

Animation

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Oregon State University



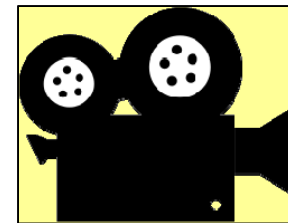
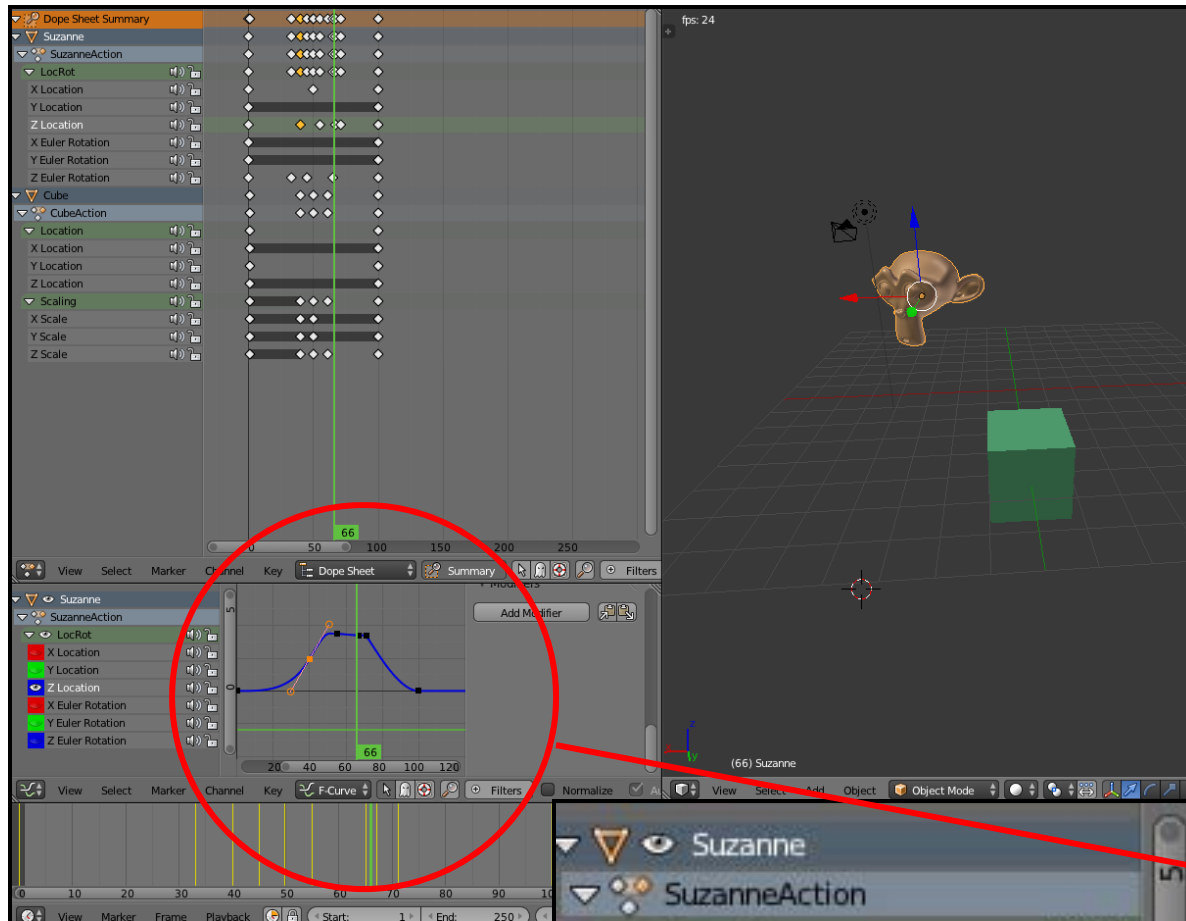
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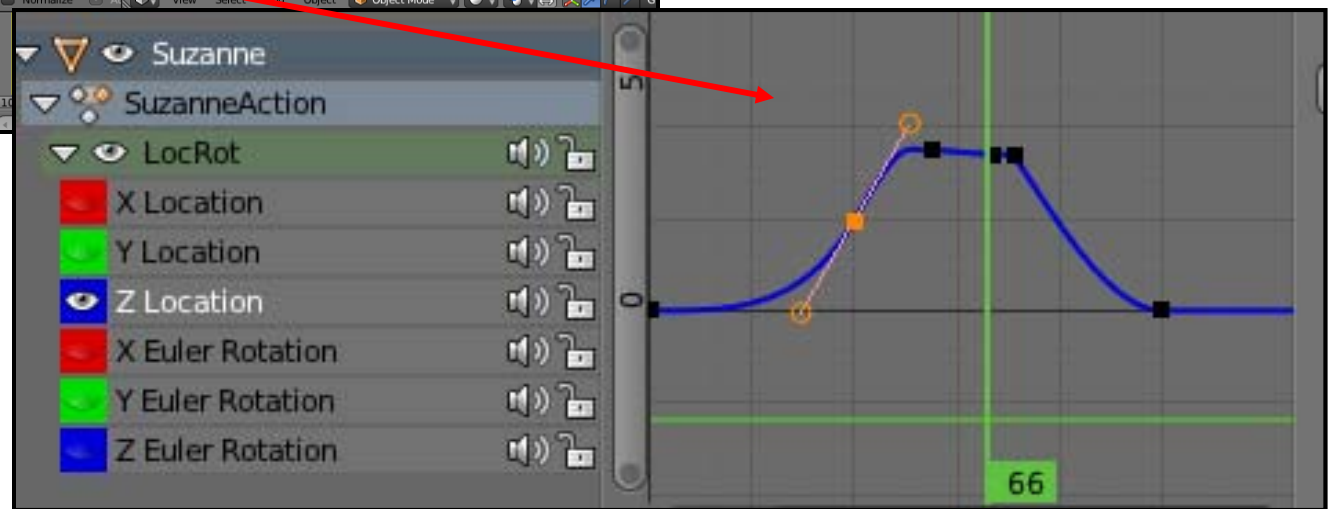
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Keyframe Animation

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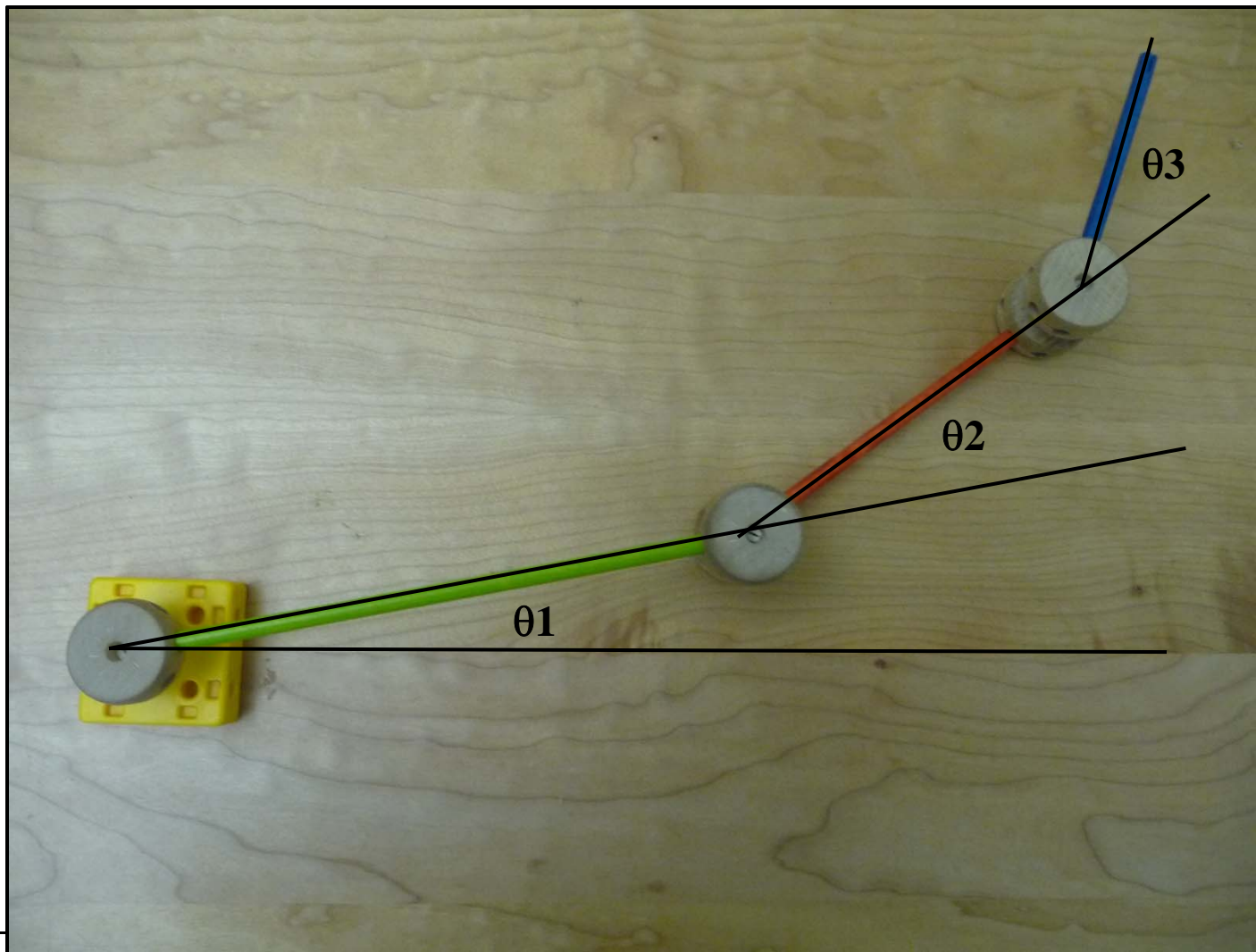


