Beispiele Android

```
API Check
```

```
int device = android.os.Build.VERSION.SDK INT; int required = Build.VERSION CODES.Q;
 if (device >= required) {
      // nur auf Geräten mit API Level >= 29 (0)
Activity
  public class MainActivity extends Activity {
      @Override
      protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
  <LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
          xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
           android:layout width="match parent"
           android:layout_height="match_parent"
           android:orientation="vertical"
           android:gravity="center">
          <TextView
                android:layout width="wrap content"
                android:layout_height="wrap_content"
                android:text="Hello Android!"
                android:textSize="20sp"/>
  </LinearLayout>
Constraint Layout
  <androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout height="wrap content"
      android:layout_gravity="center">
      <TextView
          android:id="@+id/txtAppTitle"
          android:layout width="wrap content"
          android:layout_height="wrap_content"
          android:layout_marginVertical="16dp'
          app:layout_constraintEnd_toEndOf="parent"
          app:layout constraintStart toStartOf="parent"
          app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent" />
      <TextView
          android:id="@+id/txtAppVersion"
          android:layout width="wrap content"
          android:layout height="wrap content"
          android:layout marginVertical="16dp"
          android:text="@string/txtAppVersion"
          android:textColor="?android:textColorSecondary"
          app:layout constraintEnd toEndOf="parent"
          app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="parent"
          app:layout constraintTop toBottomOf="@+id/txtAppTitle" />
  </androidx.constraintlayout.widget.ConstraintLayout>
TextView
  <TextView
            android:allowUndo
            android:autoLink
            android:breakStrategy
            android:drawable[Bottom|End|Left|Right|Start|Top]
            android:editable
            android:lineBreakStvle
            android:inputType
            android:textColor
            android:textSize />
Menus
  <ImageButton</pre>
      android:layout_width="wrap_content"
      android:layout height="wrap content"
      android:src="@drawable/ic overflow holo dark"
      android:contentDescription="@string/descr overflow button"
      android:onClick="showPopup" />
  <menu xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"</pre>
```

```
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
          <item android:id="@+id/menu_1"</pre>
              android:title="Menu 1"
              android:icon="@drawable/ic_bulb"
              app:showAsAction="always"/>
          <item android:id="@+id/menu_2"</pre>
              android:title="Menu 2"
              android:icon="@drawable/ic star"
              app:showAsAction="always|withText"/>
          <item android:id="@+id/menu 3"</pre>
              android:title="Menu 3"
              app:showAsAction="never"/>
  </menu>
  fun showPopup(v: View) {
      val popup = PopupMenu(this, v)
      val inflater: MenuInflater = popup.menuInflater
      inflater.inflate(R.menu.actions, popup.menu)
      popup.show()
  fun onOptionsItemSelected(item: MenuItem) : boolean {
      switch (item.getItemId()) {
          case R.id.menu 1:
          break;
          case R.id.menu 2:
          hreak:
          case R.id.menu_3:
          break;
      return true:
ListView mit (eigenem) ArrayAdapter
  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
  <ListView xmlns:android="...
      android:id="@+id/list example"
      android:layout width="match parent"
      android:layout height="match parent">
  </ListView>
  setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
  String[] data = new String[] { ... };
  ArrayAdapter<String> adapter = new ArrayAdapter<>(
      this.
