

# Contents

	0.0.1	Some Tooling for Refinement
	0.0.2	More Notations
	0.0.3	More Theorems for Refinement
	0.0.4	Some Refinement
	0.0.5	More declarations
	0.0.6	List relation
	0.0.7	More Functions, Relations, and Theorems
	0.0.8	Sorting
	0.0.9	Array of Array Lists
	0.0.10	Array of Array Lists
	0.0.11	More Setup for Fixed Size Natural Numbers
	0.0.12	More about general arrays
	0.0.13	Setup for array accesses via unsigned integer
0.1	More t	theorems about list
		hed Literals 79
1.1		pased system
	1.1.1	Types and Transitions System
	1.1.2	Definition of the Two-watched literals Invariants
	1.1.3	Invariants and the Transition System
1.2		Refinement: Deterministic Rule Application
	1.2.1	Unit Propagation Loops
	1.2.2	Other Rules
	1.2.3	Full Strategy
1.3		d Refinement: Lists as Clause
	1.3.1	Types
	1.3.2	Additional Invariants and Definitions
	1.3.3	Full Strategy
1.4		Refinement: Remembering watched
	1.4.1	Types
	1.4.2	Access Functions
	1.4.3	The Functions
	1.4.4	State Conversion
	1.4.5	Refinement
	1.4.6	Initialise Data structure
4 la a	1.4.7	Initialisation
impoi	Bits-Na	vurui
_		rative-HOL.IICF
	•	Dita Dit

```
HOL-Word.Bool-List-Representation
begin
instantiation nat :: bits
begin
definition test-bit-nat :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  test-bit i j = test-bit (int i) j
definition lsb-nat :: \langle nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  lsb \ i = (int \ i :: int) !! \ \theta
definition set-bit-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow nat where
  set-bit i n b = nat (bin-sc n b (int i))
definition set-bits-nat :: (nat \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow nat where
  set-bits f =
  (if \exists n. \forall n' > n. \neg f n' then
     let n = LEAST n. \forall n' \geq n. \neg f n'
     in nat (bl-to-bin (rev (map f [0..< n])))
   else if \exists n. \forall n' \geq n. f n' then
     let n = LEAST n. \forall n' \geq n. f n'
     in nat (sbintrunc n (bl-to-bin (True \# rev (map f [0..<n]))))
   else \ 0 :: nat)
definition shiftl-nat where
  shiftl \ x \ n = nat \ ((int \ x) * 2 \ \widehat{\ } n)
definition shiftr-nat where
  shiftr \ x \ n = nat \ (int \ x \ div \ 2 \ \widehat{\ } n)
definition bitNOT-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitNOT i = nat (bitNOT (int i))
definition bitAND-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitAND \ i \ j = nat \ (bitAND \ (int \ i) \ (int \ j))
definition bitOR-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitOR \ i \ j = nat \ (bitOR \ (int \ i) \ (int \ j))
definition bitXOR-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitXOR \ i \ j = nat \ (bitXOR \ (int \ i) \ (int \ j))
instance \langle proof \rangle
end
lemma nat\text{-}shiftr[simp]:
  m >> \theta = m
  \langle ((\theta::nat) >> m) = \theta \rangle
  \langle (m >> Suc \ n) = (m \ div \ 2 >> n) \rangle for m :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-shift-div: \langle m \rangle n = m \ div \ (2\hat{\ } n) \rangle for m:: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma nat-shiftl[simp]:
  m << \theta = m
  \langle ((\theta::nat) << m) = 0 \rangle
  \langle (m \ll Suc \ n) = ((m * 2) \ll n) \rangle for m :: nat
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-shiftr-div2: \langle m >> 1 = m \ div \ 2 \rangle for m :: nat
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-shiftr-div: \langle m << n = m * (2^n) \rangle for m :: nat
   \langle proof \rangle
definition shiftl1 :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle shiftl1 \ n = n << 1 \rangle
definition shiftr1 :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle shiftr1 \ n = n >> 1 \rangle
instantiation \ natural :: bits
begin
context includes natural.lifting begin
lift-definition test-bit-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle is test-bit \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition lsb-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow bool \rangle is lsb \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition set-bit-natural :: natural \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow natural is
  set-bit \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition set-bits-natural :: \langle (nat \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle set\text{-}bits :: (nat \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lift-definition} \ \textit{shiftl-natural} :: \langle \textit{natural} \Rightarrow \textit{nat} \Rightarrow \textit{natural} \rangle
  is \langle shiftl :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition shiftr-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle shiftr :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitNOT-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitNOT :: nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitAND-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitAND :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitOR-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitOR :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitXOR-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitXOR :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
end
instance \langle proof \rangle
end
```

```
lemma [code]:
  integer-of-natural \ (m >> n) = (integer-of-natural \ m) >> n
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [code]:
  integer-of-natural\ (m << n) = (integer-of-natural\ m) << n
  \langle proof \rangle
end
lemma bitXOR-1-if-mod-2: \langle bitXOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L - 1) \rangle for L :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-1-mod-2: \langle bitAND \ L \ 1 = L \ mod \ 2 \rangle for L :: nat
lemma shiftl-0-uint32[simp]: \langle n << \theta = n \rangle for n :: uint32
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftl-Suc-uint32: (n \ll Suc \ m = (n \ll m) \ll 1) for n :: uint32
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat\text{-set-bit-0}: \langle set\text{-bit} \ x \ 0 \ b = nat \ ((bin\text{-rest} \ (int \ x)) \ BIT \ b) \rangle for x :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat\text{-}test\text{-}bit0\text{-}iff: \langle n \parallel 0 \longleftrightarrow n \mod 2 = 1 \rangle for n :: nat
lemma test-bit-2: \langle m > 0 \Longrightarrow (2*n) !! m \longleftrightarrow n !! (m-1) \rangle for n :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma test-bit-Suc-2: (m > 0 \Longrightarrow Suc (2 * n) !! m \longleftrightarrow (2 * n) !! m) for <math>n :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bin-rest-prev-eq:
  assumes [simp]: \langle m > \theta \rangle
  shows \langle nat \ ((bin\text{-}rest \ (int \ w))) \ !! \ (m - Suc \ (0::nat)) = w \ !! \ m \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma bin\text{-}sc\text{-}ge\theta: \langle w \rangle = \theta ==> (\theta :: int) \leq bin\text{-}sc \ n \ b \ w \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bin-to-bl-eq-nat:
  \langle bin\text{-}to\text{-}bl \ (size \ a) \ (int \ a) = bin\text{-}to\text{-}bl \ (size \ b) \ (int \ b) ==> a=b \rangle
lemma nat-bin-nth-bl: n < m \implies w \parallel n = nth (rev (bin-to-bl m (int w))) n for w :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bin-nth-ge-size: \langle nat \ na \le n \Longrightarrow 0 \le na \Longrightarrow bin-nth na n = False \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma test-bit-nat-outside: n > size \ w \Longrightarrow \neg w \ !! \ n \ {\bf for} \ w :: nat
```

context includes natural.lifting begin

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-bin-nth-bl':
  \langle a :! : n \longleftrightarrow (n < size \ a \land (rev \ (bin-to-bl \ (size \ a) \ (int \ a)) \ ! \ n)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-set-bit-test-bit: (set-bit w \ n \ x \ !! \ m = (if \ m = n \ then \ x \ else \ w \ !! \ m))  for w \ n :: nat
end
theory WB-More-Refinement
 imports
    Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF
    We iden bach	ext{-}Book	ext{-}Base.\ WB	ext{-}List	ext{-}More
begin
This lemma cannot be moved to Weidenbach-Book-Base. WB-List-More, because the syntax
CARD('a) does not exist there.
lemma finite-length-le-CARD:
 assumes \langle distinct \ (xs :: 'a :: finite \ list) \rangle
 shows \langle length \ xs \leq CARD('a) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
no-notation Ref.update (-:= -62)
          Some Tooling for Refinement
0.0.1
```

The following very simple tactics remove duplicate variables generated by some tactic like refine-rcg. For example, if the problem contains (i, C) = (xa, xb), then only i and C will remain. It can also prove trivial goals where the goals already appears in the assumptions.

```
method remove-dummy-vars uses simp =
  ((unfold\ prod.inject)?;\ (simp\ only:\ prod.inject)?;\ (elim\ conjE)?;
   hypsubst?; (simp only: triv-forall-equality simps)?)
From \rightarrow to \Downarrow
lemma Ball2-split-def: \langle (\forall (x, y) \in A. \ P \ x \ y) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \ y. \ (x, y) \in A \longrightarrow P \ x \ y) \rangle
lemma in-pair-collect-simp: (a,b) \in \{(a,b), P \ a \ b\} \longleftrightarrow P \ a \ b
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{ML} (
signature\ MORE-REFINEMENT = sig
 val\ down\text{-}converse:\ Proof.context\ ->\ thm\ ->\ thm
end
structure\ More-Refinement:\ MORE-REFINEMENT=struct
  val\ unfold\text{-refine} = (fn\ context => Local\text{-}Defs.unfold\ (context)
  @{thms refine-rel-defs nres-rel-def in-pair-collect-simp})
  val\ unfold\text{-}Ball = (fn\ context => Local\text{-}Defs.unfold\ (context)
   @{thms Ball2-split-def all-to-meta})
  val\ replace-ALL-by-meta=(fn\ context=>fn\ thm=>Object-Logic.rulify\ context\ thm)
  val\ down\text{-}converse = (fn\ context =>
```

```
replace-ALL-by-meta context o (unfold-Ball context) o (unfold-refine context))
end
attribute-setup to-\psi = \langle
    Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute [] (More-Refinement.down-converse o Context.proof-of))
 \rightarrow convert theorem from @\{text \rightarrow\} - form \ to \ @\{text \downarrow\} - form.
method to - \Downarrow =
   (unfold refine-rel-defs nres-rel-def in-pair-collect-simp;
   unfold Ball2-split-def all-to-meta;
   intro\ allI\ impI)
Merge Post-Conditions
{f lemma}\ Down-add-assumption-middle:
  assumes
    \langle nofail\ U\rangle and
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \} \{ (T1, T0). \ Q \ T1 \ T0 \land P \ T1 \land Q' \ T1 \ T0 \} \ U \rangle and
    \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \} V \rangle
  shows \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \land P T1 \} V \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ Down	ext{-}del	ext{-}assumption	ext{-}middle:
  assumes
    \langle S1 < \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \land P T1 \land Q' T1 T0 \} S0 \rangle
  shows \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \land Q' T1 T0 \} S0 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Down-add-assumption-beginning:
  assumes
    \langle nofail\ U \rangle and
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), P T1 \land Q' T1 T0 \} U \rangle and
    \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \} V \rangle
  shows \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \land P T1 \} V \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ Down-add-assumption-beginning-single:
  assumes
    \langle nofail\ U \rangle and
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), P T1 \} U \rangle and
    \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \} V \rangle
  shows \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \land P T1 \} V \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Down-del-assumption-beginning:
  fixes U :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle and V :: \langle 'b \ nres \rangle and Q \ Q' :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool \rangle
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \wedge Q' T1 T0 \} U \rangle
  shows \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q' T1 T0 \} U \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
method unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post =
  ((unfold meta-same-imp-rule True-implies-equals conj-assoc)?)
```

method unify-Down-invs2 =

```
(match premises in
                               — if the relation 2-1 has not assumption, we add True. Then we call out method again and this
time it will match since it has an assumption.
                          I: \langle S1 \leq \Downarrow R10 S0 \rangle and
                          J[thin]: \langle S2 \leq \Downarrow R21 S1 \rangle
                             for S1:: \langle b \ nres \rangle and S0:: \langle a \ nres \rangle and S2:: \langle c \ nres \rangle and R10 \ R21 \Rightarrow
                                  \langle insert\ True\text{-}implies\text{-}equals[where}\ P = \langle S2 \leq \Downarrow\ R21\ S1 \rangle,\ symmetric,
                                                 THEN \ equal-elim-rule1, \ OF \ J
                 |I[thin]: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{(T1, T0), P T1\} S0 \rangle (multi) and
                          J[thin]: - for S1:: \langle b \ nres \rangle and S0:: \langle a \ nres \rangle and P:: \langle b \Rightarrow bool \rangle \Rightarrow
                             \langle match \ J[uncurry] \ in
                                       J[curry]: \langle - \Longrightarrow S2 \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). \ R \ T2 \ T1 \} \ S1 \rangle \ for \ S2 :: \langle 'c \ nres \rangle \ and \ R \Rightarrow
                                           (insert Down-add-assumption-beginning-single where P = P and R = R and
                                                                  W = S2 \text{ and } V = S1 \text{ and } U = S0, OF - IJ;
                                               unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post
                               | - \Rightarrow \langle fail \rangle \rangle
            |I[thin]: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \} \{ (T1, T0). \ P \ T1 \land Q' \ T1 \ T0 \} \ S0 \rangle \ (multi) \ and
                      J[thin]: - for S1::\langle b \text{ } nres \rangle and S0::\langle a \text{ } nres \rangle and Q' and P::\langle b \Rightarrow bool \rangle \Rightarrow
                              \langle match \ J[uncurry] \ in
                                      J[curry]: \langle - \Longrightarrow S2 \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). \ R \ T2 \ T1 \} \ S1 \rangle \ for \ S2 :: \langle 'c \ nres \rangle \ and \ R \Rightarrow S2 \otimes J[curry]: \langle - \Longrightarrow S2 \otimes J[curry] \otimes J[curr
                                           (insert Down-add-assumption-beginning where Q' = Q' and P = P and R = R and
                                                             W = S2 and V = S1 and U = S0,
                                                             OF - IJ;
                                               insert Down-del-assumption-beginning where Q = \langle \lambda S - P S \rangle and Q' = Q' and V = S1 and
                                                         U = S\theta, OFI;
                                           unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post
                             | - \Rightarrow \langle fail \rangle \rangle
            |I[thin]: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{(T1, T0), Q T0 T1 \wedge Q' T1 T0\} S0 \rangle (multi) and
                      J: - for S1:: \langle b \ nres \rangle and S0:: \langle a \ nres \rangle and Q \ Q' \Rightarrow
                             \langle match \ J[uncurry] \ in
                                      J[\mathit{curry}] \colon \leftarrow \Longrightarrow \mathit{S2} \, \leq \, \Downarrow \, \{(\mathit{T2}, \, \mathit{T1}). \, \mathit{R} \, \mathit{T2} \, \mathit{T1} \} \, \mathit{S1} \land \mathit{for} \, \mathit{S2} \, :: \, \langle \mathit{'c} \, \mathit{nres} \rangle \, \mathit{and} \, \mathit{R} \, \Rightarrow \, \mathsf{C1} \land \mathsf{C2} \land \mathsf{C2} \land \mathsf{C2} \land \mathsf{C3} \land \mathsf{C4} \land \mathsf{C4
                                           (insert Down-del-assumption-beginning where Q = \langle \lambda \ x \ y. \ Q \ y \ x \rangle and Q' = Q', OF I;
                                              unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post
                             | - \Rightarrow \langle fail \rangle \rangle
        )
Example:
lemma
        assumes
                 \langle nofail S0 \rangle and
                 1: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \wedge P T1 \wedge P' T1 \wedge P''' T1 \wedge Q' T1 T0 \wedge P42 T1 \} S0 \rangle and
                 2: \langle S2 \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \} S1 \rangle
        shows \langle S2 \rangle
                     \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). \}
                                              R T2 T1 \wedge
                                              P T1 \wedge P' T1 \wedge P''' T1 \wedge P42 T1
                                       S1
         \langle proof \rangle
Inversion Tactics
```

```
lemma refinement-trans-long:
   \langle A = A' \Longrightarrow B = B' \Longrightarrow R \subseteq R' \Longrightarrow A \leq \Downarrow R \ B \Longrightarrow A' \leq \Downarrow R' \ B' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

**lemma** *mem-set-trans*:

```
\langle A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow a \in A \Longrightarrow a \in B \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fun-rel-syn-invert:
   \langle a = a' \Longrightarrow b \subseteq b' \Longrightarrow a \to b \subseteq a' \to b' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-syn-invert:
   \langle a = a' \Longrightarrow b \subseteq b' \Longrightarrow a \to_f b \subseteq a' \to_f b' \rangle
lemma nres-rel-mono:
   \langle a \subseteq a' \implies \langle a \rangle \ nres-rel \subseteq \langle a' \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
method match-spec =
   (match conclusion in \langle (f, g) \in R \rangle for f g R \Rightarrow
      \langle print\text{-}term\ f;\ match\ premises\ in\ I[thin]:\ \langle (f,\ g)\in R'\rangle\ for\ R'
           \Rightarrow \langle print\text{-}term \ R'; \ rule \ mem\text{-}set\text{-}trans[OF - I] \rangle \rangle
method match-fun-rel =
   ((match conclusion in
           \langle \text{-} \rightarrow \text{-} \subseteq \text{-} \rightarrow \text{-} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \textit{rule fun-rel-mono} \rangle
        | \  \, \langle \text{--} \rightarrow_f \text{--} \subseteq \text{--} \rightarrow_f \text{--} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \textit{rule fref-syn-invert} \rangle
       \langle \langle - \rangle nres-rel \subseteq \langle - \rangle nres-rel \rangle \Rightarrow \langle rule \ nres-rel-mono \rangle
       |\langle [-]_f - \rightarrow - \subseteq [-]_f - \rightarrow - \rangle \Rightarrow \langle rule \ fref-mono \rangle
    )+)
lemma weaken-SPEC2: \langle m' \leq SPEC \ \Phi \Longrightarrow m = m' \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge x. \ \Phi \ x \Longrightarrow \Psi \ x) \Longrightarrow m \leq SPEC \ \Psi \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
method match-spec-trans =
   (match conclusion in \langle f \leq SPEC R \rangle for f :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle and R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow bool \rangle \Rightarrow
       \langle print\text{-}term\ f;\ match\ premises\ in\ I: \langle -\Longrightarrow -\Longrightarrow f'\leq SPEC\ R'\rangle\ for\ f'::\langle a\ nres\rangle\ and\ R'::\langle a\Longrightarrow -\Longrightarrow f'\leq SPEC\ R'\rangle
bool
           \Rightarrow \langle print\text{-}term \ f'; \ rule \ weaken\text{-}SPEC2[of \ f' \ R' \ f \ R] \rangle \rangle
0.0.2
                  More Notations
```

```
abbreviation comp4 (infix1 oooo 55) where f oooo g \equiv \lambda x. f ooo (g x)
abbreviation comp5 (infixl ooooo 55) where f ooooo g \equiv \lambda x. f oooo (g x)
abbreviation comp6 (infix1 oooooo 55) where f oooooo g \equiv \lambda x. f oooo (g x)
abbreviation comp\% (infix) coooooo 55) where f coooooo q \equiv \lambda x. f cooo (q x)
abbreviation comp8 (infix1 oooooooo 55) where f oooooooo g \equiv \lambda x. f oooo (g \ x)
notation
  comp4 (infixl \circ \circ \circ 55) and
  comp5 (infixl \circ \circ \circ \circ 55) and
  comp6 (infixl \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ 55) and
  comp7 (infixl \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ 55) and
  comp8 (infixl 000000 55)
notation prod-assn (infixr *a 90)
```

## 0.0.3 More Theorems for Refinement

```
lemma prod-assn-id-assn-destroy: \langle R^d *_a id\text{-assn}^d = (R *_a id\text{-assn})^d \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma SPEC-add-information: \langle P \Longrightarrow A \leq SPEC | Q \Longrightarrow A \leq SPEC(\lambda x. | Q | x \land P) \rangle
lemma bind-refine-spec: \langle ( \land x. \ \Phi \ x \Longrightarrow f \ x \le \Downarrow R \ M) \Longrightarrow M' \le SPEC \ \Phi \Longrightarrow M' \gg f \le \Downarrow R \ M \rangle
lemma intro-spec-iff:
  \langle (RES \ X \gg f \leq M) = (\forall x \in X. \ f \ x \leq M) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma case-prod-bind:
  assumes \langle \bigwedge x1 \ x2. \ x = (x1, x2) \Longrightarrow f \ x1 \ x2 \le \Downarrow R \ I \rangle
  shows \langle (case \ x \ of \ (x1, \ x2) \Rightarrow f \ x1 \ x2) \leq \Downarrow R \ I \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in transfer) transfer-bool[refine-transfer]:
  assumes \alpha fa \leq Fa
  assumes \alpha fb \leq Fb
  shows \alpha (case-bool fa fb x) \leq case-bool Fa Fb x
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ref-two-step': \langle A \leq B \Longrightarrow \Downarrow R \ A \leq \Downarrow R \ B \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma hrp\text{-}comp\text{-}Id2[simp]: \langle hrp\text{-}comp \ A \ Id = A \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{hn\text{-}ctxt\text{-}prod\text{-}assn\text{-}prod\text{:}}
  \langle hn\text{-}ctxt \ (R*a\ S)\ (a,\ b)\ (a',\ b') = hn\text{-}ctxt\ R\ a\ a'*hn\text{-}ctxt\ S\ b\ b' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-assn-map-list-assn: \langle list-assn g \pmod{fx} xi = list-assn (\lambda a \ c. \ g \ (f \ a) \ c) \ x \ xi \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES: \langle RES \ \Phi \rangle \gg (\lambda T. RETURN (f \ T)) = RES (f \ \Phi) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RES-RETURN-RES: \langle RES | A \rangle = (\lambda T. RES (f T)) = RES (\bigcup (f A)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RES2-RETURN-RES: \langle RES | A \rangle = (\lambda(T, T'), RES (f T T')) = RES ([] (uncurry f 'A)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RES3-RETURN-RES:
    \langle RES | A \gg (\lambda(T, T', T''), RES (f T T' T'')) = RES (\bigcup ((\lambda(a, b, c), f a b c) 'A)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES3:
   \langle SPEC \ \Phi \gg (\lambda(T, T', T''). \ RETURN \ (f \ T \ T' \ T'')) = RES \ ((\lambda(a, b, c). \ f \ a \ b \ c) \ ` \{T. \ \Phi \ T\}) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma RES-RES-RETURN-RES2: \langle RES|A\rangle \gg (\lambda(T,T').RETURN(fTT')) = RES(uncurry f'
A)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-refine-res: ((\bigwedge x. \ x \in \Phi \Longrightarrow f \ x \le \Downarrow R \ M) \Longrightarrow M' \le RES \ \Phi \Longrightarrow M' \gg f \le \Downarrow R \ M)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES-RES2:
   \langle RES \ \Phi \gg (\lambda(T, T'). \ RETURN \ (f \ T \ T')) = RES \ (uncurry \ f \ \Phi) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
This theorem adds the invariant at the beginning of next iteration to the current invariant, i.e.,
the invariant is added as a post-condition on the current iteration.
This is useful to reduce duplication in theorems while refining.
\mathbf{lemma}\ RECT\text{-}WHILEI\text{-}body\text{-}add\text{-}post\text{-}condition:
    \langle REC_T \ (WHILEI-body \ (\gg) \ RETURN \ I' \ b' \ f) \ x' =
     (REC_T \ (WHILEI-body \ (\gg) \ RETURN \ (\lambda x'. \ I' \ x' \land (b' \ x' \longrightarrow f \ x' = FAIL \lor f \ x' \le SPEC \ I')) \ b'
f(x')
  (is \langle REC_T ? f x' = REC_T ? f' x' \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} WHILEIT-add-post-condition:
 \langle (WHILEIT\ I'\ b'\ f'\ x') =
  (WHILEIT\ (\lambda x'.\ I'\ x' \land (b'\ x' \longrightarrow f'\ x' = FAIL \lor f'\ x' \le SPEC\ I'))
    b'f'x'\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} WHILEIT-rule-stronger-inv:
  assumes
    \langle wf R \rangle and
    \langle I s \rangle and
    \langle I's \rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow b \ s \Longrightarrow f \ s \le SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I \ s' \land I' \ s' \land (s', s) \in R) \rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow \neg \ b \ s \Longrightarrow \Phi \ s \rangle
 shows \langle WHILE_T^I \ b \ f \ s \leq SPEC \ \Phi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES2:
   \langle SPEC \ \Phi \gg (\lambda(T, T'). \ RETURN \ (f \ T \ T')) = RES \ (uncurry \ f \ \{T. \ \Phi \ T\}) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma WHILEIT-rule-stronger-inv-RES:
  assumes
    \langle wf R \rangle and
    \langle I s \rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow b \ s \Longrightarrow f \ s \le SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I \ s' \land I' \ s' \land (s', s) \in R) \rangle and
   \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow \neg \ b \ s \Longrightarrow s \in \Phi \rangle
 shows \langle WHILE_T^I \ b \ f \ s < RES \ \Phi \rangle
```

This theorem is useful to debug situation where sepref is not able to synthesize a program (with the "[[unify\_trace\_failure]]" to trace what fails in rule rule and the *to-hnr* to ensure the theorem has the correct form).

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Pair-hnr:  $(uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ Pair\ a\ b)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ Pair\ a\ b))) \in$ 

```
A^d *_a B^d \rightarrow_a prod-assn A B
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-weaken-pre-weaken:
     assumes \bigwedge x. P x \longrightarrow P' x
     assumes (f,h) \in fref P' R S
     assumes \langle S \subseteq S' \rangle
     shows (f,h) \in fref P R S'
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-rule-complete-RES: (M \gg f \leq RES \Phi) = (M \leq SPEC (\lambda x. f x \leq RES \Phi))
This version works only for pure refinement relations:
lemma the-hnr-keep:
     \langle CONSTRAINT \text{ is-pure } A \Longrightarrow (\text{return o the}, RETURN \text{ o the}) \in [\lambda D. D \ne None]_a (\text{option-assn } A)^k
\rightarrow A
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down:
      \langle (f, g) \in [P]_f \ A \to \langle B \rangle nres - rel \Longrightarrow
             (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \le \Downarrow B \ (g \ x'))
      \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{fref-to-Down-curry-left}:
     fixes f:: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'c \ nres \rangle and
          A::\langle (('a \times 'b) \times 'd) \ set \rangle
     shows
          \langle (uncurry f, g) \in [P]_f \ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
                (\bigwedge a\ b\ x'.\ P\ x' \Longrightarrow ((a,\ b),\ x') \in A \Longrightarrow f\ a\ b \leq \Downarrow B\ (g\ x'))
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry:
      \langle (uncurry\ f,\ uncurry\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
              (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \ y \le \Downarrow B \ (g \ x' \ y')) \land (x', \ y') \land (x
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry2:
      \langle (uncurry2\ f,\ uncurry2\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
             (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z'. \ P \ ((x', y'), z') \Longrightarrow (((x, y), z), ((x', y'), z')) \in A \Longrightarrow
                       f x y z \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z') \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry2':
      \langle (uncurry2\ f,\ uncurry2\ g) \in A \rightarrow_f \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
             (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z'. \ (((x, y), z), \ ((x', y'), z')) \in A \Longrightarrow
                       f x y z \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z'))
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry3:
      \langle (uncurry3\ f,\ uncurry3\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
             (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a'. \ P (((x', y'), z'), a') \Longrightarrow
                     ((((x, y), z), a), (((x', y'), z'), a')) \in A \Longrightarrow
                      f x y z a \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a') \rangle
```

```
lemma fref-to-Down-curry4:
  \langle (uncurry 4 \ f, \ uncurry 4 \ g) \in [P]_f \ A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a' \ b \ b'. \ P ((((x', y'), z'), a'), b') \Longrightarrow
          (((((x, y), z), a), b), ((((x', y'), z'), a'), b')) \in A \Longrightarrow
           f x y z a b \leq \Downarrow B (q x' y' z' a' b'))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry5:
  \langle (uncurry5\ f,\ uncurry5\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a' \ b \ b' \ c \ c'. \ P (((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c') \Longrightarrow
          ((((((x, y), z), a), b), c), (((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c')) \in A \Longrightarrow
          f x y z a b c \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a' b' c'))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry6:
  \langle (uncurry6\ f,\ uncurry6\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a' \ b \ b' \ c \ c' \ d \ d'. \ P ((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d') \Longrightarrow
          (((((((x, y), z), a), b), c), d), (((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d')) \in A \Longrightarrow
          f x y z a b c d \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a' b' c' d'))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry7:
  \langle (uncurry 7 f, uncurry 7 g) \in [P]_f A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a' \ b \ b' \ c \ c' \ d \ d' \ e \ e'. \ P ((((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d'), e') \Longrightarrow
          ((((((((x, y), z), a), b), c), d), e), (((((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d'), e')) \in A \Longrightarrow
          f x y z a b c d e \leq \downarrow B (q x' y' z' a' b' c' d' e'))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-explode:
  \langle (f \ a, \ g \ a) \in [P]_f \ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ b. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow b = a \Longrightarrow f \ a \ x \le \Downarrow B \ (g \ b \ x'))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry-no-nres-Id:
  \langle (uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle Id \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \ y = g \ x' \ y')
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-no-nres:
  \langle ((RETURN\ o\ f),\ (RETURN\ o\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ (x') \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x, g \ x') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry-no-nres:
  \langle (uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x \ y, \ g \ x' \ y') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES4:
   \langle SPEC \ \Phi \gg = (\lambda(T,\ T',\ T'',\ T''').\ RETURN\ (f\ T\ T'\ T''\ T''')) =
       RES ((\lambda(a, b, c, d), f a b c d) ` \{T. \Phi T\})
  \langle proof \rangle
```

**declare** RETURN-as-SPEC-refine[refine2 del]

```
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET-uncurry:
   (uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
       (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x \ y, \ g \ x' \ y') \in B)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ fref-to	ext{-}Down	ext{-}unRET	ext{-}Id:
   \langle ((RETURN\ o\ f),\ (RETURN\ o\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle Id \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
       (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x = (g \ x'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET:
   \langle ((RETURN\ o\ f),\ (RETURN\ o\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
       (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, \ x') \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x, \ g \ x') \in B)
   \langle proof \rangle
More Simplification Theorems
lemma ex-assn-swap: \langle (\exists_A a \ b. \ P \ a \ b) = (\exists_A b \ a. \ P \ a \ b) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma ent-ex-up-swap: \langle (\exists_A aa. \uparrow (P \ aa)) = (\uparrow (\exists aa. P \ aa)) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-def-pure-eq-middle3:
   (\exists_A ba \ b \ bb. \ f \ b \ ba \ bb * \uparrow (ba = h \ b \ bb) * P \ b \ ba \ bb) = (\exists_A b \ bb. \ f \ b \ (h \ b \ bb) \ bb * P \ b \ (h \ b \ bb) \ bb)
   (\exists_A b \ ba \ bb. \ fb \ ba \ bb * \uparrow (ba = h \ b \ bb) * P \ ba \ bb) = (\exists_A b \ bb. \ fb \ (h \ b \ bb) \ bb * P \ b \ (h \ b \ bb) \ bb)
   (\exists_A b\ bb\ ba.\ f\ b\ ba\ bb * \uparrow (ba = h\ b\ bb) * P\ b\ ba\ bb) = (\exists_A b\ bb.\ f\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb * P\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb)
   (\exists_A ba\ b\ bb.\ f\ b\ ba\ bb*\uparrow (ba=h\ b\ bb\land\ Q\ b\ ba\ bb)) = (\exists_A b\ bb.\ f\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb*\uparrow (Q\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb))
   (\exists_A b \ ba \ bb. \ fb \ ba \ bb * \uparrow (ba = h \ bb \land Qb \ ba \ bb)) = (\exists_A b \ bb. \ fb \ (hb \ bb) \ bb * \uparrow (Qb \ (hb \ bb)) bb)
   (\exists_A b\ bb\ ba.\ f\ b\ ba\ bb*\uparrow (ba=h\ b\ bb\land\ Q\ b\ ba\ bb)) = (\exists_A b\ bb.\ f\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb*\uparrow (Q\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-def-pure-eq-middle 2:
   \langle (\exists_A ba\ b.\ f\ b\ ba\ * \uparrow\ (ba=h\ b)\ *\ P\ b\ ba) = (\exists_A b\ .\ f\ b\ (h\ b)\ *\ P\ b\ (h\ b)) \rangle
   \langle (\exists_A b \ ba. f \ b \ ba * \uparrow (ba = h \ b) * P \ b \ ba) = (\exists_A b \ . f \ b \ (h \ b) * P \ b \ (h \ b)) \rangle
   \langle (\exists_A b \ ba. f \ b \ ba * \uparrow (ba = h \ b \land Q \ b \ ba)) = (\exists_A b. f \ b \ (h \ b) * \uparrow (Q \ b \ (h \ b))) \rangle
   \langle (\exists_A \ ba \ b. \ f \ b \ ba * \uparrow (ba = h \ b \land Q \ b \ ba)) = (\exists_A b. \ f \ b \ (h \ b) * \uparrow (Q \ b \ (h \ b))) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-skip-first2:
   \langle (\exists_A ba \ bb. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (P \ ba \ bb)) = (\exists_A bb. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (\exists ba. \ P \ ba \ bb)) \rangle
   \langle (\exists_A bb \ ba. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (P \ ba \ bb)) = (\exists_A bb. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (\exists \ ba. \ P \ ba \ bb)) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nofail-Down-nofail: \langle nofail \ gS \Longrightarrow fS \le \Downarrow R \ gS \Longrightarrow nofail \ fS \rangle
This is the refinement version of \textit{WHILE}_T?I'?b'?f'?x' = \textit{WHILE}_T\lambda x'. ?I' x' \land (?b' x' \longrightarrow ?f' x' = \textit{FAIL} \lor ?f' x' \le x'
?b' ?f' ?x'.
{f lemma} WHILEIT-refine-with-post:
   assumes R\theta: I' x' \Longrightarrow (x,x') \in R
  assumes IREF: \bigwedge x \ x'. \ \llbracket \ (x,x') \in R; \ I' \ x' \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow I \ x
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ fref-to\text{-}Down\text{-}unRET\text{-}uncurry\text{-}Id$ :

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

 $\langle (uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle Id \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow$ 

 $(\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \ y = (g \ x' \ y'))$ 

```
assumes STEP-REF:
     \bigwedge x \ x'. \llbracket (x,x') \in R; \ b \ x; \ b' \ x'; \ I \ x; \ I' \ x'; \ f' \ x' \leq SPEC \ I' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f \ x \leq \Downarrow R \ (f' \ x')
  shows WHILEIT I b f x \le \Downarrow R (WHILEIT I' b' f' x')
  \langle proof \rangle
0.0.4 Some Refinement
lemma fr\text{-}refl': \langle A \Longrightarrow_A B \Longrightarrow C * A \Longrightarrow_A C * B \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma Collect-eq-comp: \langle \{(c, a). \ a = f \ c\} \ O \ \{(x, y). \ P \ x \ y\} = \{(c, y). \ P \ (f \ c) \ y\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma Collect-eq-comp-right:
   \{(x, y). \ P \ x \ y\} \ O \ \{(c, a). \ a = f \ c\} = \{(x, c). \ \exists \ y. \ P \ x \ y \land c = f \ y\} \ \}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  shows list-mset-assn-add-mset-Nil:
      \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn\ R\ (add\text{-}mset\ q\ Q)\ [] = false \rangle and
    list-mset-assn-empty-Cons:
     \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn\ R\ \{\#\}\ (x\ \#\ xs) = false \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-mset-assn-add-mset-cons-in:
  assumes
     assn: \langle A \models list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn \ R \ N \ (ab \# list) \rangle
  shows (\exists ab', (ab, ab') \in the\text{-pure } R \land ab' \in \# N \land A \models list\text{-mset-assn } R \text{ (remove1-mset } ab' N) \text{ (list)})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma list-mset-assn-empty-nil: \langle list-mset-assn R \{\#\} []=emp\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{no-fail-spec-le-RETURN-itself} \colon \langle \textit{nofail} \ f \Longrightarrow f \leq \textit{SPEC}(\lambda x. \ \textit{RETURN} \ x \leq f) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-add-invariants':
  assumes
     \langle f S \leq \downarrow \} \{ (S, S'). \ Q' S S' \land Q S \} \ gS \rangle  and
     \langle y \leq \downarrow \{((i, S), S'). \ P \ i \ S \ S'\} \ (f \ S) \rangle and
     \langle nofail \ gS \rangle
  shows \langle y \leq \downarrow \{((i, S), S'). P \ i \ S \ S' \land Q \ S'\} \ (f \ S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma weaken-\Downarrow: \langle R' \subseteq R \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R' g \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R g \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
method match-Down =
   (match conclusion in \langle f \leq \downarrow R \ g \rangle for f \ g \ R \Rightarrow
     \langle match \ premises \ in \ I: \langle f \leq \Downarrow \ R' \ g \rangle \ for \ R'
         \Rightarrow \langle rule \ weaken-\psi[OF - I]\rangle\rangle
```

assumes COND-REF:  $\bigwedge x x'$ .  $[(x,x') \in R; Ix; I'x'] \implies bx = b'x'$ 

 $\mathbf{lemma}$  refine-SPEC-refine-Down:

```
 \langle f \leq SPEC \ C \longleftrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow \{(T', \ T). \ T = T' \land C \ T'\} \ (SPEC \ C) \rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

```
0.0.5
                             More declarations
notation prod\text{-}rel\text{-}syn (infixl \times_f 70)
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{is-Nil-is-empty}[\textit{sepref-fr-rules}]:
     (return\ o\ is-Nil,\ RETURN\ o\ Multiset.is-empty) \in (list-mset-assn\ R)^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma diff-add-mset-remove1: \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \mid \# \mid N \Longrightarrow M - add\text{-}mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (M - add-mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ N = remove1\text{-}ms
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-all2-remove:
          uniq: \langle IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE\ (p2rel\ R)\rangle\ \langle IS-LEFT-UNIQUE\ (p2rel\ R)\rangle\ and
          Ra: \langle R \ a \ aa \rangle and
          all: (list-all2 R xs ys)
     shows
     \exists xs'. mset xs' = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (mset \ xs) \ \land
                                (\exists ys'. mset ys' = remove1\text{-}mset aa (mset ys) \land list\text{-}all2 \ R \ xs' \ ys')
      \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove 1\text{-}remove 1\text{-}mset:
     assumes uniq: \langle IS\text{-}RIGHT\text{-}UNIQUE\ R \rangle\ \langle IS\text{-}LEFT\text{-}UNIQUE\ R \rangle
     shows (uncurry (RETURN oo remove1), uncurry (RETURN oo remove1-mset)) \in
          R \times_r (list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \ O \ \langle R \rangle \ mset\text{-}rel) \rightarrow_f
           \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel\ O\ \langle R \rangle\ mset\text{-}rel \rangle\ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma
      Nil-list-mset-rel-iff:
          \langle ([], aaa) \in list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \longleftrightarrow aaa = \{\#\} \rangle and
      empty-list-mset-rel-iff:
          \langle (a,\, \{\#\}) \in \mathit{list-mset-rel} \longleftrightarrow a = \lceil \mid \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-up-eq2: \langle (\exists_A ba. f ba * \uparrow (ba = c)) = (f c) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-pair-split: \langle (\exists_A b. \ P \ b) = (\exists_A a \ b. \ P \ (a, \ b)) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma snd-hnr-pure:
       \langle \textit{CONSTRAINT is-pure } B \Longrightarrow (\textit{return} \circ \textit{snd}, \textit{RETURN} \circ \textit{snd}) \in \textit{A}^d *_a \textit{B}^k \rightarrow_a \textit{B} \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
0.0.6 List relation
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{list-rel-take} \colon
```

```
lemma list\text{-rel-}take: \langle (ba, ab) \in \langle A \rangle list\text{-rel} \Longrightarrow (take \ b \ ba, \ take \ b \ ab) \in \langle A \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma list-rel-update':

```
fixes R
  assumes rel: \langle (xs, ys) \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle and
   h: \langle (bi, b) \in R \rangle
  shows \langle (list\text{-}update \ xs \ ba \ bi, \ list\text{-}update \ ys \ ba \ b) \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{list-rel-update}:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes rel: \langle (xs, ys) \in \langle the\text{-pure } R \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle and
   h: \langle h \models A * R \ b \ bi \rangle and
   p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows \langle (list\text{-}update \ xs \ ba \ bi, \ list\text{-}update \ ys \ ba \ b) \in \langle the\text{-}pure \ R \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{list-rel-in-find-correspondance} E :
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle and \langle L \in set M \rangle
  obtains L' where \langle (L, L') \in R \rangle and \langle L' \in set M' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition list-rel-mset-rel where list-rel-mset-rel-internal:
\langle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \equiv \lambda R. \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \ O \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma list-rel-mset-rel-def[refine-rel-defs]:
   \langle\langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel = \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \ O \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{list-mset-assn-pure-conv}:
   \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn\ (pure\ R) = pure\ (\langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-assn-list-mset-rel-eq-list-mset-assn:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows \langle hr\text{-}comp \ (list\text{-}assn \ R) \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel = list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn \ R \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma list-rel-mset-rel-imp-same-length: \langle (a,b) \in \langle R \rangle list-rel-mset-rel \Longrightarrow length a = size\ b
  \langle proof \rangle
               More Functions, Relations, and Theorems
lemma id-ref: \langle (return\ o\ id,\ RETURN\ o\ id) \in \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow_a \mathbb{R} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition emptied-list :: \langle 'a | list \Rightarrow 'a | list \rangle where
   \langle emptied\text{-}list \ l = [] \rangle
This functions deletes all elements of a resizable array, without resizing it.
definition emptied-arl :: \langle 'a \text{ array-list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ array-list} \rangle where
\langle emptied\text{-}arl = (\lambda(a, n), (a, \theta)) \rangle
lemma emptied-arl-refine[sepref-fr-rules]:
   (return\ o\ emptied-arl,\ RETURN\ o\ emptied-list) \in (arl-assn\ R)^d \rightarrow_a arl-assn\ R)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma bool-assn-alt-def: \langle bool\text{-}assn\ a\ b = \uparrow (a = b) \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nempty-list-mset-rel-iff: \langle M \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
   (xs, M) \in list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \longleftrightarrow (xs \neq [] \land hd \ xs \in \# M \land ]
            (tl \ xs, \ remove1\text{-}mset \ (hd \ xs) \ M) \in list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma Down-itself-via-SPEC:
  assumes \langle I \leq SPEC P \rangle and \langle \bigwedge x. P x \Longrightarrow (x, x) \in R \rangle
  shows \langle I \leq \Downarrow R | I \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-if-inverse:
  \langle do \}
     S \leftarrow H;
     if b then f S else g S
     (if b then do \{S \leftarrow H; fS\} else do \{S \leftarrow H; gS\})
  \rightarrow for H :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma hfref-imp2: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ S \ x \ y \Longrightarrow_t S' \ x \ y) \Longrightarrow [P]_a \ RR \to S \subseteq [P]_a \ RR \to S'
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma hr-comp-mono-entails: \langle B \subseteq C \Longrightarrow hr\text{-}comp \ a \ B \ x \ y \Longrightarrow_A hr\text{-}comp \ a \ C \ x \ y \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma hfref-imp-mono-result:
   B \subseteq C \Longrightarrow [P]_a RR \to hr\text{-comp } a B \subseteq [P]_a RR \to hr\text{-comp } a C
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma hfref-imp-mono-result2:
   (\bigwedge x. \ P \ L \ x \Longrightarrow B \ L \subseteq C \ L) \Longrightarrow [P \ L]_a \ RR \to hr\text{-comp} \ a \ (B \ L) \subseteq [P \ L]_a \ RR \to hr\text{-comp} \ a \ (C \ L)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma hfref-weaken-change-pre:
  assumes (f,h) \in hfref P R S
  assumes \bigwedge x. P x \Longrightarrow (fst R x, snd R x) = (fst R' x, snd R' x)
  assumes \bigwedge y \ x. S \ y \ x \Longrightarrow_t S' \ y \ x
  shows (f,h) \in hfref P R' S'
\langle proof \rangle
```

### Ghost parameters

This is a trick to recover from consumption of a variable  $(A_{in})$  that is passed as argument and destroyed by the initialisation: We copy it as a zero-cost (by creating a ()), because we don't need it in the code and only in the specification.

This is a way to have ghost parameters, without having them: The parameter is replaced by () and we hope that the compiler will do the right thing.