anim2.mp4

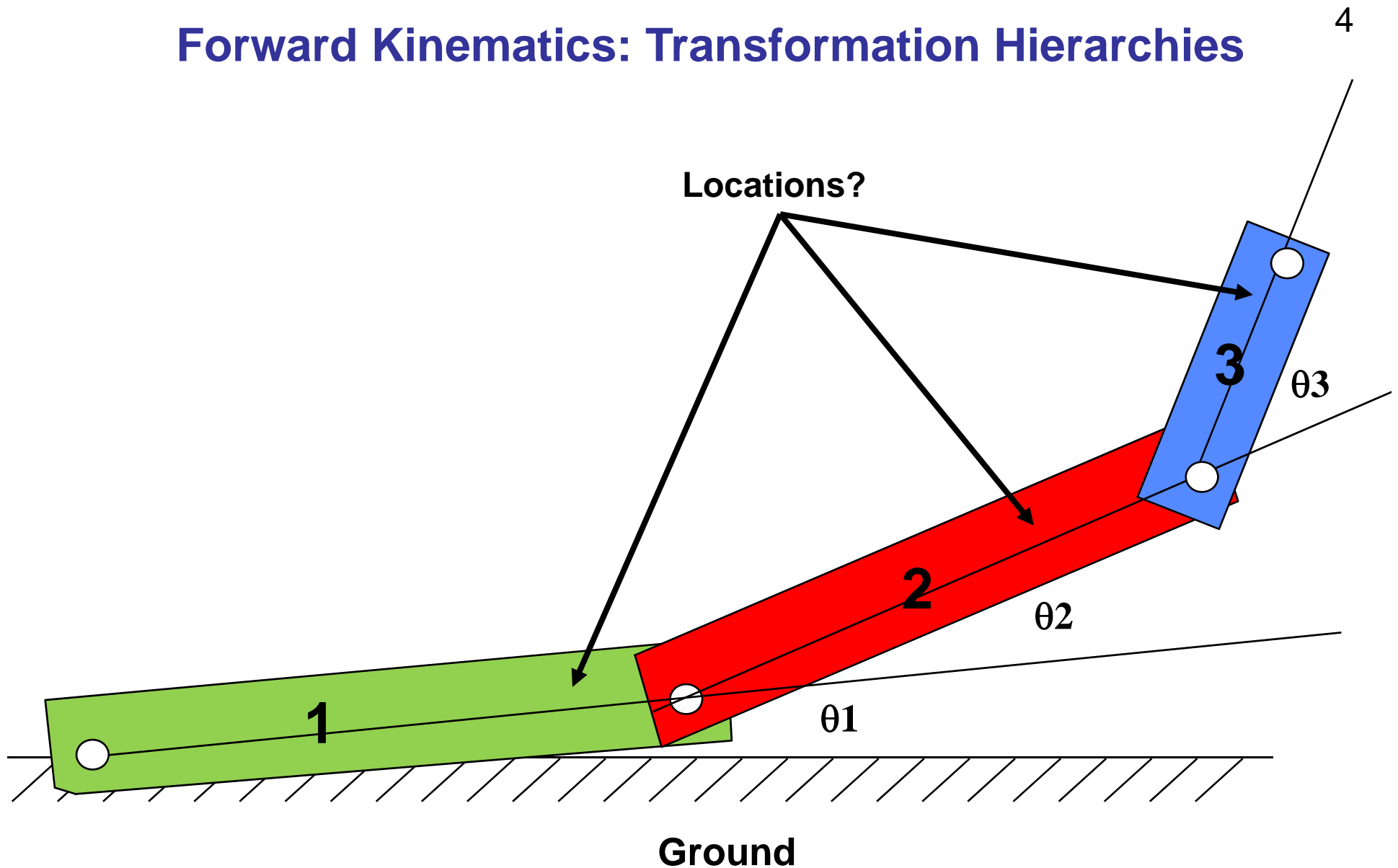


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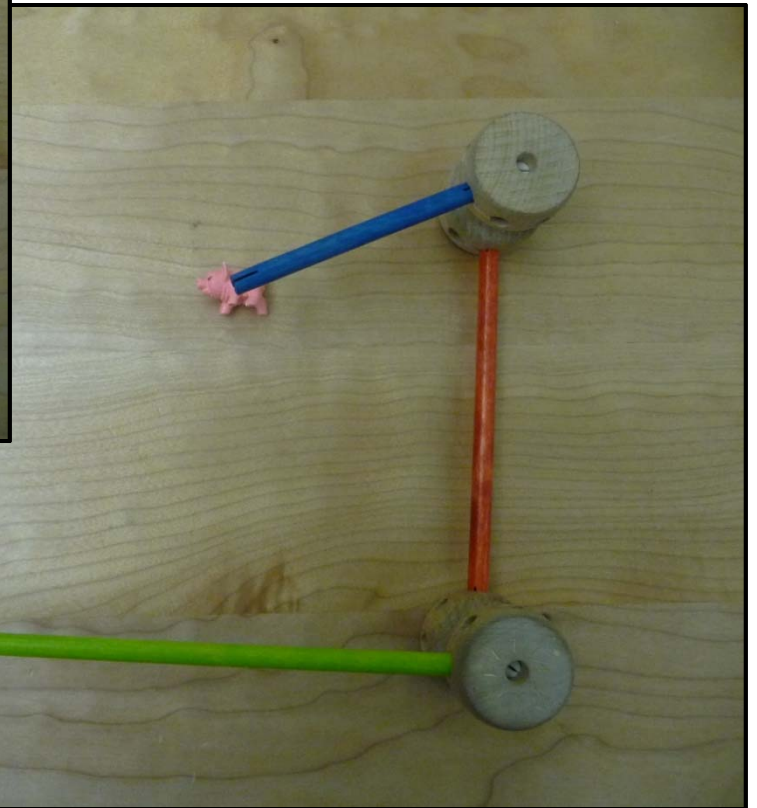
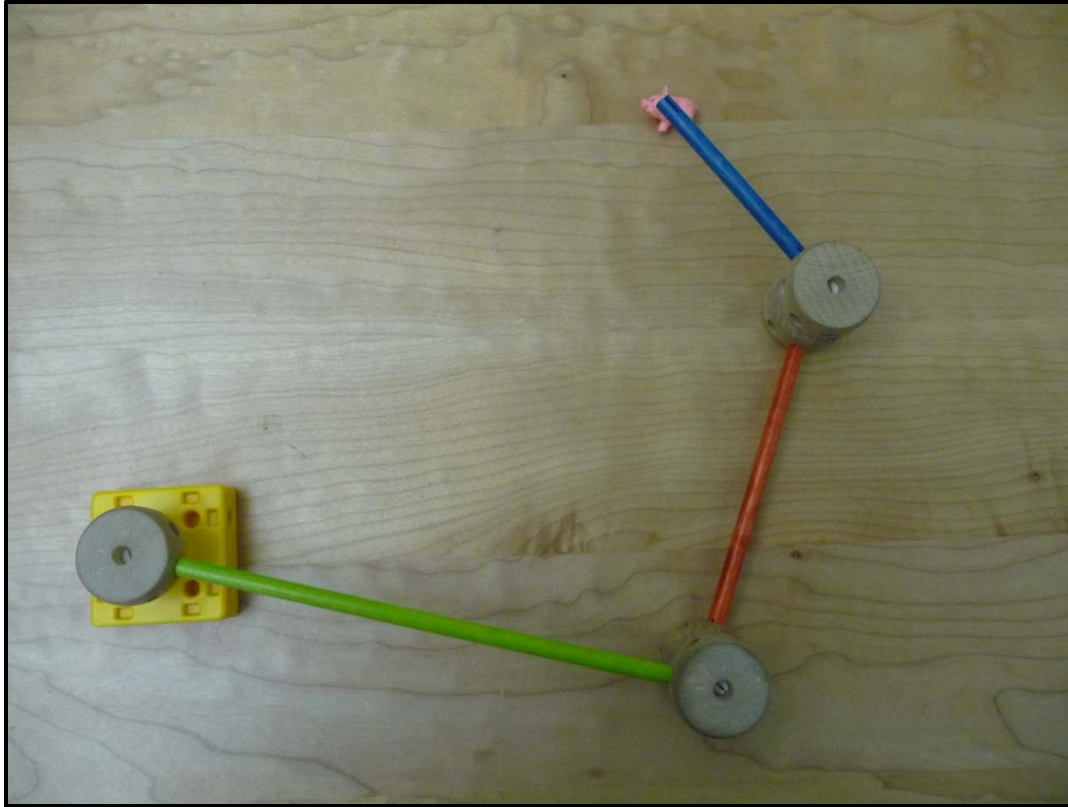
Forward Kinematics: Change Parameters – Things Move (All Children Understand This)



Forward Kinematics: Transformation Hierarchies



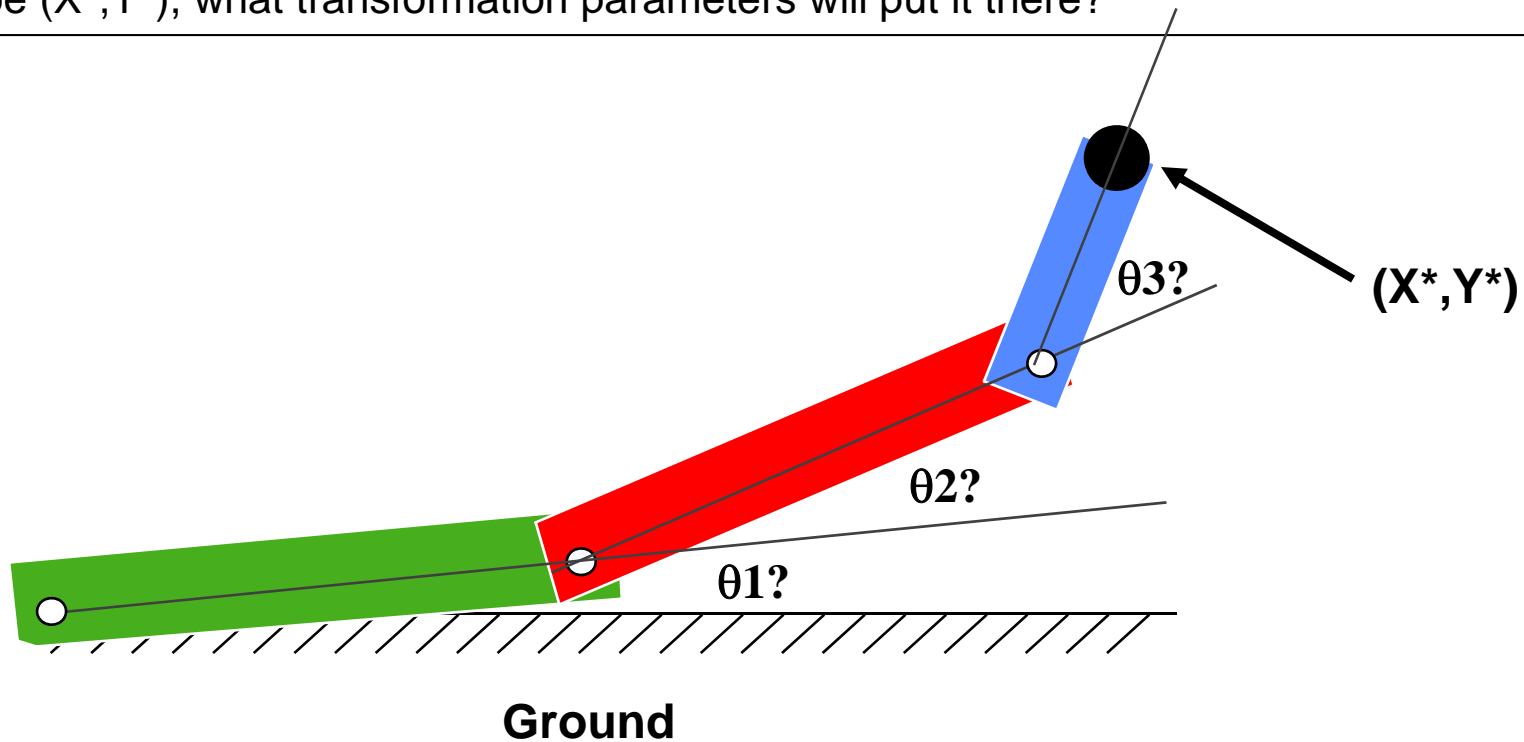
Inverse Kinematics (IK): Things Need to Move – What Parameters Will Make Them Do That?



Inverse Kinematics (IK)

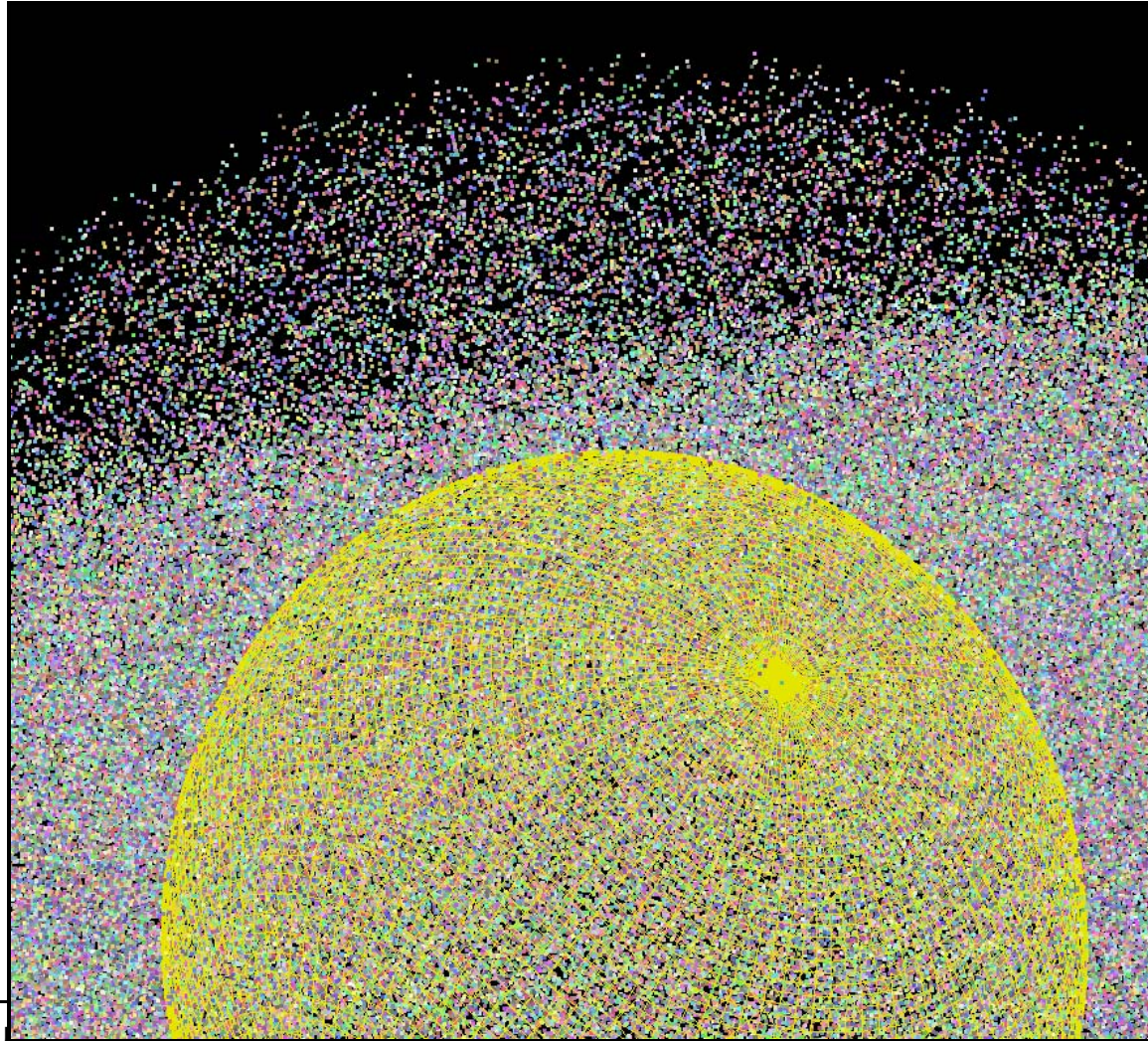
Forward Kinematics solves the problem “if I know the link transformation parameters, where are the links?”.

Inverse Kinematics (IK) solves the problem “If I know where I want the end of the chain to be (X^*, Y^*) , what transformation parameters will put it there?”



