitenin, kuantum teorisinin ve görelilik teorisinin keşfedilmesiyle fiziki tersine çevirdi. Ancak tüm bunların incisi, o yıl Albert Michelson ve Edward Morley adlı iki araştırmacı tarafından, gözlemci ne kadar hızlı seyahat ederse etsin, ışık hızının sabit olduğu yolunda yapılan tuhaf bir gözlemdi.

- A) Moleküller veya kristaller halinde birbirine yapışan atomların birbirine bağlı olduğu söylenir.
- B) Uzay, nesnelerin ve olayların meydana geldiği ve göreceli konum ve yöne sahip olduğu sınırsız, üç boyutlu boyuttur.
- C) Onlar daha fazla yanıldamazlardı.
- D) Aslında, doktorlar ve cerrahlar bir zamanlar ayrı mesleklerin üyeleriymiş ve geleneksel olarak rakiplerdi
- E) Fizik, teorik atılımlardan kaynaklanan yeni teknolojilerdeki ilerlemeler yoluyla da önemli katkılarında bulundu.
4. Eye banks are organizations that distribute corneal tissue taken from deceased persons for eye grafts. ----. With present techniques, such tissue can be kept alive for only 48 hours, but current experiments in preserving human corneas by freezing give hope of extending its useful life for months. Eye banks also preserve and distribute vitreous humor, the liquid within the larger chamber of the eye, for use in treatment of detached retinas.
- A) Each eye also has a tear gland, or lacrimal organ, situated at the outside corner of the eye
- B) The most common disease of the eyelids is hordeolum, known generally as a sty
- C) In the normal eye accommodation is not necessary for seeing distant objects
- D) The first eye bank was opened in New York City in 1945
- E) Blindness caused by cloudiness or scarring of the cornea can sometimes be cured by surgical removal of the affected portion of the corneal tissue

**ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E**

Göz bankaları, göz organ nakli için ölen kişilerden alınan kornea dokusunu taşıyan kuruluşlardır. Korneanın bulanıklığının veya yara izinin neden olduğu körlük, bazen kornea dokusunun etkilenen kısmının cerrahi olarak çıkarılmasıyla tedavi edilebilir. Mevcut tekniklerle, bu tür doku yalnızca 48 saat canlı tutulabilir, ancak insan kornealarını dondurarak korumaya yönelik mevcut deneyler, yararlı ömrünün aylarca uzatılması umidini vermektedir. Göz bankaları ayrıca, ayrılmış retinaların tedavisinde kullanılmak üzere, gözün daha büyük odası içindeki sıvı olan vütröz mizahı korur ve dağıtır.

- A) Her gözde ayrıca gözün dış köşesinde yer alan bir gözyaşı bezî veya gözyaşı organı vardır.
- B) Göz kapaklarının en yaygın hastalığı, genellikle arpacık olarak bilinen hordeolumdur.
- C) Normal gözlerde uzaktaki cisimleri görmek için uyum gereklidir.
- D) İlk göz bankası 1945'te New York'ta açıldı.
- E) Korneanın bulanıklığının veya yara izinin neden olduğu körlük, bazen kornea dokusunun etkilenen kısmının cerrahi olarak çıkarılmasıyla tedavi edilebilir.

Life is what happens when you are busy making other plans.

F- PARAGRAFTA ANLAM BÜTÜNLÜĞÜNÜ BOZAN CÜMLEYİ BULMA (İLGİSİZ CÜMLEYİ BULMA)

- (I) Language and culture are intertwined. (II) A particular language usually points out to a specific group of people. (III) When you interact with another language, it means that you are also interacting with the culture that speaks the language. (IV) Cross-cultural researchers also generate findings about the minority and immigrant groups and about the interactions of different cultural groups when they come together. (V) You cannot understand one's culture without accessing its language directly.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap D

(I) Dil ve kültür iç içe geçmiştir. (II) Belirli bir dil genellikle belirli bir grup insana işaret eder. (III) Başka bir dille etkileşim kurduğunuzda, bu, aynı zamanda dili konuşan kültürde de etkileşimde bulunduğunuz anlamına gelir. (IV) **Kültürler arası araştırmacılar aynı zamanda azınlık ve göçmen grupları ve bir araya geldiklerinde farklı kültürel grupların etkileşimleri hakkında bulgular üretirler.** (V) Diline doğrudan erişmeden kişinin kültürünü anlayamazsınız.

- (I) Most animals, like humans, have a single stomach. (II) Only water, alcohol, and certain drugs seem to be absorbed from the stomach. (III) But birds and ruminants have digestive organs composed of two or more chambers. (IV) The outer surface of the stomach is smooth. (V) The inner surface is folded into numerous complex ridges, which assist in the mixing of food with digestive juices.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap B

(I) İnsanlar gibi çoğu hayvanın tek bir midesi vardır. (II) Mideden sadece su, alkol ve bazı ilaçlar emilir gibi görünüyor. (III) Ancak kuşlar ve gevş getirenlerin iki veya daha fazla odadan oluşan sindirim organları vardır. (IV) Midenin dış yüzeyi pürüzsüzdür. (V) İç yüzey, yiyeceklerin sindirim suları ile karıştırılmasına yardımcı olan çok sayıda karmaşık çıkışıyla katlıdır.

3. (I) Lemons are rich in vitamin C and have refreshing fragrance. (II) Lemon helps to restore back the sense of smell and taste. (III) In contrast, most mammals and reptiles have a main olfactory system. (IV) It fights the bacterial and viral infections thus makes the nasal passage clear. (V) Mixing lemon juice and honey in a glass of water is an effective remedy to treat this problem.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap C

(I) Limon C vitamini açısından zengindir ve ferahlatıcı bir kokuya sahiptir. (II) Limon koku ve tat alma duyusunu geri kazanmaya yardımcı olur. (III) **Aksine, çoğu memeli ve sürüngen, ana bir koku alma sistemine sahiptir.** (IV) Bakteriyel ve viral enfeksiyonlarla savaşır, böylece burun geçişini netleştirir. (V) Limon suyu ve balı bir bardak suyla karıştırmak, bu sorunu tedavi etmek için etkili bir çözümüdür.

4. (I) Sherlock Holmes is no doubt, a great detective. (II) Although he is a fictional character, he influenced a lot of standard procedures in the today's forensic science. (III) The truth is, he embodies all the abilities of a great detective. (IV) Some traits he possesses seem natural to him while others were honed over time. (V) Therefore, nutrients are added to some food products in order to increase their more nutritional value.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E

(I) Sherlock Holmes şüphesiz harika bir dedektiftir. (II) Kurgusal bir karakter olmasına rağmen, bugünün adlı biliminde birçok standart prosedürü etkiledi. (III) Gerçek şu ki, büyük bir dedektifin bütün yeteneklerine sahiptir. (IV) Sahip olduğu bazı özellikler ona doğal görünürken, diğerleri zamanla keskinleşmiştir. (V) **Bu nedenle, bazı gıda ürünlerine besin değerlerini artırmak için besin maddeleri eklenir.**

5.  The Hubble Space Telescope is a telescope in orbit around the Earth. (II) Its position outside the Earth's atmosphere allows it to take extremely sharp optical images of very faint objects. (III) Since its launch in 1990, it has become one of the most important telescopes in the history of astronomy. (IV) It has been responsible for many ground-breaking observations and has helped astronomers achieve a better understanding of many fundamental problems in astrophysics. (V) Even so, after a servicing mission in 1993, the telescope was restored.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

ÇÖZÜM: Doğru Cevap E

(I) Hubble Uzay Teleskopu, Dünya çevresinde yörüngeye bulunan bir teleskopdur. (II) Dünya atmosferi dışındaki konumu, çok soluk nesnelerin son derece keskin optik görüntülerini almasını sağlar. (III) 1990'daki fırlatılışından bu yana, astronomi tarihindeki en önemli teleskoplardan biri haline gelmiştir. (IV) Birçok çağrı açan gözlemden sorumlu olmuş ve gökbilimcilerin astrofizikteki birçok temel problemi daha iyi anlamalarına yardımcı olmuştur. (V) **Yine de, 1993'teki bir servis görevinden sonra, teleskop onarıldı.**

"I think, therefore I am."
(René Descartes)

KELİME TESTLERİ

Kelime Testi 1

1. The criticisms leveled against Turkish pop singer Aleyna Tilki are similar to those Britney Spears received at the start of her career; in fact, early fans of Britney Spears belonged to a similar demographic to Tilki's ---- fan base.

- A) awkward B) sedentary
 C) delicious D) clumsy
 E) current

2. The strongest tornadoes may ---- houses from their foundations, destroy brick buildings, toss cars and school buses through the air, and even lift railroad cars from their tracks.

- A) boost B) torture C) protect
 D) sweep E) polish

3. When hunting, sharks rely on their ---- sense of smell and sensitivity to low frequency sounds to locate prey.

- A) lifeless B) stingy C) haughty
 D) futile E) keen

4. During a changeover in the quarterfinal match against Maggie Maleeva in Hamburg in 1993, Monica Seles was ---- by Günter Parch, a fanatical Graf fan.

- A) yielded B) reduced
 C) stabbed D) emancipated
 E) nominated

5. An international team of astronomers reported that a reddish ---- photographed near a dim and distant star last year is indeed a planet, about five times the mass of Jupiter.

- A) amount B) quality
 C) dilemma D) speck
 E) notion

6. Researchers have succeeded in putting mice, without ---- them, into a state of suspended animation that looks suspiciously like that of a hibernating bear.

- A) piling B) harming
 C) flowing D) developing
 E) accelerating

7. The records of the war crimes trials after World War II provide one of the most ---- formulations of the concept of war crimes.

- A) comprehensive B) worthless
 C) futile D) reciprocal
 E) negligible

8. It is ---- hot in Las Vegas in the summer, but the air is quite dry, so it is not as uncomfortable as you would think.

- A) implicitly B) sincerely
 C) superficially D) awfully
 E) briefly

9. Some leading economists suggest that the "steady state" economy always does not ---- zero economic growth.

- A) invade B) commit
 C) imply D) immigrate
 E) evolve

10. If you are looking for a good and affordable restaurant in the city center the receptionist should be able to ---- one to you.

- A) expand B) apply
 C) interrupt D) protect
 E) recommend

- 11. When the Dream Festival began in the House of World Cultures in Paris, its greatest dream was to ----- this richness to all people living in different cultures and places around the world.**
- A) introduce B) prohibit
 C) restrict D) cease
 E) delay
- 12. Concealing a birth is the act of a parent failing to ----- the birth of a child to other people.**
- A) explore B) respect
 C) report D) commemorate
 E) wander
- 13. According to scientists and lawmakers, NASA's new quest to explore the Moon and Mars appears to be coming at the ----- of studying a world closer at hand.**
- A) expense B) allowance
 C) peace D) territory
 E) fluctuation
- 14. My friend decided not to tell her father about her exam results until the guests left, because she was afraid that he might lose his -----.**
- A) grief B) temper
 C) shortage D) annoyance
 E) intention
- 15. Turkish Foreign Minister sent ----- to the people from Pakistan who lost their lives in the destructive earthquake last week.**
- A) wonders B) options
 C) condolences D) substances
 E) threats
- 16. Martin ----- got more frustrated with his job and finally left it when he could no longer stand the conditions.**
- A) deliberately B) respectfully
 C) invaluabley D) gradually
 E) honestly
- 17. Though it is difficult to measure the intelligence of any animal, there are strong ----- to believe that elephants are capable of higher mental functions than many other mammals, including domestic dogs and cats.**
- A) customs B) reasons
 C) discrepancies D) illusions
 E) pensions
- 18. I wish you wouldn't ----- me when I'm speaking - please let me have my say before you answer.**
- A) address B) imitate
 C) respond D) interrupt
 E) conflict
- 19. The majority of the workers are anxious now as it is said that the company will be ----- by a larger one before long.**
- A) turned down B) put out
 C) taken over D) picked up
 E) carried out
- 20. Unionism and its opposing ideology, Irish nationalism, are ----- particular ethnic and/or religious communities.**
- A) associate  B) devoid of
 C) unaware of D) disappointed with
 E) anxious about

Absence makes the heart grow fonder.



Kelime Testi 2

1. A variety of simple techniques can help ----- computer crimes, such as protecting computer screens from observation, backing up copies of data files and software, and clearing desktops of sensitive information and materials.

- A) prevent B) assist C) certify
D) cure E) improve

2. Proponents of alternative medicine believe that these approaches to ----- are safer and more natural and have been shown through experience to work.

- A) damaging B) murdering
C) emancipating D) healing
E) capturing

3. Geology ----- as a modern scientific discipline in the 18th century, but humans have been collecting systematic knowledge of the earth since at least the Stone Age.

- A) prevented B) suggested
C) originated D) elected
E) vanished

4. The rules of freestyle wrestling permit an athlete to use the ----- body in competition; whereas, in Greco-Roman wrestling, holds below the waist and the use of the legs are not permitted.

- A) entire B) proper C) crucial
D) scarce E) vague

5. Newspaper carriers pick up bundles of newspapers from the distribution center, then ---- them to the homes of paying subscribers along a predetermined route.

- A) collect B) limit C) deliver
D) print E) publish

6. When a software program on a home computer crashes, it can be frustrating, but the problem would be far more ----- if that crash occurred in an onboard computer assisting in the launch or reentry of a spacecraft.

- A) trivial B) grave C) jealous
D) priceless E) nonsense

7. A major ----- to international protection of human rights is the opposition of most countries to interference with their internal affairs, including questions of the rights of their own citizens.

- A) feat B) rise C) obstacle
D) riot E) accomplishment

8. The atmosphere of Mars is so thin and cold that surface water would immediately ----- or freeze.

- A) resist B) vaporize C) envy
D) hibernate E) provide

9. Children face an ever-increasing range of environmental health hazards, from mutagens to PBDEs to diesel emissions, just at the times when their bodies are most -----.

- A) charming B) hostile
C) mean D) intelligent
E) susceptible

10. Founded in 1975 by Paul Allen and Bill Gates, Microsoft Corporation is one of the largest and most ----- companies in the personal computer industry.

- A) influential B) unwillingly
C) timid D) ambiguous
E) miserable



- 11. In addition to its use as a broad designation, the term rock music commonly refers to music styles after 1959 ----- influenced by white musicians.**
- A) friendly B) unlikely
C) predominantly D) orally
E) ominously
- 12. Western Europeans attempted to deal with the --- -- raids of the Vikings by creating a feudal system in which the aristocracy performed mandatory military service in return for its privileges.**
- A) slender B) persistent
C) bashful D) trifling
E) fake
- 13. Weddings announce to the community the ----- of the individuals marrying and allow the community to express its approval of and support for that union.**
- A) split B) harassment
C) invalidity D) union
E) gap
- 14. Since 1973, the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission has required that all mattresses meet its standards for "cigarette ignition resistance," meaning that when a lit cigarette is applied to its surface, the fabric will not ----- or show more than a 2-inch char.**
- A) delay B) harvest
C) deserve D) sue
E) ignite
- 15. Whatever the objections to this sort of treatment, the gains in terms of the number of lives saved are -----.**
- A) sedentary B) conceited
C) substantial D) vain
E) still
- 16. Helga's decision to move to Hong Kong was completely ----- as she didn't speak Chinese, had no friends there and left a good job in Dublin.**
- A) intentional B) sensible
C) irreversible D) immoral
E) irrational
- 17. When access is -----, the door is unlocked for a predetermined time and the transaction is recorded.**
- A) nominated B) granted C) curved
D) abducted E) ruined
- 18. Apart from our country, in some states, drivers are ----- \$500 for reckless driving.**
- A) utilized B) enticed C) betrayed
D) awarded E) fined
- 19. Visits abroad provide political party leaders with the opportunity to ----- from domestic concerns.**
- A) move away B) put on
C) see off D) bring up
E) get over
- 20. The museum has a fascinating collection of exhibits ----- Iron Age pottery to Eskimo clothing.**
- A) insisting on B) ranging from
C) avoiding from D) accusing of
E) turning over

Forgive your enemies, but never forget their names. (Kennedy)



Kelime Testi 3

1. Teen drivers may drive cautiously when their parents are in the **catr**, but when they are on their own, they are more ---- to take risks.

- A) considerate B) vague
C) thrifty D) scornful
E) eager

2. Israel Prime Minister ---- a political earthquake in Israel by splitting from his Likud party as parliament began paving the way for a general election early next year.

- A) escaped B) tamed
C) repaired D) unleashed
E) apologized

3. All the ---- in the stadium were greatly impressed by the way the referee conducted the derby-match.

- A) obligations B) spectators C) siblings
D) voters E) smugglers

4. Venus, the second planet from the Sun, is similar in size, mass and age to Earth but has a ---- different and ferociously hot weather system.

- A) clumsily B) ironically C) vastly
D) reluctantly E) mournfully

5. When Fenerbahçe came into being, its colours had been yellow and black; it was in 1934 that its colour was ---- to blue and yellow.

- A) levied B) converted C) complied
D) ceased E) repented

6. The negotiations were a complete failure as each side kept accusing the other of ---- the peace process.

- A) encountering B) volunteering
C) indicating D) undermining
E) overcoming

7. Having shut the hostages in a house far away from the downtown, the gangster demanded a huge ---- from the government for their release.

- A) suspicion B) verdict C) avidity
D) comparison E) ransom

8. Advances in microchip technology have made these cameras smaller and cheaper and ---- to the mass market.

- A) coward B) futile C) affordable
D) reluctant E) ridiculous

9. Small cell lung cancer, sometimes called oat cell cancer, is less common, grows more quickly and is more likely to ---- to other organs in the body.

- A) spread B) suffer C) applaud
D) vomit E) diminish

10. Some of the signal power may be ---- back to its origin rather than being carried all the way along the cable to the far end.

- A) deteriorated B) avoided
C) threatened D) reflected
E) endangered

11. The first space mission in over 10 years to Earth's closest neighbour Venus emitted its first signal after a successful ---- from the Russian cosmodrome in Baikonur, Kazakhstan.

- A) defeat B) obsession C) vanity
D) orbit E) launch

12. A positive balance is called a government budget surplus, and a negative balance is called a government budget -----.

- A) deficit
- B) improvement
- C) distinction
- D) redundancy
- E) profit

13. The ----- value of some of these functions can be obtained by decomposing the function into simpler ones whereby.

- A) unavoidable
- B) incumbent
- C) principal
- D) reckless
- E) desperate

14. Parentification is **the** process of role reversal whereby a child is ----- to act as parent to their own parent.

- A) rewarded
- B) obliged
- C) blamed
- D) consumed
- E) omitted

15. After many years of -----, thousands of families will now be able to return to their homeland.

- A) satisfaction
- B) gratitude
- C) gravity
- D) fraternity
- E) exile

16. The ----- in books make it easier for us to believe in people and events described.

- A) intervals
- B) bans
- C) illustrations
- D) pests
- E) sanctions

17. Boxing involves punching your opponent with your fists while wearing ----- gloves.

- A) harmful
- B) fascinating
- C) ominous
- D) catastrophic
- E) protective

18. Investigating officers would visit the claimant's home and interrogate neighbours to check that he or she was not ----- anything.

- A) revealing
- B) mocking
- C) concealing
- D) wandering
- E) commemorating

19. It is feared that people living near the power station may have been ----- radiation.

- A) fond of
- B) satisfied with
- C) eager to
- D) inferior to
- E) exposed to

20. The appropriate location of an industry can considerably affect the transport costs which need to be ----- to a minimum.

- A) taken off
- B) broken into
- C) gone up
- D) brought down
- E) put out

Love makes time pass away and time makes love pass away.



Kelime Testi 4

1. In business, revenue sharing refers to the sharing of ---- and losses among different groups.

A) customers B) profits
C) clients D) fabrics
E) interests

2. The UK government hoped that the government and the opposition would soon be able to amicably ---- their differences.

A) boost B) worship
C) curse D) overcome
E) consign

3. A few of the people bilked in an alleged \$50 billion ---- could be getting relief checks this month.

A) investment B) consumption
C) repayment D) asset
E) swindle

4. The North American International Auto Show would never forsake the home of the domestic car ----.

A) dimension B) orbit
C) industry D) zone
E) disaster

5. Psychologists encourage their patients not to get ---- about trivial matters.

A) glad B) alluring
C) humane D) upset
E) fertile

6. America's subsidies to its cotton farmers have long been a noteworthy example of the harm that rich countries' subsidies ---- on the poor.

A) enforce B) provide
C) exceed D) inflict
E) employ

7. One reason why supercomputers can achieve such high speeds is that they can do certain calculations ----.

A) scarcely B) vaguely
C) simultaneously D) falteringly
E) unwillingly

8. The members of the General Board talked over the plan at length but could not come to a ---- in the end.

A) sack B) vestige
C) feast D) decision
E) prejudice

9. There was a time when scholars held that early man lived in a kind of beneficent anarchy, in which each person was ---- his rights by his fellows and there was no governing or being governed.

A) nominated B) granted
C) curved D) abducted
E) punished

10. Folks who live Bates-Hendricks area said the number of abandoned and vacant homes has --- increased since the housing bubble burst.

A) painlessly B) significantly
C) luckily D) vaguely
E) indirectly



11. Some doctors claim that certain oriental relaxation techniques such as yoga and meditation are ---- effective in the treatment of high blood pressure.

- A) irresponsibly
- B) ardently
- C) sadly
- D) irrelevantly
- E) extremely

12. The Foreign Ministry has issued several statements that some important problems including Kirkuk's status are of interest to the entire Iraqi nation and noted that these issues should be resolved on a ---- at a Constitutional level.

- A) separation
- B) dismissal
- C) controversy
- D) respiration
- E) consensus

13. Most of the private universities are not only looking for well-qualified lecturers, but they also demand them to be ---- about their work.

- A) disgusting
- B) indifferent
- C) enthusiastic
- D) tedious
- E) obscure

14. Dirty walls and chipped paint can make a bathroom look old, untidy and -----.

- A) tipsy
- B) cheerful
- C) miserable
- D) keen
- E) messy

15. The majority of the ---- for the scientific explorations in the area are borne by a number of private institutions.

- A) toys
- B) expenses
- C) violations
- D) centuries
- E) victims

16. In determining the ---- of improbably small materials known as nanoparticles, special properties associated with some of the very smallest particles may be the key.

- A) irresponsibility
- B) refusal
- C) starvation
- D) famine
- E) safety

17. Though most of us are still unaware of the danger, air and water pollution are slowly ---- the ecological balance of nature.

- A) improving
- B) pretending
- C) destroying
- D) supporting
- E) expanding

18. The fine could double if the oil company does not ---- the conditions ordered by the FAA.

- A) wake up
- B) set forth
- C) bring about
- D) hold up
- E) comply with

19. U2 famously ---- the Superbowl half-time show at the Louisiana Superdome in New Orleans, in 2002, unfurling a tribute to victims of the September 11 attacks, nearly five months earlier.

- A) took part in
- B) looked down upon
- C) took after
- D) passed out
- E) broke in

20. If history is a guide, current attempts to mollify the regime in Tehran will likely ---- failure.

- A) pay for
- B) look after
- C) result in
- D) turn over
- E) get by

Poverty makes thieves, like love makes poets.



Kelime Testi 5

1. Club members have ----- agreed to the changes, which will not become permanent until they have seen the full report.

- A) notoriously B) provisionally
C) extremely D) perpetually
E) violently

2. The Belgian author Morris, who started his career in 1945, creating various covers and -----, is best known for his humorous cowboy character, *Lucky Luke*.

- A) avalanches B) missiles
C) illustrations D) conflicts
E) customs

3. For as many as twenty million Americans, experts say, the Internet has become a destructive force, its ----- benefits overshadowed by its potential to disrupt the lives of those for whom work, friends, family, and sleep are replaced by a virtual world of chat rooms and games.

- A) dull B) coward
C) remarkable D) haughty
E) alert

4. Nearly 50 years ago, American politician Geraldine Ferraro tried to become the first woman Vice President of the US, but did not -----.

- A) amaze B) stick C) fail
D) push E) achieve

5. In an effort to ----- poverty and unemployment, the government introduced a series of economic measures.

- A) praise B) yield
C) mesmerize D) enhance
E) tackle

6. The peace agreement, the details of which will be released tomorrow, is supposed to put an end to the long-running ----- between Israel and Philistine.

- A) anniversary B) slavery
C) affinity D) dispute
E) passion

7. In a society, both parents and teachers are in charge of the opportunities provided for the development of the child, so that upbringing and education are -----.

- A) detrimental B) tentative
C) interdependent D) irresolute
E) seductive

8. Investigative journalism is the activity of news reporters trying to ----- information which is of public interest but which someone might be keeping hidden.

- A) conceal B) tiptoe C) discover
D) abate E) fluctuate

9. It is known that women have to walk at least 10 kilometers a day to ----- water in some parts of Africa.

- A) launch B) detest C) organize
D) gossip E) fetch

10. The 15-member UN Security Council in New York ----- has adopted a US-sponsored resolution aimed at reducing nuclear weapons around the world.

- A) painfully B) menacingly
C) inadvertently D) inadequately
E) unanimously

11. Analysis of millions of NASA satellite laser images showed the biggest loss of ice was caused by glaciers speeding up when they ---- into the sea.

- A) pitied B) flew C) adopted
D) flowed E) urged

12. Once a new technique is discovered and adopted, society does not attempt to revert to the ---- technique.

- A) previous B) fragile C) alluring
D) wealthy E) obedient

13. As a comedian English comedian Benny Hill is no longer ----, but thirty years ago people used watch his funny shows and laugh at his jokes.

- A) persuaded B) declined
C) appreciated D) robbed
E) murdered

14. When a number of dams were built throughout the world, especially in developing countries, their planners predicted a ---- improvement in the living conditions of the people who would receive the water and electric power.

- A) dry B) punctual
C) hazardous D) tremendous
E) nonsense

15. According to a recent survey, a large majority of Americans are in ---- of retaining the present 55-mile-an-hour speed limit on highways.

- A) favor B) power
C) deficiency D) stability
E) corruption

16. By 1989, the Communist bloc countries started to break away from Soviet domination and communist rule controlled governments, and the Iron Curtain was -----.

- A) forced B) polished C) escalated
D) lifted E) conveyed

17. One-fourth of Pompeii has not been uncovered yet; so archeologists are still digging and making discoveries that ---- the tourists to Pompeii.

- A) condescend B) purchase
C) donate D) kidnap
E) draw

18. Successful educators ---- the early signs of failure in their students and they try to motivate them.

- A) stand by B) turn out C) look out for
D) run out of E) let down

19. The medieval feudal system, which flourished in Europe from the ninth to thirteenth centuries, --- a comparatively simple system based on birth in social classes.

- A) made up for B) gave rise to
C) took up with D) let in on
E) got off

20. The root of jealousy is very often low self-esteem, which mostly ---- childhood experiences.

- A) figures out B) looks forward to
C) gets rid of D) looks up to
E) goes back to



One who has nothing to lose is rich indeed.

GRAMER TESTLERİ

Gramer Testi 1

1. Existentialism is the modern system of belief ----- famous by Jean Paul Sartre in the 1940s in which the world is meaningless and each person ----- alone and completely responsible for their own actions, by which they make their own character.

A) making / would be B) has made / was
 C) made / is D) is made / can be
 E) makes / will be
2. Blake, who starred in the 1975-78 US television detective series “Baretta”, ----- that his wife was shot in their car by someone else while he went back to a restaurant where they had just dined to pick up a gun he ----- behind accidentally.

A) contended / has left
 B) was contended / left
 C) contended / had left
 D) could contended / will have left
 E) used to contend / should leave
3. It ----- likely that by the end of the week, the costs involved in the construction of the bridge ----- by the Ministry.

A) may seem / would announce
 B) seemed / have been announced
 C) seems / would be **e** announced
 D) seemed / are being announced
 E) seems / will have been announced

4. Boeing Corporation ----- the initial test flight and delivery of its long-awaited 787 Dreamliner ----- on schedule.

A) has been said / had remained
 B) could have said / will remain
 C) says / remain
 D) is said / remained
 E) will have said / was remaining
5. The pedestrians can take ----- road; they ----- lead to the town center where they can find souvenir shops.

A) either / all
 B) both / none
 C) all / every other
 D) either / both
 E) both / each other
6. In computing, if something is object-oriented, it is based on groups of information and their effects on each other, ----- on a series of instructions.

A) unless B) otherwise
 C) thus D) according to
 E) rather than
7. The most devastating human impact on environments can be seen on islands ----- settlers have introduced new animals and plants.

A) whatsoever B) to whom
 C) what D) to which
 E) who



8. Human activity has destroyed ---- plant species that collective action is essential for the conservation of those that remain.
- A) less B) so many
C) much more D) the most
E) as many
9. Scientists project that the planet's average surface temperature will rise between 2.5 and 10.4 degrees Fahrenheit over the next 100 years ---- our use of fossil fuels persists at the current rate.
- A) besides B) whereas
C) though D) despite
E) providing that
10. The latest technology is more focused on giving people dexterity, ---- is more difficult than ambulation.
- A) in that B) which C) who
D) whose E) where
11. The Swedish government agreed to introduce new legal protection for animals ---- cows, pigs and chickens.
- A) but for B) so C) such as
D) that E) so as to
12. Global warming, caused by burning fossil fuels, has become ---- pressing environmental problem we face today.
- A) the most B) less
C) many D) more
E) even much
13. A team ---- scientists studying rock samples in Africa has shown a strong link ---- falling carbon dioxide levels and the formation of Antarctic ice sheets 34 million years ago.
- A) within / beside
B) at / by
C) from / through
D) for / among
E) of / between
14. As far as grammar is concerned, some examples ---- complex prepositions ---- English are: in spite of, with respect to, except for, next to.
- A) from / on
B) of / in
C) with / beyond
D) through / among
E) without / during
15. ---- two groups armed ---- by importing thousands of rifles and rounds of ammunition from Imperial Germany and often drilled openly.
- A) Them / their
B) That / himself
C) Those / us
D) Ours / itself
E) These / themselves



16. Premier League referees have to start applying rules to every player ----- their status or the fearsome reputation of their manager.

- A) in the course
- B) whether
- C) in order that
- D) regardless of
- E) whenever

17. This mask, which dates from the fifth century, is older than ----- artifact in the exhibition.

- A) each other
- B) others
- C) all the other
- D) any other
- E) the others

18. ----- there was so much traffic on the freeway, they went home by way of Lakeshore Drive.

- A) Since
- B) Meanwhile
- C) Though
- D) Instead of
- E) Moreover

19. This project has been under consideration for at least six months now, but I doubt ----- it will ever be put into effect soon.

- A) as if
- B) whether
- C) even
- D) as well as
- E) so that

20. In the early years of digital age, Microsoft favoured Toshiba in a battle over formats of next generation DVDs ----- growing Hollywood support for Sony's rival technology.

- A) because
- B) since
- C) despite
- D) thus
- E) even so

All that we are is the result of what we have thought. The mind is everything. What we think we become.



Gramer Testi 2

1. Last month Muhammad Ali ---- to hundreds of cheering well-wishers, ---- the crowd of supporters at the dedication ceremony for his 75 million-dollar museum and cultural center.

- A) would wave / to have thanked
- B) had waved / to thank
- C) will wave / having thanked
- D) is waving / thanked
- E) waved / thanking

2. The Incas ---- the art of writing, but they had developed a complicated system of knotted cords ---- quipus.

- A) had never acquired / called
- B) has never acquired / is called
- C) could never acquire / calling
- D) have never acquired / called
- E) will never acquire / was called

3. If the company ---- deliberately overcharging her, she ---- a complaint with the Consumers' Right Office yesterday morning.

- A) will apologize / has filed
- B) has apologized / would file
- C) apologizes / could not have filed
- D) had apologized / would not have filed
- E) apologized / may file

4. A civil jury found US actor Robert Blake, the star of the classic movie "In Cold Blood," liable ---- the death of his murdered wife and ordered him to pay 30 million dollars ---- her family.

- A) to / behind
- B) with / for
- C) for / to
- D) in / from
- E) at / to

5. Attempts ---- instigate conflicts ---- various sectors have always been vain and futile.

- A) in / along
- B) to / among
- C) toward / below
- D) with / above
- E) against / beneath

6. The United Nations has been severely criticized by ---- a few countries throughout the Second Gulf War, Syrian civil war and Russia-Ukraine war.

- A) a great deal
- B) much more
- C) quite
- D) many
- E) little

7. Detectives are investigating a home invasion ---- ended with a resident wounded and one would-be robber killed.

- A) that
- B) whose
- C) wherever
- D) by which
- E) whether



8. ----- asked about inflation, the Minister of Finance responded stating the fact ----- inflation has permanently dropped to single digits and the Consumer Price Index figures have reflected better than estimates.

- A) However / what
- B) Despite / which
- C) Besides / whether
- D) Conversely / that
- E) When / that

9. The World Bank has reported that the peak of the global economy has been reached; -----, some developing countries will continue to grow despite a general slowdown in growth.

- A) with regard to
- B) in order to
- C) however
- D) although
- E) unless

10. ----- the Harran plains are fully irrigated, Turkey will be able to export large quantities of foodstuffs, including wheat, rice and vegetables.

- A) Unless
- B) Instead of
- C) Otherwise
- D) Once
- E) Ever since

11. Chamber music is music written for a small group of musicians ----- it can be performed easily in a small room, or, in the past, in a private home.

- A) even if
- B) in view of
- C) as regards
- D) in terms of
- E) so that

12. It was doubtful ----- the Conservatives in France could chalk up a fourth successive election victory, but they did.

- A) as soon as
- B) unlike
- C) whether
- D) by means of
- E) whatsoever

13. Government officials banned pigs in a northern state from being transported elsewhere in Malaysia ----- a possible outbreak of foot and mouth disease.

- A) such as
- B) because of
- C) so long as
- D) so that
- E) even if

14. In general, people ----- hold higher positions in a given group overestimate their performance; ----- people in the lowest levels of the group underestimate theirs.

- A) whom / as
- B) that / in order to
- C) whose / seeing that
- D) who / whereas
- E) of which / while

15. One of ---- pitchers in the illustrious history of Cuban baseball quickly became trade bait and was shipped to the White Sox in 2004 for Esteban Loaiza.

- A) good
- B) the best
- C) the better
- D) better
- E) far better

16. ---- a long drought, Midwestern farmers are doubtful about the prospect of a good yield.

- A) Due to
- B) Ever since
- C) Unless
- D) Thus
- E) In addition

17. ---- the old man thinks about his past life, ---- he regrets his sins.

- A) The most / so much
- B) The more / as much
- C) The more / the more
- D) Much / fewer
- E) As much / so much more

18. ---- hard she works, the actress will never manage to achieve what her mother has achieved.

- A) Whomever
- B) Despite
- C) If only
- D) However
- E) Whichever

19. The manager was compelled to admit ---- there was a decline in sales towards the end of the year as he had predicted.

- A) whomever
- B) at which
- C) no matter how
- D) whatever
- E) that

20. ---- a client insists upon being stubborn, lawyers have to settle claims in court.

- A) By means of
- B) If
- C) Although
- D) Owing to
- E) Whereas

You can discover what your enemy fears most by observing the means he uses to frighten you. (Eric Hoffer)

Gramer Testi 3

1. The robots used by search engines at present ---- problems with dynamic pages that ---- by most Content Management Systems.
 - A) would have had / will be created
 - B) are having / would have created
 - C) might have / had created
 - D) have / are created
 - E) will have had / creating

2. Nearly a decade ago, the noted Chinese economist Wu Jinglian ---- that to enter the Chinese stock market, one ---- lots of wisdom.
 - A) has said / had needed
 - B) had said / will have needed
 - C) would have said / needs
 - D) was said / will need
 - E) said / needed

3. Although no single activity is guaranteed to remove all stress, if you ---- nothing and change nothing, your stress ---- and probably increase.
 - A) do / will continue
 - B) had done / will be continuing
 - C) might have done / continues
 - D) did / has continued
 - E) can do / continued

4. Student's ability to process information depends on the degree ---- the information can be integrated or chunked.
 - A) where
 - B) whose
 - C) whatsoever
 - D) to which
 - E) with whom

5. ---- the defendant had been cleared of the murder, he was assailed with insults and abuse as he left the court.
 - A) Seeing that
 - B) Although
 - C) As such
 - D) On no account
 - E) By virtue of

6. Researchers have shown for the first time that fossils can be used ---- living species in understanding the complex branching in the evolutionary tree of life.
 - A) too effectively
 - B) the most effectively
 - C) so effectively that
 - D) as effectively as
 - E) not effectively enough

7. The main producer ---- disposable nappies can offer people who buy its product a discount ---- complementary product such as talcum powder and baby-wipes.
 - A) with / in
 - B) by / through
 - C) from / at
 - D) for / below
 - E) of / on

8. Last year NATO proposed a new era of cooperation ---- Russia, calling for joint work with Moscow and Washington ---- missile defense after the US scrapped a planned anti-missile system.
 - A) with / on
 - B) through / along
 - C) without / at
 - D) from / under
 - E) for / in

9. ---- planned solely for trains, the subway lines did not appear until 1908.
 - A) In no way
 - B) Though
 - C) As a consequence
 - D) Provided
 - E) Until

10. Like ---- theory of importance, that of social or cultural anthropology was the work of many minds and took on ---- forms.
 - A) any / many
 - B) much / little
 - C) a few / a little
 - D) plenty of / much
 - E) enough / a great deal of



11. ----- you have a fame and reputation, people around you expect that fame and reputation to continue to resurface.

- A) Under no circumstances
- B) Otherwise
- C) When
- D) In contrast
- E) As well

12. The biggest point of contention was what the increase in space would really mean to nearby residents ----- possible water contamination, dangerous dump truck driving and more.

- A) in terms of
- B) though
- C) as soon as
- D) while
- E) by the time

13. According to English legend, Robin Hood was ----- outlaw who lived in the forest and stole from ----- rich to give to the poor.

- A) the / a
- B) a / the
- C) an / the
- D) any / some
- E) much / the

14. The country is dominated by a power struggle between the communists on the one hand, and the nationalists on -----.

- A) each other
- B) others
- C) another
- D) any other
- E) the other

15. China's rapid economic growth during the COVID-19 pandemic has won praise in the midst of worldwide recession, ----- controversy continues to swirl around the accuracy of the government's claims.

- A) so that
- B) but
- C) as well as
- D) in other words
- E) as if

16. ----- the resistance groups do not show great military prowess, they frequently penetrate deep into the interior.

- A) On the contrary
- B) Likewise
- C) Therefore
- D) Since
- E) Although

17. In the United Kingdom it is usually women ----- carry handbags, but in other countries men often do as well.

- A) whose
- B) where
- C) whom
- D) who
- E) which

18. The forest has been ----- heavily logged ----- it is in danger of disappearing.

- A) so / that
- B) so / as
- C) too / to
- D) such / as
- E) even / so

19. ----- the growth of population in our country goes on at the same speed, it will be difficult to prevent migration from village to city.

- A) Lest
- B) Unlike
- C) Despite
- D) If
- E) Whereby

20. The United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund stated ----- more than five million children died, ten million children were injured or become disabled in the wars that occurred in the last decade in the world.

- A) whether
- B) as well as
- C) such as
- D) wherever
- E) that

An old broom knows the dirty corners best. (Irish Proverb)



Gramer Testi 4

1. The earliest farmers ---- with them the knowledge of agriculture and of related crafts and skills which ---- in the Middle East.

- A) brought / had been developed
- B) bring / have been developed
- C) will be brought / were developed
- D) were brought / have developed
- E) were brought / would be developed

2. The judge ---- the defendant's explanation that she ---- the money in order to give it to charity.

- A) was to believe / has stolen
- B) didn't believe / had stolen
- C) won't believe / had stolen
- D) couldn't believe / steal
- E) doesn't believe / must have stolen

3. Portugal ---- trading with China in 1557, and spread its trade across Southeast Asia and India, where the greatest variety of spices -----.