      android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, // Standard-Layout
      android.R.id.text1,
                                          // Standard-Layout
  ListView listView = findViewById(R.id.list example);
  listView.setAdapter(adapter);
  setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
  ArrayList<User> data = UserManager.getUsers();
  UsersAdapter adapter = new UsersAdapter(this, data);
  ListView listView = findViewById(R.id.list example);
  listView.setAdapter(adapter);
  public class User {
      public String name; public int age;
      public User(String name, int age) {
          this.name = name; this.age = age;
  public class UsersAdapter extends ArrayAdapter<User> {
      public UsersAdapter(ctx c, ArrayList<User> users) {
          super(ctx, 0, users);
  @Override
  public View getView(int pos, View view, ViewGroup parent) {
      if (view == null) {
          Context context = getContext();
          LayoutInflater inflater = LayoutInflater.from(context);
          view = inflater.inflate(
              android.R.layout.simple_list_item_2,
              parent,
              false);
```

```
TextView text1 = view.findViewById(android.R.id.text1);
      TextView text2 = view.findViewById(android.R.id.text2);
      User user = getItem(pos);
      text1.setText(user.name);
      text2.setText(user.age + " Jahre");
      return view;
ListenAdapter mit View Holder
  private class ViewHolder { TextView text1; TextView text2; }
  public View getView(int pos, View view, ViewGroup parent) {
      ViewHolder viewHolder;
      if (view == null) {
          Context context = getContext();
          LayoutInflater inflater = LayoutInflater.from(context);
          view = inflater.inflate(android.R.layout.simple_list_item_2,
              parent, false); // bis hierher bekannt
          viewHolder = new ViewHolder();
          viewHolder.text1 = view.findViewById(android.R.id.text1);
          viewHolder.text2 = view.findViewById(android.R.id.text2);
          view.setTag(viewHolder);
      } else { viewHolder = (ViewHolder)view.getTag(); }
      User user = getItem(pos);
      viewHolder.text1.setText(user.name); viewHolder.text2.setText(user.age + " Jahre");
      return view;
RecyclerView
  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?> // [ Main Activity ]
  <androidx.recyclerview.widget.RecyclerView</pre>
      android:id="@+id/recycler view"
      android:layout width="match parent"
      android:layout height="match parent">
  </androidx.recyclerview.widget.RecyclerView>
  // MainActivity.java
  setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
  RecyclerView recyclerView = findViewById(R.id.recycler view);
  RecyclerView.LayoutManager layoutManager;
  layoutManager = new LinearLayoutManager(this);
  recyclerView.setLayoutManager(layoutManager);
  ArrayList<User> data = UserManager.getUsers();
  UsersAdapter adapter = new UsersAdapter(data);
  recyclerView.setAdapter(adapter);
  // UsersAdapter.Java
  public class UsersAdapter extends RecyclerView.Adapter<ViewHolder>
      private ArrayList<User> users;
      @Override
      public ViewHolder onCreateViewHolder(ViewGroup parent, int vt) {
          Context context = parent.getContext();
          LayoutInflater inflater = LayoutInflater.from(context);
          View view = inflater.inflate(android.R.layout.simple_list_item_2,
                                parent, false);
          return new ViewHolder(view, view.findViewById(android.R.id.text1),
                                view.findViewById(android.R.id.text2));
      public void onBindViewHolder(ViewHolder holder, int position) {
         User user = this.users.get(position);
          holder.text1.setText(user.name);
          holder.text2.setText(user.age + " Jahre");
      @Override
      public int getItemCount() {
          return this.users.size();
```

Intents

```
// Expliziter Intent
  Intent secondActivityIntent = new Intent(
      SecondActivity.class);
  startActivity(secondActivityIntent);
  // Impliziter Intent
  Intent sendIntent = new Intent();
  sendIntent.setAction(Intent.ACTION_SEND);
  sendIntent.setType("text/plain");
  sendIntent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_TEXT, "Hey!");
  startActivity(sendIntent);
GUI-Aktualisierung
  final Runnable updateUi = new Runnable() {
      @override public void run() {
          textOutput.setText("Updated!");
  };
  Runnable background = new Runnable() {
      @Override public void run() {
          Thread.sleep(3000);
          activity.runOnUiThread(updateUi); // v1
          textOutput.post(updateUi);
          Looper looper = Looper.getMainLooper(); // v3
          Handler handler = new Handler(looper);
          handler.post(updateUi);
  Thread thread = new Thread(background); thread.start();
Fragments statisch
  public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
      @Override
      protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          setContentView(R.layout.activity_main); // Referenz auf Activity XML
  <LinearLayout xmlns:android="(...)"</pre>
      android:layout width="match parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent">
      <Fragment android:name="(...).OutputFragment" // Referenz auf OutputFragment.java</pre>
          android:id="@+id/main_fragment_output"
          android:layout width="match parent"
          android:layout height="match parent" />
  </LinearLayout>
  public class OutputFragment extends Fragment {
      public OutputFragment {
          super(R.layout.fragment_output); // Referenz auf Fragment XML
  <LinearLayout xmlns:android="(...)"</pre>
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent">
      <TextView
           android:layout_width="match_parent"
          android:layout_height="match parent"
          android:text="Hello Fragment" />
  </LinearLayout>
Fragments dynamisch
  <!-- Platzhalter im XML -->
  <androidx.fragment.app.FragmentContainerView</pre>
      android:id="@+id/main fragment container"
      android:lavout width="match parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
```

tools:layout="@layouts/fragment_infos" /> <!-- zur Hilfe im XML Designer -->

```
// Activity verwendet FragmentManager
  public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
      @Override
      protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState); setContentView(R.layout.activity main);
          FragmentManager mgr = getSupportFragmentManager();
          FragmentTransaction trans = mgr.beginTransaction();
          OutputFragment fragment = new OutputFragment();
          trans.add(R.id.main fragment container, fragment);
          trans.commit();
Animation
  fragmentManager.beginTransaction()
      .setCustomAnimations(
          R.anim.slide in, // Einblendung neues Fragment
          R.anim.fade out, // Ausblendung altes Fragment
         R.anim.fade_in, // Einblendung altes Fragment (Pop)
          R.anim.slide out) // Ausblendung neues Fragment (Pop)
      .replace(R.id.main fragment container, newFragment)
      .addToBackStack(null)
      .commit();
 });
Permissions
  // Permission Check
  int status = ContextCompat.checkSelfPermission(this, permission);
 if (status != PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED) {
      if (shouldShowRequestPermissionRationale(permission)) {
          // erste erklärung liefern
      requestPermissions(new String[] { permission }, CALLBACK CODE);
  // Resultat in Lifecycle Methode
  @Override public void onRequestPermissionResult(
      int requestCode, String[] permissions, int[] results) {
      if (requestCode != CALLBACK_CODE) return; // ID der expliziten Permissions-Abfrage.