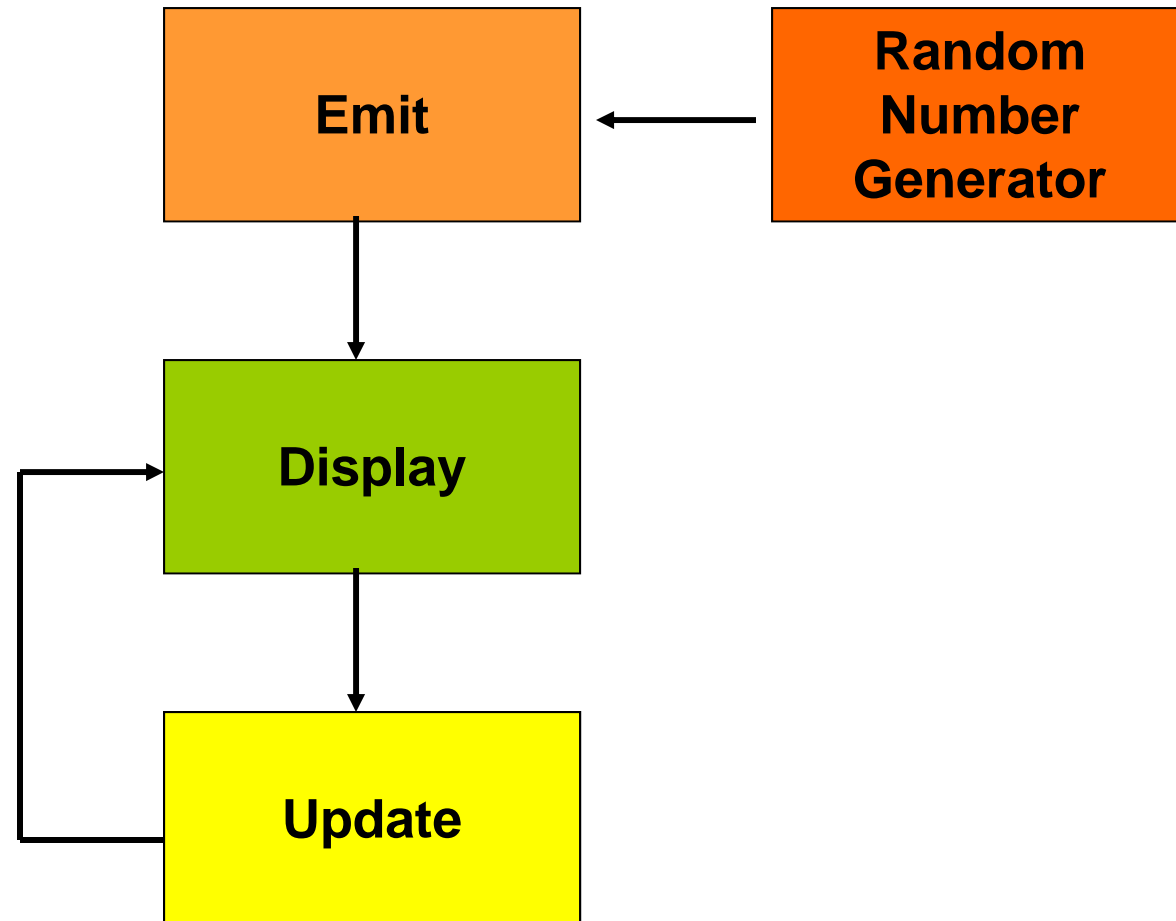
Particle Systems: A Cross Between Modeling and Animation?

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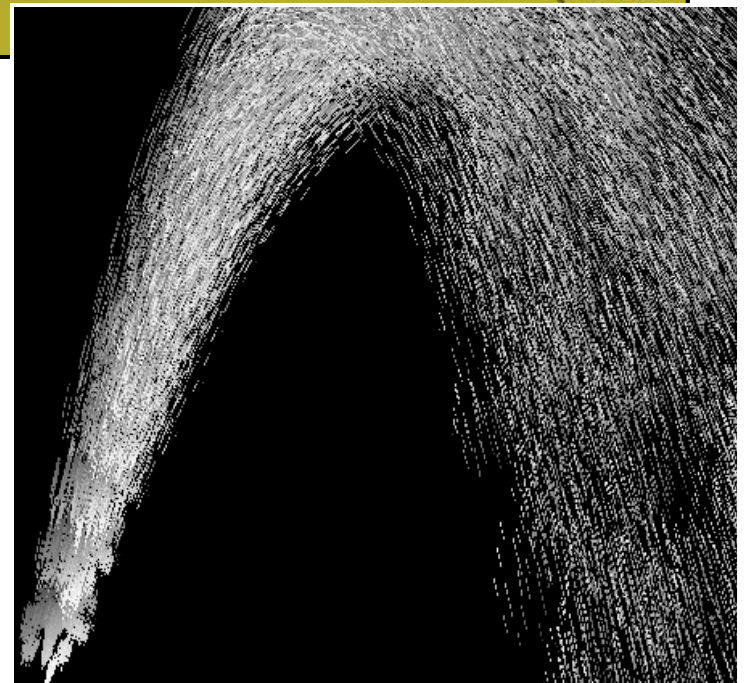
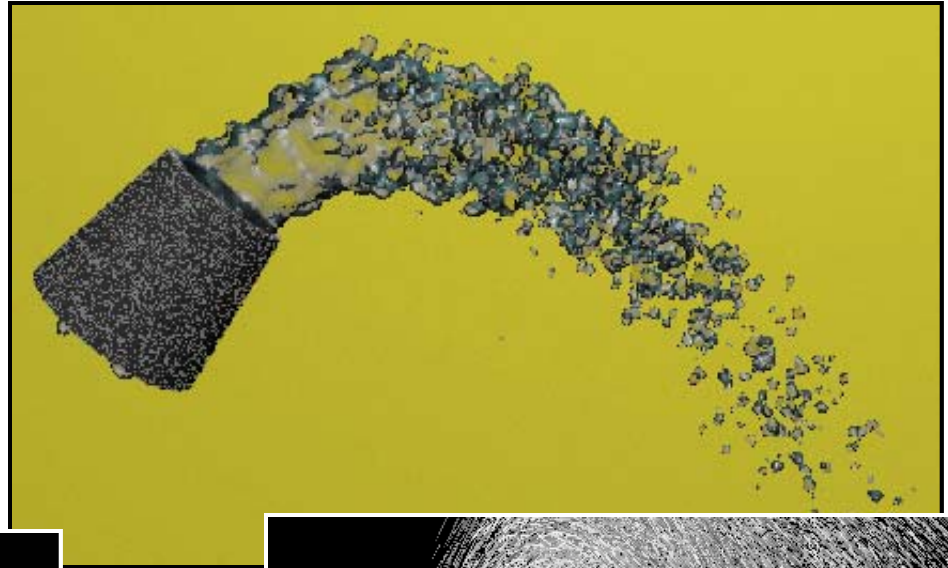
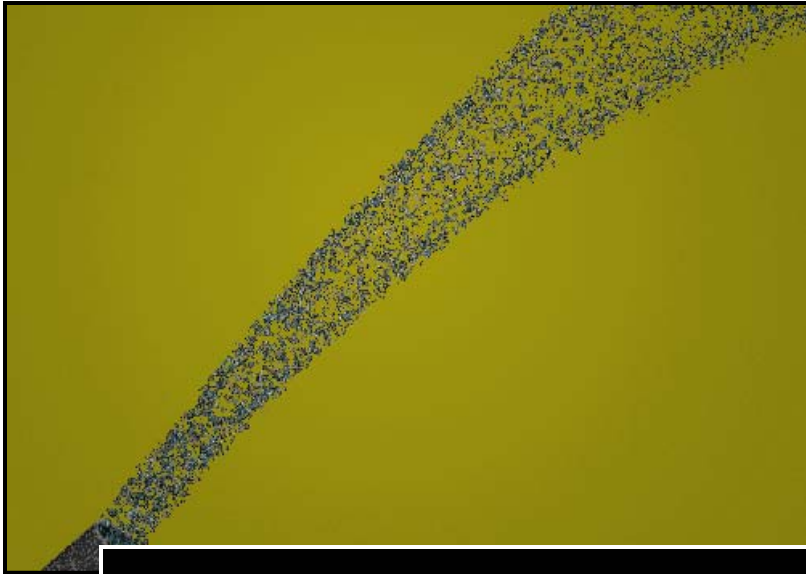


Particle Systems: A Cross Between Modeling and Animation?

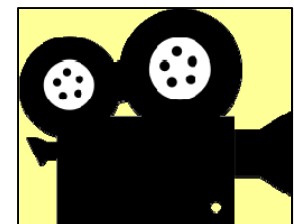
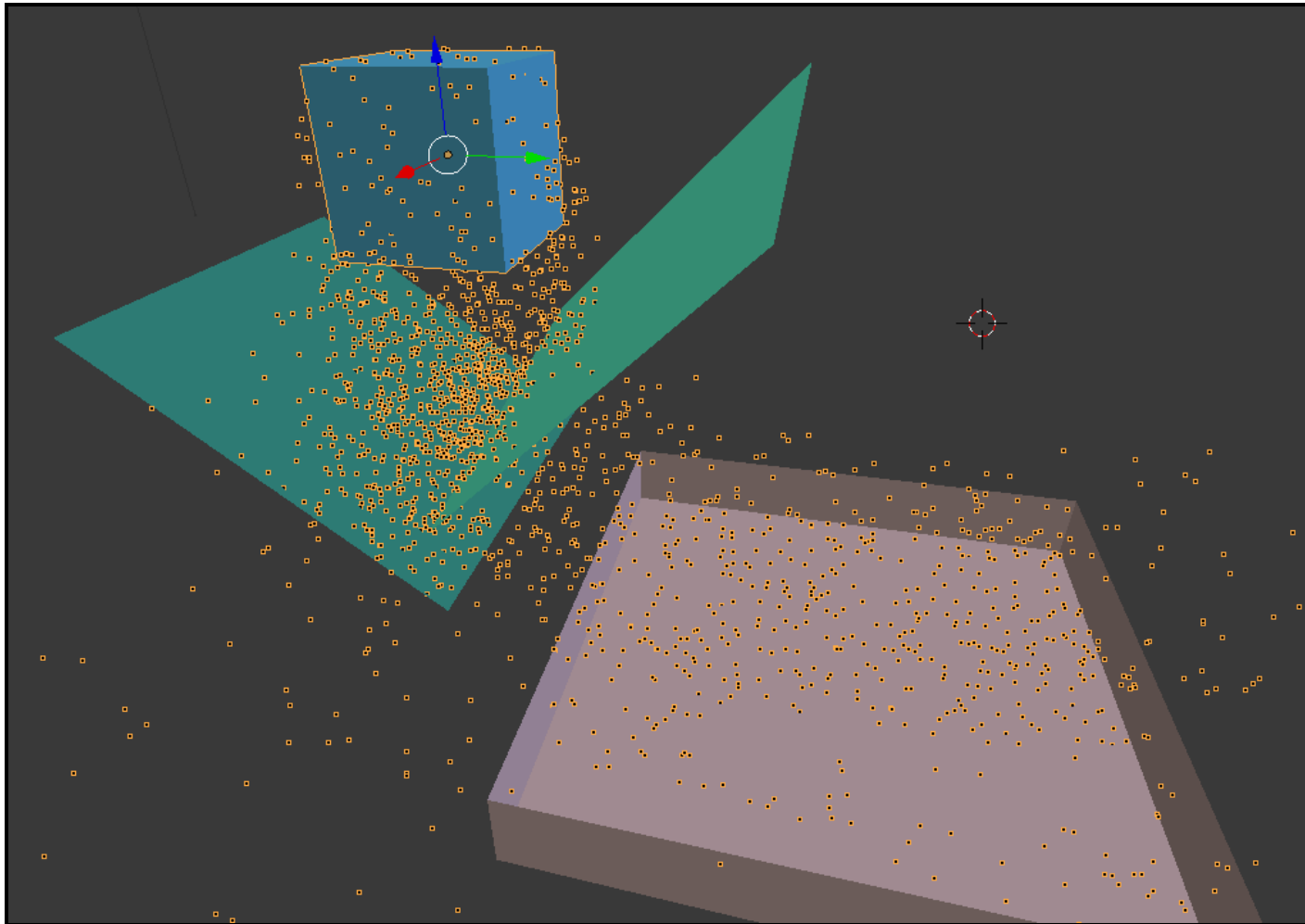
The basic process is:



Particle Systems Examples

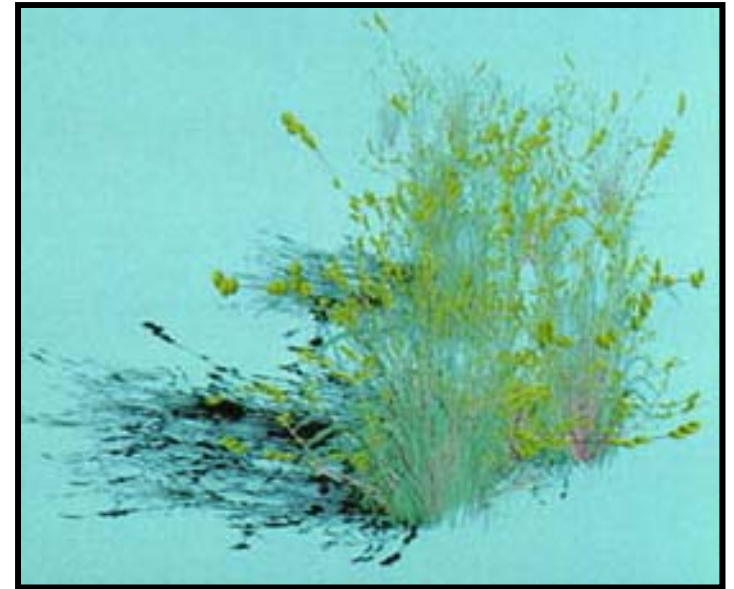


Particle Systems Examples



particles.mp4

Particle Systems Examples



A Particle System to Simulate Colliding Galaxies in *Cosmic Voyage*¹²

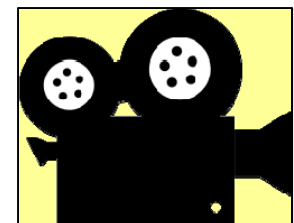
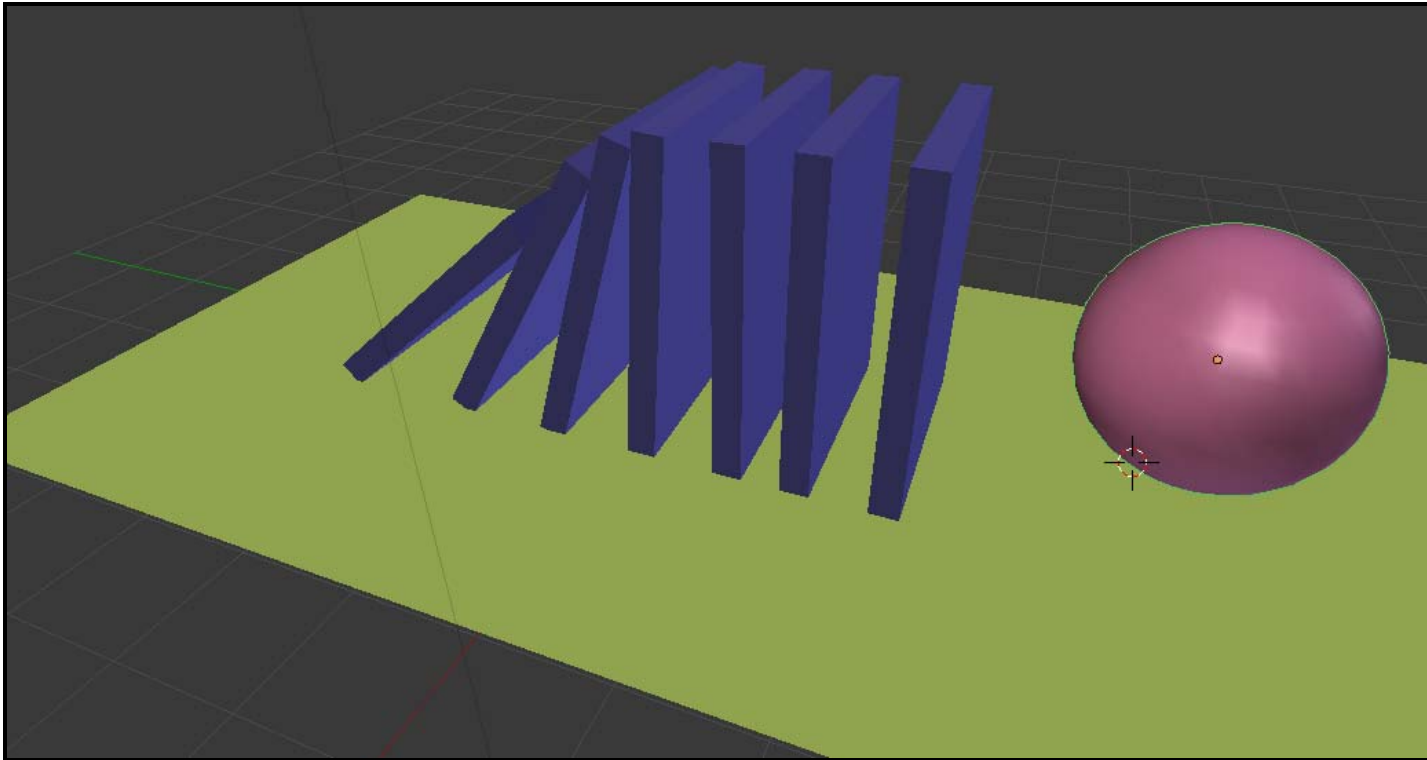


Particles Don't Actually Have to Be “Particles”

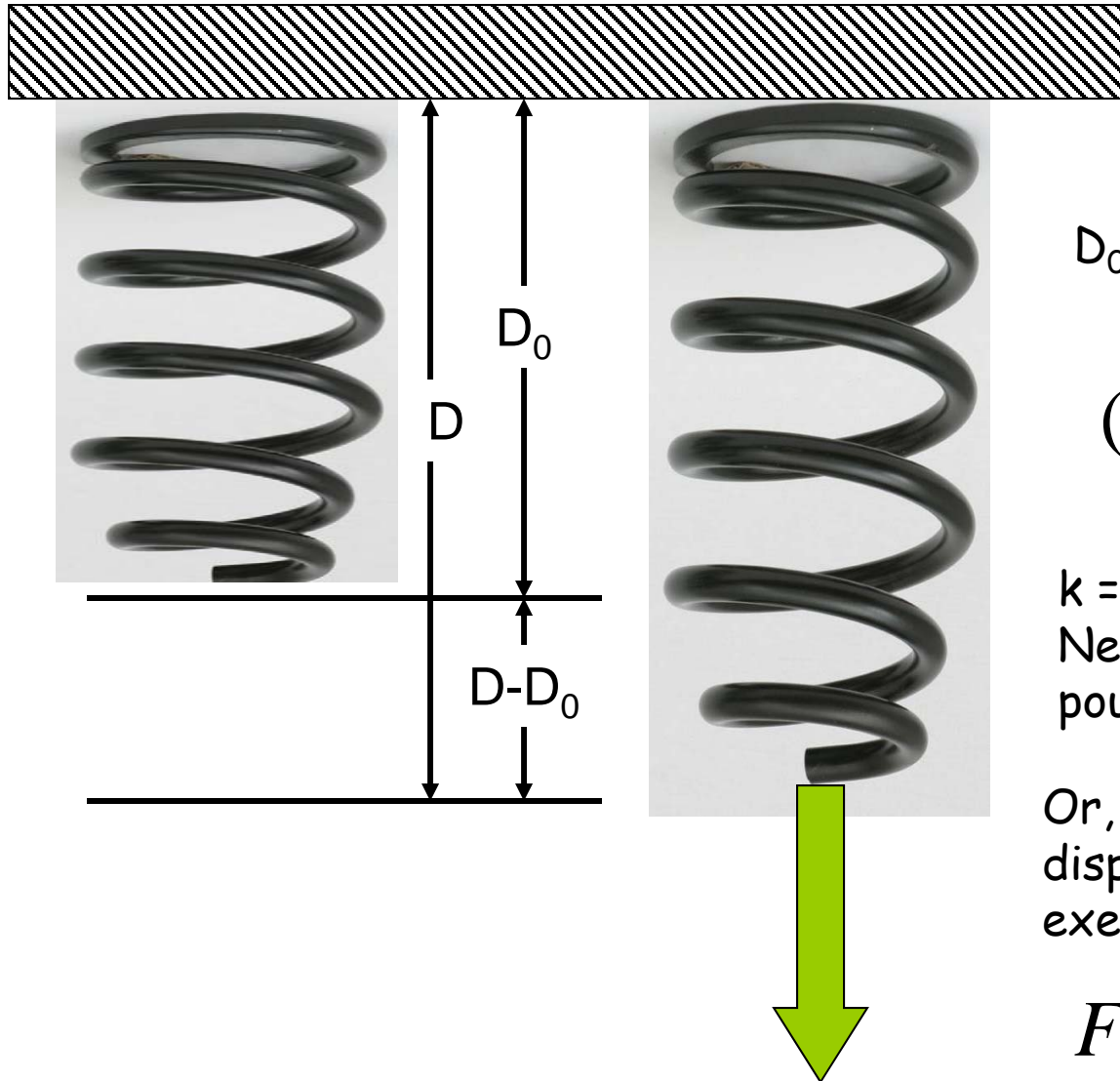


Animating using Physics

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dominos.mp4



D_0 = unloaded spring length

$$(D - D_0) = \frac{F}{k}$$

k = **spring stiffness** in
Newtons/meter or
pounds/inch

Or, if you know the
displacement, the force
exerted by the spring is:

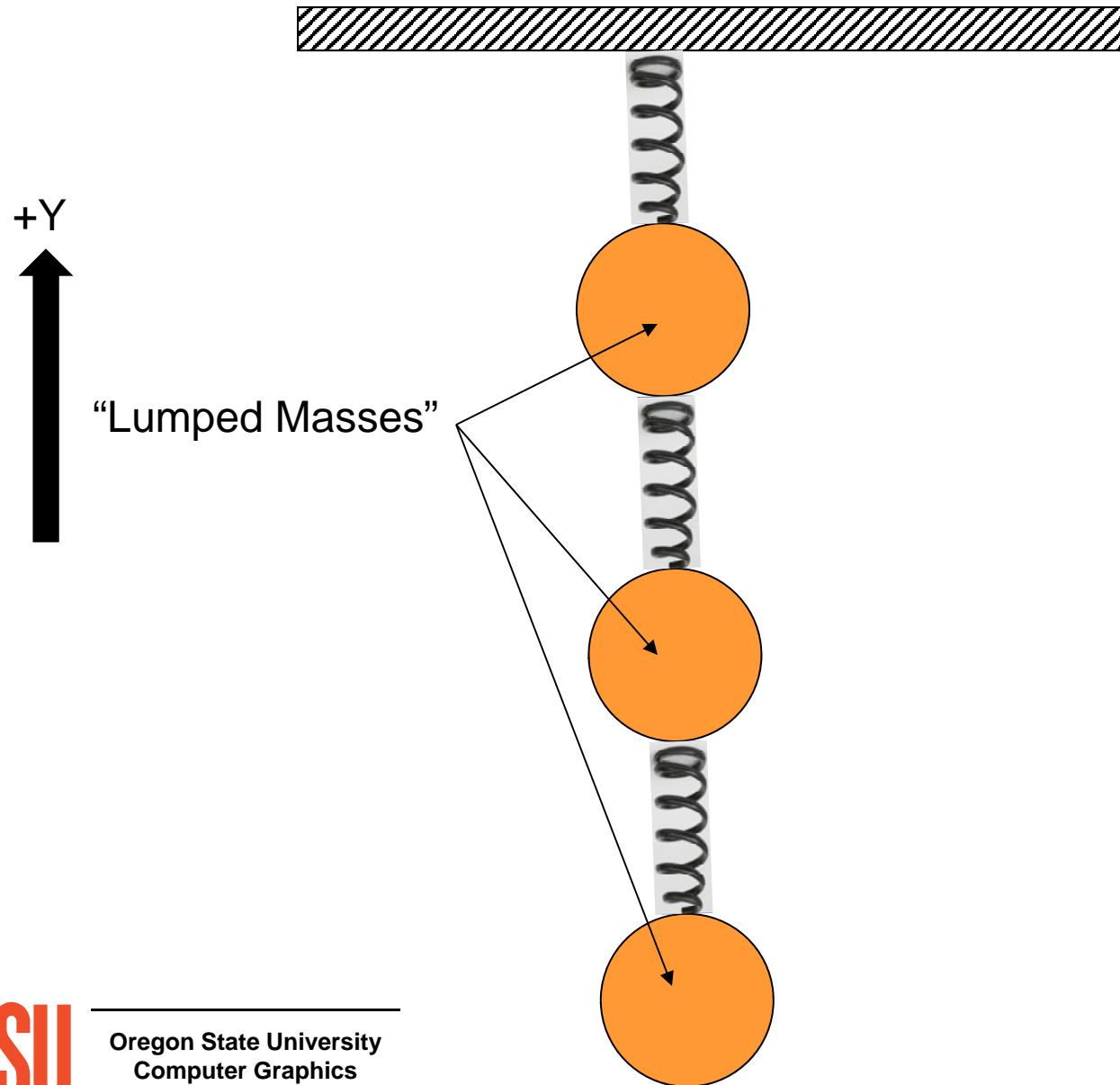
$$F = k(D - D_0)$$

Force = F

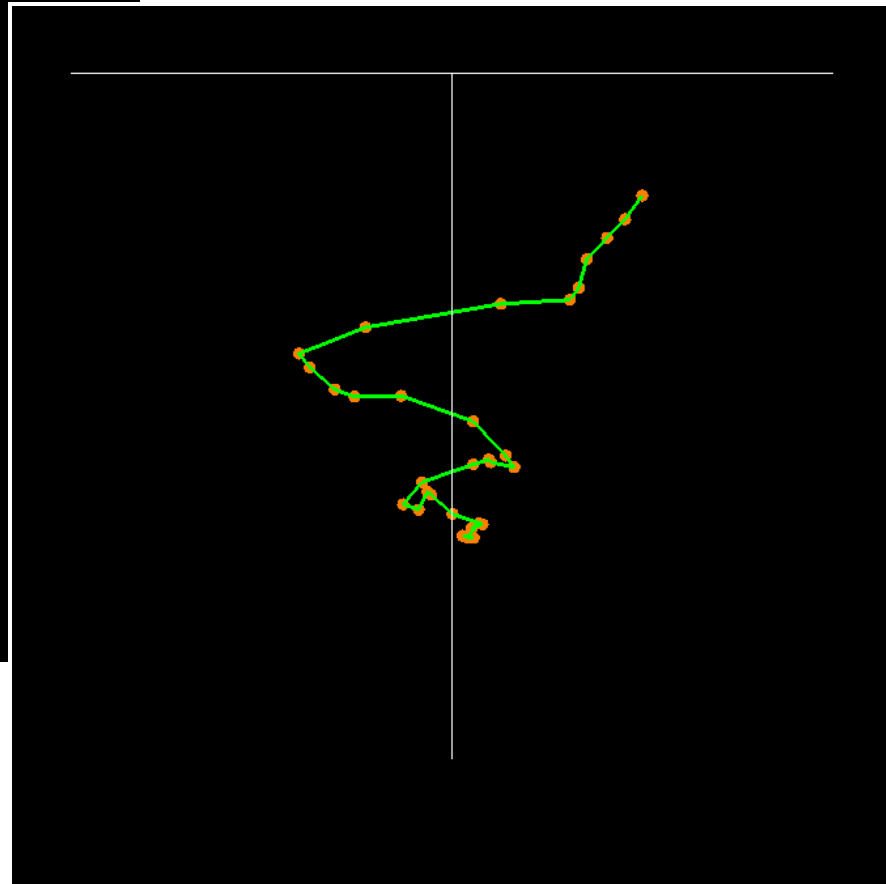
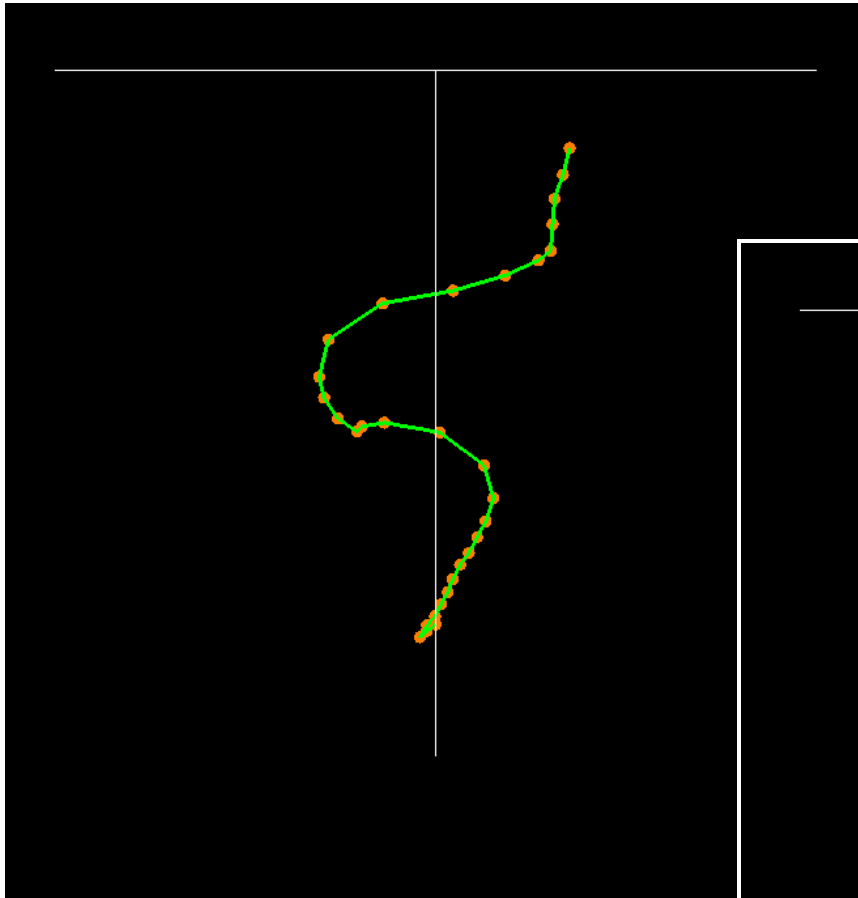
This is known as Hooke's law

Animating using the Physics of a Mesh of Springs

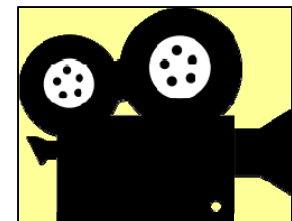
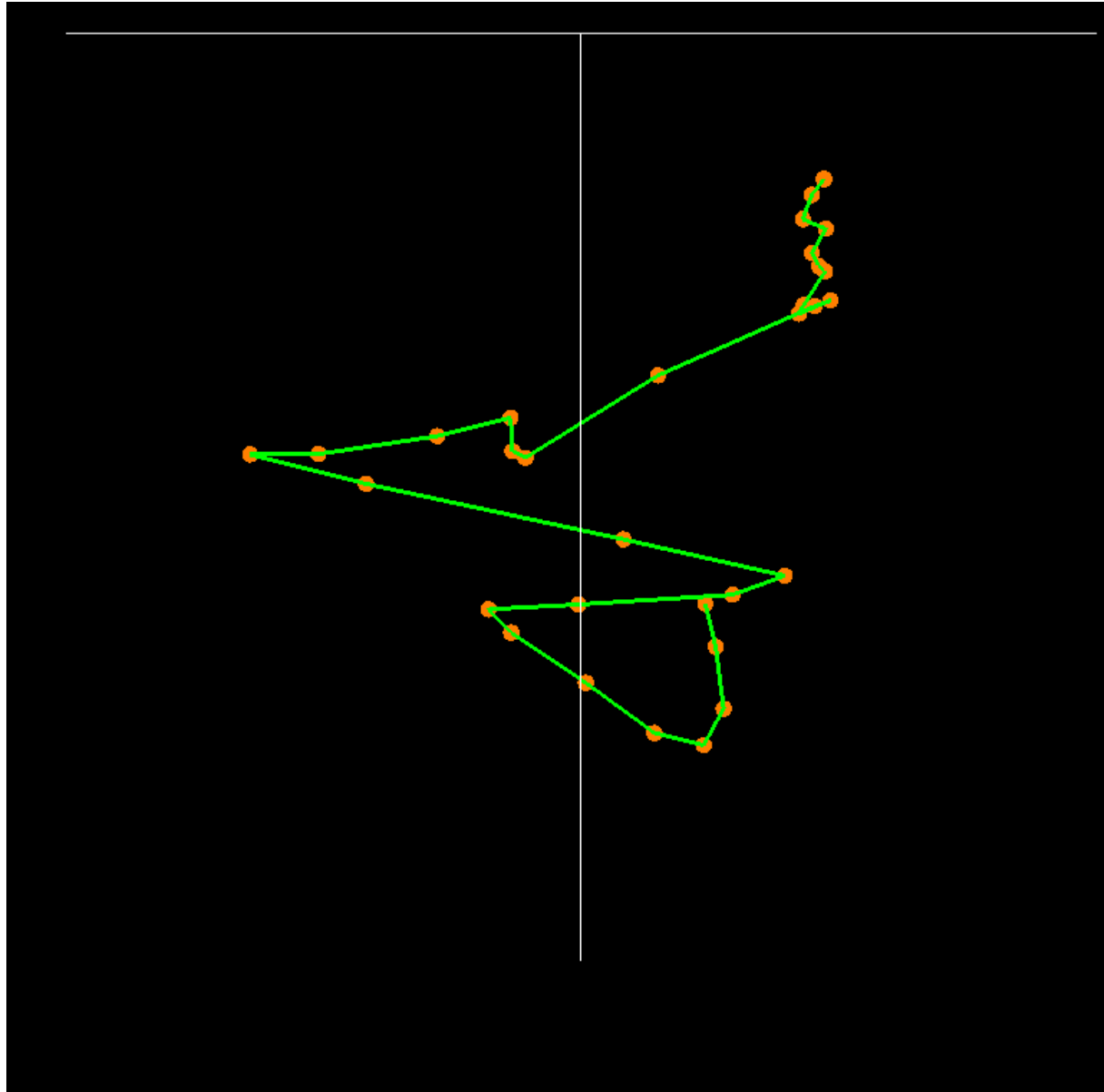
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Simulating a Bouncy String

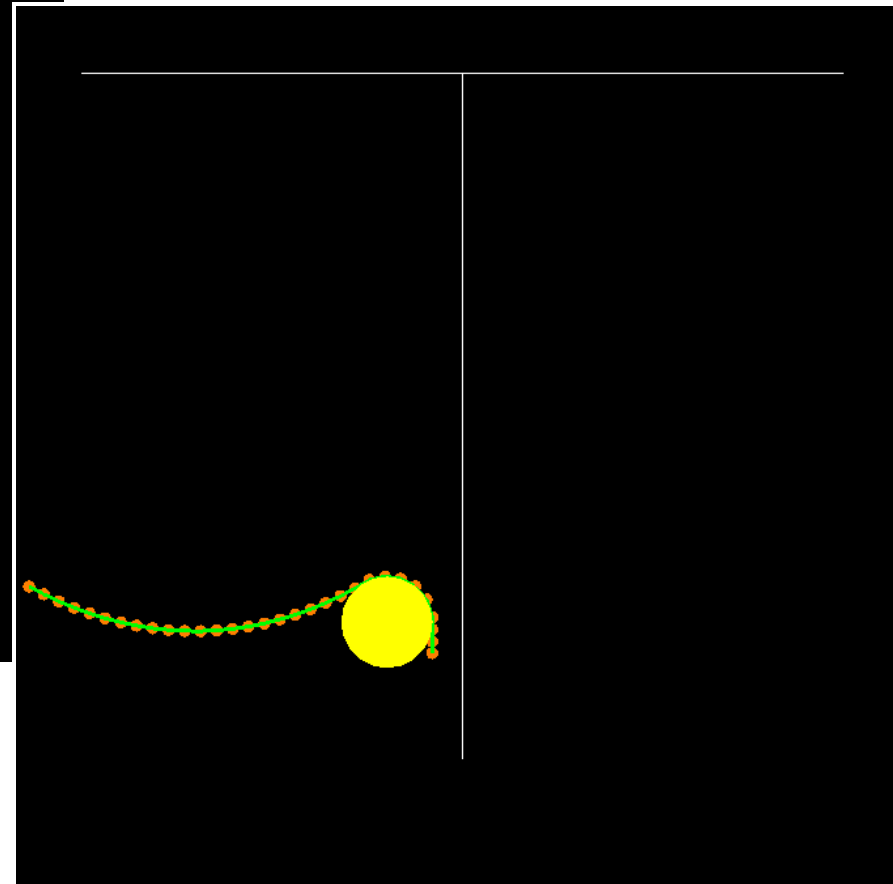
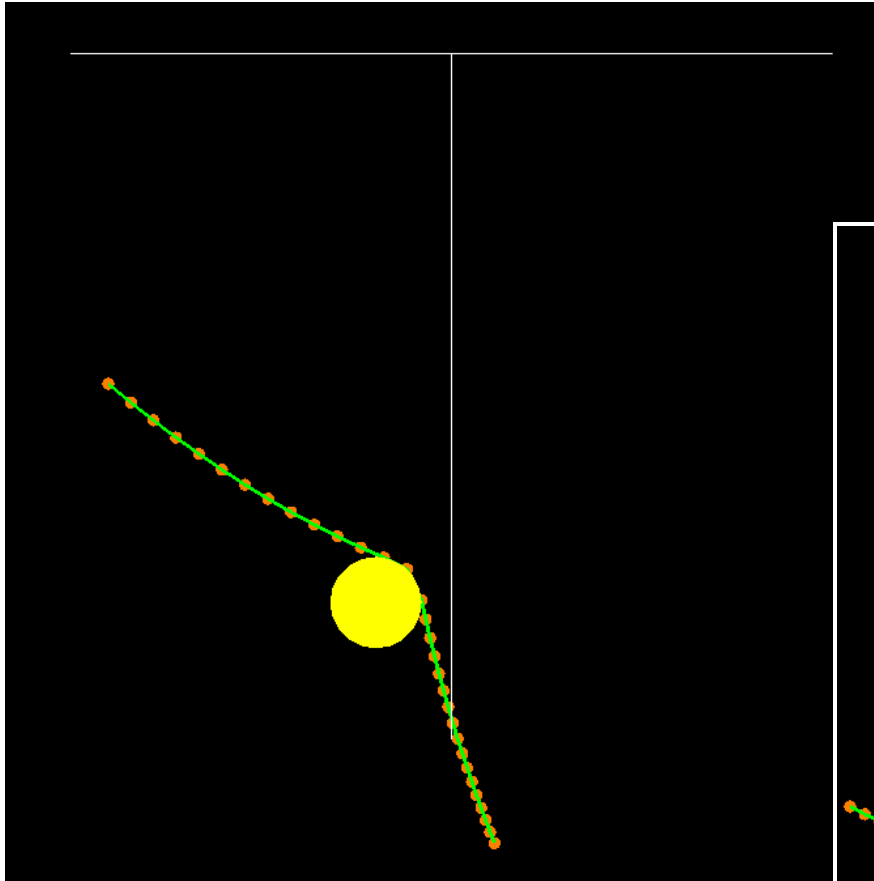


