

SHORT BIOGRAPHY OF SIGMUND FREUD

Sigmund Schlomo Freud, was born in Frieberg, Moravia, now part of Czech Republic, in 1856. When he was four (4) years old, they moved to Vienna where he lived the rest of his life there. In 1938, the Nazis annexed Austria and Freud, being Jewish, was exiled to England.

He always considered himself a forefront of science—endeavoring to extend human knowledge. Whereas, he had enrolled for the medical school of the University of Vienna in 1873. He primarily concentrated on Biology and researched in Physiology for six (6) years under Ernst Brücke. He received his medical degree in 1881.

In 1885 to 1886, he spent his time at Paris, where he met Jean-Martin Charcot, whom used hypnotism to treat hysteria and other abnormal mental conditions. Upon working with Charcot, he was not impressed with his methods as his treatments were temporary.

Then, he worked with Josef Breuer. Together with him, they formulated and developed ideas about neuroses being the result of the mind, the internal mental faculties of the brain, shaped by various experiences hidden by one's consciousness. This was greatly detailed in *Studies in Hysteria*, published in 1895 by the two.

He later parted with Breuer and published his obra maestro, *The Interpretation of Dreams*, in 1900, and *The Ego and the Id*, in 1923, to which we study in modern psychology about the Id, Ego, and Supergo today.