      if (results.length == 0) return; // Anfrage abgebrochen
      if (results[0] == PackageManager.PERMISSION GRANTED) {
          // Berechtigung erteilt
      } else { /* Berechtigung verweigert */ }
Filezugriff
  // Schreiben
  File folder = getFilesDir();
  File file = new File(folder, "my_file.txt");
  String input = "MGE Beispiel";
  FileOutputStream outputStream = new FileOutputStream(file);
 outputStream.write(input.getBytes());
  outputStream.close();
  // Dateien anzeigen
  for(File fileInFolder : folder.listFiles()) {
      Log.d("MGE.V05", "File: " + fileInFolder.getName());
  // Lesen
  int length = (int) file.length();
  byte[] bytes = new byte[length];
  FileInputStream inputStream = new FileInputStream(file);
  inputStream.read(bytes);
  inputStream.close();
  String output = new String(bytes);
Preferences
  String file = "ch.ost.rj.mge.v05.myapplication.preferences";
  String key1 = "my.key.1";
 String key2 = "my.key.2";
  String key3 = "my.key.3";
  int mode = Context.MODE PRIVATE;
  // Objekt abholen
  SharedPreferences preferences;
  preferences = getSharedPreferences(file, mode);
  // Schreiben
  SharedPreferences.Editor editor = preferences.edit();
  editor.putString(key1, "MGE Beispiel");
  editor.putBoolean(key2, true);
  editor.putInt(key3, 42);
```

```
editor.commit();
  // Lesen
  String value1 = preferences.getString(key1, "default");
  boolean value2 = preferences.getBoolean(key2, false);
  int value3 = preferences.getInt(key3, 0);
Datenbanken
Medien
  // Auslesen von Bildern sortiert nach Einfügedatum
  String[] projection = new String[] {
      MediaStore.Images.Media.TITLE,
      MediaStore.Images.Media.DATE ADDED
  String order = MediaStore.Images.Media.DATE_ADDED + " DESC";
  Cursor cursor = getContentResolver().query(
      MediaStore.Images.Media.EXTERNAL CONTENT URI,
      projection, // projection
      null, // selection
      null, // selectionArgs
      order // sortOrder
  int ct = cursor.getColumnIndex(MediaStore.Images.Media.TITLE);
  int cd = cursor.getColumnIndex(MediaStore.Images.Media.DATE_ADDED);
  while (cursor.moveToNext()) {
      String title = cursor.getString(ct);
      long added = cursor.getLong(cd);
      // ... hier die Werte verwenden ..