Simulating a Bouncy String

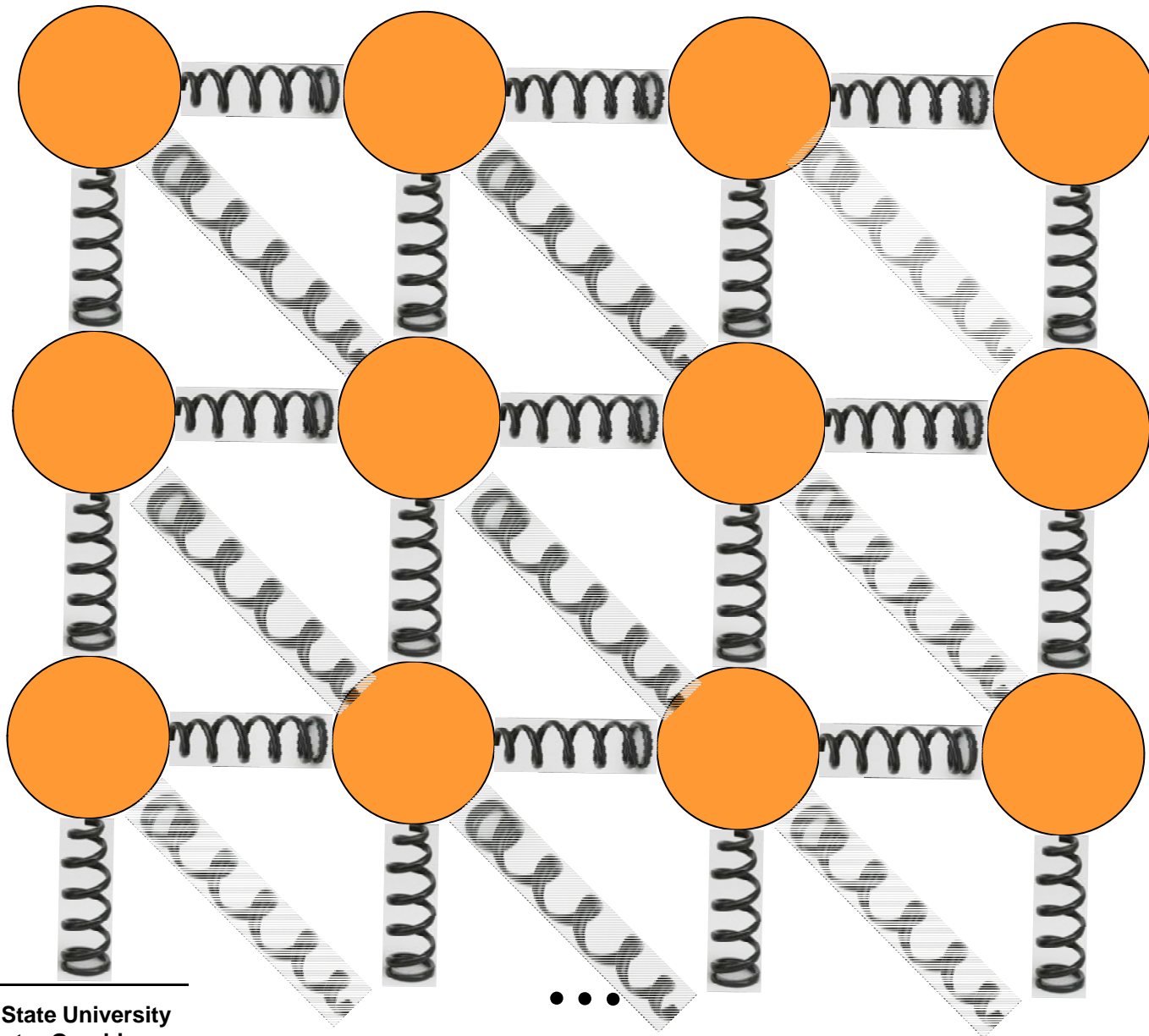


string.mp4

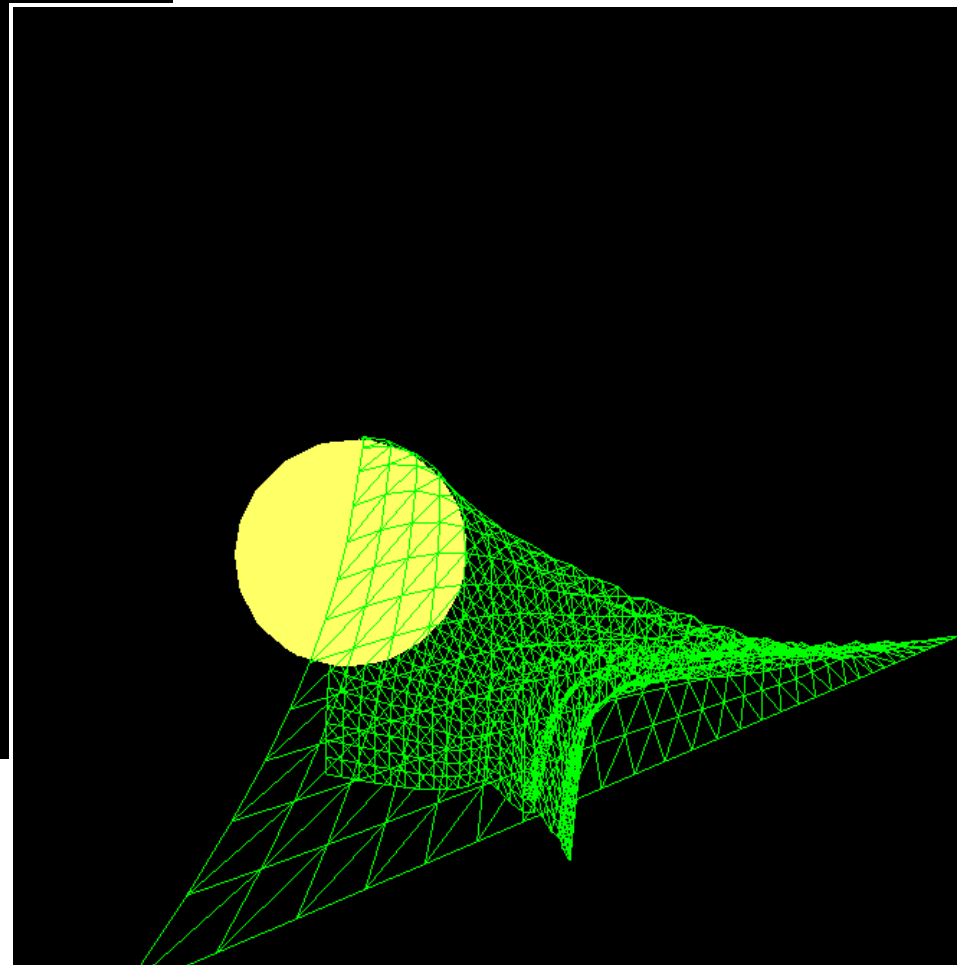
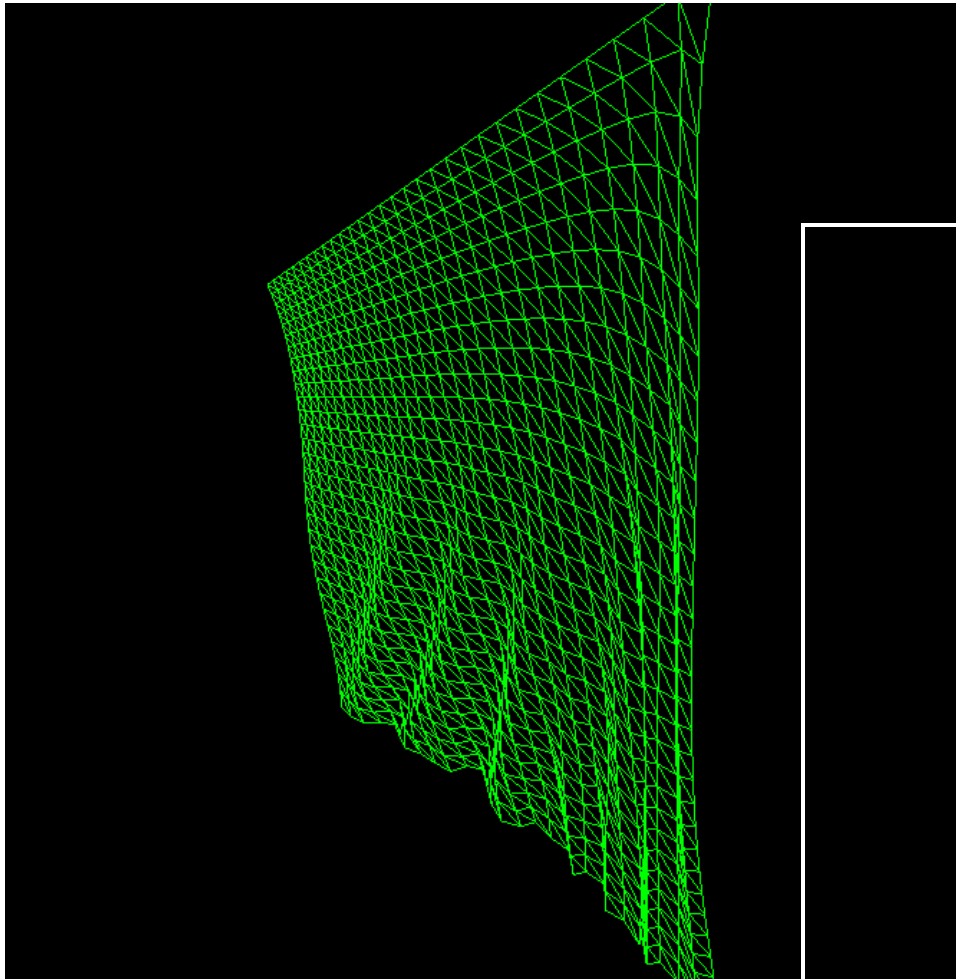
Placing a Physical Barrier in the Scene



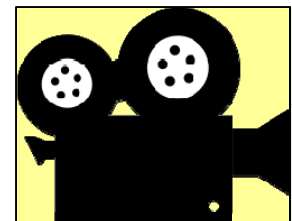
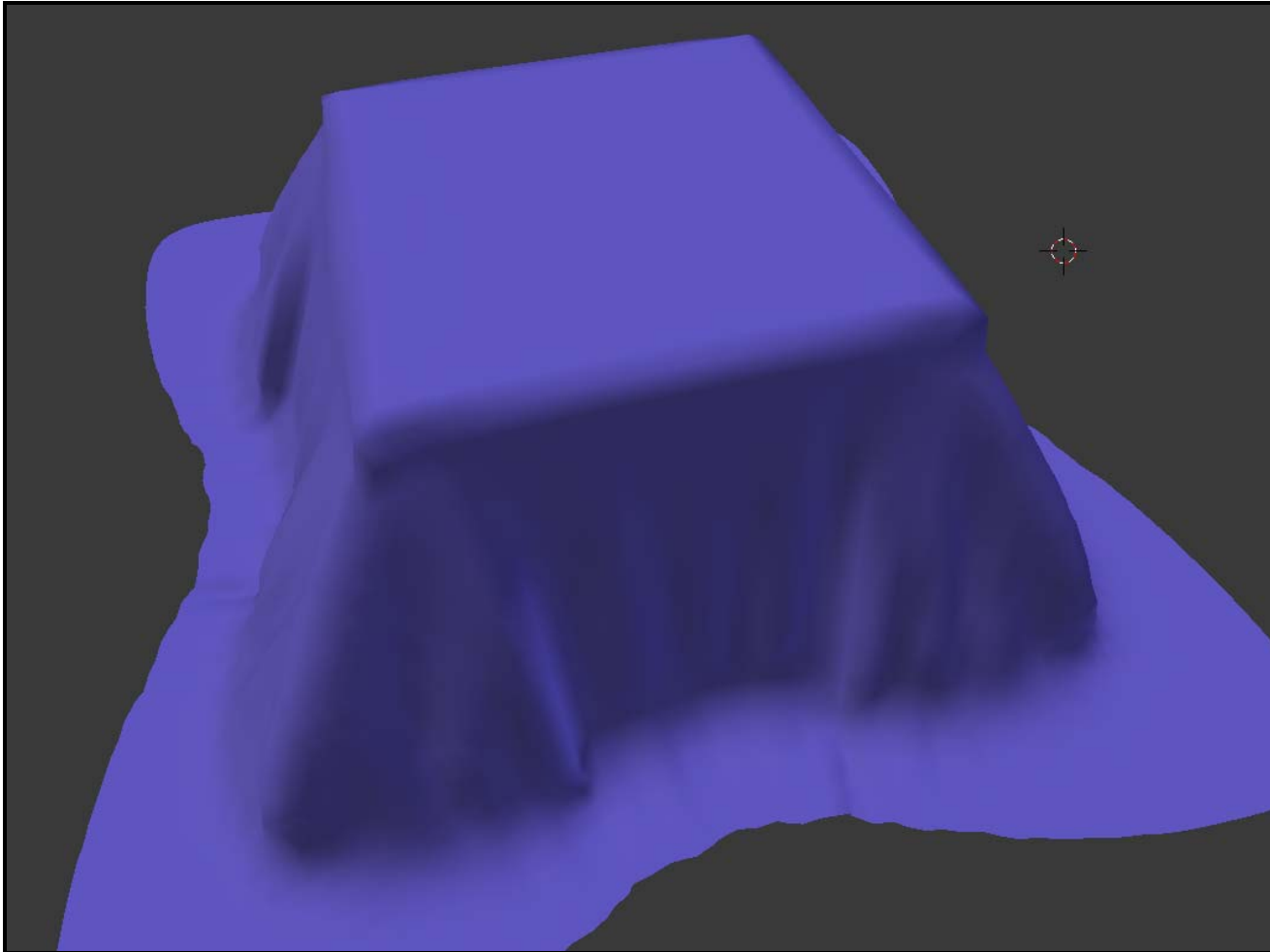
Animating Cloth