```
definition virtual\text{-}copy where [simp]: \langle virtual\text{-}copy = id \rangle definition virtual\text{-}copy\text{-}rel where \langle virtual\text{-}copy\text{-}rel = \{(c, b). \ c = ()\} \rangle
```

```
abbreviation ghost-assn where
   \langle ghost\text{-}assn \equiv hr\text{-}comp \ unit\text{-}assn \ virtual\text{-}copy\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
 \langle (return\ o\ (\lambda -.\ ()),\ RETURN\ o\ virtual\text{-}copy) \in \mathbb{R}^k \rightarrow_a ghost\text{-}assn \rangle
 \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-cong-nres: \langle (\bigwedge x. \ g \ x = g' \ x) \Longrightarrow (do \{a \leftarrow f :: 'a \ nres; \ g \ a\}) = (do \{a \leftarrow f :: 'a \ nres; \ g' \ a \})
a})>
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma case-prod-cong:
   \langle (\bigwedge a \ b. \ f \ a \ b = g \ a \ b) \Longrightarrow (case \ x \ of \ (a, \ b) \Rightarrow f \ a \ b) = (case \ x \ of \ (a, \ b) \Rightarrow g \ a \ b) \rangle
lemma if-replace-cond: \langle (if \ b \ then \ P \ b \ else \ Q \ b) = (if \ b \ then \ P \ True \ else \ Q \ False) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nfoldli-cong2:
   assumes
      le: \langle length \ l = length \ l' \rangle and
      \sigma: \langle \sigma = \sigma' \rangle and
      c: \langle c = c' \rangle and
      H \colon \langle \bigwedge \sigma \ x. \ x < length \ l \Longrightarrow c' \ \sigma \Longrightarrow f \ (l \ ! \ x) \ \sigma = f' \ (l' \ ! \ x) \ \sigma \rangle
  shows \langle nfoldli\ l\ c\ f\ \sigma = nfoldli\ l'\ c'\ f'\ \sigma' \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{nfoldli-nfoldli-list-nth}:
   \langle nfoldli \ xs \ c \ P \ a = nfoldli \ [0.. < length \ xs] \ c \ (\lambda i. \ P \ (xs \ ! \ i)) \ a \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma foldli-cong2:
  assumes
      le: \langle length \ l = length \ l' \rangle and
     \sigma: \langle \sigma = \sigma' \rangle and
      c: \langle c = c' \rangle and
      H: \langle \bigwedge \sigma \ x. \ x < length \ l \Longrightarrow c' \ \sigma \Longrightarrow f \ (l!x) \ \sigma = f' \ (l'!x) \ \sigma \rangle
  shows \langle foldli\ l\ c\ f\ \sigma = foldli\ l'\ c'\ f'\ \sigma' \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma foldli-foldli-list-nth:
   \langle foldli \ xs \ c \ P \ a = foldli \ [0.. < length \ xs] \ c \ (\lambda i. \ P \ (xs \ ! \ i)) \ a \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) WHILEIT-rule-stronger-inv-RES':
  assumes
      \langle wf R \rangle and
      \langle I s \rangle and
     \langle I's \rangle
     \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow b \ s \Longrightarrow f \ s \le SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I \ s' \land I' \ s' \land (s', s) \in R) \rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow \neg \ b \ s \Longrightarrow RETURN \ s \leq \Downarrow H \ (RES \ \Phi) \rangle
 shows \langle WHILE_T^I \ b \ f \ s \leq \Downarrow H \ (RES \ \Phi) \rangle
```

```
lemma RES-RES13-RETURN-RES: ⟨do {
      (M, N, D, Q, W, vm, \varphi, clvls, cach, lbd, outl, stats, fast-ema, slow-ema, ccount,
                   vdom, avdom, lcount) \leftarrow RES A;
      RES (f M N D Q W vm \varphi clvls cach lbd outl stats fast-ema slow-ema ccount
                vdom avdom lcount)
= RES ([](M, N, D, Q, W, vm, \varphi, clvls, cach, lbd, outl, stats, fast-ema, slow-ema, ccount,
                   vdom, avdom, lcount) \in A. f M N D Q W vm \varphi clvls cach lbd outl stats fast-ema slow-ema ccount
                vdom \ avdom \ lcount)
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma id-mset-list-assn-list-mset-assn:
     assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
     shows (return\ o\ id,\ RETURN\ o\ mset) \in (list-assn\ R)^d \rightarrow_a list-mset-assn\ R)
lemma RES-SPEC-conv: \langle RES | P = SPEC | (\lambda v. v \in P) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
0.0.8
                              Sorting
Remark that we do not prove that the sorting in correct, since we do not care about the
correctness, only the fact that it is reordered. (Based on wikipedia's algorithm.) Typically R
would be (<)
definition insert-sort-inner :: ((b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow a \ list 
nres where
      \langle insert\text{-}sort\text{-}inner\ R\ f\ xs\ i=do\ \{
             (j, \ ys) \leftarrow \ \textit{WHILE}_T \lambda(j, \ ys). \ j \stackrel{.}{\geq} \ \textit{0} \ \land \ \textit{mset} \ \textit{xs} = \textit{mset} \ \textit{ys} \land \textit{j} < \textit{length} \ \textit{ys}
                         (\lambda(j, ys). j > 0 \land R (f ys j) (f ys (j-1)))
                        (\lambda(j, ys). do \{
                                   ASSERT(j < length ys);
                                   ASSERT(j > 0);
                                   ASSERT(j-1 < length ys);
                                   let xs = swap ys j (j - 1);
                                   RETURN (j-1, xs)
                     (i, xs);
              RETURN ys
lemma \langle RETURN \mid Suc \mid \theta, \mid 2, \mid \theta \rangle = insert-sort-inner (<) ($\lambda$ remove n. remove ! n) [$2::nat, \, 1, \, \theta$] 1>
      \langle proof \rangle
definition reorder-remove :: \langle b \Rightarrow a | list \Rightarrow a | list | nres \rangle where
\langle reorder\text{-}remove - removed = SPEC \ (\lambda removed'. mset removed' = mset removed) \rangle
definition insert-sort :: \langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ nres \rangle where
      \langle insert\text{-}sort\ R\ f\ xs = do\ \{
             (i,\ ys) \leftarrow \mathit{WHILE}_T \lambda(i,\ ys).\ (ys = [] \lor i \le \mathit{length}\ ys) \land \mathit{mset}\ \mathit{xs} = \mathit{mset}\ \mathit{ys}
                      (\lambda(i, ys). i < length ys)
                     (\lambda(i, ys). do \{
                                 ASSERT(i < length ys);
                                ys \leftarrow insert\text{-}sort\text{-}inner\ R\ f\ ys\ i;
```

```
RETURN (i+1, ys)
                          })
                     (1, xs);
              RETURN ys
     }>
lemma insert-sort-inner:
        (uncurry\ (insert\text{-}sort\text{-}inner\ R\ f),\ uncurry\ (\lambda m\ m'.\ reorder\text{-}remove\ m'\ m)) \in
                [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_f \ \langle Id:: ('a \times 'a) \ set \rangle list-rel \times_r \ nat-rel \rightarrow \langle Id \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma insert-sort-reorder-remove:
      \langle (insert\text{-}sort\ R\ f,\ reorder\text{-}remove\ vm) \in \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rightarrow_f \langle Id \rangle\ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
definition arl-replicate where
  arl-replicate init-cap x \equiv do {
          let n = max init-cap minimum-capacity;
          a \leftarrow Array.new \ n \ x;
          return (a, init-cap)
definition \langle op\text{-}arl\text{-}replicate = op\text{-}list\text{-}replicate \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{arl-fold-custom-replicate} :
      \langle replicate = op-arl-replicate \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-replicate-arl-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \mathbf{assumes}\ p{:}\ \langle CONSTRAINT\ is\text{-}pure\ R\rangle
    \mathbf{shows} \mathrel{\land} (\mathit{uncurry} \; \mathit{arl-replicate}, \; \mathit{uncurry} \; (\mathit{RETURN} \; \mathit{oo} \; \mathit{op-arl-replicate})) \in \mathit{nat-assn}^k *_a R^k \rightarrow_a \mathit{arl-assn}^k *_b R^k \rightarrow_a \mathit{arl-assn}^k R^
R
\langle proof \rangle
lemma option-bool-assn-direct-eq-hnr:
      \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (=)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=))) \in
           (option-assn\ bool-assn)^k *_a (option-assn\ bool-assn)^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn)
      \langle proof \rangle
This function does not change the size of the underlying array.
definition take1 where
      \langle take1 \ xs = take \ 1 \ xs \rangle
lemma take1-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (return\ o\ (\lambda(a,\ -).\ (a,\ 1::nat)),\ RETURN\ o\ take1) \in [\lambda xs.\ xs \neq []]_a\ (arl-assn\ R)^d \rightarrow arl-assn\ R\rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
The following two abbreviation are variants from \lambda f. uncurry2 (uncurry2 f) and \lambda f. uncurry2
(uncurry2 (uncurry2 f)). The problem is that uncurry2 (uncurry2 f) and uncurry2 (uncurry2
f) are the same term, but only the latter is folded to \lambda f. uncurry2 (uncurry2 f).
abbreviation uncurry4' where
     uncurry4'f \equiv uncurry2 (uncurry2 f)
abbreviation uncurry6' where
      uncurry6'f \equiv uncurry2 (uncurry4'f)
```

```
lemma Down-id-eq: \Downarrow Id \ a = a
      \langle proof \rangle
definition find-in-list-between :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow nat \ option \ nres \rangle where
      \langle find\text{-}in\text{-}list\text{-}between \ P \ a \ b \ C = do \ \{
            (x, \text{-}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_T \\ \lambda(\textit{found}, \text{ } i). \text{ } i \geq \overset{\backprime}{a} \land \text{ } i \leq \textit{length } C \land \text{ } i \leq \text{ } b \land (\forall \textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{C}!\textit{j})) \land (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{j} \in \{\textit{a}.. < \textit{i}\}. \text{ } \neg P \text{ } (\textit{j} \in \{\textit{j} \in \{\textit{j}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (\forall j. found = Some j \longrightarrow (a)
                       (\lambda(found, i). found = None \land i < b)
                       (\lambda(-, i). do \{
                             ASSERT(i < length C);
                             if P(C!i) then RETURN (Some i, i) else RETURN (None, i+1)
                       (None, a);
                 RETURN x
      }>
lemma find-in-list-between-spec:
      assumes \langle a \leq length \ C \rangle and \langle b \leq length \ C \rangle and \langle a \leq b \rangle
     shows
            \langle find\text{-}in\text{-}list\text{-}between \ P \ a \ b \ C < SPEC(\lambda i).
                    (i \neq None \longrightarrow P(C! the i) \land the i \geq a \land the i < b) \land
                    (i = None \longrightarrow (\forall j. \ j \ge a \longrightarrow j < b \longrightarrow \neg P(C!j)))
      \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Array-Array-List
imports WB-More-Refinement
begin
0.0.9
                                 Array of Array Lists
We define here array of array lists. We need arrays owning there elements. Therefore most of
the rules introduced by sep-auto cannot lead to proofs.
fun heap-list-all :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list \Rightarrow assn \ \mathbf{where}
      \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ [] \ [] = emp \rangle
|\langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R\ (x\ \#\ xs)\ (y\ \#\ ys) = R\ x\ y*heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R\ xs\ ys\rangle
|\langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R - - = false \rangle|
It is often useful to speak about arrays except at one index (e.g., because it is updated).
definition heap-list-all-nth:: ('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list \Rightarrow assn \ \mathbf{where}
      \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is \ xs \ ys = foldr \ ((*)) \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ R \ (xs \ ! \ i) \ (ys \ ! \ i)) \ is) \ emp \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{heap-list-all-nth-emty}[\textit{simp}] : \langle \textit{heap-list-all-nth} \ \textit{R} \ [] \ \textit{xs} \ \textit{ys} = \textit{emp} \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-Cons:
      \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ (a \# is') \ xs \ ys = R \ (xs ! a) \ (ys ! a) * heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is' \ xs \ ys \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-heap-list-all-nth:
      \langle length \ xs = length \ ys \Longrightarrow heap-list-all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap-list-all-nth \ R \ [0..< length \ xs] \ xs \ ys \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-single: \langle heap-list-all-nth \ R \ [a] \ xs \ ys = R \ (xs \ ! \ a) \ (ys \ ! \ a) \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth\text{-}mset\text{-}eq:
    assumes \langle mset \ is = mset \ is' \rangle
    shows \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is' \ xs \ ys \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-add-same-length:
     \langle h \models heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R' \ xs \ p \Longrightarrow length \ p = length \ xs \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-Suc:
    assumes a: \langle a > 1 \rangle
    shows \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ [Suc \ 0... < a] \ (x \# xs) \ (y \# ys) =
         heap-list-all-nth R [0..< a-1] xs ys
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-append:
     \langle heap-list-all-nth \ R \ (is @ is') \ xs \ ys = heap-list-all-nth \ R \ is \ xs \ ys * heap-list-all-nth \ R \ is' \ xs \ ys \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-heap-list-all-nth-eq:
     \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ [0..< length \ xs] \ xs \ ys \ * \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ ys) \rangle = length \ ys \rangle \rangle = length \ ys \rangle \rangle = length \ ys \rangle \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ [0..< length \ xs] \ xs \ ys \ * \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ ys) \rangle \rangle \rangle \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ [0..< length \ xs] \ xs \ ys \ * \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ ys) \rangle \rangle \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ [0..< length \ xs] \ xs \ ys \ * \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ ys) \rangle \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ [0..< length \ xs] \ xs \ ys \ * \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ ys) \rangle \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list \ xs \ ys = hea
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-remove1: (i \in set \ is \Longrightarrow
     heap-list-all-nth R is xs ys = R (xs! i) (ys! i) * heap-list-all-nth R (remove1 i is) xs ys)
     \langle proof \rangle
definition arrayO-assn :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ array \Rightarrow assn \rangle where
     \langle arrayO-assn\ R'\ xs\ axs \equiv \exists_A\ p.\ array-assn\ id-assn\ p\ axs*heap-list-all\ R'\ xs\ p \rangle
definition arrayO-except-assn:: (('a \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ array \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow assn)
where
     \langle arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn\ R'\ is\ xs\ axs\ f \equiv
           \exists_A p. array-assn id-assn p axs * heap-list-all-nth R' (fold remove1 is [0..<length xs]) xs p *
         \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ p) * f \ p
lemma arrayO-except-assn-arrayO: (arrayO-except-assn R [] xs asx (\lambda-. emp) = arrayO-assn R xs asx
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-except-assn-arrayO-index:
    \langle i < length \ xs \implies arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn \ R \ [i] \ xs \ asx \ (\lambda p. \ R \ (xs \ ! \ i) \ (p \ ! \ i)) = arrayO\text{-}assn \ R \ xs \ asx)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma array O-nth-rule [sep-heap-rules]:
    assumes i: \langle i < length \ a \rangle
    shows \langle arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) | a ai \rangle Array.nth ai i <math>\langle \lambda r. arrayO-except-assn (arl-assn R) | i \rangle
      (\lambda r'. \ arl\text{-}assn \ R \ (a ! i) \ r * \uparrow (r = r' ! i)) > )
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-a :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
     \langle length-a \ xs = Array.len \ xs \rangle
lemma length-a-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
       \langle \langle array O \text{-} assn \ R \ x \ xi \rangle \ length-a \ xi \langle \lambda r. \ array O \text{-} assn \ R \ x \ xi * \uparrow (r = length \ x) \rangle_t \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma length-a-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-a, RETURN \ o \ op-list-length) \in (arrayO-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-ll :: \langle 'a \ list \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle length-ll \ l \ i = length \ (l!i) \rangle
lemma le-length-ll-nemptyD: \langle b < length-ll \ a \ ba \implies a \ ! \ ba \neq [] \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-aa :: \langle ('a::heap \ array-list) \ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa \ xs \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
     arl-length x \}
lemma length-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow \langle array O \text{-} assn \ (arl \text{-} assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length \text{-} aa \ a \ b
    <\lambda r. \ array O\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a * \uparrow (r = length\text{-}ll \ xs \ b)>_t >
  \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ length-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry \ length-aa, \ uncurry \ (RETURN \ \circ \circ \ length-ll)) \in
      [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa where
  \langle nth\text{-}aa \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ x \ j;
       return y \}
lemma models-heap-list-all-models-nth:
  \langle (h, as) \models heap\text{-list-all } R \ a \ b \Longrightarrow i < length \ a \Longrightarrow \exists \ as'. \ (h, \ as') \models R \ (a!i) \ (b!i) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-ll :: 'a list list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a where
  \langle nth\text{-}ll \ l \ i \ j = l \ ! \ i \ ! \ j \rangle
lemma nth-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     (uncurry2\ nth-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-ll)) \in
         [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a
         (array O\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition append-el-aa :: ('a::{default,heap} array-list) array \Rightarrow
  nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list) \ array \ Heapwhere
append-el-aa \equiv \lambda a \ i \ x. \ do \{
  j \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
  a' \leftarrow \textit{arl-append j } x;
  Array.upd i a' a
  }
```

**definition** append-ll :: 'a list list  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a list list where

```
\langle append\text{-}ll \ xs \ i \ x = list\text{-}update \ xs \ i \ (xs \ ! \ i \ @ \ [x]) \rangle
lemma sep-auto-is-stupid:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{ heap, default \} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle \exists_A p. R1 p * R2 p * arl-assn R l' aa * R x x' * R4 p \rangle
        arl-append aa x' < \lambda r. (\exists_A p. arl-assn R(l' @ [x]) r * R1 p * R2 p * R x x' * R4 p * true) >> 
\langle proof \rangle
declare arrayO-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
lemma heap-list-all-nth-cong:
  assumes
    \forall i \in set \ is. \ xs \ ! \ i = xs' \ ! \ i \rangle \ and
    \langle \forall i \in set \ is. \ ys \ ! \ i = ys' \ ! \ i \rangle
  shows \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is \ xs' \ ys' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ append-el-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ append-ll)) \in
     [\lambda((l,i),x).\ i < length\ l]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ R^k \to (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d
R))\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-aa :: ('a::\{heap\}\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a\ array-list)\ array\ Heap
where
  \langle update-aa\ a\ i\ j\ y=do\ \{
       x \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
       a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}set \ x \ j \ y;
       Array.upd i a' a
    } — is the Array.upd really needed?
definition update-ll :: 'a list list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a list list where
  \langle update\text{-}ll \ xs \ i \ j \ y = xs[i:=(xs \ ! \ i)[j:=y]] \rangle
declare nth-rule[sep-heap-rules del]
declare arrayO-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
TODO: is it possible to be more precise and not drop the \uparrow ((aa, bc) = r'! bb)
\mathbf{lemma} \ array O\text{-}except\text{-}assn\text{-}arl\text{-}set[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:}
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb \rangle \langle length | a \rangle and
    \langle ba < length-ll \ a \ bb \rangle
  shows (
        < array O-except-assn (arl-assn R) [bb] a ai (<math>\lambda r'. arl-assn R (a!bb) (aa, bc) *
          \uparrow ((aa, bc) = r'! bb)) * R b bi >
        arl-set (aa, bc) ba bi
       <\lambda(aa, bc). arrayO-except-assn (arl-assn R) [bb] a ai
         (\lambda r'. arl\text{-}assn \ R \ ((a!bb)[ba:=b]) \ (aa,bc)) * R \ b \ bi * true>)
\langle proof \rangle
```

**lemma** update-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:

```
assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb \rangle \langle length | a \rangle and \langle ba \rangle \langle length | b \rangle
  shows (< R \ b \ bi * arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-aa \ ai \ bb \ ba \ bi
       <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists_A x.\ array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-ll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes (is-pure R)
  shows (uncurry3 \ update-aa, uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ update-ll)) \in
       [\lambda(((l,i),j),x).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d *_a\ nat-assn^k *_a
nat\text{-}assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-butlast-ll where
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}ll \ xs \ i = xs[i := butlast \ (xs \ ! \ i)] \rangle
definition set-butlast-aa :: ('a::{heap} array-list) array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a array-list) array Heap where
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\ a\ i=do\ \{
       x \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
       a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}butlast x;
       Array.upd i a' a
    \rightarrow Replace the i-th element by the itself except the last element.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{list-rel-butlast} \colon
  assumes rel: \langle (xs, ys) \in \langle the\text{-}pure \ R \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle
  shows \langle (butlast \ xs, \ butlast \ ys) \in \langle the\text{-pure} \ R \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-except-assn-arl-butlast:
  assumes \langle b < length \ a \rangle and
    \langle a \mid b \neq 0 \rangle
  shows
    \langle \langle arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R)\ [b]\ a\ ai\ (\lambda r'.\ arl\text{-}assn\ R\ (a!\ b)\ (aa,\ ba)\ *
          \uparrow ((aa, ba) = r'! b))>
        arl-butlast (aa, ba)
       <\lambda(aa, ba). arrayO-except-assn (arl-assn R) [b] a ai (\lambda r'. arl-assn R (butlast <math>(a ! b)) (aa, ba)*
true) > \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma set-butlast-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and
    \langle b < length \ a \rangle and
    \langle a \mid b \neq [] \rangle
  shows \langle array O - assn (arl - assn R) \ a \ ai \rangle set-butlast-aa ai b
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma set-butlast-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ set\text{-}butlast\text{-}ll)) \in
     [\lambda(l,i).\ i < length\ l \land l \ !\ i \neq []]_a\ (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))^d *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))^d
R))\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition last-aa :: ('a::heap array-list) array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  \langle last-aa \ xs \ i = do \ \{
```

```
x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
      arl-last x
  }>
definition last-ll :: 'a \ list \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle last\text{-}ll \ xs \ i = last \ (xs \ ! \ i) \rangle
lemma last-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes
    p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle and
   \langle b < length \ a \rangle and
   \langle a \mid b \neq [] \rangle
   shows (
        < array O-assn (arl-assn R) a ai >
          last-aa ai b
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma last-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ last-aa,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ last-ll)) \in
      [\lambda(l,i). \ i < length \ l \land l \ ! \ i \neq []]_a \ (arrayO\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow R^{(k)}
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-a::\langle ('a::heap\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a\ array-list)\ Heap\rangle where
 \langle nth-a \ xs \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
      arl-copy x \}
lemma nth-a-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ nth-a,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op\ -list-get)) \in
      [\lambda(\mathit{xs},\ i).\ i < \mathit{length}\ \mathit{xs}]_a\ (\mathit{arrayO-assn}\ (\mathit{arl-assn}\ R))^k *_a\ \mathit{nat-assn}^k \rightarrow \mathit{arl-assn}\ R)
  \langle proof \rangle
 definition swap-aa :: ('a::heap \ array-list) \ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list) \ array \ Heap
where
  \langle swap-aa \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
    xi \leftarrow nth-aa \ xs \ k \ i;
    xj \leftarrow nth\text{-}aa \ xs \ k \ j;
    xs \leftarrow update-aa \ xs \ k \ i \ xj;
    xs \leftarrow update-aa \ xs \ k \ j \ xi;
    return\ xs
  }>
definition swap-ll where
  \langle swap\text{-}ll \ xs \ k \ i \ j = list\text{-}update \ xs \ k \ (swap \ (xs!k) \ i \ j) \rangle
lemma nth-aa-heap[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}ll \ aa \ b \rangle
  shows (
   < array O-assn (arl-assn R) aa a>
   nth-aa a b ba
   <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; array O\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R) \; aa \; a \; *
                  (R \ x \ r \ *
                  \uparrow (x = nth\text{-}ll \ aa \ b \ ba)) *
                  true > >
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-rule-pure:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}ll \ aa \ b \rangle and
     b: \langle (bb, be) \in the\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (
   \langle arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R)\ aa\ a \rangle
             update-aa a b ba bb
             <\lambda r. \; \exists_{A}x. \; invalid\text{-}assn \; (arrayO\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R)) \; aa \; a* \; arrayO\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R) \; x \; r*
                            \uparrow (x = update-ll \ aa \ b \ ba \ be)>\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma length-update-ll[simp]: \langle length (update-ll a bb b c) = length a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-ll-update-ll:
  \langle bb \rangle \langle bc \rangle = length \ a \Longrightarrow length-ll \ (update-ll \ a \ bb \ b \ c) \ bb = length-ll \ a \ bb \ b \ c)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ swap-aa, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
   [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j). \ k < length \ xs \land i < length-ll \ xs \ k \land j < length-ll \ xs \ k]_a
  (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ nat-assn^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k
\langle proof \rangle
It is not possible to do a direct initialisation: there is no element that can be put everywhere.
definition arrayO-ara-empty-sz where
  \langle arrayO\text{-}ara\text{-}empty\text{-}sz \ n =
   (let xs = fold (\lambda - xs. [] \# xs) [0... < n] [] in
     op-list-copy xs)
lemma heap-list-all-list-assn: \langle heap-list-all\ R\ x\ y = list-assn\ R\ x\ y \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma of-list-op-list-copy-arrayO[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (Array.of-list, RETURN \circ op-list-copy) \in (list-assn (arl-assn R))^d \rightarrow_a arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
sepref-definition
  array O-ara-empty-sz-code
  \mathbf{is}\ RETURN\ o\ array O\text{-}ara\text{-}empty\text{-}sz
  :: \langle nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a arrayO\text{-}assn (arl\text{-}assn (R::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition init-lrl :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ list \rangle where
  \langle init\text{-}lrl \ n = replicate \ n \ [] \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{arrayO-ara-empty-sz-init-lrl:} \ \langle \mathit{arrayO-ara-empty-sz} \ \mathit{n} = \mathit{init-lrl} \ \mathit{n} \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ arrayO\text{-}raa\text{-}empty\text{-}sz\text{-}init\text{-}lrl[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:}
  \langle (array O - ara - empty - sz - code, RETURN \ o \ init - lrl) \in
```

```
nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a arrayO\text{-}assn (arl\text{-}assn R)
    \langle proof \rangle
definition (in -) shorten-take-ll where
    \langle shorten-take-ll\ L\ j\ W=W[L:=take\ j\ (W\ !\ L)] \rangle
definition (in -) shorten-take-aa where
    \langle shorten-take-aa\ L\ j\ W=do\ \{
           (a, n) \leftarrow Array.nth \ W \ L;
            Array.upd\ L\ (a, j)\ W
       }>
lemma Array-upd-arrayO-except-assn[sep-heap-rules]:
   assumes
       \langle ba \leq length \ (b ! a) \rangle and
       \langle a < length b \rangle
    shows \langle arrayO-except-assn (arl-assn R) [a] b bi
                     (\lambda r'. \ arl\text{-}assn \ R \ (b ! a) \ (aaa, n) * \uparrow ((aaa, n) = r' ! a))>
                  Array.upd a (aaa, ba) bi
                  <\lambda r. \exists Ax. \ array O\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R) \ x \ r * true *
                                       \uparrow (x = b[a := take \ ba \ (b \ ! \ a)]) > \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma shorten-take-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    (uncurry2\ shorten-take-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ shorten-take-ll)) \in
          [\lambda((L, j), W). j \leq length (W!L) \wedge L < length W]_a
        nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))^d \rightarrow arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) > arrayO-assn 
    \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Array-List-Array
imports Array-Array-List
begin
                          Array of Array Lists
0.0.10
There is a major difference compared to 'a array-list array: 'a array-list is not of sort default.
This means that function like arl-append cannot be used here.
type-synonym 'a arrayO-raa = \langle 'a \ array \ array-list \rangle
type-synonym 'a list-rll = \langle 'a \ list \ list \rangle
definition arlO-assn :: (('a \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow 'b array-list \Rightarrow assn) where
    \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ R'\ xs\ axs \equiv \exists\ _Ap.\ arl\text{-}assn\ id\text{-}assn\ p\ axs\ *\ heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R'\ xs\ p \rangle
definition arlO-assn-except :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ array-list \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow assn \rangle
where
    \langle arlO\text{-}assn\text{-}except \ R' \ is \ xs \ axs \ f \equiv
          \exists_A p. \ arl-assn \ id-assn \ p \ axs*heap-list-all-nth \ R' \ (fold\ remove1\ is \ [0..< length \ xs]) \ xs\ p*
       \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ p) * f p
lemma arlO-assn-except-array0: (arlO-assn-except R [] xs asx (\lambda-. emp) = arlO-assn R xs asx
```

```
lemma arlO-assn-except-array0-index:
  \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow arlO\text{-}assn\text{-}except \ R \ [i] \ xs \ asx \ (\lambda p. \ R \ (xs ! i) \ (p ! i)) = arlO\text{-}assn \ R \ xs \ asx)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-raa-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes i: \langle i < length \ a \rangle
  shows \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ a\ ai \rangle arl\text{-}qet\ ai\ i \langle \lambda r.\ arlO\text{-}assn\text{-}except\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ [i]\ a\ ai
   (\lambda r'. array-assn R (a!i) r * \uparrow (r = r'!i)) > i
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-ra :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-ra \ xs = arl-length \ xs \rangle
lemma length-ra-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
   \langle \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ x\ xi \rangle \ length{-}ra\ xi \langle \lambda r.\ arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ x\ xi * \uparrow (r = length\ x) \rangle_t \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-ra-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-ra, RETURN \ o \ op-list-length) \in (arlO-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll :: \langle 'a \ list-rll \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle length\text{-}rll\ l\ i = length\ (l!i) \rangle
lemma le-length-rll-nemptyD: \langle b < length-rll a ba \implies a ! ba \neq [] \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa \ xs \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ i;
     Array.len \ x\}
lemma length-raa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow \langle arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length\text{-}raa \ a \ b
   <\lambda r. \ arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a*\uparrow (r=length\text{-}rll \ xs \ b)>_t
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: (uncurry\ length-raa,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll)) \in
      [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arlO-assn \ (array-assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\ xs\ i\ j=do\ \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow Array.nth \ x \ j;
       return y \}
definition nth-rll :: 'a list list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a where
  \langle nth-rll\ l\ i\ j=l\ !\ i\ !\ j\rangle
lemma nth-raa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
         [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
         (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-raa :: ('a::\{heap, default\}) arrayO-raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a arrayO-raa Heap
where
  \langle update - raa \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}qet \ a \ i;
       a' \leftarrow Array.upd \ j \ y \ x;
       arl-set a i a'
    } — is the Array.upd really needed?
definition update-rll :: 'a \ list-rll \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ list \ where
  \langle update\text{-}rll \ xs \ i \ j \ y = xs[i:=(xs \ ! \ i)[j:=y]] \rangle
declare nth-rule[sep-heap-rules del]
declare arrayO-raa-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
TODO: is it possible to be more precise and not drop the \uparrow ((aa, bc) = r'! bb)
lemma arlO-assn-except-arl-set[sep-heap-rules]:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb \rangle \langle length \rangle and
    \langle ba < length-rll \ a \ bb \rangle
  shows (
        < arlO-assn-except (array-assn R) [bb] \ a \ ai \ (\lambda r'. \ array-assn R \ (a!bb) \ aa *
          \uparrow (aa = r' ! bb)) * R b bi >
        Array.upd ba bi aa
       <\lambda aa.\ arlO-assn-except (array-assn R) [bb] a ai
         (\lambda r'. array-assn R ((a!bb)[ba := b]) aa) * R b bi * true>)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-raa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb \rangle \langle length \rangle and \langle ba \rangle \langle length\text{-rll } a \rangle
  shows (< R \ b \ bi * arlO-assn (array-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-raa \ ai \ bb \ ba \ bi
       <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists_A x.\ arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-rll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-raa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ update-raa, uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ update-rll)) \in
       [\lambda(((l,i),j),x).\ i < length\ l \wedge j < length-rll\ l\ i]_a\ (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^d *_a\ nat-assn^k\ *_a
nat\text{-}assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))
  \langle proof \rangle
 definition swap-aa :: ('a::\{heap, default\}) \ arrayO-raa <math>\Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ arrayO-raa \ Heap
where
  \langle swap-aa \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
    xi \leftarrow nth\text{-}raa \ xs \ k \ i;
    xj \leftarrow nth-raa xs \ k \ j;
    xs \leftarrow update\text{-}raa \ xs \ k \ i \ xj;
    xs \leftarrow update\text{-}raa \ xs \ k \ j \ xi;
    return xs
definition swap-ll where
  \langle swap\text{-}ll \ xs \ k \ i \ j = list\text{-}update \ xs \ k \ (swap \ (xs!k) \ i \ j) \rangle
```

**lemma** *nth-raa-heap*[*sep-heap-rules*]:

```
assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}rll \ aa \ b \rangle
    shows (
       \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ aa\ a \rangle
      nth-raa a b ba
       <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; arlO\text{-}assn \; (array\text{-}assn \; R) \; aa \; a *
                                   (R \times r *
                                     \uparrow (x = nth\text{-}rll \ aa \ b \ ba)) *
                                   true > 
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-raa-rule-pure:
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-rll } aa \ b \rangle and
         b: \langle (bb, be) \in the\text{-pure } R \rangle
    shows (
       \langle arlO\text{-}assn (array\text{-}assn R) \ aa \ a \rangle
                          update\text{-}raa\ a\ b\ ba\ bb
                          <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; invalid\text{-}assn \; (arlO\text{-}assn \; (array\text{-}assn \; R)) \; aa \; a* \; arlO\text{-}assn \; (array\text{-}assn \; R) \; x \; r*
                                                     \uparrow (x = update-rll \ aa \ b \ ba \ be)> \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma length-update-rll[simp]: \langle length (update-rll \ a \ bb \ b \ c) = length \ a \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-rll-update-rll:
     \langle bb \rangle \langle length | a \Longrightarrow length-rll (update-rll | a | bb | b | c) | bb = length-rll | a | bb \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
    shows \langle (uncurry3 \ swap-aa, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
      [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j). \ k < length \ xs \land i < length-rll \ xs \ k \land j < length-rll \ xs \ k]_a
     (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)))
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-ra :: \langle 'a \ array O-raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ array O \Rightarrow 'a \ array O-raa \ Heap \rangle where
     \langle update-ra \ xs \ n \ x = arl-set \ xs \ n \ x \rangle
lemma update-ra-list-update-rules[sep-heap-rules]:
    assumes \langle n < length \ l \rangle
    shows \langle R \mid y \mid x * arlO\text{-}assn \mid R \mid l \mid x > update\text{-}ra \mid xs \mid n \mid x < arlO\text{-}assn \mid R \mid (l[n:=y]) >_t \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-up-eq: \langle (\exists_A x. \ P \ x * \uparrow (x = a) * Q) = (P \ a * Q) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-ra-list-update[sepref-fr-rules]:
    \langle (uncurry2\ update-ra,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ list-update)) \in
      [\lambda((xs,\ n),\ \text{-}).\ n < length\ xs]_a\ (arlO\text{-}assn\ R)^d\ *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_a\ R^d\ \to\ (arlO\text{-}assn\ R)^d\ *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_a\ R^d\ \to\ (arlO\text{-}assn\ R)^d\ *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_a\ R^d\ \to\ (arlO\text{-}assn\ R)^d\ *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_
\langle proof \rangle
term arl-append
definition arrayO-raa-append where
arrayO-raa-append \equiv \lambda(a,n) \ x. \ do \ \{
         len \leftarrow Array.len \ a;
         if n < len then do \{
              a \leftarrow Array.upd \ n \ x \ a;
              return (a, n+1)
```

```
} else do {
       let\ newcap = 2 * len;
       default \leftarrow Array.new\ 0\ default;
       a \leftarrow array\text{-}grow \ a \ newcap \ default;
       a \leftarrow Array.upd \ n \ x \ a;
       return (a, n+1)
  }
lemma heap-list-all-append-Nil:
  \langle y \neq [] \implies heap\text{-list-all } R \ (va @ y) \ [] = false \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-Nil-append:
  \langle y \neq [] \implies heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ [] \ (va @ y) = false \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-append: \langle heap-list-all\ R\ (l\ @\ [y])\ (l'\ @\ [x])
  = heap-list-all R (l) (l') * R y x
  \langle proof \rangle
term arrayO-raa
lemma arrayO-raa-append-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ l\ a*R\ y\ x 
angle \ arrayO\text{-}raa\text{-}append\ a\ x < \lambda a.\ arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ (l@[y])\ a>_t 
angle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-raa-append-op-list-append[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ array O{\text{-}}raa{\text{-}}append,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op{\text{-}}list{\text{-}}append)) \in
   (arlO\text{-}assn\ R)^d*_aR^d\to_aarlO\text{-}assn\ R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition array-of-arl :: \langle 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \rangle where
  \langle array-of-arl \ xs = xs \rangle
definition array-of-arl-raa :: 'a::heap array-list \Rightarrow 'a array Heap where
  \langle array\text{-}of\text{-}arl\text{-}raa = (\lambda(a, n). array\text{-}shrink \ a \ n) \rangle
lemma array-of-arl[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (array - of - arl - raa, RETURN \ o \ array - of - arl ) \in (arl - assn \ R)^d \rightarrow_a (array - assn \ R) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arrayO-raa-empty \equiv do {
    a \leftarrow Array.new\ initial-capacity\ default;
    return (a, \theta)
lemma arrayO-raa-empty-rule[sep-heap-rules]: \langle emp \rangle arrayO-raa-empty \langle \lambda r. arlO-assn R \mid | r \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arrayO-raa-empty-sz where
arrayO-raa-empty-sz init-cap \equiv do \{
    default \leftarrow Array.new\ 0\ default;
    a \leftarrow Array.new \ (max \ init-cap \ minimum-capacity) \ default;
    return (a, \theta)
```

