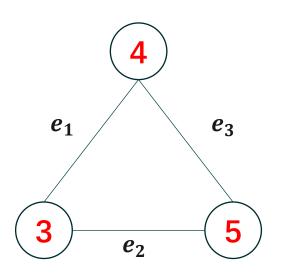


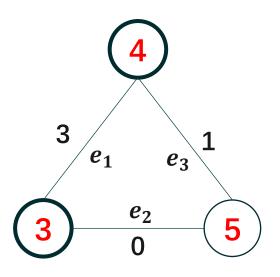


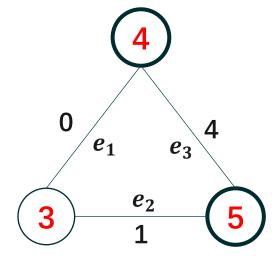
12032189 Yuxi Liu



Examine the dependency of the result S on the order of edges in which edges are selected to increase  $p_e$ . That is, create an example of the vertex cover problem where different results are obtained depending on the order of edges.







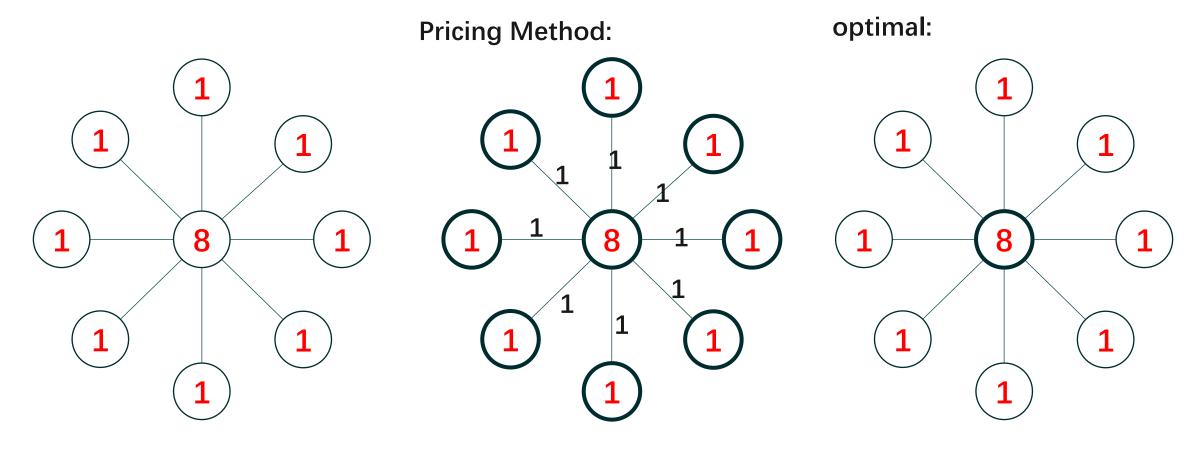
Orders = 
$$\{e_1, e_3, e_2\}$$

Orders = 
$$\{e_3, e_2, e_1\}$$

Total weight 
$$= 9$$



Create an example of the vertex cover problem where a good solution is not obtained by the pricing method (i.e., the obtained solution w(S) is close to  $2w(S^*)$ .



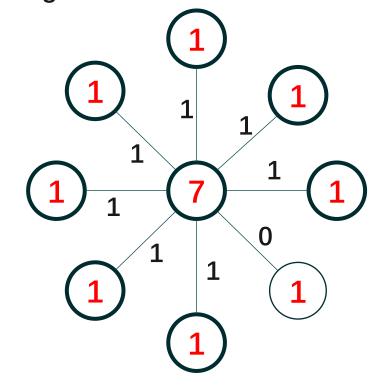
Total weight = 16

Total weight = 8

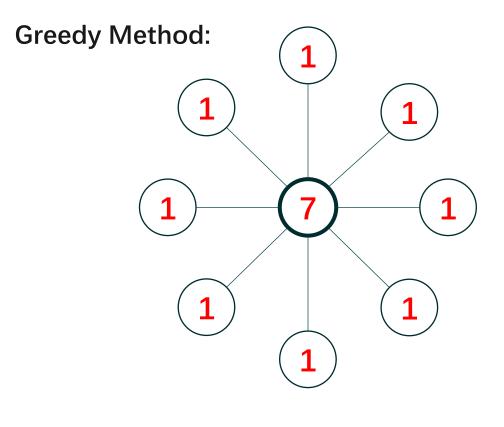


Create an example of the vertex cover problem where better results are always obtained (independent of the order) by the greedy set cover algorithm than the pricing method.