Cloth Examples



Cloth Example



cloth.mp4

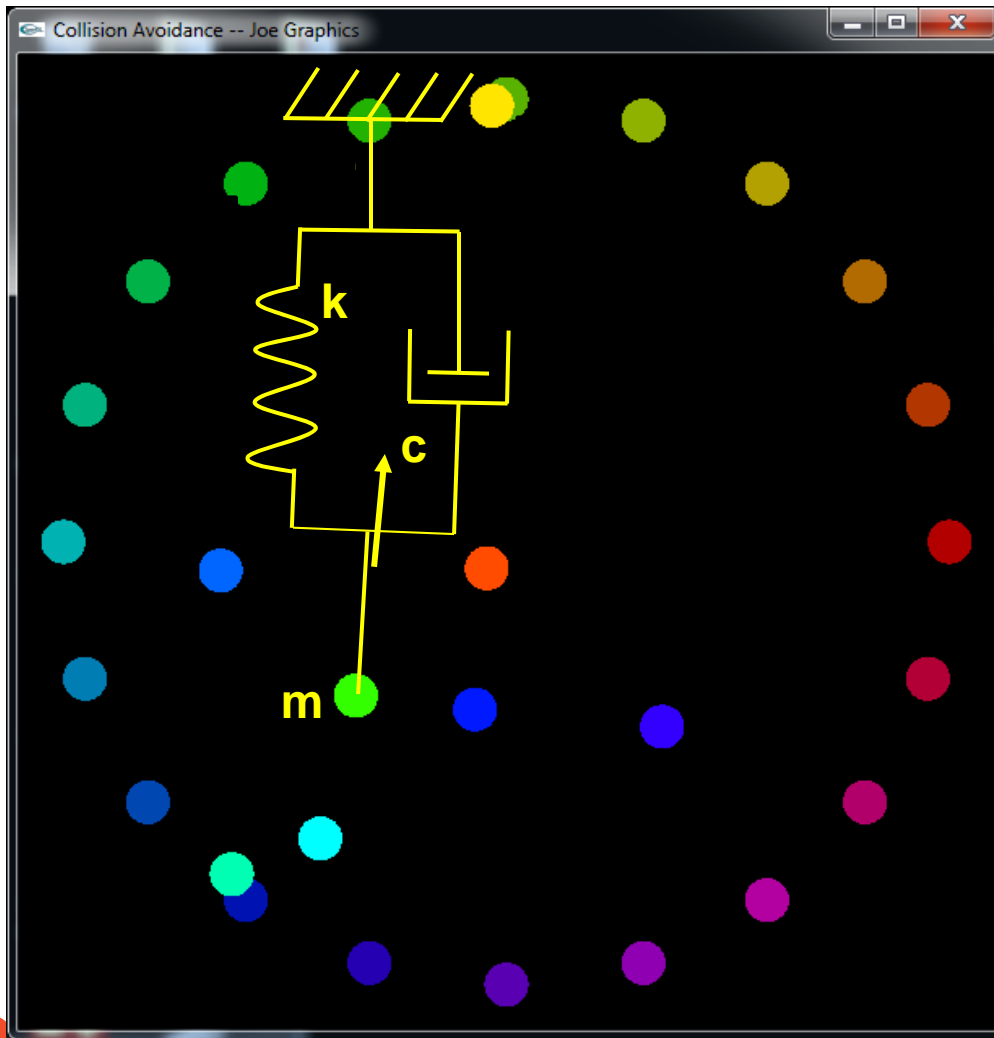
Cloth Example



Pixar

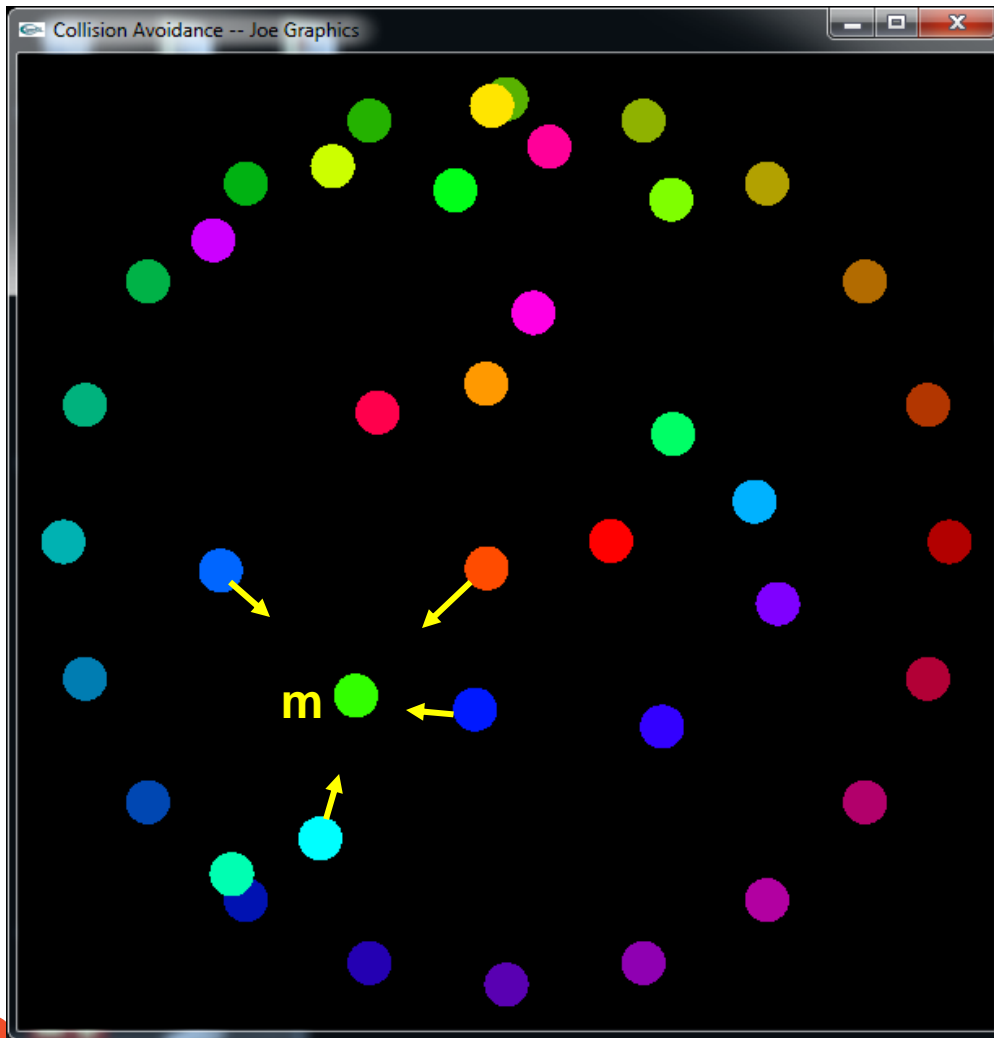
Functional Animation: Make the Object Want to Move Towards a Goal Position

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$$m\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = 0$$

Functional Animation: While Making it Want to Move Away from all other Objects



$$m\ddot{x} = \sum F_{repulsive}$$

$$F_{repulsive} = \frac{C_{repulse}}{d^{Power}}$$

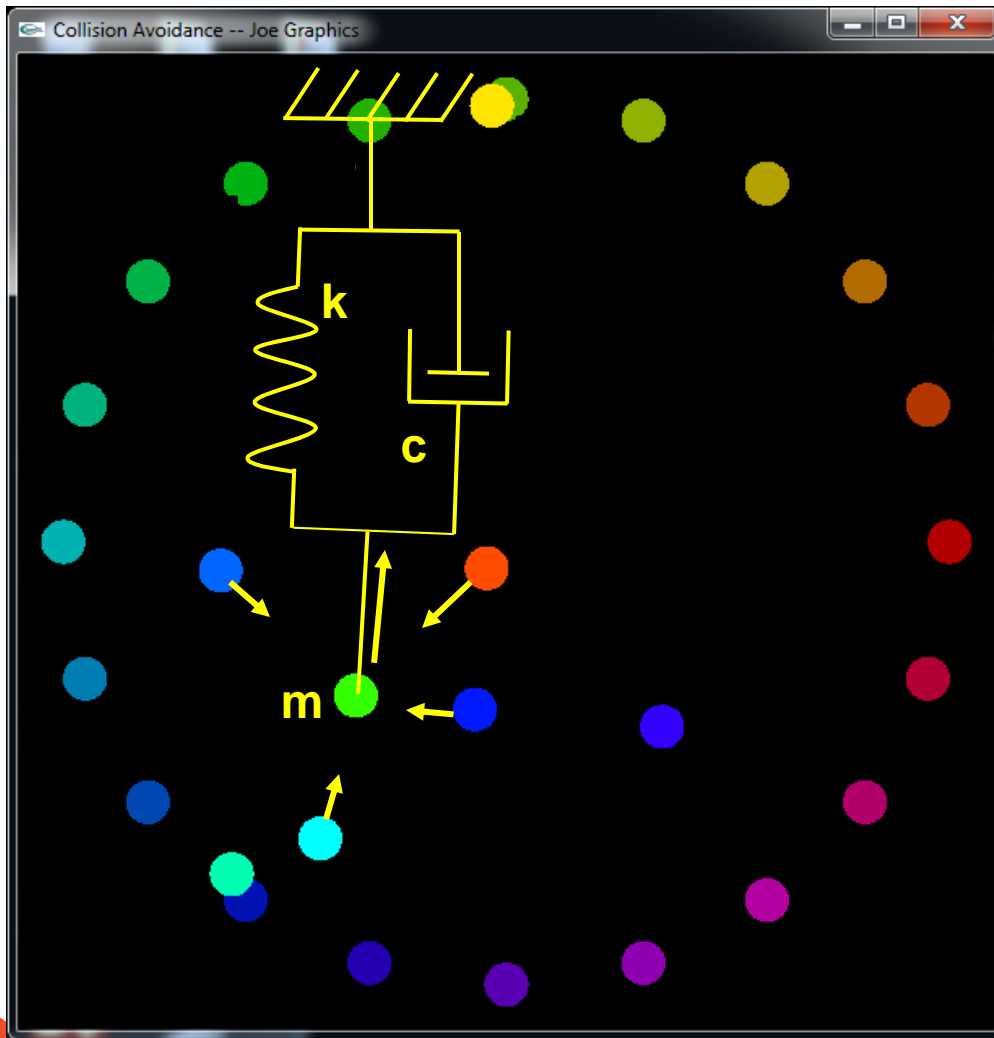
Repulsion Coefficient

Distance between the boundaries of the 2 bodies

Repulsion Exponent

Total Goal – Make the Free Body Move Towards its Final Position While Being Repelled by the Other Bodies

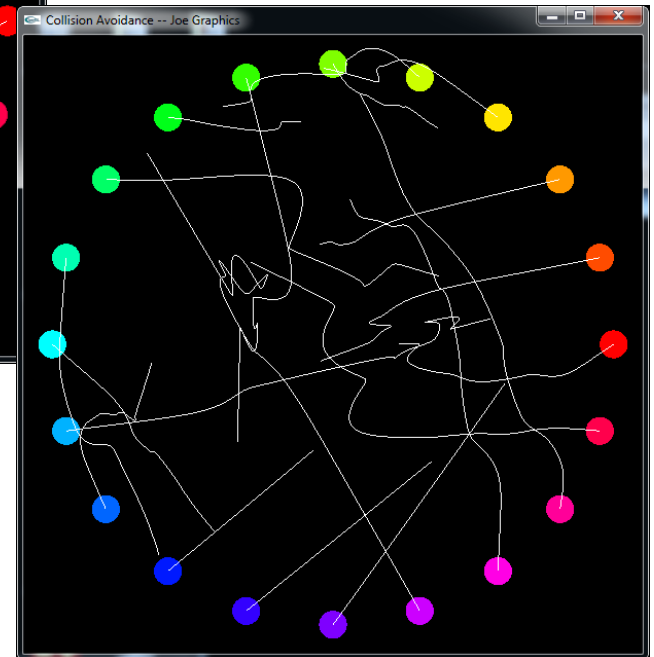
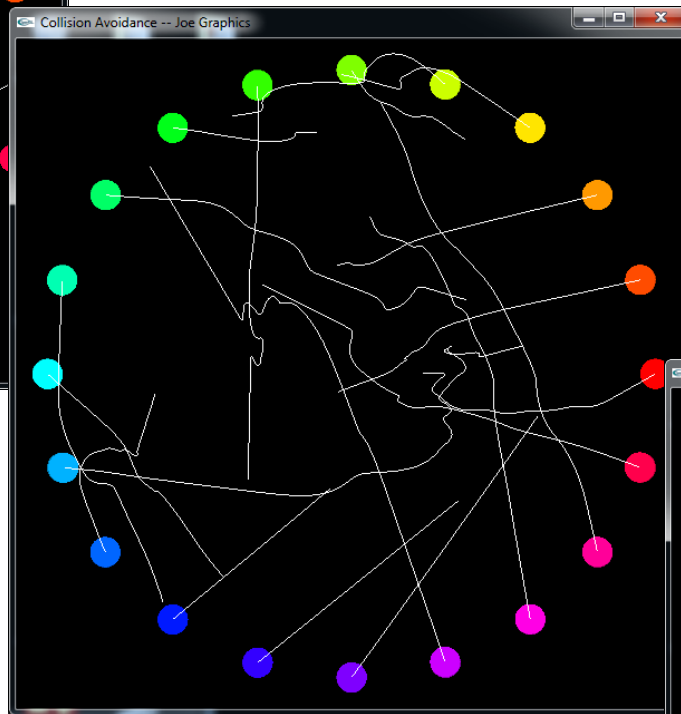
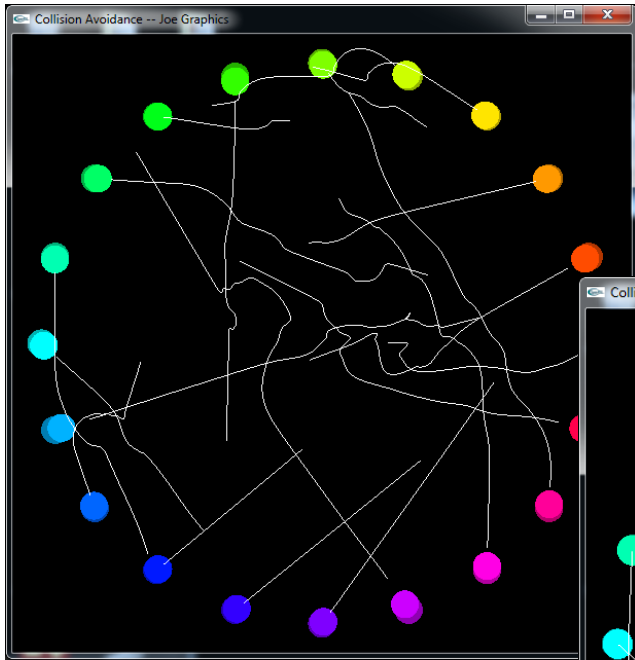
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$$m\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = \sum F$$