```
r>_t
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-rl :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O \text{-} raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ array \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle nth\text{-}rl \ xs \ n = do \ \{x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ n; \ array\text{-}copy \ x\} \rangle
lemma nth-rl-op-list-get:
  (uncurry\ nth-rl,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op-list-get)) \in
    [\lambda(\mathit{xs},\ \mathit{n}).\ \mathit{n} < \mathit{length}\ \mathit{xs}]_a\ (\mathit{arlO-assn}\ (\mathit{array-assn}\ \mathit{R}))^k *_a \mathit{nat-assn}^k \rightarrow \mathit{array-assn}\ \mathit{R})
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-of-array :: 'a list list \Rightarrow 'a list list where
  \langle arl\text{-}of\text{-}array \ xs = xs \rangle
definition arl-of-array-raa :: 'a::heap array \Rightarrow ('a array-list) Heap where
  \langle arl\text{-}of\text{-}array\text{-}raa \ xs = do \ \{
     n \leftarrow Array.len \ xs;
     return (xs, n)
  }>
lemma arl-of-array-raa: \langle (arl-of-array-raa, RETURN \ o \ arl-of-array) \in
        [\lambda xs. \ xs \neq []]_a \ (array-assn \ R)^d \rightarrow (arl-assn \ R)^{\land}
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory WB-Word-Assn
imports
  HOL-Word. Word
  Bits-Natural
  WB-More-Refinement
  Native-Word. Uint 64
begin
0.0.11
               More Setup for Fixed Size Natural Numbers
Words
lemma less-upper-bintrunc-id: (n < 2 \ \hat{b} \Longrightarrow n \ge 0 \Longrightarrow bintrunc \ b \ n = n)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition word-nat-rel :: ('a :: len0 Word.word \times nat) set where
  \langle word\text{-}nat\text{-}rel = br \ unat \ (\lambda\text{-}. \ True) \rangle
abbreviation word-nat-assn :: nat \Rightarrow 'a::len0 \ Word.word \Rightarrow assn \ where
  \langle word\text{-}nat\text{-}assn \equiv pure \ word\text{-}nat\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma op-eq-word-nat:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::'a::len\ Word.word\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=))) \in
     word-nat-assn^k *_a word-nat-assn^k \to_a bool-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bintrunc-eq-bits-eqI: ( ( n < r \land bin-nth \ c \ n) = (n < r \land bin-nth \ a \ n) \implies
        bintrunc \ r \ (a) = bintrunc \ r \ c
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma and-eq-bits-eqI: \langle (\bigwedge n. \ c \ !! \ n = (a \ !! \ n \land b \ !! \ n)) \Longrightarrow a \ AND \ b = c \rangle for a \ b \ c :: \langle -word \rangle
          \langle proof \rangle
lemma pow2-mono-word-less:
              \langle m < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow n < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow m < n \Longrightarrow (2 :: 'a :: len word) \hat{m} < 2 \hat{n} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma pow2-mono-word-le:
         (m < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow n < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow m \le n \Longrightarrow (2 :: 'a :: len word) ^m \le 2 ^n)
          \langle proof \rangle
definition uint32-max :: nat where
          \langle uint32\text{-}max = 2 \ \widehat{\ } 32 - 1 \rangle
lemma unat-le-uint32-max-no-bit-set:
        fixes n :: \langle 'a :: len \ word \rangle
         assumes less: \langle unat \ n \leq uint32\text{-}max \rangle and
                  n: \langle n !! na \rangle and
                  32: \langle 32 < LENGTH('a) \rangle
         shows \langle na < 32 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
This lemma is very trivial but maps an 64 word to its list counterpart. This especially allows
to combine two numbers together via ther bit representation (which should be faster than
enumerating all numbers).
lemma ex-rbl-word64:
               \exists \ a64 \ a63 \ a62 \ a61 \ a60 \ a59 \ a58 \ a57 \ a56 \ a55 \ a54 \ a53 \ a52 \ a51 \ a50 \ a49 \ a48 \ a47 \ a46 \ a45 \ a44 \ a43 \ a42 
                         a40\ a39\ a38\ a37\ a36\ a35\ a34\ a33\ a32\ a31\ a30\ a29\ a28\ a27\ a26\ a25\ a24\ a23\ a22\ a21\ a20\ a19\ a18
a17
                        a16 a15 a14 a13 a12 a11 a10 a9 a8 a7 a6 a5 a4 a3 a2 a1.
                        to-bl (n :: 64 word) =
                                         [a64, a63, a62, a61, a60, a59, a58, a57, a56, a55, a54, a53, a52, a51, a50, a49, a48, a47,
                                              a46, a45, a44, a43, a42, a41, a40, a39, a38, a37, a36, a35, a34, a33, a32, a31, a30, a29,
                                              a28,\ a27,\ a26,\ a25,\ a24,\ a23,\ a22,\ a21,\ a20,\ a19,\ a18,\ a17,\ a16,\ a15,\ a14,\ a13,\ a12,\ a11,\ a12,\ a11,\ a12,\ a13,\ a12,\ a11,\ a12,\ a13,\ a12,\ a11,\ a13,\ a12,\ a11,\ a13,\ a12,\ a11,\ a13,\ a12,\ a11,\ a12,\ a13,\ a13,\ a12,\ a13,\ a12,\ a13,\ a13,
                                              a10, a9, a8, a7, a6, a5, a4, a3, a2, a1 (is ?A) and
          ex-rbl-word64-le-uint32-max:
                  \forall unat \ n \leq uint32-max \Longrightarrow \exists \ a31 \ a30 \ a29 \ a28 \ a27 \ a26 \ a25 \ a24 \ a23 \ a22 \ a21 \ a20 \ a19 \ a18 \ a17 \ a16 \ a15
                                     a14 a13 a12 a11 a10 a9 a8 a7 a6 a5 a4 a3 a2 a1 a32.
                            to-bl (n :: 64 word) =
                            [False, False, F
                                 False, Fa
                                False, False, False, False, False,
                                    a32, a31, a30, a29, a28, a27, a26, a25, a24, a23, a22, a21, a20, a19, a18, a17, a16, a15,
                                    a14, a13, a12, a11, a10, a9, a8, a7, a6, a5, a4, a3, a2, a1 > (is \leftarrow \implies ?B) and
          ex-rbl-word64-qe-uint32-max:
                  (n\ AND\ (2^32-1)=0 \Longrightarrow \exists\ a64\ a63\ a62\ a61\ a60\ a59\ a58\ a57\ a56\ a55\ a54\ a53\ a52\ a51\ a50\ a49)
a48
                           a47 a46 a45 a44 a43 a42 a41 a40 a39 a38 a37 a36 a35 a34 a33.
                           to-bl (n :: 64 word) =
                           [a64,\ a63,\ a62,\ a61,\ a60,\ a59,\ a58,\ a57,\ a56,\ a55,\ a54,\ a53,\ a52,\ a51,\ a50,\ a49,\ a48,\ a47,\ a58,\ a59,\ a59
                                              a46, a45, a44, a43, a42, a41, a40, a39, a38, a37, a36, a35, a34, a33,
                                     False, Fa
                                    False, Fa
```

```
False, False, False, False, False, False]\land (is \leftarrow \implies ?C \land)
\langle proof \rangle
32-bits
lemma word-nat-of-uint32-Rep-inject[simp]: \langle nat-of-uint32 ai = nat-of-uint32 bi \longleftrightarrow ai = bi \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-012[simp]: \langle nat-of-uint32 \theta = \theta \rangle \langle nat-of-uint32 \theta = \theta \rangle \langle nat-of-uint32 \theta = \theta \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-3: \langle nat-of-uint32 \beta = \beta \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-Suc03-iff:
 \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ a = Suc \ 0 \longleftrightarrow a = 1 \rangle
   \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ a=3 \longleftrightarrow a=3 \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-013-neq:
  (1::uint32) \neq (0 :: uint32) (0::uint32) \neq (1 :: uint32)
  (3::uint32) \neq (0 :: uint32)
  (3::uint32) \neq (1::uint32)
  (0::uint32) \neq (3::uint32)
  (1::uint32) \neq (3::uint32)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition uint32-nat-rel :: (uint32 \times nat) set where
  \langle uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}rel = br \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (\lambda\text{-}. \ True) \rangle
abbreviation uint32-nat-assn :: nat \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow assn where
  \langle uint32-nat-assn \equiv pure\ uint32-nat-rel \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint32-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint32\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=)))\in (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (=)))
     uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma unat-shiftr: \langle unat \ (xi >> n) = unat \ xi \ div \ (2^n) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
instantiation uint32 :: default
begin
definition default-uint32 :: uint32 where
  \langle default\text{-}uint32 = 0 \rangle
instance
  \langle proof \rangle
end
instance uint32 :: heap
  \langle proof \rangle
instance \ uint 32 :: semiring-numeral
  \langle proof \rangle
```

instantiation uint32 :: hashable

```
begin
definition hashcode\text{-}uint32 :: \langle uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \rangle where
  \langle hashcode\text{-}uint32 \ n = n \rangle
definition def-hashmap-size-uint32 :: \langle uint32 | itself \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle def-hashmap-size-uint32 = (\lambda-. 16)\rangle
  — same as nat
instance
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{end}
abbreviation uint32-rel :: \langle (uint32 \times uint32) \ set \rangle where
  \langle uint32 - rel \equiv Id \rangle
abbreviation uint32-assn :: \langle uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow assn \rangle where
  \langle uint32-assn \equiv id-assn \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint32:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint32\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=))) \in
     uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemmas [id-rules] =
  itypeI[Pure.of 0 TYPE (uint32)]
  itypeI[Pure.of 1 TYPE (uint32)]
\mathbf{lemma}\ param-uint 32 [param,\ sepref-import-param]:
  (0, 0::uint32) \in Id
  (1, 1::uint32) \in Id
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma param-max-uint32[param,sepref-import-param]:
  (max, max) \in uint32 - rel \rightarrow uint32 - rel \rightarrow uint32 - rel \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{max-uint32}[\mathit{sepref-fr-rules}]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ max),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ max)) \in
     uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-bin-trunc-ao:
  \langle nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ a) \ AND \ nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ b) = nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ (a \ AND \ b)) \rangle
  \langle nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ a) \ OR \ nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ b) = nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ (a \ OR \ b)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-ao:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ n\ AND\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ m=nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ (n\ AND\ m) \rangle
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \ OR \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ m = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (n \ OR \ m) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-mod-2:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L \ mod \ 2 = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (L \ mod \ 2) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-1-mod-2-uint32: \langle bitAND \ L \ 1 = L \ mod \ 2 \rangle for L :: uint32
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma nat-uint-XOR: \langle nat (uint (a XOR b)) = nat (uint a) XOR nat (uint b) \rangle
    if len: \langle LENGTH('a) > 0 \rangle
     for a \ b :: \langle 'a :: len \theta \ Word.word \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-XOR: (nat-of-uint32 (a \ XOR \ b) = nat-of-uint32 a \ XOR \ nat-of-uint32 b)
lemma nat-of-uint32-0-iff: \langle nat-of-uint32 xi = 0 \longleftrightarrow xi = 0 \rangle for xi
lemma nat\text{-}0\text{-}AND: \langle 0 | AND | n = 0 \rangle for n :: nat
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-0-AND: \langle 0 | AND | n = 0 \rangle for n :: uint32
     \langle proof \rangle
definition uint32-safe-minus where
     \langle uint32\text{-}safe\text{-}minus\ m\ n = (if\ m < n\ then\ 0\ else\ m-n) \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-le-minus: (ai \le bi \Longrightarrow 0 = nat-of-uint32 ai - nat-of-uint32 bi)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-notle-minus:
     \langle \neg \ ai < bi \Longrightarrow \rangle
                 nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (ai - bi) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ ai - nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ bi
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-minus:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ uint32\text{-}safe\text{-}minus),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (-))) \in
            uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-ass
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma [safe-constraint-rules]:
     \langle CONSTRAINT\ IS\text{-}LEFT\text{-}UNIQUE\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}rel \rangle
     \langle CONSTRAINT\ IS\text{-}RIGHT\text{-}UNIQUE\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}rel\rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \ \textit{nat-of-uint32-uint32-of-nat-id}: (n \leq \textit{uint32-max} \implies \textit{nat-of-uint32} \ \ (\textit{uint32-of-nat} \ n) = n)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftr1[sepref-fr-rules]:
        (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((>>)\ )),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (>>))) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \to_a
               uint32-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftl1[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (return\ o\ shiftl1,\ RETURN\ o\ shiftl1) \in nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-rule[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (return\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32}) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a nat\text{-}assn^k)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-less-than-0[iff]: \langle (a::uint32) \leq 0 \longleftrightarrow a = 0 \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{nat-of-uint32-less-iff:} \ \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint32} \ \mathit{a} < \mathit{nat-of-uint32} \ \mathit{b} \longleftrightarrow \mathit{a} < \mathit{b} \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-le-iff: \langle nat-of-uint32 a \leq nat-of-uint32 b \longleftrightarrow a \leq b \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-max:
     \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (max \ ai \ bi) = max \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ ai) \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ bi) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma mult-mod-mod-mult:
      \langle b < n \ div \ a \Longrightarrow a > 0 \Longrightarrow b > 0 \Longrightarrow a * b \ mod \ n = a * (b \ mod \ n) \rangle for a \ b \ n :: int
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-distrib-mult2:
    assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ xi \leq uint32\text{-}max\ div\ 2 \rangle
    shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (2*xi) = 2*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{nat-of-uint32-distrib-mult2-plus1}:
    assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi \leq uint32\text{-}max \ div \ 2 \rangle
    shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (2*xi+1) = 2*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi+1 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma max-uint32-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ max),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ max)) \in uint32-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \to_a
           uint32-nat-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-set-hnr-u:
        \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \Longrightarrow
        (uncurry2\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ heap-array-set\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)),\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ op-list-set)) \in
           [pre-list-set]_a (array-assn A)^d *_a uint32-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow array-assn A)^d *_a uint32-nat-assn A)^d 
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-get-hnr-u:
    assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
    shows (uncurry\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ Array.nth\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)),
             uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op\ -list\ -get)) \in [pre\ -list\ -get]_a\ (array\ -assn\ A)^k\ *_a\ uint 32\ -nat\ -assn^k\ 	o\ A)^k
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arl-get-hnr-u:
    assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } A \rangle
    \mathbf{shows} \mathrel{\land} (\mathit{uncurry} \; (\lambda \mathit{xs} \; i. \; \mathit{arl-get} \; \mathit{xs} \; (\mathit{nat-of-uint32} \; i)), \; \mathit{uncurry} \; (\mathit{RETURN} \; \circ \circ \; \mathit{op-list-get}))
\in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a (arl\text{-}assn A)^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to A)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-add:
     \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ ai\ +\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ bi\ \leq\ uint32\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
         nat-of-uint32 \ (ai + bi) = nat-of-uint32 \ ai + nat-of-uint32 \ bi
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-plus[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (+)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (+))) \in [\lambda(m,\ n).\ m+n \leq uint32-max]_a
```

```
uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k 	o uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-one:
  (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 1)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-zero:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 0)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-int32-assn:
  \langle (return\ o\ id,\ RETURN\ o\ nat-of-uint32) \in uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition zero-uint32-nat where
  [simp]: \langle zero\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat = (0 :: nat) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\text{-}zero\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:}
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint32-nat) \rangle \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-assn-zero:
  (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 0)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition one-uint32-nat where
  [simp]: \langle one\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat = (1 :: nat) \rangle
lemma one-uint32-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ one-uint32-nat)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-less[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (<)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<))) \in
    uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
definition two-uint32-nat where [simp]: \langle two-uint32-nat = (2 :: nat) \rangle
definition two-uint32 where
  [simp]: \langle two\text{-}uint32 = (2 :: uint32) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ uint32\text{-}2\text{-}hnr[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]\text{:} < (uncurry0\ (return\ two\text{-}uint32),\ uncurry0\ (RETURN\ two\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat))
\in unit\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn
Do NOT declare this theorem as sepref-fr-rules to avoid bad unexpected conversions.
lemma le-uint32-nat-hnr:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ nat-of-uint32\ a< b)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<)))\in
   uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma le-nat-uint32-hnr:

```
(uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ a < nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ b)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<))) \in
   nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn 
  \langle proof \rangle
definition fast-minus :: \langle 'a :: \{ minus \} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle fast\text{-}minus\ m\ n=m-n \rangle
definition fast-minus-code :: \langle 'a :: \{ minus, ord \} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle fast\text{-minus-code } m \ n = (SOME \ p. \ (p = m - n \land m \ge n)) \rangle
definition fast-minus-nat :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  [simp, code \ del]: \langle fast-minus-nat = fast-minus-code \rangle
definition fast-minus-nat' :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  [simp, code \ del]: \langle fast-minus-nat' = fast-minus-code \rangle
lemma [code]: \langle fast\text{-}minus\text{-}nat = fast\text{-}minus\text{-}nat' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
code-printing constant fast-minus-nat' \rightarrow (SML-imp) (Nat(integer'-of'-nat/(-)/-/integer'-of'-nat/
(-)))
lemma fast-minus-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ fast-minus-nat),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ fast-minus)) \in
     [\lambda(m, n). \ m \geq n]_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow nat\text{-}assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition fast-minus-uint32 :: (uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32) where
  [simp]: \langle fast\text{-}minus\text{-}uint32 = fast\text{-}minus \rangle
lemma fast-minus-uint32[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ fast-minus-uint32),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ fast-minus))\in
     [\lambda(m, n). \ m \ge n]_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \to uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma word-of-int-int-unat[simp]: (word-of-int (int (unat x)) = x)
lemma uint32-of-nat-nat-of-uint32[simp]: \langle uint32-of-nat (nat-of-uint32 x) = x\rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-0-eq: \langle uint32-nat-assn 0 a = \uparrow (a = 0) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ uint 32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\text{-}nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint 32:}
   \langle uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\ aa\ a=nat\text{-}assn\ aa\ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ a) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition sum-mod-uint32-max where
  \langle sum\text{-}mod\text{-}uint32\text{-}max\ a\ b=(a+b)\ mod\ (uint32\text{-}max+1) \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-plus:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ (a+b) = (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ a+nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ b)\ mod\ (uint32\text{-}max+1)\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma sum-mod-uint32-max: (uncurry (return oo (+)), uncurry (RETURN oo sum-mod-uint32-max))
  uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a
  uint32-nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma le-uint32-nat-rel-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\leq)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (\leq))) \in
   uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition one-uint32 where
  \langle one\text{-}uint32 = (1::uint32) \rangle
lemma one-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ one-uint32)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma sum-uint32-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
 \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (+)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (+))) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k*_a\ uint32\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Suc\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\text{-}hnr:
 \langle (return\ o\ (\lambda n.\ n+1),\ RETURN\ o\ Suc) \in [\lambda n.\ n < uint32-max]_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn^k )
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma minus-uint32-assn:
\langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (-)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (-))) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a\ uint32\text{-}assn^k \to_a\ uint32\text{-}assn^k \to a
This lemma is meant to be used to simplify expressions like nat-of-uint32 5 and therefore we
add the bound explicitly instead of keeping uint32-max. Remark the types are non trivial here:
we convert a uint32 to a nat, even if the experession numeral n looks the same.
lemma nat-of-uint32-numeral[simp]:
  (numeral\ n \le ((2\ \widehat{\ }32\ -\ 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ (numeral\ n) = numeral\ n)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-mod-232:
 shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi \ mod \ 2^32 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma transfer-pow-uint32:
  \langle Transfer.Rel\ (rel-fun\ cr-uint32\ (rel-fun\ (=)\ cr-uint32))\ ((^))\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-mod-232-eq:
 fixes xi :: uint32
 shows \langle xi = xi \mod 2^32 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-numeral-mod-232:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (numeral \ n) = numeral \ n \ mod \ 2^32 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma int-of-uint32-alt-def: \langle int-of-uint32 n = int (nat-of-uint32 n) \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma int-of-uint32-numeral[simp]:
      (numeral\ n \le ((2\ \widehat{\ }32\ -\ 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow int-of-uint32\ (numeral\ n) = numeral\ n)
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-numeral-iff[simp]:
      (numeral \ n \leq ((2 \ \widehat{\ } 32 - 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow nat-of-uint32 \ a = numeral \ n \longleftrightarrow a = numeral \ n)
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint32-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
             uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint32-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
            uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint32-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in
             uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint32-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in
            uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-mult-le:
        \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ ai * nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ bi < uint32\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
                     nat-of-uint32 (ai * bi) = nat-of-uint32 ai * nat-of-uint32 bi
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-mult:
      \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((*))),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ ((*)))) \in [\lambda(a,\ b).\ a*b \leq uint32-max]_a
                  uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k 	o uint32-nat-assn^k
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-and-numerals [simp]:
      (numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)::nat)\ AND\ (numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ y)::nat) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND)
numeral y)
      numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ y) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND\ numeral\ y)
      numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ y) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND\ numeral\ y)
      numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ y) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND\ numeral\ y)+1
      (1::nat) AND numeral (Num.Bit0 \ y) = 0
      (1::nat) AND numeral (Num.Bit1\ y) = 1
      numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)\ AND\ (1::nat) = 0
      numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ (1::nat) = 1
      (Suc\ 0::nat)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ y) = 0
      (Suc \ \theta :: nat) \ AND \ numeral \ (Num.Bit1 \ y) = 1
      numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)\ AND\ (Suc\ 0::nat) = 0
```

 $numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ (Suc\ 0::nat) = 1$ 

```
Suc \ \theta \ AND \ Suc \ \theta = 1
  \langle proof \rangle
64-bits
lemmas [id-rules] =
  itypeI[Pure.of \ 0 \ TYPE \ (uint 64)]
  itypeI[Pure.of 1 TYPE (uint64)]
lemma param-uint64 [param, sepref-import-param]:
  (0, 0::uint64) \in Id
  (1, 1::uint64) \in Id
  \langle proof \rangle
definition uint64-nat-rel :: (uint64 \times nat) set where
  \langle uint64-nat-rel = br \ nat-of-uint64 \ (\lambda-. \ True) \rangle
abbreviation uint64-nat-assn :: nat \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow assn where
  \langle uint64-nat-assn \equiv pure\ uint64-nat-rel \rangle
abbreviation uint64-rel :: \langle (uint64 \times uint64) \ set \rangle where
  \langle uint64 - rel \equiv Id \rangle
abbreviation uint64-assn :: \langle uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow assn \rangle where
  \langle uint64-assn \equiv id-assn \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint64:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint64\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=)))\in
    uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn^k
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{word-nat-of-uint64-Rep-inject}[\textit{simp}] : \langle \textit{nat-of-uint64} \ \textit{ai} = \textit{nat-of-uint64} \ \textit{bi} \longleftrightarrow \textit{ai} = \textit{bi} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint64\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=)))\in
     uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
instantiation uint64 :: default
definition default-uint64 :: uint64 where
  \langle default\text{-}uint64 = 0 \rangle
instance
  \langle proof \rangle
end
instance uint64 :: heap
  \langle proof \rangle
instance uint64 :: semiring-numeral
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{nat-of-uint64-012}[\mathit{simp}] : \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint64} \ \mathit{0} = \mathit{0} \rangle \ \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint64} \ \mathit{2} = \mathit{2} \rangle \ \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint64} \ \mathit{1} = \mathit{1} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition zero-uint64-nat where
  [simp]: \langle zero\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat = (0 :: nat) \rangle
lemma uint64-nat-assn-zero-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint64-nat) \rangle \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition uint64-max :: nat where
  \langle uint64 - max = 2 \hat{64} - 1 \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-uint64-of-nat-id: (n \le uint64-max \implies nat-of-uint64 (uint64-of-nat n) = n
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{nat-of-uint64-add}\colon
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ ai + nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
    nat-of-uint64 (ai + bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai + nat-of-uint64 bi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-nat-assn-plus[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (+)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (+))) \in [\lambda(m,\ n).\ m+n \leq uint64-max]_a
      uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
definition one-uint64-nat where
  [simp]: \langle one\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat = (1 :: nat) \rangle
lemma one-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ one-uint64-nat)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-less-than-0[iff]: \langle (a::uint64) \leq 0 \longleftrightarrow a = 0 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-less-iff: \langle nat-of-uint64 a < nat-of-uint64 b \longleftrightarrow a < b \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{uint64}\text{-}\mathit{nat}\text{-}\mathit{assn}\text{-}\mathit{less}[\mathit{sepref-fr-rules}]\text{:}
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (<)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<))) \in
    uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma mult-uint64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
 <(uncurry (return oo (*)), uncurry (RETURN oo (*)))</pre>
  \in \ uint64\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64\text{-}assn\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftr-uint64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
 <(uncurry (return oo (>>) ), uncurry (RETURN oo (>>)))
    \in uint64\text{-}assn^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k \to_a uint64\text{-}assn}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-distrib-mult2:
  assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ xi \leq uint64\text{-}max \ div \ 2 \rangle
```

```
shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \mid (2 * xi) = 2 * nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \mid xi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) nat-of-uint 64-distrib-mult 2-plus 1:
 assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ xi \leq uint64\text{-}max \ div \ 2 \rangle
  shows (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ (2*xi+1) = 2*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ xi+1)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-numeral[simp]:
  \langle numeral \ n \leq ((2 \ \hat{\ } 64 - 1) :: nat) \implies nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (numeral \ n) = numeral \ n \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma int-of-uint64-alt-def: (int-of-uint64 n = int (nat-of-uint64 n))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma int-of-uint64-numeral[simp]:
  (numeral\ n \le ((2 \ \hat{\ } 64 - 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow int-of-uint 64 \ (numeral\ n) = numeral\ n)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-numeral-iff[simp]:
  \langle numeral \ n \leq ((2 \ \ \ 64 \ -1)::nat) \Longrightarrow nat-of-uint64 \ a = numeral \ n \longleftrightarrow a = numeral \ n \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma numeral-uint64-eq-iff[simp]:
 (numeral\ m \le (2^64-1\ ::\ nat) \Longrightarrow numeral\ n \le (2^64-1\ ::\ nat) \Longrightarrow ((numeral\ m\ ::\ uint64) =
numeral\ n) \longleftrightarrow numeral\ m = (numeral\ n :: nat)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma numeral-uint64-eq0-iff[simp]:
 (numeral\ n \le (2^64-1\ ::\ nat) \Longrightarrow ((0\ ::\ uint64) = numeral\ n) \longleftrightarrow 0 = (numeral\ n\ ::\ nat))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma transfer-pow-uint64: (Transfer.Rel (rel-fun cr-uint64 (rel-fun (=) cr-uint64)) (^))
lemma shiftl-t2n-uint64: \langle n \ll m = n * 2 \ \hat{m} \rangle for n :: uint64
  \langle proof \rangle
Taken from theory Native-Word. Uint 64. We use real Word 64 instead of the unbounded integer
as done by default.
Remark that all this setup is taken from Native-Word. Uint 64.
code-printing code-module Uint64 \rightarrow (SML) (* Test that words can handle numbers between 0 and
63 *)
val - = if 6 \le Word.wordSize then () else raise (Fail (wordSize less than 6));
structure Uint64 : siq
  eqtype uint64;
  val\ zero: uint 64;
  val \ one : uint 64;
  val\ fromInt: IntInf.int \rightarrow uint64;
  val toInt : uint64 -> IntInf.int;
  val\ toFixedInt: uint64 \longrightarrow Int.int;
```

```
val\ toLarge: uint64 \longrightarrow LargeWord.word;
  val\ from Large: Large Word. word -> uint 64
  val\ from Fixed Int: Int.int -> uint 64
  val plus : uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ minus: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ times: uint64 -> uint64 -> uint64;
  val\ divide: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ modulus: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ negate: uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ less-eq: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow bool;
  val\ less: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow bool;
  val\ notb: uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ andb: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val \ orb : uint64 \longrightarrow uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ xorb: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val \ shiftl: uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow uint64;
  val \ shiftr : uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ shiftr-signed: uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ set\text{-}bit: uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow bool \longrightarrow uint64;
  val test-bit : uint6₄ → IntInf.int → bool;
end = struct
type\ uint64 = Word64.word;
val\ zero = (0wx0 : uint64);
val \ one = (0wx1 : uint64);
fun\ fromInt\ x = Word64.fromLargeInt\ (IntInf.toLarge\ x);
fun\ toInt\ x = IntInf.fromLarge\ (Word64.toLargeInt\ x);
fun\ toFixedInt\ x = Word64.toInt\ x;
fun\ from Large\ x = Word64.from Large\ x;
fun\ fromFixedInt\ x=Word64.fromInt\ x;
fun\ toLarge\ x = Word64.toLarge\ x;
fun plus x y = Word64.+(x, y);
fun minus x y = Word64.-(x, y);
fun negate x = Word64.^{\sim}(x);
fun times x y = Word64.*(x, y);
fun divide x y = Word64.div(x, y);
fun modulus x y = Word64.mod(x, y);
fun\ less-eq\ x\ y = Word64. <= (x,\ y);
fun \ less \ x \ y = Word64.<(x, y);
```

```
fun \ set-bit \ x \ n \ b =
  let \ val \ mask = Word64. << (0wx1, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
  in if b then Word64.orb (x, mask)
     else Word64.andb (x, Word64.notb mask)
  end
fun \ shiftl \ x \ n =
  Word64. << (x, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
fun \ shiftr \ x \ n =
  Word64.>> (x, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
fun \ shiftr-signed \ x \ n =
  Word64.^{\sim} >> (x, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
fun \ test-bit \ x \ n =
  Word64.andb (x, Word64. << (0wx1, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))) <> Word64.fromInt 0
val\ notb = Word64.notb
fun\ andb\ x\ y = Word64.andb(x,\ y);
fun\ orb\ x\ y = Word64.orb(x,\ y);
fun \ xorb \ x \ y = \ Word64.xorb(x, \ y);
end (*struct Uint64*)
lemma mod 2-bin-last: \langle a \mod 2 = 0 \longleftrightarrow \neg bin-last a \rangle
lemma bitXOR-1-if-mod-2-int: \langle bitOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L) \rangle for L :: int
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-1-if-mod-2-nat:
  \langle bitOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L) \rangle
  \langle bitOR\ L\ (Suc\ \theta) = (if\ L\ mod\ 2 = \theta\ then\ L + 1\ else\ L) \rangle for L::nat
\langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-max-uint-def: \langle unat (-1 :: 64 Word.word) = uint64-max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-le-uint64-max: \langle nat-of-uint64 x \leq uint64-max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-1-if-mod-2-uint64: \langle bitOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L) \rangle for L :: uint64
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-plus:
  (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ (a+b) = (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ a+nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ b)\ mod\ (uint64\text{-}max+1)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-and:
  \langle ai \geq 0 \implies bi \geq 0 \implies nat \ (ai \ AND \ bi) = nat \ ai \ AND \ nat \ bi \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-and:
  (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ ai \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
     nat-of-uint64 (ai AND bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai AND nat-of-uint64 bi)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint64-max-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \rangle
   \in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \leq uint64-max \land b \leq uint64-max]_a
     uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
definition two-uint64-nat :: nat where
  [simp]: \langle two\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat = 2 \rangle
lemma two-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry0 (return 2), uncurry0 (RETURN two-uint64-nat))
   \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-or:
  \langle ai \geq 0 \implies bi \geq 0 \implies nat \ (ai \ OR \ bi) = nat \ ai \ OR \ nat \ bi \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-or:
  (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ ai \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
    nat-of-uint64 (ai OR bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai OR nat-of-uint64 bi)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint64-max-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR)))
   \in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \leq uint64-max \land b \leq uint64-max]_a
     uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Suc\text{-}0\text{-}le\text{-}uint64\text{-}max: \langle Suc \ 0 \le uint64\text{-}max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-le-iff: \langle nat-of-uint64 a \leq nat-of-uint64 b \longleftrightarrow a \leq b \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-notle-minus:
  \langle \neg \ ai < bi \Longrightarrow
        nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (ai-bi) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ ai-nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ bi)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fast-minus-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  ((uncurry (return oo fast-minus), uncurry (RETURN oo fast-minus))
   \in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \ge b]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \to uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fast-minus-uint64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry (return oo fast-minus), uncurry (RETURN oo fast-minus))
```

 $\in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \ge b]_a \ uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \to uint64-assn^k$ 

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma le\text{-}uint32\text{-}max\text{-}le\text{-}uint64\text{-}max: (a \leq uint32\text{-}max + 2 \implies a \leq uint64\text{-}max)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-ge-minus:
     \langle ai \geq bi \Longrightarrow
                 nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (ai - bi) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ ai - nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ bi)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma minus-uint64-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (-)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (-))) \in
         [\lambda(a, b). \ a \geq b]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{le-uint64-nat-assn-hnr}[\mathit{sepref-fr-rules}]:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\leq)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (\leq))) \in uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn}^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn}^k \to_a
     \langle proof \rangle
definition sum-mod-uint64-max where
     \langle sum\text{-}mod\text{-}uint64\text{-}max\ a\ b=(a+b)\ mod\ (uint64\text{-}max+1) \rangle
definition uint32-max-uint32 :: uint32 where
     \langle uint32\text{-}max\text{-}uint32 = -1 \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-uint32-max-uint32[simp]:
       \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (uint32\text{-}max\text{-}uint32) = uint32\text{-}max \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma sum-mod-uint64-max-le-uint64-max[simp]: (sum-mod-uint64-max a b <math>\leq uint64-max)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma sum-mod-uint64-max-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry (return oo (+)), uncurry (RETURN oo sum-mod-uint64-max))
       \in uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
definition uint64-of-uint32 where
     \langle uint64 - of - uint32 \ n = uint64 - of - nat \ (nat - of - uint32 \ n) \rangle
export-code uint64-of-uint32 in SML
We do not want to follow the definition in the generated code (that would be crazy).
definition uint64-of-uint32' where
     [symmetric, code]: \langle uint64-of-uint32' = uint64-of-uint32 \rangle
code-printing constant uint64-of-uint32′ →
       (SML) (Uint64.fromLarge (Word32.toLarge (-)))
export-code uint64-of-uint32 checking SML-imp
export-code uint64-of-uint32 in SML-imp
lemma
    assumes n[simp]: \langle n \leq uint32 - max - uint32 \rangle
```

```
shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \mid (uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \mid n) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \mid n \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition zero-uint64 where
  \langle zero\text{-}uint64 \rangle \equiv (0 :: uint64) \rangle
lemma zero-uint64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint64)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition zero-uint32 where
  \langle zero\text{-}uint32 \equiv (0 :: uint32) \rangle
lemma zero-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint32)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma zero-uin64-hnr: \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 0)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition two\text{-}uint64 where (two\text{-}uint64) = (2 :: uint64)
lemma two-uin64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry0 \ (return \ 2), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ two-uint64)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma two-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 2), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ two-uint32)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma sum-uint64-assn:
 \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (+)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (+))) \in uint64\text{-}assn^k *_a\ uint64\text{-}assn^k \to_a\ uint64\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-ao:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ m \ AND \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (m \ AND \ n) \rangle
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ m \ OR \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (m \ OR \ n) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint64-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
     uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint64-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
     uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint64-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \begin{array}{l} ((uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in \\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn \end{array} ) 
  \langle proof \rangle
```

**lemma** bitOR-uint64-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:

```
\langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in
    uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-mult-le:
   \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ ai * nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
        nat-of-uint64 (ai * bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai * nat-of-uint64 bi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-nat-assn-mult:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((*))),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ ((*))))\in [\lambda(a,\ b).\ a*b\leq uint64-max]_a
      uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-max-uint64-nat-assn:
 \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 18446744073709551615), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ uint64-max)) \in
  unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
lemma uint64-max-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
 \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 18446744073709551615), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ uint64-max)) \in
  unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bit-lshift-uint64-assn:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (>>)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (>>))) \in
    uint64-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
Conversions
From nat to 64 bits definition uint64-of-nat-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
\langle uint64 - of - nat - conv \ i = i \rangle
lemma uint64-of-nat-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ uint64-of-nat,\ RETURN\ o\ uint64-of-nat-conv) \in
    [\lambda n. \ n \leq uint64-max]_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
From nat to 32 bits definition nat-of-uint32-spec :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\text{-}spec \ n=n \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-spec-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat,\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\text{-}spec}) \in
     [\lambda n. \ n \leq uint32\text{-}max]_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
From 64 to nat bits definition nat-of-uint64-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
[simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv \ i = i \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64,\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv) \in uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to_a nat\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ nat-of-uint64,\ RETURN\ o\ nat-of-uint64) \in
```

```
(uint64-assn)^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
From 32 to nat bits definition nat-of-uint32-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
[simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\text{-}conv \ i=i \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    (return\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\text{-}conv}) \in uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a nat\text{-}assn^k)
     \langle proof \rangle
definition convert-to-uint32 :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
    [simp]: \langle convert-to-uint32 = id \rangle
lemma convert-to-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (return o uint32-of-nat, RETURN o convert-to-uint32)
         \in [\lambda n. \ n \le uint32\text{-}max]_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k \to uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
From 32 to 64 bits definition uint64-of-uint32-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
    [simp]: \langle uint64 - of - uint32 - conv \ x = x \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-le-uint32-max: \langle nat-of-uint32 n \leq uint32-max\rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-le-uint64-max: \langle nat-of-uint32 n \leq uint64-max \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint32:} \ \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ n) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ n)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-of-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (return\ o\ uint64-of\text{-}uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ uint64-of\text{-}uint32) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64\text{-}assn)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-of-uint32-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (return\ o\ uint64-of-uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ uint64-of-uint32-conv) \in
         uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
From 64 to 32 bits definition uint32-of-uint64 where
     \langle uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n = uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n) \rangle
definition uint32-of-uint64-conv where
    [simp]: \langle uint32 - of - uint64 - conv \ n = n \rangle
lemma uint32-of-uint64-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     ((return\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64,\ RETURN\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv) \in
           [\lambda a. \ a \leq uint32-max]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
From nat to 32 bits lemma (in -) uint32-of-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (return\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat,\ RETURN\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat) \in [\lambda n.\ n \leq uint32\text{-}max]_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint32\text{-}assn^k = uint32\text{-}
     \langle proof \rangle
```

**Setup for numerals** The refinement framework still defaults to nat, making the constants like two-uint32-nat still useful, but they can be omitted in some cases: For example, in (2::'a) + n, 2 will be refined to nat (independently of n). However, if the expression is n + (2::'a) and if n is refined to uint32, then everything will work as one might expect.

```
 \begin{aligned} & \textbf{lemmas} \ [id\text{-}rules] = \\ & itypeI[Pure.of \ numeral \ TYPE \ (num \Rightarrow uint32)] \\ & itypeI[Pure.of \ numeral \ TYPE \ (num \Rightarrow uint64)] \end{aligned} \\ & \textbf{lemma} \ id\text{-}uint32\text{-}const[id\text{-}rules]\text{:} \ (PR\text{-}CONST \ (a::uint32)) ::_i \ TYPE(uint32) \ \langle proof \rangle \\ & \textbf{lemma} \ id\text{-}uint64\text{-}const[id\text{-}rules]\text{:} \ (PR\text{-}CONST \ (a::uint64)) ::_i \ TYPE(uint64) \ \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned} \\ & \textbf{lemma} \ param\text{-}uint32\text{-}numeral[sepref\text{-}import\text{-}param]\text{:} \\ & \langle (numeral \ n, \ numeral \ n) \in uint32\text{-}rel \rangle \\ & \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned} \\ & \textbf{lemma} \ param\text{-}uint64\text{-}numeral[sepref\text{-}import\text{-}param]\text{:} \\ & \langle (numeral \ n, \ numeral \ n) \in uint64\text{-}rel \rangle \\ & \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned} \\ & \textbf{end} \\ & \textbf{theory} \ Array\text{-}UInt \\ & \textbf{imports} \ Array\text{-}List\text{-}Array \ WB\text{-}Word\text{-}Assn} \\ & \textbf{begin} \end{aligned}
```

## 0.0.12 More about general arrays

This function does not resize the array: this makes sense for our purpose, but may be not in general.