  cursor.close();
Dokumente
  private static final int CREATE DOCUMENT CODE = 1;
  private static final int OPEN DOCUMENT CODE = 2;
  private static final String FILE NAME = "my file.txt";
  private static final String FILE TYPE = "text/plain";
  // Intent zum Schreiben eines Dokument:
  Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_CREATE_DOCUMENT);
  intent.addCategory(Intent.CATEGORY_OPENABLE);
  intent.setType(FILE TYPE);
  intent.putExtra(Intent.EXTRA_TITLE, FILE_NAME);
  startActivityForResult(intent, CREATE DOCUMENT CODE);
  // Intent zum Öffnen eines Dokuments
  Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION OPEN DOCUMENT);
  intent.addCategorv(Intent.CATEGORY OPENABLE);
  intent.setType(FILE_TYPE);
  startActivityForResult(intent, OPEN DOCUMENT CODE);
  @Override
  public void onActivityResult(int reg, int res, Intent data) {
      super.onActivityResult(req, res, data);
      switch(req) {
          case CREATE DOCUMENT CODE:
              if (res == Activity.RESULT OK) {
              Uri uri = data.getData();
              // Mit Content Resolver Uri verarbeiten
              break;
          case OPEN DOCUMENT CODE:
              if (res == Activity.RESULT_OK) {
                  Uri uri = data.getData();
                  // Mit Content Resolver Uri verarbeiten
      }
Netzwerkverbindung
  String service = Context.CONNECTIVITY SERVICE:
  ConnectivityManager manager;
  manager = (ConnectivityManager) getSystemService(service);
  // Aktive Verbindung prüfen
  NetworkInfo activeNetwork = manager.getActiveNetworkInfo();
  if (activeNetwork != null) {
      int type = activeNetwork.getType();
      Log.d(null, "Active connection: " + type);
  // Verbindungen prüfen
  for (Network network: manager.getAllNetworks()) {
      NetworkInfo info = manager.getNetworkInfo(network);
```

```
boolean state = info.isConnected();
      if (info.getType() == ConnectivityManager.TYPE WIFI) {
          Log.d(null, "WiFi is connected: " + state);
      if (info.getType() == ConnectivityManager.TYPE_MOBILE) {
          Log.d(null, "Mobile is connected: " + state);
Positionsbestimmung
  // Kriterien für Provider definieren
  Criteria criteria = new Criteria();
  criteria.setAccuracy(Criteria.ACCURACY FINE);
 criteria.setSpeedRequired(false);
  criteria.setAltitudeRequired(false);
  criteria.setBearingRequired(false);
 criteria.setCostAllowed(false);
  criteria.setPowerRequirement(Criteria.POWER_MEDIUM);
  // Provider abholen
  String service = Context.LOCATION_SERVICE;
  LocationManager manager;
  manager = (LocationManager) getSystemService(service);
  String provider = manager.getBestProvider(criteria, true);
  // Updates abonnieren
  manager.requestLocationUpdates(provider, 5000L, 0, this);
 public void onLocationChanged(Location loc) {
      Log.d(null, loc.getLatitude() + "|" + loc.getLongitude());
Broadcast
  public class MyBroadcastReceiver extends BroadcastReceiver {
      @Override
      public void onReceive(Context context, Intent intent) {
          Log.d(LOG TAG, "Broadcast | Action: " + intent.getAction());
          if (intent.getExtras() != null
                  && intent.getExtras().containsKey(MyStartedService.SERVICE RESULT KEY)) {
              Log.d(LOG TAG, "Broadcast | Service Result: " + intent.getIntExtra(
                  MyStartedService.SERVICE_RESULT_KEY, 0));
     }
  public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
          private void registerBroadcastReceiver() {
          receiver = new MyBroadcastReceiver();
          IntentFilter filter = new IntentFilter();
          filter.addAction(ConnectivityManager.CONNECTIVITY ACTION);
          filter.addAction(BROADCAST ACTION);
          registerReceiver(receiver, filter); // Dynamische Registrierung, vs. statisch im Manifest
      private void unregisterBroadcastReceiver() {
          unregisterReceiver(receiver);
          receiver = null:
      private void sendImplicitBroadcast() {
          // Can be simulated using:
          // adb shell am broadcast -a ch.ost.rj.mge.v06.myapplication.MY_INTENT
          Intent intent = new Intent();
          intent.setAction(BROADCAST_ACTION);
          intent.putExtra("data", "example");
          sendBroadcast(intent);
      private void sendExplicitBroadcast() {
          // Can be simulated using:
          // adb shell am broadcast -a ch.ost.rj.mge.v06.myapplication.MY_INTENT -n
              // ch.ost.ri.mge.v06.mvapplication/.MvBroadcastReceiver
          Intent intent = new Intent(this, MyBroadcastReceiver.class);
          intent.setAction(BROADCAST_ACTION);
         intent.putExtra("data", "example");
          sendBroadcast(intent);
Started Service
  public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
      private void runStartedService() {
```

```
Intent broadcastIntent = new Intent(this, MyBroadcastReceiver.class);
          broadcastIntent.setAction(BROADCAST ACTION);
          PendingIntent pendingIntent = PendingIntent.getBroadcast(
              this, 0, broadcastIntent, PendingIntent.FLAG_MUTABLE);
          Intent intent = new Intent(this, MyStartedService.class);
          intent.putExtra(MyStartedService.SERVICE PI KEY, pendingIntent);