- A) will start / could have found
- B) starts / have found
- C) has started / will have found
- D) may start / is to be found
- E) started / were to be found

4. When Alexander the Great died of a fever ---- an early age, his generals fought bitterly ---- themselves for control of Alexander's vast kingdom.

- A) in / beyond
- B) from / below
- C) for / between
- D) at / among
- E) during / for

5. Youth culture ---- because commerce noticed that teenagers had money to spend and worked out ways of making them ---- more records, clothes and concert tickets.

- A) happens / to be bought
- B) has happened / buying
- C) will happen / to buy
- D) happened / buy
- E) has to happen / bought

6. Pottery is one of the oldest crafts and began to be practiced ---- humans learned to control the fire.

- A) unless
- B) according to
- C) in that
- D) as a result of
- E) as soon as

7. Egyptians always mummified their cats and had them buried with almost as much reverence ---- they were human beings.

- A) meanwhile
- B) due to
- C) likewise
- D) whereas
- E) as if

8. The idea of fish being able to generate electricity ---- to light a lamp, or even to run a small electric motor, is unbelievable, but several kinds of fish are able to do this.

- A) strong enough
- B) such strong
- C) the strongest
- D) stronger than
- E) as strong

9. Nowadays the majority of European citizens feel ---- less safe, both at home and abroad, ---- they did a few decades ago

- A) rather / those of
- B) far / than
- C) by far / such as
- D) too / as such
- E) quite / more



- 10. The Nobel Prize resulted from a late change --- -- the will of Alfred Nobel, who did not want to be remembered ---- his death as a propagator of violence - he invented dynamite.**
- A) for / with B) by / before C) in / after
D) on / during E) over / of
- 11. The marketing of cosmetic surgery and related services has resulted ---- substantial funding being allocated to individual institutions and increased awareness ---- this aspect of the specialty.**
- A) from / of B) for / at C) out of / off
D) in / about E) from / below
- 12. Editors ---- magazines and newspapers frequently go to extremes to provide their readers ---- trivial facts and statistics.**
- A) from / for B) within / as
C) by / without D) of / with
E) in / over
- 13. Born free and equal in dignity and rights, all human beings are endowed with reason and conscience and should act towards ---- in a spirit of brotherhood.**
- A) every other B) one another
C) both the others D) the other
E) neither
- 14. Public administrators cannot ignore the political environment ---- public policies are decided by the dynamics of political forces.**
- A) as B) whatever C) despite
D) so that E) in contrast
- 15. ---- the common belief, only the Great Pyramid of Khufu, not all three Great Pyramids, is on top of the list of Wonders.**
- A) As a result B) In terms of C) Contrary to
D) Throughout E) Inasmuch as
- 16. The skill of the artist rests upon knowledge and experience, ---- the skill of the technician does.**
- A) therefore B) whereas C) such as
D) in order to E) just as
- 17. You should not be angry that you cannot make others as you wish them to be, ---- you cannot make yourself as you wish to be.**
- A) subsequent to B) while
C) except for D) since
E) according to
- 18. ---- other composers of that time, Beethoven enjoyed recognition prior to his death.**
- A) However B) Unlike C) Whichever
D) Hence E) Accordingly
- 19. Fourteen years earlier before the Titanic sunk, a novel published by Morgan Robertson described a ship ---- size as the Titanic which crashes into an iceberg on its maiden voyage on a misty April night.**
- A) the most B) much more than
C) less than D) apart from
E) the same
- 20. Child life specialists are pediatric health care professionals ---- work with patients, their family and others involved in the child's care in order to help them manage stress.**
- A) whether B) whenever C) whose
D) who E) as though

For the first half of your life, people tell you what you should do; for the second half, they tell you what you should have done.



Gramer Testi 5

1. The greatest and most famous athlete of the last century, who formerly ---- about 20 gold medals in four different events, is called Carl, which ---- a nick that hides his true identity: Frederick Carlton Lewis.

- A) won / is
- B) has won / was
- C) should have won / have been
- D) would have won / were
- E) had won / are

2. The identity of Clark Kent was conferred upon the infant *Superman* by Jonathan and Martha Kent, who ---- the orphan from the doomed planet Krypton soon after the rocket that ---- him safely to Earth had landed in an open field on the outskirts of Smallville.

- A) has adopted / would bring
- B) will adopt / has brought
- C) adopted / had brought
- D) is adopted / could bring
- E) will adopt / will be brought

3. Pop star Michael Jackson died from a lethal dose of the powerful anesthetic propofol ---- in a cocktail of drugs, ---- authorities to accuse his doctor of manslaughter.

- A) could be given / leads
- B) has given / led
- C) given / leading
- D) would have given / has led
- E) was giving / may lead

4. 'Theme' is a much used word ---- the literary criticism of the novel, and a favourite word for use ---- lecturers and teachers in essays and examination questions.

- A) at / without
- B) in / by
- C) along / beyond
- D) through / below
- E) from / into

5. Dominic Kent was sentenced ---- Monday in Worcester Superior Court to serve concurrent terms of 20 to 25 years on charges ---- aggravated rape and armed robbery.

- A) on / of
- B) for / at
- C) from / off
- D) with / from
- E) to / in

6. ---- its vast forests, Myanmar was thought to possess the largest number of tigers ---- India.

- A) For / with
- B) In / for
- C) At / to
- D) With / after
- E) Through / by

7. Though the most important factors in pricing decisions are production costs and the level ---- demand, broader company objectives must also be taken ---- consideration.

- A) in / out of
- B) of / into
- C) with / for
- D) between / by
- E) on / under

8. Prices ----- drop because of innovation and more efficient production processes are a primary benefit of technological advances.

- A) who
- B) whatsoever
- C) where
- D) that
- E) whose

9. The Nuclear Age began in July 1945 ----- the United States tested its first nuclear bomb near Alamogordo, New Mexico, and a few years -----, in 1953, President Eisenhower launched his "Atoms for Peace" Program at the United Nations amid a wave of unbridled atomic optimism.

- A) while / recently
- B) when / later
- C) even if / subsequently
- D) as if / soon
- E) until / then

10. Some people regard Andre Agassi as a part of popular culture ----- his athletic ability and his natural charisma, both on and off the tennis courts.

- A) since
- B) but for
- C) in order to
- D) regardless of
- E) because of

11. Last week the Office of the Chief of General Staff stated that the Turkish Armed Forces were determined to defend the country and its flag down to the last drop of its blood, ----- their forefathers had done earlier, warning ----- misinterpreted their patience and aloofness.

- A) as though / that which
- B) except for / for which
- C) alike / whenever
- D) just as / those who
- E) prior to / whomever

12. The nerves in the body ----- send messages from the brain to the organs, ----- convey messages from the eyes, ears, skin and other organs back to the brain.

- A) hardly / as well
- B) neither / but
- C) either / such as
- D) not only / but also
- E) so / that

13. When you need to criticize your child, your criticism will prove more effective ----- you choose the place and time suitably.

- A) thereafter
- B) even so
- C) nonetheless
- D) as though
- E) provided that



14. ----- hard their father tried to settle the argument between two young brothers they kept quarrelling, getting even more offensive.

- A) As if
- B) Even though
- C) No matter how
- D) Whereas
- E) Whatever

15. The great similarity between the orders of Turkish traditions and the religion of Islam were of great significance, particularly ----- the moral issues.

- A) on no account
- B) apart from
- C) by no means
- D) in respect of
- E) in contrast to

16. Nowadays knowledge is ----- vast that even within his own specialism, a man may know only a part of the whole, ----- he is at the frontiers of knowledge at one point.

- A) so / even if
- B) too / that
- C) such / as
- D) as / even
- E) such / that

17. ----- the European Union and Turkey start negotiations ----- planned, the participants will already be sapped of their strength.

- A) Provided / despite
- B) While / such
- C) Though / like
- D) When / as
- E) In case of / such as

18. ----- they are accessible by boat only, these islands are still largely undeveloped and primitive.

- A) Even
- B) As if
- C) Although
- D) Consequently
- E) Since

19. The film had ----- a complicated plot that even after it had finished, nobody really understood ----- the story was about.

- A) very / whom
- B) more / than
- C) so / that
- D) too / why
- E) such / what

20. ----- people realize that they have to develop new skills, there is no way the economy and education can improve.

- A) Until
- B) Therefore
- C) So that
- D) No matter why
- E) What if

You can close the city gates but not the mouths of men.

CLOZE TESTLER

Cloze Test 1

A heart attack is a frightening event, and you probably don't want to think about it. But, (1) ---- you learn the signs of a heart attack and what steps to take, you can save a life maybe your own. What are the signs of a heart attack? Many people think a heart attack is sudden and intense, (2) ---- a "movie" heart attack, where a person clutches his or her chest and falls over. The truth is (3) ---- many heart attacks start slowly, as a mild pain or discomfort. If you feel such a symptom, you may not be sure what is wrong. Your symptoms may even come and go. Even (4) ---- have had a heart attack may not recognize their symptoms, because the next attack can have (5) ---- different ones.

1.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| A) if | B) until |
| C) as regards | D) as though |
| E) despite | |

2.

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| A) if only | B) only if |
| C) so that | D) conversely |
| E) like | |

3.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| A) such as | B) that |
| C) likewise | D) whosever |
| E) owing to | |

4.

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| A) that which | B) wherever |
| C) those who | D) whatsoever |
| E) however | |

5.

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| A) painfully | B) cowardly |
| C) urgently | D) hastily |
| E) entirely | |



In 1987 an international pact called the Montréal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer set specific targets for all nations to achieve (6)---- - reduce emissions of chemicals responsible for the destruction of the ozone layer. Many people (7)----- that this treaty would cause ozone loss to peak and begin to decline by the year 2000. In fact, in the fall of 2000, the hole in the ozone layer over Antarctica was the largest (8)----- recorded. The hole the following year was (9)--- --- smaller, leading some to believe that the depletion of ozone had stabilized. Even if the most stringent prohibitions against CFCs are implemented, however, scientists expect that it (10)----- at least 50 more years for the hole over Antarctica to close completely.

6.

- A) in order to B) for C) in contrast
D) as well as E) so that

7.

- A) hope B) have hoped
C) will have hoped D) are hoping
E) had hoped

8.

- A) such as B) ever C) too much
D) rather E) quite

9.

- A) vaguely B) vividly C) luckily
D) slightly E) selectively

10.

- A) has taken B) took
C) could have taken D) used to take
E) will take

There is no doubt China has achieved impressive growth over the past decade. But even though the country (11)----- about 10% growth over the past several years, that doesn't mean the average Chinese citizen is (12)--- --- eating or sleeping better than the average German or Frenchman. (13)----- with GDP per capita at \$3,744 in 2009, China placed 86 out of 164 countries ranked according to 2009 World Bank data. This was just below much smaller economies (14)----- Tunisia, Albania and Jordan. While Japan might have lost its place to China, the average citizen there is still generally much richer. In 2009, Japan's GDP per capita, at \$39,727, ranked it 19. What's more, even while the size of the U.S. economy ranks just one notch above China's, it's nevertheless one (15)----- the richest countries in the world with GDP per capita in 2009 at \$45,989.

11.

- A) had averaged
B) will have averaged
C) should have averaged
D) were averaging
E) has averaged

12.

- A) strangely B) necessarily
C) respectively D) negligently
E) fortunately

13.

- A) In fact B) Wherever
C) By means of D) In order to
E) Otherwise

14.

- A) too B) such as C) as well
D) so that E) inasmuch as

15.

- A) toward B) by C) of
D) within E) for

Steve Jobs, who as Apple's founder and twice CEO revolutionized the use of computers, phones, and music players, died on October 5th, 2011 after a seven year (16)---- with pancreatic cancer. He was 56. The scope of Jobs' achievements is hard to put into words. His accomplishments eclipsed (17)---- his peers in the tech industry but indeed those of his contemporaries in global capitalism. He (18)---- a lifetime's worth of fame, fortune and indeed reverence just for his achievements at Pixar, the ground-breaking digital film studio where he was owner and CEO, and at NeXT, where he shepherded the development of a world class, industrial strength operating system that was acquired by, and helped save, Apple Computer. But it was in his split career at Apple that he made his greatest mark on the world. After he joined with high school friend Steve Wozniak to form Apple, the pair introduced the Apple II, (19)---- joined the homebrew computer world's garage friendly technology and empowerment ethos to the branding, packaging and design (20)---- mass market retail. The Apple II was a sensation and runaway bestseller. Apple is now the second largest company, by market capitalization, in the United States.

16.

- A) battle
- B) entertainment
- C) journey
- D) recession
- E) sovereignty

17.

- A) likewise
- B) not only
- C) whether
- D) neither
- E) either

18.

- A) may earn
- B) is going to earn
- C) has been earning
- D) earned
- E) will have earned

19.

- A) thereby
- B) whatsoever
- C) much more
- D) which
- E) with whom

20.

- A) at
- B) without
- C) during
- D) along
- E) of



Cloze Test 2

The Fishermen's Bastion in Budapest, capital of Hungary, provides a bird's-eye (1)---- of the Danube River, flowing north to south (2)---- the center of the city. Eight bridges connect the two sides of the city. The western side, called Buda, (3)---- on hilly terrain, (4)--- the eastern side, called Pest, rests on a plain. (5)---- 1873 they were separate cities.

1.

- A) avalanche B) hole C) disaster
D) eruption E) view

2.

- A) on B) without C) after
D) through E) above

3.

- A) were built B) had built
C) is built D) builds
E) built

4.

- A) while B) if C) because of
D) despite E) unless

5.

- A) Meanwhile B) Until
C) Afterwards D) Whereas
E) Whenever

Civil engineering is perhaps the broadest of the engineering fields, (6)---- it deals with the creation, improvement, and protection of the communal environment, providing facilities for living, industry and transportation, (7)---- large buildings, roads, bridges, canals, railroad lines, airports, water-supply systems, dams, irrigation, harbours, docks, aqueducts, tunnels, and other engineered constructions. The civil engineer must have a (8)---- knowledge of (9)---- types of surveying, of the properties and mechanics of construction materials, the mechanics of structures and soils, and of hydraulics and fluid mechanics. (10)---- the important subdivisions of the field are construction engineering, irrigation engineering, transportation engineering, soils and foundation engineering, geodetic engineering, hydraulic engineering, and coastal and ocean engineering.

6.

- A) for B) because of C) if only
D) nonetheless E) despite

7.

- A) used to include B) have included
C) included D) includes
E) including

8.

- A) hazardous B) redundant
C) reluctant D) thorough
E) cruel

9.

- A) none B) much C) all
D) a little E) no

10.

- A) Above B) Among
C) Over D) Into
E) Through

The safety of the power reactor itself has received the greatest attention. In an operating reactor, the fuel elements contain (11) ----- the largest fraction of the total radioactive inventory. A vast number of barriers (12) ----- fission products from leaking into the air (13) ----- normal operation. The fuel is clad in corrosion-resistant tubing. The heavy steel walls of the primary coolant system of the PWR form a second barrier. The water coolant itself (14) ----- some of the biologically important radioactive isotopes such as iodine. The steel and (15) ----- building is a third barrier.

11.

- A) by far B) far more C) rather
D) such as E) few

12.

- A) were prevented B) had prevented
C) preventing D) prevents
E) prevent

13.

- A) between B) away C) during
D) above E) beyond

14.

- A) emits B) absorbs
C) sweats D) spreads
E) suspects

15.

- A) absurd B) brave
C) alert D) concrete
E) stingy

The field of electric power is concerned with the design and operation of systems for generating, (16) -----, and distributing electric power. Engineers in this field (17) ----- several important developments since the late 1970s. One of these is the ability to transmit power at extremely high voltages in (18) ----- the direct current and alternating current modes, reducing power losses proportionately. (19) ----- is the real-time control of power generation, transmission, and distribution, using computers to analyze the data fed back from the power system to a central station and (20) ----- optimizing the efficiency of the system while it is in operation.

16.

- A) tearing B) wondering
C) declining D) transmitting
E) evading

17.

- A) brought about B) have brought about
C) bring about D) will bring about
E) may be brought about

18.

- A) either B) neither C) both
D) not merely E) more

19.

- A) Another
B) Other
C) Others
D) The others
E) Each other

20.

- A) otherwise B) however
C) despite D) as if
E) thereby



Cloze Test 3

Polarization (1)---- the direction of the electric field in an electromagnetic wave. A wave (2)---- electric field is oscillating in the vertical direction is said to be polarized in the vertical direction. The photons of such a wave would (3)---- with matter differently than the photons of a wave polarized in the horizontal direction. The electric field in light waves from the Sun vibrates in all directions, so direct sunlight is called unpolarized. Sunlight (4)---- from a surface is partially polarized parallel to the surface. Polaroid sunglasses block light that is horizontally polarized and (5)---- reduce glare from sunlight reflecting off horizontal surfaces.

1.

- A) puts off B) breaks up
C) runs into D) participates in
E) refers to

2.

- A) which B) whose
C) whom D) in that
E) whenever

3.

- A) interact B) fight
C) prevent D) avoid
E) omit

4.

- A) had reflected B) has reflected
C) reflects D) reflected
E) has been reflecting

5.

- A) even so B) despite
C) therefore D) whether
E) however

While scientists often create unstable nuclei in the laboratory, (6)---- radioactive isotopes also occur naturally. These atoms decay (7)---- slowly than most of the radioactive isotopes created in laboratories. If they decayed too rapidly, they (8)---- around long enough for scientists to find them. The heavy radioactive isotopes found on Earth formed in the interiors of stars more than 5 billion years ago. They were part of the cloud of gas and dust that formed our solar system and, as such, are reminders of the (9)---- of Earth and the other planets. (10)---- , the decay of radioactive material provides much of the energy that heats Earth's core.

6.

- A) several B) much
C) little D) a little
E) none

7.

- A) most B) more C) the most
D) such E) very

8.

- A) won't stay B) may stay
C) wouldn't stay D) hadn't been staying
E) are staying

9.

- A) wonder B) support
C) suspect D) origin
E) coast

10.

- A) Since B) In addition C) If only
D) Due to E) Even though



The phenomenon of magnetism (11)----- since ancient times. The mineral lodestone, an oxide of iron (12)---- has the property of attracting iron objects, was known to the Greeks, Romans, and Chinese. When a piece of iron is stroked with lodestone, the iron itself (13)----- the same ability to attract other pieces of iron. The magnets (14)----- produced are polarized—that is, each has two sides or ends called north-seeking and south-seeking poles. Like poles repel one (15)-----, and unlike poles attract.

11.

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| A) used to know | B) will have known |
| C) had known | D) was to |
| E) has been | |

12.

- | | | |
|----------|-------------|---------|
| A) where | B) whomever | C) that |
| D) who | E) in that | |

13.

- | | | |
|------------|--------------|--------------|
| A) denies | B) acquires | C) confesses |
| D) forbids | E) persuades | |

14.

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| A) thus | B) such as |
| C) in case | D) whereas |
| E) though | |

15.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| A) too much | B) a little |
| C) quite a few | D) another |
| E) all the others | |

The big bang theory seeks to explain (16) ----- happened at or soon after the beginning of the universe. Scientists can now model the universe back to 10-43 seconds after the big bang. For the time before that moment, the classical theory of gravity is (17) ----- longer adequate. Scientists are searching for a theory that merges gravity as (18) ----- by Einstein's general theory of relativity and quantum mechanics (19) ----- have not found one yet. Many scientists have (20) ----- that string theory, also known as M-theory, will tie together gravity and quantum mechanics and help scientists explore further back in time.

16.

- | | | |
|-------------|-------|---------|
| A) whosever | B) if | C) why |
| D) when | | E) what |

17.

- | | | |
|---------|-------|----------|
| A) such | B) no | C) more |
| D) some | | E) a lot |

18.

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| A) explained | B) explaining |
| C) had explained | D) will explain |
| E) has explained | |

19.

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| A) while | B) as if |
| C) but | D) because |
| E) due to | |

20.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| A) hostility | B) destiny |
| C) hope | D) inability |
| E) flavour | |



Cloze Test 4

Waterpower is a natural resource, available (1)---- a sufficient volume of steady water flow exists. The development of waterpower today (2)---- extensive construction, including storage lakes, dams, bypass canals, and the installation of large turbines and electric generating equipment. (3)---- the development of hydroelectric power requires a large capital investment, it is often uneconomical for a region where coal or oil is cheap, even though the cost of fuel for a steam-powered generating plant is (4)---- the cost of running a hydroelectric plant. However, increasing environmental concerns are (5)---- attention on renewable energy sources.

1.

- A) unless B) or else C) wherever
D) whoever E) despite

2.

- A) required B) requires
C) would require D) used to require
E) had required

3.

- A) As if B) Once C) Hence
D) Because E) In view of

4.

- A) higher than B) highest
C) such high D) too high
E) so high

5.

- A) exploiting B) denying
C) ceasing D) hiding
E) focusing

(6)---- disease has certain characteristic effects on the body. Some of these effects, called symptoms and signs, (7)---- fever, inflammation, pain, fatigue, dizziness, nausea, and rashes, and are readily apparent to the patient. These symptoms offer important clues that help physicians and other health care professionals make a (8)----. Many times, (9)----, the symptoms point to several possible disorders. In those cases, doctors rely on medical tests, (10)---- blood examinations and X-rays, to confirm the diagnosis.

6.

- A) Every B) All C) None
D) Neither E) Several

7.

- A) burn B) break C) warn
D) conserve E) include

8.

- A) threat B) mistake C) poverty
D) diagnosis E) store

9.

- A) provided that B) whichever
C) however D) if only
E) whether

10.

- A) too B) despite
C) due to D) similarly
E) such as

It would be a huge medical (11)---- to develop an effective vaccine against malaria, (12)---- is a major cause of global poverty and kills over a million children each year in Africa alone. But a major obstacle confronting vaccine developers is that we still do not understand the molecular mechanisms that underlie natural immunity to malaria, or exactly why malaria kills some people (13)---- others. In the labs new techniques of genomic epidemiology (14)---- to identify mechanisms of protective immunity in malaria-exposed populations, to serve (15)---- a rational basis for vaccine development.

11.

- A) disappointment
- B) discrepancy
- C) frustration
- D) deficiency
- E) breakthrough

12.

- A) that
- B) which
- C) whose
- D) more than
- E) so that

13.

- A) in order to
- B) since
- C) as though
- D) but not
- E) although

14.

- A) are applied
- B) applied
- C) applies
- D) have applied
- E) will have applied

15.

- A) into
- B) over
- C) at
- D) during
- E) as

The nervous system (16)---- all bodily activities: directs the work of all other tissues toward a common particular function. (17)---- the nervous system there is a line of communication between the receptors: the ears, eyes, nose, skin, and the effectors: the muscles and glands. The receptors enable you to be aware of your surroundings, and the effectors (18)---- the reactions necessary to survive in these surroundings. The nervous system is the center of all psychic activity. All feeling and thought, all mental faculties (19)---- judgment and reason originate here. It is the basis (20)---- all instincts and reflexes.

16.

- A) delays
- B) buries
- C) eradicates
- D) refutes
- E) harmonizes

17.

- A) So as to
- B) Whereas
- C) Now that
- D) Because of
- E) Despite

18.

- A) carry out
- B) put out
- C) take after
- D) give up
- E) pass away

19.

- A) so
- B) thus
- C) such as
- D) many
- E) none

20.

- A) without
- B) of
- C) upon
- D) along
- E) throughout



Cloze Test 5



Today the population of the world keeps on rising at a great pace. (1) the rise of high tech agriculture, food supplies still remain insufficient. As to a recently released report, there are now approximately 1 billion people who regularly do not get (2) food to eat. (3), this is often due to a lack of money. But by the year 2040, there (4) 9 billion mouths to feed, (5) means nearly 3 billion more than now.

1.

- A) Subsequent to B) In spite of
C) Due to D) In harmony with
E) As opposed to

2.

- A) enough B) so many
C) ever D) too much
E) far more

3.

- A) Otherwise B) As a matter of fact
C) Regardless of D) No matter how
E) Likewise

4.

- A) would be B) have been
C) will be D) could have been
E) would have been

5.

- A) which B) what
C) there D) it
E) whose

In the years before the Civil War, the lives of American women were shaped (6)---- a set of ideals that historians call "the Cult of True Womanhood." As men's work moved away from the home and into shops, offices and factories, the household became a new kind of place: a private, feminized domestic sphere, a "haven in a heartless world." "True women" (7)---- their lives to creating a clean, comfortable, nurturing home for their husbands and children. During the Civil War, (8)----, American women turned their attention to the world outside the home. Thousands of women in the North and South joined volunteer brigades and signed up to work as nurses. It was the first time in American history (9)--- women played a significant role in a war effort. By the end of the war, these experiences had expanded many Americans' (10) ---- of "true womanhood."

6.

- A) on B) in C) by
D) between E) through

7.

- A) will devote B) may devote
C) are devoting D) devote
E) devoted

8.

- A) otherwise B) however
C) as a consequence D) in addition
E) thus

9.

- A) that B) whether C) whichever
D) so long as E) until

10.

- A) fallacies B) invasions
C) accusations D) definitions
E) disasters

James Joyce was born in Dublin of a middle-class Catholic family. (11) his mother was a pious Catholic, his father was opposed to the Church and fiercely objected to the interference (12) the Catholic clergy in Irish politics. Joyce attended Clongowes Wood College for a few years, but (13) to leave when his family fell upon increasing economic hardship. Afterwards, he attended a Christian Brothers school, Belvedere College and then University College Dublin, where he (14) modern European languages. He left Ireland for Paris but returned to Dublin for a short while (15) learning his mother's sudden death.

11.

- A) Besides B) Since C) As if
 D) Though E) Even

12.

- A) for B) of C) about
 D) in E) to

13.

- A) was forced B) is forced
 C) will be forced D) must have forced
 E) may force

14.

- A) assured B) studied C) insulted
 D) abolished E) confirmed

15.

- A) whatsoever B) unless C) after
 D) whether E) because of

According to the results of a newly conducted study, public libraries in the United States will be redundant by 2050 if current trends go on. It is obviously the falling price of books that (16) libraries into a decline. The libraries themselves have fought valiantly to reverse the (17). They now offer DVD and computers with internet (18). Yet these, too, are increasingly affordable and (19) available at home. (20) libraries, it may actually be the final chapter.

16.

- A) had sent B) would send
 C) has sent D) sent
 E) was sending

17.

- A) aspiration B) inclination
 C) expansion D) circumstance
 E) abundance

18.

- A) exclusion B) slavery
 C) access D) controversy
 E) violation

19.

- A) as if B) therefore
 C) nonetheless D) however
 E) whereas

20.

- A) From B) Below
 C) Of D) Without
 E) For

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ

Cümle Tamamlama Testi 1

1. ----- she couldn't move any longer.

- A) Whether I approve of their proposal or not
- B) Jogging for an hour, my aunt was so exhausted that
- C) I wish you would stay with me forever in this city
- D) Whenever I see your sister in the school canteen
- E) The former British Prime Minister had been such a notorious politician that

2. -----, but they used to be in deadly rivalry in the past.

- A) Americans and Russians bitterly disagree on several issues
- B) The USA and the Soviet Union were engaged in the Cold War for decades
- C) Everyone was surprised when the two former political enemies decided to negotiate
- D) It is hoped that the UN will be able to solve some of the world's worst problems
- E) The Americans and the Russians co-operate on many space projects today

3. ----- that we esteem it even in an enemy.

- A) Whenever we face an enemy in this region
- B) Honesty is the best policy for every citizen
- C) So great and valuable is the power of honesty
- D) If only they were trustworthy and sincere
- E) The bride seemed too young for the groom

4. The main reason why a number of people want to emigrate to Britain is -----.

- A) since the end of the British Empire
- B) when they were actively recruited during the labour shortage in the 1950
- C) as they sometimes encounter racism and discrimination
- D) that some even had left the opportunities in their own countries behind
- E) to take advantage of educational and economical opportunities available there

5. The student recited the poem in such a way that -----.

- A) the school headmaster will reward her tomorrow
- B) nobody can understand its subject and content
- C) some of his friends hesitate to applaud him
- D) most of her teachers praised her after the ceremony
- E) his parents are concerned with his wrong attitudes

6. Once you have tried my mother's meals, -----.

- A) my mother has a secret recipe for macaroni
- B) it is rude to eat off other people's plates
- C) you will never want to eat anyone else's
- D) it is common around here to make your own salad
- E) I am very glad you have really enjoyed its taste

7. The e-mail sent to me was worded so badly -----.

- A) that I couldn't understand anything
- B) and I will post him as soon as possible
- C) since her mother is not capable of using a computer
- D) as she is interested in chatting but not surfing in the net
- E) that one day we will learn the truth

8. -----, many people like living in London regardless of the weather.

- A) Because of all the cultural and educational activities available
- B) Since it's wet and gloomy for most of the time
- C) Unless they were satisfied with the standard of living there
- D) Had they lived in the country for a long time
- E) Rarely does one encounter a city so brimming with cultural activities

9. -----, you didn't listen to me and this tragedy happened.

- A) You had no idea about the disease
- B) Similarly, no one is aware of the danger
- C) If it hadn't been for your support
- D) Were I in your shoes
- E) Although I warned you against the danger

10. -----, she is not mature enough to become a general manager.

- A) After my elder sister had graduated from college
- B) Though my daughter has had a good education
- C) Unless my nephew finishes school this year
- D) Dorothy had been studying law in London for three years
- E) In order to succeed in the university entrance exam

11. -----, you are to come to the graduation party tonight.

- A) I would rather you informed all the colleagues about the wedding
- B) Should I know his address
- C) Even if you feel weary
- D) Nothing would have satisfied the little child
- E) If only my mother made a cake for the party

12. Both clay and sand are important in manufacturing; -----.

- A) hence none of them has decomposed particles of different types of rocks
- B) provided sand particles result from weathering or decomposition of rocks
- C) similarly, sand is formed by decomposition of rocks or weathering
- D) nevertheless, clay is the most widely used earth material in industry
- E) on the contrary, it can be harmful to the ground

13. -----, we would rather take a taxi to get to the bus terminal.

- A) Rather than go there on foot
- B) Unless she had no bus ticket
- C) The bus-stop was too crowded
- D) We hadn't enough money to visit the museum
- E) We went off in search of a park lot

14. Many years ago there lived a princess -----.

- A) which was conquered by Ottoman Empire in 1453
- B) that is so jealous of other women
- C) where the pirates gave much damage
- D) to whom a handsome prince wants to divorce
- E) who liked helping poor people very much.



15. Though defeated in all elections, -----.

- A) he still remains a popular leader in the party
- B) nobody supported him in the local elections
- C) we didn't give our votes to his party
- D) he had isolated himself from politics
- E) many people will be disfavour of him in the forthcoming elections

16. -----, but I reckon that he must be about seventy.

- A) My husband will phone the tour company and ask the price of the trip to Dubai
- B) He couldn't remember how much those jeans cost
- C) I don't know exactly how old your father is
- D) My wife weighed herself and was horrified to see she is ninety kilos
- E) Tom may be heavier than you, but don't forget that he is also taller

17. If you're not sure how to spell a word, -----.

- A) one must first learn how to pronounce the English alphabet
- B) you should look it up in a dictionary
- C) homophones are words that sound the same
- D) it is because, in Turkish, every sound is represented with a symbol
- E) then you should have avoided using them in your essay

18. -----, most citizens of the sultanate actually live in poverty.

- A) Since the Sultan of Brunei is one of the wealthiest people in the world
- B) Considering that the largest concentration of urban population is in Brunei's capital, Bandar Seri Begawan
- C) Because Brunei earns billions of dollars a year from petroleum exports
- D) When Queen Elizabeth paid an official visit to the Sultan of Brunei in early 1998
- E) Although the average income in Brunei is among the world's highest

19. The cost of living in Alaska is extremely high, -----.

- A) as the price of petrol there is surprisingly low
- B) whereas Eskimos live in ice houses called igloos
- C) due to the fact that only about 500,000 people live there
- D) unless you really enjoy extremely cold weather and snow
- E) because nearly everything has to be imported

20. ----- for security vulnerabilities, tight integration of applications such as Internet Explorer and Windows Media Player, and for aspects of its user interface.

- A) Windows XP is a line of operating systems developed by Microsoft
- B) In some countries most people still resist not to use computers
- C) The improved stability and efficiency made Windows 98 inevitable
- D) Windows XP had been criticized by some users
- E) The next major revision of Microsoft Windows is scheduled to be Windows Vista

We must have reasons for speech but we need none for silence.

Cümle Tamamlama Testi 2

1. Some people are terrified of thunderstorms -----.

- A) as long as they feel certain that there is no reason
- B) even when they are safely indoors
- C) where thunderstorms are extremely common
- D) as the majority of them only last 30 to 40 minutes
- E) if only they knew that they are not as dangerous

2. -----, yet it is one of the most important archaeological sites in the world.

- A) Unlike many important archaeological sites, the Great Pyramid was never buried or lost
- B) Because of the political situation, few people visit Ankor Wat today
- C) One of the most beautiful places I have ever seen is the Valley of the Butterfly
- D) The modern architecture of the Sydney Opera House arouses admiration in people
- E) Archaeological investigations are still continuing at the Valley of the Kings

3. ----- in spite of there were no tourist facilities in that region.

- A) We really enjoyed our trip to a remote part of the Himalayas
- B) The best way to attract a lot more tourists to the area
- C) They thought that Angola was one of the worst places they had ever visited
- D) Whatever your age is, there is so much for everyone to do at the resort
- E) I spent most of my last holiday cold, wet and miserable

4. -----, others are happy with the role of the traditional housewife.

- A) Because it is not very satisfying staying home and looking after children
- B) As the traditional extended family has almost ceased to exist in the West
- C) Whichever methods overweight women try in order to lose weight
- D) Since one salary is often not enough to support a family
- E) **Although** some women work in full time jobs

5. Tom's parents allow him to stay out late -----.

- A) but not until he promised to come back before midnight
- B) by the time they find out his whereabouts
- C) since his eighteenth birthday two months ago
- D) so long as he calls to report where he is
- E) whenever he got a high mark in the final exam

6. -----, so the family of the victim were outraged.

- A) They won their case and the robber had to go to jail
- B) The victim of the event completely recovered from the brutal attack
- C) They were relieved to see the murderer locked up in prison
- D) The murderer was only given a six-month prison sentence
- E) As the judge had given the robber a harsh punishment

7. Though built in the early fifteenth century, -----.

- A) nobody goes to church except Sundays.
- B) the local authorities in the eastern region had to take measures
- C) their achievement surprised all the supporters
- D) it was such a weak part that you could not touch
- E) the bridge can still withstand heavy floods



8. -----, which has a wonderful view of the harbour.

- A) The restaurant on Galata Tower serves specialities of Turkish cuisine
- B) My friend, Jason, lived in the same house for more than ten years
- C) I'll show you Molly's new car as we drive past it on our way home
- D) Whenever I have a little time, I love climbing up Shooter Hill
- E) Most of the flats in this block are a little cold as they face north

9. Despite abundant rain throughout the winter, -----.

- A) the city is still suffering from a shortage of water this summer
- B) when there were severe floods destroying a large part of the region
- C) the local fruit growers no longer complain about the drought
- D) it was after a long period, without a drop of rain for many months
- E) irrigation is only necessary for a few farms where they grow vegetables

10. The passengers have been waiting in the departure lounge for twenty minutes -----.

- A) if we had toured around the city instead of coming here so early
- B) what time exactly is the plane going to take off
- C) as a result of the plane crash
- D) as soon as they arrived in Spain at 3 o'clock
- E) since the last announcement about their flight was made

11. -----, Caroline was appointed to district manager.

- A) Unless she displayed considerable talent in her job
- B) Due to her dedication to her work and successful performance
- C) As she has just been promised by the director
- D) No wonder she just couldn't believe her eyes
- E) In spite of her managerial skills she gained at university

12. I really didn't know what to say -----.

- A) when Mary came in with her new hair style and asked for my opinion
- B) if I don't think I'll have finished reading the report before then
- C) that Terry has always asked his questions in such a straightforward manner
- D) that I just wanted to leave work without any major reasons
- E) and so get the lowest mark of my life

13. -----, he has not written a new book for over ten years.

- A) Once considered one of the most promising authors of his generation
- B) When the critics felt that he was sure to be a huge success
- C) After putting his feet up on the desk and looking me straight in the eye
- D) As his publisher tried to urge him to work more productively
- E) What his readers really appreciate is the consistent quality of his writing

14. Although Istanbul is a historical and a nice city, -----.

- A) it is because its residents consist of people from various cultures
- B) it once was the capital of the Byzantine Empire
- C) make sure you visit the Metropolitan Museum during your visit
- D) it can also be a stressful and dangerous city because of traffic and population
- E) the sightseeing tour which we joined was really unforgettable

15. Though it has been years since he last saw his parents, -----.

- A) he always felt so depressed when he returned home
- B) they both seem to be very healthy for their age
- C) he had taken a round-the-world trip in the meantime
- D) he was glad that they both looked quite healthy
- E) he still feels close because of the frequent phone calls and internet

16. -----, the company had to book the hall for two more nights.

- A) Since so many people wanted to go to the concert
- B) Even if more people want to attend the conference than expected
- C) Although all the tickets sold out within hours of going on sale
- D) In spite of the risks of using untrained personnel
- E) The play was originally planned to be performed on Friday night

17. It is essential that no one leave the building -----.

- A) so that it is very crowded
- B) until the police have checked everyone's identity
- C) as if everyone was still inside
- D) yet it is still possible that there were a lot of people inside at the time
- E) provided that nobody could state a valid excuse

18. Last year there was such a lot of snow in Erzurum -----.

- A) so there was not enough in the rest of the country
- B) than the amount which is forecast by the weather station
- C) when there was a lot of suffering and homelessness caused by them
- D) that it appeared as though it would never stop
- E) since there was not much rain for a long time

19. One of the main causes of heart disease is -----.

- A) as people eat the wrong things and don't get enough exercise
- B) since people do not have to work physically as hard as they used to
- C) yet treatment is available if you are sensible and have regular check-ups
- D) that many people are unaware of the dangers of smoking combined with poor diet
- E) when chest pains occur after exercise

20. I am so sorry for the misunderstanding, but if you had only phoned, -----.

- A) I told you in the e-mail that I wouldn't be able to meet you at the airport
- B) you should have checked with me that we had meant the same restaurant
- C) whether the meeting has been put off or not
- D) I have had the date and the address of the conference confirmed
- E) we could have been sure that we understood each other

***A lie has many variations, the truth none.
(African Proverb)***



Cümle Tamamlama Testi 3

1. Even though it was defended by so few armed soldiers -----.

- A) it didn't take the invaders long to capture the fortress
- B) the city managed to hold out against its attackers until help arrived
- C) the attackers were well aware of the town's lack of ammunition
- D) no one knew how many there really were
- E) most of whom also had no war experience

2. Using the words in a sentence is one area which students of English find quite hard, -----.

- A) as the rules for them are so logical and clear
- B) because native speakers find them very easy to use
- C) and another is to learn articles and phrasal verbs
- D) once they have memorised all of them by heart
- E) although they never really seem to understand them

3. There is going to be a big protest in the capital -----.

- A) when a ceremony was organised for the opening of the new motorway
- B) in case the council continued pulling any more historical buildings down
- C) while they were cutting down so many trees for a new housing development
- D) if only taxes have been brought down a little by the new government
- E) if the government tries to build a road through that residential area

4. -----, but within a few hours it was clear that at least five ships had been sunk by the Russian army.

