ELEC50002: Communications Laboratory Assessment – 2024-25

The final assessment for the Communications Laboratory will be in the form of a lab oral. You will appear in the assessment with your lab partner (or in a group of 3).

Most of you are working in pairs. These pairs are made by dividing your tutorial groups. In some cases, there were only three students in a tutorial group. As I didn't want any students to work alone, I made groups of 3 students in those cases. If you have been assigned a lab partner who is not attending the lab (or your lab partner is on interruption of studies), please let me know as soon as possible. Then, I would group you with the other lab pair from your tutorial group to form a group of 3 students. The assessment will be a group assessment.

The purpose of the lab oral is to test your understanding of the experiment. You will be asked to explain selected topics from the experiments you perform in the laboratory. Each student might have to answer a different question.

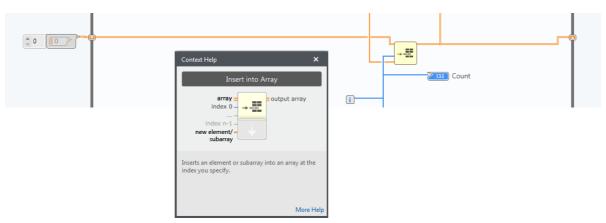
The details of the oral are given below:

- The duration of the oral is 20 mins.
- It will be conducted in a group.
- The oral will be conducted in the lab. If you have some MCs, you can request an online oral [your group members should agree with doing it online]
- You only need one logbook per lab pair/group.
- You will be given a group score for logbook and progress, but you will get an individual score for understanding.
- The marking rubric is given at the end.
- Some example questions are also given in this document.

Sample questions:

Lab 1

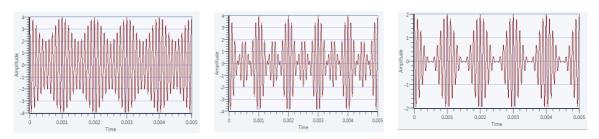
1. What is the following diagram performing:



- 2. What happens to the histogram of lab 1, exercise 2, if you change:
 - a. the number of bins
 - b. iterations
 - c. dimensions of array
 - d. wait time

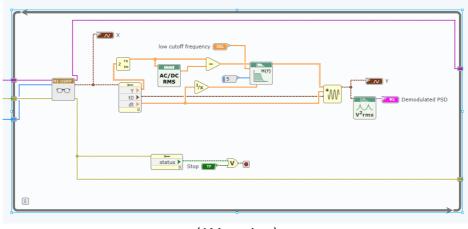
Lab 2

1. What is the impact of the modulation index on the shape of the AM signal? Can you identify the modulation index range in the following figures?



2. Suppose that the USRP's antenna received an AM signal defined as: $S(t) = [1 + \mu cos(2\pi f_m t)] * A_C cos(2\pi f_c t)$. What are the values obtained at the indicators X and Y?

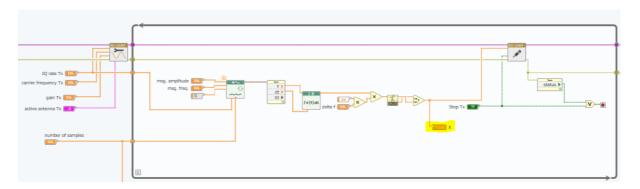
Hint: $cos^2\alpha = \frac{1+cos2\alpha}{2}$



(AM receiver)

Lab 3

1. Describe (using equations) the operations used to create a signal in the code below. What is the signal obtained in the indicator X and what type of modulation does it represent?



Lab 4

- **1.** What's the difference between BPSK and DPSK? Explain the advantages and drawbacks of both modulation techniques.
- **2.** Given the following message bits:



Assuming we use DPSK modulation to transmit the above message bits and the channel introduces error in 3rd and 5th positions (marked in red). What are the DPSK encoded symbols? What are the decoded bits? Calculate the BER.

Marking Rubric

Category	40% - 50% (D)	50% – 60% (C)	60% - 70% (B)	70% - 100% (A)
Progress	Poor progress	Good progress	All lab tasks	Everything
30%	made through the	made, covering	completed to a	completed well
	lab	most of the lab	good standard	and some
		tasks		extension work
				attempted
Logbook	Logbook is not	Logbook is good,	Very good	Excellent logbook
Effectiveness	well organised.	it covers the	logbook, covers	that covers all of
20%	Recorded	important	everything you	the lab and more.
	information is of	information but	would want it to	Extra information
	low quality.	not to great effect	and in some	taken from other
			detail	sources
Understanding	Struggle to	Answers basic	Answering the	Able to tackle the
of the Circuits	answer questions	questions well but	more detailed	more difficult
50%	in the easier	lacks insight	questions well	questions that
	sections		showing good	show thought
			insight	outside the direct
				line of tasks in the
				lab.