```
definition butlast-arl where
\langle butlast\text{-}arl = (\lambda(xs, i). (xs, fast\text{-}minus i 1)) \rangle

lemma butlast-arl-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
\langle (return\ o\ butlast\text{-}arl,\ RETURN\ o\ butlast) \in [\lambda xs.\ xs \neq []]_a\ (arl\text{-}assn\ A)^d \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn\ A \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

## 0.0.13 Setup for array accesses via unsigned integer

NB: not all code printing equation are defined here, but this is needed to use the (more efficient) array operation by avoid the conversions back and forth to infinite integer.

```
Getters (Array accesses)
```

```
32-bit unsigned integers definition nth-aa-u where \langle nth-aa-u x L L' = nth-aa x (nat-of-uint32 L) L' \rangle

definition nth-aa' where \langle nth-aa' xs i j = do \{
x \leftarrow Array.nth' xs i;
y \leftarrow arl-get x j;
return y \} \rangle

lemma nth-aa-u[code]: \langle nth-aa-u x L L' = nth-aa' x (integer-of-uint32 L) L' \rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma nth-aa-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
    shows
        \langle (uncurry2\ nth\text{-}aa\text{-}u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth\text{-}rll)) \in
                [\lambda((x, L), L'), L < length \ x \wedge L' < length \ (x ! L)]_a
                (array O - assn (arl - assn R))^k *_a uint 32 - nat - assn^k *_a nat - assn^k 	o R)
     \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-u where
     \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u \ x \ L = nth\text{-}raa \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
    shows
        \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
               [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
               (\textit{arlO-assn} \; (\textit{array-assn} \; R))^k *_a \; \textit{uint32-nat-assn}^k *_a \; \textit{nat-assn}^k \rightarrow R )
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-replicate-custom-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle CONSTRAINT \ is-pure \ A \Longrightarrow
      (uncurry\ (\lambda n.\ Array.new\ (nat-of-uint32\ n)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op-array-replicate)) \in
           uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a A^k \rightarrow_a array-assn A
definition nth-u where
     \langle nth-u \ xs \ n = nth \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ n) \rangle
definition nth-u-code where
     \langle nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ n = Array.nth' \ xs \ (integer\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n) \rangle
lemma nth-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
    shows (uncurry\ nth-u-code,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ nth-u)) \in
           [\lambda(xs, n). \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ n < length\ xs]_a\ (array\text{-}assn\ A)^k *_a\ uint32\text{-}assn^k \to A)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma array-get-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
    shows \langle (uncurry\ nth\text{-}u\text{-}code,
             uncurry \; (RETURN \; \circ \circ \; op\text{-}list\text{-}get)) \in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a \; (array\text{-}assn \; A)^k \; *_a \; uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \; \rightarrow \; A)^k \; (array\text{-}assn \; A)^k \; *_a \; uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \; \rightarrow \; A)^k \; (array\text{-}assn \; A)^k \; *_a \; uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \; \rightarrow \; A)^k \; (array\text{-}assn \; A
\langle proof \rangle
definition arl-get' :: 'a::heap array-list \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
    [code del]: arl-get' a i = arl-get a (nat-of-integer i)
definition arl-get-u :: 'a::heap array-list <math>\Rightarrow uint32 <math>\Rightarrow 'a Heap where
     arl-get-u \equiv \lambda a i. arl-get' a (integer-of-uint32 i)
lemma arrayO-arl-get-u-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
    assumes i: \langle i < length \ a \rangle and \langle (i', i) \in uint32-nat-rel \rangle
    shows \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ a\ ai \rangle\ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u\ ai\ i' < \lambda r.\ arlO\text{-}assn\text{-}except\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ [i]\ a\ ai
      (\lambda r'. array-assn R (a!i) r * \uparrow (r = r'!i)) > i
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
definition arl-get-u' where
  [symmetric, code]: \langle arl\text{-}get\text{-}u' = arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \rangle
code-printing constant arl-get-u' \rightarrow (SML) (fn/()/=>/Array.sub/(fst(-),/Word32.toInt(-)))
lemma arl\text{-}get'\text{-}nth'[code]: \langle arl\text{-}get' = (\lambda(a, n). Array.nth' a) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl-get-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op\text{-}list\text{-}get))
     \in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a (arl\text{-}assn A)^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow A)^k
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-rll-nu where
  \langle nth-rll-nu = nth-rll \rangle
definition nth-raa-u' where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u' \ xs \ x \ L = nth\text{-}raa \ xs \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-u'-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u',\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth\text{-}rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k 	o R)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-nat-of-uint32-nth': (Array.nth\ x\ (nat-of-uint32\ L) = Array.nth'\ x\ (integer-of-uint32\ L)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-u-code[code]:
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl\text{-}qet \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i64-u32 where
  \langle nth-aa-i64-u32 \ xs \ x \ L = nth-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ x) \ (nat-of-uint32 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i64-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i64-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i64-u64 where
  \langle nth-aa-i64-u64 \ xs \ x \ L = nth-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ x) \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
```

shows

```
\langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i64-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow R)^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i32-u64 where
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u64 \ xs \ x \ L = nth\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ x) \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i32-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-rll\ l\ i]_a
        (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
64-bit unsigned integers definition nth-u64 where
  \langle nth-u64 \ xs \ n = nth \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ n) \rangle
definition nth-u64-code where
  \langle nth-u64-code \ xs \ n = Array.nth' \ xs \ (integer-of-uint64 \ n) \rangle
lemma nth-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ nth-u64-code,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ nth-u64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, n). \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ n < length\ xs]_a\ (array\text{-}assn\ A)^k *_a\ uint64\text{-}assn^k \to A)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma array-get-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
  shows \langle (uncurry\ nth-u64-code,
       uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op\ -list\ -get)) \in [pre\ -list\ -get]_a\ (array\ -assn\ A)^k *_a\ uint 64-nat\ -assn^k \to A)
\langle proof \rangle
Setters
32-bits definition heap-array-set'-u where
  \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u \ a \ i \ x = Array.upd' \ a \ (integer\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i) \ x \rangle
{\bf definition}\ \mathit{heap-array-set-u}\ {\bf where}
  \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set\text{-}u \ a \ i \ x = heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u \ a \ i \ x \gg return \ a \rangle
lemma array-set-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } A \Longrightarrow
    (uncurry2\ heap-array-set-u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ op\mbox{-}list-set)) \in
     [pre-list-set]_a (array-assn A)^d *_a uint32-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow array-assn A)^d
  \langle proof \rangle
definition update-aa-u where
  \langle update-aa-u \ xs \ i \ j = update-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \ j \rangle
lemma Array-upd-upd': \langle Array.upd \ i \ x \ a = Array.upd' \ a \ (of-nat \ i) \ x \gg return \ a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition Array-upd-u where
  \langle Array-upd-u \ i \ x \ a = Array.upd \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \ x \ a \rangle
```

```
lemma Array-upd-u-code[code]: (Array-upd-u i x a = heap-array-set'-u a i x \gg return a)
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-u-code[code]:
        \langle update-aa-u\ a\ i\ j\ y=do\ \{
                      x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
                      a' \leftarrow arl\text{-set } x j y;
                     Array-upd-u i a' a
             }>
        \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-set'-u where
        \langle arl\text{-}set'\text{-}u\ a\ i\ x=arl\text{-}set\ a\ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ i)\ x\rangle
definition arl-set-u :: ('a::heap \ array-list \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \ Heap) where
        \langle arl\text{-}set\text{-}u\ a\ i\ x = arl\text{-}set'\text{-}u\ a\ i\ x \rangle
lemma arl-set-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
        \langle CONSTRAINT \ is-pure \ A \Longrightarrow
              (uncurry2\ arl\text{-}set\text{-}u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ op\text{-}list\text{-}set)) \in
                  [pre\text{-}list\text{-}set]_a (arl\text{-}assn\ A)^d *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn\ A)^d *_a uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn\ A)^d *_a uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn\ A)^d *_a uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow a
        \langle proof \rangle
64-bits definition heap-array-set'-u64 where
        \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x = Array.upd' \ a \ (integer\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ i) \ x \rangle
definition heap-array-set-u64 where
        \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x = heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x \gg return \ a \rangle
lemma array-set-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
        \langle CONSTRAINT \ is-pure \ A \Longrightarrow
              (uncurry2\ heap-array-set-u64\ ,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ \circ\ op\ -list-set)) \in
                  [pre-list-set]_a (array-assn A)^d *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow array-assn A)^d *_a uint 64-nat-assn A)^d *_a uint 64-n
        \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-set'-u64 where
        \langle arl\text{-set'-u64} \ a \ i \ x = arl\text{-set} \ a \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ i) \ x \rangle
definition arl-set-u64 :: ('a::heap \ array-list \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \ Heap) where
        \langle arl\text{-}set\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x = arl\text{-}set'\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x \rangle
lemma arl-set-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
        \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } A \Longrightarrow
              (uncurry2\ arl\text{-}set\text{-}u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ op\text{-}list\text{-}set)) \in
                  [pre-list-set]_a (arl-assn A)^d *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl-assn A)^d
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-nat-of-uint64-nth': (Array.nth \ x \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L) = Array.nth' \ x \ (integer-of-uint64 \ L)
        \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i-u64 where
        \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i\text{-}u64 \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}raa \ x \ L \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ L') \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i\text{-}uint64\text{-}hnr[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:}
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     ⟨(uncurry2 nth-raa-i-u64, uncurry2 (RETURN ∘∘∘ nth-rll)) ∈
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-get-u64 :: 'a::heap array-list \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  arl-get-u64 \equiv \lambda a \ i. \ arl-get' \ a \ (integer-of-uint64 \ i)
lemma arl-get-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op\text{-}list\text{-}get))
      \in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a (arl\text{-}assn A)^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow A)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-u64' where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u64 \text{ }' \text{ } xs \text{ } x \text{ } L = \text{ } nth\text{-}raa \text{ } xs \text{ } x \text{ } (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \text{ } L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-u64 '-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     ⟨(uncurry2 nth-raa-u64', uncurry2 (RETURN ∘∘∘ nth-rll)) ∈
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-u64 where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u64 \ x \ L = nth\text{-}raa \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-uint64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-u64-u64 where
  \langle nth-raa-u64-u64 \ x \ L \ L' = nth-raa \ x \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L) \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L') \rangle
lemma nth-raa-uint64-uint64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-u64-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma heap-array-set-u64-upd:
  \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set\text{-}u64 \ x \ j \ xi = Array.upd \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ j) \ xi \ x \gg (\lambda xa. \ return \ x) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Append (32 bit integers only)
definition append-el-aa-u' :: ('a::{default,heap} array-list) array \Rightarrow
  uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list) \ array \ Heapwhere
append-el-aa-u' \equiv \lambda a \ i \ x.
   Array.nth' \ a \ (integer-of-uint32 \ i) \gg
   (\lambda j. \ arl\text{-}append \ j \ x \gg 
         (\lambda a'. Array.upd' \ a \ (integer-of-uint32 \ i) \ a' \gg (\lambda -. \ return \ a)))
lemma append-el-aa-append-el-aa-u':
  \langle append\text{-}el\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i) \ j = append\text{-}el\text{-}aa\text{-}u' \ xs \ i \ j \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-aa-hnr-u:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     \langle (uncurry2\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ append-el-aa\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)),\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ append-ll\ xs\ i) \rangle
(nat-of-uint32\ i)))) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),x). \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i < length \ l]_a \ (arrayO\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R))^d *_a \ uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow
(arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma append-el-aa-hnr'[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry2 append-el-aa-u', uncurry2 (RETURN ooo append-ll))
      \in [\lambda((W,L), j), L < length W]_a
          (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ nat-assn))^d*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ nat-assn^k 
ightarrow (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn
nat-assn)) \rangle
    (\mathbf{is} \ \langle ?a \in [?pre]_a \ ?init \rightarrow ?post \rangle)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-el-aa-uint32-hnr'[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 append-el-aa-u', uncurry2 (RETURN ooo append-ll))
     \in [\lambda((W,L), j). L < length W]_a
         (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ R^k \rightarrow
        (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
    (is \langle ?a \in [?pre]_a ?init \rightarrow ?post \rangle)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-el-aa-u'-code[code]:
  append-el-aa-u' = (\lambda a \ i \ x. \ nth-u-code \ a \ i \gg
     (\lambda j. \ arl\text{-}append \ j \ x \gg 
       (\lambda a'. heap-array-set'-u \ a \ i \ a' \gg (\lambda -. return \ a))))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition update-raa-u32 where
\langle update - raa - u32 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
  x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ a \ i;
```

```
Array.upd \ j \ y \ x \gg arl-set-u \ a \ i
}>
lemma update-raa-u32-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb \rangle \langle length \rangle and \langle ba \rangle \langle length\text{-rll } a \rangle and
      \langle (bb', bb) \in uint32-nat-rel \rangle
  shows (< R \ b \ bi * arlO-assn (array-assn R) \ a \ ai> update-raa-u32 \ ai \ bb' \ ba \ bi
       <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists_A x.\ arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-rll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
lemma update-raa-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ update-raa-u32, uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ update-rll)) \in
      [\lambda(((l,i),j),x).\ i < length\ l \wedge j < length-rll\ l\ i]_a\ (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^d *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k
*_a nat-assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arlO-assn (array-assn R))
{\bf lemma}\ update\hbox{-}aa\hbox{-}u\hbox{-}rule[sep\hbox{-}heap\hbox{-}rules]\colon
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and \langle ba < length \ li \ a \ bb \rangle and \langle (bb', bb) \in uint32\text{-nat-rel} \rangle
  shows (< R \ b \ bi * arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-aa-u \ ai \ bb' \ ba \ bi
       <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists_A x.\ arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-ll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
       solve-direct
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3\ update-aa-u,\ uncurry3\ (RETURN\ oooo\ update-ll)) \in
     \begin{array}{l} [\lambda(((l,i),\,j),\,x).\,\,i < length\,\,l \,\wedge\, j < length\,-ll\,\,l\,\,l]_a \\ (arrayO-assn\,\,(arl-assn\,\,R))^d *_a \,\,uint32-nat-assn^k *_a \,\,nat-assn^k *_a \,\,R^k \,\rightarrow\, (arrayO-assn\,\,(arl-assn\,\,R))) \end{array}
  \langle proof \rangle
Length
32-bits definition (in -) length-u-code where
  \langle length-u-code\ C=do\ \{\ n\leftarrow Array.len\ C;\ return\ (uint32-of-nat\ n)\} \rangle
definition (in -) length-uint32-nat where
  [simp]: \langle length\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat \ C = length \ C \rangle
lemma (in -) length-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-u-code, RETURN \ o \ length-uint32-nat) \in [\lambda C. \ length \ C \leq uint32-max]_a \ (array-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow
uint32-nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-u where
  [simp]: \langle length-u | xs = length | xs \rangle
lemma length-u-hnr'[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-u-code, RETURN \ o \ length-u) \in
     [\lambda xs. \ length \ xs \leq uint32-max]_a \ (array-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn )
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-arl-u-code :: \langle ('a::heap) \ array-list \Rightarrow uint32 \ Heap \rangle where
```

```
\langle length-arl-u-code \ xs = do \ \{
   n \leftarrow arl-length xs;
   return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
lemma length-arl-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-arl-u-code, RETURN \ o \ length-u) \in
     [\lambda xs. \ length \ xs \leq uint32-max]_a \ (arl-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
64-bits definition (in -) length-uint64-nat where
  [simp]: \langle length-uint64-nat \ C = length \ C \rangle
definition (in -) length-u64-code where
  \langle length-u64-code\ C=do\ \{\ n\leftarrow Array.len\ C;\ return\ (uint64-of-nat\ n)\} \rangle
lemma (in -) length-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-u64-code, RETURN \ o \ length-uint64-nat) \rangle
   \in [\lambda C. \ length \ C \le uint64-max]_a \ (array-assn \ R)^k \to uint64-nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
Length for arrays in arrays
32-bits definition (in –) length-aa-u :: \langle ('a::heap\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow nat\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u \ xs \ i = length-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \rangle
lemma length-aa-u-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u \ xs \ i = nth-u-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^k *_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint 32 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-u \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ i;
    length-u-code x\}
lemma length-raa-u-alt-def: \langle length-raa-u xs i = do {
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ i;
    return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll-n-uint32 where
  [simp]: \langle length-rll-n-uint32 = length-rll \rangle
lemma length-raa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow \langle arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length\text{-}raa\text{-}u \ a \ b
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint32-max]_a
```

```
(arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
TODO: proper fix to avoid the conversion to uint32
definition length-aa-u-code :: \langle ('a::heap\ array)\ array-list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint32\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u-code \ xs \ i = do \ \{
   n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ i;
   return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
64-bits definition (in -) length-aa-u64 :: \langle ('a::heap\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow nat\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = length-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = nth-u64-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u64\ ,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^k *_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u64 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa <math>\Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap) where
  \langle length-raa-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code x \}
lemma length-raa-u64-alt-def: \langle length-raa-u64 xs\ i=do\ \{
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ i;
    return (uint64-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll-n-uint64 where
  [simp]: \langle length-rll-n-uint64 = length-rll \rangle
lemma length-raa-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
Delete at index
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap}\ \mathbf{where}
  \langle delete\textit{-}index\textit{-}and\textit{-}swap\ l\ i=butlast(l[i:=last\ l])\rangle
lemma (in -) delete-index-and-swap-alt-def:
  \langle delete	ext{-}index	ext{-}and	ext{-}swap \ S \ i =
    (let \ x = last \ S \ in \ butlast \ (S[i := x])) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma mset-tl-delete-index-and-swap:
  assumes
    \langle \theta < i \rangle and
    \langle i < length \ outl' \rangle
  shows \forall mset \ (tl \ (delete-index-and-swap \ outl' \ i)) =
```

```
remove1-mset (outl'! i) (mset (tl outl'))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-ll where
  \langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}ll \ xs \ i \ j =
     xs[i:=delete-index-and-swap\ (xs!i)\ j]
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa where
  \langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\ xs\ i\ j=do\ \{
     x \leftarrow last-aa \ xs \ i;
     xs \leftarrow update-aa \ xs \ i \ j \ x;
     set	ext{-}butlast	ext{-}aa\ xs\ i
  }>
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-ll-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure }R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
     \in [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-ll\ l\ l]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ nat-assn^k
          \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
  \langle proof \rangle
Last (arrays of arrays)
definition last-aa-u where
  \langle last-aa-u \ xs \ i = last-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \rangle
lemma last-aa-u-code[code]:
  \langle last\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ xs \ i = nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ i \gg arl\text{-}last \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-delete-index-and-swap-ll[simp]:
  \langle length \ (delete\mbox{-}index\mbox{-}and\mbox{-}swap\mbox{-}ll \ s \ i \ j) = length \ s \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-butlast-aa-u where
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ xs \ i = set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ set-butlast-aa-u-code[code]:
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ a \ i = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
       a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}butlast x;
       Array-upd-u i a' a
    \rightarrow Replace the i-th element by the itself execpt the last element.
  \langle proof \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa-u where
   (delete-index-and-swap-aa-u\ xs\ i=delete-index-and-swap-aa\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i))
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-u-code[code]:
\langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ xs \ i \ j = \ do \ \{
     x \leftarrow last-aa-u \ xs \ i;
     xs \leftarrow update-aa-u xs i j x;
     set-butlast-aa-u xs i
  }>
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}ll\text{-}hnr\text{-}u[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:}
  assumes \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa-u, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
      \in [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a
nat-assn^k
          \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
  \langle proof \rangle
Swap
definition swap-u-code :: 'a ::heap array \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a array Heap where
  \langle swap\text{-}u\text{-}code\ xs\ i\ j=do\ \{
     ki \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
     kj \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ j;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u xs \ i \ kj;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u xs \ j \ ki;
      return xs
lemma op-list-swap-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ (\mathit{uncurry2} \ \mathit{swap-u-code}, \ \mathit{uncurry2} \ (\mathit{RETURN} \ \mathit{ooo} \ \mathit{op-list-swap})) \in
        [\lambda((xs, i), j). \ i < length \ xs \land j < length \ xs]_a
       (array-assn\ R)^d*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k 
ightarrow array-assn\ R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition swap-u64-code :: 'a ::heap array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a array Heap where
  \langle swap-u64-code \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
     ki \leftarrow nth-u64-code xs i;
     kj \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code \ xs \ j;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs \ i \ kj;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs \ j \ ki;
     return xs
  }>
lemma op-list-swap-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \mathrel{<\!(uncurry2\ swap\text{-}u64\text{-}code,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ op\text{-}list\text{-}swap))} \in
        [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length xs]_a
       (array-assn\ R)^d*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow array-assn\ R)^d
\langle proof \rangle
definition swap-aa-u64 :: ('a::{heap,default}) arrayO-raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a arrayO-raa
Heap where
  \langle swap-aa-u64 \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
    xi \leftarrow arl\text{-}qet \ xs \ k;
    xj \leftarrow swap-u64-code \ xi \ i \ j;
    xs \leftarrow arl\text{-}set \ xs \ k \ xj;
    return\ xs
  \}
```

**lemma** swap-aa-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:

```
assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ swap-aa-u64, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
   [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j), k < length \ xs \land i < length-rll \ xs \ k \land j < length-rll \ xs \ k]_a
  (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow
    (arlO-assn (array-assn R))
\langle proof \rangle
definition arl-swap-u-code
  :: 'a ::heap \ array-list \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \ Heap
where
  \langle arl\text{-}swap\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
     ki \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
     kj \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ j;
     xs \leftarrow arl\text{-}set\text{-}u \ xs \ i \ kj;
     \textit{xs} \leftarrow \textit{arl-set-u} \; \textit{xs} \; \textit{j} \; \textit{ki};
     return xs
  }>
lemma arl-op-list-swap-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 \ arl-swap-u-code, uncurry2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ op-list-swap)) \in
        [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length xs]_a
      (arl\text{-}assn\ R)^d*_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k 	o arl\text{-}assn\ R)
\langle proof \rangle
Take
definition shorten-take-aa-u32 where
  \langle shorten-take-aa-u32\ L\ j\ W=\ do\ \{
      (a, n) \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ W\ L;
      heap-array-set-u W L (a, j)
    }>
lemma shorten-take-aa-u32-alt-def:
  \langle shorten-take-aa-u32\ L\ j\ W=shorten-take-aa\ (nat-of-uint32\ L)\ j\ W \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shorten-take-aa-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry2 \ shorten-take-aa-u32, \ uncurry2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ shorten-take-ll) \rangle \in
     [\lambda((L, j), W). j \leq length (W!L) \wedge L < length W]_a
    uint32-nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))^d \rightarrow arrayO-assn (arl-assn R)
  \langle proof \rangle
List of Lists
Getters definition nth-raa-i32 :: \langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i32 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow Array.nth \ x \ j;
      return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
```

```
[\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length (xs !i)]_a
       (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i32-u64 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap) where
  \langle nth-raa-i32-u64 xs i j = do \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow nth - u64 - code \ x \ j;
       return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i32-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
       [\lambda((xs, i), j). \ i < length \ xs \land j < length \ (xs !i)]_a
       (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i32-u32 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a Heap) where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i32\text{-}u32 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ x\ j;
       return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i32-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i32-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
       \begin{array}{l} [\lambda((xs,\ i),\ j).\ i < length\ xs \land j < length\ (xs\ !i)]_a \\ (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow R) \end{array}
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i32-u32 where
  \langle nth-aa-i32-u32 \ x \ L \ L' = nth-aa \ x \ (nat-of-uint32 \ L) \ (nat-of-uint32 \ L') \rangle
definition nth-aa-i32-u32' where
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u32' xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow arl - qet - u \times j;
       return y \}
lemma nth-aa-i32-u32[code]:
  \langle nth-aa-i32-u32 \times L L' = nth-aa-i32-u32' \times L L' \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i32-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i32-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((x, L), L'), L < length \ x \wedge L' < length \ (x ! L)]_a
        (array O - assn (arl - assn R))^k *_a uint 32 - nat - assn^k *_a uint 32 - nat - assn^k \rightarrow R)
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition nth-raa-i64-u32 :: \langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u32 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ x\ j;
       return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i64-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \mathbf{assumes} \ \langle CONSTRAINT \ is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i64-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
       [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length (xs !i)]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{thm} nth-aa-uint-hnr
find-theorems nth-aa-u
lemma nth-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ nth-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-ll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a
        (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i64-u64 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap) where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow nth - u64 - code \ x \ j;
       return y \rangle
lemma nth-raa-i64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i64-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
       [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length (xs !i)]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i64-u64-code[code]:
  \langle nth-aa-i64-u64 x L L' = nth-u64-code x L \gg (\lambda x. arl-qet-u64 x L' \gg return)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i64-u32-code[code]:
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i64\text{-}u32 \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i32-u64-code[code]:
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u64 \ x \ L' = nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Length definition length-raa-i64-u::('a::heap\ arrayO-raa\Rightarrow uint64\Rightarrow uint32\ Heap) where
  \langle length-raa-i64-u \ xs \ i = do \ \{
```

```
x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
    length-u-code x\}
lemma length-raa-i64-u-alt-def: \langle length-raa-i64-u xs i = do {
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i);
    return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i64-u-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 | b < length | xs \Longrightarrow \langle arlO\text{-}assn | (array\text{-}assn | R) | xs | a > length\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u | a | b
   <\lambda r.~arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs a*\uparrow (r=uint32-of-nat (length-rll xs (nat-of-uint64 b)))>_t >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i64-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i64-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint32-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-i64-u64 :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow uint 64 \Rightarrow uint 64 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-i64-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-i64-u64-alt-def: \langle length-raa-i64-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i);
    return (uint64-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i64-u64-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 | b < length | xs \Longrightarrow \langle arlO\text{-}assn | (array\text{-}assn | R) | xs | a > length\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u64 | a | b
   <\lambda r.~arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs a*\uparrow (r=uint64-of-nat (length-rll xs (nat-of-uint64 b)))>_t >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i64-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-i32-u64 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 | Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-i32-u64 \ xs \ i=do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{length\text{-}raa\text{-}}\mathit{i32\text{-}}\mathit{u64\text{-}}\mathit{alt\text{-}}\mathit{def}\colon \langle \mathit{length\text{-}raa\text{-}}\mathit{i32\text{-}}\mathit{u64}\ \mathit{xs}\ \mathit{i} = \mathit{do}\ \{
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i);
    return (uint64-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll-n-i32-uint64 where
  [simp]: \langle length-rll-n-i32-uint64 = length-rll \rangle
```

```
lemma length-raa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i32-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-i32-uint64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64 where
   \langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i64 \ xs \ i = delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ i) \rangle
definition last-aa-u64 where
  \langle last-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = last-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \rangle
lemma last-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle last-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = nth-u64-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-last \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-i32-u::('a::heap\ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow\ uint32\ \Rightarrow\ uint32\ Heap) where
  \langle length-raa-i32-u \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    length-u-code x\}
lemma length-raa-i32-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ b < length \ xs \rangle
  shows \langle arlO\text{-}assn (array\text{-}assn R) xs a \rangle length\text{-}raa\text{-}i32\text{-}u a b
   \langle \lambda r. \ arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a*\uparrow (r=uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat \ (length\text{-}rll \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ b)))>_t\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i32-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i32-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint32-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k 	o uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition (in –) length-aa-u64-o64 :: \langle ('a::heap\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u64-o64 \ xs \ i = length-aa-u64 \ xs \ i >> = (\lambda n. \ return \ (uint64-of-nat \ n)) \rangle
definition arl-length-o64 where
  \langle arl\text{-length-o64} \ x = do \ \{n \leftarrow arl\text{-length} \ x; \ return \ (uint64\text{-of-nat} \ n)\} \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-o64-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u64-o64 \ xs \ i = nth-u64-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length-o64 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-o64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u64-o64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll) \rangle \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length xs \land length (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
    (array O-assn (arl-assn R))^k *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint 64-nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition (in -) length-aa-u32-o64 :: ('a::heap array-list) array \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 Heap) where
```

 $\langle length-aa-u32-o64 \ xs \ i = length-aa-u \ xs \ i >> = (\lambda n. \ return \ (uint64-of-nat \ n)) \rangle$ 

```
lemma length-aa-u32-o64-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u32-o64 \ xs \ i=nth-u-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length-o64 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u32-o64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u32-o64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
    (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
definition length-raa-u32 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow nat Heap) where
  \langle length-raa-u32 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    Array.len \ x\}
lemma length-raa-u32-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow (b', b) \in uint32-nat-rel \Longrightarrow \langle arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs a> length-raa-u32 a b'
   <\lambda r. \ arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs a * \uparrow (r = length-rll \ xs \ b)>_t >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ length-raa-u32,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arlO-assn \ (array-assn \ R))^k *_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u32-u64 :: \langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-u32-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-u32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows ((uncurry\ length-raa-u32-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) < uint64-max]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u64-u64:: \langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-u64-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-u64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-u64-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length xs \land length (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-arlO-u where
  \langle length-arlO-u \ xs = do \ \{
      n \leftarrow length-ra xs;
      return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
```

```
lemma length-arlO-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
 \langle (length-arlO-u, RETURN\ o\ length-u) \in [\lambda xs.\ length\ xs \le uint32-max]_a\ (arlO-assn\ R)^k \to uint32-nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-length-u64-code where
\langle arl\text{-}length\text{-}u64\text{-}code\ C=do\ \{
  n \leftarrow arl\text{-}length C;
  return (uint64-of-nat n)
}>
lemma arl-length-u64-code[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (arl\text{-}length\text{-}u64\text{-}code, RETURN o length\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat) \in
      [\lambda xs. \ length \ xs \leq uint64-max]_a \ (arl-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
Setters definition update-aa-u64 where
  \langle update-aa-u64 \ xs \ i \ j = update-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \ j \rangle
definition Array-upd-u64 where
  \langle Array-upd-u64 \ i \ x \ a = Array.upd \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \ x \ a \rangle
lemma Array-upd-u64-code[code]: (Array-upd-u64 \ i \ x \ a = heap-array-set'-u64 \ a \ i \ x \gg return \ a)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle update-aa-u64 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code\ a\ i;
      a' \leftarrow arl\text{-set } x j y;
      Array-upd-u64 i a' a
    }>
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-butlast-aa-u64 where
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i = set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ i) \rangle
lemma set-butlast-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u64 \ a \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code\ a\ i;
      a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}butlast x;
      Array\text{-}upd\text{-}u64\ i\ a'\ a
    \rightarrow Replace the i-th element by the itself except the last element.
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64-code[code]:
\langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i64 \ xs \ i \ j = \ do \ \{
     x \leftarrow last-aa-u64 \ xs \ i;
     xs \leftarrow update-aa-u64 \ xs \ i \ j \ x;
     set-butlast-aa-u64 xs i
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64-ll-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
```

```
nat-assn^k
                           \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
       \langle proof \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64 where
         \langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i \ j =
                  delete-index-and-swap-aa xs (nat-of-uint32 i) (nat-of-uint64 j)\rangle
definition update-aa-u32-i64 where
       \langle update-aa-u32-i64 \ xs \ i \ j = update-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \ (nat-of-uint64 \ j) \rangle
lemma update-aa-u32-i64-code[code]:
       \langle update-aa-u32-i64 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
                  x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
                  a' \leftarrow arl\text{-set-u64} \ x \ j \ y;
                  Array-upd-u i a' a
            }>
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64-code[code]:
\langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i \ j=do \ \{
               x \leftarrow last-aa-u \ xs \ i;
               xs \leftarrow update-aa-u32-i64 \ xs \ i \ j \ x;
               set-butlast-aa-u xs i
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64-ll-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
     assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
   shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
               \in [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d *_a
                        uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k
                          \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
       \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{Swap} \quad \textbf{definition} \  \, swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u64 \  \, :: ('a::\{heap, default\}) \  \, arrayO\text{-}raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint
⇒ 'a arrayO-raa Heap where
     \langle swap-aa-i32-u64 \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
            xi \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ k;
            xj \leftarrow swap-u64-code \ xi \ i \ j;
            xs \leftarrow arl\text{-}set\text{-}u \ xs \ k \ xj;
            return xs
lemma swap-aa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
      assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
      shows (uncurry3\ swap-aa-i32-u64,\ uncurry3\ (RETURN\ oooo\ swap-ll)) \in
        [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j), k < length \ xs \land i < length-rll \ xs \ k \land j < length-rll \ xs \ k]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^d*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow
            (arlO-assn (array-assn R))
\langle proof \rangle
```

#### Conversion from list of lists of nat to list of lists of uint64

```
definition op-map :: ('b \Rightarrow 'a :: default) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ nres \ where
  \langle op\text{-}map \ R \ e \ xs = do \ \{
    let zs = replicate (length xs) e;
   (\textbf{-},\textit{zs}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{\textit{T}} \lambda(\textit{i},\textit{zs}). \ \textit{i} \leq \textit{length xs} \land \textit{take i zs} = \textit{map R (take i xs)} \land \\
                                                                                                                 length \ zs = length \ xs \land (\forall \ k \ge i. \ k < length \ x
       (\lambda(i, zs). i < length zs)
       (\lambda(i, zs)). do \{ASSERT(i < length zs); RETURN(i+1, zs[i := R(xs!i)])\}
       (0, zs);
    RETURN \ zs
  }>
lemma op-map-map: \langle op\text{-map} \ R \ e \ xs \le RETURN \ (map \ R \ xs) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma op-map-map-rel:
  \langle (op\text{-}map\ R\ e,\ RETURN\ o\ (map\ R)) \in \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rightarrow_f \langle \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition array-nat-of-uint64-conv :: \langle nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ list \rangle where
\langle array-nat-of-uint64-conv=id \rangle
definition array-nat-of-uint64 :: nat list <math>\Rightarrow nat list nres where
\langle array-nat-of-uint64 \ xs = op-map \ nat-of-uint64-conv \ 0 \ xs \rangle
sepref-definition array-nat-of-uint64-code
  is array-nat-of-uint64
  :: \langle (array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn)^k \rightarrow_a array-assn\ nat-assn \rangle
lemma array-nat-of-uint64-conv-alt-def:
  \langle array-nat-of-uint64-conv = map \ nat-of-uint64-conv \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-nat-of-uint64-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (array-nat-of-uint64-code, (RETURN \circ array-nat-of-uint64-conv) \rangle
     \in (array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn)^k \rightarrow_a array-assn\ nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition array-uint64-of-nat-conv :: \langle nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ list \rangle where
\langle array-uint64-of-nat-conv = id \rangle
definition array-uint64-of-nat :: nat list <math>\Rightarrow nat list nres where
\langle array-uint64-of-nat \ xs = op-map \ uint64-of-nat-conv \ zero-uint64-nat \ xs \rangle
sepref-definition array-uint64-of-nat-code
  is array-uint64-of-nat
  :: \langle [\lambda xs. \ \forall \ a \in set \ xs. \ a \leq uint64-max]_a
        (array-assn\ nat-assn)^k \rightarrow array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-uint64-of-nat-conv-alt-def:
  \langle array-uint64-of-nat-conv \rangle = map\ uint64-of-nat-conv \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma array-uint64-of-nat-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (array-uint64-of-nat-code, (RETURN \circ array-uint64-of-nat-conv) \rangle
    \in [\lambda xs. \ \forall \ a \in set \ xs. \ a \leq uint64-max]_a
        (array-assn\ nat-assn)^k \rightarrow array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition swap-arl-u64 where
  \langle swap\text{-}arl\text{-}u64 \rangle = (\lambda(xs, n) \ i \ j. \ do \ \{
    ki \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
    kj \leftarrow nth - u64 - code \ xs \ j;
    xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs i kj;
    xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs \ j \ ki;
    return (xs, n)
  })>
lemma swap-arl-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry2\ swap-arl-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ op-list-swap)) \in
  [pre-list-swap]_a (arl-assn A)^d *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k 	o arl-assn A)^d
  \langle proof \rangle
definition but last-nonresizing :: \langle 'a | list \Rightarrow 'a | list \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle butlast-nonresizing = butlast \rangle
definition arl-butlast-nonresizing :: \langle 'a \ array-list \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \rangle where
  \langle arl\text{-}butlast\text{-}nonresizing = (\lambda(xs, a), (xs, fast\text{-}minus a 1)) \rangle
lemma butlast-nonresizing-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ arl\text{-butlast-nonresizing},\ RETURN\ o\ butlast\text{-nonresizing}) \in
     [\lambda xs. \ xs \neq []]_a \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R)^d \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn \ R
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory WB-More-Refinement-List
  \mathbf{imports}\ \textit{Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF}\ \textit{Weidenbach-Book-Base}. \textit{WB-List-More}
begin
```

#### 0.1 More theorems about list

lemma swap-nth-if:

This should theorem and functions that defined in the Refinement Framework, but not in *HOL.List*. There might be moved somewhere eventually in the AFP or so.

```
\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{lemma} \ swap\text{-}nth\text{-}irrelevant: \\ \langle k \neq i \Longrightarrow k \neq j \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ i \ j \ ! \ k = xs \ ! \ k \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \\ \\ \mathbf{lemma} \ swap\text{-}nth\text{-}relevant: \\ \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ i \ j \ ! \ i = xs \ ! \ j \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \\ \\ \mathbf{lemma} \ swap\text{-}nth\text{-}relevant2: \\ \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ j \ i \ ! \ i = xs \ ! \ j \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{array}
```

```
\langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ i \ j \ ! \ k = 1
    (if k = i then xs ! j else if k = j then xs ! i else xs ! k)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-swap-irrelevant:
  \langle k > i \Longrightarrow k > j \Longrightarrow drop \ k \ (swap \ outl' \ j \ i) = drop \ k \ outl' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ take\text{-}swap\text{-}relevant\text{:}
  \langle k > i \Longrightarrow k > j \Longrightarrow take \ k \ (swap \ outl' \ j \ i) = swap \ (take \ k \ outl') \ i \ j \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma tl-swap-relevant:
  \langle i > 0 \Longrightarrow j > 0 \Longrightarrow tl \ (swap \ outl' \ j \ i) = swap \ (tl \ outl') \ (i-1) \ (j-1) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-only-first-relevant:
  \langle b \rangle i \Longrightarrow a \langle length \ xs \implies take \ i \ (swap \ xs \ a \ b) = take \ i \ (xs[a := xs ! b]) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
TODO this should go to a different place from the previous lemmas, since it concerns Misc. slice,
which is not part of HOL.List but only part of the Refinement Framework.
lemma slice-nth:
  \{ [from < length \ xs; \ i < to - from] \implies Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs! \ i = xs! \ (from + i) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-irrelevant[simp]:
  \langle i < from \implies Misc.slice\ from\ to\ (xs[i:=C]) = Misc.slice\ from\ to\ xs \rangle
  \langle i \geq to \implies Misc.slice \ from \ to \ (xs[i:=C]) = Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs \rangle
  \langle i \geq to \lor i < from \Longrightarrow Misc.slice from to (xs[i := C]) = Misc.slice from to xs \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-update-swap[simp]:
  \langle i < to \Longrightarrow i \geq from \Longrightarrow i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
      Misc.slice\ from\ to\ (xs[i:=C]) = (Misc.slice\ from\ to\ xs)[(i-from):=C]
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-slice[simp]:
  (drop \ n \ (Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs) = Misc.slice \ (from + n) \ to \ xs) for from n to xs
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma take-slice[simp]:
  (take\ n\ (Misc.slice\ from\ to\ xs) = Misc.slice\ from\ (min\ to\ (from+n))\ xs \ for\ from\ n\ to\ xs
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-append[simp]:
  \langle to < length \ xs \Longrightarrow Misc.slice \ from \ to \ (xs @ ys) = Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-prepend[simp]:
  \langle from \geq length \ xs \Longrightarrow
      Misc.slice\ from\ to\ (xs\ @\ ys) = Misc.slice\ (from\ -\ length\ xs)\ (to\ -\ length\ xs)\ ys
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-len-min-If:
```

 $\langle length \ (Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs) =$ 

```
(if from < length xs then min (length xs - from) (to - from) else 0)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-start0: \langle Misc. slice\ 0\ to\ xs = take\ to\ xs \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-end-length: (n \ge length \ xs \Longrightarrow Misc.slice \ to \ n \ xs = drop \ to \ xs)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-swap[simp]:
    \langle l \geq from \implies l < to \implies k \geq from \implies k < to \implies from < length \ arena \implies l > l
      Misc.slice\ from\ to\ (swap\ arena\ l\ k) = swap\ (Misc.slice\ from\ to\ arena)\ (k-from)\ (l-from)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-swap-relevant[simp]:
  (i \ge k \Longrightarrow j \ge k \Longrightarrow j < length \ outl' \Longrightarrow drop \ k \ (swap \ outl' \ j \ i) = swap \ (drop \ k \ outl') \ (j - k) \ (i - k)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{swap\text{-}swap} \colon \langle \mathit{k} < \mathit{length} \ \mathit{xs} \Longrightarrow \mathit{l} < \mathit{length} \ \mathit{xs} \Longrightarrow \mathit{swap} \ \mathit{xs} \ \mathit{k} \ \mathit{l} = \mathit{swap} \ \mathit{xs} \ \mathit{l} \ \mathit{k} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ in\text{-}mset\text{-}rel\text{-}eq\text{-}f\text{-}iff\text{:}
   \langle (a, b) \in \langle \{(c, a). \ a = f \ c\} \rangle mset\text{-rel} \longleftrightarrow b = f \text{`# a} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-mset-rel-eq-f-iff-set:
   \langle\langle\{(c, a).\ a = f\ c\}\rangle mset\text{-rel} = \{(b, a).\ a = f\ '\#\ b\}\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Transition-System
  imports Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF CDCL.CDCL-W-Abstract-State
      CDCL.CDCL-W-Restart
begin
```

## Chapter 1

# Two-Watched Literals

### 1.1 Rule-based system

### 1.1.1 Types and Transitions System

Types and accessing functions

```
datatype 'v twl-clause =
  TWL-Clause (watched: 'v) (unwatched: 'v)
fun clause :: \langle 'a \ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow 'a :: \{plus\} \rangle where
\langle clause\ (TWL\text{-}Clause\ W\ UW) = W + UW \rangle
abbreviation clauses where
  \langle clauses \ C \equiv clause \ '\# \ C \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-cls = \langle v clause twl-clause \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-clss = \langle 'v \ twl-cls \ multiset \rangle
\mathbf{type\text{-}synonym} \ 'v \ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update = \langle (\ 'v \ literal \times \ 'v \ twl\text{-}cls) \ multiset \rangle
type-synonym 'v lit-queue = \langle v literal multiset\rangle
type-synonym 'v \ twl-st =
  \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann	ext{-}lits 	imes 'v \ twl	ext{-}clss 	imes 'v \ twl	ext{-}clss 	imes
     'v\ clause\ option 	imes 'v\ clauses 	imes 'v\ clauses 	imes 'v\ clauses-to-update 	imes 'v\ lit-queue
fun get-trail :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow (v, v \ clause) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where
  (get\text{-}trail\ (M, -, -, -, -, -, -) = M)
fun clauses-to-update :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow (v | titeral \times v | twl-cls) multiset where
  \langle clauses-to-update (-, -, -, -, -, WS, -) = WS\rangle
fun set-clauses-to-update :: \langle (v | titeral \times v | twl-cls) | multiset \Rightarrow v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st \rangle where
  \langle set-clauses-to-update WS (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, -, Q) = (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
fun literals-to-update :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ lit-queue\rangle where
  \langle literals-to-update (-, -, -, -, -, -, Q) = Q \rangle
fun set-literals-to-update :: ('v lit-queue \Rightarrow 'v twl-st \Rightarrow 'v twl-st) where
  \langle set-literals-to-update\ Q\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ -\rangle = (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \rangle
fun set\text{-}conflict :: \langle 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \rangle where
  \langle set\text{-}conflict\ D\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ \text{--},\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) = (M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \rangle
```

```
fun get\text{-}conflict :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ option \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=D \rangle
fun get-clauses :: \langle v twl-st \Rightarrow v twl-clss\rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N+U \rangle
fun unit\text{-}clss :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow v \ clause \ multiset \rangle where
  \langle unit\text{-}clss \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) = NE + UE \rangle
\mathbf{fun} \ \mathit{unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses} :: \langle 'v \ \mathit{twl\text{-}st} \Rightarrow 'v \ \mathit{clauses} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE \rangle
fun get-all-init-clss :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ multiset \rangle where
  (get-all-init-clss\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=clause\ '\#\ N+NE)
fun qet-learned-clss :: \langle v twl-st \Rightarrow v twl-clss \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=U \rangle
fun get-init-learned-clss :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss (-, N, U, -, -, UE, -) = UE \rangle
fun get-all-learned-clss :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss (-, N, U, -, -, UE, -) = clause '\# U + UE \rangle
fun get-all-clss :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ multiset \rangle where
  (qet-all-clss\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=clause\ '\#\ N+NE+clause\ '\#\ U+UE)
fun update-clause where
\langle update\text{-}clause \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \ L \ L' =
  TWL-Clause (add-mset L' (remove1-mset L W)) (add-mset L (remove1-mset L' UW))
```

When updating clause, we do it non-deterministically: in case of duplicate clause in the two sets, one of the two can be updated (and it does not matter), contrary to an if-condition.