- A) Some people prefer sailing to swimming
- B) Military spokesperson tried to play down the seriousness of the disaster
- C) Although there are some drawbacks
- D) As a result of the S.O.S signal
- E) Nobody thought Titanic would sink on her first voyage

5. Whenever there is an international incident, -----.

- A) the United Nations was not able to solve it
- B) powerful nations try to use it to their advantage
- C) it has not been fair to expect too much of the United Nations
- D) athletic competitions have certainly stimulated good-will between nations
- E) it also includes such music contests as Eurovision

6. -----, it is obvious that the whole thing was a waste of time and effort.

- A) None of us wanted to go in the first place
- B) Staff meetings are often boring and have no apparent point to them
- C) Since the results were far more satisfactory than anyone had expected
- D) Now that we couldn't solve anything in the end
- E) Except for the fact that everyone thought the food was terrible



7. ----, the south coast of Spain has been destroyed by insensitive planning and building.

- A) Since it remains one of the nicest places you are likely to visit
- B) As tourism has made a major contribution to Spain's spectacular economic growth
- C) Once one of the most attractive spots in Europe
- D) Because it accounts for just under 15 percent of Spain's total area
- E) There was once one of the most beautiful resorts imaginable

8. ---- while driving for long distances on a motorway.

- A) Make sure you take occasional rest stops
- B) You can arrive at your destination quicker than taking the back roads
- C) On Sundays there are lots of cars along the 1915 Çanakkale Bridge
- D) People who drive down the centre lane at low speed
- E) A lot of young people return to university at certain times of the year

9. ----, melting ice will cause sea levels to rise, flooding many coastal regions.

- A) By the time something was done about the situation
- B) If only we had listened to the weather forecast
- C) Unless drastic action is taken to halt global warming
- D) While attempting to understand the greenhouse effect
- E) Since drought continues to cause concern in many parts of the world

10. It is quite clear from the evidence ----.

- A) because no one else knew so much about the victim's habits
- B) while he is trying to think of a reasonable defence
- C) whether he actually did it is still the question we have to answer
- D) though the police are trying to reach his accomplices in the robbery
- E) that he is the only person who could have committed the crime

11. Due to the crime and pollution associated with city centres, ----.

- A) everyone wants to live there for a better quality of life
- B) it is not the nicest place for some people to live
- C) there could be no better place for the new office block
- D) more and more people are moving to the suburbs or their villages
- E) they are better than the slum areas though

12. To become competent and proficient in a foreign language ----.

- A) is best achieved by marrying someone who speaks that language
- B) there are now far more religious schools than there used to be
- C) it had been necessary to live in a country where the language is rarely spoken
- D) whether you have the chance to use the language at work or not
- E) requires patience and takes years of hard work and study



13. Although there is now more consumer choice than ever before, -----.

- A) it is certainly a result of mass-production, beginning with the Industrial Revolution
- B) many people do not seem as satisfied as they used to be
- C) going shopping when things are on sale is so economical
- D) it depends on whether you have enough capital or not
- E) it might have been due to the unprecedented increase in demand

14. Despite the disadvantage of playing away from home in front of a hostile crowd, -----.

- A) our team put in one of their best performances of the season
- B) they knew they would never have a chance to win
- C) we were rather late and were unable to get tickets
- D) the players were a little demoralised, and couldn't do their best
- E) I don't have satellite TV, so I couldn't watch the match anyway

15. The cease-fire has now held for six months, -----.

- A) so both sides still distrust one another
- B) everyone is certain that the situation will soon be resolved
- C) thus the relationship between the two countries has never been an easy one
- D) when all the parties involved in the conflict had been in agreement
- E) but no one is ever sure what will happen from one day to the next

16. ----- until his car was stolen and he got mugged on the same day.

- A) His life was so bad that he was sure he was due for a spell of good luck
- B) The police were sure that they knew where the robbers were hiding
- C) My uncle never believed that he lived in a dangerous part of the city
- D) He enjoyed the security of his job even though the salary was low
- E) No matter how hard he worked he always seemed to have trouble paying his bills

17. Some people feel that the American political system has steadily deteriorated -----.

- A) when people became more concerned with the people who took decisions for them
- B) while the media is one of the main causes of it
- C) so that the candidates are now more honest and better qualified than ever
- D) since the mass media and social media began to make image more important than ideas
- E) during the first televised TV debates between Kennedy and Nixon

18. -----, sometimes it can be the happiest event in your life.

- A) Although it can be quite disappointing not to get to the university you set your heart on
- B) Because in some countries there is no longer any compulsory military service
- C) We all had a great time hiking through the woods last weekend
- D) I have never seen such a terrible hotel or eaten at such a bad restaurant
- E) It was unbelievable how he lost his entire fortune in a single night of gambling

19. ----, advances in medicine and technology have also led to the present threat of worldwide over-population.

- A) Although sometimes more than one form of therapy is used to treat an illness
- B) While they have undoubtedly improved the quality of our lives
- C) Because they have played an important part in raising our standard of living
- D) Once dreaded annual events, polio epidemics are now mentioned only in history books
- E) Even if family planning remains one of the great challenges of the late 20th century

20. Unless the two sides begin to negotiate seriously, ----.

- A) there is likely to be violence in the region soon.
- B) everyone is confident that there won't be a war
- C) a peace-keeping mission will no longer be needed
- D) they should be able to find a solution with no difficulty
- E) the people in the region are now enjoying a peaceful atmosphere

Nature, time and patience are the three best doctors.

Cümle Tamamlama Testi 4

1. ----, the world has had to adjust to a new set of international realities.

- A) Until the outstanding events of the late 1980s
- B) While several countries were undergoing a traumatic period
- C) Ever since the break-up of the Soviet Union in 1989
- D) After the peace conference, which is due to take place next month
- E) Though there had been speculation about the state of the Prime Minister's health

2. Many countries don't recognize drivers' licences from other countries, ----.

- A) however most countries accept international driving permits
- B) who is likely to tell us that we'll need to get a visa before going
- C) given that the licences were very expensive indeed
- D) it has also become oriented with the driving rules in Cyprus
- E) every driver of a motor vehicle must hold a driver's license

3. ----, which was called the imperial examination.

- A) Standardized tests are sometimes used by certain countries in Europe
- B) Ancient China was the first country in the world that implemented a nationwide standardized test
- C) In general, tests developed and administered by individual instructors
- D) As with the development and administration of educational tests
- E) A test may be developed and administered by an



instructor

• CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

4. Though both sides claim that they don't want a war, -----.

- A) it causes a lot of suffering to civilians
- B) maintaining a military is very expensive
- C) the peoples of both countries are against it as well
- D) they don't seem to be able to agree in the negotiations
- E) the presidents of both countries were once very strict generals

5. Henry has been earning a lot of money recently, -----.

- A) although he is one of the most industrious workers in the company
- B) but he hasn't managed to save a thing
- C) so he can barely afford to look after his expensive house by the sea
- D) in spite of the fact that his job pays rather well
- E) until he had contracted a serious disease and missed a month of work

6. -----, yet it is much safer than it used to be because of modern safety equipment.

- A) With a little care, you won't encounter any mishaps
- B) Considering the great risk involved in automobile races
- C) Skiing can be counted among the most dangerous sports
- D) Household accidents account for many deaths of children
- E) Drink-driving poses a great threat for innocent pedestrians

7. Whereas I really love the taste of coffee, -----.

- A) I can't stand it with milk and sugar
- B) it is definitely my favourite hot drink
- C) instant coffee is much easier to prepare
- D) it is becoming increasingly popular in offices
- E) it helps keep me awake when I have to work at night

8. -----, but with glasses, he can see as well as anybody.

- A) Jane used to wear contact lenses
- B) Roy's eyesight is so bad that he's nearly blind
- C) As a child, Richard's vision was perfect
- D) Tom lost his glasses when he went camping
- E) John leaves his glasses behind wherever he goes

9. Russia lost a lot of land when the Soviet Union broke up; -----.

- A) nevertheless, not very many of them are very useful
- B) even though many other things happened in the same year.
- C) moreover, it is possible that they may try to find it again
- D) in contrast, the rubble collapsed at the same time
- E) however, it is still the largest country in the world

10. -----, which is a sport combining skiing and shooting.

- A) The former Defense Minister opposed to the use of guns in sport
- B) Canadians traditionally do well in the biathlon
- C) Every year many people die in hunting accidents
- D) The Swedes have a skiing division in their army
- E) More people die from guns in cold, snowy places

11. If the rain hadn't stopped last night -----.

- A) the river would have flooded its banks
- B) the tennis match has been cancelled
- C) I wouldn't have taken an umbrella
- D) it had rained heavily for almost a week
- E) we will still be staying at home on New Year's Eve

12. Having never been out of England, -----.

- A) Indonesia was a very confusing place for Richard
- B) seeing new places and experiencing new things will have been exciting
- C) it was a place that he had never had the courage to visit
- D) Tom found everything about India to be completely overwhelming
- E) it had never been the thing that he most wanted to do though

13. What is impossible to forgive is -----.

- A) whether he will telephone us during his stay there or not
- B) his ingratitude after all that we have done for him
- C) she should have married him after she'd got to know him better
- D) even if you did apologize, it would not make any difference
- E) I don't understand why she did something so insensitive

14. ----- since it will be dark when they arrive.

- A) They won't be here until 7 o'clock
- B) You had better leave the outside lights on
- C) There is no moon tonight
- D) They are not travelling by train this time
- E) They can't have got lost in town

15. Before Caroline starts university, -----.

- A) she decided to have a holiday first
- B) her father seems to be very proud of her success
- C) she didn't expect to find a well-paid job
- D) she had to pass the entrance exams
- E) her family will give a small party for her

16. -----, whereas he is very like his brother.

- A) Pete doesn't look like his sister at all
- B) John really doesn't like his cousin
- C) Jane likes both Graham and Nicholas
- D) Bob can't stand living in a big city
- E) Robin really loves his little sister

17. Although Egypt was once thought to be the home of the world's oldest civilisation, -----.

- A) archaeologists now believe that there were even more ancient ones in India
- B) Cleopatra is probably the best known queen in history
- C) it was based on the yearly flooding of the Nile
- D) this is why they make a lot of money from the tourist trade now
- E) with so many dynasties spanning a period of several thousand years



TERCİH

• CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

18. ----, even after we had stayed up all night working on it.

- A) In the end everything was ready and the boss was really pleased
- B) We could have watched the film on TV last night if it had been working
- C) In the morning we were disheartened to see how much work remained to be done
- D) We found that the project only got its funding through last Friday
- E) There were no more problems with any of the machinery

19. Despite the high cost of across the country ----.

- A) salaries are fairly high these days
- B) most people seem to live quite well
- C) prices will have been quite reasonable
- D) inflation just keeps going up
- E) everybody wants to find a well-paid job

20. Not having ever ridden on a motor-cycle before, ----.

- A) everyone says that nothing else is so much fun
- B) the first couple of kilometres were really terrifying
- C) the traffic made it even more frightening than it would have been
- D) I was really frightened when I saw how fast we were going
- E) my brother has also participated in several motor races

Cümle Tamamlama Testi 5

1. Though we live in a rational age, when there is a scientific explanation for everything, there are certain places in the world ----.

- A) which has a lot more tourist attractions than others
- B) so you should visit them before they lose their authenticity
- C) like the beautiful palm-fringed beaches of the Pacific Islands
- D) but you must decide which ones you most want to visit
- E) where the landscape still seems to exert a strong spiritual force

2. Despite the remarkable economic growth of recent years, ----.

- A) some people are much richer than their grandfathers
- B) you should have invested wisely to earn a lot of money
- C) severe economic inequalities still exist in China
- D) there is no longer any real hardship in Japan
- E) formerly there was still too much economic inequality

3. However much Tom's father tried, ----.

- A) Albert Einstein was the man I most admired
- B) he could not prevent him from leaving home
- C) his mother always thought he was the perfect son
- D) he was already the top student in his class
- E) it was the most successful year he had ever spent

4. When Michael Jackson first toured as a solo act, -----.
- A) "This Place Hotel" was the only Jacksons song to be used in both legs of the Bad World Tour
 - B) Jackson later began performing backup vocals and dancing
 - C) the popularity of these videos helped to bring the then relatively new television channel MTV to fame
 - D) Jackson has a troubled relationship with his father, Joe
 - E) this album won also another Grammy for Best Engineered Recording
5. -----, so she was disappointed when it was cancelled.
- A) My uncle had bought us all tickets to the play
 - B) Mary wasn't planning on seeing the film anyway
 - C) Elizabeth was not very excited about her birthday
 - D) Tracey had been looking forward to the party
 - E) Paul took out two magazine subscriptions
6. -----, youngsters from their countries often become friends when they meet.
- A) Because of historical forces, some countries have never been on good terms
 - B) It is difficult to understand why some countries are always on the brink of war with one another
 - C) Since the peoples of some countries seem destined to hate each other
 - D) However much the political leaders of some countries may dislike one another
 - E) Due to the many diplomatic problems between countries with different political ideologies
7. While he was upset when his pocket was picked, -----.
- A) it was done by a boy who looked no older than twelve
 - B) he could not help but admire the efficient way in which it was done
 - C) he knows that he shouldn't keep all the money in one place
 - D) he may decide to leave the country and never return
 - E) there wasn't anything worthwhile in his rucksack anyway
8. Just as a diver never knows what he will bring up from the seabed, -----.
- A) since there are so many things to discover down there
 - B) especially in a country, like England, where the water is often so murky
 - C) it is not often that a novelist knows how his book will end up when he begins it
 - D) a good engineer plans out every stage of his work meticulously
 - E) a basket baller does not know how the match will turn out
9. Although the temperature was below freezing, -----.
- A) it had been snowing heavily for days
 - B) the old beggar was only wearing a thin jacket
 - C) everybody at home had gone down with flu
 - D) the ice on the pond was a foot thick
 - E) it was not warm enough to play tennis



10. There are religious festivals almost every month in Kathmandu, -----.

- A) which is held in honour of their gods
- B) while they are some of the most interesting sights a visitor is likely to see
- C) however much everyone seems to enjoy them
- D) where even the paving stones seem to be worshipped as some sort of god
- E) when it is the happiest time imaginable

11. Despite the fact that the price was reasonable, -----.

- A) there were long queues outside the shop
- B) Jane really wanted to buy the dress
- C) it shouldn't be reduced by 50% in the sale
- D) we managed to buy a new car last month
- E) no one was interested in buying that house

12. -----, whereas drinking hot milk can help you to sleep.

- A) You shouldn't drive when you're tired
- B) While tea and coffee contain caffeine
- C) Milk should be kept cool in the fridge
- D) Coffee may keep you awake at night
- E) If you have trouble getting to sleep

13. When opening a bank account, -----.

- A) the staff of the bank were very helpful with the completion of the forms
- B) interest rates have gone up dramatically
- C) it won't be open on Saturdays anyway
- D) you have to provide some form of identity
- E) your money will have been much safer there

14. ----- provided that I didn't tell my father.

- A) My mother said she would let me borrow the car
- B) I bought my father a surprise birthday present
- C) I wouldn't have been able to borrow the money
- D) No one found out that my brother was in trouble
- E) We have decided to stay up late and watch television

15. During the hot summer of 1976, -----.

- A) it was, fortunately, followed by a mild winter
- B) many regions in the country experienced a terrible drought
- C) we have been on holiday in Cornwall for only a week
- D) there has never been a summer as hot as that
- E) the children have been finding it difficult to sleep

16. ----- in case we couldn't find an open shop.

- A) We weren't able to buy any butter
- B) We took everything we needed with us
- C) Our house was in a very remote area
- D) We drove along the road for a long time
- E) A large supermarket had been opened in the area

17. If the last bus hadn't driven past our stop without stopping, -----.

- A) we hadn't got so wet waiting in the rain
- B) there wouldn't be so many people in it
- C) there weren't any seats available for us
- D) passengers could be more comfortable
- E) we would have been home by now

18. The bigger our advertising campaign is, -----.

- A) even though we are likely to have some success
- B) the more likely it is that we will get a lot of new business
- C) we should be able to do very well in the upcoming year
- D) so we may have more chance of finding a lot of new customers
- E) than all that we have had since we started business

19. ----- by lowering the risk of heart attack and some types of cancer.

- A) As you get older, you should watch your diet and consume less red meat
- B) Becoming a vegetarian is one of the healthiest things a person can do
- C) There is now a healthy trend toward eating more fresh fruit and vegetables
- D) Too much red meat and fatty food is not good for you
- E) Eating a lot of fresh fruit and vegetables can improve a person's health

20. -----, voters elect politicians to public office.

- A) Branches of management theory also exist relating to non-profits and to government
- B) It provides guidance and direction
- C) Unless the business industry operates through various functions
- D) The business's policy is a guide that stipulates rules
- E) In the public sector of countries constituted as representative democracies



Cümle Tamamlama Testi 6

1. Since I had never eaten raw fish before I went to Japan, -----.
 - A) coupled with the fact that I do not normally eat fish, even cooked
 - B) perhaps I will like it when I have tried it
 - C) I was a little nervous the first time it was put in front of me
 - D) it is difficult, though, to explain what it tastes like
 - E) it was one of the most delicious Japanese dishes
2. -----, probably the best one is that it can give you an insight into a different culture and way of life.
 - A) While there are many reasons for learning a foreign language
 - B) Even though a number of countries use English as a first language
 - C) Due to the number of good reasons for studying a foreign language
 - D) Except for the fact that there is a saying, "travel broadens the mind"
 - E) There are many disadvantages to travelling abroad if you don't speak a foreign language
3. Instead of taking advantage of the time to prepare for the big match -----.
 - A) they practised every day and were in top form when the time came
 - B) they would not have played so well otherwise
 - C) there were still some injury problems as the date approached
 - D) the team members stayed out late every night and hardly bothered to practise
 - E) each new day was full of tension and excitement

4. Because so many people are trying to get visas, -----.
 - A) the authorities were making it more and more difficult
 - B) there is, however, no reason that they should make it so hard
 - C) the economic situations in the countries of the applicants worsened
 - D) it is a good place to emigrate to for economic reasons
 - E) the consulate puts as many difficulties as possible in the way
5. -----, it can be more beneficial for them to have a vocational qualification.
 - A) Not until a lot of people were able to get university degrees
 - B) While most young people have their hearts set on a university degree
 - C) Everyone wants a university degree because they can use it to get a high-paying job
 - D) Because the best way to a successful future is a university degree
 - E) If only youths could get into the university they want to go to
6. As they become capable of more and more tasks, -----.
 - A) most calculators can only perform the basic mathematical functions
 - B) duplicating machines are devices used for making copies of a document
 - C) machines are only as good as the people operating them
 - D) microscopes use a beam of light and lenses to magnify objects
 - E) computers will take over more of the work now done by people

7. ----- that even their fans were absolutely amazed.

- A) Their brilliant performance in the cup final was so unexpected
- B) They only had to win two more matches to be sure of the championship
- C) Even if they had won after such a shocking performance
- D) With their expensive foreign players doing so well, they have hardly lost a match all season
- E) It was the biggest crowd of the season, and probably one of the best behaved

8. As a result of the oil crisis in the early 1970s, -----.

- A) the British economy has never really recovered from these problems
- B) most car manufacturers began making smaller, more economical cars
- C) really necessitates a large increase in petrol prices
- D) pollution in Istanbul is becoming worse and worse as the population grows
- E) it may even affect some of the countries that produce their own oil

9. We had hoped for great things from the new manager -----.

- A) on the condition that he is really as qualified as he claims to be
- B) and we were all disappointed when we heard he was coming
- C) but his arrogance soon destroyed our optimism
- D) even though he had such a good reputation
- E) so he would sort out all our outstanding problems

10. -----, the meat in the stew was still not tender enough to chew easily.

- A) Not having bought it from our usual butcher's
- B) So as to make sure that it was delicious
- C) Although I had only put it in at the last moment
- D) The time given in the recipe must have been wrong
- E) In spite of having been cooked for three hours

11. No matter how many times I look up that word in the dictionary, -----.

- A) I have finally managed to memorise it
- B) I just do not seem to be able to remember it
- C) my dictionary can't be a really good one
- D) there are so many other words that seem to mean the same thing
- E) I really hoped that it wouldn't appear on the exam

12. In order to learn a foreign language, -----.

- A) a student must be willing to take every opportunity to practise speaking
- B) the grammar is sometimes so complicated that it takes years to master
- C) it can be difficult for people without strong motivation though
- D) there are a lot of new words to memorise
- E) it is still not possible to be as fluent as a native speaker

13. ----- until you have made an improvement in your work.

- A) You used to be one of our best employees
- B) Your performance has not been very satisfactory recently
- C) I have noticed that you are becoming lazy
- D) You will soon be looking for a new job
- E) You shouldn't expect to get a promotion



14. Mel Gibson began his career in low quality action films, -----.

- A) though he is unable to play in any serious films
- B) so he is, in fact, a surprisingly good dramatic actor
- C) while he was still a young man trying to make his way
- D) since Jack Nicholson also spent years in the same kind of films
- E) because he turned out to be an extremely versatile actor

15. ----- before you can expect to obtain a decent job.

- A) You have been unemployed for so long
- B) You have unfortunately failed your university entrance examination
- C) These days you have to know how to use a computer
- D) In a country where university education has always been free
- E) The rapid population growth plays a major role

16. While baseball is the most popular sport in America, -----.

- A) every team consists of 9 players, each with his own responsibility
- B) it is rarely, if ever, played in other countries
- C) meanwhile, football is becoming increasingly popular
- D) there are countless leagues for people of all ages
- E) newspapers and sports magazines report results and records in great detail

17. -----, though, surprisingly, monkeys are cleverer than either.

- A) Dogs are more intelligent than cats
- B) As pork is prohibited by Jewish law
- C) The farmer raises chickens and plants
- D) Kim has a very clever and cute puppy
- E) Both cows and sheep provide milk

18. Everyone assumed the sailor had drowned at sea, -----.

- A) which was quite a shame, since he had never learnt to swim very well
- B) although his wife decided to remarry within a year of the accident
- C) so they were pleasantly surprised when they learnt he had been rescued
- D) until the coast guard confirmed the loss of all men from the small boat
- E) although he probably would have lived, had he been wearing a life jacket

19. ----- that enter the Earth's atmosphere.

- A) A blizzard left up to three feet of snow in parts of Austria
- B) The plane crashed into the mountain at the speed of sound
- C) Astronomers watched the meteor as it was entering the atmosphere
- D) Meteor showers occur when dust or particles from asteroids or comets enter Earth's atmosphere at very high speed
- E) Meteors are relatively small celestial objects made of rock and metal

20. -----; we managed to get to the top, though.

- A) The building was only two floors high
- B) We walked up the gentle slope of the hill
- C) The cat was frightened and ran up the tree
- D) The Eiffel Tower has a wonderfully fast lift
- E) It was a hot day and the mountain was high

Honesty is the best policy. (Shakespeare)



Cümle Tamamlama Testi 7

1. -----, whereas in America, they are actually quite cheap.

- A) I don't remember what cigarettes cost in India
- B) In Europe, taxes make the price of petrol very high
- C) Pineapples are extremely expensive in Turkey
- D) It costs a lot of money to use the Internet in Hungary
- E) Bottles of beer cost practically nothing in Bulgaria

2. I haven't seen Jack since 1979, -----.

- A) while we have met occasionally in recent months
- B) which explains why we have remained so close
- C) because of the fact that he lives only two miles away
- D) so I recognised him instantly at our class reunion
- E) when we were students at secondary school together

3. ----- because it was so windy and noisy.

- A) Hurricanes are capable of causing a lot of damage
- B) The storm caused high winds and a lot of rain
- C) The village was generally quiet and peaceful
- D) I had great difficulty staying asleep last night
- E) Visibility was very low during the blizzard

4. Our flight was delayed by three hours; -----.

- A) however, we managed to leave a bit early
- B) thus, we couldn't go to the meeting on time
- C) in case we bought a few magazines at the airport
- D) moreover, the hotel was incredibly comfortable
- E) because even a bus would have been quicker

5. I eventually managed to find the office, -----.

- A) but not until after I'd got lost several times
- B) so I had been bolting for over an hour
- C) that was easy and didn't take very long
- D) since it wasn't clearly marked on the map I had
- E) according to the directions I had given him

6. -----, since I don't understand it myself.

- A) I tried to help my sister with her homework
- B) I have been going to English classes
- C) It is rather challenging and time-consuming for me to do these sums
- D) The teacher didn't show us how he got the formula
- E) I can't explain the current situation to you

7. I thought it was impossible for me to learn a foreign language -----.

- A) except that I could master a language completely different from my own
- B) no matter how bad I was at languages when I was at school
- C) until I lived for six months in a place where no one spoke my mother tongue
- D) especially when I consider how much vocabulary I need to learn
- E) unless I go and live in the country where the language is spoken

8. -----, but it can eat or drink anything you serve.

- A) Her cats don't care what you give
- B) We usually feed the baby with milk
- C) Red wine doesn't go well with fish
- D) Dave is practically dying of hunger
- E) My niece has always been a strict vegetarian



9. Unless the number of orders increases, -----.

- A) the recession is getting much worse
- B) this has been our worst year so far
- C) the sales manager is getting worried
- D) the entire factory has closed down
- E) some of us may soon become unemployed

10. ----- in case you have to stay there overnight?

- A) Have you booked the hotel for a fortnight
- B) Please give me a call when you arrive
- C) I am not sure which hotel you should book
- D) Why don't you take a change of clothes
- E) Can you tell me what time you'll be back

11. What most people don't like about Mondays -----.

- A) so they have to work hard on the first day of the week
- B) is the fact that they are usually tired after weekend holiday
- C) we really enjoy the weekends though
- D) it is no wonder they love it when Friday comes
- E) some of the clients come regularly once a week

12. -----, so we were shocked to learn that they had lost.

- A) No one really thought they had much of a chance anyway
- B) The match had been cancelled because of bad weather
- C) Everyone had expected the team to have an easy victory
- D) Our team was losing by three goals when we turned off the TV
- E) Their opponent was ranked number one in the league

13. Even though I have never tried bungee jumping -----.

- A) I can imagine how terrifying it must be
- B) I couldn't wait when I had the opportunity
- C) I am not a big fan of dangerous sports
- D) I still remember how frightened I was at first
- E) I was brave enough to join my friends for a trial

14. As there was no work in his home-town for someone with his qualifications, -----.

- A) he had got his degree from the most respected university in the country
- B) which meant that he had to remain unemployed, or take a boring job with low pay
- C) his mother would miss him if he moved away though
- D) it was only a small town with no industry at all
- E) he moved to a place where there were more opportunities

15. -----, but it is often used as a short form for the biophysical environment.

- A) Whereas the expression "the environment" is often used to refer to the global environment
- B) The naked term environment can make reference to different concepts
- C) The biophysical environment can vary in scale from microscopic to global in extent
- D) Life has to be adapted to its environment conditions
- E) Some long term modifications along the history of our planet have been dramatic

16. -----provided that my parents agree.

- A) I have booked the tickets for the play on Friday
- B) I am really pleased that you're coming to dinner
- C) My whole family is full of admiration for you
- D) I will be going to England to do a summer course
- E) My brothers and sisters are always arguing

17. As long as you are enjoying your job, -----.

- A) it really doesn't matter how much money you make
- B) you should have tried moving to another city for a change
- C) it was rewarding both emotionally and financially
- D) you didn't keep yourself in good physical health though
- E) so many people are unable to achieve real happiness

18. Had I not seen it with my own eyes, -----.

- A) I thought I should have my eyes checked
- B) you can't imagine how everything happened so suddenly
- C) I promise there was nothing really worth seeing
- D) I might not have missed such an interesting story
- E) I would have considered it impossible to believe

19. Although my former neighbour moved to another city, -----.

- A) I have no idea where she is living nowadays
- B) we haven't been in contact since about 1990
- C) we have managed to keep in touch for over ten years
- D) I never have much to say to her on the phone either
- E) she has to pay large telephone bills every month

20. -----; however, hardly any of them stayed until the end.

- A) There weren't many students in the class
- B) Quite a few people attended the meeting
- C) The topic of the lecture was not very interesting
- D) My wife and I went to the opera last week
- E) The ending of the film was disappointing



Cümle Tamamlama Testi 8

1. What her boss admire most about her -----.

- A) she is so beautifully dressed at all times
- B) most of us wish we were a bit like her
- C) I wish she would boast about herself less
- D) is the way she is always so organised
- E) haven't prevented her from coming to work late

2. -----, but inspite of this, he had to.

- A) Yesterday afternoon David didn't feel like attending the last lesson
- B) I asked her why she hadn't told me about her problem in advance
- C) We think you ought to visit your parents more often
- D) I don't expect that tomorrow's exam is going to be very hard
- E) You know you shouldn't have been so rude to the customer

3. Although he loved her, he said he wouldn't be able to marry her -----.

- A) so they set the date for the second week in June
- B) until he was earning enough money to support them both
- C) and it was one of the nicest weddings anyone had ever seen
- D) when he had a better salary and could support her in style
- E) since he was making good money and thought it was time to start a family

4. Bob has lived in China for 5 years and claims to be fascinated by the its culture, -----.

- A) which he speaks like a native
- B) yet he speaks not a word of the language
- C) that he has never lived anywhere else for so long before in his life
- D) so he has never made an attempt to learn their history
- E) in order to make a thorough study of Chinese

5. -----; on the other hand, it offers very low leisure facilities.

- A) There is nothing to do on the school premises, except for attending lectures
- B) Socially and academically, it has the worst reputation of any British university
- C) Having such a superb academic reputation in the country
- D) The materialism of the 1990s is very dull compared with the idealism of the 1960s
- E) Academically, University of Oxford is supposed to be one of the best universities in England

6. ----- that he was persuaded to get a job.

- A) As his new book was reviewed very favourably
- B) When, after years of trying, he finally achieved success as an author
- C) It was only after his three books failed to secure him any income
- D) Though he had lived happily enough on welfare for ten years
- E) Having written his best and most popular book for years

7. In the event of rain during tomorrow's celebrations, -----.
- A) we will just have to change our plans and do something indoors
 - B) as there is always a chance of severe flooding if it does
 - C) after we had made such elaborate plans it was really a disappointment
 - D) we knew that the weather forecast had predicted it would be sunny
 - E) everyone has brought their umbrellas along just in case
8. Throughout his career, Mike Tyson became well-known for his ferocious and intimidating boxing style -----.
- A) that is, they both became very famous in the same country
 - B) whenever they met, their match used to be watched by the millions the world over
 - C) although he is getting too old to ever be champion again
 - D) as well as his controversial behaviour both inside and outside the ring
 - E) but many believe that the latter could never have beaten the former in his prime
9. The hotel was awful not simply because it was miles from the beach and town, -----.
- A) moreover there was a good night club there
 - B) and besides it was the perfect place to relax
 - C) nevertheless there were no other guests
 - D) but also because there was nothing to do at night
 - E) there weren't many activities for the entire family
10. -----, the company was going through hard times and couldn't afford to pay any more.
- A) Because he has been a model worker for the past two years
 - B) Although his boss agreed that he deserved a higher salary
 - C) While the present economic situation is unfavourable
 - D) However much the boss might oppose increasing anyone's salary
 - E) As a result of increased sales leading to one of the best financial years ever
11. Having only recently completed his university education, -----.
- A) there were only poorly-paying jobs available
 - B) the company could not offer anything very attractive
 - C) he could hardly expect to get a top-paying job right away
 - D) the bank was still after him to pay back his student loans
 - E) he is sure to get a first-class honours degree
12. Only halfway through what would be a 66-year reign, -----.
- A) Ramses had already eclipsed all but a few greatest kings in his achievements
 - B) This second success here was equally as meaningless as his first
 - C) His first campaign seems to have taken place in the fourth year of his reign
 - D) The Sherden people probably came from the coast of Ionia or possibly south-west Turkey
 - E) he would have assumed the throne on May 31, 1279 BC



13. ----- until the manager rang me yesterday with the good news.

- A) I have always been nervous about job interviews
- B) I was not sure whether I would get the job
- C) Though the interview with the jury went well
- D) I have heard that the date of my interview has been changed
- E) I am certain I did very well at the interview yesterday

14. -----, which is the capital city and cultural centre.

- A) Quito is situated high in the Andes Mountains
- B) Tourists to Hungary usually go to Budapest
- C) The London Underground is very expensive
- D) There are several minority groups scattered all over the country
- E) Apparently, Cape Town is most beautiful in the spring

15. Many educated people in developing countries used to learn Russian -----.

- A) which has the longest border of all the countries on the Earth
- B) where education was highly centralised during the Soviet period
- C) because a lot of doctors receive their training there
- D) believing that they will not be able to complete their education abroad
- E) so that they could further their education in the Russia

16. You should not have decided on the date for your holiday -----.

- A) so you can take it then because we won't be too busy
- B) even though you have a date with her next Friday
- C) without talking to your manager about it first
- D) thus you may not be able to find tickets in the busy season
- E) before you make sure that there are tickets available

17. Caroline seems to be quite happy in her current job -----.

- A) when she got it after spending a whole year trying to find one
- B) ever since she started working there three months ago
- C) however she has developed good relationships with her colleagues
- D) even though everyone thinks she could do better elsewhere
- E) in spite of the good pay and two three-week paid holidays a year

18. I don't know how my brother managed to get up early on Monday morning -----.

- A) if he didn't stay out until well after midnight
- B) after spending most of the previous night out with his friends
- C) owing to his healthy life style and good eating habits
- D) as he is already in the habit of going to bed late even on weekdays
- E) when he spends such hectic weekends in discos or bars

19. -----, neither of which was very appropriate for my qualifications.

- A) Both children looked at me gratefully
- B) I couldn't have bought the car without the money my parents gave me
- C) There were several companies which I could apply to
- D) Both Sally and Nancy have invited me to their parties
- E) I had two job offers upon graduation

20. They haven't decided yet -----.

- A) that two employees had been dismissed for misconduct
- B) and he is one of the best directors we have had so far
- C) whether to open the office on Christmas Eve
- D) when is the next meeting going to be held
- E) nor have I been able to understand what's going on

Cümle Tamamlama Testi 9

1. ----- that we should have brought a present.

- A) My parents celebrated their fiftieth anniversary last week
- B) We thought that it would be a rather informal party
- C) It would have been better if we had planned
- D) When we saw that everyone else had brought something
- E) It was not until we arrived that we realised

2. -----, my score was not as good as I had hoped.

- A) Since I have done so well on the exam
- B) While the exam was very difficult
- C) As I was expecting the exam to be a lot more difficult
- D) Although I managed to pass the exam
- E) Not only was it disappointing for me

3. Since trekking around the Himalayas three years ago, -----.

- A) the spiritual values he encountered there changed his life
- B) he has wanted nothing so much as to go back there
- C) it was one of the greatest experiences of his life
- D) he had never seen such beautiful scenery or met such friendly people
- E) the best thing is coming back and telling all his friends about his experiences



4. While the best time to visit India is in the winter, when the weather is at its best, -----.

- A) longer trips are always better than shorter ones
- B) the monsoon generally lasts from mid-June to mid-September
- C) it can be inconvenient for families with school-age children
- D) you should be sure to see the holy city of Benares
- E) there are many temples dedicated to the elephant-headed god, Ganesh

5. -----, we could tell there was going to be trouble.

- A) As soon as he learns how badly he was cheated
- B) No matter what the problem that disturbs him is
- C) If only he had stopped treating others so rudely all the time
- D) Just by the way he walked into the room looking angry and distressed
- E) There was nothing to do but leave as soon as possible

6. When someone interferes with the principal in a negative manner, -----.

- A) he lashes out and becomes extremely furious
- B) controlling anger is considered anger management
- C) it can cause them to become calm
- D) anger might be a healthy, normal emotion
- E) there are all sorts of anger management strategies

7. ----- even though it was not the sort of day we had hoped for.

- A) We were forced to cancel our trip
- B) We had been looking forward to our trip for so long
- C) We were all eager to go hiking anyway
- D) Our car wouldn't start and we had to call a mechanic
- E) My father was unhappy about the weather

8. -----; on the other hand, he can be quite helpful to me at times.

- A) Jack is always helping his mother in the kitchen
- B) If you ever need something done, ask **darren**
- C) Mark seems to know how to manage every job in the office
- D) I am not very pleased to be working with Martin
- E) In contrast, Tom is a great contribution to the team

9. Because there has never been a better time than the present, -----.

- A) at which every sort of investment appears to be very profitable
- B) you should take advantage of the opportunity before it is too late
- C) and you have chosen an unusual area to invest in
- D) I vividly remember the post-war period, when people were in great poverty
- E) it is still necessary to make a thorough investigation beforehand

10. -----, I have no option but to terminate your contract.

- A) Because everything you have done has exceeded our expectations
- B) Since you have ignored repeated warnings about the poor quality of your work
- C) Even though you did not do very well on the last project
- D) The reason why you are late for work every morning
- E) Unless you attempted harder to solve your problems with the rest of the staff

11. Even though I bought that novel yesterday -----

- A) I can recommend it without reservation
- B) I will lend it to you if you'd like to read it
- C) I thought it was pointless and sentimental
- D) which was about a boring woman and her job
- E) it was irritating to find several pages missing

12. -----, surfing can be as safe as any other sport.

- A) Provided you are careful not to go out in waves too big for you
- B) As going out in big waves can sometimes be hard to resist
- C) Although quite a few people are actually killed in surfing accidents every year
- D) When you forget to take the proper safety precautions
- E) Because of the fun you can have doing it

13. ----- there had been rumours about it for months.

- A) When the public sees the stories about the scandal in tomorrow's papers
- B) As the truth will be printed in the newspapers anyway
- C) Only if everyone told the truth about what really happened
- D) By the time the whole story came out in the press
- E) Everybody wishes someone would tell the truth

14. -----, so my father wasn't very pleased with it.

- A) I didn't enjoy the film last night as much as I'd expected
- B) The neighbour's dog dug up several of our flowerbeds
- C) I'm afraid my friends will be a bit noisy tonight
- D) Her mother cooked a marvellous dinner last night
- E) My brother may have failed his final exams

15. When people are contemplating a big step in life, like buying a house, -----.

- A) prices have gone up rather steeply in the last year
- B) they were not entirely sure that they could afford it
- C) they should be sure that it is what they really want
- D) it may otherwise be very difficult to break their promise
- E) and they might want a new car as well



16. -----, Joseph Conrad was, and still is, one of the most famous English writers.

- A) Although his tales of seafaring life depicted the concerns of all people
- B) Because English remained a second language to him all his life
- C) it was decided that he should join the English Merchant Marine
- D) As his visit to Africa provided him with the seed of his most famous story, 'Heart of Darkness'
- E) In spite of being a Polish seaman who only learnt English later in life

17. Unless people who have had a heart attack stop smoking, -----.

- A) it is only then that they realise how bad smoking is
- B) there is a good chance that they will have another one
- C) they want to reduce the chances of having a second one
- D) it is also distinct from heart failure
- E) they can count themselves lucky that they survived it

18. Everyone agreed that he had been a terrible Prime Minister; -----.

- A) on the other hand, he was one of the most corrupt politicians in the country
- B) he was appointed to manage the civil service
- C) nonetheless, he lost the next election by a large vote
- D) even though he had a terrific reputation for honesty and efficiency
- E) furthermore, he was so corrupt that no one trusted his government any more

19. Carlos hadn't even heard of rugby until he moved to the USA at 15, -----.

- A) as he lived only a few miles from a professional stadium
- B) and there he finally got to see the players he'd read about
- C) although he grew up playing the game with his friends
- D) but within two years, he was among the best players of his town
- E) yet he had seen hundreds of games on his uncle's television

20. Granted that you have never had any formal training as a computer programmer, -----.

- A) you show a remarkable amount of ability
- B) so that you can do the job as well as anyone else in the office
- C) which is the way everyone always did it until recently
- D) you will have finished the course by early next year
- E) you can probably recommend a suitable software for my aim

Cümle Tamamlama Testi 10

1. If more people had bought his first novel, -----.

- A) it hadn't been properly publicised, according to some critics
- B) he gave up writing as a career and found a steady job
- C) the competition from more established novelists was too keen for him
- D) he might have been encouraged to continue writing
- E) he keeps trying anyway in spite of his economic hardship

2. Rotterdam has few old buildings, -----.

- A) including the brand new bridge over the new harbour
- B) because the city was nearly destroyed in World War II
- C) as the city will be rebuilt in the next couple of years
- D) unlike Brasilia, which was almost totally rebuilt in the 1970s
- E) since Amsterdam was established in the Middle Ages

3. ----- since the author died before he could write the final chapter.

