## Algorithms and Data Structures

EADS 2023Z LAB/102

Task #2 (term 2023Z)

Task #2 deadline for group LAB-102 is Wednesday, December 13<sup>th</sup>, 2023, 2 pm.

There are several steps to complete:

- Design bi\_ring class according to a partial specification below.
- Use examples of additional functions to check if your class design is complete (i.e. you could implement all these additional functions using your bi-ring collection easily).
- You should implement your class template in the bi\_ring.h file, and provide tests of your container in bi\_ring\_test.h and bi\_ring\_test.cpp files.
- During the lab class on Wednesday December 13<sup>th</sup> you'll receive a specification of an additional function to implement during this lab (this function will be similar to *additional functions*).
- You'll have 5 minutes to present your additional function implementation in the lab.
- You should upload your solution in the task defined in MS-Teams.
- I will review your bi\_ring code after the lab class.

## 1 PART1 - DESIGN A CLASS

Design a class to represent collection (implemented as a doubly linked list). Write unit tests for the designed class, at least one test per method.

```
template <typename Key, typename Info>
{
public:
     class iterator { /* ... */ };
     class const iterator { /* ... */ };
     bi ring();
     bi_ring(const bi_ring& src);
     ~bi ring();
     bi ring& operator=(const bi ring& src);
     iterator push front (const Key& key, const Info& info);
     iterator pop front();
     iterator insert(iterator position, ...);
     iterator erase(iterator position);
     // what else can be useful in such a collection?
     // use examples of additional functions to guide you in the interface design
};
```

## 2 PART 2 – ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS

Filtering (new object containing only the Key – Info pairs for which given predicate is true.

```
template<typename Key, typename Info>
bi_ring<Key, Info> filter(const bi_ring<Key, Info>& source,
                         bool (pred) (const Key&));
// source => [uno:1, due:2, tre:3, quattro:4, cinque:5, sei:6, sette:7, otto:8]
// filter<std::string, int>(source,
                   [](const std::string& str) { return str.size() > 3; })
//
//
     => [quattro:4, cinque:5, sette:7, otto:8]
Joining two rings with respect to Keys adding Info (Info must have operator + defined)
template<typename Key, typename Info>
bi_ring<Key, Info> join(const bi_ring<Key, Info>& first,
                         const bi ring<Key, Info>& second);
// first => [uno:1, due:1, tre:2, quattro:1]
// second => [due:1, tre:1, quattro:3, cinque:5]
//
// join(first, second) => [uno:1, due:2, tre:3, quattro:4, cinque:5]
Elimination of repeated keys:
template<typename Key, typename Info>
bi ring<Key, Info> unique(const bi ring<Key, Info>& source,
                   Info(aggregate) (const Key&, const Info&, const Info&));
// source => [one: uno, two : due, three : tre, one : eins, two : zwei,
//
                  three : drei, four : vier, five : cinque, six : sechs,
//
                         seven : sieben, acht : otto ]
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//unique<std::string, std::string>(src,
      [](const std::string&, const std::string& i1, const std::string& i2)
//
//
            return i1 + "-" + i2;
//
//);
//
// =>
// [ one : uno-eins, two : due-zwei, three : tre-drei,
```

Very strange join operation taking fcnt elements from the first ring and scnt elements from the second ring (repeated reps times)

four : vier, five : cinque, six : sechs, seven : sieben, acht : otto ]