#### $inductive \ update-clauses ::$

```
\langle 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; \times \; 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; \Rightarrow \; 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; \Rightarrow \; 'a \; \Rightarrow \; 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; x \; 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; \Rightarrow \; bool \rangle \; \text{where} \; \langle D \in \# \; N \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; N), \; U) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle \; | \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clause \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (n, \; upd
```

inductive-cases update-clausesE:  $\langle update\text{-}clauses\ (N,\ U)\ D\ L\ L'\ (N',\ U')\rangle$ 

#### The Transition System

We ensure that there are always 2 watched literals and that there are different. All clauses containing a single literal are put in NE or UE.

```
inductive cdcl-twl-cp: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where pop:
\langle cdcl-twl-cp \ (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, add-mset \ L \ Q)
(M, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#(L, C) | C \in \# \ N + U. \ L \in \# \ watched \ C\#\}, \ Q) \rangle \mid propagate:
\langle cdcl-twl-cp \ (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add-mset \ (L, D) \ WS, \ Q)
(Propagated \ L' \ (clause \ D) \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ None, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ add-mset \ (-L') \ Q) \rangle
```

```
if
    \langle watched\ D = \{\#L,\ L'\#\} \rangle and \langle undefined\text{-}lit\ M\ L' \rangle and \langle \forall\ L \in \#\ unwatched\ D.\ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle \mid
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add\text{-}mset \ (L, D) \ WS, Q \rangle
    (M, N, U, Some (clause D), NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  if \langle watched\ D = \{\#L,\ L'\#\} \rangle and \langle -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle and \langle \forall\ L \in \#\ unwatched\ D.\ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle
delete-from-working:
  (cdcl-twl-cp (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add-mset (L, D) WS, Q) (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q)
  if \langle L' \in \# \ clause \ D \rangle and \langle L' \in \mathit{lits-of-l} \ M \rangle
update-clause:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add\text{-}mset \ (L, D) \ WS, Q \rangle
    (M, N', U', None, NE, UE, WS, Q)
  \textbf{if} \ \langle \textit{watched} \ \textit{D} = \{\#\textit{L}, \ \textit{L}'\#\} \rangle \ \textbf{and} \ \langle -\textit{L} \in \textit{lits-of-l} \ \textit{M} \rangle \ \textbf{and} \ \langle \textit{L}' \notin \textit{lits-of-l} \ \textit{M} \rangle \ \textbf{and}
    \langle K \in \# \ unwatched \ D \rangle \ and \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ M \ K \ \lor \ K \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \rangle \ and
    \langle update\text{-}clauses\ (N,\ U)\ D\ L\ K\ (N',\ U') \rangle
    — The condition -L \in lits-of-lM is already implied by valid invariant.
inductive-cases cdcl-twl-cpE: \langle cdcl-twl-cp S T \rangle
We do not care about the literals-to-update literals.
inductive cdcl-twl-o :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  decide:
   (cdcl-twl-o (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, {#}, {#}) (Decided L # M, N, U, None, NE, UE, {#},
\{\#-L\#\})
  \textbf{if} \  \, (\textit{undefined-lit} \  \, \textit{M} \  \, \textit{L}) \  \, \textbf{and} \  \, (\textit{atm-of} \  \, \textit{L} \in \textit{atms-of-mm} \  \, (\textit{clause} \  \, \textit{`\#} \  \, \textit{N} + \textit{NE})) \\
  \langle cdcl-twl-o \ (Propagated \ L \ C' \# M, \ N, \ U, \ Some \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  (M, N, U, Some D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  if \langle -L \notin \# D \rangle and \langle D \neq \{ \# \} \rangle
| resolve:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o \text{ (Propagated } L C \# M, N, U, Some D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  (M, N, U, Some (cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve-cls L D C), NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  if \langle -L \in \# D \rangle and
     (qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M)\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ D) = count\text{-}decided\ M)
 backtrack-unit-clause:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\})
  (Propagated\ L\ \{\#L\#\}\ \#\ M1,\ N,\ U,\ None,\ NE,\ add-mset\ \{\#L\#\}\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#-L\#\}))
  if
    \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}level \ M \ L = count\text{-}decided \ M \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}level \ M \ L = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level \ M \ D' \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (D'-\{\#L\#\})\equiv i\rangle and
    \langle \mathit{get-level}\ M\ K=i+1\rangle
    \langle D' = \{ \#L\# \} \rangle and
    \langle D' \subseteq \# D \rangle and
    \langle clause '\# (N + U) + NE + UE \models pm D' \rangle
| backtrack-nonunit-clause:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\})
     (Propagated\ L\ D'\ \#\ M1,\ N,\ add-mset\ (TWL-Clause\ \{\#L,\ L'\#\}\ (D'-\{\#L,\ L'\#\}))\ U,\ None,\ NE,
UE,
        \{\#\}, \{\#-L\#\})
  if
    \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}level\ M\ L = count\text{-}decided\ M \rangle and
```

```
\langle get\text{-}level\ M\ L=get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D' \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (D'-\{\#L\#\})\equiv i\rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}level\ M\ K=i+1 \rangle
     \langle D' \neq \{\#L\#\} \rangle and
     \langle D' \subseteq \# D \rangle and
     \langle clause '\# (N + U) + NE + UE \models pm D' \rangle and
     \langle L \in \# D' \rangle
     \langle L' \in \# D' \rangle and — L' is the new watched literal
     \langle qet\text{-}level\ M\ L'=i \rangle
inductive-cases cdcl-twl-oE: \langle cdcl-twl-oS T \rangle
```

```
inductive cdcl-twl-stgy :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle for S :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \rangle where
cp: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ S' \rangle
other': \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\ S\ S' \rangle
```

inductive-cases cdcl-twl-stgyE:  $\langle cdcl$ -twl- $stgy S T \rangle$ 

#### Definition of the Two-watched literals Invariants 1.1.2

#### **Definitions**

The structural invariants states that there are at most two watched elements, that the watched literals are distinct, and that there are 2 watched literals if there are at least than two different literals in the full clauses.

```
primrec struct-wf-twl-cls :: \langle v \ multiset \ twl-clause \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \longleftrightarrow
   size W = 2 \land distinct\text{-mset } (W + UW)
fun state_W-of :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow v \ cdcl_W-restart-mset\rangle where
\langle state_W \text{-}of (M, N, U, C, NE, UE, Q) =
  (M, clause '\# N + NE, clause '\# U + UE, C)
named-theorems twl-st \land Conversions \ simp \ rules \gt
lemma [twl-st]: \langle trail\ (state_W-of\ S') = get-trail\ S' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st]:
  \langle get\text{-trail } S' \neq [] \implies cdcl_W\text{-restart-mset.hd-trail } (state_W\text{-of } S') = hd \ (get\text{-trail } S') \rangle
lemma [twl-st]: \langle conflicting (state_W - of S') = get\text{-}conflict S' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

The invariant on the clauses is the following:

- the structure is correct (the watched part is of length exactly two).
- if we do not have to update the clause, then the invariant holds.

#### definition

```
twl-is-an-exception:: \langle 'a multiset twl-clause \Rightarrow 'a multiset \Rightarrow
     ('b \times 'a \ multiset \ twl-clause) \ multiset \Rightarrow bool)
where
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} \langle twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception} \ C \ Q \ WS \longleftrightarrow \\ (\exists \ L. \ L \in \# \ Q \land L \in \# \ watched \ C) \lor (\exists \ L. \ (L, \ C) \in \# \ WS) \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{definition} \ is\text{-}blit :: \langle ('a, \ 'b) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \Rightarrow bool \rangle \textbf{where} \\ [simp]: \langle is\text{-}blit \ M \ D \ L \longleftrightarrow (L \in \# \ D \land L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M) \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{definition} \ has\text{-}blit:: \langle ('a, \ 'b) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \Rightarrow bool \rangle \textbf{where} \\ \end{array}
```

 $\langle has\text{-blit } M \ D \ L' \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ L. \ is\text{-blit } M \ D \ L \land get\text{-level } M \ L \le get\text{-level } M \ L' \rangle \rangle$ 

This invariant state that watched literals are set at the end and are not swapped with an unwatched literal later.

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{fun} \ \ twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update :: \langle ('a, \ 'b) \ \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow \ 'a \ twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow \ bool \rangle \ \ \textbf{where} \\ \langle twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update \ M \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \longleftrightarrow \\ (\forall \ L. \ L \in \# \ W \longrightarrow -L \in \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \longrightarrow \neg has\text{-}blit \ M \ (W+UW) \ L \longrightarrow \\ (\forall \ K \in \# \ UW. \ \ get\text{-}level \ M \ L \geq \ get\text{-}level \ M \ K \ \land -K \in \ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M)) \rangle \end{array}
```

If one watched literals has been assigned to false  $(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)$  and the clause has not yet been updated  $(L' \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)$ : it should be removed either by updating L, propagating L', or marking the conflict), then the literals L is of maximal level.

```
fun watched-literals-false-of-max-level :: (('a, 'b) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a \ twl-cls \Rightarrow bool) where (watched-literals-false-of-max-level \ M \ (TWL-Clause \ W \ UW) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L. \ L \in \# \ W \longrightarrow -L \in lits-of-l \ M \longrightarrow \neg has-blit \ M \ (W+UW) \ L \longrightarrow get-level \ M \ L = count-decided \ M))
```

This invariants talks about the enqueued literals:

- the working stack contains a single literal;
- the working stack and the *literals-to-update* literals are false with respect to the trail and there are no duplicates;
- and the latter condition holds even when  $WS = \{\#\}$ .

```
fun no-duplicate-queued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where ⟨no-duplicate-queued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ (\forall C C'. C ∈# WS → C' ∈# WS → fst C = fst C') ∧ (\forall C. C ∈# WS → add-mset (fst C) Q ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset M) ∧ Q ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset M⟩ lemma no-duplicate-queued-alt-def: ⟨no-duplicate-queued S = ((\forall C C'. C ∈# clauses-to-update S → C' ∈# clauses-to-update S → fst C = fst C') ∧ (\forall C. C ∈# clauses-to-update S → add-mset (fst C) (literals-to-update S) ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset (get-trail S)) ∧ literals-to-update S ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset (get-trail S))⟩ ⟨proof⟩ fun distinct-queued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where ⟨distinct-queued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ distinct-mset Q ∧ (\forall L C. count WS (L, C) ≤ count (N + U) C)⟩
```

These are the conditions to indicate that the 2-WL invariant does not hold and is not *literals-to-update*.

```
(clauses-to-update-prop\ Q\ M\ (L,\ C)\longleftrightarrow \\ (L\in\#\ watched\ C\ \land -L\in lits-of-l\ M\ \land\ L\notin\#\ Q\ \land\ \neg has\text{-}blit\ M\ (clause\ C)\ L)\land \\ \mathbf{declare}\ clauses-to-update-prop.simps[simp\ del]
```

This invariants talks about the enqueued literals:

- all clauses that should be updated are in WS and are repeated often enough in it.
- if  $WS = \{\#\}$ , then there are no clauses to updated that is not enqueued;
- all clauses to updated are either in WS or Q.

  The first two conditions are written that way to please Isabelle.

```
fun clauses-to-update-inv :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where ⟨clauses-to-update-inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ (∀ L C. ((L, C) ∈# WS → {#(L, C)| C ∈# N + U. clauses-to-update-prop Q M (L, C)#} ⊆# WS)) ∧ (∀ L. WS = {#} → {#(L, C)| C ∈# N + U. clauses-to-update-prop Q M (L, C)#} = {#}) ∧ (∀ L C. C ∈# N + U → L ∈# watched C → -L ∈ lits-of-l M → ¬has-blit M (clause C) L → (L, C) \notin# WS → L ∈# Q)⟩ | ⟨clauses-to-update-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ True⟩
```

This is the invariant of the 2WL structure: if one watched literal is false, then all unwatched are false.

```
fun twl-exception-inv :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ 'v twl-cls ⇒ bool⟩ where ⟨twl-exception-inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) C ←→ (\forall L. L ∈# watched C → -L ∈ lits-of-l M → \neghas-blit M (clause C) L → L ∉# Q → (L, C) ∉# WS → (\forall K ∈# unwatched C. -K ∈ lits-of-l M))⟩ | ⟨twl-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) C ←→ True⟩
```

**declare** twl-exception-inv.simps[simp del]

```
fun twl-st-exception-inv :: ('v twl-st \Rightarrow bool) where (twl-st-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) <math>\longleftrightarrow (\forall C \in \# N + U. \ twl-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) C))
```

Candidats for propagation (i.e., the clause where only one literals is non assigned) are enqueued.

```
fun propa-cands-enqueued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where
⟨propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→
(∀L C. C ∈# N+U → L ∈# clause C → M |= as CNot (remove1-mset L (clause C)) → undefined-lit M L →
(∃L'. L' ∈# watched C ∧ L' ∈# Q) ∨ (∃L. (L, C) ∈# WS))⟩
| ⟨propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ True⟩
```

```
fun confl-cands-enqueued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where ⟨confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ (\forall C ∈# N + U. M \modelsas CNot (clause C) → (\exists L'. L' ∈# watched C \land L' ∈# Q) \lor (\exists L. (L, C) ∈# WS))⟩ | ⟨confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, Some -, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ True⟩
```

This invariant talk about the decomposition of the trail and the invariants that holds in these states.

```
fun past-invs :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle past-invs\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall M1\ M2\ K.\ M=M2\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ M1\longrightarrow (
      (\forall C \in \# N + U. twl-lazy-update M1 C \land
         watched-literals-false-of-max-level M1 C \land
         twl-exception-inv (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) C) \land
      confl-cands-enqueued (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \land
      propa-cands-enqueued (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \land
      clauses-to-update-inv (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
declare past-invs.simps[simp del]
fun twl-st-inv :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle twl\text{-st-inv} (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall C \in \# N + U. struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls C) \land
  (\forall C \in \# N + U. D = None \longrightarrow \neg twl\ is\ -an\ exception C Q WS \longrightarrow (twl\ -lazy\ -update M C)) \land
  (\forall C \in \# N + U. D = None \longrightarrow watched\text{-}literals\text{-}false\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level } M C)
lemma twl-st-inv-alt-def:
  \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall C \in \# get\text{-}clauses S. struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls C) \land
  (\forall C \in \# \text{ get-clauses } S. \text{ get-conflict } S = None \longrightarrow
     \neg twl-is-an-exception C (literals-to-update S) (clauses-to-update S) \longrightarrow
     (twl-lazy-update\ (get-trail\ S)\ C))\ \land
  (\forall C \in \# \text{ get-clauses } S. \text{ get-conflict } S = None \longrightarrow
     watched-literals-false-of-max-level (get-trail S) C)
  \langle proof \rangle
All the unit clauses are all propagated initially except when we have found a conflict of level \theta.
\mathbf{fun} \ \textit{entailed-clss-inv} :: \langle 'v \ \textit{twl-st} \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall C \in \# NE + UE.
      (\exists L.\ L \in \#\ C \land (D = None \lor count\text{-}decided\ M > 0 \longrightarrow qet\text{-}level\ M\ L = 0 \land L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)))
literals-to-update literals are of maximum level and their negation is in the trail.
fun valid-enqueued :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle valid\text{-}enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \longleftrightarrow
  qet-level M L = count-decided M) \land
  (\forall L \in \# Q. -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = count\text{-}decided\ M)
Putting invariants together:
definition twl-struct-invs :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S\longleftrightarrow
    (twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv\ S\ \land
    valid-engueued S \wedge
    cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state_W-of S) \wedge
    cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (state_W-of S) \wedge
    twl-st-exception-inv S \wedge
    no-duplicate-queued S \wedge
    distinct-queued S \wedge
    confl-cands-enqueued S \wedge
    propa-cands-enqueued S \wedge
    (get\text{-}conflict\ S \neq None \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\}) \land
    entailed-clss-inv S \wedge
    clauses-to-update-inv S \wedge
```

```
past-invs S)
definition twl-stgy-invs :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs\ S\longleftrightarrow
      cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (state_W-of S) \land
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.conflict-non-zero-unless-level-0 (state_W-of S)
Initial properties
lemma twl-is-an-exception-add-mset-to-queue: \langle twl-is-an-exception C (add-mset L Q) WS \longleftrightarrow
  (twl-is-an-exception\ C\ Q\ WS\ \lor\ (L\in\#\ watched\ C))
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\mbox{-}is\mbox{-}an\mbox{-}exception\mbox{-}add\mbox{-}mset\mbox{-}to\mbox{-}clauses\mbox{-}to\mbox{-}update:
  \langle twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception \ C \ Q \ (add\text{-}mset \ (L,\ D) \ WS) \longleftrightarrow (twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception \ C \ Q \ WS \lor C = D) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-is-an-exception-empty[simp]: \langle \neg twl-is-an-exception C \{\#\} \{\#\}\}
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}inv\text{-}empty\text{-}trail\text{:}
  shows
    \langle watched\text{-}literals\text{-}false\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level \mid \mid C \rangle and
    \langle twl-lazy-update [] C \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-to-update-inv-cases[case-names WS-nempty WS-empty Q]:
  assumes
     \langle \bigwedge L \ C. \ (L, \ C) \in \# \ WS \Longrightarrow \{\#(L, \ C) | \ C \in \# \ N + \ U. \ clauses-to-update-prop \ Q \ M \ (L, \ C)\#\} \subseteq \#
    \langle \bigwedge L. \ WS = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow \{\#(L, C) | \ C \in \# \ N + U. \ clauses-to-update-prop \ Q \ M \ (L, C)\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle and
    (L, C) \notin \# WS \Longrightarrow L \in \# Q
    \langle clauses-to-update-inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle \bigwedge C. \ C \in \# \ N + U \Longrightarrow struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle
     twl-st-inv-empty-trail: \langle twl-st-inv ([], N, U, C, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  shows
    no-duplicate-queued-no-queued: (no-duplicate-queued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})) and
    no-distinct-queued-no-queued: (distinct-queued ([], N, U, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ twl\mbox{-}st\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}add\mbox{-}mset\mbox{-}clauses\mbox{-}to\mbox{-}update:
  assumes \langle D \in \# N + U \rangle
  shows \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
  \longleftrightarrow twl-st-inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add-mset (L, D) WS, Q) \land A
    (\neg twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception \ D \ Q \ WS \longrightarrow twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update \ M \ D) \rangle
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```
lemma twl-st-simps:
\langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall C \in \# N + U. struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls C \land
    (D = None \longrightarrow (\neg twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception \ C \ Q \ WS \longrightarrow twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update \ M \ C) \ \land
    watched-literals-false-of-max-level M(C))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma propa-cands-enqueued-unit-clause:
  (propa-cands-enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ add-mset\ L\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\longleftrightarrow
    propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, C, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, WS, Q)
  (propa-cands-enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ NE,\ add-mset\ L\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\longleftrightarrow
    propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, C, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma past-invs-enqueud: \langle past-invs (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \longleftrightarrow
  past-invs\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\})
  \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ confl-cands-enqueued-unit-clause:
  (confl-cands-enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ add-mset\ L\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\longleftrightarrow
     confl-cands-enqueued~(M,~N,~U,~C,~\{\#\},~\{\#\},~WS,~Q))
  (\textit{confl-cands-enqueued}\ (\textit{M},\ \textit{N},\ \textit{U},\ \textit{C},\ \textit{NE},\ \textit{add-mset}\ \textit{L}\ \textit{UE},\ \textit{WS},\ \textit{Q}) \longleftrightarrow
     confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, C, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-inv-decomp:
  assumes
    lazy: \langle twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update\ M\ C \rangle and
    decomp: \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \rangle and
    n-d: \langle no-dup M \rangle
  shows
    \langle twl-lazy-update M1 C \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
declare twl-st-inv.simps[simp del]
lemma has-blit-Cons[simp]:
  assumes blit: \langle has\text{-blit } M \ C \ L \rangle and n\text{-d}: \langle no\text{-dup } (K \ \# \ M) \rangle
  shows \langle has\text{-}blit \ (K \# M) \ C \ L \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma is-blit-Cons:
  (is-blit\ (K\ \#\ M)\ C\ L\longleftrightarrow (L=lit-of\ K\ \land\ lit-of\ K\in \#\ C)\ \lor\ is-blit\ M\ C\ L)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-has-blit-propagate:
  \langle \neg has\text{-blit} (Propagated \ L \ D \ \# \ M) \ (W + UW) \ La \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (W + UW) La
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-has-blit-propagate':
  \neg has\text{-blit} (Propagated \ L\ D\ \#\ M) \ (clause\ C)\ La \Longrightarrow
    undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (clause C) La
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```
{f lemma} no-has-blit-decide:
  \langle \neg has\text{-}blit \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ M) \ (W + UW) \ La \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (W + UW) La
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-has-blit-decide':
  \langle \neg has\text{-}blit \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ M) \ (clause \ C) \ La \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (clause C) La
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl-lazy-update-Propagated:
  assumes
     W: \langle L \in \# W \rangle and n\text{-}d: \langle no\text{-}dup \ (Propagated \ L \ D \ \# M) \rangle and
     lazy: \langle twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update\ M\ (TWL\text{-}Clause\ W\ UW) \rangle
  shows
     \langle twl-lazy-update (Propagated L D \# M) (TWL-Clause W UW)\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma pair-in-image-Pair:
  \langle (La, C) \in Pair \ L \ `D \longleftrightarrow La = L \land C \in D \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ image\text{-}Pair\text{-}subset\text{-}mset:
  \langle Pair\ L\ '\#\ A\subseteq \#\ Pair\ L\ '\#\ B\longleftrightarrow A\subseteq \#\ B\rangle
lemma count-image-mset-Pair2:
  (count \{\#(L, x). L \in \#Mx\#\} (L, C) = (if x = C then count (Mx) L else 0))
lemma lit-of-inj-on-no-dup: (no-dup\ M \implies inj-on (\lambda x. - lit-of x)\ (set\ M))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv S \rangle and
     twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
     valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
     no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
     dist-q: \langle distinct-queued S \rangle and
     ws: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
  shows twl-cp-twl-st-exception-inv: \langle twl-st-exception-inv T 
angle and
     twl-cp-clauses-to-update: \langle clauses-to-update-inv T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-twl-inv:
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \mid S \rangle and
```

 $valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle$  and

```
inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      wq: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}duplicate\text{-}queued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle
  shows \langle no\text{-}duplicate\text{-}queued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{distinct-mset-Pair:} \ \langle \textit{distinct-mset} \ (\textit{Pair} \ \textit{L} \ '\# \ \textit{C}) \longleftrightarrow \textit{distinct-mset} \ \textit{C} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma distinct-image-mset-clause:
   \langle distinct\text{-}mset\ (clause\ '\#\ C) \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset\ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-distinct-queued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \mid S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      dist: \langle distinct\text{-}queued \ S \rangle
   shows \langle distinct\text{-}queued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-valid:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      dist: \langle distinct\text{-}queued \ S \rangle
   shows \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ twl\mbox{-}cp\mbox{-}propa\mbox{-}cands\mbox{-}enqueued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      cands: \langle propa\text{-}cands\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
      ws: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
   shows \langle propa\text{-}cands\text{-}enqueued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma twl-cp-confl-cands-enqueued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      excep: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv S \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      cands: \langle confl-cands-enqueued S \rangle and
      ws: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
   shows
      \langle confl\text{-}cands\text{-}enqueued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-past-invs:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
     valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
     twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
     no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
     past-invs: \langle past-invs S \rangle
   shows \langle past-invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
1.1.3
                Invariants and the Transition System
Conflict and propagate
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{literals-to-update-measure}\ ::\ \langle 'v\ \mathit{twl-st}\ \Rightarrow\ \mathit{nat}\ \mathit{list}\rangle\ \mathbf{where}
   \langle literals-to-update-measure \ S = [size \ (literals-to-update \ S), \ size \ (clauses-to-update \ S)] \rangle
{f lemma}\ twl\mbox{-}cp\mbox{-}propagate\mbox{-}or\mbox{-}conflict:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle
   shows
      \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.propagate \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \ \lor
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.conflict (state_W-of S) (state_W-of T) \lor
     (state_W - of \ S = state_W - of \ T \land (literals - to - update - measure \ T, literals - to - update - measure \ S) \in
          lexn less-than 2)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-cdcl_W-o:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T\rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
     valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} o \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of \text{ } S) \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of \text{ } T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-cdcl_W-stgy:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \Longrightarrow
   cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy (state_W-of S) (state_W-of T) \lor
   (state_W - of S = state_W - of T \land (literals - to - update - measure T, literals - to - update - measure S)
    \in lexn less-than 2)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-conflict:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \ T \neq None \longrightarrow
       clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update T = \{\#\} \lor
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-cp-entailed-clss-inv:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv \ T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-cp-init-clss:
   (cdcl-twl-cp\ S\ T \Longrightarrow twl-struct-invs\ S \Longrightarrow init-clss\ (state_W-of\ T) = init-clss\ (state_W-of\ S))
   \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}
   \langle \mathit{cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs}\ S \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs}\ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}no\text{-}false\text{-}clause\text{:}
  assumes \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-false-clause (state_W-of S)\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-twl-stgy-invs:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
The other rules
lemma
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows
     cdcl-twl-o-twl-st-inv: \langle twl-st-inv T \rangle and
     cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}past\text{-}invs: \langle past\text{-}invs \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl-twl-o \ S \ T \rangle
     cdcl-twl-o-valid: \langle valid-enqueued T \rangle and
     cdcl-twl-o-conflict-None-queue:
        \langle get\text{-}conflict \ T \neq None \Longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \land \ literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
        cdcl-twl-o-no-duplicate-queued: \langle no-duplicate-queued T \rangle and
        cdcl-twl-o-distinct-queued: \langle distinct-queued T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv:}
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows
     \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows
     cdcl-twl-o-confl-cands-enqueued: \langle confl-cands-enqueued T \rangle and
     cdcl-twl-o-propa-cands-enqueued: \langle propa-cands-enqueued T \rangle and
     twl-o-clauses-to-update: \langle clauses-to-update-inv T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-dup-append-decided-Cons-lev:
  assumes \langle no\text{-}dup \ (M2 @ Decided \ K \# M1) \rangle
  shows \langle count\text{-}decided \ M1 = get\text{-}level \ (M2 @ Decided \ K \# M1) \ K - 1 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-entailed-clss-inv:
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl-twl-o \ S \ T \rangle and
     unit: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows \langle entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
The Strategy
\mathbf{lemma} no-literals-to-update-no-cp:
     WS: \langle clauses-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \ Q: \langle literals-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
     \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.propagate\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S)\rangle and
     \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.conflict\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
When popping a literal from literals-to-update to the clauses-to-update, we do not do any tran-
sition in the abstract transition system. Therefore, we use rtranclp or a case distinction.
lemma cdcl-twl-stqy-cdcl_W-stqy2:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \ \lor
     (state_W - of \ S = state_W - of \ T \land (literals - to - update - measure \ T, \ literals - to - update - measure \ S)
     \in lexn less-than 2)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
{f lemma} cdcl-twl-o-twl-struct-invs:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy^{**} \ S \ T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy:
   \mathbf{assumes} \ \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ twl: \ \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-step-cdcl-twl-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp:
   assumes ns-cp: \langle no-step cdcl-twl-cp S \rangle and twl: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle
   shows \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\} \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma no-step-cdcl-twl-o-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o:
   assumes
      ns-o: \langle no-step cdcl-twl-o S \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
     p: \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle and
      w-q: \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle
   shows \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.cdcl_W\text{-}o\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{:}
   assumes ns: \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows (no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma full-cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy:
  assumes \langle full\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\ S\ T \rangle and twl:\ \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
  shows \langle full\ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy\ (state_W \text{-} of\ S)\ (state_W \text{-} of\ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition init-state-twl where
   (init\text{-state-twl }N \equiv ([], N, \{\#\}, None, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
lemma
  assumes
```

```
struct: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
         tauto: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ \neg tautology \ (clause \ C) \rangle
          twl-stgy-invs-init-state-twl: \langle twl-stgy-invs (init-state-twl N)\rangle and
         twl-struct-invs-init-state-twl: \langle twl-struct-invs (init-state-twl N \rangle \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ full-cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W\,-stgy-conclusive-from\mbox{-}init\text{-}state:
     fixes N :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}clss \rangle
     assumes
         full-cdcl-twl-stgy: \langle full\ cdcl-twl-stgy\ (init-state-twl\ N) T \rangle and
         struct: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
         no-tauto: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ \neg tautology \ (clause \ C) \rangle
     shows (conflicting (state<sub>W</sub>-of T) = Some \{\#\} \(\times\) unsatisfiable (set-mset (clause '\# N)) \(\times\)
            (conflicting\ (state_W\text{-}of\ T) = None \land trail\ (state_W\text{-}of\ T) \models asm\ clause\ `\#\ N \land T
            satisfiable (set\text{-}mset (clause '\# N)))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-twl-stgy-invs:
     \langle \mathit{cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs}\ S \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs}\ S \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs}\ T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
Well-foundedness lemma wf-cdcl_W-stgy-state_W-of:
     \langle wf | \{(T, S), cdcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - inv
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy (state_W-of S) (state_W-of T)}\rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-cp:
     \langle wf \mid \{(T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \mid S \land cdcl\text{-twl-cp} \mid S \mid T \} \rangle \text{ (is } \langle wf \mid ?TWL \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp	ext{-}wf	ext{-}cdcl	ext{-}twl	ext{-}cp:
     \langle wf \{ (T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \ S \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{++} \ S \ T \} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-stgy:
     \langle wf \mid \{(T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \mid S \land cdcl\text{-twl-stgy} \mid S \mid T \} \rangle \text{ (is } \langle wf \mid ?TWL \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma tranclp-wf-cdcl-twl-stgy:
     \langle wf \{ (T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \ S \land cdcl\text{-twl-stgy}^{++} \ S \ T \} \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl-twl-o-stgyD:}\ \langle \mathit{cdcl-twl-o^{**}}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy^{**}}\ S\ T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-cp-stqyD: \langle cdcl-twl-cp** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl-twl-stqy** S T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma tranclp-cdcl-twl-o-stqyD: \langle cdcl-twl-o^{++} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl-twl-stqy^{++} \ S \ T \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl-twl-cp-stgyD} \colon \langle \mathit{cdcl-twl-cp^{++}} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy^{++}} \ S \ T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-o:
```

```
\langle wf \{ (T, S::'v \ twl-st). \ twl-struct-invs \ S \land cdcl-twl-o \ S \ T \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}wf\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o:
  \langle wf \{ (T, S::'v \ twl-st). \ twl-struct-invs \ S \land cdcl-twl-o^{++} \ S \ T \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) propa-cands-enqueued-mono:
  \langle U' \subseteq \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subseteq \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       propa-cands-enqueued (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) confl-cands-enqueued-mono:
  \langle U' \subseteq \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subseteq \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       confl-cands-enqueued (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ (\mathbf{in} \ -) \textit{twl-st-exception-inv-mono} :
  \langle U' \subseteq \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subseteq \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      twl-st-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       twl-st-exception-inv (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) twl-st-inv-mono:
  \langle U' \subset \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subset \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      twl-st-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       twl-st-inv (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-twl-stgy-invs:
    \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \ S \ T \rangle and
    \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
    \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows \langle twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma after-fast-restart-replay:
  assumes
    inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    stgy-invs: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    smaller-propa: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    kept: \langle \forall L \ E. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ (drop \ (length \ M' - n) \ M') \longrightarrow E \in \# \ N + U' \rangle and
     U'-U: \langle U' \subseteq \# U \rangle
  shows
    \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy** ([], N, U', None) (drop (length M'-n) M', N, U', None)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} after-fast-restart-replay-no-stgy:
    inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    kept: \forall L \ E. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ (drop \ (length \ M'-n) \ M') \longrightarrow E \in \# \ N + U') \ and
     U'-U: \langle U' \subseteq \# U \rangle
  shows
```

```
\langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W^{**} ([], N, U', None) (drop (length M'-n) M', N, U', None)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}mono:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle
  shows \langle get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}mono\text{:}}
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ S \subseteq \# \ \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-all-learned-diff-learned:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o \ S \ T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \land
       get-init-learned-clss S \subseteq \# get-init-learned-clss T \land
       get-all-init-clss S = get-all-init-clss T
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-all-learned-diff-learned:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp|S|T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S = clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \wedge
       get-init-learned-clss S = get-init-learned-clss T \land get
       get-all-init-clss S = get-all-init-clss T
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma \ cdcl-twl-stgy-all-learned-diff-learned:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \land
       get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S\subseteq \#\ get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ T\land
       \textit{get-all-init-clss} \ S = \textit{get-all-init-clss} \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}diff\text{-}learned\text{:}
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \land
       \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ S \subseteq \# \ \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ T \ \land
       get-all-init-clss S = get-all-init-clss T
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-all-learned-diff-learned-size:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
     \langle size \ (get-all-learned-clss \ T) - size \ (get-all-learned-clss \ S) \geq
            size (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T) - size (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy3:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\ S\ T \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle and
     \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
```

```
\langle literals-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{:}
   assumes ST: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{++} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
     \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     \langle literals-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{++} \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of S) \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of T) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition final-twl-state where
   \langle final\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ S \longleftrightarrow
        no-step cdcl-twl-stgy S \vee (get\text{-conflict } S \neq None \wedge count\text{-decided } (get\text{-trail } S) = 0)
definition conclusive-TWL-run :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st nres\rangle where
   \langle conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run \ S = SPEC(\lambda T. \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy^{**} \ S \ T \land final\text{-}twl\text{-}state \ T) \rangle
lemma conflict-of-level-unsatisfiable:
  assumes
     struct: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ S \rangle and
     dec: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (trail \ S) = \theta \rangle and
     confl: \langle conflicting S \neq None \rangle and
     \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-learned-clauses-entailed-by-init S \rangle
  shows \langle unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)) \rangle
lemma conflict-of-level-unsatisfiable2:
  assumes
     struct: \langle cdcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle and
     dec: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (trail \ S) = \theta \rangle and
     confl: \langle conflicting S \neq None \rangle
  shows \langle unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S + learned-clss S)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Algorithm
     Watched\mbox{-}Literals\mbox{-}Transition\mbox{-}System
     WB-More-Refinement
begin
```

## 1.2 First Refinement: Deterministic Rule Application

#### 1.2.1 Unit Propagation Loops

```
definition set-conflicting :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \rangle where \langle set\text{-}conflicting = (\lambda C \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ (clause\ C),\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\}))\rangle
definition propagate-lit :: \langle 'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}st \rangle where \langle propagate\text{-}lit = (\lambda L'\ C\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).
```

```
(Propagated\ L'\ (clause\ C)\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q))
definition update\text{-}clauseS :: \langle v | titeral \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}st | nres \rangle where
        \langle update\text{-}clauseS = (\lambda L\ C\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).\ do\ \{
                               K \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda L. \ L \in \# \ unwatched \ C \land -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M);
                               if K \in lits-of-l M
                               then RETURN (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
                               else do {
                                     (N', U') \leftarrow SPEC (\lambda(N', U'). update-clauses (N, U) C L K (N', U'));
                                      RETURN (M, N', U', D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
                              }
       })>
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-cls \Rightarrow v | t
        'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \ nres \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
        \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body = (\lambda L\ C\ S.\ do\ \{
               do \{
                       bL' \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda K. \ K \in \# \ clause \ C);
                       if bL' \in lits-of-l (get-trail S)
                       then RETURN\ S
                       else do {
                              L' \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda K. \ K \in \# \ watched \ C - \{\#L\#\});
                               ASSERT (watched C = \{\#L, L'\#\});
                               if L' \in lits-of-l (get-trail S)
                               then RETURN S
                               else
                                      if \forall L \in \# unwatched C. -L \in lits-of-l (get-trail S)
                                      then
                                              if -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail \ S)
                                              then do \{RETURN \ (set\text{-conflicting } C \ S)\}
                                              else do \{RETURN \ (propagate-lit \ L' \ C \ S)\}
                                      else do {
                                              update-clauseS \ L \ C \ S
                             }
               }
    })
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st} \Rightarrow v \ twl\text{-st} \ nres \rangle where
        \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\ S_0 = do\ \{
               n \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda - :: nat. True);
           (S, \textit{-}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \lambda(S, \textit{n}). \textit{ twl-struct-invs } S \land \textit{twl-stgy-invs } S \land \textit{cdcl-twl-cp}^{**} S_0 S \land \text{cdcl-twl-cp}^{**} S_0 S \land 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (clauses-to-update S \neq \{\#\} \vee n
                       (\lambda(S, n). clauses-to-update S \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0)
                       (\lambda(S, n), do \{
                              b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b. (b \longrightarrow n > 0) \land (\neg b \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S \neq \{\#\}));
                               if \neg b then do {
                                      ASSERT(clauses-to-update\ S \neq \{\#\});
                                      (L, C) \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda C. \ C \in \# \ clauses\text{-to-update} \ S);
                                      let S' = set-clauses-to-update (clauses-to-update S - \{\#(L, C)\#\}) S;
                                       T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body } L \ C \ S';
                                      RETURN (T, if get-conflict T = None then n else 0)
                               } else do { /[[/h/k//b/r/a/h/c/h//d/l/l/a/u/s//u/s//b///b//s/k/hp//s/a/h/k//b/r/a/u/s/k///a/l/l/a/u/s//b///b///b//s/k/hp//s/a/h/k//b//b//s/k//
                                      RETURN(S, n-1)
                       })
```

```
(S_0, n);
             RETURN S
      }
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body:
       fixes S :: \langle v \ twl - st \rangle
       assumes
            \langle clauses-to-update S \neq \{\#\} \rangle and
            x\text{-}WS: \langle (L, C) \in \# \ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
            inv: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
             inv-s: \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and
             confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
       shows
                (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body L C)
                               (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (L,\ C)\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S))\ S)
                         \leq (SPEC \ (\lambda T'. \ twl-struct-invs \ T' \land twl-stgy-invs \ T' \land cdcl-twl-cp^{**} \ S \ T' \land
                                  (T', S) \in measure (size \circ clauses-to-update))) (is ?spec) and
            \langle nofail\ (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\ L\ C
                       (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (L,\ C)\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S))\ S)) \lor (is\ ?fail)
 \langle proof \rangle
declare unit-propagation-inner-loop-body(1)[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop:
      assumes \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and \langle twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and \langle qet\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
       shows (unit-propagation-inner-loop S \leq SPEC (\lambda S'. twl-struct-invs S' \wedge twl-stqy-invs S' \wedge twl-stqy-inv
              cdcl-twl-cp** S S' \land clauses-to-update S' = {\#})
declare unit-propagation-inner-loop[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st nres\rangle where
       \langle unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop } S_0 =
              \overrightarrow{WHILE_T} \lambda S. \ twl-struct-invs \ \overrightarrow{S} \ \wedge \ twl-stgy-invs \ S \ \wedge \ cdcl-twl-cp^{**} \ S_0 \ S \ \wedge \ clauses-to-update \ S = \{\#\}
                   (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update \ S \neq \{\#\})
                   (\lambda S. do \{
                         L \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda L. \ L \in \# \ literals-to-update \ S);
                         let S' = set-clauses-to-update \{\#(L, C) | C \in \# \text{ get-clauses } S. L \in \# \text{ watched } C\#\}
                                  (set-literals-to-update\ (literals-to-update\ S-\{\#L\#\})\ S);
                         ASSERT(cdcl-twl-cp\ S\ S');
                         unit-propagation-inner-loop S'
                   })
                   S_0
\rangle
abbreviation unit-propagation-outer-loop-spec where
       \textit{(unit-propagation-outer-loop-spec } S \ S' \equiv \textit{twl-struct-invs } S' \land \textit{cdcl-twl-cp}^{**} \ S \ S' \land S \ S' \land \textit{cdcl-twl-cp}^{**} \ S \ S' \land S \ S \ S' \land 
            literals-to-update S' = \{\#\} \land (\forall S'a. \neg cdcl-twl-cp S' S'a) \land twl-stgy-invs S' \land S'a
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop:
      assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and confl: \langle get-conflict S = None \rangle and
             \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs S \rangle
       shows \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\ S \leq SPEC\ (\lambda S'.\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S' \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**}\ S\ S' \land
            literals-to-update S' = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \lor v
```

