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SQL Cheat Sheet: Basics



Command	Syntax	Description	Example
SELECT	SELECT column1, column2, FROM table_name;	SELECT statement is used to fetch data from a database. WHERE clause is	SELECT city FROM placeofinterest;
WHERE	SELECT column1, column2,FROM table_name WHERE condition;	used to	<pre>SELECT * FROM placeofinterest WHERE city == 'Rome' ;</pre>
COUNT	<pre>SELECT COUNT * FROM table_name ;</pre>	the number of rows when the column is not NULL.	<pre>SELECT COUNT(country) FROM placeofinterest WHERE country='Canada';</pre>
DISTINCT	<pre>SELECT DISTINCT columnname FROM table_name;</pre>	DISTINCT function is used to specify that the statement is a query which returns unique values in specified columns. LIMIT is a	SELECT DISTINCT country FROM placeofinterest WHERE type='historical';
LIMIT	<pre>SELECT * FROM table_name LIMIT number;</pre>	clause to specify the maximum number of rows the result set must have.	<pre>SELECT * FROM placeofinterest WHERE airport="pearson" LIMIT 5;</pre>
INSERT	<pre>INSERT INTO table_name (column1,column2,column3) VALUES(value1,value2,value3);</pre>	INSERT is used to insert new	<pre>INSERT INTO placeofinterest (name,type,city,country,airport) VALUES('Niagara Waterfalls','Nature','Toronto','Canada','Pearson');</pre>

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rows in the table. UPDATE used to UPDATE table name SET[[column1]= update the UPDATE placeofinterest SET name = 'Niagara Falls' **UPDATE** [VALUES]] WHERE [condition]; WHERE name = "Niagara Waterfalls"; rows in the table. DELETE statement is used to remove rows from DELETE FROM table_name WHERE DELETE FROM placeofinterest WHERE city IN **DELETE** the table [condition]; ('Rome','Vienna'); which are specified in the WHERE condition.

Author(s)

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-05-04	1.1	Benny	Formatting changes
2021-07-27	1.0	Malika	Initial Version

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