          startService(intent);
      private void stopStartedService() {
          Intent intent = new Intent(this, MyStartedService.class);
          stopService(intent);
  public class MyStartedService extends Service {
      private boolean stopRequested;
      @Override
      public void onCreate() { /* ... */ }
      @Override
      public int onStartCommand(Intent intent, int flags, int startId) {
          new Thread(() => {
              /* do some things */
              if (stopRequested) { stopSelf(startId); }
          }).start();
      @Override
      public void onDestroy() {
          logMessage("onDestroy");
          stopRequested = true;
          super.onDestroy();
Bound Service
  public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements ServiceConnection {
      private void connectToBoundService() {
          Intent intent = new Intent(this, MyBoundService.class);
          bindService(intent, this, Context.BIND_AUTO_CREATE);
      private void interactWithBoundService() {
          boundService.showToast("Hallo aus der MainActivity");
      private void disconnectFromBoundService() {
          unbindService(this);
          onServiceDisconnected(null);
  @Override
  public void onServiceConnected(ComponentName componentName, IBinder iBinder) {
      // Call UI Related Logic
      MyBoundService.MyBinder binder = (MyBoundService.MyBinder) iBinder;
      boundService = binder.getService();
  @Override
  public void onServiceDisconnected(ComponentName componentName) {
      // only called on problems, not normal unbind!
      // Call UI Related Logic
      boundService = null;
  public class MyBoundService extends Service {
      public class MyBinder extends Binder
          public MyBoundService getService() {
              return MyBoundService.this;
      private final IBinder binder = new MyBinder();
      @Override public IBinder onBind(Intent intent) {
          logMessage("onBind"); return binder;
      @Override public boolean onUnbind(Intent intent) {
          logMessage("onUnbind"); return super.onUnbind(intent);
      @Override public void onDestroy() {
          logMessage("onDestroy"); super.onDestroy();
```

Data Binding: Observables

```
Observable Fields
```

```
public class User {
      public final ObservableField<String> name = new ObservableField<>();
      public final ObservableInt age = new ObservableInt();
      public User(String name, int age) {
          this.firstName.set(name);
          this.age.set(age);
Observable Classes
  public class User extends BaseObservable {
      // Fields and Constructor...
      @Bindable // This Annotation should be applied to any getter of Observable Fields.
      public String getName() {
         return this.name;
      public void setName(String name) {
         this.name = name:
          notifyPropertyChanged(BR.name); // BR ist eine automatisch generierte Klasse mit
                              // Properties, die fürs Binding verwendet werden.
Lifecycle Aware Components
 public class MyActivity {
      private MyLocationListener myLocationListener;
      @Override protected void onCreate (Bundle savedInstanceState) {
          super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
          binding = ActivityUserBinding.inflate(...);
          binding.setVm(viewModel);
         binding.setLifecycleOwner(this);
                                                   // Lifecycle Owner für Data Bindings im XML
          myLocationListener = new LocationListener(
              getLifecycle(),
                                 // eigener Lifecycle übergeben
              getLitecycle(),    // eigener Litecycle upergeben
(location) -> { /* UI Update bei Positionsänderung */ });
         Util.check(result -> {
              if (result) { myLocationListener.enable(); }
         });
      }
  // Listener Implementation
 public class MyLocationListener implements LifecycleObserver {
      private final Lifecycle lifecycle;
      private boolean enabled = false;
      public MyLocationListener(Lifecycle lifecycle, Consumer<Location> callback) {
          this.lifecycle = lifecycle;
          this.lifecycle.addObserver(this);
      @OnLifeCycleEvent(ON_START)
      void start() { /* ... */ }
      @OnLifeCycleEvent(ON_STOP)
      void stop() { /* ... */ }
      public void enable() {
          enabled = true;
          if (lifecycle.getCurrentState().isAtLeast(STARTED)) {
              start();
      }
ViewModel
  public class UserActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
      private ActivityUserBinding binding;
      @Override protected void onCreate (Bundle savedInstanceState) {
         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
         User user = new User("Thomas", "Kälin", 36);
         UserViewModelFactory factory = new UserViewModelFactory(user);
         UserViewModel viewModel = new ViewModelProvider(this, factory) // Factory nur
               .get(UserViewModel.class);
                                                               // benötigt wegen user-Parameter
                  // this ist Referenz auf Lifecycle-Owner ^
```