**declare** unit-propagation-outer-loop[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]

#### 1.2.2 Other Rules

```
Decide
```

```
definition find-unassigned-lit :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | literal | option | nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit = (\lambda S.
       SPEC (\lambda L.
          (L \neq None \longrightarrow undefined-lit (get-trail S) (the L) \land
            atm\text{-}of\ (the\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S))\ \land
          (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L. undefined-lit (get-trail S) L \land
           atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S)))))
definition propagate-dec where
   \langle propagate-dec = (\lambda L \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q). \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q)
\{\#-L\#\}))
definition decide-or-skip :: \langle v \ twl-st \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times v \ twl-st) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle decide-or-skip \ S = do \ \{
      L \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit S;
      case L of
         None \Rightarrow RETURN (True, S)
      | Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, propagate-dec L S) |
  }
lemma decide-or-skip-spec:
  assumes \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and \langle literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and \langle get-conflict S = None \rangle
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle and twl\text{-}s: \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
  shows \forall decide-or-skip \ S \leq SPEC(\lambda(brk, \ T). \ cdcl-twl-o^{**} \ S \ T \ \land
         get\text{-}conflict \ T = None \ \land
         no-step cdcl-twl-o T \land (brk \longrightarrow no\text{-step cdcl-twl-stgy } T) \land twl\text{-struct-invs } T \land no\text{-step cdcl-twl-stgy}
         \textit{twl-stgy-invs} \ T \ \land \ \textit{clauses-to-update} \ T = \{\#\} \ \land
         (\neg brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update \ T \neq \{\#\}) \land
         (\neg no\text{-step } cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S \longrightarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{++}\ S\ T))
\langle proof \rangle
declare decide-or-skip-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
Skip and Resolve Loop
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-inv where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}inv S_0 =
     (\lambda(brk, S). \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{**} \ S_0 \ S \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S \land
       clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \land literals
            get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \ \land
            count-decided (get-trail S) \neq 0 \land
            get-trail S \neq [] \land
            get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq Some \ \{\#\} \ \land
            (brk \longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.skip\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S)\ \land
               no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.resolve\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S)))
```

**definition** tl- $state :: \langle 'v \ twl$ - $st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl$ - $st \rangle$  where

```
\langle tl\text{-state} = (\lambda(M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition update-confl-tl :: \langle v | clause | option \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \rangle where
     \langle update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl = (\lambda D (M, N, U, -, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition skip-and-resolve-loop :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow v \ twl-st nres \rangle where
     \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop \ S_0 =
         do \{
             (-, S) \leftarrow
                   WHILE_{T}skip-and-resolve-loop-inv S_{0}
                  (\lambda(uip, S). \neg uip \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail S)))
                  (\lambda(-, S).
                       do \{
                            ASSERT(get\text{-}trail\ S \neq []);
                           let D' = the (get\text{-}conflict S);
                           (L, C) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(L, C). Propagated L C = hd (get-trail S));
                            if -L \notin \# D' then
                                do \{RETURN (False, tl-state S)\}
                            else
                                 if get-maximum-level (get-trail S) (remove1-mset (-L) D') = count-decided (get-trail S)
                                     do \{RETURN \ (False, update-confl-tl \ (Some \ (cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve-cls \ L \ D' \ C)) \ S)\}
                                 else
                                     do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
                       }
                  (False, S_0);
              RETURN S
         }
lemma skip-and-resolve-loop-spec:
    assumes struct-S: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and stgy-S: \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and
         \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and \langle literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
         \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \rangle and count\text{-}dec: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail \ S) > 0 \rangle
    shows \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop \ S \le SPEC(\lambda T. \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{**} \ S \ T \ \land \ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T \ \land \ twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs \ T
Λ
              no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip (state_W-of T) \land
              no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve (state_W-of T) \land
              get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ T = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\ T = \{\#\} )
     \langle proof \rangle
declare skip-and-resolve-loop-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
Backtrack
definition extract-shorter-conflict :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st nres\rangle where
     \langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict = (\lambda(M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \rangle
         SPEC(\lambda S'. \exists D'. S' = (M, N, U, Some D', NE, UE, WS, Q) \land
                 D' \subseteq \# the D \land clause '\# (N + U) + NE + UE \models pm D' \land -lit of (hd M) \in \# D')
fun equality-except-conflict :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) (M', N', U', D', NE', UE', WS', Q') \longleftrightarrow
         M = M' \land N = N' \land U = U' \land NE = NE' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land UE = UE' \land UE' \land UE = UE' \land UE' \land UE' \land UE' = UE' \land UE' \land UE' \land UE' = UE' \land UE' \land UE' = UE' \land UE' \land UE' \rightarrow UE' \land UE'
```

```
\langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict \ S =
       D' \subseteq \# the (get-conflict S) \land clause '# (get-clauses S) + unit-clss S \models pm \ D' \land
             -lit-of (hd (get-trail S)) \in \# D')
    \langle proof \rangle
definition reduce-trail-bt :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st | nres \rangle where
    \langle reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}bt = (\lambda L \ (M, N, U, D', NE, UE, WS, Q). \ do \ \{ \}
               M1 \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda M1. \exists K M2. (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M) \land
                           get-level M K = get-maximum-level M (the D' - \{\#-L\#\}\} + 1);
               RETURN (M1, N, U, D', NE, UE, WS, Q)
    })>
definition propagate-bt :: \langle 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \rangle where
    \langle propagate-bt = (\lambda L \ L' \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q).
        (Propagated (-L) (the D) \# M, N, add-mset (TWL-Clause \{\#-L, L'\#\} (the D - \{\#-L, L'\#\}))
U, None,
           NE, UE, WS, \{\#L\#\})\rangle
definition propagate-unit-bt :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \rangle where
    \langle propagate-unit-bt = (\lambda L (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q).
       (Propagated (-L) (the D) \# M, N, U, None, NE, add-mset (the D) UE, WS, \{\#L\#\}))
{\bf definition}\ \textit{backtrack-inv}\ {\bf where}
    \langle backtrack-inv \ S \longleftrightarrow get-trail \ S \neq [] \land get-conflict \ S \neq Some \ \{\#\} \rangle
definition backtrack :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \ nres \rangle where
    \langle backtrack \ S =
        do \{
           ASSERT(backtrack-inv\ S);
           let L = lit\text{-}of (hd (get\text{-}trail S));
           S \leftarrow extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict S;
           S \leftarrow reduce-trail-bt L S;
           if size (the (get-conflict S)) > 1
           then do {
               L' \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda L', L' \in \# \text{ the (get-conflict } S) - \{\#-L\#\} \land L \neq -L' \land \}
                   qet-level (qet-trail S) L' = qet-maximum-level (qet-trail S) (the (qet-conflict S) – \{\#-L\#\}));
               RETURN (propagate-bt L L'S)
           else do {
                RETURN (propagate-unit-bt L S)
       }
lemma
    assumes confl: \langle qet\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \rangle \langle qet\text{-}conflict \ S \neq Some \ \{\#\} \rangle and
        w-q: \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and p: \langle literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
       ns-s: \langle no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip \ (state_W-of S) \rangle and
       ns-r: \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.resolve\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S) \rangle and
        twl-struct: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and twl-stgy: \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle
    shows
        backtrack\text{-}spec:
       \langle backtrack \ S \le SPEC \ (\lambda \ T. \ cdcl-twl-o \ S \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T \land get-conflict
```

```
twl-struct-invs T \wedge twl-stgy-invs T \wedge clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \wedge
       literals-to-update T \neq \{\#\}) (is ?spec) and
     backtrack-nofail:
       \langle nofail\ (backtrack\ S) \rangle\ (\textbf{is}\ ?fail)
\langle proof \rangle
declare backtrack-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
Full loop
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow (bool \times 'v \ twl-st) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog \ S =
     do \{
       if \ get\text{-}conflict \ S = None
       then decide-or-skip S
       else do {
          if count-decided (get-trail S) > 0
          then do {
            T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\ S;
            ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq Some\ \{\#\});
            U \leftarrow backtrack\ T;
            RETURN (False, U)
          }
          else
            RETURN (True, S)
     }
setup \langle map\text{-}theory\text{-}claset (fn \ ctxt => \ ctxt \ delSWrapper \ (split\text{-}all\text{-}tac)) \rangle
declare split-paired-All[simp del]
{\bf lemma}\ skip-and-resolve-same-decision-level:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle \ \langle get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \rangle
  shows \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail T) = count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail S) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma skip-and-resolve-conflict-before:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle\ \langle get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \rangle
  shows \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-skip-and-resolve-same-decision-level:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{**} \mid S \mid T \Longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \mid S \neq None \Longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \mid T \neq None \Longrightarrow
     count-decided (get-trail T) = count-decided (get-trail S)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma empty-conflict-lvl0:
  \langle twl\text{-stgy-invs } T \Longrightarrow get\text{-conflict } T = Some \ \{\#\} \Longrightarrow count\text{-decided } (get\text{-trail } T) = 0 \}
  \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}spec \ S \equiv \lambda(brk, \ T).
        cdcl-twl-o^{**} S T \wedge
        (\textit{get-conflict}\ T \neq \textit{None} \longrightarrow \textit{count-decided}\ (\textit{get-trail}\ T) = \theta) \ \land
```

```
(\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\ T = None \land (\forall S'. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ T\ S')) \land
         (brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \ T \neq None \lor (\forall S'. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ T \ S')) \land
         twl-struct-invs T \wedge twl-stgy-invs T \wedge clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \wedge
         (\neg brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update T \neq \{\#\}) \land
         (\neg brk \longrightarrow \neg (\forall S'. \neg cdcl-twl-o S S') \longrightarrow cdcl-twl-o^{++} S T)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}spec\text{:}
  assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     ns-cp: \langle no-step\ cdcl-twl-cp\ S \rangle
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog \ S \le SPEC(cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}spec \ S) \rangle
     (\mathbf{is} \ \langle - \leq ?S \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
declare cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
1.2.3
              Full Strategy
abbreviation cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}inv\ S_0 \equiv \lambda(brk,\ T).\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ T \land
          (brk \longrightarrow final-twl-state\ T) \land cdcl-twl-stgy^{**}\ S_0\ T \land clauses-to-update\ T = \{\#\} \land final-twl-state\ T
          (\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \ T = None)
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog :: ('v twl-st <math>\Rightarrow 'v twl-st nres) where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog S_0 =
   do \{
     do \{
        (\textit{brk}, \ T) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv} \ S_0
          (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
          (\lambda(brk, S).
          do \{
             T \leftarrow \textit{unit-propagation-outer-loop } S;
             cdcl-twl-o-prog <math>T
          (False, S_0);
        RETURN T
     }
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-measure:
    \langle wf (\{((brkT, T), (brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \}
          \cup \{((brkT, T), (brkS, S)). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\}) \rangle
   (is \langle wf (?TWL \cup ?BOOL) \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-final-twl-state:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}inv \ S \ (brk, \ T) \rangle and
     \langle case\ (brk,\ T)\ of\ (brk,\ -) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk \rangle and
     twl-o: \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec\ U\ (True,\ V) \rangle
  shows \langle final\text{-}twl\text{-}state \ V \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

**lemma** cdcl-twl-stgy-in-measure:

```
assumes
      twl-stgy: \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv S (<math>brk\theta, T)\rangle and
      brk\theta: \langle case\ (brk\theta,\ T)\ of\ (brk,\ uu-) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk\rangle and
      twl-o: \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec U V \rangle and
      [simp]: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ U \rangle and
      TU: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**} \mid T \mid U \rangle and
      \langle literals-to-update\ U = \{\#\} \rangle
   shows \langle (V, brk\theta, T) \rangle
             \in \{((brkT, T), brkS, S). twl-struct-invs S \land cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup
                   \{((brkT, T), brkS, S). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma \ cdcl-twl-o-prog-cdcl-twl-stgy:
   assumes
      twl-stqy: \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-prog-inv S (<math>brk, S')\rangle and
      \langle case\ (brk,\ S')\ of\ (brk,\ uu-) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk \rangle and
      twl-o: \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec\ T\ (brk',\ U) \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T \rangle and
      cp: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**} \ S' \ T \rangle and
      \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      \langle \forall S'. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ T \ S' \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs T \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} S U \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma \ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-spec:
   assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
      \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
   shows
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog \ S \leq conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st \ nres \rangle where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break S_0 =
   do \{
      b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
      (b, \textit{brk}, \textit{T}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{\textit{T}} \lambda(b, \textit{S}). \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv} \; \textit{S}_0 \; \textit{S}
            (\lambda(b, brk, -), b \wedge \neg brk)
            (\lambda(\operatorname{-},\ brk,\ S).\ do\ \{
                T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\ S;
                T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog T;
               b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
               RETURN(b, T)
            })
            (b, False, S_0);
      if brk then RETURN T
      else — finish iteration is required only
         cdcl-twl-stgy-prog T
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-measure-break:
   \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\})
               \{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\}
```

```
(is \langle ?wf ?R \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma \ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-spec:
  assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stqy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
  shows
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break \ S \leq conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-List
  imports Watched-Literals-Algorithm CDCL.DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
lemma mset-take-mset-drop-mset: \langle (\lambda x. mset (take 2 x) + mset (drop 2 x)) = mset \rangle
lemma mset-take-mset-drop-mset': (mset (take 2 x) + mset (drop 2 x) = mset x)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uminus-lit-of-image-mset:
  \langle \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ A\#\} = \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ B\#\} \longleftrightarrow
      \{\#lit\text{-}of\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ A\#\} = \{\#lit\text{-}of\ x.\ x\in\#\ B\#\} \}
  for A :: \langle ('a \ literal, 'a \ literal, 'b) \ annotated-lit \ multiset \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
            Second Refinement: Lists as Clause
1.3
1.3.1
             Types
type-synonym 'v clauses-to-update-l = \langle nat \ multiset \rangle
type-synonym 'v clause-l = \langle v | literal | list \rangle
type-synonym 'v clauses-l = \langle (nat, (v \ clause-l \times bool)) \ fmap \rangle
type-synonym 'v conflict = \langle v | clause | option \rangle
\mathbf{type\text{-}synonym} \ 'v \ conflict\text{-}l = \langle 'v \ literal \ list \ option \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-st-l =
  \langle ('v, nat) \ ann	ext{-lits} \times 'v \ clauses	ext{-l} \times
     'v\ cconflict \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ clauses-to-update-l \times 'v\ lit-queue
fun clauses-to-update-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses-to-update-l \rangle where
  \langle clauses-to-update-l (-, -, -, -, WS, -) = WS
fun qet-trail-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow ('v, nat) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-trail-}l\ (M, -, -, -, -, -, -) = M \rangle
fun set-clauses-to-update-l:: (v \ clauses-to-update-l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l) where
  \langle set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ WS \ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \text{-},\ Q) = (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \rangle
fun literals-to-update-l:: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause \rangle where
  \langle literals-to-update-l (-, -, -, -, -, Q) = Q \rangle
\mathbf{fun} \ \mathit{set-literals-to-update-l} :: \langle 'v \ \mathit{clause} \ \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-l} \ \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-l} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ Q\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ -) = (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \rangle
```

```
fun get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ cconflict\rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ (-, -, D, -, -, -, -) = D \rangle
fun get-clauses-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow \ 'v \ clauses-l \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N \rangle
fun get-unit-clauses-l :: ('v twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow 'v clauses) where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE+UE \rangle
fun qet-unit-init-clauses-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
\langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE \rangle
fun get-unit-learned-clauses-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
\langle qet\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=UE \rangle
fun qet-init-clauses :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow v \ twl-clss\rangle where
  \langle qet\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N \rangle
fun get-unit-init-clauses :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow v | clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE \rangle
fun get-unit-learned-clss :: \langle v twl-st-l \Rightarrow v clauses \Rightarrow where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=UE \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} state\text{-}decomp\text{-}to\text{-}state:
  (case\ S\ of\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\Rightarrow P\ M\ N\ U\ D\ NE\ UE\ WS\ Q)=
      P (get\text{-}trail \ S) (get\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ S) (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S) (get\text{-}conflict \ S)
          (unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ S)\ (get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S)
          (clauses-to-update S)
          (literals-to-update S)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ state\text{-}decomp\text{-}to\text{-}state\text{-}l\text{:}
  (case\ S\ of\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \Rightarrow P\ M\ N\ D\ NE\ UE\ WS\ Q) =
      P (qet-trail-l S) (qet-clauses-l S) (qet-conflict-l S)
          (get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S)\ (get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S)
          (clauses-to-update-l S)
          (literals-to-update-l S)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-conflict' :: \langle v | clause | option \Rightarrow v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st \rangle where
  \langle set\text{-}conflict' = (\lambda C \ (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (M, N, U, C, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
abbreviation watched-l :: \langle 'a \ clause-l \Rightarrow 'a \ clause-l \rangle where
  \langle watched-l \ l \equiv take \ 2 \ l \rangle
abbreviation unwatched-l :: \langle 'a \ clause-l \Rightarrow 'a \ clause-l \rangle where
  \langle unwatched-l \ l \equiv drop \ 2 \ l \rangle
fun twl-clause-of :: ('a clause-l \Rightarrow 'a clause twl-clause) where
  \langle twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ l=TWL\text{-}Clause\ (mset\ (watched\text{-}l\ l))\ (mset\ (unwatched\text{-}l\ l))\rangle
fun clause-of :: \langle 'a :: plus \ twl-clause \Rightarrow 'a \rangle where
  \langle clause-of\ (TWL-Clause\ W\ UW)=W+UW \rangle
```

```
abbreviation clause-in :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause-l \rangle \ (infix \propto 101) where
  \langle N \propto i \equiv fst \ (the \ (fmlookup \ N \ i)) \rangle
abbreviation clause-upd :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v \ clause-l \Rightarrow v \ clauses-l \rangle where
  \langle clause\_upd\ N\ i\ C \equiv fmupd\ i\ (C,\ snd\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ i)))\ N \rangle
Taken from fun-upd.
nonterminal updclsss and updclss
syntax
  -updclss :: 'a \ clauses - l \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow updclss
                                                                            ((2-\hookrightarrow/-))
             :: updbind \Rightarrow updbinds
                                                   (-)
  -updclsss:: updclss \Rightarrow updclsss \Rightarrow updclsss (-,/-)
  -Updateclss :: 'a \Rightarrow updclss \Rightarrow 'a
                                                                     (-/'((-)') [1000, 0] 900)
translations
  -Updateclss\ f\ (-updclsss\ b\ bs) \Longrightarrow -Updateclss\ (-Updateclss\ f\ b)\ bs
  f(x \hookrightarrow y) \rightleftharpoons CONST \ clause-upd \ f \ x \ y
inductive convert-lit
  :: (v \ clauses - l \Rightarrow v \ clauses \Rightarrow (v, nat) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow (v, v \ clause) \ ann-lit \Rightarrow book
where
  \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ (Decided \ K) \ (Decided \ K) \rangle
  \langle convert\text{-lit } N \ E \ (Propagated \ K \ C) \ (Propagated \ K \ C') \rangle
    if \langle C' = mset \ (N \propto C) \rangle and \langle C \neq \theta \rangle
  \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ (Propagated \ K \ C) \ (Propagated \ K \ C') \rangle
    if \langle C = \theta \rangle and \langle C' \in \# E \rangle
definition convert-lits-l where
  \langle convert\text{-lits-l } N E = \langle p2rel \ (convert\text{-lit } N E) \rangle \ list\text{-rel} \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-nil[simp]:
  \langle ([], a) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \longleftrightarrow a = [] \rangle
  \langle (b, []) \in \mathit{convert-lits-l} \ N \ E \longleftrightarrow b = [] \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-cons[simp]:
  \langle (L \# M, L' \# M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \longleftrightarrow
      convert-lit N \ E \ L \ L' \land (M, M') \in convert-lits-l N \ E \land C
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ take\text{-}convert\text{-}lits\text{-}lD:
  \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \Longrightarrow
      (take \ n \ M, \ take \ n \ M') \in convert-lits-l \ N \ E)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-consE:
  (Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M,\ x)\in convert\text{-lits-l}\ N\ E\Longrightarrow
     (\bigwedge L' \ C' \ M'. \ x = Propagated \ L' \ C' \# \ M' \Longrightarrow (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N \ E \Longrightarrow
         convert-lit N E (Propagated L C) (Propagated L' C') \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-append[simp]:
```

 $\langle length \ M1 = length \ M1' \Longrightarrow$ 

```
(M1 @ M2, M1' @ M2') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \longleftrightarrow (M1, M1') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \land
              (M2, M2') \in convert\text{-lits-l } NE
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-map-lit-of: (ay, bq) \in convert-lits-l N e \Longrightarrow map \ lit-of ay = map \ lit-of bq)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert	ext{-}lits	ext{-}l	ext{-}tlD:
   \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \Longrightarrow
      (tl\ M,\ tl\ M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N\ E)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma get-clauses-l-set-clauses-to-update-l[simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ WC\ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma get-trail-l-set-clauses-to-update-l[simp]:
   \langle qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ WC \ S) = qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma get-trail-set-clauses-to-update[simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ WC\ S) = get\text{-}trail\ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation resolve-cls-l where
   \langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l \ L \ D' \ E \equiv union\text{-}mset\text{-}list \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D') \ (remove1 \ L \ E) \rangle
lemma mset-resolve-cls-l-resolve-cls[iff]:
   (mset \ (resolve-cls-l \ L \ D' \ E) = cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve-cls L \ (mset \ D') \ (mset \ E)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma resolve-cls-l-nil-iff:
   \langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l \ L \ D' \ E = [] \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.resolve\text{-}cls \ L \ (mset \ D') \ (mset \ E) = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-of-convert-lit[simp]:
   \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ L \ L' \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of \ L' = lit\text{-}of \ L \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-decided-convert-lit[simp]:
  \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ L \ L' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}decided \ L' \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}decided \ L \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma defined-lit-convert-lits-l[simp]: \langle (M, M') \in convert-lits-l \mid N \mid E \implies
   defined-lit M' = defined-lit M
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-dup-convert-lits-l[simp]: (M, M') \in convert-lits-l N E \Longrightarrow
  no\text{-}dup\ M' \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup\ M\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
     count-decided-convert-lits-l[simp]:
```

```
\langle count\text{-}decided\ M'=\ count\text{-}decided\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
     get-level-convert-lits-l[simp]:
        \langle get\text{-}level\ M'=\ get\text{-}level\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
     get-maximum-level-convert-lits-l[simp]:
        \langle qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M'=qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-of-l-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
        \langle lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M'=\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-proped-hd-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \rangle and \langle M \neq [] \rangle
  shows (is-proped (hd M') \longleftrightarrow is-proped (hd M))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-decided-hd-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \rangle and \langle M \neq [] \rangle
  shows
     \langle is\text{-}decided \ (hd\ M') \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}decided \ (hd\ M) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-of-hd-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle and \langle M \neq [] \rangle
     \langle lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ M') = lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ M) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-of-l-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
        \langle lit\text{-}of \text{ '} set M' = lit\text{-}of \text{ '} set M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
The order of the assumption is important for simpler use.
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\text{-}extend\text{-}mono:
  assumes \langle (a,b) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
       \forall L \ i. \ Propagated \ L \ i \in set \ a \longrightarrow mset \ (N \propto i) = mset \ (N' \propto i) \land  and \langle E \subseteq \# E' \rangle
  shows
      \langle (a,b) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N'\ E' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\text{-}nil\text{-}iff[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
```

```
shows
       \langle M' = [] \longleftrightarrow M = [] \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-atm-lits-of-l:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows \langle atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M' \rangle = atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-true-clss-clss[simp]:
  \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \Longrightarrow M' \models as C \longleftrightarrow M \models as C \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lit-propagated-decided[iff]:
  \langle convert\text{-lit } b \ d \ (Propagated \ x21 \ x22) \ (Decided \ x1) \longleftrightarrow False \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lit-decided[iff]:
  \langle convert\text{-}lit\ b\ d\ (Decided\ x1)\ (Decided\ x2) \longleftrightarrow x1 = x2 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lit-decided-propagated[iff]:
  (convert\text{-}lit\ b\ d\ (Decided\ x1)\ (Propagated\ x21\ x22)\longleftrightarrow False)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-lit-of-mset[simp]:
  ((a, af) \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \Longrightarrow lit\text{-of '} \# mset \ af = lit\text{-of '} \# mset \ a)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-imp-same-length:
  \langle (a, b) \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \Longrightarrow length \ a = length \ b \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\text{-}decomp\text{-}ex:
  assumes
     H: \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ a,\ M2) \in set\ (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ x) \rangle and
     xxa: \langle (x, xa) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ aa \ ac \rangle
  shows (\exists M2. (Decided K \# drop (length xa - length a) xa, M2)
                  \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition xa) \land (is ?decomp) and
          \langle (a, drop (length xa - length a) xa \rangle \in convert\text{-lits-l } aa \ ac \rangle \ (is ?a)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma in-convert-lits-lD:
  \langle K \in set \ TM \Longrightarrow
     (M, TM) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ NE \Longrightarrow
       \exists K'. K' \in set M \land convert\text{-lit } N NE K' K
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-convert-lits-lD2:
  \langle K \in set \ M \Longrightarrow
     (M, TM) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ NE \Longrightarrow
       \exists K'. K' \in set \ TM \land convert\text{-lit} \ NE \ K \ K'
  \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma convert-lits-l-filter-decided:  $\langle (S, S') \in convert-lits-l \ M \ N \Longrightarrow$ 

```
map\ lit-of\ (filter\ is-decided\ S')=map\ lit-of\ (filter\ is-decided\ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-lI:
   dength \ M = length \ M' \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge i. \ i < length \ M \Longrightarrow convert-lit \ NE \ (M!i) \ (M'!i)) \Longrightarrow
       (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N NE
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation ran-mf :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow v \ clause-l \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle ran\text{-}mf \ N \equiv fst \ '\# \ ran\text{-}m \ N \rangle
abbreviation learned-clss-l:: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ clause-l \times bool) \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \equiv \{ \# C \in \# \ ran\text{-}m \ N. \ \neg snd \ C \# \} \rangle
abbreviation learned-clss-lf :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause-l \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N \equiv fst \ \'et \ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
definition get-learned-clss-l where
   \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ S = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S) \rangle
abbreviation init-clss-l :: (v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ clause-l \times bool) \ multiset) where
   \langle init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \equiv \{ \# C \in \# \ ran\text{-}m \ N. \ snd \ C \# \} \rangle
abbreviation init-clss-lf :: \langle v | clauses-l \Rightarrow \langle v | clause-l | multiset \rangle where
   \langle init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N \equiv fst \ '\# \ init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
abbreviation all-clss-l :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (\langle v \ clause-l \times bool \rangle \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \equiv init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N + learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
lemma all-clss-l-ran-m[simp]:
  \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ N=ran\text{-}m\ N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation all-clss-lf :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause-l \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \equiv init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N + learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \rangle
lemma all-clss-lf-ran-m: \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N=fst\ '\#\ ran\text{-}m\ N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation irred :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle irred\ N\ C \equiv snd\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ C)) \rangle
definition irred' where \langle irred' = irred \rangle
lemma ran-m-ran: \langle fset-mset (ran-m N) = fmran N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
fun qet-learned-clauses-l:: ('v twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow 'v clause-l multiset) where
   \langle qet\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \rangle
lemma ran-m-clause-upd:
  assumes
     NC: \langle C \in \# dom - m N \rangle
  shows \langle ran-m \ (N(C \hookrightarrow C')) =
            add-mset (C', irred N C) (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (ran-m N))
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma ran-m-mapsto-upd:
     assumes
          NC: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle
    shows \langle ran\text{-}m \text{ } (fmupd \text{ } C \text{ } C' \text{ } N) =
                       add-mset C' (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (ran-m N))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin:
     assumes
          NC: \langle C \notin \# dom - m N \rangle
    shows \langle ran\text{-}m \ (fmupd \ C \ C' \ N) = add\text{-}mset \ C' \ (ran\text{-}m \ N) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-update[simp]:
     (bh \in \# dom\text{-}m \ ax \Longrightarrow size \ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (ax(bh \hookrightarrow C))) = size \ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ ax))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma Ball-ran-m-dom:
     \langle (\forall x \in \# \mathit{ran-m} \ N. \ P \ (\mathit{fst} \ x)) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \# \mathit{dom-m} \ N. \ P \ (N \propto x)) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma Ball-ran-m-dom-struct-wf:
     \langle (\forall x \in \#ran\text{-}m \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of \ (fst \ x))) \longleftrightarrow
            (\forall x \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of \ (N \propto x)))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-lf-fmdrop[simp]:
     \forall irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom-m\ N \Longrightarrow init-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \propto C)\ (init-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \propto C)\ (init-clss-lf\ N \propto C)
N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-lf-fmdrop-irrelev[simp]:
     \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-lf-lf-fmdrop[simp]:
   \langle \neg irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom-m\ N \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (N \propto C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (n \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (n \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (n \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (n \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (n \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (n \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (n \sim C)\ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (mdrop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (morop\ C\ N) = remove1\text{-}mset\ (mor
N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-l-fmdrop: \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow
     learned-clss-l (fmdrop C N) = remove1-mset (the (fmlookup N C)) (learned-clss-l N)
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{learned-clss-lf-lf-fmdrop-irrelev}[\mathit{simp}]:
     \langle irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-mf-lf-fmdrop[simp]:
     \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}mf \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = remove1\text{-}mset \ (N \propto C) \ (ran\text{-}mf \ N) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-mf-lf-fmdrop-notin[simp]:
     \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}mf \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = ran\text{-}mf \ N \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma lookup-None-notin-dom-m[simp]:
  \langle fmlookup \ N \ i = None \longleftrightarrow i \notin \# \ dom-m \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
While it is tempting to mark the two following theorems as [simp], this would break more
simplifications since ran-mf is only an abbreviation for ran-m.
lemma ran-m-fmdrop:
  (C \in \# dom - m \ N \Longrightarrow ran - m \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = remove 1 - mset \ (N \propto C, irred \ N \ C) \ (ran - m \ N))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-m-fmdrop-notin:
  \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}m \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = ran\text{-}m \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-fmdrop-irrelev:
  \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-fmdrop:
  \langle irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom-m\ N \Longrightarrow init-clss-l\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ C))
(init-clss-l\ N)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition twl-st-l :: \langle - \Rightarrow ('v \ twl-st-l \times 'v \ twl-st) set \rangle where
\langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ L =
  \{((M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q), (M', N', U', C', NE', UE', WS', Q')\}.
       (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N (NE+UE) \land
       N' = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\# init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf N \land
       U' = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\# learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf N \wedge
       C' = C \wedge
       NE' = NE \wedge
       UE' = UE \wedge
       WS' = (case\ L\ of\ None \Rightarrow \{\#\}\ |\ Some\ L \Rightarrow image-mset\ (\lambda j.\ (L,\ twl-clause-of\ (N\propto j)))\ WS) \land
       Q' = Q
  }>
lemma clss-state_W-of[twl-st]:
  assumes \langle (S, R) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l L \rangle
  shows
  (init-clss\ (state_W - of\ R) = mset\ '\#\ (init-clss-lf\ (get-clauses-l\ S)) +
      get-unit-init-clauses-l S > get
  (learned-clss\ (state_W-of\ R) = mset\ '\#\ (learned-clss-lf\ (get-clauses-l\ S)) +
      get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S >
 \langle proof \rangle
named-theorems twl-st-l (Conversions simp rules)
lemma [twl-st-l]:
  assumes \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l L \rangle
  shows
    \langle (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S,\ get\text{-}trail\ T) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S) \ (get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S) \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}clauses \ T = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\# fst '\# ran\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S) \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\ T=get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S \rangle and
    \langle L = None \Longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
    \langle L \neq None \implies clauses-to-update T =
```

```
(\lambda j. (the L, twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto j))) '# clauses-to-update-l S and
     \langle literals-to-update T = literals-to-update-l S \rangle
     \langle backtrack-lvl \ (state_W-of \ T) = count-decided \ (get-trail-l \ S) \rangle
     \langle unit\text{-}clss \ T = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \rangle
     \langle cdcl_W - restart - mset.clauses \ (state_W - of \ T) =
           mset ' \# ran\text{-}mf (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) + get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) and
     \langle no\text{-}dup \ (get\text{-}trail \ T) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \rangle and
     \langle lits-of-l \ (get-trail \ T) = lits-of-l \ (get-trail-l \ S) \rangle and
     \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail \ T) = count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}trail \ T = [] \longleftrightarrow get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S = [] \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \neq [] \longleftrightarrow get\text{-trail-}l \ S \neq [] \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \neq [] \Longrightarrow is\text{-proped } (hd \ (get\text{-trail} \ T)) \longleftrightarrow is\text{-proped } (hd \ (get\text{-trail-}l \ S)) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \neq [] \Longrightarrow is\text{-decided (hd (get\text{-trail} \ T))} \longleftrightarrow is\text{-decided (hd (get\text{-trail} \ S))} \rangle
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \neq [] \Longrightarrow lit\text{-of } (hd \ (get\text{-trail} \ T)) = lit\text{-of } (hd \ (get\text{-trail-}l \ S)) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\ T) = get\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\ T) = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \models as \ D \longleftrightarrow get\text{-trail-}l \ S \models as \ D \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) [twl-st-l]:
 \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ b \implies get\text{-all-init-clss} \ T = mset \text{ '# init-clss-lf (get-clauses-l S)} + get\text{-unit-init-clauses}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
  assumes \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l} L \rangle
  shows \langle lit\text{-}of \text{ '} set \text{ } (get\text{-}trail \text{ } T) = lit\text{-}of \text{ '} set \text{ } (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \text{ } S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ D\ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S \rangle
fun remove-one-lit-from-wq :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-st-}l \rangle where
   \langle remove-one-lit-from-wq\ L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=(M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ remove-1-mset\ L\ WS,\ Q)
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle qet-conflict-l (set-clauses-to-update-l W S) = qet-conflict-l S)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \quad [\mathit{twl-st-l}] : \langle \mathit{get-conflict-l} \; (\mathit{remove-one-lit-from-wq} \; L \; S) = \mathit{get-conflict-l} \; S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle literals-to-update-l (set-clauses-to-update-l Cs S) = literals-to-update-l S)
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle get-unit-clauses-l (set-clauses-to-update-l Cs S) = get-unit-clauses-l S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle get-unit-clauses-l \ (remove-one-lit-from-wq\ L\ S) = get-unit-clauses-l\ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-state-to-l[twl-st-l]: \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} L \Longrightarrow
   init-clss\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S') = mset\ '\#\ init-clss-lf\ (get-clauses-l\ S) + get-unit-init-clauses-l\ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ Cs\ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq \ L \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq \ L \ S) = qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq \ L \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ Cs \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq\ L\ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-to-update-l-remove-one-lit-from-wq[simp]:
   \langle literals-to-update-l (remove-one-lit-from-wq L(T) = literals-to-update-l T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-to-update-l-remove-one-lit-from-wq[simp]:
   \langle clauses-to-update-l (remove-one-lit-from-wq L T) = remove1-mset L (clauses-to-update-l T)
   \langle proof \rangle
declare twl-st-l[simp]
\mathbf{lemma} \ unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l[twl\text{-}st\text{-}l]};
   \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ L \Longrightarrow unit\text{-init-clauses} \ T = get\text{-unit-init-clauses-l} \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-state-to-l[twl-st-l]: <math>\langle (S, S') \in twl-st-l \implies
   cdcl_W-restart-mset.clauses (state_W-of S') = mset '# ran-mf (qet-clauses-l S) +
       get-unit-init-clauses-l S + get-unit-learned-clauses-l S > get
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma\ clauses-to-update-l-set-clauses-to-update-l[twl-st-l]:
   \langle clauses-to-update-l (set-clauses-to-update-l WS S) = WS\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ hd-get-trail-twl-st-of-get-trail-l:
   \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ L \Longrightarrow get\text{-trail-l} \ S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
     lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ (get\text{-}trail\ T)) = lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}hd:
   \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ b \Longrightarrow
         \textit{get-trail-l} \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
         is-proped (hd (get-trail-l x)) \Longrightarrow
         mark-of (hd (get-trail-l x)) > 0 \Longrightarrow
         mark-of (hd (get-trail y)) = mset (get-clauses-l x \propto mark-of (hd (get-trail-l x)))
   \langle proof \rangle
```

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\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}tl:
      \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ b \Longrightarrow
                     lits-of-l (tl (get-trail y)) = (lits-of-l (tl (get-trail-l x)))\rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}is\text{-}decided:
      \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ b \Longrightarrow
                     get-trail-l \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
                      is-decided (hd (get-trail y)) = is-decided (hd (get-trail-l x))
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-st-l-mark-of-is-proped:
      \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ b \Longrightarrow
                     qet-trail-l \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
                     is-proped (hd (get-trail y)) = is-proped (hd (get-trail-l x))
      \langle proof \rangle
fun equality-except-trail :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\textit{(equality-except-trail\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q')}\longleftrightarrow
            N = N' \wedge D = D' \wedge NE = NE' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge UE' + UE
\mathbf{fun}\ equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}l:: ('v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\Rightarrow bool)}\ \mathbf{where}
\langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q') \longleftrightarrow
            {f lemma} equality-except-conflict-l-rewrite:
      assumes \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S \ T \rangle
     shows
            \langle qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S=qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ T\rangle and
            \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S=get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma equality-except-conflict-l-alt-def:
   \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S\ T\longleftrightarrow
         get-trail-l S = get-trail-l T \land get-clauses-l S = get-clauses-l T \land get-clauses-l S = ge
                  qet-unit-init-clauses-l S = qet-unit-init-clauses-l T \land qet
                  get-unit-learned-clauses-l S = get-unit-learned-clauses-l T \land get
                  literals-to-update-l S = literals-to-update-l T \land
                  clauses-to-update-l S = clauses-to-update-l T
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma equality-except-conflict-alt-def:
   \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow
        get-trail S = get-trail T \land get-init-clauses S = get-init-clauses T \land get
                  get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S = get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ T\ \land
                  get-init-learned-clss S = get-init-learned-clss T \land get
                  unit-init-clauses S = unit-init-clauses T \land 
                  literals-to-update S = literals-to-update T \land I
                  clauses-to-update S = clauses-to-update T
      \langle proof \rangle
```

## 1.3.2 Additional Invariants and Definitions

```
definition twl-list-invs where \langle twl-list-invs S \longleftrightarrow
```

