

第8章 取其精华 发挥优势—继承

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抽象描述人

👉 人类的特征和功能如何抽象

👉 分析一个人的特征和功能

👉 特征：姓名、性别、身份证号码、出生日期、身高、
体重、.....

👉 功能：行走、听、说、读、写、.....

人类的实际定义

```
class person
{
    char *name;    //人名
    char sex;      //性别
    char pid[19];  //身份证号码
    int weight;    //体重
    int high;      //身高

public:
    person();      //无参构造函数
    person(char *n,char s,char *p,int w,int h); //有参构造函数
    void change_data(char *n,char s,char *p,int w,int h); //修改数据
    void walking(int k,int v); //以v速度行走k步
    void hearing(char *sentence); //将字符串小写变大写，大写变小写输出
    void speak(int n); //说出整数num的英文句子
    void writing(); //在屏幕上画出汉字“曲”
    void print(); //输出人的属性值
    void out(int a); //翻译小于1000的整数
    ~person(); //析构函数
};
```

模拟行走：以v挡速度水平行走k步

```
void person::walking(int k,int v)  
{  
    cout<<"\n"<<name<<"水平直线行走"<<k<<"步"<<endl;  
    for(int i=0;i<k;i++)  
    {  
        cout<<' '<<"o_o";  
        Sleep(1000/v);  
        cout<<"\b\b\b";  
    }  
}
```

模拟收听：将句子字母大变小，小变大

```
void person::hearing(char *sentence)
{
    cout<<endl<<sentence<<endl;
    char *p=new char[strlen(sentence)+1];
    strcpy(p,sentence);
    char *pp=p;
    while(*p)
    {
        if(*p>='a' && *p<='z')
            *p='A'+(*p-'a'+0);
        else if(*p>='A' && *p<='Z')
            *p='a'+(*p-'A');

        p++;
    }
    cout<<pp<<endl;
    delete pp;
}
```

模拟说话：说出整数的英文句子

```
void person::speak(int n)
{
    if(n>1999999999)
        cout<<"dev C++平台无法处理大于1999999999位的数！"<<endl;
    else
    {
        //三位三位取出，存入abcd中
        int a=n/1000000000,b=(n%1000000000)/1000000
        int c=(n%1000000)/1000,d=n%1000;
        if(a!=0)
        {
            out(a);
            cout<<"billion ";
        }
        if(b!=0)
        {
            out(b);
            cout<<"million ";
        }
        if(c!=0)
        {
            out(c);
            cout<<"thousand ";
        }
        if(d!=0)
        {
            //据英文语法规则，最后两位前一定有and
            if(d<100&&(a!=0||b!=0||c!=0))
                cout<<"and ";
            out(d);
        }
        cout<<endl;
    }
}
```

模拟书写：在屏幕上输出“曲”

```
void person::writing()
{
    cout<<endl<<"                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #####                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #####                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #                #                #                #                "<<endl;
    cout<<"                #####                "<<endl;
}
```

模拟测试主函数

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    //创建对象
```

```
    person Jack("James Chen",'M',"610103198901062493",160,180);
```

```
    Jack.print();
```

```
    //输出人的属性值
```

```
    Jack.walking(20,4);
```

```
    //行走20步，1/4秒走一步
```

```
    Jack.hearing("Hi! You are simple!");
```

```
    //听英文句子
```

```
    Jack.speak(1006);
```

```
    //说出整数1006的英文句子
```

```
    cout<<endl;
```

```
    Jack.writing();
```

```
    //书写汉字“曲”
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```