- A) He always preferred the quiet of the shed in his garden
- B) It was the best thing he had ever written
- C) We will never know how the story ends
- D) The book could have sold out as soon as it was published
- E) There was nothing particularly inspiring about the technique

4. Because of the poor sanitation during the Middle Ages, -----.

- A) skin diseases have since become much less common
- B) boiling all drinking water is one precaution against the disease
- C) some people tried to be clean, but most were very dirty
- D) typhoid epidemics are common in developing countries
- E) many people died from infectious diseases, such as cholera

5. In view of the fact that the athlete had just recovered from tuberculosis, -----.

- A) he had been left very weak by the disease
- B) it hasn't been a very severe attack anyway
- C) and also he was not naturally very strong
- D) he performed surprisingly well in the race
- E) he appears to be extremely cheerful

6. Whatever the final result, -----.

- A) we can be proud that we have done our best
- B) it is a shame that we lost after playing so well
- C) there is a good chance that we might win
- D) both sides play so well that it is difficult to predict
- E) we'll either win the match or lose it by a small margin

7. -----, he had been unemployed for two years.

- A) Before he found a job as an engineer
- B) As he has finally managed to get a job interview
- C) Although the company he worked for went bankrupt
- D) As soon as he had heard about the result of the interview
- E) During the entire time he worked as an accountant



8. We can always start our journey without him -----.

- A) even if the car hadn't suddenly stopped working
- B) as he has been looking forward to it for a long time
- C) whereas he is usually late anyway
- D) so making a new plan didn't prove too difficult
- E) if he is late again after all our warnings

9. Having searched everywhere in the house for her lost handbag, -----.

- A) she finally remembered that she had left it at her friend's
- B) her father had given it to her for her birthday
- C) there was a possibility that her sister might have borrowed it
- D) it was a really nice silver bracelet, hand-made in India
- E) it had somehow got stuck down the back of the sofa

10. ----- and he should also be considerate of his co-workers.

- A) There was a man who worked here last year who was always late for work
- B) People should always phone in and let the boss know if they are sick
- C) Because a lot of people must work together in a confined area
- D) A good employee should always be punctual
- E) An employee who expects others to do his work can be very unpleasant

11. Even though there is no way to know what the future will bring, -----.

- A) it has been interpreted by many as an unforeseen disaster
- B) no one can even be sure of what will happen tomorrow
- C) making predictions can sometimes cause frustration as well
- D) we can protect ourselves from disasters by taking certain precautions
- E) fortune tellers actually make up all their predictions

12. You can only practise as a doctor -----.

- A) whereas you have completed your medical studies
- B) after you have completed your studies and served your internship
- C) if you hadn't quit medical school for the sake of acting
- D) although you have been studying for years now
- E) indeed it takes years and years of study and lots of energy

13. ----- considering the poor workmanship and the inferior materials used.

- A) There has been a church on the site since the 9th century
- B) Susie's genuine Ming vase fetched less than expected
- C) Buckingham Palace was rebuilt in 1703
- D) The new bridge will connect Zealand with the Danish mainland
- E) It is hardly surprising that the building collapsed

14. -----, the US Declaration of Independence has served as a model for many later documents.

- A) Once the Declaration had been adopted
- B) Representatives from each of the original 13 colonies
- C) Signed on 4 July in 1776
- D) When the colonies fought a War of Independence
- E) Even before the French Revolution

15. -----, labour-intensive industries are more practical than capital-intensive ones.

- A) Since Bangladesh is a poor country with a large population
- B) Bangladesh, most of which is at low elevations
- C) Though there is no shortage of labour in a country like Bangladesh
- D) While the country is inhabited almost entirely by people who speak the Bengali language
- E) As the extensive river systems were fundamental to the nation's economy

16. Dissatisfied with the quality of the education he was getting, -----.

- A) the college was obviously not a very good one
- B) the brother decided to transfer to a better college
- C) if only he had listened to his parents and gone to a better college
- D) there were plenty of other colleges around to choose from
- E) but it was the best that was offered in such a small town

17. ----- unless all sides strictly obey the conditions.

- A) The new peace plan will certainly succeed
- B) The talks would not have been a success
- C) One of the groups boycotted the talks
- D) There is no chance of the peace plan succeeding
- E) There do not seem to be any problems with the new plan

18. -----, but by the time the first snow fell, she couldn't fit into any of them.

- A) Janice has decided to buy an expensive leather and fur jacket in Paris
- B) Melanie bought lots of new winter clothes at the sales in May
- C) Annette rented three post-office boxes for her business ventures
- D) Lucy picked up a second-hand encyclopaedia at the library sale
- E) Maggie's father owned three holiday houses near the ski resort

19. ----- until people realise that public transport is much more efficient than travelling by car.

- A) Traffic problems will continue to get worse in big cities in the future
- B) Nowadays commuters have to sit in traffic Jams for hours in the capital
- C) In spite of all the new roads, traffic problems have not improved
- D) No one could go anywhere since the traffic was barely moving
- E) We are living in an age of social media mania

20. Though I was ultimately unsuccessful, at least, I met a lot of interesting people -----.

- A) when tens or hundreds apply for a single position
- B) that I didn't know unemployment was so widespread
- C) which may soon leave me short of money
- D) while I was looking for a job in another country
- E) were waiting for interviews as well

*The best word is the unspoken word.
(Catalan Proverb)*

ÇEVİRİ

Çeviri Testi

1-11. sorularda verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçenekleri bulunuz.

- 1. In exploring the seas for oil, geologists primarily search for the salt domes under which vast oil fields are likely to lie.**

- A) Jeologlar petrol için denizleri araştırırken öncelikle altında muhtemelen geniş petrol alanlarının uzandığı tuz tepeciklerini ararlar.
- B) Petrol bulmak için denizleri tarayan jeologlar, her şeyden önce, altında çok geniş petrol alanlarının uzayıp gittiği tuz tepeciklerini incelerler.
- C) Denizlerde petrol arayan jeologlar, her şeyden önce, altında geniş petrol yataklarının uzandığı sanılan tuz tepeciklerini araştırırlar.
- D) Jeologlar denizlerde yaptıkları petrol arama çalışmalarında öncelikle altında çok geniş petrol yataklarının bulunduğu tuz tepeciklerine yönelirler.
- E) Altında çok geniş petrol yataklarının bulunduğu tahmin edilen tuz tepecikleri denizlerde petrol arayan jeologların öncelikle araştırdığı alanlardır.

- 2. He also became known as a poet and as perhaps the only physicist to write a novel.**

- A) Öte yandan, o, hem bir ozan hem de roman yazar ilk fizikçi olarak tanınıyordu.
- B) O, sadece roman yazar bir fizikçi olarak değil aynı zamanda ozan olarak da tanınmıştır.
- C) Nitekim, ozan olarak bilinen o kişi, roman yazar tek fizikçi olarak da ün yaptı.
- D) O aynı zamanda bir şair ve belki de roman yazar tek fizikçi olarak tanındı.
- E) O, önce ozan olarak tanındı ve daha sonra roman da yazar bir fizikçi oldu.

- 3. The German government and the opposition are expected to agree on a new law soon to make it easier for qualified foreigners to settle in Germany.**

- A) Alman hükümeti ve muhalefetin üzerinde uzlaştığı yeni yasanın nitelikli yabancıların Almanya'ya yerleşmelerini kolaylaştırması bekleniyor.
- B) Alman hükümeti nitelikli yabancıların Almanya'ya yerleşmelerini kolaylaştıran yeni bir yasa üzerinde muhalefetle anlaşmayı umuyor.
- C) Alman hükümeti ile muhalefetin, nitelikli yabancıların Almanya'ya yerleşmelerini kolaylaştırmak için yeni bir yasa üzerinde yakında anlaşmaya varmaları bekleniyor.
- D) Alman muhalefetinin nitelikli yabancıların Almanya'ya daha kolay yerleşebilmelerini sağlayacak yeni bir yasa üzerinde hükümetle anlaştığı belirtiliyor.
- E) Alman hükümeti ve muhalefetinin uzlaşarak nitelikli yabancıların Almanya'da çalışmalarını kolaylaştıracak yeni düzenlemeyi çok kısa bir süre içinde çıkarmaları bekleniyor.

- 4. In the first place, we should ask how it is possible for a wet rainforest to be ruined by fire.**

- A) Öncelikle yoğun nem içeren yağmur ormanlarının yanıyla tahrip edilip edilemeyeceğini araştırmamız gerekmektedir.
- B) İlk önce bizce çok yağış alan bir yağmur ormanın yanıklarla yok edilmesinin nasıl mümkün olduğu araştırılması gereken bir konudur.
- C) Öncelikle sorgulamamız gereken, nemli bir yağmur ormanını tahrip edebilecek bir yanının nasıl ortaya çıktığıdır.
- D) Her şeyden önce, nemli bir yağmur ormanın yanıyla harap olmasının nasıl mümkün olduğunu sormamız gerekiyor.
- E) Her şeyden önce, yoğun yağış alan yağmur ormanlarının yanıklarla yok edilmesinin mümkün olup olmayacağı sormamız gerekecek.

5. We all know by now that many things which constitute the basis of our future health and prosperity are in dire jeopardy.
- A) Artık hepimizce bilinmektedir ki bugün tehlike içinde olan pek çok şey, gelecekteki sağlığımız ve refahımız için birer temeldir.
- B) Gelecekteki sağlığımızın ve mutluluğumuzun temeli olan birtakım şeylerin bugün hangi tehlikeler içinde olduğunu biliyoruz.
- C) Gelecekteki sağlığımızın ve huzurumuzun temelleri için büyük tehlike oluşturan şeylerin pek çoğu artık hepimizce bilinmektedir.
- D) Çok iyi biliyoruz ki sağlığımızın ve refahımızın geleceğinin temelleri olan pek çok şey bugün büyük bir tehlike ile karşı karşıyadır.
- E) Gelecekte sağlığımızın ve refahımızın temelini oluşturan pek çok şeyin büyük bir tehlike altında olduğunu artık hepimiz biliyoruz.
6. The guest speaker pointed out that by 1880 European powers had access to most of the markets in Asia's coastal regions.
- A) Konuk konuşmacının da belirttiği gibi, Avrupalı güçler, 1880'den beri, Asya'nın kıyı bölgelerindeki pazarların pekçoguna giriş imtiyazına sahiptiler.
- B) Konuk konuşmacı, Avrupalı güçlerin, 1880'e kadar, Asya'nın kıyı bölgelerindeki pazarların çoğunca giriş hakkını elde etmiş olduğunu belirtti.
- C) Avrupalı güçlerin çoğunun, Asya'nın sahil şeridindeki pazarlara 1880'e kadar ulaşmış olduğunu, konuk konuşmacı açık bir şekilde ifade etti.
- D) Konuk konuşmacı, Avrupalı güçlerin, Asya'nın kıyı bölgelerindeki pek çok pazara giriş iznini ancak 1880'de aldığıni ileri sürdü.
- E) Avrupalı güçlerin Asya'nın kıyı bölgelerindeki pek çok pazara serbest giriş hakkını ancak 1880'de elde edebildiği, konuk konuşmacı tarafından da açık bir şekilde belirtildi.
7. At the heart of our problems is an economic system that separates producers from consumers, alienates people from nature, and undermines those values on which we truly depend.
- A) Sorunlarımız, esasen üreticileri ve tüketicileri bölen, insanları doğadan uzaklaştıran ve dayandığımız değerleri kemiren ekonomik sistemden kaynaklanmaktadır.
- B) Sorunlarımızın özünü, üreticilerle tüketicilerin arasını açan, insanları doğadan ayıran ve bağlı olduğumuz tüm değerleri küfürmeyen ekonomik sistemimiz oluşturmaktadır.
- C) Sorunlarımızın özünde, üreticileri tüketicilerden ayıran, insanları doğaya karşı yabancılaştırıp ve gerçekten bağlı olduğumuz değerleri zayıflatılan ekonomik bir sistem vardır.
- D) Esas itibarıyla tüm sorunlarımızı, üreticileri tüketicilerden uzaklaştıran, insanları doğaya karşı yönlendiren ve gerçekten benimsediğimiz değerleri ortadan kaldırın ekonomik sistem yaratmaktadır.
- E) Üreticilerle tüketicileri karşı karşıya getiren, insanları doğadan koparan ve sahip olduğumuz değerleri tamamen yok sayan ekonomik sistem, tüm sorunlarımızın özünü oluşturmaktadır.
8. Another method, used to prevent large avalanches, is to dislodge snow masses on mountainsides before they can grow big and become dangerous.
- A) Dağ yamaçlarındaki kar yığınlarının dağıtıması büyük çığları engellemenin bir başka yoludur, ama bu yöntemin tehlike büyümeden uygulanması gereklidir.
- B) Büyük çıglara engel olmak için kullanılan bir başka yöntem, dağ yamaçlarındaki kar yığınlarını, yürüyüp tehlikeli olmadan yerlerinden oynatmaktadır.
- C) Dağlardaki kar yığınları, büyüp tehlikeli hale gelmeden yerlerinden hareket ettirilirse bu yöntem büyük çığları engellebilir.
- D) Büyük çıglara engel olmadan kullanılan bir başka yöntem, dağ yamaçlarında bulunan kar yığınları tehlikeli olmaya başladıklarında bunlara müdahale etmektir.
- E) Dağların sırtlarında oluşan kar yığınları büyümeden ve tehlikeli olmadan önce dağıtılsa bu yöntem, büyük çığların meydana gelmesini engeller.



9. The Suez Canal, which connect the Mediterranean and the Red Sea, was designed and built by the French engineer De Lesseps.

- A) Akdeniz ile Kızıl Deniz'i birleştiren Süveyş Kanalı, Fransız mühendis De Lesseps tarafından tasarlanmış ve inşa edilmiştir.
- B) Süveyş Kanalı'nı tasarlayıp inşa eden Fransız mühendis De Lesseps, Akdeniz ile Kızıl Deniz'i birleştirmeyi amaçlamıştır.
- C) Süveyş Kanalı'nı Fransız mühendis De Lesseps tarafından tasarlanıp inşa edilmesiyle, Akdeniz'in Kızıl Deniz ile birleşmesi sağlanmıştır.
- D) Fransız mühendis De Lesseps'in tasarlanmış ve inşa etmiş olduğu Süveyş Kanalı, Akdeniz ile Kızıl Deniz'i birleştirir.
- E) Akdeniz ile Kızıl Deniz'in birleşmesi, Fransız mühendis De Lesseps'in Süveyş Kanalı'nı tasarlayıp inşa etmesiyle olmuştur.

10. Geologists suggest that rocks, which contain exactly the same type of fossil, may have been formed at approximately the same time.

- A) Kayaların içinde bulunan aynı tip fosilleri inceleyen jeoglolar, bunların kabaca aynı dönemde oluştularını ortaya koymuşlardır.
- B) Jeoglolar, aynı dönemde oluşmuş olan kayaların içinde tamamen aynı tip fosil bulunabileceği görüşündedirler.
- C) Jeogloların incelediği kayaların tamamen aynı tip fosilleri içermesi, bunların aynı zamanda oluştuğunu göstermektedir.
- D) Jeoglolar, tamamen aynı tip fosil içeren kayaların aşağı yukarı aynı zamanda oluşmuş olabileceklerini ileri sürüyorlar.
- E) Jeoglolar, aşağı yukarı aynı dönemde oluşmuş olan kayaların aynı tip fosil içerdiklerini belirlemiştirler.

11-20. sorularda verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın olan seçenekleri bulunuz.

11. Birbirleriyle sürekli iletişim içinde olmak bilim adamları için son derece önemlidir.

- A) It is vital for any scientist to maintain contact with other researchers.
- B) It is extremely necessary for scientists to be constantly in contact with each other.
- C) It seems inevitable for scientists to be so continually in touch with each other.
- D) Some scientists find it necessary to correspond with each other all the time.
- E) It is very important for all scientists to be always in touch with each other.

12. Ulaştırma Bakanı yeni köprünün, tam olarak nereye yapılacağını haritada bize gösterdi.

- A) The Minister of Transport was able to show us on the map the position of the new bridge they are building.
- B) The Minister of Finance brought a map showing where the new bridge was being built.
- C) The position of the bridge is made clear on the new map the Minister of Transport brought with him.
- D) With the map, the Minister of Transport could show us clearly where the new bridge will be.
- E) The Minister of Transport showed us on the map exactly where the new bridge was going to be built.

13. Aydan bakıldığından, dünya, uzayın karanlık boşluğunda bir yaşam vahası olarak görülmektedir.

- A) Our world, when seen from the moon, seems like a bright oasis of life in the vast darkness of space.
- B) Observed from the moon, the world looks like an oasis of life in the dark vastness of space.
- C) Viewed from the moon, the earth appears as an oasis of life in the dark emptiness of space.
- D) In the infinite darkness of space, the earth, as seen from the moon, is indeed an oasis of life.
- E) It is as an oasis of life in the dark vastness of space that the world is seen from the moon.

14. Savaş sonrası dönemde, Dünya Bankası'nın etkisiyle, yoksul tropikal ülkelerde çok geniş alanlar, şekerkamışı tarlalarına dönüştürülmüştür.

- A) In the post-war period, under World Bank influence, vast areas in the poorer tropical countries were converted to sugarcane plantations.
- B) After the war, it was the World Bank that suggested that the poorer tropical countries should convert large areas into sugarcane farms as there was a profitable market for the product.
- C) Following the post-war period, the poorer tropical countries, with large farming areas, encouraged by the World Bank, shifted to sugarcane production.
- D) Since there seemed to be a market, the poorer tropical countries, with the support of the World Bank, turned vast areas into sugarcane plantations as soon as the war was over.
- E) In the years after the war, the World Bank urged the poorer tropical countries with large farming areas, to turn to sugarcane cultivation.

15. Bizimki, yaklaşık üç yüz çalışanı ile sebze ve tarla bitkilerinin genetik iyileştirilmesi üzerine ileri düzeyde araştırma yapan bir bitki biyoteknoloji şirketi

- A) Roughly three hundred of the employees of our plant biotechnology company are researching, at an advanced level, genetic improvement of vegetable and field crops.
- B) Our corporation specialises in plant biotechnology and has nearly three hundred employees, who carry out advanced research into the genetic improvement of vegetable and field crops.
- C) Ours is a plant biotechnology company with approximately three hundred employees carrying out advanced research into the genetic improvement of vegetable and field crops.
- D) Ours is a plant biotechnology company, and at least three hundred of the employees are engaged in research into the genetic improvement of vegetable and field crops.
- E) Our firm is concerned with plant biotechnology, and some three hundred of the top-grade employees are engaged in research into the genetic improvement of vegetable and field crops.

16. Son birkaç yıl içinde, gökbilimciler, kendi sistemimizin ötesindeki bir düzineden fazla yıldız sisteminde Jüpiter büyüklüğünde dev gezegenler ortaya çıkarmışlardır.

- A) The recent discovery of a dozen or so massive Jupiter-sized planets in star systems beyond our own, has amazed even astronomers.
- B) Astronomers have, in recent years, brought to light dozens of huge planets, such as Jupiter, in star systems similar to ours.
- C) Recently, a dozen or more astronomers have been suggesting that there are gigantic, Jupiter-sized planets in star systems beyond our own.
- D) In the past few years, astronomers have detected giant, Jupiter-sized planets in more than a dozen star systems beyond our own.
- E) For several years, astronomers have been of opinion that there may be huge, Jupiter-sized planets in at least a dozen star systems other

than our own.

17. Nicholas Gane'in yeni yayımlanan kitabı "Toplum Kuramının Geleceği", dünyanın onde gelen toplum kuramcıları ile yapılan bir dizi mülakatı bir araya getirmektedir.

- A) The newly-published book, "The Future of Social Theory" by Nicholas Gane, draws heavily on a series of interviews conducted by the world's leading social theorists.
- B) Nicholas Gane's newly-published book "The Future of Social Theory" brings together a series of interviews held with the world's leading social theorists.
- C) A series of interviews with the world's leading social theorists was the starting point for Nicholas Gane's newly-published "The Future of Social Theory".
- D) Nicholas Gane interviewed some of the world's leading social theorists before writing "The Future of Social Theory" which has recently been published.
- E) Nicholas Gane's newly-published book "The Future of Social Theory" makes extensive use of interviews between the writer and the world's leading social theorists.

18. Senin yerinde olsam, birçok gereksiz tartışmaya neden olabileceği için bu makaleyi reddederdim.

- A) Since this article is likely to cause much controversy, I advise you to turn it down.
- B) This article would be sure to cause a great deal of controversy, so I suggest you reject it right away.
- C) I think you should reject this paper which I am sure will cause a lot of controversy.
- D) If you don't turn down this article, you will find yourself involved in a most unpleasant controversy.
- E) Were I in your shoes, I would turn down this article as it could cause a great deal of unnecessary controversy.

19. Ekonomik ve fiziki şartların, topluluklar arasındaki kültürel etkileşim üzerinde çoğu zaman önemli bir etkisi vardır.

- A) Economical and physical conditions frequently have a considerable impact on cultural interactions among communities.
- B) Economical and physical conditions are seldom suitable for on cultural interactions among communities.
- C) There can only be cultural interactions among communities when the economical and physical conditions are suitable.
- D) Cultural reactions among communities depend largely on economical and physical conditions.
- E) The economical and physical conditions make for cultural reactions among communities.

20. ABD Başkanı, konuşmasında, bazı Amerikan okullarında verilen eğitimin toplumun en iyi değerlerini beslemediğini söyledi.

- A) The US President, during his formal talk, concentrated on the various ideals of society and regretted that some American schools failed to nourish them.
- B) During his talk, the US President explained how the education given in some American schools failed to uphold the best values of society.
- C) In his talk, the US President said that the education provided in **soma** American schools did not nourish the best values of society.
- D) The US President emphasized in his press meeting that it was the duty of the American education system to ensure that some schools encouraged the best values of society.
- E) In certain American schools, as the US President stressed in his talk, the education provided was not in accord with the ideals of society.

KARŞILIKLI KONUŞMA

Karşılıklı Konuşma Testi

1-20. sorularda karşılıklı konuşmaya uygun düşen ifadeyi bulunuz.

1.

Sam:

- I thought that with the introduction of the euro, price variations in Europe would more or less disappear.

John:

- -----.

Sam :

- Why not?

John:

- There are several reasons. One is the different tax rates, especially on things like alcohol.

- A) A lot of people thought like that. And it might still happen.
- B) Actually, quite the reverse has occurred.
- C) It's still too early to comment on the matter. But the differences are growing less.
- D) That's what everyone expected. But it hasn't worked out like that.
- E) Price variations aren't such a bad thing after all I hope they won't disappear.

2.

Carol:

- What were you doing all day? I kept phoning but you were never in your office.

Nick :

- -----.

Carol:

- Was that really essential?

Nick :

- It certainly was. Morale and the company spirit both have a bearing on productivity.

- A) The morning was taken up with meetings. And there was a staff party in the afternoon that I had to attend.
- B) I spent most of the day in the factory: we are reorganizing the assembly line.
- C) I wasn't out all that much, but I did have to go to the bank.
- D) What did you want me for, anyway?
- E) Meetings! Most of them related to the installation of the new boiler. I have doubts about the reliability of the contractors.



3.

Adam:

- Why are you so insistent that we must find a framework of collective security that does not rely on nuclear deterrence?

Mark:

- -----.

Adam:

- Why is that?

Mark:

- Surely it's obvious; they have no cities that can be bombed in reply and they are not focussed on self-preservation.

- A) I am convinced that reliance on nuclear weapons will be obsolete in the near future.
- B) Because the very existence of nuclear weapons gives rise to the pursuit of them.
- C) Because we need to work towards global security and peace.
- D) Actually I'm not; I don't think it's feasible.
- E) Because the rise of terrorist groups makes this essential.

4.

David:

- Borrowing to buy a house ought to be as simple a transaction as borrowing to buy a car; don't you agree?

Raul:

- Yes, I do. Why do you ask?

David:

- -----.

Raul:

- I guess it is because the sums are much bigger, and the period of repayment is longer

- A) Because I am interested in how banks fix mortgage rates.
- B) In fact, interest rates have been rising since early summer.
- C) But the government has introduced new tax subsidies for home loans, and that's a good thing.
- D) Because it's not. There's far more paperwork required, and it's altogether much more complicated.
- E) I think it's important. Governments should pay more attention to housing finance.

5.

Jane:

- I see a great many airlines are still having to struggle to keep going. That's not true of THY, is it?

Bill:

- No. They've actually made quite a good profit over the past years and are planning to expand.

Jane:

- -----.

Bill:

- I believe so. I do know they've put in orders for 51 new planes for next year.

- A) Yes, I remember reading something about it; but it's a long time ago now.
- B) Well, that's certainly good news. Will they be flying further afield?
- C) The security controls you have to go through at airports make air travel quite objectionable.
- D) That sounds reasonable. So many people continue to avoid travelling by air.
- E) Airports are already far too big; don't you agree?

6.

Jack:

- I can't find my brand new jacket. Do you know where it might be?

Mary:

- -----.

Jack:

- You'd be much more helpful if you answered my question.

Mary:

- I'm busy with something else. Can't you see?

- A) I don't know. Look at the drawers.
- B) Sorry. I haven't got the faintest idea.
- C) I saw it in my room the previous day.
- D) Have you looked under the sofa?
- E) Honey, can you bring me the vacuum-cleaner please?

7.

Sarah:

- Good afternoon Bob, isn't it a lovely day?

Bob:

- Yes, it is Janet!

Sarah:

-  - It is the kind of day when you want to go outside.

Bob:

- -----.

Sarah:

- Yes, sure. If it is possible.

Bob:

- Alright. Once you finish typing, you can go.

- A) Let's get to the point. Do you want the afternoon off?
- B) Are you sure that the boss will come back soon?
- C) Are you satisfied with your current profession?
- D) Do you have anything to ask about the new report?
- E) Do you think it is going to be sunny all day long?

8.

Eddie:

- I'm sorry that the parrot is screaming.

Nisreen:

- What's the matter with it?

Eddie:

- -----.

Nisreen:

- You'd better wrap its cage so that he can't see it.

- A) It is a bit nervous nowadays since the other parrot, his mate, died.
- B) It must be because of the pigeons flying all over the street outside.
- C) Well it's just spotted a cat outside the window and it really doesn't like cats.
- D) I don't know exactly but your presence here may be the reason.
- E) There is a new scar in its feet that it made itself while trying to flee.



9.

Sally:

- I've just stopped to thank you very much for organizing last weekend's trip to the seaside for the people.

Julia:

- -----.

Sally:

- They certainly did. Everything went like clockwork; in fact I don't think you could have done it better.

Julia:

- I'm not sure about that, there were one or two things that could have been improved.

- A) Next time I won't be the responsible to lead
- B) They are not so grateful as you are to me though.
- C) Don't mention it but I heard them complaining all way long.
- D) I don't think they are worth a bit of it.
- E) That's very kind of you. They all seemed to enjoy it.

10.

Gordon:

- I've just been reading through your last project report.

James:

- -----.

Gordon:

- On the contrary, you've done a fantastic job.

James:

- Well I'm not sure about that.

Gordon:

- You're too modest. It's really well organized and written and offers some very well thought out conclusions.

- A) The boss as well has told me that it's awesome.
- B) You aren't supposed to be the one to check it.
- C) I hope you didn't find too much wrong with it.
- D) I must make some additions to make it flawless.
- E) You are really good at finding these minor mistakes.

11.

Faruk:

- Why is your dog whining and looking at you so expectantly?

Abdulkirim:

- He wants me to take him out for a walk.

Faruk:

- -----?

Abdulkirim:

- Oh yes, but I like to annoy him a bit by pretending not to notice.

A) Are you going to take him out right now?

B) Is he your only dog?

C) Don't you bother to deal with him?

D) Do you think you will manage to catch up with him?

E) Are you sure he means to say that?

12.

Danny:

- I've just had a great piece of luck.

Fred:

- -----.

Danny:

- Not quite; I've won a free weekly riding lesson at the local riding stables.

Fred:

- I know you love horses. How did you manage that?

A) You aren't the only person saying that.

B) Don't tell me you've won the lottery this week.

C) I also played lottery the week before.

D) Congratulations! I knew you're the luckiest person on earth.

E) It's better for you to create your own luck.

13.

Furkan:

- -----.

Ela:

- Why's that? He's such a nice boy on the part of me.

Furkan:

- He is, but he's got a weird taste for exotic pets such as snakes, black widows and so on.

Ela:

- I haven't witnessed anything like that till now.

- A) I'm always a bit apprehensive about visiting Enes.
- B) I don't like Enes. He has a sense of superiority over the others.
- C) Don't try to hide it. I know you are in love with Enes.
- D) It was very embarrassing. Enes was caught cheating in the bio exam.
- E) I can't go to Enes's house with Enes. I've got things to do.

14.

Alfred:

- I've just had a terrible hour and a half.

Smith:

- Why, what happened?

Alfred:

- -----.

Smith:

- We certainly do. Did she buy a pair?

Alfred:

- No, but she didn't leave before getting me to bring her every single pair we had in the shop.

- A) I must have caught cold. I don't feel like myself from the very beginning of the day.
- B) A woman accused us of ignoring quality features and selling at outrageous prices.
- C) My mother came to the shop and insulted me in front of all the customers.
- D) I had a lady customer who wanted to buy a pair of shoes. We've got a really good range.
- E) I think we are not efficient enough to meet customers' needs with this working strategy.



15.

Danielle:

- ----- ?

Russell:

- Well thanks, but no I didn't. I got it in the market.

Danielle:

- How much did you pay for it?

Russell:

- Not as much as the man asked for. He wanted \$45.

- A) Don't you think the shirt on you is a bit loose?
- B) You look smart in this new suit. Did you pay much for it?
- C) I like your new jacket, where did you get it - in that sports shop in the mall?
- D) Do you want to buy another pair of pants for you.
- E) Are you sure that the sale is still on in the mall?

16.

Shopper:

- Excuse me, could you show me to the shoes-section please?

Clerk:

- Certainly madam, please come this way.

Shopper:

- -----?

Clerk:

- Just a moment! I'm afraid not madam. We appear to be temporarily out of stock.

Shopper:

- Oh, how disappointing! When will you next have some in?

Clerk:

- We should be getting a delivery at the beginning of next week.

- A) Do I the chance to talk to your boss?
- B) Do you have any pair of shoe in size 8?
- C) May I try out anything I want?
- D) Do I look like a person to buy things for excessive prices?
- E) Could you bring me this skirt hanging over there?

17.

Jenny:

- Look what I've got.

Hazel:

- Wow, that's the most fashionable handbag I've ever seen. Where did you get it?

Jenny:

- I got it in Paris on my last trip.

Hazel:

- -----.

Jenny:

- No it didn't, I got it for half price because the shop was having a sale.

Hazel:

- What a bargain! You'll have to take me with you next time.

A) It doesn't matter from which shop you bought it.

B) It looks cheap in spite of its magnificence.

C) I'm sure it cost a fortune.

D) Its only flaw may be the colour.

E) You haven't been so much interested in fashion.

18.

Jim:

- My sister's really keen on soccer.

Eric:

- -----?

Jim:

- She doesn't any in particular. When I say "keen" I mean she's an enthusiastic player.

Eric:

- Well if that's the case, you really must take me to see her play sometime.

A) How can a girl be interested in soccer?

B) Do you have any other sister like that?

C) Are you happy with this inclination of her?

D) Really, what team does she support?

E) What do you want her to do?

19.

Kim:

- -----.

Hettie:

- Yes, I must have lost six pounds over the last two months. Many of my best dresses are now too big for me.

Kim:

- Don't say that, I think I can help you.

Hettie:

- I would be grateful for that.

- A) You must be bored with this dress on you.
- B) You are pretty happy with your weight as far as I can see.
- C) I must confess that you'll get into trouble with your weight in the immediate future.
- D) You can wear anything you want from this time on.
- E) You look slimmer than when I saw you last.

20.

Gary:

- What a beautiful garden your parents have!

Fiona:

- I'm glad you like it. They certainly spend a lot of time on it.

Gary:

- -----.

Fiona:

- They're my mother's specialty. Some of them are nearly twenty years old.

- A) You aren't that much interested in gardening I guess.
- B) The flowers over there were very attractive.
- C) One can see this huge pine from a far distance.
- D) I'm sure you help them to make it that way.
- E) And the houseplants are also very attractive.

YAKIN ANLAMLI CÜMLEYİ BULMA

Yakın Anlamlı Cümleyi Bulma Testi

1-20. sorularda verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

1. Without his help, the job would have been impossible.

- A) Even though he was very helpful, we were still unable to complete the project.
- B) Since he wasn't able to give us a hand, we didn't believe we would be able to finish the job.
- C) There was no way the task could have been done if he had not provided assistance.
- D) The assignment proved quite easy, even though he refused to give us aid.
- E) Though it wasn't easy, we managed to accomplish our task without his assistance.

2. The horse has made a greater contribution to civilisation than any other animal.

- A) No animal has played a larger role in man's social development than the horse.
- B) Horses have been offering their assistance to man since the beginning of history.
- C) Without horses, it is somewhat doubtful that civilisation would ever have happened.
- D) Since the dawn of history, man has been exploiting the horse to a great extent.
- E) Civilisations flourished thanks to many animals that helped man, one of which was the horse.

3. I am not so wide-awake as to start work in the morning until I have had my first cup of coffee.

- A) It is only after I drink my first morning coffee that I feel sufficiently alert to start work.
- B) I like to start the day with a cup of coffee because it aids to remove the drowsiness I feel in the mornings.
- C) The only work I'd like to do in the early morning is to make myself a cup of coffee.
- D) If I have to work without drinking a few cups of coffee, I find it really difficult to concentrate on anything.
- E) A few cups of coffee in the morning just before I start work help me feel better and work more efficiently.

4. Far more devastating for the author than the loss of his house to fire was the destruction of the sole copy of his latest novel.

- A) In his latest book, the author tells of the pain he suffered when he lost his home in a devastating fire.
- B) Even the destruction of his home in the fire was not as hard for the author to bear as the burning of the manuscript of his new novel.
- C) The only thing the author was able to rescue from the flames which destroyed his home was the sole copy of his latest book.
- D) Even more difficult for the author than writing a single book was seeing it destroyed when his house burnt down.
- E) The author was devastated to find his house burnt down with everything in it, among which was the only manuscript of his latest novel.

5. Keeping a stable of horses is a pastime that can be enjoyed only by the very rich.
- A) Almost all rich people seem to enjoy keeping a stable of horses, which requires quite a lot of money.
 - B) Horseback riding is only possible if you have a lot of money.
 - C) All wealthy people enjoy showing off their money by keeping a stable of horses.
 - D) For those who are not wealthy, it is impossible to have the pleasure of owning a stable of horses.
 - E) Having horses of your own is an extremely enjoyable hobby, but you must be prepared to spend a lot of money.
6. Our team greatly underestimated the other team and consequently were defeated in the final match.
- A) The other team were very confident, so they won the final match without effort.
 - B) Our team thought the other team were very good and weren't surprised when they lost the match.
 - C) The other team weren't as good as expected, yet they beat ours quite badly.
 - D) Our team thought the other team weren't nearly as good as they were and so lost the match.
 - E) Our team played much better than expected, but still lost the match to a far superior opponent.
7. He didn't look as if he understood when you explained to him how to operate the machine.
- A) I don't understand why he couldn't operate the machine as you explained everything to him so well.
 - B) He might not have understood your instructions about the machine, as he didn't appear to at the time.
 - C) He didn't look at you carefully as you demonstrated how to use the machine, and so tried to operate it incorrectly.
 - D) I don't think he followed the procedures you told him, or he could have run the machine.
 - E) He hardly comprehended any of the instructions you gave about the machine because he didn't watch you intently.
8. I don't think James shares your opinion on the matter at all.
- A) In my opinion, James completely disagrees with you on that topic.
 - B) I consider that James doesn't care what you think on that subject.
 - C) It seems clear to me that James isn't telling you what he thinks.
 - D) I don't believe that you ever tell James what you think on any subject.
 - E) As far as **1** can see, what James thinks is of no importance to you.
9. A policewoman was able to calm the situation eventually last night.
- A) One of the policewomen remained calm throughout the tragic event at dawn.
 - B) Finally, the policewoman stopped being upset about things at midnight.
 - C) After the ordeal, one of the policewomen could speak about it calmly last night.
 - D) In the end, order and peace were restored by a policewoman last night.
 - E) At length, the policewoman managed to see the true position yesterday morning.



10. The company accepted responsibility for the problems.

- A) The company was blamed for the difficulties.
- B) The company's business was to sort out problems.
- C) The corporation was known to be dependable in times of trouble.
- D) The firm wanted its staff to take responsibility for what they did.
- E) The firm agreed that they had caused the problems.

11. Had someone told me about the meeting, there's no way I would have missed it.

- A) Although no one told me where the meeting was, I managed to find my way to it.
- B) Even if someone had told me about the meeting, I still wouldn't have gone.
- C) Whether I'm told or not, I never get around to going to meetings.
- D) The only reason why I didn't attend the meeting is that I wasn't informed about it.
- E) Though I knew about the meeting, I couldn't attend it as I didn't know how to get there.

12. Tom had the chance to study in the United States, yet he decided against it.

- A) Tom has begun his studies in America, but he does not want to finish them.
- B) Tom was lucky enough to study in America, but he didn't enjoy it.
- C) Tom was against the idea of studying in America, yet he had to go there anyway.
- D) Tom could have studied in America if he had wanted to, but he didn't.
- E) Tom has the opportunity to attend school in America, though he can't decide whether to go there or not.

13. He used to love horse races but his interest has diminished over the years.

- A) Fortunately, he doesn't waste as much time on the horse races as he used to.
- B) Unfortunately he can't go to the horse races as often as he did in the past.
- C) Horse racing is no longer so enjoyable for him as it once was.
- D) Watching horses race is less fun for him now that he has become an old man.
- E) Over the years, he has become more and more interested in watching horses race.

14. Unlike most people, my father doesn't mind if people borrow books and don't give them back.

- A) My father is different from other people who object when others don't return borrowed books.
- B) My father is not very organised, so he doesn't remember whether people bring the books they borrow back or not.
- C) My father doesn't like people who don't return the books they borrow.
- D) My father never lends books to people 'because he knows they don't like to give them back.'
- E) People normally don't like lending books, but my father does, even if he can't get them back.

15. What brought their relationship to an end was that she found fault with everything he did.

- A) He was trying hard to continue their relationship, but she still found fault with it.
- B) He didn't really want to finish their relationship, but it was impossible to put up with her faults.
- C) Whatever he did, she was never satisfied, and in the end, they broke up.
- D) Although he didn't have many faults, she always found something to criticise him for.
- E) Throughout their relationship, she believed that he was not good enough for her.