```
(\forall C \in \# clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l S. C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S)) \land
     0 \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) \land
     (\forall L\ C.\ Propagated\ L\ C \in set\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S) \longrightarrow (C > 0 \longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S) \land
       (C > 0 \longrightarrow L \in set (watched - l (get-clauses - l S \propto C)) \land L = get-clauses - l S \propto C! 0))) \land
     distinct-mset (clauses-to-update-l S)\rangle
definition polarity where
  \langle polarity \ M \ L =
     (if undefined-lit M L then None else if L \in lits-of-l M then Some True else Some False))
lemma polarity-None-undefined-lit: \langle is-None (polarity M L) \Longrightarrow undefined-lit M L\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma polarity-spec:
  assumes \langle no\text{-}dup \ M \rangle
  shows
     \langle RETURN \ (polarity \ M \ L) \leq SPEC(\lambda v. \ (v = None \longleftrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit \ M \ L) \land 
       (v = Some \ True \longleftrightarrow L \in lits - of - l \ M) \land (v = Some \ False \longleftrightarrow -L \in lits - of - l \ M))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma polarity-spec':
  assumes \langle no\text{-}dup \ M \rangle
  shows
     \langle polarity \ M \ L = None \longleftrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit \ M \ L \rangle and
     \langle polarity \ M \ L = Some \ True \longleftrightarrow L \in lits-of-l \ M \rangle and
     \langle polarity \ M \ L = Some \ False \longleftrightarrow -L \in lits of l \ M \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition find-unwatched-l where
  \langle find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l\ M\ C = SPEC\ (\lambda(found).
       (found = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in set (unwatched-l C). -L \in lits-of-l M)) \land
       (\forall j. found = Some \ j \longrightarrow (j < length \ C \land (undefined-lit \ M \ (C!j) \lor C!j \in lits-of-l \ M) \land j \ge 2)))
definition set-conflict-l:: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle set\text{-conflict-}l = (\lambda C \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (M, N, Some \ (mset \ C), NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \rangle
definition propagate-lit-l :: \langle v|literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v|twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v|twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle propagate-lit-l = (\lambda L' \ C \ i \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q).
       let N = N(C \hookrightarrow (swap\ (N \propto C)\ 0\ (Suc\ 0 - i))) in
       (Propagated\ L'\ C\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q))
definition update\text{-}clause\text{-}l :: (nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ nres) where
  \langle update\text{-}clause\text{-}l = (\lambda C \ i \ f \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q). \ do \ \{ \}
        let N' = N \ (C \hookrightarrow (swap \ (N \propto C) \ i \ f));
         RETURN (M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
  })>
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv
  :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
   \textit{`unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv} \ L \ C \ S \longleftrightarrow \\
   (\exists S'. (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l S + \{\#C\#\}) S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l (Some L) \land
     twl-struct-invs S' <math>\wedge
     twl-stgy-invs S' <math>\wedge
     C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) \land
```

```
C > \theta \wedge
           0 < length (get-clauses-l S \propto C) \land
           no-dup (get-trail-l S) \land
           (if (get-clauses-l S \propto C)! 0 = L then 0 else 1) < length (get-clauses-l S \propto C) \wedge
             1 - (if (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) ! \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1) < length (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \land
           L \in set \ (watched-l \ (get-clauses-l \ S \propto C)) \land
           get	ext{-}conflict	ext{-}l\ S = None
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | literal \Rightarrow v | literal
      'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l nres where
      \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\ L\ C\ S=do\ \{
                 ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}inv\ L\ C\ S);
                 K \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda K. \ K \in set \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C));
                 let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ K;
                 if \ val\text{-}K = Some \ True \ then \ RETURN \ S
                 else do {
                       let i = (if (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
                       let L' = (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S \propto C) ! (1 - i);
                       let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-l S) L';
                       if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                        then RETURN S
                        else do {
                                  f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C);
                                   case f of
                                        None \Rightarrow
                                               if\ val\text{-}L'=Some\ False
                                               then RETURN (set-conflict-l (get-clauses-l S \propto C) S)
                                               else RETURN (propagate-lit-l L' C i S)
                                   | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                                               ASSERT(f < length (get-clauses-l S \propto C));
                                               let K = (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S \propto C)!f;
                                               let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ K;
                                               if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True\ then
                                                     RETURN S
                                               else
                                                     update-clause-l C i f S
                             }
                 }
        }>
lemma refine-add-invariants:
     assumes
           \langle (f S) \leq SPEC(\lambda S', Q S') \rangle and
           \langle y \leq \downarrow \} \{ (S, S'), P S S' \} (f S) \rangle
      shows \langle y \leq \downarrow \} \{ (S, S'), P S S' \land Q S' \} (f S) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-tuple[simp]:
      \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. clauses \ (M, \{ \#f \ x \ . \ x \in \# \text{ init-clss-l } N\# \} + NE, \}
               \{\#f\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ N\#\}\ +\ UE,\ D)=\{\#f\ x.\ x\in\#\ all\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ N\#\}\ +\ NE\ +\ UE\}
      \langle proof \rangle
```

**lemma** valid-enqueued-alt-simps[simp]:

```
\langle valid\text{-}enqueued\ S\longleftrightarrow
         (\forall (L, C) \in \# clauses \text{-}to \text{-}update S. L \in \# watched } C \land C \in \# get \text{-}clauses } S \land C \in \# suppose S \land C \in \# sup
                 -L \in lits-of-l (get-trail S) \land get-level (get-trail S) L = count-decided (get-trail S)) \land
            (\forall L \in \# literals-to-update S.
                        -L \in lits-of-l (get-trail S) \land get-level (get-trail S) L = count-decided (get-trail S))
     \langle proof \rangle
declare valid-enqueued.simps[simp del]
lemma set-clauses-simp[simp]:
     \langle f \text{ `} \{a.\ a \in \# \text{ ran-m } N \land \neg \text{ snd } a\} \cup f \text{ `} \{a.\ a \in \# \text{ ran-m } N \land \text{ snd } a\} \cup A = \emptyset
      f ' \{a. \ a \in \# \ ran-m \ N\} \cup A \}
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-clause-upd:
     \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
         init-clss-l(N(C \hookrightarrow C')) =
            add-mset (C', irred N C) (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (init-clss-l N))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-mapsto-upd:
     \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
       init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmupd \ C \ (C', \ True) \ N) =
            add-mset (C', irred N C) (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (init-clss-l N))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd:
     \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
       learned-clss-l (fmupd C (C', False) N) =
              add-mset (C', irred N C) (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (learned-clss-l N))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-mapsto-upd-irrel: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
     init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmupd \ C \ (C', False) \ N) = init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-mapsto-upd-irrel-notin: \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \rangle
     init-clss-l (fmupd C (C', False) N) = init-clss-l N>
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd-irrel: \langle C \in \# \text{ dom-m } N \Longrightarrow \text{ irred } N C \Longrightarrow
     learned-clss-l (fmupd\ C\ (C',\ True)\ N) = learned-clss-l\ N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd-notin: \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \rangle
     learned-clss-l \ (fmupd \ C \ (C', False) \ N) = add-mset \ (C', False) \ (learned-clss-l \ N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-ran-mf-clause-inI[intro]:
     \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow i = irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow (N \propto C, i) \in \# ran\text{-}m \ N \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-mapsto-upd-notin:
     \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmupd \ C \ (C', True) \ N) =
            add-mset (C', True) (init-clss-l N)
     \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd-notin-irrelev: \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \rangle
     learned-clss-l (fmupd C (C', True) N) = learned-clss-l N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma clause-twl-clause-of: \langle clause\ (twl-clause-of\ C) = mset\ C \rangle for C
          \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l:
     fixes i \ C :: nat \ \mathbf{and} \ S :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ S' :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ L :: \langle 'v \ literal \rangle
          C'[simp]: \langle C' \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C \rangle
     assumes
         SS': \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \rangle and
          WS: \langle C \in \# \ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
         struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
         add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
         stqy-inv: \langle twl-stqy-invs S' \rangle
     shows
          \langle unit	ext{-}propagation	ext{-}inner	ext{-}loop	ext{-}body	ext{-}l\ L\ C
                    (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S\ -\ \{\#C\#\})\ S) \le
                   \Downarrow \{(S, S''). (S, S'') \in twl\text{-st-}l \ (Some \ L) \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs \ S \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S'' \land S''\}
                                twl-struct-invs S''
                        (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\ L\ (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ C')
                                (set-clauses-to-update\ (clauses-to-update\ (S') - \{\#(L,\ twl-clause-of\ C')\#\})\ S'))
         (is \langle ?A \leq \Downarrow - ?B \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l2:
    assumes
         SS': \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (Some \ L) \rangle and
          WS: \langle C \in \# \ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
         struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
         add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
         stgy-inv: \langle twl-stgy-invs S' \rangle
     shows
         \langle (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\ L\ C
                    (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S - \{\#C\#\})\ S),
              unit-propagation-inner-loop-body L (twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto C))
                   (set-clauses-to-update
                        (remove1-mset\ (L,\ twl-clause-of\ (get-clauses-l\ S\propto C))
                        (clauses-to-update S')) S'))
         \in \langle \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stgy-
                      twl-struct-invs S'}nres-rel\rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
This a work around equality: it allows to instantiate variables that appear in goals by hand in
a reasonable way (rule\-tac I=x in EQI).
definition EQ where
     [simp]: \langle EQ = (=) \rangle
lemma EQI: EQII
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{:}}
     \langle EQ \ L^{\prime\prime} \ L^{\prime\prime} \Longrightarrow
```

```
(uncurry2\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l,\ uncurry2\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-body) \in
             \{(((L,C),S0),((L',C'),S0')). \exists S S'. L=L' \land C'=(twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto C)) \land (((L,C),S0),((L',C'),S0')). \exists S S'. L=L' \land C'=(twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto C)) \land ((L,C),S0)\}
                 S0 = (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S\ -\ \{\#C\#\})\ S)\ \land
                 S0' = (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update)
                     (remove1-mset (L, twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto C))
                     (clauses-to-update S')) S') \land
               (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \wedge L = L'' \wedge
               C \in \# clauses-to-update-l S \land twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-list-invs S \land twl-stgy-invs S' \} \rightarrow_f
             \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L'') \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stgy-i
                   twl-struct-invs S'}nres-rel\rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
definition select-from-clauses-to-update :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow (v | twl-st-l \times nat) | nres \rangle where
    (select-from\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = SPEC\ (\lambda(S',\ C).\ C \in \#\ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S \land S)
          S' = set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S - \{\#C\#\}) \ S)
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv where
    \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv } L = (\lambda(S, n)).
        (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \land twl\text{-struct-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land
             twl-list-invs S \land (clauses-to-update S' \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0 \longrightarrow get-conflict S' = None) \land
             -L \in lits-of-l (qet-trail-l S))\rangle
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-with-skip where
    \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-with-skip } L = (\lambda(S, n). do \}
         ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0);
         ASSERT(unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv\ L\ (S,\ n));
        b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b. (b \longrightarrow n > 0) \land (\neg b \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S \neq \{\#\}));
         if \neg b then do {
             ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\});
             (S', C) \leftarrow select\text{-}from\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update S;
             T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body-l } L C S';
             RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else 0)
        \} else RETURN (S, n-1)
    })>
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-l:: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l | \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l | nres \rangle where
    \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-l } L S_0 = do \}
         n \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda - :: nat. True);
        (S, n) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \textit{unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv} \ \textit{L}
             (\lambda(S, n). clauses-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0)
             (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip\ }L)
             (S_0, n);
         RETURN S
    }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ set\text{-}mset\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}spec:}
    assumes \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (Some \ L) \rangle
         \langle RES \ (set\text{-mset}\ (clauses\text{-to-update-}l\ S)) \leq \Downarrow \{(C,\ (L',\ C')).\ L' = L \land \}
             C' = twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto C)}
         (RES\ (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S')))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-add-inv:
    fixes f :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ } nres \rangle \text{ and } f' :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ } nres \rangle \text{ and } h :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'a \rangle
    assumes
```

```
\langle (f',f) \in \{(S,S'). S'=h \ S \land R \ S\} \rightarrow \langle \{(T,T'). \ T'=h \ T \land P' \ T\} \rangle \ nres-rel}
              (is \leftarrow ?R \rightarrow \langle \{(T, T'). ?H T T' \land P' T\} \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
              \langle \bigwedge S. \ R \ S \Longrightarrow f \ (h \ S) \leq SPEC \ (\lambda T. \ Q \ T) \rangle
       shows
               \langle (f', f) \in ?R \rightarrow \langle \{(T, T'). ?H \ T \ T' \land P' \ T \land Q \ (h \ T)\} \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-add-inv-generalised:
       fixes f :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b \ nres \rangle and f' :: \langle 'c \Rightarrow 'd \ nres \rangle
       assumes
              \langle (f', f) \in A \rightarrow_f \langle B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
       assumes
              \langle \bigwedge S S'. (S, S') \in A \Longrightarrow f S' \leq RES C \rangle
              \langle (f', f) \in A \rightarrow_f \langle \{(T, T'), (T, T') \in B \land T' \in C\} \rangle \text{ nres-rel} \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-add-inv-pair:
       fixes f :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow ('c \times 'a) \ nres \rangle and f' :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow ('c \times 'b) \ nres \rangle and h :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'a \rangle
       assumes
              \langle (f', f) \in \{(S, S'). \ S' = h \ S \land R \ S\} \rightarrow \langle \{(S, S'). \ (fst \ S' = h' \ (fst \ S) \land S' = h' \ (fst \ S')\} \rangle
              snd\ S' = h\ (snd\ S)) \land P'\ S\} \land nres-rel \land (is \leftarrow ?R \rightarrow (\{(S,\ S').\ ?H\ S\ S' \land P'\ S\}) \land nres-rel \land (snd\ S') 
       assumes
              \langle \bigwedge S. \ R \ S \Longrightarrow f \ (h \ S) \leq SPEC \ (\lambda T. \ Q \ (snd \ T)) \rangle
       shows
              \langle (f', f) \in ?R \rightarrow \langle \{(S, S'). ?H S S' \land P' S \land Q (h (snd S))\} \rangle nres-rely
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-to-update-l-empty-tw-st-of-Some-None[simp]:
        \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow (S, S') \in twl-st-l \ (Some \ L) \longleftrightarrow (S, S') \in twl-st-l \ None \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-in-trail-stays-in:
        \langle cdcl-twl-cp^{**} \ S' \ aa \Longrightarrow -x1 \in lits-of-l \ (get-trail \ S') \Longrightarrow -x1 \in lits-of-l \ (get-trail \ aa) \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-in-trail-stays-in-l:
        \langle (x2, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} \ (Some \ x1) \implies cdcl\text{-twl-}cp^{**} \ S' \ aa \implies -x1 \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ x2) \implies
                         (a, aa) \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some \ x1) \Longrightarrow -x1 \in lits\text{-of-l} (get\text{-trail-l} \ a)
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-l:
        \langle (uncurry\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}l,\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop) \in
        \{((L, S), S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S' \land \}
                  twl-stgy-invs S' \land twl-list-invs S \land -L \in lits-of-l (get-trail-l S) \rightarrow_f
        \langle \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land clauses\text{-to-update-l } T = \{\#\} \land \}
              twl-list-invs T \wedge twl-struct-invs T' \wedge twl-stgy-invs T' \rangle nres-rel \rangle
        (is \langle ?unit\text{-}prop\text{-}inner \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition clause-to-update :: \langle v|titeral \Rightarrow v|twl-st-l \Rightarrow v|
        \langle clause-to-update L S =
              filter-mset
                     (\lambda C::nat.\ L \in set\ (watched-l\ (get-clauses-l\ S \propto C)))
                     (dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S))
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{distinct-mset-clause-to-update} : \langle \textit{distinct-mset} \ (\textit{clause-to-update} \ L \ C) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-clause-to-updateD: \langle b \in \# \text{ clause-to-update } L' T \Longrightarrow b \in \# \text{ dom-m } (\text{get-clauses-l } T) \rangle
lemma in-clause-to-update-iff:
  \langle C \in \# \ clause\text{-to-update} \ L \ S \longleftrightarrow
      C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) \land L \in set (watched\text{-}l (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S \propto C))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow
     ('v twl-st-l \times 'v literal) nres where
  \langle select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update S = SPEC(\lambda(S', L), L \in \# literals-to-update-l S \land l
    S' = set-clauses-to-update-l (clause-to-update L S)
            (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ (literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S\ -\ \{\#L\#\})\ S))
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-inv where
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l\text{-}inv \ S \longleftrightarrow
    (\exists\,S'.\;(S,\,S')\in\mathit{twl-st-l}\;\mathit{None}\,\wedge\,\mathit{twl-struct-invs}\;S'\,\wedge\,\mathit{twl-stgy-invs}\;S'\,\wedge\,
       clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\})
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-l:: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow v \ twl\text{-st-}l \ nres \rangle where
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l\ S_0 =
     W\!H\!I\!L\!E_{T}{}^{unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-inv}
       (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update-l\ S \neq \{\#\})
       (\lambda S. do \{
          ASSERT(literals-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\});
         (S', L) \leftarrow select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update S;
          unit-propagation-inner-loop-l L S'
       (S_0 :: 'v \ twl-st-l)
lemma watched-twl-clause-of-watched: \langle watched \ (twl-clause-of \ x) \rangle = mset \ (watched-l \ x) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}of\text{-}clause\text{-}to\text{-}update:
  assumes
     TT': \langle (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \rangle and
    \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T'\rangle
  shows
  (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l
         (clause-to-update\ L'\ T)
         (set-literals-to-update-l\ (remove1-mset\ L'\ (literals-to-update-l\ T))\ T),
    set	ext{-}clauses	ext{-}to	ext{-}update
       (Pair\ L' '\# \{\#C \in \#\ get\text{-}clauses\ T'.\ L' \in \#\ watched\ C\#\})
       (set-literals-to-update (remove1-mset L' (literals-to-update T'))
     \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l (Some L')
\langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-list-invs-set-clauses-to-update-iff:
  assumes \langle twl-list-invs T \rangle
  shows \langle twl-list-invs (set-clauses-to-update-l WS (set-literals-to-update-l Q T)) \longleftrightarrow
```

```
((\forall x \in \#WS. \ case \ x \ of \ C \Rightarrow C \in \#dom-m \ (get-clauses-l \ T)) \land 
               distinct-mset WS)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-spec:
       \langle (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l, unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop) \in
       \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S' \land \}
             twl-stgy-invs S' \wedge twl-list-invs S \wedge clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \wedge l
            get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{ (T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \wedge \}
            (twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ T\ \land\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T'\ \land\ twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ T'\ \land
                               clauses-to-update-l T = \{\#\}) \land
            literals-to-update T' = \{\#\} \land clauses-to-update T' = \{\#\}
            no\text{-}step\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp\ T'} nres\text{-}rel
       (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rangle is \langle - \in - \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma get-conflict-l-get-conflict-state-spec:
      assumes ((S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None) and (twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S) and (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S = \{\#\})
      shows \langle ((False, S), (False, S')) \rangle
       \in \{((brk, S), (brk', S')). brk = brk' \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land (S, S') \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land (S, S') \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land (S, S') \land (S, S
             clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\}\}
       \langle proof \rangle
fun lit-and-ann-of-propagated where
       \langle lit\text{-}and\text{-}ann\text{-}of\text{-}propagated (Propagated L C) = (L, C) \rangle
       \langle lit\text{-}and\text{-}ann\text{-}of\text{-}propagated (Decided -) = undefined \rangle
                     - we should never call the function in that context
definition tl-state-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \rangle where
       \langle tl\text{-state-}l = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition resolve-cls-l' :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ clause \  where
\langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l' \ S \ C \ L \ =
         remove1-mset (-L) (the (get-conflict-l(S)) \cup \# mset (tl (get-clauses-l(S) \subset C)))
definition update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}l :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'v \text{ literal} \Rightarrow 'v \text{ twl-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow bool \times 'v \text{ twl-}st\text{-}l \rangle where
       \langle update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}l = (\lambda C\ L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).
               let D = resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l' (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) CL in
                        (False, (tl\ M,\ N,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)))
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-inv-l where
       \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}inv\text{-}l\ S_0\ brk\ S\longleftrightarrow
         (\exists S' S_0'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land (S_0, S_0') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
               skip-and-resolve-loop-inv S_0' (brk, S') \wedge
                         twl-list-invs\ S\ \land\ clauses-to-update-l\ S\ =\ \{\#\}\ \land
                        (\neg is\text{-}decided\ (hd\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))\longrightarrow mark\text{-}of\ (hd(get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))>0))
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
       \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}l\ S_0 =
             do \{
                   ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S_0 \neq None);
                  (-, S) \leftarrow
                         WHILE_T \lambda(brk, S). skip-and-resolve-loop-inv-l S_0 brk S
                        (\lambda(brk, S). \neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S)))
```

```
(\lambda(-, S).
                        do \{
                            let D' = the (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l S);
                            let (L, C) = lit-and-ann-of-propagated (hd (get-trail-l(S));
                             if -L \notin \# D' then
                                  do \{RETURN (False, tl-state-l S)\}
                                  if get-maximum-level (get-trail-l S) (remove1-mset (-L) D') = count-decided (get-trail-l S)
                                      do \{RETURN (update-confl-tl-l \ C \ L \ S)\}
                                 else
                                      do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
                   (False, S_0);
              RETURN S
         }
context
begin
private lemma skip-and-resolve-l-refines:
     \langle ((brkS), brk'S') \in \{((brk, S), brk', S'). brk = brk' \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land ((brkS), brk'S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land ((brkS), brk'S') \in \{((brk, S), brk', S'). brk = brk' \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land ((brkS), brk'S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land ((brkS), br
                 twl-list-invs S \wedge clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\}\} \Longrightarrow
         brkS = (brk, S) \Longrightarrow brk'S' = (brk', S') \Longrightarrow
     ((False, tl\text{-state-}l\ S), False, tl\text{-state}\ S') \in \{((brk, S), brk', S'), brk = brk' \land S'\}
                 (S,\,S') \in \mathit{twl-st-l}\ \mathit{None} \, \wedge \, \mathit{twl-list-invs}\ S \, \wedge \, \mathit{clauses-to-update-l}\ S = \{\#\}\} \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle lemma skip-and-resolve-skip-refine:
     assumes
         rel: \langle ((brk, S), brk', S') \in \{((brk, S), brk', S'), brk = brk' \land \}
                     (S,\,S') \in \textit{twl-st-l None} \, \wedge \, \textit{twl-list-invs} \, \, S \, \wedge \, \textit{clauses-to-update-l} \, \, S = \{\#\} \} \rangle \, \, \textbf{and} \, \,
         dec: \langle \neg is\text{-}decided \ (hd \ (get\text{-}trail \ S')) \rangle \ and
         rel': \langle ((L, C), L', C') \in \{((L, C), L', C'), L = L' \land C > 0 \land C'\} \}
                    C' = mset (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \}  and
          LC: \langle lit\text{-}and\text{-}ann\text{-}of\text{-}propagated (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S)) = (L, C) \rangle and
          tr: \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \neq [] \rangle and
         struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
         stgy-invs: \langle twl-stgy-invs S' \rangle and
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S) > 0 \rangle
     shows
       \langle (update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}l\ C\ L\ S,\ False,
            update-confl-tl (Some (remove1-mset (-L') (the (get-conflict S')) \cup \# remove1-mset L' C') S')
                     \in \{((brk, S), brk', S').
                               brk = brk' \wedge
                               (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
                               twl-list-invs S <math>\land
                               clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma get-level-same-lits-cong:
         \langle map \ (atm\text{-}of \ o \ lit\text{-}of) \ M = map \ (atm\text{-}of \ o \ lit\text{-}of) \ M' \rangle and
         \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M = map \ is\text{-}decided \ M' \rangle
     shows \langle get\text{-}level\ M\ L = get\text{-}level\ M'\ L \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma clauses-in-unit-clss-have-level0:
    assumes
        struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
        C: \langle C \in \# \ unit\text{-}clss \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
        LC-T: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (get-trail T) \rangle and
         count-dec: \langle 0 < count-decided (get-trail T) \rangle
    shows
           \langle get\text{-}level \ (get\text{-}trail \ T) \ L = 0 \rangle \ (is \ ?lev\text{-}L) \ and
          \forall K \in \# C. \ get\text{-level } (get\text{-trail } T) \ K = 0 \rangle \ (is ?lev\text{-}K)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-clss-have-level1-notin-unit:
    assumes
        struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs: T \rangle and
        LC-T: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (get-trail T) \rangle and
        count-dec: \langle 0 < count-decided (get-trail T) \rangle and
          \langle qet\text{-}level \ (qet\text{-}trail \ T) \ L > 0 \rangle
    shows
           \langle C \notin \# unit\text{-}clss T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma skip-and-resolve-loop-l-spec:
    \langle (skip-and-resolve-loop-l, skip-and-resolve-loop) \in
         \{(S::'v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l,\ S').\ (S,\ S')\in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S'\land
               twl-stqy-invs S' <math>\wedge
               twl-list-invs S \wedge clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \wedge literals-to-update-l S = \{
               get\text{-}conflict\ S' \neq None\ \land
               0 < count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S)\} \rightarrow_f
    \langle \{ (T, T'), (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } T \land \}
         (twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T' \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ T' \land
        no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip (state_W-of T') \land
        no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve (state_W-of T') \land
        literals-to-update T' = \{\#\} \land
        clauses-to-update-l\ T = \{\#\} \land get-conflict T' \neq None\} \rangle \ nres-rel
    (\mathbf{is} \ \langle -\in ?R \rightarrow_f \rightarrow )
\langle proof \rangle
end
definition find-decomp :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l | nres \rangle where
    \langle find\text{-}decomp = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \rangle
        SPEC(\lambda S. \exists K M2 M1. S = (M1, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \land
               (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M)\ \land
                     get-level M K = get-maximum-level M (the D - {\#-L\#}) + 1)
lemma find-decomp-alt-def:
    \langle find\text{-}decomp \ L \ S =
          SPEC(\lambda T. \exists K M2 M1. equality-except-trail S T \land get-trail-l T = M1 \land
               (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (get-trail-l\ S))\ \land
                     get-level (get-trail-l S) K =
                         \textit{get-maximum-level (get-trail-l S) (the (get-conflict-l S) - \{\#-L\#\}) + 1)})
    \langle proof \rangle
definition find-lit-of-max-level :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-l} \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \ nres \rangle where
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\langle find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) L.
   SPEC(\lambda L', L' \in \# \text{ the } D - \{\#-L\#\} \land \text{ get-level } M L' = \text{ get-maximum-level } M \text{ (the } D - \{\#-L\#\})))
definition ex-decomp-of-max-lvl :: \langle ('v, nat) | ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v | conflict \Rightarrow 'v | literal \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle ex\text{-}decomp\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}lvl\ M\ D\ L\longleftrightarrow
        (\exists K \ M1 \ M2. \ (Decided \ K \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ M) \land
           get-level M K = get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) (the D)) + 1)
fun add-mset-list :: \langle 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \ multiset \Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \ multiset \rangle where
  \langle add\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ L\ UE = add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ L)\ UE \rangle
definition (in -) list-of-mset :: \langle v \ clause \Rightarrow v \ clause-l \ nres \rangle where
  \langle list\text{-}of\text{-}mset\ D = SPEC(\lambda D',\ D = mset\ D') \rangle
fun extract-shorter-conflict-l :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l | nres \rangle
   where
  (extract-shorter-conflict-l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) = SPEC(\lambda S.
     \exists D'. D' \subseteq \# \text{ the } D \land S = (M, N, Some D', NE, UE, WS, Q) \land
     clause '# twl-clause-of '# ran-mf N + NE + UE \models pm D' \land -(lit-of (hd M)) \in \# D'
declare extract-shorter-conflict-l.simps[simp del]
lemmas \ extract-shorter-conflict-l-def = extract-shorter-conflict-l.simps
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{extract-shorter-conflict-l-alt-def}\colon
   \langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = SPEC(\lambda T.
     \exists D'. D' \subseteq \# \text{ the } (\text{get-conflict-l } S) \land \text{equality-except-conflict-l } S T \land 
       get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T = Some\ D' \land
     clause '# twl-clause-of '# ran-mf (get-clauses-l S) + get-unit-clauses-l S \models pm D' \land
      -lit-of (hd (get-trail-l S)) \in \# D')
  \langle proof \rangle
definition backtrack-l-inv where
  \langle backtrack-l-inv \ S \longleftrightarrow
       (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
       get-trail-l S \neq [] \land
       no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip (state_W-of S')\wedge
       no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve (state_W-of S') \wedge
       get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S \neq None\ \land
       twl-struct-invs S' <math>\wedge
       twl-stgy-invs S' <math>\wedge
       twl-list-invs S <math>\land
       get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S \neq Some\ \{\#\})
definition get-fresh-index :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \ nres \rangle where
\langle get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\ N = SPEC(\lambda i.\ i > 0 \land i \notin \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) \rangle
definition propagate-bt-l :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v | v | twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle propagate-bt-l=(\lambda L\ L'\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).\ do\ \{
    D'' \leftarrow list\text{-}of\text{-}mset (the D);
    i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\ N;
    RETURN (Propagated (-L) i \# M,
         fmupd i ([-L, L'] @ (remove1 (-L) (remove1 L' D'')), False) N,
           None, NE, UE, WS, \{\#L\#\})
       })>
```

```
definition propagate-unit-bt-l:: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle propagate-unit-bt-l = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q).
    (Propagated (-L) 0 \# M, N, None, NE, add-mset (the D) UE, WS, {\#L\#}))
definition backtrack-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
  \langle backtrack-l \ S =
     do \{
       ASSERT(backtrack-l-inv\ S);
       let L = lit\text{-}of (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S));
       S \leftarrow extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S;
       S \leftarrow find\text{-}decomp\ L\ S;
       if size (the (get-conflict-l(S)) > 1
       then do {
         L' \leftarrow find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level S L;
         propagate\text{-}bt\text{-}l\ L\ L'\ S
       else do {
          RETURN (propagate-unit-bt-l L S)
  }>
lemma backtrack-l-spec:
  (backtrack-l, backtrack) \in
     \{(S::'v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l,\ S').\ (S,\ S')\in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None\ \land\ get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S\neq None\ \land\ }
         get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S \neq Some\ \{\#\}\ \land
         clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land twl-list-invs S \land literals
        no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip (state_W-of S') \land
        no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve\ (state_W-of S') \land
         twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \rbrace \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{(T::'v \ twl\text{-st-l}, \ T'). \ (T, \ T') \in twl\text{-st-l} \ None \land get\text{-conflict-l} \ T = None \land twl\text{-list-invs} \ T \land T' \}
         twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T' \land clauses-to-update-l \ T = \{\#\} \land twl
        literals-to-update-l\ T \neq \{\#\}\}\ nres-rel
  (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow -\in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I)
\langle proof \rangle
definition find-unassigned-lit-l :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow v \ literal \ option \ nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}l = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)).
      SPEC (\lambda L.
           (L \neq None \longrightarrow
               undefined-lit M (the L) \wedge
               atm\text{-}of\ (the\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clause\ '\#\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N\ +\ NE))\ \land
           (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L'. undefined-lit M L' \land)
               atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clause\ '\#\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N\ +\ NE))))
      )>
{\bf definition}\ \textit{decide-l-or-skip-pre}\ {\bf where}
\langle \mathit{decide-l-or-skip-pre}\ S \longleftrightarrow (\exists\ S'.\ (S,\ S') \in \mathit{twl-st-l}\ \mathit{None}\ \land
   twl-struct-invs S' <math>\wedge
   twl-stqy-invs S' <math>\wedge
   twl-list-invs S <math>\land
   get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None\ \land
   clauses-to-update-lS = \{\#\} \land
   literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\})
```

```
definition decide-lit-l :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \rangle where
       \langle decide-lit-l = (\lambda L'(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \rangle
                    (Decided \ L' \# M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, \{\#-L'\#\}))
definition decide-l-or-skip :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow (bool \times v \ twl-st-l) \ nres \wedge \mathbf{where}
       \langle decide-l-or-skip \ S = (do \ \{
              ASSERT(decide-l-or-skip-pre\ S);
             L \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}l S;
             case\ L\ of
                    None \Rightarrow RETURN \ (True, S)
               | Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, decide-lit-l L S) |
       })
method match-\Downarrow =
       (match conclusion in \langle f \leq \downarrow R g \rangle for f :: \langle 'a \text{ nres} \rangle and R :: \langle ('a \times 'b) \text{ set} \rangle and
             g::\langle b \ nres \rangle \Rightarrow
             (match premises in
                    I[thin, uncurry]: \langle f \leq \Downarrow R' g \rangle \text{ for } R' :: \langle ('a \times 'b) \text{ set} \rangle
                                  \Rightarrow \(\tau refinement-trans-long[\)\(of f f g g R' R, OF refl refl - I]\)
             |I[thin,uncurry]: \langle - \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R' g \rangle \text{ for } R' :: \langle ('a \times 'b) \text{ set} \rangle
                                  \Rightarrow \(\tau refinement-trans-long[\) of f f g g R' R, OF refl refl - I\)
             >)
lemma decide-l-or-skip-spec:
       \langle (decide-l-or-skip, decide-or-skip) \in
             \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land get\text{-conflict-l } S = None \land get\text{-conflict-l } S = No
                         twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \land twl-list-invs S \rbrace \rightarrow_f
             \langle \{((brk, T), (brk', T')). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land brk = brk' \land twl\text{-list-invs} \ T \land twl - brk' \land tw
                    clauses-to-update-l\ T = \{\#\} \land
                    (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq None \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T = Some\ \{\#\}) \land
                               twl-struct-invs T' \wedge twl-stgy-invs T' \wedge
                               (\neg brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update-l \ T \neq \{\#\}) \land
                               (brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update-l T = \{\#\})\} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
       (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?S \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma refinement-trans-eq:
       \langle A = A' \Longrightarrow B = B' \Longrightarrow R' = R \Longrightarrow A \leq \Downarrow R \ B \Longrightarrow A' \leq \Downarrow R' \ B' \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-pre where
       \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
       (\exists S' . (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
                 twl-struct-invs\ S'\ \land
                 twl-stqy-invs S' <math>\wedge
                 twl-list-invs S)
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow (bool \times 'v \ twl-st-l) \ nres \wedge \mathbf{where}
       \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-l S =
                    ASSERT(cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-pre\ S);
                    do \{
                            if get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l S = None
                            then decide-l-or-skip <math>S
```

```
else if count-decided (get-trail-l(S) > 0
                             then do {
                                     T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}l S;
                                    ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq Some\ \{\#\});
                                      U \leftarrow backtrack-l \ T;
                                    RETURN (False, U)
                             else RETURN (True, S)
             }
lemma twl-st-lE:
       \langle (\bigwedge M \ N \ D \ NE \ UE \ WS \ Q. \ T = (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow P \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
\implies P \mid T \rangle
      for T :: \langle 'a \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma weaken-\Downarrow': \langle f \leq \Downarrow R' g \Longrightarrow R' \subseteq R \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R g \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-spec:
        \langle (cdcl-twl-o-prog-l, cdcl-twl-o-prog) \in
              \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land
                          clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-twl-cp S' \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals-twl-cp S' \land literals-twl-c
                          twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \land twl-list-invs S \rbrace \rightarrow_f
              \langle \{((brk, T), (brk', T')). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land brk = brk' \land twl\text{-list-invs} \ T \land twl - brk' \land tw
                       clauses-to-update-l T = \{\#\} \land
                      (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq None \longrightarrow count\text{-}decided\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ T) = 0) \land
                         twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T' \rbrace \rangle nres-rel\rangle
        (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rangle is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?J \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
1.3.3
                                        Full Strategy
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \times \ 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
        \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv \ S_0 \equiv \lambda(brk, \ T). \ \exists \ S_0' \ T'. \ (T, \ T') \in twl-st-l \ None \ \land
                          (S_0, S_0') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \wedge
                          twl-struct-invs T' \wedge
                             twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ T^{\,\prime} \ \wedge \\
                             (brk \longrightarrow final-twl-state T') \land
                             cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**}\ S_0{'}\ T{'} \wedge\\
                             clauses-to-update-l\ T = \{\#\} \land
                             (\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T = None)
definition cdcl-twl-stqy-prog-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
        \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l S_0 =
        do \{
               do \{
                      (\mathit{brk},\ T) \leftarrow \mathit{WHILE}_{\mathit{T}}^{\mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv}}\ \mathit{S}_{0}
                             (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
                             (\lambda(brk, S).
                             do \{
                                     T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
```

```
cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T
                     })
                      (False, S_0);
                RETURN\ T
     }
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-spec:
      \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog) \in
          \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land S'\}
                   clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land
                   twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \rbrace \rightarrow_f
          \langle \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } T \land T'\} \rangle
                twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T' \rbrace \land True \rbrace \rangle nres-rel\rangle
      (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rangle is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?J \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-pair-to-SPEC:
     fixes f :: \langle 's \Rightarrow 's \ nres \rangle and g :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'b \ nres \rangle
     assumes \langle (f, g) \in \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in H \land R S S'\} \rightarrow_f \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in H' \land P' S\} \rangle nres-rely
          (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow ?R \rightarrow_f ?I)
     assumes \langle R \ S \ S' \rangle and [simp]: \langle (S, S') \in H \rangle
     shows \langle f S \leq \downarrow \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in H' \land P' S\} (g S') \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-pre where
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}pre\ S\ S^{\,\prime}\longleftrightarrow
          ((S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S' \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S' \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S' \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy\text{-}stgy
                clauses-to-update-lS = \{\#\} \land get-conflict-lS = None \land twl-list-invs S)
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-spec-final:
     assumes
          \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-pre S S' \rangle
     shows
           \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\ S \leq \Downarrow \ (twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None)\ (conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run\ S') \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-spec-final':
     assumes
          \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-prog-l-pre S S' \rangle
     shows
           \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l \ S \leq \downarrow \{(S, T). \ (S, T) \in twl-st-l \ None \land twl-list-invs \ S \land A \}
                   twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S'} (conclusive-TWL-run S')
      \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow \ 'v \ twl-st-l nres \rangle where
      \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l S_0 =
      do {
          b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
          (b, brk, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(b, S). cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv S_0 S
                (\lambda(b, brk, -). b \wedge \neg brk)
                (\lambda(-, brk, S). do \{
                      T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l S;
                      T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
                     b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
```

```
RETURN(b, T)
       })
       (b, False, S_0);
    if brk then RETURN T
    else\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\ T
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}l\text{-}spec\text{:}
  ((cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l,\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break) \in
    \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land S'\}
        clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land
        twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \} \rightarrow_f
    \langle \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } T \land T'\} \rangle
       twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T' \land True \rangle \land res-rel\rangle
  (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rangle is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?J \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-break-l-spec-final:
  assumes
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-pre S S' \rangle
     \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-prog-break-l \ S \le \Downarrow \ (twl-st-l \ None) \ (conclusive-TWL-run \ S') \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Watch-List
 imports Watched-Literals-List Array-UInt
begin
Remove notation that coonflicts with list-update:
no-notation Ref.update (-:= -62)
```

## 1.4 Third Refinement: Remembering watched

## 1.4.1 Types

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{type-synonym} \ \ clauses-to-update-wl = \langle nat \ multiset \rangle \\ \textbf{type-synonym} \ \ 'v \ watcher = \langle (nat \times 'v \ literal \times bool) \rangle \\ \textbf{type-synonym} \ \ 'v \ watched = \langle 'v \ watcher \ list \rangle \\ \textbf{type-synonym} \ \ 'v \ lit-queue-wl = \langle 'v \ literal \ multiset \rangle \\ \textbf{type-synonym} \ \ 'v \ twl-st-wl = \\ \langle ('v, \ nat) \ ann-lits \times \ 'v \ clauses-l \times \\ \ \ \ 'v \ cconflict \times \ 'v \ clauses \times \ 'v \ lit-queue-wl \times \\ ('v \ literal \ \Rightarrow \ 'v \ watched) \rangle \\ \end{array}
```

