

# Theoretical task 1

due 9:00 January 28 (Thursday).

In Gaussian classifier we assume some fixed class prior probabilities  $p(y)$  and class-conditional probabilities to be  $p(x|y) = N(\mu_y, \Sigma_y)$ . Classification is performed by posterior class probability maximization

$$\hat{y} = \arg \max_y p(y|x) \quad (1)$$

1. Write the decision rule of (1) in terms of  $p(y)$  and  $p(x|y)$ . Maximize the logarithm of class score rather than initial class score.
2. In nearest mean classifier each class  $\omega_c$  is associated some mean vector  $\mu_c \in \mathbb{R}^D$  and  $x$  is assigned a class for which the distance to its mean is minimal. Prove that Gaussian classifier reduces to nearest mean classifier when  $\Sigma_1 = \Sigma_2 = \dots = \Sigma_C = I$  (identity matrix) and prior class probabilities are equal:  $p(y) = \frac{1}{C} \forall y$ .
3. Prove that decision boundaries between classes for Gaussian classifiers will be quadratic polynomial surfaces.
4. Prove that under restriction of common covariance matrices  $\Sigma_y = \Sigma \forall y$  decision boundaries between classes for Gaussian classifiers will be linear hyperplanes.