16. She never eats cake except when she celebrates her birthday.

- A) Until her last birthday, she had never tasted even a small piece of cake.
- B) At last, on her last birthday, she tried a piece of her birthday cake.
- C) The only occasion on which she eats cake is on her own birthday.
- D) Although she celebrates her birthday every year, she never eats any of her birthday cake.
- E) She has decided that for the first time in her life, she will try eating cake on her birthday.

17. Being totally unfamiliar with the situation, he could only offer very little help.

- A) Because he didn't offer any assistance, he wasn't able to learn much about what was happening.
- B) As he only knew very little about the case, his offer of help was of no use.
- C) Not knowing anyone involved in the event, he decided not to offer to do anything about it.
- D) Since they wouldn't explain the problem to him, he figured that they didn't need his help.
- E) He was unable to offer much assistance, as he didn't know anything about the case.

18. It was Jack Nicholson's performance that rescued the film from being a complete failure.

- A) The only good thing about the film was Jack Nicholson's performance; otherwise, it was terrible.
- B) The character Jack Nicholson played in the film was a man who failed while trying to rescue people from a disaster.
- C) Even the wonderful performance of Jack Nicholson failed to make the film a success.
- D) It was a great film, which was further enhanced by Jack Nicholson's acting.
- E) Although I knew it was a terrible film, I still went to see it to see Jack Nicholson perform.

19. In spite of exceptionally fine weather, it was a disastrous year for tourism.

- A) Everyone involved in the tourist industry is worried about the awful weather.
- B) Natural disasters always lead to a fall in tourism, no matter what the weather is like.
- C) More tourists would have come if the weather had been better.
- D) The weather was unusually good, but still, there were a small number of tourists.
- E) Tourism is too unstable an industry to base your fortunes on.

20. It wasn't the best film I have ever seen, but it was definitely above average.

- A) I have never seen such a good film in such an ordinary cinema.
- B) I can only recall ever seeing one **mm** better than that one.
- C) The film was better than most, though I have seen better ones.
- D) I have seen a lot of dull films, but that one is worse than most.
- E) Though the film was wonderful, it lasted a bit longer than normal.

OKUMA PARÇALARI

Okuma Parçası Testi

1-4. soruları aşağıdaki parçağa göre cevaplayınız.

Photosynthesis has far-reaching implications. Like plants, humans and animals depend on glucose as an energy source, but they are unable to produce it on their own and must rely ultimately on the glucose produced by plants. Moreover, the oxygen humans and animals breathe is the oxygen released during photosynthesis. Humans are also dependent on ancient products of photosynthesis, known as fossil fuels, for supplying most of our modern industrial energy. These fossil fuels, including natural gas, coal, and petroleum, are composed of a complex mix of hydrocarbons, the remains of organisms that relied on photosynthesis millions of years ago. Thus, virtually all life on earth, directly or indirectly, depends on photosynthesis as a source of food, energy, and oxygen, making it one of the most important biochemical processes known.

1. According to the passage, neither humans nor animals -----.

- A) enjoy eating vegetables, cereals and foods including fiber
- B) inhale oxygen into their lungs without losing energy
- C) can produce glucose by themselves
- D) are dependent on ancient products of photosynthesis
- E) are unable to form glucose on their own

2. We learn from the passage that -----.

- A) photosynthesis is an ordinary process like other ones
- B) the fossil fuels are no longer used at homes for heating
- C) no life on earth relies on photosynthesis
- D) photosynthesis is one of the most significant biochemical processes
- E) nearly all life on earth depends on other processes rather than photosynthesis

3. It is clear from the passage that -----.

- A) humans never make use of ancient goods of photosynthesis
- B) the oxygen inhaled by living things is released during photosynthesis
- C) unlike animals and plants, people depend on glucose as an energy source
- D) plants have no role in the course of photosynthesis
- E) human beings and animals breathe not only oxygen but other gases as well

4. It can be inferred from the passage that -----.

- A) humans can continue their lives better without photosynthesis
- B) photosynthesis is inevitable for living organisms to survive
- C) fossil fuels have no contribution to modern industrial energy
- D) natural gas, coal, and petroleum do not contain any mixtures
- E) fermentation is far more important than photosynthesis

5- 8. soruları aşağıdaki parçağa göre cevaplayınız.

As the human population grows, more and more people live in areas exposed to natural geologic hazards, such as floods, earthquakes, tsunamis, volcanoes, and landslides. Some geologists use their knowledge to try to understand these natural hazards and forecast potential geologic events, such as volcanic eruptions or earthquakes. They study the history of these events as recorded in rocks and try to determine when the next eruption or earthquake will occur. They also study the geologic record of climate change in order to help predict future changes. As human population rises, geologists' ability to locate fossil and mineral resources, such as oil, coal, iron, and aluminum, becomes more important. Finding and maintaining a clean water supply, and disposing safely of waste products, requires understanding the earth's systems through which they cycle.

5. According to the passage, -----.

- A) most people live in crowded places which can be negatively affected by natural disasters
- B) earthquakes, tsunamis kill more people than volcanoes and landslides
- C) geologists do not work on the history of natural events
- D) natural events merely affect big cities
- E) hardly any geologist benefits from the rocks to find out when an earthquake will happen

6. We are informed in the passage that -----.

- A) local people know almost everything about the geological structure of their villages
- B) geologists lack the ability to locate fossil and mineral resources
- C) certain geologists work on previous climate changes to foretell future changes
- D) geological studies are very easy and simple
- E) each geologist uses the same methods and techniques

7. It is clear from the passage that without understanding certain systems of the earth -----.

- A) every geologist can easily determine fertile areas
- B) it is nearly impossible to find and maintain a clean water supply
- C) it is usually probable to discover clean water resources
- D) several architects and engineers have tried to help geologists
- E) finding and maintaining a clean water supply becomes easier

8. It can be deduced from the passage that as human population increases, -----.

- A) scientists are trying to find a remedy to prevent natural disasters
- B) people prefer to live in rural areas
- C) geology loses its importance in academic environment
- D) studies on geologic record of climate change are really trivial
- E) geologists' knack to locate fossil and mineral resources becomes more significant

**9 - 12. soruları aşağıdaki parçağa göre cevaplayınız.**

There is no kid too young to play and thus to engage in engineering, even if it is of a primitive kind. We all did so as children ourselves, when we devised our own toys and games - and sometimes even imaginary friends to enjoy them with us. The idea of playfulness is embedded in engineering through the concepts of invention and design. Not that engineering is trifling rather, the heart of the activity is to give imagination its freedom to dream and turn those dreams into reality. Children do experience the essence of engineering in their earliest activities, yet there is seldom any recognition that this is the case. They may hear the word "engineer" only in connection with railroad locomotives and have no idea that their playful activity could become a lifelong profession. Engineers themselves are understandably reluctant to equate their professional activity with mere child's play. **after all, they studied long and hard to master complicated knowledge of atoms and molecules, stresses and strains, heat ad power, current and voltages, bits and bytes. They manipulate equations, not blocks. They use computers for serious modelling and calculation, not for fun and games. They design and build real towers and bridges that test the limits of reliability and safety, not toy ones that totter and fall down with little consequence.**

9. The main point the author is making in the passage is that -----.

- A) humans have has practised engineering ever since primitive times
- B) some children are born to be engineers
- C) children and engineers both have the capacity to imagine and create
- D) reliability and safety are minor details for the professional engineer
- E) any engineering fault in design or calculation does have serious consequences

10. As we can understand from the passage, the writer is careful -----.

- A) not to exaggerate the importance of creative play to a child
- B) to list all areas that are of concern to an engineer
- C) to show how slowly a child's mental capacity develops
- D) not to offend engineers by his comparison
- E) to avoid using technical and scientific terminology in the passage

11. It is suggested in the passage that children -----.

- A) are not aware of the fact that in their games they are involved in some kind of engineering activity
- B) should be constantly encouraged to play games that involve engineering techniques
- C) love to imitate every activity that goes on around them
- D) are incapable of imaginative and creative thinking
- E) have a primitive perception of life even when they become adults

12. According to the passage, the concept of playfulness -----.

- A) is embedded in not only engineering but also dancing
- B) could be harmful for younger children
- C) is better than the performance
- D) can only be understood by industrial experts
- E) is placed in engineering via the concepts of invention and design



13 - 16. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

A number of different kinds of electric lamps have been developed for such special purposes as photography and floodlighting. These bulbs are generally shaped to act as reflectors when coated with an aluminum mirror. One such lamp is the photoflood bulb, an incandescent lamp that is operated at a temperature higher than normal to obtain greater light output. The life of these bulbs is limited to 2 or 3 hours, as opposed to that of the ordinary incandescent bulb, which lasts from 750 to 1000 hours. Photoflash bulbs used for high-speed photography produce a single high-intensity flash of light, lasting a few hundredths of a second, by the ignition of a charge of crumpled aluminum foil or fine aluminum wire inside an oxygen-filled glass bulb. The foil is ignited by the heat of a small filament in the bulb. Increasingly popular among photographers is the high-speed gas-discharge stroboscopic lamp known as an electronic flash.

13. According to the passage, a variety of electric lamps -----.

- A) have been designed for specific purposes
- B) are only shaped to act as reflectors if coated with an aluminum mirror
- C) are no longer used in modern cities
- D) have been developed to be used only for special ceremonies such as weddings
- E) are produced because their quality is not satisfactory

14. We learn from the passage that photoflood bulb -----.

- A) lasts a few hundredths of a second.
- B) is not accepted as an incandescent lamp.
- C) produce a single high-intensity flash of light.
- D) the radiation in the arc of the vapor lamp causes the phosphor to become fluorescent.
- E) is operated at a temperature higher than normal to get greater light output.

15. It is stated in the passage that -----.

- A) the efficiency of the fluorescent lamp is not high
- B) photoflash bulbs last 2 or 3 hours
- C) electronic flashes are increasingly becoming popular among photographers
- D) ordinary incandescent bulb lasts only a few hours
- E) luminescent panels can not be used to illuminate clock and radio dials

16. It can be deducted from the passage that -----.

- A) the electrician cannot understand which bulb is more effective
- B) photoflash bulbs rarely produce a single high-intensity flash of light
- C) in the past people mostly used gas lamps as they were poor
- D) the life of the ordinary incandescent bulb is far longer than that of the photoflood bulb
- E) because the current requirements for large installations are excessive

**17 - 20. soruları aşağıdaki parçağa göre cevaplayınız.**

Europe and Japan do not use fuel-economy standards to any significant degree, but instead rely principally on high taxes to reduce gas consumption. Their average tax is more than \$2 per gallon, while in the US, federal gas taxes are only 18¢ per gallon and average state taxes 22¢ per gallon. Higher prices at the pump resulting from higher taxes increase consumer demand for cars with better fuel economy. They also encourage consumers to reduce their driving. Research shows that federal taxes on gasoline would have to increase by a bit less than 50¢ per gallon to cut gasoline consumption in the US. Although a 50¢ increase is a lot compared with the present average total tax of 40¢, it would raise retail gas prices to only a little more than \$2 per gallon, tax included. This is far below prices in Europe and Japan. Even if federal taxes on gas were doubled, US retail gas prices would still be much below those in other developed nations.

17. According to the passage, efforts have been made -----.

- A) to compare the levels of fuel consumption as well as fuel prices in Europe
- B) to assess what price increases would lead to a significant reduction in fuel consumption in the US
- C) to give more appeal to public transport
- D) to establish what vehicle types consume less fuel
- E) to develop fuel-efficient vehicles for sale in the US

18. It is clear from the passage that Japan's strategy to keep fuel consumption down -----.

- A) depends largely on the high taxation of fuel
- B) has been greatly criticized by the public
- C) has not been as effective as was originally envisaged
- D) has set an example that Europe is now adopting
- E) has had no effect upon the country's car production technologies

19. We learn from the passage that one effect of higher taxes on fuel -----.

- A) has been a great deal of uneasiness and even anger among consumers
- B) has been a remarkable drop in car sales everywhere
- C) has been to draw attention to a much wider range of energy sources
- D) is an increased demand for vehicles which consume less fuel
- E) is that Europe's production of fuel-economy vehicles has risen on a large scale

20. We can conclude from the passage that in order to decrease gas consumption, -----.

- A) China impose higher taxes on European Union countries
- B) American companies will raise retail gas prices
- C) Europe and Japan depend mainly on high taxes
- D) all the Scandinavian countries will be dependent on Japan
- E) Japan and Europe have taken no steps up to now

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ

Paragraph Completion Test 1

1-20. sorularda paragrafi anlamca uygun şekilde tamamlayan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. Soft and powerful, aromatherapy is a medical discipline that brings all the beneficial virtues of nature to the service of health through the use of essential oils. ----- In this therapeutic approach, we strive to rebalance all the functions of the body in order to treat the disease and the symptoms associated with it.
- A) But they easily penetrate the skin and they are not water soluble
 - B) They should be stored away from heat and light in opaque bottles
 - C) They can certainly be extracted from fruits such as lemon, but they are mostly found in aromatic plants
 - D) The principle of this therapy is based on the overall management of the individual and his disease
 - E) Not only do we not know what they really look like, but we also do not know where to buy them or how to apply them
2. ----- The Hebrew word “laban” means white. Because the mountain was covered with snow, and because its soil had a light coloration, the ancient Phoenicians and other nomadic tribes called the mountain “Lebanon” - the White Mountain. At the crossroads of Mesopotamia, Egypt and Europe, Lebanon has an exceptionally rich archaeological heritage.
- A) “Lebanon”, known in Latin as Mons Libanus, was the name of a mountain
 - B) The majority of Lebanese people consider themselves as Phoenicians
 - C) Like Lebanon, Syria continues to foster good relations with its traditional allies, Iran and Russia
 - D) Tax revenues are an important source of income for the Lebanese government, among which domestic taxes on goods and services and income tax are the most significant
 - E) In 2020, Lebanon had to endure multiple crises, including a massive explosion in Beirut’s port, an economic collapse, rising political instability
3. Agricultural activities have a very important place in the economic life in Erzurum. Pasin Plain is the region where agricultural activities are carried out predominantly. The Pasin Plain, shaped by the Aras River, is located in the north of Eastern Anatolia. ----- The eastern part continues until the Zivin and Velibaba streams pour into Aras.
- A) The Aras River also originates in Erzurum, stops by the Pasin Plain, and ascends to Amid from here
 - B) The western part of Pasin Plain is formed by approximately 45 km of plains from Deveboynu Mountains to Çobandede Bridge
 - C) These works make it possible to establish a connection between the past and the future by shedding light on the past of the cities of the Ottoman period
 - D) On the other hand, instead of lime, stone was used as a material on the courtyard walls of the bazaars
 - E) For example, Çoban Bridge is a historical bridge over the Aras river in today's Köprüköy district of Erzurum



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

4. Striving to eat healthily can, ironically, become an unhealthy obsession. People with the condition known as 'orthorexia nervosa' are fixated on consuming food in a way that they consider pure, clean or healthy to the point where their well-being suffers. They can, for example, become malnourished. ----. Some cut out entire food groups like fats or carbs. Orthorexia is not yet listed in psychiatric manuals, but it is described in scientific journals.
- A) The term 'orthorexia nervosa', which refers to a pathological fixation on eating only healthy foods, was coined by Steven Bratman, a Colorado physician
- B) Experts generally link orthorexia with perfectionism, dieting, obsessive-compulsive traits and mental health struggles
- C) That is because, as the disorder progresses, patients often become increasingly restrictive in what they will eat
- D) If people cannot deal with such problems in a proper way, then it could be of high importance for them to talk to a mental health professional
- E) Interestingly, and in contrast to many other eating disorders, gender does not seem to reduce the risk of getting orthorexia
5. More than 375 million people are native English speakers. ----. English is by far the most influential in the world, making it one of the most important languages. Being essentially the mother tongue of the internet and computer technology, English is omnipresent globally.
- A) Because this enabled clear and concise communication on issues of global importance
- B) Known as 'the mother of all languages', Sanskrit is the dominant classical language of the Indian subcontinent and one of the 22 official languages of India
- C) The latest projection is that French will be spoken by 750 million people by 2050
- D) Along with German, French is one of the most important natively-spoken languages in the European Union
- E) But as many as 1.5 billion use it to some extent
6. Many substances in our environment can produce odors. We typically smell these odors when we are outdoors and sometimes when we are indoors with your windows open. ----. Those odors can become a nuisance and bother people, causing temporary symptoms such as headache and nausea. Other odors can be toxic and cause harmful health effects.
- A) In general, as concentration levels increase, more people will have symptoms
- B) We may smell and react to certain chemicals in the air before they are at harmful levels
- C) However, some people are more sensitive to environmental odors than others
- D) In fact, young children, the elderly and pregnant women may be more vulnerable to bad smell
- E) Its intensity was based on the concentration of the odor in air and the duration of exposure
7. Education raises the benefit from social participation because it facilitates seamless information exchange. Educated people are better able to express what they know, to inform, and to persuade. Schooling also teaches rules of behavior that make a discussion between educated people both more informative and less likely to degenerate into a quarrel. ----. At every education level, education is the acquisition of skills helpful for operating with both knowledge and people, to be able to learn and to teach.
- A) If this were true, then exogenous increases in schooling would have no impact on overall levels of civic participation
- B) In fact, education is one of the most important predictors
- C) Provided that innate characteristics vary more within than across areas, this view predicts a low relationship between education and civic participation at the aggregate level
- D) Nevertheless, college graduates are more likely to join organizations
- E) These procedural benefits capture the fundamental value of education as socialization

- 8. Music tuned to the frequency of 741 Hz helps with problem-solving, cleansing the body, and self-expression. It represents the power of self-expression, which is thought to promote a pure, stable, and healthier life. ----- This frequency is ideal if you are struggling with living a healthy lifestyle, expressing creativity, or speaking your truth.**
- A) However, sound moves through a medium such as air or water as waves
 - B) Exposure to inaudible low-frequency pitches changes the functioning of the inner ear
 - C) It also helps to awaken intuition and promote living simply and purely
 - D) For example, some dolphins and bats, can hear frequencies up to 100,000 Hz
 - E) Testing in animals differs from the method commonly used with humans of voluntarily reporting if a sound is heard
- 9. Fish farming is a form of aquaculture in which fish are raised in enclosures to be sold as food. It is the fastest growing area of animal food production. Today, about half the fish consumed globally are raised in these artificial environments. Commonly farmed species include salmon, tuna, cod, trout and halibut. -----.**
- A) Years of unregulated and underreported catches of bluefin tuna in the Mediterranean Sea are threatening the existence of this severely overfished species
 - B) However, it may severely damage ecosystems by introducing diseases, pollutants and invasive species
 - C) In fact, the overcrowded and stressful conditions promote disease and parasite outbreaks that are treated with pesticides and antibiotics
 - D) These “aquafarms” can take the form of mesh cages submerged in natural bodies of water, or concrete enclosures on land
 - E) The use of antibiotics created drug-resistant strains of diseases that could harm wildlife populations
- 10. For a spacecraft to enter orbit around the Earth, it must reach a speed called orbital velocity. The orbital velocity will depend upon how far above the Earth the craft is supposed to orbit. ----- A slower orbital velocity is needed to keep a spacecraft in orbit farther from Earth.**
- A) For example, a spacecraft must attain an orbital velocity of about 28,000 kilometers per hour to orbit the Earth at a distance of 160 kilometers
 - B) The Moon was likely formed after a Mars-sized body collided with Earth
 - C) However, a sufficiently compact mass can deform spacetime to form a black hole
 - D) Nevertheless, scientists have found that it is easier to aim a spacecraft toward its destination
 - E) A spacecraft launched directly into space needs more powerful rockets
- 11. It is often assumed that the genetic influences on behavioral elements such as intelligence decrease with increasing age, because upbringing and life experience take up more and more space. In fact, there is ample evidence to the contrary. ----- How can that be? Obviously, our actions and our successes in childhood are massively shaped by our family and school environment. As we get older, we gradually gain the freedom to act according to our individual nature and temperament. We no longer submit so strongly to the social expectations of others when we find that something is wrong with us.**
- A) According to some scholars, if the IQ were genetically determined, it would have to remain stable
 - B) Behavioral genetics show that intelligence is hereditary - but not which genes are involved
 - C) IQ tests predict academic success regardless of family background and provide at least a rough measure of intelligence
 - D) Since intelligence is inherited less than body size, external factors are likely to be even more influential
 - E) The genes do not become less important with age, but more and more formative for our personality



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

12. Dry mouth and dry nose are common complaints among the older population. Dry mouth can be attributed to medical conditions and other underlying causes, whereas dry nose is usually associated with age-related changes in nasal physiology and structure. ----- Management of dry mouth includes hydration and use of mouthwash, sugarless gum, candy, and saliva substitutes. Dry nose can be managed with nasal sprays that moisten the nasal cavity.

- A) In contrast, many elderly people have sufficient physical strength to fulfil their job duties and make a social contribution
- B) Several mechanisms likely underlie the pathogenesis of rhinitis in these patients
- C) In both cases, medications can contribute to dryness, so a proper evaluation includes a careful drug review
- D) However, the existing medical education system is not ready for medical professionals enabled to respond to such requirements
- E) The most common causes of allergic contact cheilitis is lip cosmetics

13. A model is a person with a role either to promote, display or advertise commercial products, most notably fashion clothing in fashion shows, or to serve as a visual aid for people who are creating works of art or to pose for photography. Modelling is considered to be different from other types of public performance, such as acting or dancing. Types of modelling include: fashion, glamour, fitness, bikini, fine art, promotional and commercial print models. ----- Fashion models are sometimes featured in films, reality TV shows and music videos. Celebrities often take modelling contracts in addition to their regular work.

- A) Thus, cartoons are used primarily for conveying political commentary and editorial opinion in newspapers and for social comedy and visual wit in magazines
- B) Models are featured in a variety of media formats including books, magazines, films, newspapers, internet and television
- C) Government-run businesses may aim to maximize some measure of social welfare
- D) However, advertising is treated as an expense while it truly does have merit and value, from an accounting standpoint
- E) Paris is regarded as the world fashion capital, and spread throughout the city are many fashion boutiques

14. Living organisms live in an environment that is constantly changing. Many of these changes cause serious disruptions in the functioning of their organs or systems. But organisms can defend against harmful influences because they are able to adapt. Adaptation is the adaptation of an organism or an individual organ to a change in the environment. ----- Therefore, adaptation plays a very important role in the life of organisms.

- A) On the other hand, there are various medications that help the body adapt quickly
- B) A healthy lifestyle and proper nutrition increase the body's immunity and the level of its adaptation
- C) If there were no adaptation, then a change in the conditions of existence would lead to the death of the organism
- D) Thus, people feel physical weakness or discomfort when their usual living conditions change
- E) In fact, physical activity and long walks help keep the body healthy

15. Curfew is a rule or law that sets a time that certain people have to be off the streets. Over time, it has come to refer to getting people off the streets at night and into their homes, often during times of civil unrest. Curfew is an important tool in helping to manage a teen and keep them away from risky situations. Parents set curfews in an effort to keep their children safe. ----- The reality is that, as the night goes on, most parents have gone home to go to bed, and thus there are fewer adults out. However, the adults and children that are out are more likely to be using alcohol and drugs.

- A) In contrast, curfews are ineffective at reducing crime and victimization
- B) The word "curfew" comes from the Old French phrase "couvre-feu", which means "cover fire"
- C) They feel that setting a reasonable time when their children need to be home will help keep them out of trouble and allow them to stay on top of their schoolwork
- D) Curfews violate fair and equal treatment under the law as well as substantive and procedural due process, making them unconstitutional in other ways as well
- E) In 1918 the British board of trade, with a view to economy in the consumption of coal, introduced the curfew order



16. Spoken language is shaped by a number of riches each culture has in itself. Idioms and proverbs are at the top of this diversity. Then there are certain patterns adopted by the society. For example, some quotations that are not known by whom they are spoken, that is, anonymous, but that have been passed down from generation to generation and some sentences shared by important people, writers or thinkers can be counted among these patterns. In this way, a much richer language is used in daily conversations. -----.

- A) On the contrary, especially language learners are very curious about the meanings of English words
- B) Likewise, the bad word belongs to its owner
- C) The most important method to establish superiority in communication is to convince the other person
- D) Moreover, based on the underlying meanings of these words, people can shape their life philosophy and motivate themselves
- E) Besides the meanings and intonation of the sentences we make, body language is of great importance

17. In the near future, we will have to get accustomed to these new words in the climate debate: Direct Air Capture, BECCS, Biochar or “enhanced weathering”. -----. The purpose is in each case to cool the heated earth. This will be necessary if - as is assumed - it is not possible to reduce energy consumption and emissions in good time to cope with the climate crisis and meet the goals of the Paris Treaty. The processes are collectively referred to as CDR (Carbon Dioxide Removal) or NETs (Negative Emissions Technologies).

- A) Experts estimate, however, that one should not expect such withdrawal quantities to be realized well before 2040
- B) In contrast, there are three main reasons why CO₂ cannot be extracted from the atmosphere
- C) They all describe methods of extracting CO₂ from the atmosphere, rendering it harmless and storing it somewhere
- D) In general, as many scientists emphasize, the world must first stop the overexploitation of nature before any significant reforestation is possible
- E) This includes doing without intensive plowing and growing catch crops after the regular harvest

18. If children learn their mother tongue perfectly, it is obviously through immersion in an environment where this language is spoken. Adults who want to learn a foreign language should try to come as close as possible to such conditions. However, the functioning of the mind of an adult, especially if it is cultivated, is different from that of the child as a result of acquired habits and mechanisms, which rigidify certain reactions while allowing a deeper or better understanding of structured language. ----. He is only trying to manage more or less well.

- A) The transition to an intimate knowledge of the language can only be gradual and requires contact with the foreign country concerned
- B) Often, too, adults learning a foreign language do not claim to speak it as well as their mother tongue
- C) If a person does not want to be totally ignorant when visiting a foreign country, obviously some vocabulary and some grammar are needed
- D) It is certainly not easy to give advice that is valid for everyone, because each person has a different ability
- E) One can thus not be completely disoriented by disembarking in an unknown country

19. Human body parts have more than one function: Teeth, lips: chewing and sucking, producing speech sounds. Hands: making tools and manual gestures. Brain is always at work. Human brain is lateralized. It has specialized functions in each of the two hemispheres. Complex vocalization (Speaking) and object manipulation (making or using tools) are very close to each other in the left hemisphere in the brain. -----.

- A) In fact, the mouth is one of the body's most sensitive organs
- B) Lips, however, are devoid of melanocytes, so there is no melanin to mask the red color of the blood vessels that crowd the dermis
- C) This is because the cells of our body contain various ions such as sodium ion, potassium ion, chloride ion and many more which helps to conduct electricity
- D) Since practically 70% of the body is made up of water, it is considered to be a good conductor
- E) As a result, there may be an evolutionary connection between the language using and tool using



20. Like native speakers, English language learners must gain facility with academic English, which has some features that differ from conversational English. For language learners, conversational English can develop in a few years, but becoming proficient with an academic language takes longer because it has its own jargon, linguistic structures, and formats, which can be specific to a discipline. ----. Some researchers emphasize that mastery of academic language is the single most important determinant of academic success for adolescents who have been in American schools for less than 2 years.

- A) Likewise, years of education in the primary language correlates with Dutch literacy development among adults in the Netherlands
- B) Others were recent immigrants with low levels of education and first language literacy
- C) They came to the United Kingdom as young children but grew up with a home language other than English
- D) These features of academic language need to be explicitly highlighted and supported during instruction
- E) Though educated in American schools, these adults were unprepared for work and higher education

• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

Paragraph Completion Test 2

- 1. In most traditional societies, nothing goes to waste. For example, some nomadic societies live almost entirely on the products of their animals. They burn the dried dung for fuel, drink the milk, clothe themselves in the hides and furs, and eat the meat. ----. One of the more shocking statistics is that every five years, the average westerner throws away an amount of waste equal to the weight of the Statue of Liberty.
 - A) Some extreme environmentalists feel that we should all go back to living in that way
 - B) By contrast, in western consumer-oriented societies, sometimes more is thrown away than is used
 - C) Furthermore, since they are always on the move, they are careful not to over-use the land
 - D) In spite of this way of life that is in harmony with nature, nomads are being forced to settle down in many countries
 - E) On the other hand, most of today's societies manufacture almost everything they use

2. At the beginning of the 1990s, it seemed to all appearances that the US comprehensively dominated global affairs. ----- Thus, it was described as “the lonely superpower”. However, that said, the 1990s proved to be a decade of uncertainty and questioning for many Americans. In broad terms, the challenges of the post-Cold War era were as demanding for the US as they were for other countries.
- A) In many respects, the ending of the Cold War was expected to usher in a period of profound uncertainty.
- B) It occupied a pre-eminent position in terms of military power, technology and global economic reach.
- C) One of the most frequently used images of US foreign-policy making has been that of contest and struggle.
- D) Indeed, the US has always found it difficult to reconcile the issue of world order with national perspectives.
- E) The debates about US foreign policy in the post-Cold War period have been shaped by the impact of world events.
3. The social scientist Talcott Parsons developed the “Role-Model Theory”, which meant a boy would follow his father for his role model, while a girl would follow her mother. It soon became apparent, however, that this theory was inadequate. In the 1970s, for example, when young girls whose mothers were doctors were surveyed, they would often declare that doctors were boys and nurses were girls. ----- These examples showed that most children looked outside the home for their role models.
- A) On the other hand, most radical feminists seemed to have mothers who were housewives
- B) Often such outrageous figures as Madonna become role models
- C) Socially most people are members of a group they perceive as “family”
- D) Children inherit two separate bloodlines at birth—the mother’s and the father’s
- E) In contrast, all boys wanted to be just like their fathers
4. As far as mankind is concerned, the zebra is one of the most useless animals in existence. ----- Though they run wild and have much the same diet as edible animals like the eland and gazelle, their meat tastes too awful to be eaten. Though their stripped hide is beautiful to look at, it is not strong or durable enough to be put to any use.
- A) While the zebra lives in Africa, there is a similar animal, in the Tibetan Plateau
- B) Horses, on the other hand, have been domesticated since before recorded history
- C) They are shaped like donkeys, but refuse to be trained, and simply will not work
- D) Since all zoos have zebras, everyone knows what they look like
- E) Even so, they are a big tourist attraction in the game parks of Africa
5. Cocoa is a product of *Theobroma cacao*, a small tree originally found in tropical America. It flowers directly from the trunk and branches, and has fruits containing 400 seeds. ----- At the end of all these processes, raw or bitter chocolate is produced.
- A) These seeds are the raw material from which chocolate is made
- B) The ripe seeds are fermented, dried, roasted and ground to a paste
- C) About 1 million tons of cocoa a year is produced in Africa and Brazil
- D) In the 1800s, eating chocolate and powdered cocoa were developed
- E) To make chocolate, cocoa butter has to be added to balance the sugar



TERCİH

• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

6. Today cell phones or mobile phones may be new devices, but they originated in the 1920's. Radios were used since 1921. ----. The concept of the cellular phone was developed in 1947 which originated from the mobile car phone. The concept of the cellular phone was produced by Bell Laboratories.
- A) They are probably even more popular in the Far East than in Britain and the US
B) Manufacturers are trying to give their product a more stylish image to detract from the scare stories
C) One wonders how people communicated in the days before the invention of the mobile phone
D) But once people have got used to their comfort, it is so difficult to do without them
E) Features were put into these radios in the 1940's, and they were used by police
8. Several years ago, two British backpackers were among the forty-seven passengers who survived the hijack and crash of a flight from Addis Ababa to Nairobi. They never saw their hijackers, and did not know if they were killed in the crash or were among the survivors. The two young women were both severely injured. ----. **so** they went on from India to Australia, then to South America, as they had initially planned.
- A) It would be ironic if the hijackers turned out to have survived after all
B) They were a little discouraged as they knew that hijacking like this were quite common in the region
C) But both decided to complete their travels once their wounds had healed
D) It was quite a big disaster, though, because there were 127 people on board, of whom only 47 survived
E) This experience alone would have been enough to stop them from travelling further
7. When we look at the night sky, it seems that the planets are always changing their positions while the stars appear to be fixed. ----. One star, for example, though it actually moves quite fast, would take over two hundred years to move a distance equal to the diameter of the Earth's moon. It is only when we compare the records ancient peoples kept of the skies with the present day that we can see the stars really do move.
- A) Planets also seem to have a steady light, while stars twinkle
B) In fact, stars are always moving, but they are so far away that we cannot see any change in their position
C) Astronomers can only estimate the total number of stars in the universe
D) Distance cannot be learned from a star's magnitude alone, because its magnitude depends upon its size and brightness as well
E) Talking about star signs is often a good way to begin a conversation with a stranger
9. In today's society, where many occupations do not involve physical activity, staying healthy is often difficult. ----. However, maintaining one's health is not all that easy. Although health-conscious people may exercise or diet seriously for a certain length of time, many of them lose motivation and stop.
- A) Many people suffer from ailments that would have been unknown to our ancestors
B) People who are healthy achieve this in a number of different ways
C) A little common sense seems to be all
D) Doctors are overwhelmed with people whose complaints they sometimes have trouble taking seriously
E) The effects of stress on the body were hardly acknowledged until quite recently

- 10.** We live in an era when television has become the national pastime. Since the invention of the TV, people have been spending more free time watching it than doing anything else. Some TV addicts defend this by claiming that people can learn a great deal from watching TV. ----- They also contend that, with cable and satellite companies increasing their share of the market, it is now a waste of money as well.
- A) Until recently we could watch major sporting events free of charge and without the need for special equipment
 - B) The heavyweight boxing championship is an event that is no longer on live television
 - C) In fact, some of the documentaries and nature programs are very educational
 - D) Others argue that watching television simply robs people of their valuable time
 - E) Educational programs are often on at odd hours, so you need a video to record them
- 11.** ----- Of them, a well-trained doctor will select the best that will cure a particular illness of a patient. Sometimes there are some points to consider even within the same method. The use of an antibiotic such as penicillin may be the best treatment for a particular infectious disease, for example, but it would not be the ideal therapy for someone allergic to penicillin. Then he would have to choose another antibiotic to treat the disease.
- A) Medicine has changed greatly in the last 100 years
 - B) Doctors are not equally distributed throughout a country
 - C) Early medicine did not have the professional status it now does
 - D) Certain types of laboratory work can be done by medical technicians
 - E) There are many methods of treating disease
- 12.** A number of farmers and gardeners today have taken up what is called “organic” farming and gardening, which means growing plants and vegetables without using man-made chemicals. A good example of how this works is the use of ladybugs to control aphids. ----- By introducing ladybugs into their gardens, however, which love to eat aphids, farmers can get rid of these harmful bugs without causing any harm to the good ones.
- A) Another friendly insect, the honeybee, is the most efficient way of spreading pollen
 - B) Children love to play with ladybugs, and never hurt them
 - C) People also say that fruit and vegetables grown organically taste better
 - D) There are many kinds of aphids, but most feed exclusively on a particular crop, weed or tree
 - E) Using an insecticide would also kill harmless insects alongside them
- 13.** In 1846, an Italian chemist named Asciano Sobrero produced the first nitro-glycerine. When he heated a drop of it, it produced a large explosion. ----- Of course his noble gesture did no good at all. Other scientists followed up his research, and high explosives were being used in warfare by the end of the 19th century.
- A) He immediately realised that this chemical could be used to produce weapons of mass destruction and stopped his research
 - B) Realising its potential for warfare, he was intelligent enough to make a fortune from it
 - C) His research into how to produce this chemical in large quantities makes him one of history's most evil scientists
 - D) It is dreadful to think that about 100 gallons of gas are produced by only one ounce of nitro-glycerine
 - E) This, of course, was nothing compared to the explosives that would be developed in the 20th century



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

14. During a volcanic eruption, lava, tephra (ash, lapilli, volcanic bombs and blocks), and various gases are expelled from a volcanic vent or fissure. These are often named after famous volcanoes where that type of behavior has been observed. Some volcanoes may exhibit only one characteristic type of eruption during a period of activity, while others may display an entire sequence of types all in one eruptive series.

- A) Several types of volcanic eruptions have been distinguished by volcanologists
- B) This form of accumulation tends to result in well-ordered rings of tephra
- C) Around the coast of Iceland, there are many volcanoes
- D) Most volcanoes have a conical shape and some form islands
- E) A volcano is a mountain formed by the eruption of lava

15. Because, after centuries of scientific stagnation, there were suddenly a number of new inventions and discoveries. It was early in the century, for example, that Galileo perfected the telescope and reported on his observations of the heavenly bodies. Still early in the century, William Harvey discovered the way in which blood circulates in humans and other animals. But possibly the greatest scientist of the century was Isaac Newton, who discovered the laws of gravity and those governing physics and light.

- A) It is impossible to imagine astronomy without the telescope
- B) The individual inventive effort of past years is now largely replaced by organised research
- C) It was not until the invention of the steam engine that Industrial Revolution became a real possibility
- D) For most of the scientists, seventeenth century Europe must have been an exciting time and place
- E) Many of the "discoveries" that the West took credit for had long been known to the Arabs

16. ----- It affects eight percent of men and one in two hundred and fifty women. It is particularly troublesome when individuals cannot distinguish between red and green -the colours of traffic lights.

- A) Acute alcoholism is a serious problem in the northern part of Australia
- B) The origins of the colours used in traffic signals is difficult to trace
- C) While some people think green is a beautiful colour, others prefer red
- D) Colour blindness is an inherited condition affecting the ability to see colours
- E) Persistent headaches and blurred vision are symptoms that may indicate serious eye disorders

17. Both are derived from the Greek term for city-state and have to do with the administration and oversight of communities of people. Police operations vary from nation to nation. In some states, police forces are highly militarised and nearly indistinguishable from the armed forces.

- A) The words 'police' and 'politics' are related
- B) Police forces are part of the criminal justice system
- C) Interpol has caught thousands of international criminals
- D) Many of the regulatory powers of government involve some kind of policing activity
- E) Many countries have centralised, or national, police organisations

18. Janissaries were the elite troops of the Ottoman Army and were founded in the 14th century. ----. From the 17th century onward, however, Muslims were recruited as well, and they became a powerful and influential force in the empire until they were massacred by Sultan Mahmud II in 1826.

- A) The strong Islamic beliefs of the troops made them a powerful army
- B) In the early 19th century, they tried to overthrow the reigning Sultan
- C) The boys were chosen at a young age and taken away from their families
- D) They lived in a special barracks inside' the walls of Topkapi Palace
- E) Originally, they were recruited from Christian boys and captives of war

19. The Kani people belong to one of the poorest tribes in the southern Indian state of Kerala. These rain-forest dwellers live in fragile shacks. Each night they sleep with the fear that a passing herd of wild elephants could trample them to death. ----. They believe that they are the descendants of the chief physician of the gods, and that his wisdom of healing has been passed down to them through the ages.

- A) Elephants are not normally dangerous animals unless provoked
- B) But even in poverty, the Kanis have not forgotten their mythical past
- C) India has many such tribes with no traditions or even oral history
- D) As you can imagine, this makes it hard to get a good night's sleep
- E) It is interesting that, though largely Christian, Kerala had the world's first elected Communist government

20. ----. By translating the results of scientific experiments into mathematical terms, it is possible to develop assumptions and formula for general application. Further experimentation is often suggested in this process. In this way, mathematics clarifies and furthers knowledge of the physical world.