Increasing the Stiffness

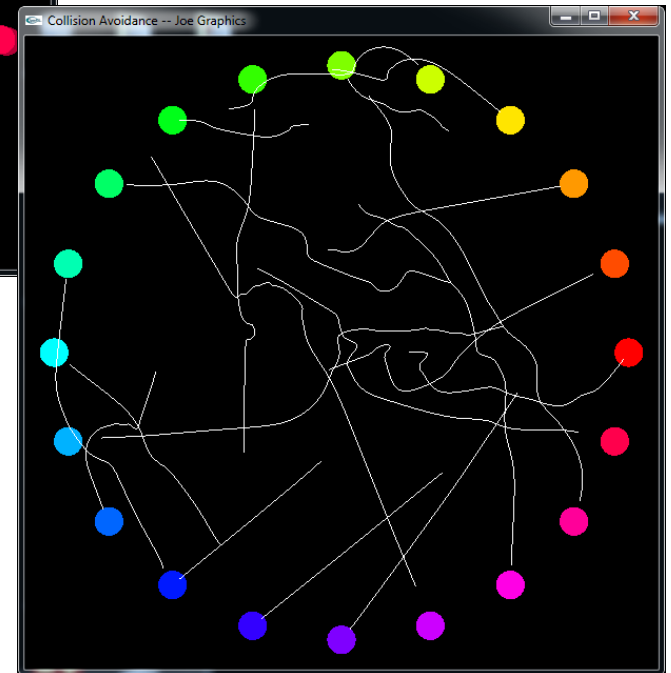
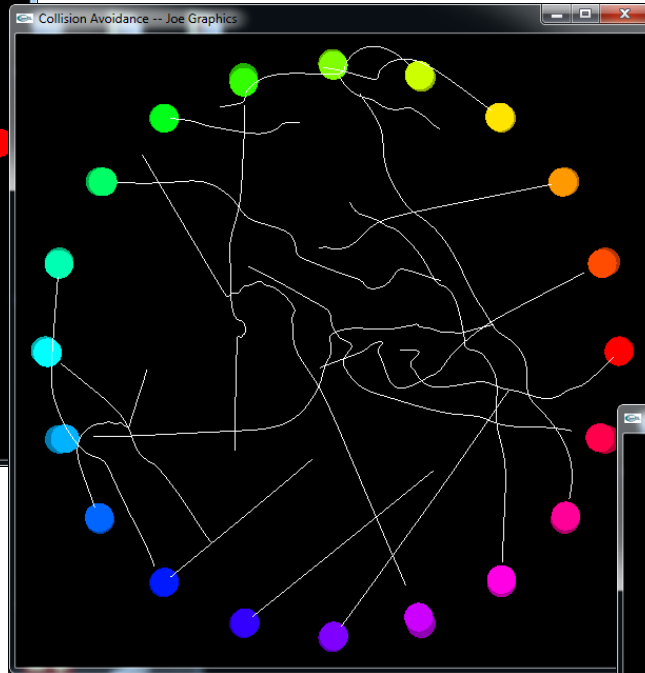
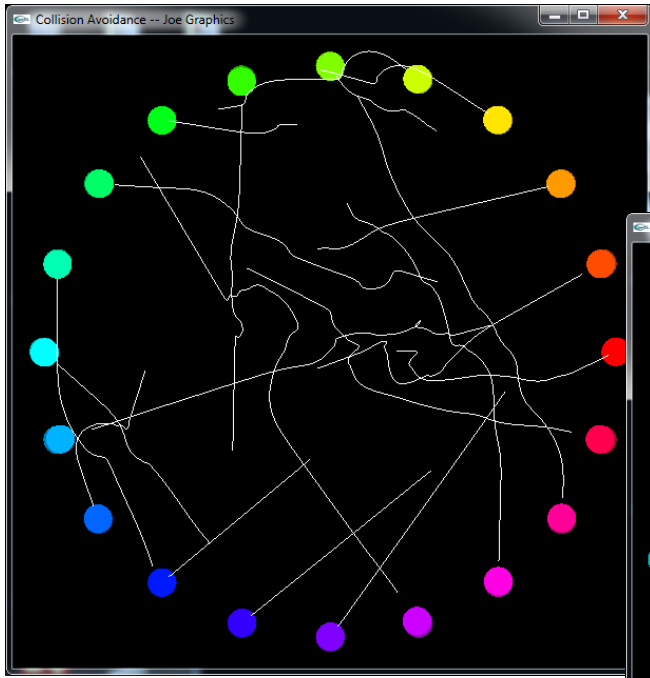
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Stiffness = 3, 6, 9

Increasing the Repulsion Coefficient

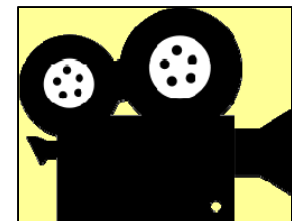
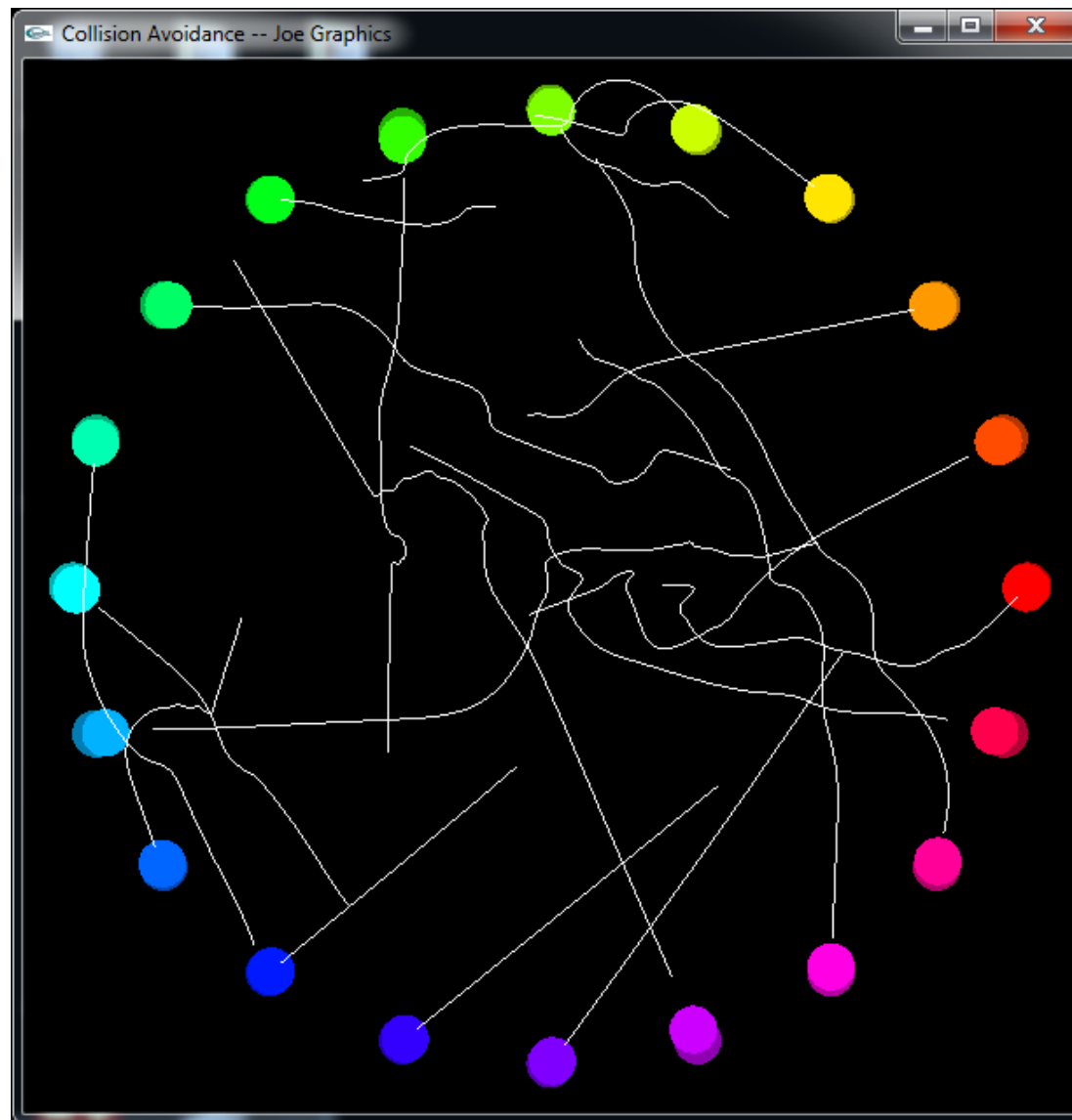
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Repulse = 10, 30, 50

Functional Animation

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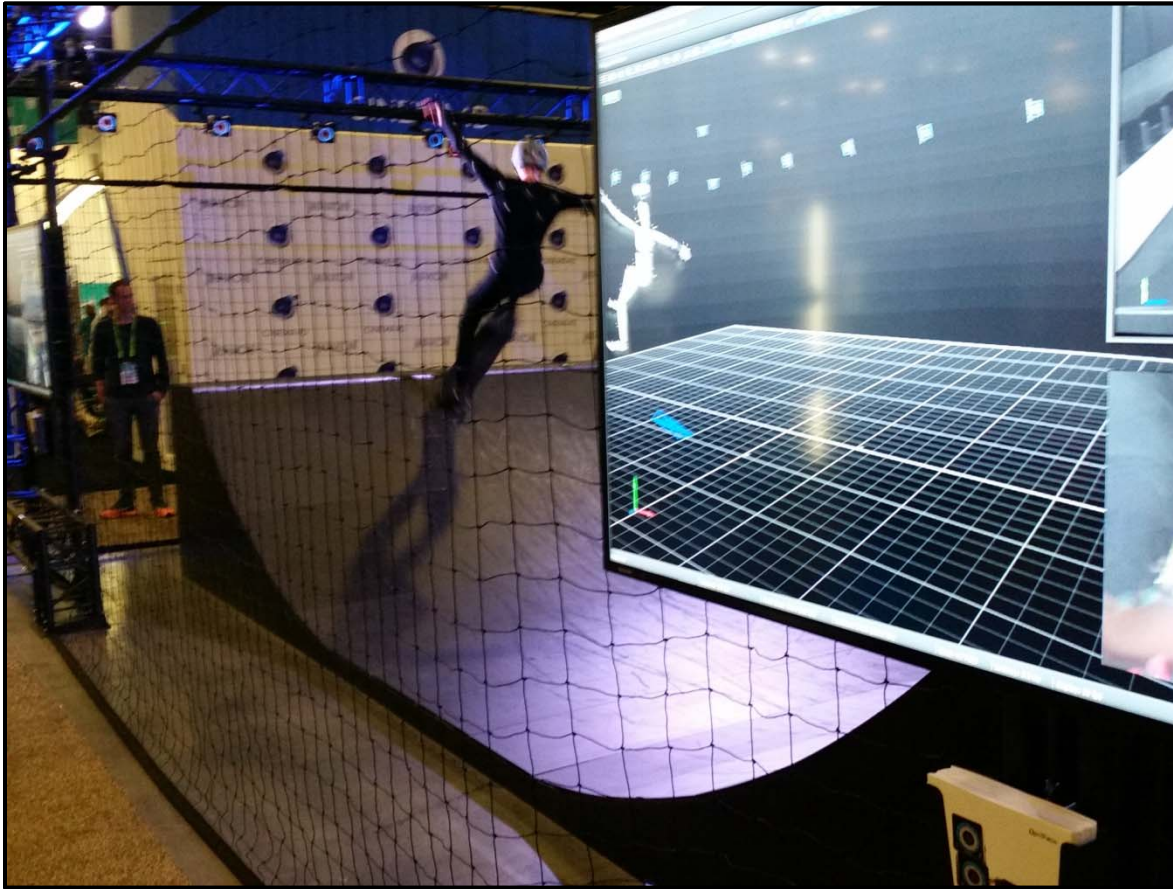


avoid.mp4



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Motion Capture as an Input for Animation



Tron I – Probably should have used physics, but didn't



Card Trick



Pixar Animated Shorts