**Pricing Method:** 

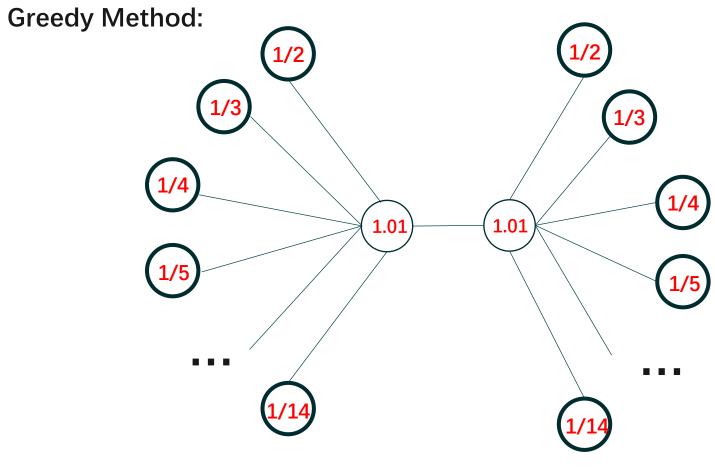


Total weight = 14

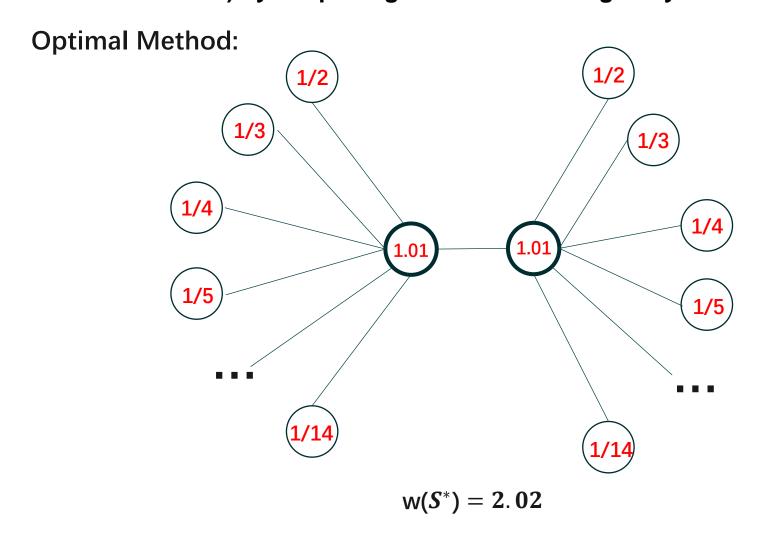


Total weight = 7

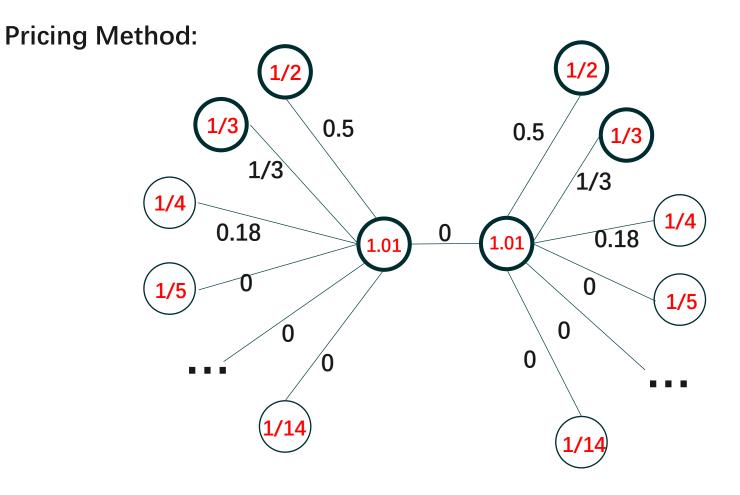








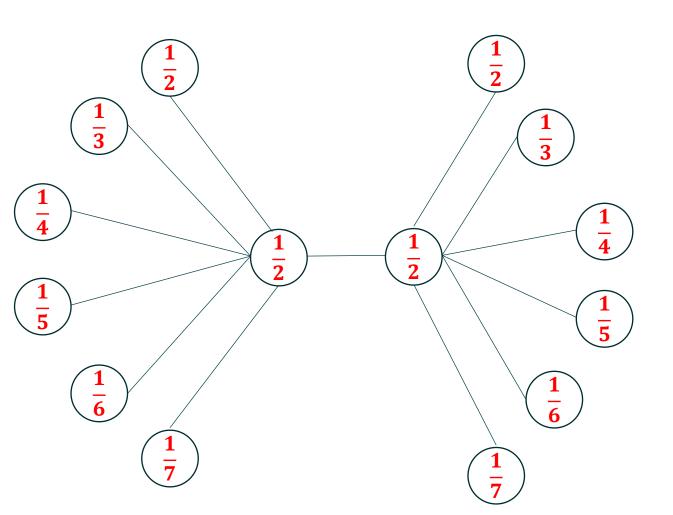




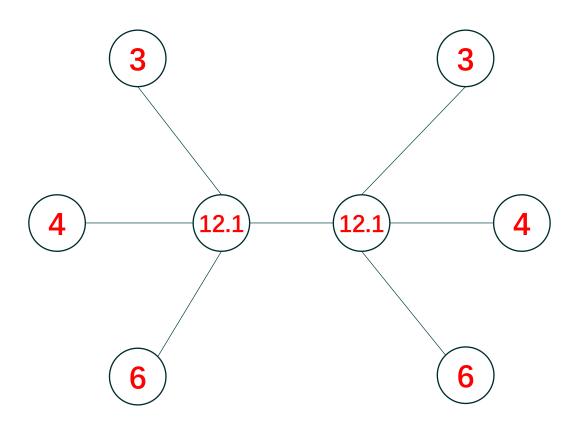
$$w(S_P) \approx 3.69 \le 2 * w(S^*) = 4.04 < w(S_G) = 4.36$$





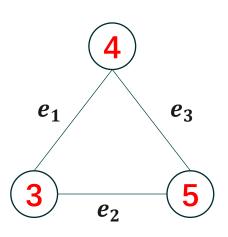


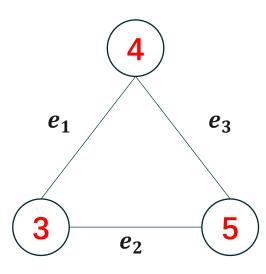






Examine the dependency of the result S on the order of edges in which edges are selected to increase  $p_e$ . That is, create an example of the vertex cover problem where different results are obtained depending on the order of edges.







Create an example of the vertex cover problem where a good solution is not obtained by the pricing method (i.e., the obtained solution w(S) is close to  $2w(S^*)$ .