- A) The introduction of the decimal system into Europe greatly advanced the field of mathematics
- B) Mathematics has become an essential tool in all sciences for the development of theory
- C) Mathematics is the study of numbers and their logical relationships with each other
- D) Though interesting in its own right, mathematics has few uses outside the realm of accounting
- E) Arithmetic is the most ancient form of mathematics, and was known to the Egyptians



Paragraph Completion Test 3

• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

1. The Sues Canal represents the culmination of centuries of effort to enhance trade and expand the empires of Egypt by connecting the Red and Mediterranean Seas. ----- **but** its significance came from the fact that it was the only one to bypass the Nile as a means of connecting the two seas and to excavate across the Isthmus of Suez to provide a major shipping route between Europe and Asia.

- A) At one stage, following by an outbreak of cholera, all the workers ran away
- B) The Israelis entrenched themselves along the eastern bank of the canal
- C) By this time the canal was full of sunken ships and sea traffic was paralysed
- D) Two small fleets, one originating in Port Said and the other in Suez, met in Ismailia
- E) The canal was by no means the first project of its kind

2. Orangutans are like babies: playful, wide-eyed, and trusting. Genetically, the “men of the forest” as their name means in Malay, resemble humans more than any other animal on the Earth. ----- Yet a combination of natural disasters and merciless hunting by humans now threatens this inoffensive near relative of ours.

- A) Even today, not everyone has accepted Darwin's theories on evolution
- B) Most people have only seen them in zoos
- C) Some people would say that the chimpanzee is actually closer to human beings
- D) They stand next to us on the tree of life
- E) A gorilla named Koko is famous for having learnt to communicate with humans using sign-language

3. The enduring Roman influence is reflected in contemporary language, literature, legal codes, government, architecture, medicine, sports. etc. ----- Consider language for example. Fewer and fewer people today claim to know much Latin. And yet, go back to the first sentence of this paragraph. If we removed all the words drawn directly from Latin, that sentence would read: “The”.

- A) Ancient Greeks also had an enduring influence on Western civilisation
- B) The great civilisations of India and China are older, but the West came into contact with them later
- C) In the 3rd century AD, the capital of the Roman Empire moved from Rome to Constantinople
- D) “The” is the most commonly used word in the English language
- E) Much of it is so deeply embedded that we scarcely notice our debt to ancient Rome

4. John Lennon was murdered just before 11p.m. on the 8th December, 1980; outside the apartment building where he lived in New York City. He had just got out of a car and was walking toward the entrance when a voice called to him. When he turned around, he was shot five times. The murderer, was 20-year old Mark Chapman from Hawaii. ----- It is said that he even believed that he was John Lennon.

- A) He was a fan of Lennon, and had tried to imitate him in many ways
- B) Lennon's music, though less consistent than when he was with the Beatles, continued to be popular
- C) New York is one of the most dangerous cities in the world
- D) It is remarkable how many famous people have been murdered in the United States
- E) The Beatles had split up more than ten years before



5. ----- Within a year, 100,000 people, only 8,000 of whom were women, had reached California. Homes, and stores throughout the United States were abandoned as everyone rushed to California. By 1850, more than 50 ships were anchored in San Francisco Bay, but many had been deserted by gold-hungry sailors. A few people became fabulously rich, but most left as poor as they came.
- A) Gold is the most precious of metals, and throughout history people have longed for it
B) In 1848, gold was discovered in Sutter's Mill, near San Francisco, and the first great gold rush began
C) At the time of the California Gold Rush, the easiest way to reach San Francisco from the East Coast was by ship
D) San Francisco's football team is named after the people who came in 1849 hoping to find gold and strike it rich: "The 49ers"
E) Every year thousands of Mexicans illegally cross the border from Mexico into southern California looking for work.
6. ----- In addition to teaching the correct techniques, a qualified instructor will indoctrinate the beginner in the importance of skiing safely. If the skier is taught how to ski under control at all times and to follow the generally accepted rules of safety, the risk of causing injury to himself or to other skiers is greatly reduced.
- A) Because short skis are easier to handle, they are often used, by beginners, while experienced skiers prefer longer ones
B) Chair lifts and other devices that transport skiers uphill have removed the need for tiring, time-consuming climbing
C) Each year thousands of beginners rush to hundreds of organised ski areas
D) In its simplest form, skiing is sliding down a snow-covered slope on a pair of long, slim runners called skis
E) The best way for a beginner to learn how to ski is to take lessons from a certified ski instructor
7. In strict terms, performing arts are those art forms, primarily theatre, dance and music, that result in a performance. ----- from classical opera and serious theatre to live variety entertainment, popular improvised theatre in the streets, and even rock concerts and professional wrestling.
- A) Decorative arts, on the other hand, are art forms that have a primarily decorative rather than expressive or emotional purpose
B) The individual performing artist has always struggled to survive
C) Under their heading, however, can be placed an enormous number of forms and variations
D) Several playwrights of the late 19th and early 20th centuries prepared the way for modern realistic drama
E) Cabarets are small performance spaces in clubs and restaurants where solo artists perform
8. The olive is a small tree with narrow greyish-green leaves, cultivated from early times in the Mediterranean region. ----- which is highly valued by many nutritionists today because of its benefits for health. However, olives are also pickled for eating. Black olives are ripe, but green ones are pickled unripe, and treated in order to destroy their bitterness.
- A) Olives do not taste at all nice when eaten fresh from the tree
B) These trees have been grown for their shade in many regions
C) The fruit of the olive tree is edible, once it has been pickled
D) These trees were cultivated originally for their lush crops
E) The most important product extracted from its fruit is the oil



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

9. ----- The reason for this may be found in the large herds of reindeer that they breed, as the subsequent need for pasture in the Arctic area has necessitated constant movement. Even today, settlements are rarely permanent, although they are being increasingly affected by the Swedes and Finns among whom they live.
- A) One may be surprised to learn that there are many Arctic animals
B) Life in the Arctic region does not offer much variety to the locals
C) Research shows that people living in the Arctic area are very fit
D) The inhabitants of Lapland are traditionally a nomadic people
E) Alcoholism is becoming an increasing problem in the Arctic area
10. In most modern industrial countries, including Japan, women are much less than half as likely to commit suicide. -----? Not at all. Psychiatric professionals are agreed that women are actually more likely to experience depression than men. In fact, statistics show that more women than men are treated for depression each year in hospitals.
- A) Do the people involved in the field of mental health know the reason for this
B) Does this mean that women are happier and less prone to depression than men
C) Is this because men are less likely to express their feelings than women
D) What is it that causes this difference between men and women in mental health
E) Is the situation the same among the women of less industrialised countries
11. The average child will crawl at eight to ten months, walk alone at twelve to sixteen months and say a few words by the fifteenth month. ----- Many children walk before they are a year old, and say words before they are fifteen months, and there are examples that first children speak earlier than subsequent children, and girls may speak sooner than boys.
- A) However, individuals vary considerably
B) Children usually start school at age six
C) Size is determined by a variety of factors, though
D) The wisdom teeth appear in the late teens
E) And, surprisingly, the same development applies to children of all races
12. The speed of sound is generally placed at 1088 feet per second at sea level at 32 F°. However, it varies at other temperatures and in different media. ----- Thus, if in air it travels a mile in 5 seconds, it does a mile under water in 1 second, and through iron in half a second.
- A) When a plane breaks the sound barrier, it means it's flying faster than sound
B) The speed of sound can be measured using modern equipment
C) Sound travels faster in water than in air, and even faster in iron
D) The prefix Mach is used for describing supersonic speed
E) Any sound which is over 120 decibels is painful to the ear

13. ----- The audience stood or sat in galleries on three sides of the stage, which was left open to the sky for the sake of light, as performances generally began at 2 PM. At the back of the stage were the dressing rooms, and a small gallery. These theatres were generally owned by businessmen, or by companies of actors like that of Shakespeare.

- A) Many modern theatres are breaking away from traditional theatre styles
- B) One of the finest examples of a Renaissance theatre is the Teatro Olimpico
- C) Elizabethan times brought the first permanent public theatres to England
- D) At present, there are approximately forty-eight major theatres in operation in London
- E) The Globe, where Shakespeare's plays were first performed has been restored

14. There is a new 5km bridge in Bangladesh, where everyone who crosses in a vehicle must pay a toll. In order to avoid paying, most bus passengers simply get off their buses and walk across. The man who has come up with the most novel solution to the toll problem is an enterprising cycle rickshaw driver. He paid his toll once, then stayed on the bridge, taking people across the river without ever paying the toll again. ----- Once a group of politicians were so angry on being asked to pay the toll that they simply smashed the electronic equipment.

- A) The bridge is so important because it connects the best agricultural land in the country with the capital, Dhaka
- B) Cycle rickshaws are one of the most common forms, of public transport in Bangladesh
- C) The advanced electronic technology used on the bridge may seem out of place in the rural nature of the surrounding countryside
- D) The bridge has become an important political issue in Bangladesh
- E) But it is not only the poor who object to paying the toll

15. The first known people of the many to settle the island of Malta were the Phoenicians, who reached it in about the 9th century BC. ----- In succession, the island was then occupied by the Arabs, the Knights Hospitaler, the French, and most recently, the British. All of them have left their mark on the island, reflected in its culture, language and architecture.

- A) Malta occupies a strategic location between Italy and North Africa
- B) They were followed by the Romans
- C) Its capital, Valetta, was important in Thomas Pynchon's cult novel 'V'
- D) The Phoenicians, of course, came from the area called Lebanon today
- E) Though Malta is a small island, it is far more important than its size would lead us to believe

16. An overweight person beyond the age of forty, who has a family history of diabetes, falls in the high-risk category for contracting this disease. ----- When both parents are diabetic, however, the risk is even higher, and some authorities believe all such children will be diabetic.

- A) Diabetes may occur in a child under the age of ten, but most develop it at a later age
- B) Diabetes occurs during the lifetime of 4 percent of women and 2 percent of men
- C) Diabetes is diagnosed with a glucose-tolerance test
- D) The correct diet is essential for all people with diabetes
- E) A child born to one diabetic parent has a one-in-four chance of becoming diabetic



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

17. There is no trace of the violent event that happened on that cold winter's night over six months ago, as the meteorite came thundering down through the heavens. But then again, this place seems to be able to withstand a nuclear blast without any damage. ----. but we are determined to find it because we know it lies somewhere upon this great glacier of central Greenland.

- A) The large, dense objects that survive the fall to the Earth are called meteorites
- B) Greenland is subject to intense cold and terrible blizzards
- C) A meteorite from Mars that fell to the Earth 13,000 years ago was found in Antarctica
- D) Glaciers flow from Greenland's icy mountains and discharge a billion tons of ice into the sea every year
- E) The remnants of the meteorite could be hiding anywhere in this endless sea of ice and snow

18. ----. The letters have no meaning, but in Morse code the combination has a pronounced rhythm which attracts immediate attention. All ships observe two silence periods every hour, listening on certain frequencies to ensure that any distress signal, however weak, will be picked up.

- A) Letters were sent between various naval bodies on the subject of safety
- B) S.O.S. is the international distress call for use in wireless telegraphy
- C) The word 'Mayday,' is derived from the French and means 'Help me'
- D) Distress signals are sent on 500-metre or 2000-metre wavelength
- E) Sailors of all nationalities agree they will help anyone in trouble at sea

19. It is ironic that the great nuclear powers of the world, the United States and Russia, have made themselves crusaders against the further expansion of nuclear weaponry. They have already got the power, so naturally they have no interest in sharing their nuclear technology with other nations. ----. Therefore, though their efforts are self-serving and thus do not deserve praise, in practice they must be supported.

- A) However, the great powers themselves have taken significant steps towards reducing the nuclear threat
- B) The real nuclear threat comes not from poor nations, but from the Russian and American stockpiles of nuclear missiles
- C) Thus, the great powers should abandon their hypocrisy and stop interfering in the affairs of other nations
- D) It is thus no ordinary person's best interest that the world sees any decrease in the nuclear threat
- E) Besides, nuclear bombs are good for no one. and they should all be dismantled straight-away

20. ----. Cave paintings dating back 20,000 years depict forms of ritual dance. Every community has developed a style of tribal or folk dancing, closely related to music, usually of a magical or religious nature. The hypnotic power of certain types of dancing has been demonstrated, among others, by the Dervishes.

- A) Cave paintings are one of our best sources of historical knowledge
- B) Every religion expresses itself in a variety of different art forms
- C) There is no doubt that dance involves a type of therapeutic power
- D) Dancing is probably the oldest of all forms of human expressions
- E) All cultures have managed to develop their own musical instruments

Paragraph Completion Test 4

1. Spice, the most desired commodity of the 16th, 17th and 18th centuries, was the driving force of merchant seafaring. Portugal started trading with China in 1557, and spread its trade across Southeast Asia and India, where the greatest variety of spices were to be found. ----- The ships of these companies were called “East Indiamen” and were the biggest and best merchant ships for over two centuries.

- A) Today, with modern transport, spices are easily obtainable and inexpensive
- B) The British Navy became the strongest in the world from the time of the Napoleonic Wars
- C) A series of naval wars were fought between Britain and Holland in the 17th century
- D) The British East India Company was founded in 1600, and the Dutch East India Company in 1602
- E) The development of the steam engine in the 19th century meant that tea could be shipped to Europe while it was still flesh

2. Most societies think that men are naturally suited to perform the most strenuous labour. ----- For example, there was a kingdom in West Africa called Dahome, which used women as bodyguards and soldiers because they were believed to be especially fierce fighters. The Tasmanians, similarly, felt that women were as suited as men to the most dangerous of hunting tasks.

- A) This belief has persisted, almost unchanged, to the present day
- B) “Strenuous” labour usually meant farming or hunting
- C) This has not always been a universally held belief, however
- D) This, is probably why, throughout history, male prisoners have been killed, while women and children were sold as slaves
- E) In some societies, inheritance is through the male line, while in others it is through the female line

3. Of all possible eating patterns, skipping breakfast and eating a big lunch is the worst. ----- Your blood sugar and stored carbohydrates are low. The morning meal replaces the calories and nutrients you need to get you through the day. Calories are burnt up more quickly in the morning than at any other time of the day. Studies of school children have found that those who eat breakfast do better in school.

- A) It's said by some that the best meal in England is breakfast and that it should be served three times a day
- B) Breakfast is important because when you wake up in the morning, you have not eaten for eight to ten hours
- C) A big lunch usually makes you sleepy, and thus affects your performance negatively
- D) Dinner is usually the main meal because the whole fancy, can relax together and talk about their day
- E) On the other hand, many people complain that they don't have time for breakfast

4. ----- Of course, it is only to be expected that they might over-react to their new freedom, and it is probably better that their parents are not around to observe their behaviour. Normally, however, by their final year they'll have got over the fascination of living without parental control and learnt to conduct themselves in a mature and responsible manner. It is therefore arguable that the experience of university life is as important as the actual studies.

- A) When young people go to university, it is often the first time they have lived away from home
- B) Young people are inherently irresponsible and need to be supervised until they are ready to be parents themselves
- C) Students often feel that, as educated people, they have a more valid point of view on society and its problems than do their elders
- D) Many university students have part-time jobs, and this gives them a certain financial independence
- E) One objection to the grant system in Britain is that it gives privileged young people what amounts to a three-year holiday



- **PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ** •
5. Charlotte, Emily and Anne Bronte were the novelist daughters of a country parson. Charlotte wrote Jane Eyre. Emily's most famous novel was Wuthering Heights, which she first published under the name Ellis Bell. ----- **though she was a talented writer too.**
- A) We don't know where they got their talent from
B) Anne did not achieve the fame of her two sisters
C) It is true that she never had any novels published
D) Charlotte was the oldest of the three sisters
E) Anne wrote several novels under her own name
6. For a number of years, radio telescopes have been trying to pick up signals from outer space, so far without success. There are, however, millions of possible radio frequencies, and there is no reason why a completely alien civilisation should not use a different type of communication, such as X-rays, or even a type of wave we have not yet discovered. ----- For example, if we made contact with beings 300-light years away - relatively close as space distances go - by the time we had sent an answer and received their response, the earth would be 600 years older.
- A) The most famous radio telescope of all is at Jodrel Bank in England
B) We may have discovered only a few of countless types of waves that could be used in this way
C) And then there is the problem of how to carry out contact over such vast distances
D) According to Einstein's Theory of Relativity, it is impossible to travel faster than the speed of light
E) Science fiction writers have been speculating over the nature of alien beings for decades
7. In the United States, a large number of university students suffer from "student shock": severe depression stemming from inability to cope with student life. Universities have been trying a number of ways to help students cope with the pressures they face. Many universities are upgrading their psychological counselling centres. Additional staff are being hired, and experts are doing research to learn more about the psychological problems of university students. ----- Finally, stress management workshops have now become common on university campuses.
- A) A remarkable number of students become so depressed that they commit suicide
B) With such competition for good jobs, students are more nervous over good grades than ever before
C) The end of a relationship can be a large contributing factor to student shock
D) Also, older and more successful students are being trained to counsel their younger peers
E) In addition, some students should get proper jobs and learn what life is really like
8. It was in 1961 that John F. Kennedy, then President of the United States, gave the "go ahead" for his country to make the maximum effort to put a man on the moon before the end of the decade. ----- They were Americans Neil Armstrong and Buzz Aldrin. A third astronaut, Michael Collins, remained aboard the command module, which continued to orbit the moon.
- A) The launch of Sputnik in 1957 alerted Americans to the fact that the Soviets were well ahead in some scientific fields
B) Thus the first true men on the moon landed in its sea of tranquillity on 21st July, 1969
C) The first Americans to orbit the earth went in tiny cramped capsules, which look very primitive today
D) People struggling to feed themselves in developing countries might have wondered what the point of it all was
E) Tom Wolfe's book, The Right Stuff, documents the experiences of the first American astronauts

9. ----- Known as fossil fuels, they took about 250 million years to form, and although new coal and oil are being formed in parts of the world, this happens very slowly, so the coal and oil now being extracted at an extremely fast rate are not being replaced. This means that alternative energy sources must be found and developed.
- A) In many parts of the world it **is** still very difficult to keep warm in the winter
 - B) Coal production was reduced in Britain because of the life-threatening smogs of the 1950s
 - C) When we burn coal, we are actually reproducing sunlight which nurtured plants and animals millions of years ago
 - D) Before its dangers were fully realised, nuclear power was once thought to be the key to future power supplies
 - E) Man's principal energy supplies coal and oil are unable to reproduce themselves
10. Nine rotten teeth from such notable mouths as Queen Victoria, Florence Nightingale and Princess Mary are to be sold at auction. The blackened teeth are thought to have been collected by a society dentist and acquired at the turn of the century by an antique dealer. ----- One reveals that Queen Victoria's 23rd tooth was removed when she was 12 years old in 1832. The collection features four of her teeth and two of her mother's.
- A) Each tooth is accompanied by a tiny hand-written note
 - B) It is not known how much he might have paid for them
 - C) Why anyone would want to buy hundred-year-old rotten teeth has not been explained.
 - D) The history of dentistry reveals some strange facts
 - E) The question arises of whether it is entirely ethical or not to collect such artefacts
11. The beaver is an aquatic mammal with a wide, scaly, paddle-like tail and webbed feet that it uses for swimming. ----- They build these dams to protect themselves from such animals as the coyote and the cougar. Their food consists mainly of the bark of the willow, poplar and other trees, but they also eat flowers, grasses and roots.
- A) Beavers are often found in areas where people have constructed dams
 - B) The European beaver lives, like the water-rat, in the banks of streams
 - C) The American beaver makes dams of logs and branches, plastered with mud
 - D) In America, their homes have been known to cause flooding in wet areas
 - E) Beavers are known for their building ability and are thus called nature's engineers
12. President is the title given to the head of state or chief executive in most republics. ----- In others, such as in **Turkey**, he merely represents his country, as does the monarch in a constitutional monarchy. In other cases again, such as in the American system, the president will exercise real political power as defined by a constitution.
- A) Most often, presidents come into power through violent coups
 - B) No president may hold office for more than eight consecutive years
 - C) In some cases, the president may be a virtual dictator
 - D) The same title is also used for the top officials in some companies
 - E) In various political systems, the power of presidents varies considerably



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

13. During the Second World War, the London tube became an air-raid shelter. Heavy raids began on 7 September 1940. Of course, there was mass panic as people rushed to find shelter, eventually finding the tube stations ideal refugee. ----- Soon, all seventy-nine deep tube stations were officially designed as air-raid shelters, and by the end of the following month, an average of 138.000 people sheltered in the system.

- A) The bombing completely destroyed the Underground during the next four and a half years of the war
- B) Thus, people entered and refused to leave the underground until the raids ceased
- C) Unlike the London Underground, the New York City Subway was never used for such a purpose
- D) By the end of the month the city government had instituted a special programme to stop this activity
- E) The raids ceased completely within a week, when the Germans saw how ineffective they had become

14. When Saint Augustine arrived in Milan, he observed that the church did not fast on Saturday, as did the Church in Rome. He consulted St Ambrose, the bishop of Milan, who replied: "When I am in Rome, I fast on Saturday. When I am in Milan I do not. -----" Over time, this comment has become the now famous form: "When in Rome, do as the Romans do."

- A) Since you are Roman, you must fast in Milan
- B) Go and tell the people here that they should be fasting
- C) So, I don't really care what you choose to do
- D) If you want to fast, you must return to Rome
- E) Follow the custom of the Church where you are

15. Through centuries of internal strife, and successions of warrior kingdoms, several ancient peoples fused into a unified national identity, as in the case of Scots. -----; Norsemen also settled in these lands, mixing with the native Celts and Picts. Though English is the main language today, traditional Gaelic is still understood by many Scots.

- A) The land was uninhabited for thousands of years after the fall of Rome
- B) Swedish people, however, came from Germanic tribes migrating from the south
- C) While they all lived together, the groups never actually mixed
- D) The original Scots migrated to the Celtic lands before the 10th century
- E) The recorded history of Scotland begins in the 1st century AD, when the Romans invaded Britain

16. Denim, the material that jeans are made of originally referred to a type of fabric called serge. This was first manufactured in Nimes, a town in Southern France. -----, which means 'serge from Nimes', but was eventually condensed and shortened to denim.

- A) Afterwards, its popularity grew and it spread through Europe
- B) Today, the city of Nimes still makes its now famous cloth
- C) The famous Levi Strauss used this material to make the first jeans
- D) To distinguish it from a rival product from Nice, also in France.
- E) The name of the cloth first reflected its origin, 'serge de Nimes'

17. ----- This instrument breaks down the light in a star into its component colours. Each colour represents one element that has become incandescent; that is, it has become so hot that it gives off light. Through the use of the spectroscope, it has been found that stars, including the Sun, have 66 of the 92 elements found on the Earth.

- A) In this respect, stars differ from the moon and planets, which shine only by reflecting the Sun's light
- B) Telescopes and sensitive photographic plates show that there are many millions of stars
- C) The composition of the Sun, as well as that of other stars, is determined by means of a spectroscope
- D) Because these elements have been heated to incandescence, stars are said to be self-luminous
- E) In addition to the 92 naturally-occurring elements, twenty others have been produced in laboratories

18. ----- Beyond these stretched vast deserts. Thus, although it was several hundred miles in length, Egypt was only a few miles in breadth. The prosperity of the land depended, naturally, upon the Nile. Along it, ships brought trade to the towns; from it the villagers obtained water, as they still do.

- A) The land of ancient Egypt had one of the strangest shapes known to recorded history
- B) The people of ancient Egypt lived near the Nile, because it provided much needed water
- C) Ancient Egypt consisted of two narrow strips of fertile land, one on each side of the Nile
- D) Ancient Egypt was a very large country, although only a small portion of it was habitable
- E) Historians agree that the settlement of the Nile valley took a long time, perhaps 2,000 years

19. One of the most important of literature writers have used to express their ideas over the last two centuries is the novel. Traditionally a novel is a story about a group of characters, where and how they live, and their relationship with each other. Usually the story has a beginning, a middle, and an end. ----- By the time the novel is finished, all the loose parts are tied up, and often the good live happily ever after while the bad are punished.

- A) Some critics consider Fielding's "Tom Jones" to be the first true English novel
- B) The novel as a long prose fiction story was established early in the 17th century by Miguel de Cervantes in his 'Don Quixote'
- C) Though considered a Western European invention, the novel has spread to many African and Asian societies.
- D) Psychological novels are stories in which the primary focus is on the workings of the mind in the leading character or characters
- E) That is, some kind of problem is stated in the opening of the novel which is worked out through the book and solved at the end

20. Many strange stories are told of the Galapagos Islands in the Pacific Ocean. Whalers and pirates took shelter there. The latter are supposed to have buried treasure there. Other stories tell of the giant tortoises that inhabit the island. ----- The word means tortoises in Spanish.

- A) Whether these were real or merely mythological is impossible to tell
- B) These slow-moving creatures gave the name Galapagos to the islands
- C) The Galapagos Islands are home to many fascinating species of wildlife
- D) There are still more stories and legends about other strange creatures
- E) Skeletons of these creatures may still be seen all over 'this remote Island



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

Paragraph Completion Test 5

1. Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, the youngest child of the author Nathaniel Hawthorne, also began a literary career, publishing several works. ----. Under her leadership, two homes for sufferers of incurable cancer were opened in New York.

- A) She wrote 'A Story of Courage' with her husband in 1894
- B) Rose spent an enjoyable childhood with all the pleasures of refined surroundings
- C) She married George P. Lathrop in 1871
- D) Her father wrote the renowned novel, 'The Scarlet Letter'
- E) But later, she became a nun, devoting her life to caring for the terminally ill

2. In recent years, there has been an advance in the technique known as transplant surgery. This means the replacement of a diseased or damaged part of the body by a healthy one from another person. ----. This is because our bodies' natural defence against any invader, as with a transplanted organ, is to attempt to destroy it.

- A) People can now carry "organ donor" cards, giving permission for their organs to be used after their death
- B) The biggest stumbling block in this area of medicine, however, has been the body itself
- C) There are even transplants from certain animals to humans
- D) Occasionally, there are moving stories of parents who donate their organs to their dying children
- E) Only a few years ago, no one would have believed this possible

3. Margarine was introduced into the United States in 1874 and immediately aroused the opposition of the dairy industry. Taxes were imposed on the substance; in some states, yellow-coloured margarine could not be sold; and federal laws required, among other strict rules, that restaurants serving margarine post a conspicuous notice of that fact. ----, and now Americans eat as much margarine as butter.

- A) However, the consumption of margarine has grown
- B) Later types of margarine used animal fats and vegetable oils
- C) Laws vary from state to state, but serious crimes are referred to as federal crimes
- D) Whale oil was used originally for lamp fuel and later as an ingredient of other products
- E) However rapid societal changes created a demand for fast food restaurants

4. Medgar Evers was the first field secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People in the state of Mississippi. During the late 1950s and early 1960s, he registered black voters and organised boycotts of firms that practised racial discrimination. ----. A white supremacist, Byron De la Beckwith was tried three times for the murder. The first two trials ended in a mistrial but he was finally convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment in 1994.

- A) In 1963, he was shot and killed by a sniper in front of his home
- B) Of the total population of Mississippi, thirty-five percent is black
- C) In that same year, more than 200,000 blacks and whites marched to the Lincoln Memorial
- D) Racial segregation in South Africa is known as apartheid
- E) Abraham Lincoln effectively freed all slaves in the Emancipation Proclamation

5. It is a windy, clear afternoon on the Gulf of Mexico, 70 miles out from the Texas coast. The water is dull, grey and choppy. The crew are dozing over plates of half eaten mangoes. Suddenly a road bends. ----. The fight is on. After 30 minutes of physical to and fro, the sailfish kicks hard and snaps the line. A cheer goes up as big game fishing is not about who wins, but about the fight.
- A) Mangoes are a delicious tropical fruit, especially good when eaten on a boat
B) Two members of the crew begin to quarrel over the mangoes
C) A big sailfish punches out of the water, spreads its blue sail fin and shoots back under the water
D) One of the fastest fishes is the sailfish, which can swim at speeds of up to 68 miles per hour
E) Not surprisingly, they all hate sharks and are eager to kill this one
7. Rockets have a long history. ----. However, the missile age recently began during World War II, when German scientists developed flying bombs which almost won the war for their country. Their development of the V-1 and V-2 rockets, the most terrible weapons known until that time, became the basis for much of the subsequent rocket research.
- A) As early as the 13th century the Chinese used them as military weapons
B) Rockets will be able to take man to a variety of planets in the future
C) During the First World War, none of the armies had the use of rockets
D) They are used today to power extremely fast experimental land vehicles
E) NASA's space shuttles use them to take off, but return to the Earth without them
6. The element lithium was discovered in 1817. Since then it has been used as a cure for gout, epilepsy, diabetes, and, most recently, to relieve depression. However, there is a drawback. ----. The poison builds up in the body until it causes impaired vision and speech, vomiting and nausea. Coma and death can follow.
- A) It is the lightest solid element of them all
B) It has been classified as an illegal drug
C) A slight overdose is enough to cause problems
D) Temporary side effects have been known to occur
E) This should not prevent its careful use
8. Twenty years ago, senior managers might have been protected from unimportant memos by their juniors. ----. Most managing directors have e-mail on their desktops, voice mail on their phones, business briefings on their computer screens and pagers on their belts, they are as open to overload as anyone.
- A) Since the onset of the technological revolution, this has no longer been the case
B) Their secretaries open their mail and put it into their in-trays
C) Nowadays, the office memo is more vital than ever
D) Firms are trying to improve the situation by issuing guidelines
E) This meant they did not receive large amounts of vital information



• PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTLERİ •

9. Stonehenge is the most important ancient ruin in the British Isles, situated on Salisbury Plain, not far from the town of Salisbury. The monument is made up of two large circles of huge stones, in the centre of which are tall columns and an 15-foot blue stone block. Its origins are unknown. ----- However, no scientific data have been advanced to support this theory.

- A) Historians have always been interested in this mysterious ruin
- B) It is known that the stone was brought to Salisbury from Wales
- C) There are a lot of myths about the possible origins of the structure
- D) Legend tells us that it was used for sun-worship by the Druids
- E) Stonehenge was given to the nation by Sir Cecil Chubb in 1918

10. Judo is based on the ancient Japanese techniques known as ju-jitsu. It is practised in many countries, and since 1964 has been an event of the Olympic Games, ----- In the former, each contestant pits his strength against the other. In judo, the art is to let one's adversary do all the work, using his strength, mistakenly applied, to bring about his own defeat.

- A) A black belt indicates attainment of the highest level of skill
- B) The Japanese are still the most skilful practitioners of judo
- C) The summer Olympic Games are held every leap year
- D) Not only men, but also women and children are increasingly interested in judo
- E) Though they look similar, it is important to distinguish between wrestling and judo

11. ----- This is attained by freeing oneself from all desires. It is the goal of Buddhist religious exercises and disciplines and is seen to be complete happiness, free from pain and suffering and from the restlessness and heat of emotions. The complete attainment of Nirvana is supposed to free the individual from the chain of reincarnation.

- A) Most religions require great discipline from their followers
- B) The history of Tibetan Buddhism can be divided into three periods
- C) Buddhism is unique among religions in a number of ways
- D) Complete happiness is the aim of many religions
- E) For Buddhists, Nirvana represents perfect peace

12. CPR is the modern term for artificial respiration. It is only required when the victim has suffered a loss of breathing or heartbeat. The first step in determining whether breathing and heartbeat have stopped is to go to the victim and shout, 'Are you okay?' ----- Still, the person who doesn't reply may only have fainted, so, as the second step you should continue by listening for breathing to make sure whether CPR is necessary.

- A) Lastly check the persons pulse rate
- B) Place the victim on a hard, flat surface in order to administer CPR
- C) Continue to administer CPR until a doctor can take over from you
- D) If you get an answer to this, then obviously, the person is not in need of CPR
- E) If there is no reply, CPR is required and should be administered immediately



13. The Ice Age is our 'most recent' geological period, beginning about 2million years ago and lasting until about 10 or 20 thousand years ago. During this time, great continental glaciers formed in North America and Northern Europe. ----. In fact, the ice advanced and retreated at least four times, alternating with mild intervals.

- A) Many mammals became extinct in this era
- B) However, the climate was not uniformly cold
- C) No explanation has been generally accepted
- D) It is also known as the Pleistocene period
- E) Manhattan Island was a rock moved by glaciers

14. Recently there has been a revolution in the attitude of blue-marlin fishermen. Put simply, blue-marlin fishing is no longer a blood sport. ----, because they don't kill the fish any more. It is enough for them just to tag a marlin; reeling it close, marking it and putting it back into the water, in order to fight another day.

- A) Ernest Hemingway was extremely fond of blue-marlin fishing
- B) Fishermen rarely seek an obligatory photo beside their dead fish hooked up over the dock
- C) Only the rich indulge in blue-marlin fishing because of the time and expense involved
- D) In Britain, blood sports attract almost as many protectors as hunters
- E) Some people say that an instinct for hunting has been handed down to us by our ancestors.

15. In rural Albania, it can be easier to find heavy artillery than to find a telephone. Therefore, when a quick-thinking villager needed to call the police to the scene of an accident, he used what was handy----. The police appreciated his idea enough not to arrest him. They did, however, take away the gun.

- A) This points out just how convenient it can be to have a mobile telephone
- B) It was lucky that there happened to be a telephone nearby
- C) There is a great deal of weaponry left over from the days when Albania was invaded
- D) This happened to be his very own anti-aircraft gun
- E) There are not very many police in rural Albania, either.

16. Millions of years ago, there was no life on this planet. ----. It was just a ball of flaming gases. These gases were in a state of considerable chemical turmoil, reacting together to form and reform chemicals. As time passed the gases cooled, became liquid, and eventually a thin crust was formed over the surface. Beneath this crust, the centre of the Earth was, and remains today, a molten mass of rocks and metals with a solid core.

- A) In fact, there was no planet as we would recognise it today
- B) Even after life appeared, it was a long time until humans first evolved
- C) The first life forms appeared in water
- D) There may have been one more planet at the time, which has now become the asteroid belt
- E) Even now no one knows if there is life on other planets



17. A super liner like the Queen Elizabeth II, or QE2 for short, contains all the elements of a floating town with a population of about 3000. The QE2 can take 2025 passengers, and has a crew of 906, who maintain the ship and look after the passengers. There are restaurants, a theatre, cinema, and four swimming pools. ----. All this is driven by engines producing 110.000 horse power, giving her a top speed of 30 knots, nearly twice the speed of a super tanker.

- A) For a time, super liners were thought to be outdated, but now they seem to be making a come-back
- B) Passengers on the Queen Elisabeth II can visit a lot of ports all over the world
- C) In addition, there is a hospital, a dentist's surgery and a printing plant for the ship's daily newspaper
- D) Of Course some people prefer to travel by plane because it is faster and cheaper
- E) Under international law, powered vessels of more than 300 gross tons must carry licensed officers

18. Serendib, as the early Arab seamen called the island we know today as Sri Lanka, may have been the land in one version of Sinbad's Seventh Voyage. In that story, Sinbad was captured by pirates and sold into slavery to an ivory dealer. ----. Eventually the elephants showed Sinbad their secret graveyard, so he could obtain the ivory without killing them.

- A) Slavery was common until this century and is still practised in some parts of the world today
- B) Elephants are said to have amazing memories
- C) The ivory trade has decimated the once vast herds of elephants in East Africa
- D) The man forced Sinbad to go into the forest every day and kill an elephant for its tusks
- E) Though Sinbad is usually described as a "sailor", it would be more correct to call him a "merchant adventurer"

19. ----- Smokers who are trying to give up were split into two groups. One group was given acupuncture, specially designed to help them stop smoking. Of this group, 31% had given up smoking after three weeks, while none of the people in the second control group succeeded in giving up.

- A) Many strange techniques are tried by people attempting to give up smoking
- B) Smoking is one of the most serious addictions and is very hard to beat
- C) Many doctors are now trying to help their patients to give up smoking
- D) Acupuncture is an ancient Chinese practice that involves the use of needles
- E) New research has shown that acupuncture can help people stop smoking

20. Viruses are even smaller than bacteria, and are the simplest known forms of life. ----. They live as parasites in bacteria, animals and some plants, Viruses invade the cells of their hosts and simply take them over. The DNA in the virus takes over the DNA in the host cell and changes the instructions so that the host produces more viruses. There are a large number of diseases caused by viruses, such as influenza, measles and smallpox.

