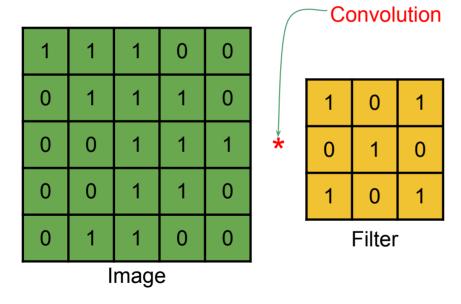
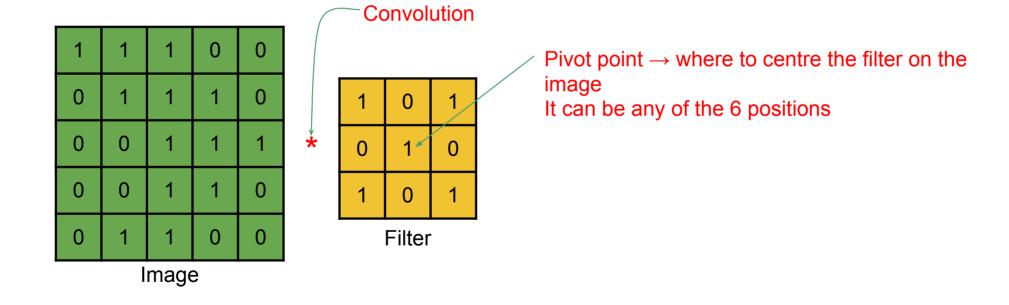
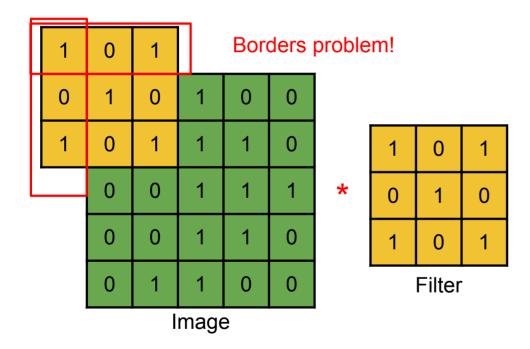
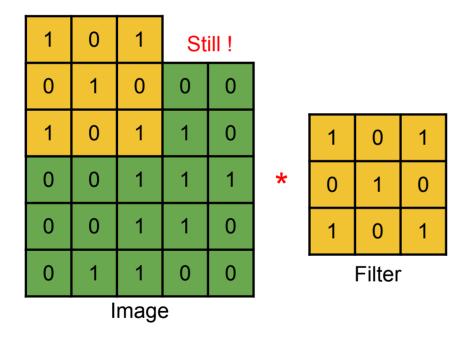
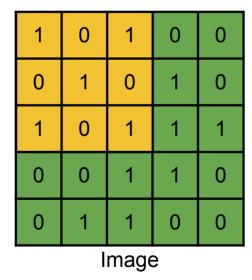
1	1	1	0	0				
0	1	1	1	0		1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1	*	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0		1	0	1
0	1	1	0	0		Filter		
	I	mage)					

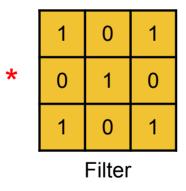








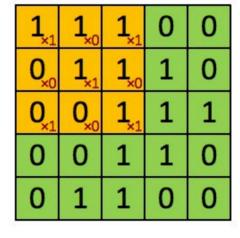




Output size?

1	1	1	0	0	
0	1	1	1	0	
0	0	1	1	1	
0	0	1	1	0	
0	1	1	0	0	
Image					

1	0	1		
0	1	0		
1	0	1		
Filter				



4			
	8		2
,	50 83 20 93	50 St	- 50
3.	16 8	50,53	- 6

Image

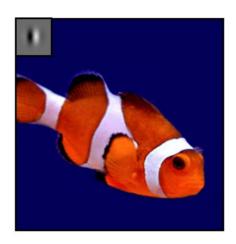
Convolved Feature

- Detect 'features' in an image

What does this filter detect?

filter

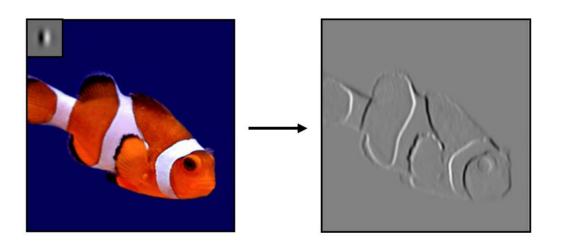




- Detect 'features' in an image

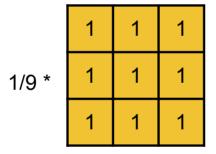
What does this filter detect?





- Can you think of a filter that take average of the neighbourhood?

- Can you think of a filter that take average of the neighbourhood?



- Can you think of a filter that take average of the neighbourhood?





- 9 * 9 average filter?

1/81 *

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

- 9 * 9 average filter?





Part I Computing linear filters

- A code is available for a Laplacian filter.
- Modify the code to implement these filters:

```
- [0,0,0]
[0,1,0]
[0,0,0]
```

```
- [0,0,0]
[0,0,1]
[0,0,0]
```

- Im + (Im - Im*average_filter)

Part II Median and Gaussian filter

- image corrupted with salt & pepper noise.
- Apply a median filter to remove the noise. Also, apply a Gaussian filter to the same noisy image. Which filter was more successful? You can use any scikit-image functions you like.

Check

http://scikit-image.org/docs/dev/api/skimage.filters.html

