

Part C

$$\sin(4x) = 4 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \cos(2x)$$

$$2 \sin(2x) \cos(2x) = 4 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \cos(2x)$$

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \cos(2x) = 4 \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \cos(2x)$$

$$4 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \cos(2x) = 4 \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \cos(2x)$$

Part D

$$\frac{1 - \sin^2(\theta)}{1 + \cot^2(\theta)} = \sin^2 \theta \cdot \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{\csc^2(\theta)} = \sin^2 \theta \cdot \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\cos^2(\theta) \div \frac{1}{\sin^2(\theta)} = \sin^2 \theta \cdot \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\sin^2 \theta \cdot \cos^2 \theta = \sin^2 \theta \cdot \cos^2 \theta$$

3 Part A

$$\cot(x - 20^\circ) = 1$$

$$\tan(x - 20^\circ) = 1$$

$$x - 20^\circ = 45^\circ, 225^\circ$$

$$x = 65^\circ, 245^\circ$$

Part B

$$\cos(3x + \pi) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad 3x = -135^\circ, 135^\circ$$

$$3x + \pi = 45^\circ, 315^\circ \quad x = -45^\circ, 45^\circ, 315^\circ$$

Part C

$$\cos(3x) = \cos(5x) + \cos(x)$$

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From 2,
Part A

$$2 \cos^3 x - \cos x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x = \cos 3x \cos 2x - \sin 3x \sin 2x + \cos x$$

$$2 \cos^3 x - \cos x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x = (2 \cos^3 x - \cos x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x) \cdot (2 \cos^2 x - 1) - (3 \sin x - 4 \sin^3 x)(2 \sin x \cos x) + \cos x$$

$$2 \cos^3 x - 2 \cos x - 2 \sin^2 x \cos x = 4 \cos^5 x - 2 \cos^3 x - 4 \sin^2 x \cos^3 x - 2 \cos^3 x + \cos x + 2 \sin^2 x \cos x - 6 \sin^2 x \cos x - 8 \sin^4 x \cos x$$

$$6 \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x + 2 \sin^2 x \cos x = 4 \cos^5 x - 4 \sin^2 x \cos^3 x - 8 \sin^4 x \cos x$$

$$\cos x (6 \cos^2 x - 3 + 2 \sin^2 x) = \cos x (4 \cos^4 x - 4 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x - 8 \sin^4 x)$$

$$\cos x = 0$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$