- A) We use friendly bacteria to make yoghurt and cheese
- B) They are not able to live by themselves
- C) Some tulips have a virus infection in their petals which gives them an attractive colour
- D) Antibacterial drugs are obtained from living organisms
- E) Modern vaccines may contain bacteria or viruses which are dead, or still alive but weakened

The man who removes a mountain begins by carrying away small stones. (Confucius)

İLGİSİZ CÜMLEYİ BULMA

İLGİSİZ CÜMLEYİ BULMA TESTİ

1.-20. sorularda, paragrafta anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

1. (I) In the 1996 movie Phenomenon, John Travolta plays a small-town mechanic, George, who experiences a remarkable transformation. (II) For many people, IQ is the definition of intelligence and high IQ is an unquestioned good. (III) Knocked unconscious by a mysterious flash of light, George Malley awakens to find himself a genius. (IV) Previously, he had been a man of simple interests and modest accomplishments, but suddenly he becomes intellectually insatiable. (V) He devours several books a day, creates invention after invention, beats his former mentor at chess and cracks security codes in his spare time.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

2. (I) Quantum theory not only specifies new rules for describing the universe but also introduces new ways of thinking about matter and energy. (II) The tiny particles that quantum theory describes do not have defined locations, speeds, and paths like objects described by classical physics. (III) Instead, quantum theory describes positions and other properties of particles in terms of the chances that the property will have a certain value. (IV) Scientists are searching for a theory that merges quantum mechanics and gravity, but have not found one yet. (V) For example, it allows scientists to calculate how likely it is that a particle will be in a certain position at a certain time.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

3. (I) X-rays are high-energy electromagnetic waves. (II) Scientists can use X-rays to study the relationships between atoms in compounds, especially bond distances, that is, the distance between two bonded atoms. (III) The science of ultrasonic has many applications in various fields of physics, chemistry, technology, and medicine. (IV) When X-rays pass near electrons, they diffract, or bend. (V) Chemists can use the angles of diffraction, or the amount of bending, to create a three-dimensional map of a molecule.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

4. (I) The risks of flying and driving are influenced by different parameters. (II) The risk of driving depends largely on the distance travelled. (III) Most people do, in fact, realize that flying is safer than driving, but still get nervous about it. (IV) The risk of flying is primarily affected by the number of take-offs and landings. (V) Indeed, over a 10-year period, 95 per cent of all airline fatalities occurred either during take-off or during landing.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

5. (I) Electron beams are used in the cathode-ray tube of traditional television screens. (II) The number of protons in the nucleus determines the total quantity of positive charge in the atom. (III) In an electrically neutral atom, the number of the protons and the number of electrons are equal, so that the positive and negative charges balance out to zero. (IV) The proton is very small, but it is fairly massive compared to the other particles that make up matter. (V) A proton's mass is about 1,840 times the mass of an electron.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



6. (I) Fuel oil and natural gas are important fuels for industrial furnaces. (II) Fuel oil and other liquid fuels are normally atomized by pressurization when being fed to a combustion chamber. (III) Fossil fuels provide most of the energy that powers modern industrial society. (IV) This is the case, for example, in a diesel engine. (V) Gaseous fuels may be premixed with air before entering a combustion chamber, or they may undergo mixing after injection, depending on the type of flame desired.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

7. (I) In plants, chloroplasts develop in the presence of light from small, colourless organelles called proplastids. (II) As cells divide in the growing parts of a plant, the proplastids inside them divide by fission. (III) Thus, the daughter cells have the ability to produce chloroplasts. (IV) Temperature, light intensity, and moisture also affect the time of flowering. (V) The self-reproducing ability of chloroplasts and their bacteria-like DNA and ribosomes suggest that they were once independent organisms that came to exist in symbiosis with the plant cell as host.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

8. (I) The freezing point of a solution is lower than the freezing point of the pure solvent before introduction of the solute. (II) The boiling point is sensitive to changes in pressure, because the molecules of a substance will tend to stay in the liquid state if they are under enough pressure. (III) A heated liquid must overcome the atmospheric pressure in order to turn into a gas. (IV) For this reason, water boils at lower temperatures on high mountains than at sea level. (V) The boiling point of water at a pressure of one atmosphere is 100° on the Celsius scale and 212° on the Fahrenheit scale.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

9. (I) Building with stones or bricks is called masonry. (II) The elements cohere through sheer gravity or the use of mortar, first composed of lime and sand. (III) The Romans found a natural cement that, combined with inert substances, produced concrete. (IV) A number of tests are used to check the quality of the cement. (V) They usually faced this with materials that would give a better finish.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

10. (I) Neon lamps are used for art, advertising, and even airplane beacons. (II) They are made by evacuating air from glass tubes, then filling them with neon gas. (III) When the light is "on," an electric current flows through the gas between two electrodes sealed within the tube. (IV) The neon forms a luminous band between the two electrodes. (V) In addition, bright neon lights shine throughout the night in Las Vegas, Nevada.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

11. (I) In his early years the legendary Italian tenor Enrico Caruso had difficulties with voice control due to inconsistent training. (II) However, Caruso eventually mastered his technique, colouring his smooth tenor with the smouldering timbre of a baritone. (III) Likewise, Jamaican singer and songwriter Bob Marley first became known as one of the leaders of reggae music in the late 1960s. (IV) The most enduring quality of his voice was his ability to produce broad phrasing and vigorous dramatic outbursts. (V) Although he died in 1921, Caruso is still considered by many the greatest tenor of the century.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



12. (I) Lake Baikal is the deepest freshwater lake in the world. (II) Lakes form at all altitudes and are distributed throughout the world. (III) Almost one-half of the world's lakes are in Canada. (IV) Lakes are abundant in high latitudes, particularly in mountain regions subjected to glacial action. (V) Many lakes are important commercially as sources of minerals and fish, as shipping arteries, and as vacation resorts.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

13. (I) Besides their value as loved and loving companions, pets serve utilitarian purposes, protecting homes and property, destroying vermin, and providing means of transportation. (II) They may also serve as emotional outlets for the elderly or the childless. (III) Recently, the benefit of pet-facilitated psychotherapy has been demonstrated. (IV) In addition, pets may be kept for their beauty or rarity or, in the case of birds, because of their songs. (V) Endangered species, however, should not be considered potential pets.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

14. (I) In the first half of the 20th century, Mohandas K. Gandhi was one of the leaders of India's struggle to gain independence from Britain. (II) The greatest misfortune is that Englishmen and their Indian associates in the administration of the country do not know that they are engaged in the crime. (III) To achieve this goal, he advocated a policy of nonviolent non-cooperation with Britain's systems and laws. (IV) In 1922 the British government arrested Gandhi for his role in the civil disobedience that was sweeping India. (V) Gandhi pleaded guilty in Ahmadabad on March 23 but stated that his acts against the unjust legal authority were the highest duty of a citizen.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

15. (I) The first practical phonograph was built by the American inventor Thomas Edison in 1877. (II) He recorded sound on a cylinder, which was then rotated against a needle. (III) The phonograph has four principal components. (IV) The needle moved up and down in the grooves of the cylinder, producing vibrations that were amplified by a conical horn. (V) Because of the vertical movement of the needle, this recording method was called the "hill-and-dale" process.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

16. (I) Feudalism was based on a concept of local defense. (II) The composition of armies often reflects the attitudes toward war of the civilizations and societies they represent. (III) In ancient Greece, for example, men up to the age of 60 were expected to serve. (IV) More importance was attached to military than to civil office. (V) In ancient Rome, the citizen-soldier army of the Republic changed to a professional force as social conditions changed and the Republic gave way to the empire.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

17. (I) On June 18, 1940, Britain stood at the edge of the shadow of Nazi occupation. (II) France was negotiating the terms of an armistice with Germany, and many people believed that Britain was doomed to fall as well. (III) Prime Minister Winston Churchill addressed the nation to prepare the British people for total war. (IV) Hitler knows that he will have to break the British in this island or lose the war. (V) This speech, given before the House of Commons and then broadcast by radio, is considered by many to be Churchill's greatest.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V



18. (I) Painting, ceramics, and carpet design are among the most popular visual arts in Turkey. (II) Turkey is renowned for its historic architecture, especially the magnificent mosques designed and constructed during the Ottoman period. (III) The field of modern architecture, however, has not attracted significant creative talent. (IV) Modern buildings tend to imitate those of Europe in style and construction materials. (V) The area of sculpture has seen little development, and public monuments continue to commemorate events from the War of Independence.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

19. (I) Religion has existed in all human societies from early times. (II) Although belief systems and traditions of worship differ from culture to culture, they also have many common elements. (III) In all cultures, human beings make a practice of interacting with what are taken to be spiritual powers. (IV) Pilgrims travel for many faraway places to worship at a common secret place. (V) These powers may be in the form of gods, spirits, ancestors, or any kind of sacred reality with which humans believe themselves to be connected.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

20. (I) Certain characteristics of plants are well known. (II) Roots grow downwards but the leaves and stalks towards the source of light. (III) We shouldn't give plants too much water. (IV) Other more interesting factors have also been observed. (V) For instance, some plants are affected by sound and seem to enjoy soft music but not loud.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

Death is an inevitable fact.

DEĞERLENDİRME TESTLERİ

Mini Test 1

1. Solvents are ----- valuable as they are an important component of paints, lacquers, and pharmaceuticals, and are used in the production of synthetic materials.

- A) casually
- B) commercially
- C) indifferently
- D) vaguely
- E) illegally

2. Electric Arc is a type of continuous electric discharge, giving ----- light and heat, formed between two electrodes in a gas at low pressure or in open air.

- A) trustworthy
- B) portable
- C) nonsense
- D) inadequate
- E) intense

3. When a substance is at its melting or fusing temperature, additional heat is ----- by the substance in changing its state without raising its temperature.

- A) spread
- B) absorbed
- C) prohibited
- D) eradicated
- E) distributed

4. Scientists generally agree that the first stage in tornado formation is an ----- between the storm updraft and the winds.

- A) attention
- B) abundance
- C) impression
- D) appointment
- E) interaction

5. Molecular biology, which spans biophysics and biochemistry, has made the most fundamental ----- to modern biology.

- A) contributions
- B) admissions
- C) confessions
- D) pests
- E) gaps

6. ----- evolution has been linked to the development of the physical characteristics shared by members of a species, sociobiology proposes that behavioral characteristics evolve as well, explaining the effective functioning of groups of individuals.

- A) If only
- B) While
- C) Unless
- D) Despite
- E) Once

7. Optical isomers have exactly the same chemical properties and ----- of the same physical properties except one: the direction that each type of isomer turns a plane of polarized light.

- A) less
- B) no
- C) all
- D) a little
- E) little

8. Mineral species are, ----- a rule, limited ----- solid substances, the only liquids being metallic mercury and water.

- A) on / at
- B) in / at
- C) along / by
- D) as / to
- E) during / with



9. Clays vary ----- plasticity, all being more or less malleable and capable ----- being molded into any form when moistened with water.

- A) on / by B) at / on C) for / in
D) from / at E) in / of

10. Replication is the process ----- DNA copies itself for each descendant cell or virus, passing on the information needed for protein synthesis.

- A) whom B) in that
C) by which D) who
E) whether

11. Electric currents flow because atoms and molecules contain two types of electrical charge, positive and negative, and these opposite charges attract -----.

- A) each other B) other
C) none D) every
E) several

12. To prevent exposure of bare soil, farmers can use techniques ----- leaving crop residue in the soil after harvesting or planting temporary growths to protect the soil from rain between crop-growing seasons.

- A) despite B) unless
C) once D) so that
E) such as

13. Nearly all macromolecules include the element carbon as a building block, ----- it is the only element that readily forms giant chains or networks by bonding to other carbon atoms and other elements.

- A) thus B) whereas
C) because D) otherwise
E) until

14. In 1928 the German physicist Arnold Sommerfeld ----- that the electrons in metals exist in a quantized arrangement in which low energy levels available to the electrons are almost fully -----.

- A) propose / occupy
B) is proposing / occupying
C) has proposed / occupy
D) proposed / occupied
E) had been proposed / occupied

15. Military engineering ----- an increasingly specialized science, ----- in separate engineering subdisciplines such as ordnance and the Signal Corps.

- A) become / resulted
B) had become / result
C) became / to result
D) would become / result
E) has become / resulting

16. ----- the known oil reserves that can be profitably extracted ----- current prices, more than half are in the Middle East; only a small fraction are in North America.

- A) From / on
- B) Among / away
- C) Beyond / beside
- D) Of / at
- E) Through / for

17. Gravitational pull ----- a major role in **the process** of erosion and ----- huge amounts of soil or rock debris to be carried down a slope, such as in the case of a mudslide.

- A) is playing / caused
- B) will play / used to cause
- C) plays / can cause
- D) had played / to causing
- E) may play / had caused

18. Many meteoroids fall to the earth's atmosphere, but most are burned up by friction ----- they reach the earth's surface.

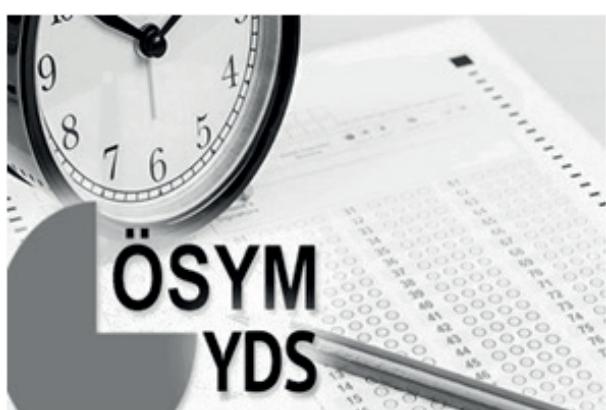
- A) afterwards
- B) despite
- C) as well as
- D) before
- E) nevertheless

19. In the desert, we get about twice ----- much solar radiation ----- we would get in a more humid region.

- A) neither / nor
- B) both / and
- C) either / or
- D) too / to
- E) as / as

20. ----- minimize the damage and to alleviate some of the suffering stemming from earthquakes, scientists are working on ways to facilitate accurate prediction.

- A) Thus
- B) In order to
- C) So that
- D) Otherwise
- E) As if





Mini Test 2

1. Frederick Taylor is ----- recognized as the founder of the scientific management movement.

- A) alternatively
- B) fluently
- C) hopefully
- D) widely
- E) sensitively

2. People are more environment conscious now than a few decades ago, but our efforts to conserve the environment are unfortunately -----.

- A) evident
- B) restful
- C) essential
- D) eligible
- E) insufficient

3. Over the past few decades the lack of enough rainfall has led to drought and it has consequently caused ----- this year.

- A) avoidance
- B) famine
- C) voyage
- D) affluence
- E) abundance

4. The ----- caused by the hurricane was such that no trees, animals and buildings stayed undamaged in its wake.

- A) delight
- B) complaint
- C) destruction
- D) construction
- E) purification

5. As hunters shoot wild animals in this way, their populations ----- at alarming levels.

- A) diminish
- B) increase
- C) dwell
- D) respect
- E) convey

6. This world-famous scientist spent his whole life ----- the oceans to find out what exists in them.

- A) abusing
- B) violating
- C) exploring
- D) mixing
- E) evacuating

7. The population of zebras is gradually diminishing; at this rate, they will face ----- in the near future.

- A) jealousy
- B) gender
- C) siege
- D) extinction
- E) freedom

8. After the earthquake, sufferers waited for a long time ---- for the rescue teams to come.
- A) desperately B) immensely
C) eventually D) nearly
E) mainly
9. Due to the storm, the fire spread very quickly and it took much longer than estimated to ---- it.
- A) memorize B) initiate
C) captivate D) extinguish
E) lack
10. An earthquake is a movement of the earth's surface ---- follows a setting free of energy at the surface of the earth.
- A) where B) whoever C) whose
D) whatsoever E) which
11. Some lecturers, who on the development of robots and artificial intelligence, ---- us that robots could take over the world in the near future.
- A) have worked / will have warned
B) will be working / had warned
C) are working / have warned
D) worked / will be warned
E) had been worked / warns
12. ---- that experiment and reason became the basis of scientific knowledge.
- A) It was largely due to Galileo and his discoveries
B) Galileo attacked the much admired teachings of Aristotle
C) In Galileo's time a great many people were involved
D) In spite of Galileo and his innovative ideas
E) A vast number of theories concerning the universe were proved wrong by Galileo
13. In ancient times, it was believed ----.
- A) by the people that different life styles may determine the way the Amazons live
B) that nobody has written any piece of records
C) so that nuclear reactors can be a clean and safe source of energy
D) not only by women but also by men the question of equality among them will be debated in the next decade
E) that the Amazons had their right breast removed in order to hold a bow better



Agricultural pests are winning the battle against the poisonous chemicals in pesticides. As (14)---- new chemical pesticide is used, the insects or rodents (15)---- become used to it. The pests change themselves (16)---- they are not killed by the poison. Therefore, farmers, scientists, and food planners are (17)---- a new method to control pests that attack their crops. This method (18)--- Integrated Pest Management, or IPM.

14.

- A) both B) neither C) several
D) each E) all

15.

- A) clumsily B) furiously C) gradually
D) sensibly E) distantly

16.

- A) in case of B) while C) unless
D) so that E) even so

17.

- A) consuming B) trying
C) escalating D) concealing
E) exploding

18.

- A) had to be called
B) should have been called
C) can call
D) had been called
E) is called

19. (I) The atomic mass of an atom, which depends on the number of protons and neutrons, relates to the atomic weight of an element. (II) Weight usually refers to the force of gravity on an object, but atomic weight is really just another way to express mass. (III) An element's atomic weight is given in grams. (IV) In contrast, scientists use a mass spectrometer in order to measure atomic mass. (V) It represents the mass of one mole of that element.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

20. (I) Supersonic flight is defined as flight at a speed greater than that of the local speed of sound. (II) At sea level, sound travels through air at approximately 1,220 km/h. (III) At the speed of sound, a shock wave consisting of highly compressed air forms at the nose of the plane. (IV) Supersonic flight was achieved in 1947 for the first time by the Bell X-1 rocket plane, flown by Air Force test pilot Chuck Yeager. (V) This shock wave moves back at a sharp angle as the speed increases.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

Mini Test 3

1. Marine geological studies were of extreme importance in providing the critical ---- for sea floor spreading and plate tectonics in the years following World War II.

- A) mutiny
- B) evidence
- C) prohibition
- D) evolution
- E) favour

2. The Cat's Eye Nebula is structurally a very complex nebula, and the mechanism or mechanisms which have given rise to its ---- morphology are not well understood.

- A) arrogant
- B) willing
- C) complicated
- D) polite
- E) funny

3. The study of trigonometric functions ---- Babylonian times, and a considerable amount of fundamental work was done by ancient Greek, Indian and Arab mathematicians.

- A) copes with
- B) takes off
- C) looks down on
- D) dates back to
- E) keeps up with

4. ---- some of the planets inside the solar system have been known from early ages, some of them have been found as the observation tools improved during time.

- A) As to
- B) Except
- C) Thus
- D) Although
- E) In case

5. Flooding is an environmental disaster that may have substantial and long-lasting chemical effect. There are many possible sources of chemical contamination during and after a flood. ---- Chemicals released into the environment may have a variety of adverse ecological effects. These effects can be long-term or short-term in the normal functioning of the ecosystem.

- A) These include dumping grounds, chemical works, warehouses, and petrol stations
- B) It results in economic losses that might affect the whole country
- C) Every chemical substance that affects the environment affects the human beings, too
- D) Fortunately, there is no possibility that any radioactive materials have been released
- E) There are two main causes of such hazards: biological and chemical

6. A supermarket needs a very large floor area. It usually has two doors on the side facing the street, one of which is used as the entrance, the other as the exit. ----. The other three walls are generally decorated in light colours to suggest cleanliness and brightness.

- A) The prices in a supermarket were kept down
- B) Most supermarkets make use of one floor only
- C) It may help if the shelf units are numbered
- D) Soaps and cleaning equipment should be on separate shelves
- E) The rest of the side is usually of glass with goods or advertising material on display



7. Ozone is very damaging at ground level, but in the atmosphere it is essential for maintaining life on earth. If the ultra-violet light which reaches us is not filtered in this way, it can cause serious eye troubles and skin cancers.

- A) However, some species will have become extinct soon
- B) The ozone layer encircles the world; and it protects us from the sun's rays
- C) Environmental pollution has become a major national and international issue
- D) Therefore, many substances in the environment may be essential for the maintenance of the ecologic system
- E) But the temperature of the planet has risen only about 3°C since the ice age

8. Astronomy is the oldest science, dating back thousands of years to when primitive people noticed objects in the sky overhead and watched the way the objects moved. In ancient Egypt, the first appearance of certain stars each year marked the onset of the seasonal flood, an important event for agriculture. In 17th-century England, astronomy provided methods of keeping track of time that were especially useful for accurate navigation. Astronomy has a long tradition of practical results, such as our current understanding of the stars, day and night, the seasons, and the phases of the Moon. Much of today's research in astronomy does not address immediate practical problems. One day such knowledge may well be of practical use to humans.

- A) Astronomers use tools such as telescopes, spectrographs, and computers to analyze the light that astronomical objects emit
- B) Some areas of astronomy also use techniques of chemistry, geology, and biology
- C) Professional astronomers usually have access to powerful telescopes, detectors, and computers
- D) People who study astronomy are called astronomers, and they use a wide variety of methods to perform their research
- E) Instead, it involves basic research to satisfy our curiosity about the universe and the objects in it

Fahrenheit is the system of measuring the temperatures, how hot or cold something is, used by many people in Britain. The freezing point of Fahrenheit is 32 degrees. So a cold winter's day in Britain would have temperature of 38 F (3 centigrade), and a hot summer's day would have a temperature of 90 F (32 centigrade). The Fahrenheit scale was invented by the German scientist Gabriel Fahrenheit in 1710. Today in Britain most people over twenty-five know the Fahrenheit scale but the centigrade system (Celsius) is being used more and more. Weather forecasts on television and in newspapers show temperature in both scales.

9. It is explained in the passage that the term "Fahrenheit" -----.

- A) has just retained its popularity among merely young people
- B) derives from the name of a German scientist
- C) is very rarely used in Britain today
- D) refers to the scale of temperature between 32 and 90
- E) is never used in weather forecasts

10. According to the passage -----.

- A) the centigrade system is no longer used in England
- B) the freezing point of Fahrenheit is below 32 degrees
- C) Fahrenheit is a system to measure the wavelength rather than temperature
- D) temperature is given in both scales by weather forecasts both on TV and in papers
- E) the German scientist Gabriel Fahrenheit did not give his name to the system he invented



11. It is implied in the passage that in the long run, the Celsius system -----.

- A) will soon fall disuse among youngsters
- B) will be remembered only by the elderly
- C) seems likely to be favoured by newspapers but not by television
- D) will improve and become more reliable
- E) will replace the Fahrenheit one

British towns suffer from the same traffic congestion, noise and polluting fumes as all towns in the western world, but as yet only London, Newcastle, Glasgow and to a small extent Liverpool have useful railways going underground through the central areas. Elsewhere there are plans for building underground railways but they have little hope of making any progress with them so long as public expenditure is restricted. In general, the north has better public transport than the south, with cheap and frequent bus services using better roads shared with fewer cars.

12. The passage mostly deals with -----.

- A) the advantages of the Fahrenheit scale over the Celsius scale
- B) the scientific research carried out by Gabriel Fahrenheit
- C) two different systems of measuring the temperature
- D) the range in temperature to be found in the British Isles
- E) the declining popularity of the Celsius scale in Britain

13. As it is pointed out in the passage, most British towns have no underground railway system -----.

- A) since the system is left to cause a great deal of pollution
- B) because the majority of people have their own private means of transport
- C) as this not felt to be a practical system outside London
- D) because there is not sufficient public money available for such projects
- E) simply because the people feel no need for noise

14. We can understand from the passage that -----.

- A) Liverpool has the most developed underground train system in Britain
- B) more people drive their own cars in the north than in the south
- C) the north of Britain suffers less from traffic problems than the south does
- D) the south of Britain enjoys cheap and highly efficient bus services
- E) British cities have much less air pollution than other cities in the west.



15. It is obvious in the passage that in London, Newcastle, Glasgow and partly Liverpool -----.

- A) there are a lot of policemen that help pedestrians on main roads
- B) people can benefit from railways going underground through the central areas
- C) there is a terrible traffic jam that makes people very angry
- D) only poor people use trains and buses
- E) very cheap and frequent bus services are available

16. The author suggests that underground railways are an excellent means of transport as -----.

- A) they are a much cheaper means of transport than buses
- B) the services offered on the are not being improved
- C) the building and maintenance of them is comparatively cheap
- D) the numbers who use them can easily be restricted
- E) own beneficial railways going underground through the central regions

The 17th century was a period of joyful activity of experiment in politics, in religion and in the natural sciences. With the help of the telescope the skies were examined. With the aid of the microscope doctors learned more about the human body. Inventors were busy on a variety of things ranging from more reliable watches to more destructive guns and explosives. For the first time, travellers went to more and more distant places; and traders followed their example. In fact, everyone was doing something new.

17. According to the passage, it was in the 17th century that people -----.

- A) first set out on journeys to far-away countries
- B) began to take an interest in trade
- C) learned how to use watches to tell the time
- D) suddenly became aware of the importance of trade
- E) finally began to recognize the advantages of scientific studies

18. The writer points out the fact that, in the seventeenth century, -----.

- A) the world enjoyed a great deal of economic prosperity
- B) there was little change in political thinking
- C) religion was almost never the subject of serious debate
- D) no important progress was made in the sciences
- E) many useful inventions were made in various fields

19. It can be inferred from the passage that -----.

- A) nobody was doing his task satisfactorily at that time
- B) everybody was doing the same thing
- C) telescope made it possible to examine the skies in the seventeenth century
- D) physicians hardly learned anything about human body until the nineteenth century
- E) the scientists were using microchips even in the seventeenth century

20. The writer seems to suggest that some of the inventions of the seventeenth century -----.

- A) were obviously ineffective and even useless
- B) could also be used for harmful purposes such as war
- C) were specially designed to help travellers and traders
- D) would lead to the discovery of the telescope
- E) soon went completely out of use





Mini Test 4

1. The Hubble Space Telescope, ---- in 1990, greatly expanded our understanding of the Universe and brought brilliant images to TV and computer screens around the world.

- A) launched B) boiled
C) dispersed D) broadcasted
E) printed

2. Biologists now know enough about the mechanisms of ---- to improve, not only domestic plants and animals, but humans as well.

- A) base B) heredity
C) navigation D) invitation
E) erection

3. In addition to human spaceflight, unmanned space probes became a practical and ----inexpensive form of exploration.

- A) orally B) solely C) eventually
D) barely E) relatively

4. For thousands of years people lived as hunter-gathers, but after the last ice age they went on to establish ---- villages.

- A) arrogant B) humid C) sedentary
D) humane E) arid

5. In people with Alzheimer's disease the increasing impairment of learning and memory eventually ---- a definitive diagnosis.

- A) brings up B) leads to C) gets over
D) seeks for E) sees off

6. French literature began when writers started using the dialects that had ---- the Latin spoken in the parts of the Roman Empire that would become France.

- A) devoted to B) turned down
C) looked after D) evolved from
E) dealt with

7. In order for a drug to have an effect ---- the brain, it must enter the body and move ---- the bloodstream.

- A) into / away B) on / through C) onto / out
D) with / behind E) at / beyond

8. Readers accustomed ---- identifying poetry with Dante, Goethe, Mickiewicz and Rumi may think of it as written in lines based ---- rhyme and regular meter.

- A) in / at B) from / with C) to / on
D) by / into E) for / by

9. Just like ----- substance, water can exist in three different forms, called states: solid, liquid and gas.

- A) several B) a few C) none
- D) any E) many

10. Stimulants produce wakefulness and a sense of energy ----- depressants slow the activity of parts of the nervous system.

- A) only if B) as though C) so that
- D) likewise E) while

11. ---- they are costlier than conventional cars, some hybrid cars can save their owners considerable amounts of money over time.

- A) Thus B) Unlike C) As well as
- D) If only E) Though

12. Following World War II, the United Nations was established as an international forum ---- the world's nations could get together and discuss issues diplomatically.

- A) whichever B) no matter when
- C) whose D) in which
- E) as well

13. Upon independence in 1948, the new Jewish state was formally named Medinat Yisrael, or the State of Israel, after other proposed historical and religious names ----- Eretz Israel, Zion, and Judea, ----- and rejected.

- A) includes / are considered
- B) included / can be considered
- C) may include / are to be considered
- D) including / were considered
- E) used to include / should be considered

14. While there are some who clearly ----- any use of animals in experiments as controversial, there is little realistic argument about the critical role that animal studies ----- in medical progress.

- A) regard / have played
- B) regarded / had played
- C) had regarded / would have played
- D) would regard / will have played
- E) had to regard / may play

15. An immense reduction in the death rate from infectious diseases ---- by 1900, principally by clean water and good sanitation, but there was still very little that medicine ---- for sick people.

- A) has been achieved / will be doing
- B) can achieve / had done
- C) will have been achieved / did
- D) is achieved / must have done
- E) had been achieved / could do



16. Achieving mutual understanding is not a negligent skill as most people are not taught how to communicate effectively.

- A) It is a good idea to teach people how to communicate effectively since they are usually not good at demonstrating reciprocal understanding.
- B) Efficient communication is the key to achieving mutual understanding, but a great number of people need some training on it.
- C) Most people still consider that bilateral relationships are not significant even if they are taught how to communicate effectively.
- D) Effective communication can only be acquired when people are educated, as it is considered by many people an important skill for mutual understanding.
- E) Because most people are not educated in efficient communication, mutual understanding is an important trait to possess.

17. Although dynasties evolved over the thousands of years of Chinese history, many of the elements of Chinese life stayed the same.

- A) Some elements of Chinese life succeeded in staying the same; however, changing dynasties of Chinese history over the thousands of years could have prevented this.
- B) Most elements of Chinese life scarcely succeeded to continue, while dynasties changed over the thousands of years of Chinese history.
- C) If dynasties had not evolved over the thousands of years of Chinese history, all of the elements of Chinese life could have remained the same.
- D) Chinese history witnessed many changing dynasties over thousands of years, yet many of the elements were conserved in Chinese life.
- E) Owing to the changing dynasties over the thousands of years of China's history, only a few elements of Chinese life faced much change.

• DEĞERLENDİRME TESTLERİ •

18. Milk chocolate differs from dark chocolate in two ways: it contains a smaller percentage of cocoa solids, and it is sweeter and smoother due to its milk content. (I) Apart from milk chocolate, bitter chocolate is also popular around the world as it has been adapted to a variety of national tastes. (II) The recipe of it was perfected in Switzerland by Daniel Peter in 1875. (III) For many years, manufacturers had tried to find a way of mixing cocoa paste with milk without much luck, due to the latter's high liquid content. (IV) The invention of condensed milk by Henri Nestle finally made this possible.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

19. (I) Most of the tourists who visit Greece are European, though large numbers of people also visit from North America. (II) With a rich history, Greece has stretched back thousands of years. (III) But the modern nation state only won its independence in 1829, and then it took control of several islands. (IV) Besides, it was one of the poorest members of the European Union because of its mountainous terrain and lack of natural resources. (V) However, as time has passed, its large shipping fleet and earnings from tourism have aided the economy to grow exponentially.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

20. (I) The ninja emerged in Japan in the mid-15th century as a class of specially trained warriors. (II) The ninja have typically been regarded as the antithesis of the honourable samurai, but the relationship is actually much more complicated. (III) They spent their entire lives improving the skills, disciplines and abilities they needed to become masters of ninjutsu. (IV) Training started at a very early age and like samurai, they began almost as soon as they could walk, learning how to fight with a vast array of weapons, from katanas, a long single-edged samurai sword, to throwing stars. (V) They were extremely fit and capable of impressive physical feats such as running for a long period of time, scaling castle walls, leaping great distances and fighting multiple opponents without weapons.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

Mini Test 5

1. Real friends are those who care without ----, who remembers you without limitation, who trust without suspicion and who loves even without communication.

A) hesitation B) gadget C) funeral
 D) celebrity E) solidarity
2. In most countries, the Consumer Price Index is, along with the population census and National Income and Product Accounts, one of the most ---- watched national economic statistics.

A) scarcely B) illegally C) violently
 D) awkwardly E) closely
3. As long as the War on Terrorism is being fought with its ---- policies intact, Americans can count on presidents who differ little from their predecessor on civil liberties.

A) filthy B) current C) edible
 D) nude E) barren
4. Ice cores drawn from Greenland, Antarctica, and tropical mountain glaciers show that the Earth's climate ---- to changes in solar output, in the Earth's orbit, and in greenhouse gas levels.

A) sticks B) legislates C) adores
 D) escapes E) responds

5. Some observers have ---- that there are several key differences between the movements, such as the desired outcomes and the organizational role of internet technology in the Arab revolutions.

A) called for B) taken off C) pointed out
 D) put out E) looked up
6. The Renaissance was an influential cultural movement which ---- a period of scientific revolution and artistic transformation, at the dawn of modern European history.

A) broke into B) got off C) looked for
 D) brought about E) put off
7. Being deeply loved by a woman gives a man strength, ---- loving a man deeply gives a woman courage.

A) while B) as of
 C) by means of D) under no circumstances
 E) for the sake of
8. According to mental health specialists, people get more affected by Facebook photos of ---- because these are real, unphotoshopped photos of people they know, like family members and friends.

A) none B) other C) any more
 D) neither E) others



9. Ghosts and monsters still remain a frequent feature of horror, ---- many films use the supernatural premise to express the horror of the demonic.

- A) but B) on no account C) as long as
D) ever since E) apart from

10. ----- the jury's role in reaching a verdict is taken very seriously in United States courts, juries do not always have the final word in reaching a verdict.

- A) As far as B) Although C) Since
D) Rather than E) So that

11. Apart from their ability to run fast, roadrunners are equally famous ---- their expertise ----- killing one of the world's most poisonous snakes which are called "rattlesnakes".

- A) with / from B) by / without C) at / onto
D) from / through E) for / in

12. The idea ----- a limited company or corporation was that it should acquire an identity separate ---- the people who had set it up or the people who owned it.

- A) to / in B) by / with C) over / at
D) behind / from E) for / on

13. A new study ----- that at various times the British ----- almost 90 per cent of the countries around the globe.

- A) is found/ will have invaded
B) was found/ is invading
C) would find/ had been invaded
D) used to find/ invade
E) has found/ have invaded

14. Insulin, which ----- millions of diabetics from an early and painful death ----- through research on dogs and, until relatively recently, the only way to test for insulin during the purification process was to inject it into mice and monitor the effect on their blood sugar.

- A) would save/ discovers
B) has saved/ was discovered
C) saved/ will be discovered
D) may save/ would discover
E) had saved/ is discovered

15. Marxist historians ----- the Renaissance as a pseudo-revolution with the changes in art, literature and philosophy affecting only a minority of the wealthy and powerful while life for the great mass of the European population ----- unchanged from the Middle Ages.

- A) had to view / will be
B) could have viewed / is to be
C) were viewing / is
D) will view / had been
E) view / was

16. A recent study has found out that listening to classical music at bedtime for two months helped young adults sleep better, demonstrating how strongly music affects our lives.

- A) Thanks to the deep effect of classical music, young adults were able to become better sleepers at the end of a new study after listening to it at bedtime for eight weeks.
- B) Music can impact our lives to a large extent, as young adults who listened to classical music regularly at bedtime in a recent study were able to sleep better for nearly two months.
- C) As shown in a recent study in which young adults became better sleepers after two months of listening to classical music at bedtime, music can have a profound effect on our lives.
- D) According to the results of previous studies, young adults should listen to classical music at bedtime for two months to increase their sleep quality since music has a deep effect on our lives.
- E) As proven in a two-month study, bedtime classical music has a significant effect on our lives, particularly helping young adults improve their sleep quality.

17. Materials found under water are protected differently from those found on land, so underwater archaeologists have to know how to handle them without destroying the valuable information they reveal.

- A) Underwater archaeologists must know how to tackle objects found under water without damaging the precious information they provide because the way they are kept is different from those found on land.
- B) Not to give harm to the precious information they will provide, underwater archaeologists have to preserve objects found under water carefully because they are maintained differently from the ones found on land.
- C) It is very difficult to protect the objects found under water because, unlike the ones found on land, they can be harmed easily, so underwater archaeologists cannot get enough information.
- D) Knowing how to get enough information from them, underwater archaeologists show a great deal of effort not to cause harm to the objects found under water which are different from the ones found on land.
- E) **Knowing how to get enough information from them, underwater archaeologists show a great deal of effort not to cause harm to the objects found under water which are different from the ones found on land.**



18. England is often belittled by its European neighbours for its cold and miserable weather and its lack of good wine. (II) Therefore most supermarkets import their wines and other alcoholic drinks from the continent. (III) However, on the south coast, where the climate is mild even in winter, grape growing has developed into a cottage industry. (IV) The quality and taste of the wine produced is excellent, although the vineyards are not as extensive as those in France or Italy. (V) Some Britons even grow grapes on trellises around their doors and treat their friends to home-made vintages.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

19. (I) Human beings need social interaction, so depriving them of social contact, like when prisoners are sent to solitary confinement, is recognized as a form of torture. (II) On the other hand, too much social interaction can be tiring; engaging with someone is a lot of work for the brain. (III) This explains the apparent contradiction between humans needing social interaction, but also needing privacy. (IV) The social brain hypothesis, which originated in the early 1990s, suggests that our sociable nature is why we have such developed brains. (V) Social interaction wears our brain out, thus we need privacy to flee away for a bit and recharge.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

20. (I) Children often grumble about having to wear a uniform to school. (II) They say their freedom of expression is limited by not being able to choose how they look. (III) The school board argues in its defense that it equalizes the appearance of children from different social backgrounds. (IV) Another complaint is that poorer families often can't afford to pay for the obligatory outfit. (V) However, local authorities usually help to pay for a disadvantaged child's school uniform.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI

1.-20. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. The Turkish Republic possesses thousands of masterpieces, and we are proud of this cultural -----.

A) inheritance B) nickname
C) destruction D) collapse
E) irresponsibility

2. Nobody knows ---- when the first Anglo-Saxon settlements were made in Britain, but it is likely that some of them were founded about the middle of the fifth century A.D.

A) temporarily B) impatiently
C) precisely D) merely
E) urgently

3. Health insurance is ---- for all students who go the USA to learn English in its natural environment.

A) superficial B) mandatory
C) competitive D) reluctant
E) indifferent

4. The company's principal objective is to establish long-term ---- with their customers, on a basis of partnership and mutual trust.

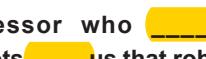
A) dispute B) deformation
C) hostility D) collaboration
E) fragrance

5. The tourists had intended to walk along the coast to the next town but were ---- from doing so by the stormy weather.

A) deceived B) convinced
C) compelled D) encouraged
E) prevented

6. In a society  divine right of kings, there could be no genuinely democratic government in the modern sense.

A) brought up B) took after
C) based on D) made out
E) handed in

7. An eminent professor who ---- on the development of robots  us that robots could take over the world.

A) has worked / will have warned
B) was working / can warn
C) is working / has warned
D) worked / will warn

8. By the year 2040, when he ---- 65, my father ---- in this company for 30 years.

A) turns / will have been working
B) had turned / will work
C) will turn / had worked
D) may turn/ was working
E) used to turn / has been working



TERCİH

• DEĞERLENDİRME TESTLERİ •

9. By the time the boss ----, his secretary ---- typing the report yesterday morning.

- A) had arrived / finished
- B) arrives / has finished
- C) has arrived / is finishing
- D) is arriving / finishes
- E) arrived / had finished

10. I don't want us to be late for the meeting, so we ---- take a taxi.

- A) mustn't
- B) [] are able to
- C) had to
- D) had better
- E) needed

11. This will be the first time ---- American singer Katy Perry is giving a concert in Türkiye.

- A) that
- B) who
- C) where
- D) whose
- E) whom

12. A characteristic ---- communication is that both the producer and the receiver of the message operate ---- the basis of presupposition.

- A) for / with
- B) of / on
- C) under / through
- D) in / to
- E) of / by

13. A great many artists are clearly fascinated ---- the sea and paint it ---- all its different moods.

- A) with / at
- B) from / for
- C) to / by
- D) over / through
- E) by / in

14. My pencils are still on the table where I left ---- but ---- have been stolen.

- A) me / they
- B) us / those
- C) them / hers
- D) those / these
- E) hers / mine

15. The new personnel manager told us that he had visited ---- countries in Europe.

- A) a great deal of
- B) a large number of
- C) much
- D) little
- E) plenty

16. An earthquake is a movement of the earth's surface ---- follows a setting free of energy at the surface of the earth.

- A) where
- B) when
- C) whose
- D) whom
- E) which

17. ----- so many of the team members were ill, it is not surprising that we lost the [redacted] on Sunday evening.

- A) In contrast
- B) Due to
- C) Since
- D) Likewise
- E) Nonetheless

18. ----- accustomed has my father become to using his car that he has almost forgotten walking.

- A) As well as
- B) So
- C) Very
- D) Too
- E) Such as

19. ----- the reason is, more British are emigrating to Australia today than at any time since the 1950s.

- A) Whomever
- B) Wherever
- C) Whenever
- D) Whatever
- E) However

20. You should hold the racquet in one hand and the ball in -----.

- A) the other
- B) other
- C) another
- D) others
- E) the others

21.-30. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

21. The fire was already spreading to the next building -----.

- A) since the wind may blow even more strongly
- B) that no one knew why it had started
- C) unless the firemen can come at once
- D) as the first fire engine arrived
- E) though everyone had managed to get out safely

22. All opposition to the dam project vanished -----.

- A) as soon as everyone realized how much money they could earn through it
- B) after financial support must be restricted due to the deficit in the budget
- C) which has attracted so much attention over the past few decades
- D) if it seemed likely that it wouldn't take up too much time
- E) as more and more people are starting to work on it in their free time

23. The first World Cup was held in Montevideo in 1930, -----.

- A) but the concept of such a competition had been born at a FIFA congress held in Antwerp in 1920
- B) that this kind of organization is considered as a futile attempt
- C) but the result is terrible because of their flaws
- D) and many nations don't want to participate in this competition
- E) despite this country didn't have enough land for this competition



24. You can only write a good summary of a passage -----.

- A) if you ever need to go back to review it
- B) why you have read it carefully
- C) when you have fully understood it
- D) that it uses words from the essay
- E) whether the summary is objective

25. ----- when we saw five masked men running out of the bank.

- A) We didn't recognize them at all
- B) We immediately informed the police
- C) We are not sure if it is them
- D) The situation is certainly unusual
- E) The alarm system needs to be repaired

26. Because the primary objective of the charity is to make life better for other people, -----.

- A) nearly a quarter of the money obtained from voluntary organizations comes from private donations
- B) it was hard to donate to your favourite charity using direct deposit
- C) health organizations may sometimes have challenges in raising funds to combat fatal diseases
- D) sacrificing some of your self-interest for the benefit of those in need is commendable
- E) subsidies from the local government and the financial institutions are not as significant as they used to be

27. If we had run to catch the bus, -----.

- A) the others have warned us about the heavy traffic
- B) we could get to the library before it closed
- C) I dropped my glasses on the pavement
- D) we may have attended the lecture
- E) it wouldn't have been necessary to take a taxi

28. The Old English language, also called Anglo-Saxon, -----.

- A) can only be read today by those who have made a special study of it
- B) whose origin is not known
- C) that was used by Welsh
- D) in which the British were born
- E) will be celebrated next year

29. From the 1980s onwards, there has been an increasing interest in the West in books -----.

- A) written by and about women, and several publishing firms have been set up to meet this interest
- B) who liked most
- C) where we stayed last week
- D) that will be published next year
- E) when the civil war

30. In ancient times it was believed -----.

- A) by the people that different life styles may determine the way the Amazons live
- B) that never has anyone written any piece of records
- C) in that nuclear reactors are a clean and safe source of energy
- D) not only by women but also by men the question of equality among them will be debated in the next decade
- E) that the Amazons had their right breast removed in order to hold a bow better

31.-35. sorularda, parçada numaralandırılmış yerle-re uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Color is an extremely powerful communication tool. It can be used to signal action, influence an individual's (31) ----, and even affect physiological reactions. In recent studies, certain colors have been associated (32) ----- increased blood pressure, increased metabolism, and eyestrain. In addition, colors (33) ----- to change alpha brain waves. (34) ----- EEG and pulse measuring systems, men and women react differently to colors. When color is transmitted from the eye to the brain, the brain (35) ----- a hormone affecting the emotions, mind clarity and energy levels.

31.

- A) mood
- B) orbit
- C) disaster
- D) celebrity
- E) disparity

32.

- A) at
- B) with
- C) on
- D) from
- E) in

33.

- A) had to show
- B) were showing
- C) have been shown
- D) should have shown
- E) had shown

34.

- A) Regardless of
- B) Due to
- C) In spite of
- D) According to
- E) On the verge of

35.

- A) attains
- B) asserts
- C) violates
- D) adopts
- E) releases

36.-40. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümlenin anlamca en yakın Türkçe dengini bulunuz.

36. The Austrian composer Haydn's contributions to classical music, especially to the domain of symphony, are of immense importance for the influence they exercised upon Mozart and other composers.

- A) Avusturyalı besteci Haydn'ın klasik müziğe, özellikle senfoni alanına katkıları, Mozart ve diğer besteciler üzerine yaptığı etkilerden dolayı çok büyük önem taşır.
- B) Mozart ve diğer besteciler üzerinde etkili olan Avusturyalı besteci Haydn'ın klasik müziğe, özellikle senfoni atanına yaptığı katkıları oldukça önemlidir.
- C) Klasik müziğe, özellikle senfoni türüne katkıları çok önemli olan Avusturyalı besteci Haydn, Mozart ve diğer besteciler üzerinde etkili olmuştur.
- D) Özellikle senfoni türündeki klasik müziğe yaptığı katkıları büyük önem taşıyan Avusturyalı besteci Haydn'ın, Mozart ve diğer besteciler üzerindeki etkisi çok büyütür.
- E) Klasik müziğin özellikle senfoni dalına yaptığı katkıları çok büyük önem taşıyan Avusturyalı besteci Haydn'ın, Mozart ve diğer besteciler üzerindeki etkisi kapsamlı olmuştur.



37. Thomas Gray, who was an eighteenth-century English poet, stressed that a certain measure of teaming and a long acquaintance with the good writers of the past were essential for the writing of good poetry.

- A) İyi şiir yazmak için çok bilgili olmanın ve geçmişin iyi yazarlarını taramanın gerekliliğini vurgulayan Thomas Gray, bir on sekizinci yüzyıl İngiliz şairiydi.
- B) Bir on sekizinci yüzyıl İngiliz şairi olan Thomas Gray, iyi şiir yazmak için, belli ölçüde bilginin ve geçmişin iyi yazarlarıyla uzun bir tanışıklığının esas olduğunu vurgulamıştır.
- C) Belli düzeyde bilginin ve geçmişin iyi şairlerini tanımanın, iyi şiir yazmanın temeli olduğunu vurgulayanlardan biri de on sekizinci yüzyıl İngiliz şairlerinden Thomas Gray'dir.
- D) On sekizinci yüzyıl İngiliz şairi Thomas Gray, şiir yazmak için yeterli bilginin yanı sıra geçmişin iyi yazarlarını tanımanın da gerekliliğini ifade etmiştir.
- E) On sekizinci yüzyıl İngiliz şairi Thomas Gray, iyi şiir yazmanın temelinde, yeterli ölçüde bilgi ve geçmişin iyi yazarlarını iyi tanımanın olduğunu belirtmiştir.

38. The Hittites were an ancient Anatolian people, who, during the second millennium B.C., founded an empire and for a time ruled over a large part of the Middle East.

- A) Belli bir süre tüm Ortadoğu'yu yöneten Hititler, MÖ ikinci bin yıl içinde imparatorluk haline gelmiş eski bir Anadolu halkıydı.
- B) Eski bir Anadolu halkı olan Hititler, MÖ ikinci bin yılda kurdukları imparatorlukla Ortadoğu'nun büyük bir bölümünü çok uzun süre yönetmişlerdir.
- C) MÖ ikinci bin yıl içinde imparatorluk kurmuş olan Hititler, Ortadoğu'nun çok büyük bir kesimini yönetmiş eski bir Anadolu halkıydı.
- D) Eski bir Anadolu halkı olarak Hititler, MÖ ikinci bin yılda bir imparatorluk kurmuşlar ve Ortadoğu'nun büyük bir bölümüne uzun süre hükümetmişlerdir.
- E) Hititler, MÖ ikinci bin yıl içinde bir imparatorluk kurmuş ve bir süre Ortadoğu'nun büyük bir bölümüne hükümetmiş eski bir Anadolu halkıydı.

39. Pluto, which was discovered in 1930, has an orbit which is much more elliptical than the other planetary orbits.

- A) Yörungesi, diğer gezegenlerin yörüngelerine kıyasla oldukça oval olan Plüton, 1930'da keşfedilmiştir.
- B) Plüton 1930'da keşfedilmiş ve diğer gezegenlerin yörüngelerinden biraz daha oval bir yörüngede hareket ettiği anlaşılmıştır.
- C) 1930'da keşfedilen Plüton, diğer gezegen yörüngelerinden çok daha oval olan bir yörüngeye sahiptir.
- D) Plüton'un yörungesinin diğer gezegenlerin yörüngelerinden daha oval olduğu, 1930'da keşfedilmiştir.
- E) Plüton 1930'da keşfedildiğinde, yörungesinin diğer gezegenlere göre daha oval olduğu görülmüşür.

40. No certainty has yet been reached about the meaning of the name "London", but it was the Romans who almost certainly founded the city.

- A) "Londra" adının anlamına ilişkin bir kesinliğe henüz ulaşılamamıştır, ancak şehri kuranlar, hemen hemen kesinlikle Romalılardır.
- B) 'Londra' adının ne anlama geldiğine ilişkin hiçbir kesinlik yoktur, ancak şehri Romalıların kurmuş olduğu açıktır.
- C) Londra'yı kuranların Romalılar olduğu hemen kesin ise de "Londra" adının anlamına ilişkin bilgiler kesin değildir.
- D) Londra'yı Romalıların kurmuş olduğu kesindir, fakat "Londra" adının ne anlama geldiği hususunda kesin bir kanıta ulaşımamıştır.
- E) 'Londra' adının anlamı hakkında kesin kanıtlara ulaşımamış olmasına rağmen, şehrin Romalılar tarafından kurulmuş olduğu kesindir.

41.-45. sorularda, verilen parçayı uygun şekilde tamamlayan cümleyi bulunuz.

41. Cleveland'da doğmuş başarılı bir Amerikalı atlet olan Jesse Owens, 1936'da Berlin'de yapılan Olimpiyat Oyunlarına katılmış ve dört altın madalya kazanmıştır.

- A) The famous American athlete Jesse Owens, who was born in Cleveland, competed in the Berlin Olympic Games in 1936 and won four gold medals.
- B) Jesse Owens, who was a successful American athlete born in Cleveland, took part in the Olympic Games held in Berlin in 1936 and won four gold medals.
- C) The Cleveland-born, black American athlete Jesse Owens, won four gold medals in the Olympic Games held in Berlin in 1936.
- D) Jesse Owens, the diligent American athlete born in Cleveland, was awarded four gold medals at the Berlin Olympic Games of 1936.
- E) At the Olympic Games held in Berlin in 1936, four gold medals went to Jesse Owens, the well-known American athlete born in Cleveland.

42. Sokrates'in eğitime ahlaki bir yaklaşımı vardı ve o eğitimin insanı daha mutlu ve daha iyi bir yurttAŞaptığına inanıyordu.

- A) Socrates approached education from an ethical point of view and argued that through education a man could be a happier and better citizen.
- B) Socrates favoured the ethical approach to education and believed that the educated man was a happier and better person.
- C) Socrates had an ethical approach to education and believed that education made man a happier and a better citizen.
- D) For Socrates, the teaching of ethical values was fundamental to education and to the creation of happier and better citizens.
- E) The creation of happier and better citizens was, in Socrates' view, made possible by the teaching of ethical values.



43. George Orwell'ı en çok ilgilendiren ve hakkında kendisinin en sık yazdığı konulardan biri, edebiyat ile siyaset arasındaki ilişkiye idi.

- A) One of the subjects that most interested George Orwell, and on which he wrote most often, was the relationship between literature and politics.
- B) George Orwell was particularly interested in the relationship between literature and politics and frequently wrote about it.
- C) George Orwell liked to write about how literature and politics were connected, as this was a subject that interested him greatly.
- D) Literature and politics and the relationship between them were topics that George Orwell found immensely interesting and wrote about them frequently.
- E) One of George Orwell's favourite subjects was the relationship between literature and politics so he often wrote about it.

44. Polisiye roman, 19. yüzyılın sonuna doğru, özellikle Sherlock Holmes hikayeleriyle çok yaygınlık kazanan bir yazın biçimidir.

- A) The Sherlock Holmes stories helped to make the detective novel so popular at the end of the 19th century.
- B) The detective novel is a form of writing, which became very popular towards the end of the 19th century, particularly through the Sherlock Holmes stories.
- C) The most popular examples of the detective novel, written in the late 19th century, were the Sherlock Holmes stories.
- D) By the end of the 19th century, the Sherlock Holmes stories had made the detective novel one of the most popular types of writing.
- E) With the Sherlock Holmes stories towards the end of the 19th century, the detective novel became quite the most popular type of writing.



45. Charles Kingsley, Su Bebekleri'ni en küçük çocuğu için, ona doğruya, merhameti, adaleti ve aslında bütün soylu nitelikleri sevmeyi öğretmek umuduyla yazdı.

- A) The Water Babies was written by Charles Kingsley in an effort to help young children admire such noble qualities as truth, mercy and justice.
- B) The Water Babies by Charles Kingsley aims to teach young children to love truth, mercy and justice as well as other noble qualities.
- C) The Water Babies is by Charles Kingsley, and he wrote it to teach his youngest child about such noble qualities as truth, mercy and justice.
- D) Charles Kingsley wrote The Water Babies for his youngest child, hoping to teach him to love truth, mercy and justice and indeed all noble qualities.
- E) Truth, mercy and justice are just some of the noble qualities Charles Kingsley hoped to teach his youngest child through The Water Babies.

46.-50. sorularda karşılıklı konuşmada boş bırakılan kısımda söylemiş olabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

46.

Liz : Do you think books for children should avoid social problems and unpleasant subjects?

Clare : No, I don't. Do you?

Liz : -----

Clare : In fact, they can often face it better than adults can!

- A) Certainly not! The children I know are quite capable of facing reality.
- B) I'm not sure. I don't like to read about unpleasant situations myself.
- C) No. But I think the best children's books are the imaginative ones.
- D) You know I'm very fond of fairy tales, and there are a lot of problems and evil characters in them.
- E) Yes, I do. Let the children live in a good **v**world for as long as **p**ossible.

47.

Brian : Did you go to the gym last night?

Danny : Yes, I did. And I feel much better for it.
Why don't you join me?

Brian : -----

Danny : Stop wondering and make it definite! Be ready at 8.15 on Friday!

- A) I can't help asking where you get the energy for it!
- B) I'm not sure whether my doctor will agree.
- C) No thanks! I was just wondering what it was like.
- D) Actually, I have been wondering about doing so.
- E) I wish I could. I would like to know how you find time for it.

48.

Charles: Have you heard from your brother recently?

Pat : Yes, I have. He's really enjoying himself at the Military Academy.

Charles :-----

Pat : That was only natural. It really meant a new start for him and he had never even been away from home before.

- A) He'll do fine there. He is a natural leader as you know.
- B) I knew he would be. That's why, I encouraged him to go there.
- C) Of course he is! An active life like that is exactly right for him.
- D) I'm sure he will be very satisfied with the training offered.
- E) I'm glad to hear that. He seemed a bit worried about whether he would like it.

49.

Andy : Who were the Wright brothers?

Phil : To start with, they were bicycle repairmen in Ohio.

Andy : -----

Phil : Because they were the first men to design an aircraft.

- A) Aren't they connected with the aircraft industry?
- B) Surely that's not why they are famous! Or is it?
- C) But why are they so famous?
- D) Is that why no one took them seriously?
- E) Wasn't it the wing design that made their flying machines so successful?

50.

Mary: My train leaves at 8 o'clock, so when do you think I should leave the house?

Jenny : You'll be taking a taxi, I suppose?

Mary : -----

Jenny : Even so, you'd better leave by 7.30 as there's a lot of traffic on the roads at that time.

- A) How far is the train station? Do you know?
- B) Yes, of course. I've got a heavy suitcase.
- C) Yes. But how far away is the station?
- D) Aren't we in walking distance of the station?
- E) Yes. You had better not take a taxi.



50.-55. sorularda, paragrafta boş bırakılan yere uygun düşen cümleyi bulunuz.

51. During World War II submarines played an important military role in the world's oceans. ----- If this had continued Britain would almost certainly have been defeated. She was saved by the development of submarine-detecting radar.

- A) Actually America was the first country to recognize the submarine's military value
- B) Nuclear power is the ideal fuel for submarines as huge amounts of energy are present in a small space
- C) German submarines attacked transatlantic shipping with great success, and this caused America to enter the war
- D) In the Atlantic, for instance, German submarines began to sink British shipping far faster than it could be replaced
- E) Early US-designed submarines were powered by a petrol engine when on the surface and by batteries when below the surface

52. It has been suggested that different kinds of singing may have developed for practical reasons. For instance, among coal miners singing is popular because it is a good way to get the coal dust out of their lungs. ----- Male choirs were thus formed and these have become a tradition.

- A) Heavy smoking also has an adverse effect upon the voice and makes it lower
- B) In the mining areas in Wales and Yorkshire this became a communal activity
- C) It has been established that better singing is in almost all cases the result of training, not of any physical condition
- D) There are musical families because children are brought up in a musical environment
- E) Another view is that some people have a natural ability to sing well

53. The science of how fire spreads is simple. ----- This means that in a typical house fire, the flames and smoke move upwards until they reach the ceiling. Then they start to move sideways.

- A) Indeed, opening a window or door can sometimes be extremely dangerous
- B) To prevent this, fire-fighters make openings in buildings
- C) Today fire-fighters begin their basic training with physics
- D) When a fire occurs outdoors, it may burn even more fiercely as there are unlimited supplies of oxygen for it
- E) Once air is heated, it becomes lighter, rises and seeks escape through any openings that may be available

54. In ancient times, long hair on fighting men was always regarded as a symbol of strength and power. ----- For instance, in the story of Samson and Delilah, Samson lost his legendary strength when Delilah cut his hair.

- A) The number of hairs on the head varies with color, for reasons still unknown
- B) What looks like gray hair is actually a mixture of white hair and the original color
- C) Hence, most warriors used to let their hair grow long and refused to have it cut
- D) Hair grows faster at night and in warm weather
- E) Most people spend more time and money on their hair than on any other part of the body



55. Despite being a long-distance runner, I have long believed that human being is not evolutionarily designed to run. ----- But in Racing the Antelope, Heinrich argues just the opposite, and he does it so convincingly that I'm beginning to believe him when he says "we are all natural-born runners".

- A) There is also much information on how to train for a race
- B) Compared with any four-legged creature of similar size, man is a hopeless runner
- C) Indeed, man and animals alike have amazing powers of endurance
- D) So, in the course of time, we developed into very efficient runners
- E) Fat is burned to produce the energy to make long-distance running possible

56.-60. sorularda, paragrafta anlam bütünlüğü nü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

56. (I) California is famous for crazy ideas. (II) Indeed, Californians value crazy ideas, and their inventive spirit has done much to change the world. (III) Television, the laser, and human insulin were all ideas developed in California. (IV) Sometimes one is surprised at what succeeds and indeed becomes popular. (V) And, indeed, so was the seedless watermelon.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

57. (I) This book gives a history of man's exploration of space. (II) It starts with the first observations of the ancient Greeks. (III) And so it makes us wonder about how our life began on earth. (IV) It then moves on to the invention of the telescope in 1608 and the new knowledge it made available. (V) It ends with the wonder of 15 January 1996 when the Hubble Space Telescope revealed many "new" galaxies.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

58. (I) Robot toys, which have to be treated like living things, not like machines, are already being produced. (II) In Japan, for instance, robot cats will very soon be on the market. (III) In fact, robotics is the science mainly concerned with the design and construction of robots. (IV) These cats are very affectionate and they purr with pleasure when they are petted. (V) If they feel neglected, however, they let their owner know they are displeased.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

59. (I) Be sure to go to the new exhibition at the Naval Museum. (II) Personally, I've never been very interested in the sea and ships. (III) The exhibits range from primitive rafts to a submarine from World War II. (IV) There are lots of paintings of boats and ships, many of which are very old. (V) There are also beautifully made models of some of the most famous historic ships.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

60. (I) Louisa May Alcott wrote Little Women at the request of her publisher, Mr. Miles. (II) Miles himself was not impressed by the story she wrote. (III) However, his niece and some other young girls were. (IV) So, with some doubt in his mind, he decided to publish it, and it was an immediate best seller. (V) However, Little Women is a children's book about real life; it is not a fairy tale.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

**61.-64. soruları aşağıdaki parçaaya göre cevaplayınız.**

Of all Jane Austen's novels, Pride and Prejudice is probably the best-known and the most-loved. This may be partly because it has been filmed several times, but more important is the fact that the characters in it are so real and alive. They are also extremely attractive, in spite of their faults. Perhaps they are attractive because of their faults, for their faults make them amusing to the reader. It would not be at all pleasant to have a mother as lacking in sense as Mrs Bennet is, or an aunt as confident of herself and as insensitive to the feelings of others as Lady Catherine is. But, as they are at a safe distance from us, these and other terrible characters give the novel much color and variety.

61. According to the passage, the most likely reason for the popularity of Pride and Prejudice is -----.

- A) the characters, who delight the reader with their vitality and life-like portrayal
- B) that the films made of it have been very well produced
- C) that the bad characters get punished and the good ones rewarded
- D) the comic attitude to life that it expresses
- E) the simple style in which it is written

62. The point is made in the passage that in real life -----.

- A) a person's faults needn't disturb us if we don't get too intimate with that person
- B) a person's faults are less noticeable than they are in a novel
- C) one usually forgives the faults of one's own family
- D) a person's faults may annoy us whereas in a novel the same faults may amuse us
- E) it's best to ignore people's faults but in a novel it's best to enjoy them

63. It is clear from the passage that Lady Catherine -----.

- A) and Mrs Bennet are extremely good friends
- B) has constantly hurt Mrs Sennet's feelings
- C) cares for no one but herself
- D) is the main character in Pride and Prejudice
- E) is definitely the worst character in the novel

64. We understand from the passage that Pride and Prejudice ----- .

- A) is the best-written book of all times
- B) is the novel of which characters have terrible roles
- C) was written and published in the 18th century during the civil war
- D) have a lot of characters who haven't any good behavior
- E) is definitely the most successfully **yellow** novel ever

65.- 68. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The Lovell Telescope is the world's oldest and most sensitive radio telescope. It consists of a giant white dish supported at a great height on a large and complicated structure of steel. The telescope can pick up signals in the universe that are 10 billion light years away. And so it is truly extraordinary. The steel structure that carries it, however, has the usual and very ordinary disadvantage of being liable to rust. This of course means that it has to be painted regularly. Painting this, however, is not an ordinary or a simple task. The men who do the painting are given a special training which includes rescue work. As they do the painting, the men work from ropes as this is the method which has been found to be the safest way of working at a height.

65. It is pointed out in the passage that the Lovell Telescope -----.

- A) only picks up signals effectively when the angle of the dish is in line with them
- B) can pick up signals that are an immense distance away
- C) is no longer the world's most sensitive radio telescope
- D) does not need to be supported at a great height in order to function efficiently
- E) is old and so less efficient than it used to be

66. It is clear from the passage that the steel structure supporting the Lovell Telescope -----.

- A) should have been given a less complicated design
- B) turned out to be more expensive than had been estimated
- C) has to be replaced completely at regular intervals
- D) presents a serious maintenance problem
- E) has to be painted regularly because of rusting.

67. It is clear from the passage that the work of painting the steel structure of this telescope -----.

- A) requires special skills and is also comparatively dangerous
- B) is quite straightforward once the method has been learned
- C) requires the removal of the dish
- D) is relatively easy but extremely boring
- E) can be done by anyone who knows how to paint

68. One can conclude from the passage that the Lovell Telescope -----.

- A) is the world's best radio telescope
- B) is quite efficient to collect signals in the cosmos
- C) requires two men to do painting
- D) has a diameter of 76 m, and is the third largest steerable radio telescope
- E) can be utilized by anyone who knows how to paint

**69.-72. soruları aşağıdaki parçağa göre cevaplayınız.**

Before leaving for school at noon, Nelson Carvalho, a seven-year child, living on a small island off West Africa, happily feeds and waters the pigs and goats, the cow and the donkey. He fetches drinking water from the source, a 20-minute walk down a sandy path and up a steep hill, carrying a 5-litre jar on his head. He might help his grandmother, too. Afterwards, he will walk barefoot for nearly an hour among the rocky hills, under the blazing sun, before sitting down, tired out, at his desk at the school. A glass of milk and a dried pear gives him back his energy and gets him ready for lessons. Before leaving school in mid-afternoon, he will be given a bowl of rice and chicken, or a rich soup. Every school child on the island like Nelson Carvalho, is given a hot meal and a snack provided by the World Food Programme, every day, six days a week.

69. One can infer from the passage that  -.

- A) the education of poor children in West Africa
- B) the working conditions of people on a poor African island
- C) a typical day in the life of a child on an island off West Africa
- D) the interesting customs and activities of island children very close to West Africa
- E) the traditional food given to children on an African island

70. It is clear from the passage that the boy Nelson -----.

- A) is not at all interested in his school work
- B) spends a great deal of time each day walking over difficult ground
- C) dislikes doing all the jobs they make him do on the farm
- D) lives with his grandmother who has no one but him to help her
- E) is only going to school because he wants to have a better life in the future

71. We learn from the passage that the boy Nelson constantly needs energy-giving foods -----.

- A) though the World Food Programme does not realize this
- B) such as his grandmother provides for him
- C) in order to protect him from various diseases
- D) because of the hard physical life he leads
- E) though these are almost impossible to get on this poor island

72. According to the passage, Nelson -----.

- A) loves his grandmother very much
- B) wants to leave from the island as soon as possible
- C) becomes happy when he feeds the pigs and goats
- D) is very bored from the life he leads on the small island
- E) has a life different from the other boys on the island

73. - 76. soruları aşağıdaki parçaaya göre cevaplayınız.

In one part of the Nairobi National Park there is a nursery for baby elephants whose mothers have been killed. There are at least two African keepers for each baby elephant, and a strong feeling of love soon develops between them. The keepers spend all day out in the park with the young elephants, helping them to learn which foods are best to eat and to become **sadece** confident kelime **şunu olacak** among the sounds and smells of nature **nas** as their natural mothers would have done. Each evening they return to the nursery. And, after a feed of milk, the young elephants settle down beside their favourite keepers and presently fall asleep.

73. From the passage, it is quite obvious that the keepers described -----.

- A) are responsible for all the nurseries throughout the Nairobi National Park
- B) are somewhat indifferent to the needs of the baby elephants
- C) are over-worked because they have to look after so many baby elephants
- D) actually know little about elephants and their environment
- E) have taken over the role of mother elephants for the baby elephants

74. We understand from the passage that, in this nursery, baby elephants -----.

- A) are not only fed but also helped to adapt themselves to the natural environment
- B) spend a good part of each day exploring the park by themselves
- C) are looked after by keepers because the mother elephants have deserted them
- D) take a very long time to get used to their keepers and trust them
- E) are rarely treated as well as they ought to be

75. One can conclude from the details given in the passage that the job the keepers do -----.

- A) is largely concerned with feeding and physical exercising
- B) is an easy one, but extremely boring
- C) requires a period of thorough training in veterinary skills
- D) requires a deep understanding of the nature and needs of baby elephants
- E) cannot compare at all with the way a mother elephant brings up her baby

76. In the passage, the word "confident" means -----.

- A) being insufficient or deficient
- B) being dishonest or disgraceful
- C) being impatient and hasty
- D) being aggressive
- E) being very sure of or positive about something



TERCİH

• DEĞERLENDİRME TESTLERİ •

77. - 80. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

By the early 19th century, the eminent French zoologist Georges Cuvier believed he had found rock-solid evidence for the biblical great flood. While studying the geological strata around Paris, Cuvier found that fossils or sea creatures in one ancient layer of chalk were overlaid by those of land creatures. Then, just as abruptly, the layer above contained sea creatures again, with the top layer showing evidence of a vast and rapid inundation around present-day Paris. Cuvier regarded these sudden changes in the fossil record as evidence for sudden catastrophes which devastated life of Earth, of which the great flood was just the most recent example. Cuvier's discoveries, published in 1812, won support from a large number of eminent scientists such as the geologist Sir James Hall. However, there were a few who were deeply **sceptical**, pointing out that the evidence of a global flood was far from conclusive. Most sceptical of all were the followers of the Scottish geologist James Hutton. In 1795, he had published a two-volume text based on the view that the slow, steady processes that shape our planet today, such as erosion, were also crucially important in the distant past.

77. We learn from the passage that many famous scientists -----.

- A) backed up Cuvier's view that the great flood had actually taken place
- B) were not at all fascinated by Cuvier's discoveries in the Paris area
- C) followed up Cuvier's excavations of marine fossils
- D) were, like Cuvier, engaged in a search for evidence of the great flood
- E) ceased to be sceptical of the great flood once Sir James Hall had given his support to Cuvier

78. It is pointed **ot** in the passage, that in the course of excavations near Paris, Cuvier -----.

- A) slowly came to recognize the geological significance of the biblical great flood
- B) was particularly surprised that there were chalk formations in the area
- C) was slow to recognize the geological importance or marine fossils
- D) grew interested in the fossils of sea creatures only after he came across a second layer
- E) discovered alternating layers of fossils relating to sea and land creatures

79. According to the passage, Cuvier's critics -----.

- A) were extremely jealous of his discoveries near Paris
- B) felt that there was insufficient geological evidence to confirm that the biblical great flood ever had occurred
- C) regarded erosion as only a minor geological process
- D) were also equally opposed to the views expressed by Hutton
- E) certainly believed there had been a global flood but did not regard his discoveries as scientifically important

80. In the passage, the word "sceptical" means -----.

- A) doubtful or suspicious
- B) merciful or compassionate
- C) lovely or amiable
- D) hectic or fussy
- E) **adherent** or supporter

TEST BİTTİ.
CEVAPLARINIZI KONTROL EDİNİZ.

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DEĞERLENDİRME TESTLERİ İNGİLİZCE SORU BANKASI

CEVAP ANAHTARI

KELİME TESTİ 1

1.	E	6.	B	11.	A	16.	D
2.	D	7.	A	12.	C	17.	B
3.	E	8.	D	13.	A	18.	D
4.	C	9.	C	14.	B	19.	C
5.	D	10.	E	15.	C	20.	A

GRAMER TESTİ 1

1.	C	6.	E	11.	C	16.	D
2.	C	7.	D	12.	A	17.	D
3.	E	8.	B	13.	E	18.	A
4.	C	9.	E	14.	B	19.	B
5.	D	10.	B	15.	E	20.	C

KELİME TESTİ 2

1.	A	6.	B	11.	C	16.	E
2.	D	7.	C	12.	B	17.	B
3.	C	8.	B	13.	D	18.	E
4.	A	9.	E	14.	E	19.	A
5.	C	10.	A	15.	C	20.	B

GRAMER TESTİ 2

1.	E	6.	C	11.	E	16.	A
2.	A	7.	A	12.	C	17.	C
3.	D	8.	E	13.	B	18.	D
4.	C	9.	C	14.	D	19.	E
5.	B	10.	D	15.	B	20.	B

KELİME TESTİ 3

1.	E	6.	D	11.	E	16.	C
2.	D	7.	E	12.	A	17.	E
3.	B	8.	C	13.	C	18.	C
4.	C	9.	A	14.	B	19.	E
5.	B	10.	D	15.	E	20.	D

GRAMER TESTİ 3

1.	D	6.	D	11.	C	16.	E
2.	E	7.	E	12.	A	17.	D
3.	A	8.	A	13.	C	18.	A
4.	D	9.	B	14.	E	19.	D
5.	B	10.	A	15.	B	20.	E

KELİME TESTİ 4

1.	B	6.	D	11.	E	16.	E
2.	D	7.	C	12.	E	17.	C
3.	E	8.	D	13.	C	18.	E
4.	C	9.	B	14.	E	19.	A
5.	D	10.	B	15.	B	20.	C

GRAMER TESTİ 4

1.	A	6.	E	11.	D	16.	E
2.	B	7.	E	12.	D	17.	D
3.	E	8.	A	13.	B	18.	B
4.	D	9.	B	14.	A	19.	E
5.	D	10.	C	15.	C	20.	D

KELİME TESTİ 5

1.	B	6.	D	11.	D	16.	D
2.	C	7.	C	12.	A	17.	E
3.	C	8.	C	13.	C	18.	C
4.	E	9.	E	14.	D	19.	B
5.	E	10.	E	15.	A	20.	E

GRAMER TESTİ 5

1.	A	6.	D	11.	D	16.	A
2.	C	7.	B	12.	D	17.	D
3.	C	8.	D	13.	E	18.	E
4.	B	9.	B	14.	C	19.	E
5.	A	10.	E	15.	D	20.	A

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 1

1.	B	6.	C	11.	C	16.	C
2.	E	7.	A	12.	D	17.	B
3.	C	8.	A	13.	A	18.	E
4.	E	9.	E	14.	E	19.	E
5.	D	10.	B	15.	A	20.	D

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 6

1.	C	6.	E	11.	B	16.	B
2.	A	7.	A	12.	A	17.	A
3.	D	8.	B	13.	E	18.	C
4.	E	9.	C	14.	C	19.	D
5.	B	10.	E	15.	C	20.	E

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 2

1.	B	6.	D	11.	B	16.	A
2.	B	7.	E	12.	A	17.	B
3.	A	8.	D	13.	A	18.	D
4.	E	9.	A	14.	D	19.	D
5.	D	10.	E	15.	E	20.	E

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 7

1.	C	6.	E	11.	B	16.	D
2.	E	7.	C	12.	C	17.	A
3.	D	8.	B	13.	A	18.	E
4.	B	9.	E	14.	E	19.	C
5.	A	10.	D	15.	B	20.	B

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 3

1.	B	6.	D	11.	E	16.	C
2.	C	7.	C	12.	E	17.	D
3.	E	8.	A	13.	B	18.	A
4.	B	9.	C	14.	A	19.	A
5.	B	10.	E	15.	E	20.	A

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 8

1.	D	6.	C	11.	C	16.	C
2.	A	7.	A	12.	A	17.	D
3.	B	8.	D	13.	B	18.	B
4.	B	9.	D	14.	B	19.	E
5.	E	10.	B	15.	E	20.	C

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 4

1.	C	6.	C	11.	A	16.	A
2.	A	7.	A	12.	D	17.	A
3.	B	8.	B	13.	B	18.	C
4.	D	9.	E	14.	B	19.	B
5.	B	10.	B	15.	E	20.	D

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 9

1.	E	6.	A	11.	E	16.	E
2.	D	7.	C	12.	A	17.	B
3.	B	8.	D	13.	D	18.	E
4.	C	9.	B	14.	B	19.	D
5.	D	10.	B	15.	C	20.	A

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 5

1.	E	6.	D	11.	E	16.	B
2.	C	7.	B	12.	D	17.	E
3.	B	8.	E	13.	D	18.	B
4.	A	9.	B	14.	A	19.	E
5.	D	10.	D	15.	B	20.	E

CÜMLE TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 10

1.	D	6.	A	11.	D	16.	B
2.	B	7.	A	12.	B	17.	D
3.	C	8.	E	13.	E	18.	B
4.	E	9.	A	14.	C	19.	A
5.	D	10.	D	15.	A	20.	D





DEĞERLENDİRME TESTLERİ İNGİLİZCE SORU BANKASI

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 1							
1.	D	6.	B	11.	E	16.	D
2.	A	7.	E	12.	C	17.	C
3.	B	8.	C	13.	B	18.	B
4.	C	9.	D	14.	C	19.	E
5.	E	10.	A	15.	C	20.	D

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 4							
1.	D	6.	C	11.	C	16.	E
2.	C	7.	D	12.	C	17.	C
3.	B	8.	B	13.	B	18.	C
4.	A	9.	E	14.	E	19.	E
5.	B	10.	A	15.	D	20.	B

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 2							
1.	B	6.	E	11.	E	16.	D
2.	B	7.	B	12.	E	17.	A
3.	A	8.	C	13.	A	18.	E
4.	C	9.	C	14.	A	19.	B
5.	B	10.	D	15.	D	20.	B

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 5							
1.	E	6.	C	11.	E	16.	A
2.	B	7.	A	12.	D	17.	C
3.	A	8.	A	13.	B	18.	D
4.	A	9.	D	14.	B	19.	E
5.	C	10.	E	15.	D	20.	B

PARAGRAF TAMAMLAMA TESTİ 3							
1.	E	6.	E	11.	A	16.	E
2.	D	7.	C	12.	C	17.	E
3.	E	8.	E	13.	C	18.	B
4.	A	9.	D	14.	E	19.	A
5.	B	10.	B	15.	B	20.	D

İLGİSİZ CÜMLEYİ BULMA							
1.	B	6.	D	11.	C	16.	A
2.	D	7.	B	12.	A	17.	D
3.	C	8.	C	13.	E	18.	A
4.	C	9.	D	14.	B	19.	D
5.	B	10.	E	15.	C	20.	C

CLOZE TEST 1							
1.	A	6.	A	11.	E	16.	A
2.	E	7.	E	12.	B	17.	B
3.	B	8.	B	13.	A	18.	D
4.	C	9.	D	14.	B	19.	D
5.	E	10.	E	15.	C	20.	E

CLOZE TEST 3							
1.	E	6.	A	11.	E	16.	E
2.	B	7.	B	12.	C	17.	B
3.	A	8.	C	13.	B	18.	A
4.	D	9.	D	14.	A	19.	C
5.	C	10.	B	15.	D	20.	C

CLOZE TEST 2							
1.	E	6.	A	11.	A	16.	D
2.	D	7.	E	12.	E	17.	B
3.	C	8.	D	13.	C	18.	C
4.	A	9.	C	14.	B	19.	A
5.	B	10.	B	15.	D	20.	E

CLOZE TEST 4							
1.	C	6.	A	11.	E	16.	E
2.	B	7.	E	12.	B	17.	D
3.	D	8.	D	13.	D	18.	A
4.	A	9.	C	14.	A	19.	C
5.	E	10.	E	15.	E	20.	B

CLOZE TEST 5							
1.	B	6.	C	11.	D	16.	C
2.	A	7.	E	12.	E	17.	D
3.	B	8.	B	13.	A	18.	C
4.	C	9.	A	14.	B	19.	B
5.	A	10.	D	15.	C	20.	E

OKUMA PARÇASI TESTİ							
1.	C	6.	C	11.	A	16.	D
2.	D	7.	B	12.	E	17.	B
3.	B	8.	E	13.	A	18.	A
4.	B	9.	C	14.	E	19.	D
5.	A	10.	D	15.	C	20.	C

KARŞILIKLI KONUŞMA TESTİ							
1.	D	6.	E	11.	E	16.	B
2.	A	7.	A	12.	B	17.	C
3.	E	8.	C	13.	A	18.	D
4.	D	9.	E	14.	D	19.	E
5.	B	10.	C	15.	C	20.	E

ÇEVİRİ TESTİ							
1.	A	6.	B	11.	B	16.	D
2.	D	7.	C	12.	E	17.	B
3.	C	8.	B	13.	C	18.	E
4.	D	9.	A	14.	A	19.	A
5.	E	10.	D	15.	C	20.	C

YAKIN ANLAMLI CÜMLE TESTİ							
1.	C	6.	D	11.	D	16.	C
2.	A	7.	B	12.	D	17.	E
3.	A	8.	A	13.	C	18.	A
4.	B	9.	D	14.	A	19.	D
5.	D	10.	E	15.	C	20.	C

MİNİ TEST 1							
1.	B	6.	B	11.	A	16.	D
2.	E	7.	C	12.	E	17.	C
3.	B	8.	D	13.	C	18.	D
4.	E	9.	E	14.	D	19.	E
5.	A	10.	C	15.	E	20.	B

MİNİ TEST 2							
1.	D	6.	C	11.	C	16.	D
2.	E	7.	D	12.	A	17.	B
3.	C		A	13.	E	18.	E
4.	C		D	14.	D	19.	D
5.	A	10.	E	15.	C	20.	D

MİNİ TEST 3							
1.	B	6.	E	11.	D	16.	E
2.	C	7.	B	12.	C	17.	A
3.	D	8.	E	13.	D	18.	E
4.	D	9.	B	14.	C	19.	C
5.	A	10.	D	15.	B	20.	B

MİNİ TEST 4							
1.	A	6.	C	11.	E	16.	E
2.	B	7.	D	12.	D	17.	D
3.	E	8.	A	13.	D	18.	B
4.	C	9.	D	14.	A	19.	A
5.		10.	E	15.	E	20.	B

MİNİ TEST 5							
1.	A	6.	D	11.	B	16.	A
2.	E	7.	A	12.	E	17.	A
3.	B	8.	E	13.	D	18.	D
4.	E	9.		14.	B	19.	E
5.	C	10.		15.	E	20.	D



DEĞERLENDİRME TESTLERİ İNGİLİZCE SORU BANKASI

İNGİLİZCE DENEME SINAVI							
1.	A	21.	D	41.	B	61.	A
2.	C	22.	A	42.	C	62.	D
3.	B	23.	A	43.	A	63.	C
4.	D	24.	C	44.	B	64.	B
5.	E	25.	B	45.	D	65.	B
6.	C	26.	D	46.	A	66.	D
7.	C	27.	E	47.	D	67.	A
8.	A	28.	A	48.	E	68.	B
9.	E	29.	A	49.	C	69.	
10.	D	30.	E	50.	B	70.	
11.	A	31.	A	51.	D	71.	
12.	B	32.	B	52.	B	72.	
13.	E	33.	C	53.	E	73.	E
14.	C	34.	D	54.	C	74.	A
15.	B	35.	E	55.	B	75.	D
16.	E	36.	A	56.	D	76.	E
17.	C	37.	B	57.	C	77.	A
18.	B	38.	D	58.	C	78.	E
19.	D	39.	C	59.	B	79.	B
20.	A	40.	A	60.	E	80.	A