## 1.4.2 Access Functions

```
fun clauses-to-update-wl :: ⟨'v twl-st-wl ⇒ 'v literal ⇒ nat ⇒ clauses-to-update-wl⟩ where ⟨clauses-to-update-wl (-, N, -, -, -, W) L i = filter-mset (λi. i ∈# dom-m N) (mset (drop i (map fst (W L))))⟩ 

fun get-trail-wl :: ⟨'v twl-st-wl ⇒ ('v, nat) ann-lit list⟩ where ⟨get-trail-wl (M, -, -, -, -, -, -) = M⟩
```

```
fun literals-to-update-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ lit-queue-wl \rangle where
  \langle literals-to-update-wl (-, -, -, -, Q, -) = Q \rangle
\mathbf{fun} \ \mathit{set-literals-to-update-wl} :: \langle 'v \ \mathit{lit-queue-wl} \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-wl} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle set-literals-to-update-wl Q (M, N, D, NE, UE, -, W) = (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
fun get-conflict-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ cconflict \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ (\text{-}, \text{-}, D, \text{-}, \text{-}, \text{-}, \text{-}) = D \rangle
\mathbf{fun} \ \textit{get-clauses-wl} :: \langle \textit{'v} \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow \textit{'v} \ \textit{clauses-l} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N \rangle
fun get-unit-learned-clss-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)=UE \rangle
fun qet-unit-init-clss-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)=NE \rangle
fun get-unit-clauses-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)=NE+UE \rangle
lemma get-unit-clauses-wl-alt-def:
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S + get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
fun get-watched-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ watched)  where
  \langle get\text{-}watched\text{-}wl \ (-, -, -, -, -, W) = W \rangle
definition get-learned-clss-wl where
  \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \rangle
definition all-lits-of-mm :: \langle 'a \ clauses \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ multiset \rangle where
\langle all-lits-of-mm \ Ls = Pos \ '\# \ (atm-of \ '\# \ (\bigcup \# \ Ls)) + Neg \ '\# \ (atm-of \ '\# \ (\bigcup \# \ Ls)) \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-mm-empty[simp]: \langle all-lits-of-mm \{\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
We cannot just extract the literals of the clauses: we cannot be sure that atoms appear both
positively and negatively in the clauses. If we could ensure that there are no pure literals, the
definition of all-lits-of-mm can be changed to all-lits-of-mm Ls = \bigcup \# Ls.
In this definition K is the blocking literal.
fun correctly-marked-as-binary where
  \langle correctly\text{-marked-as-binary } N \ (i, K, b) \longleftrightarrow b \longrightarrow (length \ (N \propto i) = 2) \rangle
declare correctly-marked-as-binary.simps[simp del]
fun all-blits-are-in-problem where
  \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem} \ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \longleftrightarrow
          (\forall L \in \# \ all\ -lits\ -of\ -mm \ (mset '\# \ ran\ -mf \ N + (NE + UE)). \ (\forall (i, K) \in \# mset \ (W \ L). \ K \in \#
all-lits-of-mm (mset '# ran-mf N + (NE + UE))))
declare all-blits-are-in-problem.simps[simp del]
```

**fun** correct-watching-except ::  $\langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle$  where

 $\langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ i\ j\ K\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \longleftrightarrow$ 

```
(\forall L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-}mf \ N + (NE + UE)).
        (L = K \longrightarrow
          ((\forall (i, K, b) \in \# mset \ (take \ i \ (W \ L) \ @ \ drop \ j \ (W \ L)). \ i \in \# \ dom-m \ N \longrightarrow K \in set \ (N \propto i) \land
                K \neq L \land correctly\text{-marked-as-binary } N (i, K, b)) \land
            (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset \ (take \ i \ (W \ L) \ @ \ drop \ j \ (W \ L)). \ b \longrightarrow i \in \#dom-m \ N) \land
          filter-mset (\lambda i.\ i \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) (fst '\#\ mset\ (take\ i\ (W\ L)\ @\ drop\ j\ (W\ L))) = clause-to-update
L(M, N, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))) \land
        (L \neq K \longrightarrow
        ((\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (WL). i \in \#dom - mN \longrightarrow K \in set (N \propto i) \land K \neq L \land correctly-marked-as-binary))
N(i, K, b) \wedge
            (\forall (i, K, b) \in \# mset (W L). b \longrightarrow i \in \# dom-m N) \land
          filter-mset (\lambda i.\ i \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) (fst '\pm\ mset (W\ L)) = clause-to-update L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,
{#}, {#}))))
fun correct-watching :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-}mf \ N + (NE + UE)).
      (\forall (i, K, b) \in \# mset \ (W L). \ i \in \# dom - m \ N \longrightarrow K \in set \ (N \propto i) \land K \neq L \land correctly-marked-as-binary
N(i, K, b) \wedge
        (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (W L). b \longrightarrow i \in \#dom-m N) \land
        filter-mset (\lambda i.\ i \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) (fst '\#\ mset\ (W\ L)) = clause-to-update L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,
\{\#\}, \{\#\}))
declare correct-watching.simps[simp del]
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching:
  assumes
    j: \langle j \geq length (WK) \rangle and
     corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ i \ j \ K \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W) \rangle
 shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W(K:=take\ i\ (W\ K)))\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
fun watched-by :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \Rightarrow \langle v \ watched \rangle where
  \langle watched\text{-}by \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \ L = W \ L \rangle
fun update\text{-}watched :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | watched \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle where
  \langle update\text{-}watched\ L\ WL\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)=(M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W(L:=\ WL))\rangle
lemma bspec': \langle x \in a \Longrightarrow \forall x \in a. \ P \ x \Longrightarrow P \ x \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-exceptD:
  assumes
    \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ i\ j\ L\ S \rangle and
    \langle L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm
             (mset '\# ran-mf (get-clauses-wl S) + get-unit-clauses-wl S) > and
    w: \langle w < length \ (watched-by \ S \ L) \rangle \langle w \geq j \rangle \langle fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \in \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ S) \rangle
  shows (fst (snd (watched-by SL!w))) \in set (get-clauses-wl S \propto (fst (watched-by SL!w)))
\langle proof \rangle
declare correct-watching-except.simps[simp del]
lemma in-all-lits-of-mm-ain-atms-of-iff:
  \langle L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ N \longleftrightarrow atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{all-lits-of-mm-union}:
   \langle all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (M+N) = all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ M + all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition all-lits-of-m :: \langle 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \; Ls = Pos \; '\# \; (atm\text{-}of \; '\# \; Ls) + Neg \; '\# \; (atm\text{-}of \; '\# \; Ls) \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-empty[simp]: \langle all-lits-of-m \{\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{all-lits-of-m-empty-iff}[\mathit{iff}] \colon \langle \mathit{all-lits-of-m} \ A = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-all-lits-of-m-ain-atms-of-iff: \langle L \in \# \ all-lits-of-m N \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in atms-of N \rangle
lemma in-clause-in-all-lits-of-m: \langle x \in \# C \Longrightarrow x \in \# \text{ all-lits-of-m } C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-mm-add-mset:
   (all-lits-of-mm \ (add-mset \ C \ N) = (all-lits-of-m \ C) + (all-lits-of-mm \ N))
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{all-lits-of-m-add-mset}:
   \langle all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (add\text{-}mset \ L \ C) = add\text{-}mset \ L \ (add\text{-}mset \ (-L) \ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ C) \rangle \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-union:
   \langle all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (A+B) = all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A + all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ B \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-mono:
   \langle D \subseteq \# D' \Longrightarrow all\text{-lits-of-m } D \subseteq \# all\text{-lits-of-m } D' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-all-lits-of-mm-uminusD: \langle x2 \in \# \ all\ -lits\ -of-mm\ N \implies -x2 \in \# \ all\ -lits\ -of-mm\ N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{in-all-lits-of-mm-uninus-iff:} \ (-x2 \in \# \ \textit{all-lits-of-mm} \ N \longleftrightarrow x2 \in \# \ \textit{all-lits-of-mm} \ N)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-mm-diffD:
   \langle L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (A-B) \Longrightarrow L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ A \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-mm-mono:
   (set\text{-}mset\ A\subseteq set\text{-}mset\ B\Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ A)\subseteq set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ B))
   \langle proof \rangle
fun st-l-of-wl :: \langle ('v \ literal \times nat) \ option \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l\rangle where
   \langle st-l-of-wl \ None \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W \rangle = (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ \{\#\}, \ Q \rangle \rangle
| \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) =
      (M, N, D, NE, UE, (if D \neq None then \{\#\} else clauses-to-update-wl (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)
L j,
        Q))\rangle
```

```
definition state\text{-}wl\text{-}l :: \langle ('v \ literal \times nat) \ option \Rightarrow ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l) \ set \rangle where
\langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ L = \{(T, T'), T' = st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ L \ T\} \rangle
fun twl-st-of-wl :: \langle ('v \ literal \times nat) \ option \Rightarrow ('v \ twl-st-wl \times 'v \ twl-st) \ set \rangle where
   \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ L = state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ L \ O \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (map\text{-}option \ fst \ L) \rangle
named-theorems twl-st-wl \land Conversions \ simp \ rules \lor
lemma [twl-st-wl]:
   assumes \langle (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ L \rangle
   shows
     \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ T = get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S \rangle and
     \langle qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T=qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T=get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ S \rangle and
     \langle L = None \Longrightarrow clauses-to-update-l \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
     \langle L \neq None \Longrightarrow qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S \neq None \Longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
     \langle L \neq None \implies get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None \implies clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ T =
          clauses-to-update-wl S (fst (the L)) (snd (the L)) and
     \langle literals-to-update-lT = literals-to-update-wlS \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T=get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S\rangle
     \langle \textit{get-unit-learned-clauses-l} \ T = \textit{get-unit-learned-clss-wl} \ S \rangle
      \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T=get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle (a, a') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \Longrightarrow
           qet-learned-clss-l a' = qet-learned-clss-wl a
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma remove-one-lit-from-wq-def:
   \langle remove-one-lit-from-wq\ L\ S=set-clauses-to-update-l\ (clauses-to-update-l\ S-\{\#L\#\})\ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-set-literals-to-update[simp]:
   \langle correct\text{-}watching \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl \ WS \ T') = correct\text{-}watching \ T' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-wl]:
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl \ W \ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl \ W \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\text{-}set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl[twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl]}:
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl \ P \ S) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl\ P\ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition set-conflict-wl :: \langle v | clause-l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \rangle where
   \langle set\text{-conflict-}wl = (\lambda C \ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ (M,\ N,\ Some\ (mset\ C),\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ W) \rangle
lemma [twl-st-wl]: \langle get-clauses-wl (set-conflict-wl D S) = get-clauses-wl S)
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma [twl-st-wl]:
     \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ D \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ D \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}is\text{-}decided:
     \langle (x, y) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ b \Longrightarrow
                  get-trail-wl x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
                  is-decided (hd (get-trail-|y|)) = is-decided (hd (get-trail-|x|))
lemma state-wl-l-mark-of-is-proped:
     \langle (x, y) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ b \Longrightarrow
                  get-trail-wl x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
                  is\text{-proped} (hd (qet\text{-trail-}l y)) = is\text{-proped} (hd (qet\text{-trail-}wl x))
     \langle proof \rangle
We here also update the list of watched clauses WL.
declare twl-st-wl[simp]
definition unit-prop-body-wl-inv where
\langle unit\text{-prop-body-}wl\text{-inv} \ T \ j \ i \ L \longleftrightarrow (i < length \ (watched\text{-by} \ T \ L) \land j \leq i \land i \rangle
        (fst\ (watched-by\ T\ L\ !\ i) \in \#\ dom-m\ (get-clauses-wl\ T) \longrightarrow
          (\exists T'. (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, i)) \land j \leq i \land
          unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv L (fst (watched-by T L!i))
                  (remove-one-lit-from-wq\ (fst\ (watched-by\ T\ L\ !\ i))\ T') \land
          L \in \# all-lits-of-mm (mset '# init-clss-lf (get-clauses-wl T) + get-unit-clauses-wl T) \land
             correct-watching-except j i L T)))
lemma unit-prop-body-wl-inv-alt-def:
     \langle unit\text{-prop-body-}wl\text{-inv} \ T \ j \ i \ L \longleftrightarrow (i < length \ (watched\text{-by} \ T \ L) \land j \leq i \land i \land j \leq i \land 
       (fst \ (watched-by \ T \ L \ ! \ i) \in \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ T) \longrightarrow
          (\exists T'. (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, i)) \land
          unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv L (fst (watched-by T L!i))
                  (remove-one-lit-from-wq\ (fst\ (watched-by\ T\ L\ !\ i))\ T') \land
          L \in \# all-lits-of-mm (mset '# init-clss-lf (get-clauses-wl T) + get-unit-clauses-wl T) \land
             correct-watching-except j i L T \wedge
          get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T=None\ \land
          length (get-clauses-wl T \propto fst (watched-by T L ! i) \geq 2))
     (\mathbf{is} \langle ?A = ?B \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition propagate-lit-wl :: \langle v|titeral \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl \rangle where
     \langle propagate-lit-wl = (\lambda L' \ C \ i \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W).
               let N = N(C \hookrightarrow swap (N \propto C) \ 0 \ (Suc \ 0 - i)) in
               (Propagated\ L'\ C\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q,\ W))
definition keep-watch where
     \langle keep\text{-}watch = (\lambda L \ i \ j \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W).
               (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := W L[i := W L ! j])))
lemma length-watched-by-keep-watch[twl-st-wl]:
     \langle length \ (watched-by \ (keep-watch \ L \ i \ j \ S) \ K) = length \ (watched-by \ S \ K) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
```

**lemma** watched-by-keep-watch-neq[twl-st-wl, simp]:

```
\langle w < length \ (watched-by \ S \ L) \implies watched-by \ (keep-watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) \ L \ ! \ w = watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma watched-by-keep-watch-eq[twl-st-wl, simp]:
        \langle j < length \ (watched-by \ S \ L) \implies watched-by \ (keep-watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) \ L \ ! \ j = watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w \ )
        \langle proof \rangle
definition update\text{-}clause\text{-}wl :: ('v \ literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow
               (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \land \mathbf{where}
        \langle update\text{-}clause\text{-}wl = (\lambda(L::'v\ literal)\ C\ b\ j\ w\ i\ f\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ do\ \{
                   let K' = (N \propto C) ! f;
                   let N' = N(C \hookrightarrow swap\ (N \propto C)\ i\ f);
                    RETURN (j, w+1, (M, N', D, NE, UE, Q, W(K' := W K' @ [(C, L, b)])))
        })>
definition update-blit-wl :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | literal \Rightarrow v | li
               (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \ where
        \langle update-blit-wl = (\lambda(L::'v\ literal)\ C\ b\ j\ w\ K\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ do\ \{
                    RETURN (j+1, w+1, (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := W L[j:=(C, K, b)])))
        })>
definition unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv where
\langle unit\text{-prop-body-}wl\text{-find-}unwatched\text{-}inv \ f \ C \ S \longleftrightarrow
            get-clauses-wl S \propto C \neq [] \land
           (f = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in \#mset \ (unwatched - l \ (get-clauses-wl \ S \propto C)). - L \in lits-of-l \ (get-trail-wl \ S))))
abbreviation remaining-nondom-wl where
\langle remaining-nondom-wl \ w \ L \ S \equiv
        (if \ get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None
                                             then size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -)). i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl S)) (mset (drop w (watched-by S
L)))) else 0)
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv where
        \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv } L = (\lambda(j, w, S)).
               (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, w)) \land j \leq w \land j 
                            unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv L (S', remaining-nondom-wl w L S) \land
                       correct-watching-except j \ w \ L \ S \land w \le length \ (watched-by S \ L)))
\mathbf{lemma}\ correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\text{-}correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\text{-}Suc\text{-}keep\text{-}watch\text{:}}
        assumes
               j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
               w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
                corr: (correct-watching-except j w L S)
        shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ (Suc\ j)\ (Suc\ w)\ L\ (keep\text{-}watch\ L\ j\ w\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ correct	ext{-}watching	ext{-}except	ext{-}update	ext{-}blit:
                corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ i\ j\ L\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g(L:=g\ L[j':=(x1,\ C,\ b')])\rangle and
                C': \langle C' \in \# \ all\ -lits\ -of\ -mm \ (mset '\# \ ran\ -mf \ b + (d+e)) \rangle
                       \langle C' \in set \ (b \propto x1) \rangle
                       \langle C' \neq L \rangle
```

```
\langle correctly\text{-}marked\text{-}as\text{-}binary\ b\ (x1\ ,\ C',\ b') \rangle
    shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ i\ j\ L\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g(L:=g\ L[j':=(x1,\ C',\ b')])\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching-except-Suc-notin:
    assumes
         \langle fst \ (watched - by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \notin \# \ dom - m \ (get - clauses - wl \ S) \rangle and
         j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
         w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
         corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle
    shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ (Suc \ w) \ L \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching-except-update-clause:
    assumes
         corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except (Suc j) (Suc w) L
                (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := W L[j := W L ! w])) and
         j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
         w-le: \langle w < length(WL) \rangle and
         L': \langle L' \in \# \ all\text{-lits-of-mm} \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-mf} \ N + (NE + UE)) \rangle
              \langle L' \in set \ (N \propto x1) \rangle and
         L-L: \langle L \in \# \ all\ -lits\ -of\ -mm \ (\{\#mset \ (fst \ x). \ x \in \# \ ran\ -m \ N\#\} + (NE + UE)) \rangle and
         L: \langle L \neq N \propto x1 \mid xa \rangle and
         dom: \langle x1 \in \# dom - m \ N \rangle and
         i-xa: \langle i < length (N \propto x1) \rangle \langle xa < length (N \propto x1) \rangle and
         [simp]: \langle W L \mid w = (x1, x2, b) \rangle and
         N-i: \langle N \propto x1 \mid i=L \rangle \langle N \propto x1 \mid (1-i) \neq L \rangle \langle N \propto x1 \mid xa \neq L \rangle and
         N-xa: \langle N \propto x1 \mid xa \neq N \propto x1 \mid i \rangle \langle N \propto x1 \mid xa \neq N \propto x1 \mid (Suc \ 0 - i) \rangle and
         i-2: \langle i < 2 \rangle and \langle xa > 2 \rangle and
         L-neq: \langle L' \neq N \propto x1 \mid xa \rangle — The new blocking literal is not the new watched literal.
    shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ (Suc \ w) \ L
                       (M, N(x1 \hookrightarrow swap (N \propto x1) i xa), D, NE, UE, Q, W
                         (L := W L[j := (x1, x2, b)],
                            N \propto x1 ! xa := W (N \propto x1 ! xa) @ [(x1, L', b)])
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf definition}\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}pre\ {\bf where}
     \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre } L = (\lambda(j, w, S)).
           w < length (watched-by S L) \land j \leq w \land
            unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv L(j, w, S)
It was too hard to align the programi unto a refinable form directly.
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl 
         (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \ where
     \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int } L \text{ j } w \text{ } S = do \text{ } \{
              ASSERT(unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre }L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
              let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
              let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
              ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
              let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
              if \ val\text{-}K = Some \ True
              then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
              else do { — Now the costly operations:
                  if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
                  then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
```

```
else\ do\ \{
                         let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
                         let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \propto C) ! (1 - i);
                         let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ L';
                         if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                         then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ L' \ S
                         else do {
                             f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
                              ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
                              case f of
                                   None \Rightarrow do \{
                                        if\ val\text{-}L' = Some\ False
                                        then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                                        else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl\ L'\ C\ i\ S)\}
                              | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                                        let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto C \ !\ f;
                                        let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                                        if \ val\text{-}L' = Some \ True
                                        then\ update\text{-}blit\text{-}wl\ L\ C\ b\ j\ w\ K\ S
                                        else update-clause-wlL\ C\ b\ j\ w\ i\ f\ S
                       }
                 }
definition propagate-proper-bin-case where
     \langle propagate-proper-bin-case\ L\ L'\ S\ C\longleftrightarrow
                  C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S) \land length ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S) \propto C) = 2 \land
                 set (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S\propto C) = \{L, L'\} \land L \neq L' \land
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl:: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | twl-st-
         (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \ \mathbf{where}
     ASSERT(unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre }L(j, w, S));
               let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
               let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
               ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
               let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
               if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
               then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
               else do {
                   if b then do {
                           ASSERT(propagate-proper-bin-case\ L\ K\ S\ C);
                           if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ False
                           then RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl} (get\text{-clauses-wl} S \propto C) S)
                           else do { — This is non-optimal (memory access: relax invariant!):
                                let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
                                 RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl K C i S)
                     \} — Now the costly operations:
                     else if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
                    then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
                    else do {
                         let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
```

```
let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
           let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) L';
           if \ val-L' = Some \ True
           then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
           else do {
             f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
             ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
             case f of
               None \Rightarrow do \{
                 if \ val-L' = Some \ False
                 then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                 else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl L' C i S)\}
             | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                 let K = qet-clauses-wl S \propto C ! f;
                 let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                 if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                 then update-blit-wl L C b j w K S
                 else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
        }
lemma [twl-st-wl]: \langle get-clauses-wl (keep-watch L j w S) = get-clauses-wl S)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int-alt-def:
 \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}int}\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
      let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
      let b' = (C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S));
      if b' then do {
        let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
         ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
        let K = K:
        let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K \ in
        if \ val\text{-}K = Some \ True
         then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
         else — Now the costly operations:
           RETURN (j, w+1, S)
      else do {
        let S' = keep\text{-watch } L \ j \ w \ S;
        ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S'\ j\ w\ L);
        K \leftarrow SPEC((=) K);
        let \ val-K = polarity \ (qet-trail-wl \ S') \ K \ in
         \it if val\mbox{-}K = Some \mbox{ True}
         then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S')
         else do { — Now the costly operations:
           let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S') \propto C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
           let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S') \propto C) ! (1 - i);
           \mathit{let \ val\text{-}L'} = \mathit{polarity} \ (\mathit{get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl} \ S') \ \mathit{L'};
           if \ val\text{-}L' = Some \ True
```

```
then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ L' \ S'
           else do {
            f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S') \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S' \propto C);
             ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f C S');
             case f of
               None \Rightarrow do \{
                 if \ val-L' = Some \ False
                 then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S' \propto C) S')}
                 else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl L' C i S')\}
            | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                 let K = get-clauses-wl S' \propto C ! f;
                 let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S') \ K;
                 if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                 then update-blit-wl L C b j w K S'
                 else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S'
   }>
\langle proof \rangle
1.4.3
            The Functions
Inner Loop
lemma int-xor-3-same2: \langle a \ XOR \ b \ XOR \ a = b \rangle for a \ b :: int
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-xor-3-same2: \langle a \ XOR \ b \ XOR \ a = b \rangle for a \ b :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ clause-to-update-mapsto-upd-{\it If}:
  assumes
    i: \langle i \in \# dom\text{-}m N \rangle
  shows
  \langle clause\text{-}to\text{-}update\ L\ (M,\ N(i\hookrightarrow C'),\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=
    (if L \in set (watched-l C'))
     then add-mset i (remove1-mset i (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q)))
     else remove1-mset i (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q)))\rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip\text{-}alt\text{-}def:}
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip\ }L\ (S',\ n)=do\ \{
      ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S' \neq \{\#\} \lor 0 < n);
      ASSERT (unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv L (S', n));
      b \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda b. \ (b \longrightarrow 0 < n) \land (\neg b \longrightarrow clauses-to-update-l \ S' \neq \{\#\}));
      if \neg b
      then do {
              ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S' \neq \{\#\});
              X2 \leftarrow select\text{-}from\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update S';
              ASSERT (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv L (snd X2) (fst X2));
              x \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda K. \ K \in set \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (fst \ X2) \propto snd \ X2));
              let v = polarity (get-trail-l (fst X2)) x;
             if v = Some True then let T = fst X2 in RETURN (T, if qet-conflict-l T = None then n else
```

```
\theta)
                else let v = if get-clauses-l (fst X2) \propto snd X2! 0 = L then 0 else 1;
                         va = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l (fst \ X2) \propto snd \ X2 \ ! \ (1-v); \ vaa = polarity (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l (fst \ X2)) \ va
                      in if vaa = Some True then let T = fst X2 in RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None)
then n else 0)
                          else do {
                                  x \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l (fst X2)) (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l (fst X2) \propto snd X2);
                                  case \ x \ of
                                  None \Rightarrow
                                     if\ vaa = Some\ False
                                     then let T = set-conflict-l (get-clauses-l (fst X2) \propto snd X2) (fst X2)
                                           in RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else 0)
                                     else let T = propagate-lit-l \ va \ (snd \ X2) \ v \ (fst \ X2)
                                           in RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else 0)
                                  | Some a \Rightarrow do {
                                          x \leftarrow ASSERT \ (a < length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (fst \ X2) \propto snd \ X2));
                                          let K = (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (fst\ X2) \propto (snd\ X2))!a;
                                          let val-K = polarity (qet-trail-l (fst X2)) K;
                                          if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
                                      then let T = \text{fst } X2 \text{ in } RETURN \text{ } (T, \text{ if } \text{get-conflict-l } T = \text{None then } n \text{ else } 0)
                                          else do {
                                                   T \leftarrow update\text{-}clause\text{-}l \ (snd \ X2) \ v \ a \ (fst \ X2);
                                                  RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else \theta)
                                       }
                                }
       else RETURN (S', n-1)
    \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma keep-watch-st-wl[twl-st-wl]:
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
declare twl-st-wl[simp]
\mathbf{lemma}\ correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\text{-}correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\text{-}propagate\text{-}lit\text{-}wl\text{:}}
  assumes
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle and
    i-le: \langle Suc \ 0 < length \ (get-clauses-wl \ S \propto C) \rangle and
     C: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S) \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ (propagate\text{-}lit\text{-}wl \ L' \ C \ i \ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}int\text{-}alt\text{-}def2:
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int } L \text{ j } w \text{ } S = do \text{ } \{
       ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
       let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
       let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
       ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
       let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
       if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
       then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
```

```
else do { — Now the costly operations:
  if b then
    if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
    then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
    else do {
      let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
      let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
      let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ L';
      if val-L' = Some \ True
      then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ L' \ S
      else do {
        f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
        ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f C S);
        case f of
           None \Rightarrow do \{
             if \ val\text{-}L' = Some \ False
             then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
             else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl L' C i S)\}
        | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
             let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C \ ! \ f;
             let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
             if \ val-L' = Some \ True
             then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ K \ S
             else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
      }
    }
  else
    if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
    then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
    else do {
      let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
      let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
      let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ L';
      if \ val-L' = Some \ True
      then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
      else do {
        f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
        ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
        case f of
           None \Rightarrow do \{
             if \ val-L' = Some \ False
             then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
             else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl\ L'\ C\ i\ S)\}
        | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
             let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto C \ !\ f;
             let val-L' = polarity (qet-trail-wl S) K;
             if \ val\text{-}L' = Some \ True
             then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ K \ S
             else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
      }
    }
}
```

```
}>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-alt-def:
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
      let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
      let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
      let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
      if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
      then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
      else do {
        if b then do {
           if False
           then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
           else
             if False - val-L' = Some True
             then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
             else do {
               f \leftarrow RETURN \ (None :: nat \ option);
               case f of
                None \Rightarrow do \{
                  ASSERT(propagate-proper-bin-case\ L\ K\ S\ C);
                  if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ False
                  then RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl} (get\text{-clauses-wl} S \propto C) S)
                  else\ do\ \{
                    let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
                    RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl \ K \ C \ i \ S)
             | - \Rightarrow RETURN (j, w+1, S)
        \} — Now the costly operations:
        else if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
        then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
        else do {
           let i = (if ((qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
           let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \propto C) \ ! \ (1 - i);
           let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) L';
           if \ val\text{-}L' = Some \ True
           then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ L' \ S
           else do {
             f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
             ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
             case f of
               None \Rightarrow do \{
                 if\ val\text{-}L' = Some\ False
                 then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                 else do \{RETURN\ (j+1,\ w+1,\ propagate-lit-wl\ L'\ C\ i\ S)\}
            | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                 let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto C \ !\ f;
                 let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                 if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                 then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ K \ S
                 else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
```

```
}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  fixes S :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \rangle and S' :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-l} \rangle and L :: \langle v \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
  defines [simp]: \langle C' \equiv fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle T \equiv remove-one-lit-from-wq C' S' \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle C'' \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S' \propto C' \rangle
  assumes
    S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ (Some \ (L, w)) \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
     corr-w: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle and
    inner-loop-inv: \langle unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv \ L\ (j,\ w,\ S) \rangle and
    n: (n = size \ (filter-mset \ (\lambda(i, \cdot). \ i \notin \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ S))) \ (mset \ (drop \ w \ (watched-by \ S \ L)))) )
and
     confl-S: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None \rangle
  shows unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-wl-int: \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl \ L \ j \ w \ S \le 1
      \Downarrow Id (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int L j w S)
\langle proof \rangle
  fixes S :: \langle v \ twl - st - wl \rangle and S' :: \langle v \ twl - st - l \rangle and L :: \langle v \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
  defines [simp]: \langle C' \equiv fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \rangle
    [simp]: \langle T \equiv remove-one-lit-from-wq C' S' \rangle
  defines
     [simp]: \langle C'' \equiv qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S' \propto C' \rangle
  assumes
    S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ (Some \ (L, w)) \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    corr-w: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except j w L S \rangle and
    inner-loop-inv: \langle unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv \ L \ (j, \ w, \ S) \rangle and
    n: \langle n = size \ (filter-mset \ (\lambda(i, -). \ i \notin \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ S)) \ (mset \ (drop \ w \ (watched-by \ S \ L))) \rangle
and
     confl-S: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None \rangle
  shows unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int-spec: (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int L j w S
    \Downarrow \{((i, j, T'), (T, n)).
         (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, j)) \land
         correct-watching-except i j L T' \land
         j \leq length (watched-by T'L) \land
         length (watched-by S L) = length (watched-by T' L) \land
         i \leq j \land
         (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' = None \longrightarrow
              n = size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -). i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl T')) (mset (drop j (watched-by T')))
```

```
L)))))) \wedge
         (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' \neq None \longrightarrow n = 0)}
      (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip}\ L\ (S',\ n)) \land (\mathbf{is} \land ?propa)\ \mathbf{is} \land - \leq \Downarrow ?unit \rightarrow) \mathbf{and}
     unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-update:
        \textit{`unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv} \ L \ \ C' \ \ T \Longrightarrow
           mset '# (ran-mf ((get-clauses-wl S) (C' \hookrightarrow (swap (get-clauses-wl S \propto C') 0
                                 (1 - (if (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S) \propto C'! 0 = L then 0 else 1)))))) =
          mset '\# (ran-mf (get-clauses-wl S)) \land (is \leftarrow \implies ?eq \land)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma
  fixes S :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle and S' :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \rangle and L :: \langle v \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
  defines [simp]: \langle C' \equiv fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle T \equiv remove-one-lit-from-wq C' S' \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle C'' \equiv qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S' \propto C' \rangle
  assumes
    S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ (Some \ (L, w)) \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    corr-w: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle and
    inner-loop-inv: \langle unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv \ L \ (j, \ w, \ S) \rangle and
    n: (n = size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -). i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl S))) (mset (drop w (watched-by S L)))))
     confl-S: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None \rangle
  shows unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-spec: (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl L j w S \leq
    \Downarrow \{((i, j, T'), (T, n)).
          (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, j)) \land
         correct-watching-except i j L T' \land
         j \leq length (watched-by T'L) \land
         length (watched-by S L) = length (watched-by T' L) \land
         i \leq j \land
         (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' = None \longrightarrow
              n = size \ (filter-mset \ (\lambda(i, -). \ i \notin \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ T')) \ (mset \ (drop \ j \ (watched-by \ T')))
L)))))) \wedge
          (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' \neq None \longrightarrow n = 0)
      (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip\ L\ (S',\ n))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop
   :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \times \langle v | twl-st-wl) | nres \rangle where
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop } L S_0 = do \}
    let n = length (watched-by S_0 L);
     WHILE_{T} unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}inv\ L
       (\lambda(j, w, S). \ w < n \land get\text{-conflict-wl } S = None)
       (\lambda(j, w, S). do \{
          unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl L j w S
       (0, 0, S_0)
```

```
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching-cut-watch:
    assumes corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ (a, b, c, d, e, f, g) \rangle
    shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g(L:=take\ j\ (g\ L)\ @\ drop\ w\ (g\ L)))\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-alt-def:
    \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}L\text{-}S_0 = do\text{-}\{
        let (-:: nat) = (if \ get-conflict-wl \ S_0 = None \ then \ remaining-nondom-wl \ 0 \ L \ S_0 \ else \ 0);
        let n = length (watched-by S_0 L);
         WHILE_{T}unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}inv\ L
            (\lambda(j, w, S). \ w < n \land get\text{-conflict-wl}\ S = None)
            (\lambda(j, w, S). do \{
                 unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl L j w S
            (0, 0, S_0)
    }
    \langle proof \rangle
definition cut-watch-list :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
    \langle cut\text{-}watch\text{-}list\ j\ w\ L=(\lambda(M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ do\ \{
            ASSERT(j \leq w \land j \leq length(WL) \land w \leq length(WL));
            RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := take j (W L) @ drop w (W L)))
        })>
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl} :: ('v \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \ \textit{nres}) \ \textbf{where}
    \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ L\ S_0=do\ \{
          (j, w, S) \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop } L S_0;
           ASSERT(j \leq w \land w \leq length \ (watched-by \ S \ L));
           cut-watch-list j w L S
    }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ correct\text{-}watching\text{-}correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except 00:
    \langle correct\text{-}watching \ S \implies correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ 0 \ 0 \ L \ S \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-spec:
    \mathbf{shows} \mathrel{<} (\mathit{uncurry} \; \mathit{unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl}, \; \mathit{uncurry} \; \mathit{unit-propagation-inner-loop-l}) \in \\
        \{((L', T'::'v \ twl\text{-st-wl}), (L, T::'v \ twl\text{-st-l})\} L = L' \land (T', T) \in state\text{-wl-l} \ (Some \ (L, \theta)) \land (T', T'::'v \ twl\text{-st-wl})\}
             correct-watching T' \rightarrow
        \langle \{(T', T), (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching } T'\} \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel
        (is \ \langle ?fg \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle nres-rel) \ is \ \langle ?fg \in ?A \rightarrow \langle \{(T', T). - \land ?P \ T \ T'\} \rangle nres-rel))
\langle proof \rangle
Outer loop
definition select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update-wl :: \langle v \text{ twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow (v \text{ twl-st-wl} \times v \text{ literal}) \text{ nres} \rangle
where
    \langle select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update-wl S = SPEC(\lambda(S', L), L \in \# literals-to-update-wl S \land SPEC(\lambda(S', L), L \in \# literals-to-update-update-update-update-update-update-update-update-update-update-update-update-update-upda
          S' = set-literals-to-update-wl (literals-to-update-wl S - \{\#L\#\}\) S)
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-inv where
    \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S \longleftrightarrow
        (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
            unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-inv S')
```

```
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ S_0 =
     W\!H\!I\!L\!E_{T} unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-inv
       (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\})
       (\lambda S. do \{
          ASSERT(literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\});
         (S', L) \leftarrow select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update-wl S;
         ASSERT(L \in \# \ all-lits-of-mm \ (mset ' \# \ ran-mf \ (get-clauses-wl \ S') + get-unit-clauses-wl \ S'));
         unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl L S'
       (S_0 :: 'v \ twl-st-wl)
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-spec:
  (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl, unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l)}
 \in \{(T'::'v \ twl\text{-st-w}l, \ T).
        (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land
         correct-watching T'} \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{ (T', T). \rangle
        (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land
         correct-watching T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
  (\mathbf{is} \ \langle ?u \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
Decide or Skip
definition find-unassigned-lit-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v \ literal \ option \ nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)).
      SPEC (\lambda L.
          (L \neq None \longrightarrow
              undefined-lit M (the L) \wedge
              atm\text{-}of\ (the\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clause\ '\#\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N\ +\ NE))\ \land
           (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L'. undefined-lit M L' \land)
              atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clause '\#\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N\ +\ NE))))
     )>
definition decide-wl-or-skip-pre where
\langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
  (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
    decide-l-or-skip-pre S'
definition decide-lit-wl :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle decide-lit-wl = (\lambda L'(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). \rangle
       (Decided\ L' \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#-\ L'\#\},\ W))
definition decide-wl-or-skip :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times \langle v \ twl-st-wl \rangle) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle decide-wl-or-skip \ S = (do \ \{
     ASSERT(decide-wl-or-skip-pre\ S);
    L \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl S;
    case L of
       None \Rightarrow RETURN (True, S)
    | Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, decide-lit-wl L S) |
  })
```

```
lemma decide-wl-or-skip-spec:
  ((decide-wl-or-skip, decide-l-or-skip))
    \in \{(T':: 'v \ twl-st-wl, \ T).
           (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
           correct-watching T' \wedge
           get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T'=None\} \rightarrow
         \langle \{((b', T'), (b, T)). b' = b \wedge \rangle
          (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
           correct-watching T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
Skip or Resolve
definition tl-state-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle tl\text{-state-}wl = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition resolve-cls-wl' :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ clause  where
\langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}wl' \ S \ C \ L =
   remove1-mset (-L) (the (get\text{-conflict-wl }S) \cup \# (mset (tl (get\text{-clauses-wl }S \propto C))))
definition update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}wl :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow bool \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle where
  \langle update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}wl = (\lambda C\ L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).
     let D = resolve-cls-wl' (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) CL in
         (False, (tl\ M,\ N,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)))
\langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}inv \ S_0 \ brk \ S \longleftrightarrow
    (\exists S' S'_0. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
      (S_0, S'_0) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
     skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}inv\text{-}l\ S'{}_0\ brk\ S'\wedge\\
         correct-watching S)
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ S_0 =
    do \{
      ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ S_0 \neq None);
         WHILE_T \lambda(brk, S). skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-inv S_0 brk S
         (\lambda(brk, S). \neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S)))
         (\lambda(-, S).
           do \{
             let D' = the (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S);
             let (L, C) = lit-and-ann-of-propagated (hd (get-trail-wl S));
             if -L \notin \# D' then
               do \{RETURN (False, tl-state-wl S)\}
                if get-maximum-level (get-trail-wl S) (remove1-mset (-L) D') = count-decided (get-trail-wl
S
               then
                  do \{RETURN (update-confl-tl-wl \ C \ L \ S)\}
                  do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
          }
```

 $\rangle$ 

```
(False, S_0);
       RETURN S
    }
lemma tl-state-wl-tl-state-l:
  \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \Longrightarrow (tl\text{-}state\text{-}wl \ S, tl\text{-}state\text{-}l \ S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-spec:
  \langle (skip-and-resolve-loop-wl, skip-and-resolve-loop-l) \rangle
     \in \{(T'::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ T).
          (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
            correct-watching T' \wedge
            0 < count\text{-}decided (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ T')\} \rightarrow
       \langle \{ (T', T). 
          (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
            correct-watching T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
  (is \langle ?s \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
Backtrack
definition find-decomp-wl:: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}decomp\text{-}wl = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). \rangle
      SPEC(\lambda S. \exists K M2 M1. S = (M1, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \land (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set
(get-all-ann-decomposition M) \land
            get-level M K = get-maximum-level M (the D - \{\#-L\#\}) + 1)
definition find-lit-of-max-level-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \ \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \ nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) L.
     SPEC(\lambda L', L' \in \# remove1\text{-}mset (-L) (the D) \land get\text{-}level M L' = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level M (the D -
\{\#-L\#\})))
fun extract-shorter-conflict-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl nres\rangle where
  (extract-shorter-conflict-wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) = SPEC(\lambda S.
      \exists D'. D' \subseteq \# \text{ the } D \land S = (M, N, Some D', NE, UE, Q, W) \land
      clause '# twl-clause-of '# ran-mf N + NE + UE \models pm D' \land -(lit-of (hd M)) \in \# D'
declare extract-shorter-conflict-wl.simps[simp del]
{f lemmas}\ extract\mbox{-}shorter\mbox{-}conflict\mbox{-}wl\mbox{-}def = extract\mbox{-}shorter\mbox{-}conflict\mbox{-}wl\mbox{.}simps
definition backtrack-wl-inv where
  \langle backtrack-wl-inv \ S \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ S'. \ (S,\ S') \in state-wl-l \ None \land backtrack-l-inv \ S' \land correct-watching \ S)
Rougly: we get a fresh index that has not yet been used.
definition qet-fresh-index-wl :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow nat \ nres \rangle where
\langle get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\text{-}wl\ N\ NUE\ W = SPEC(\lambda i.\ i>0\ \land\ i\notin\#\ dom\text{-}m\ N\ \land
   (\forall L \in \# \ all\text{-lits-of-mm} \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-mf} \ N + NUE) \ . \ i \notin fst ' \ set \ (W \ L)))
definition propagate-bt-wl :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl | nres \rangle where
  (propagate-bt-wl = (\lambda L \ L' \ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ do\ \{
    D'' \leftarrow list\text{-}of\text{-}mset (the D);
```

```
i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\text{-}wl\ N\ (NE + UE)\ W;
    let b = (length ([-L, L'] @ (remove1 (-L) (remove1 L' D''))) = 2);
    RETURN (Propagated (-L) i \# M,
         fmupd\ i\ ([-L,\ L']\ @\ (remove1\ (-L)\ (remove1\ L'\ D'')),\ False)\ N,
           None, NE, UE, \{\#L\#\}, W(-L:=W(-L) \otimes [(i, L', b)], L':=WL' \otimes [(i, -L, b)])
       })>
definition propagate-unit-bt-wl :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle propagate-unit-bt-wl = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). \rangle
    (Propagated (-L) \ 0 \ \# M, \ N, \ None, \ NE, \ add-mset \ (the \ D) \ UE, \{\#L\#\}, \ W))
definition backtrack-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle backtrack\text{-}wl \ S =
    do \{
       ASSERT(backtrack-wl-inv\ S);
       let L = lit\text{-}of (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S));
       S \leftarrow extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S;
       S \leftarrow find\text{-}decomp\text{-}wl \ L \ S;
       if size (the (get-conflict-wl S)) > 1
       then do {
         L' \leftarrow find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl \ S \ L;
         propagate-bt-wl \ L \ L' \ S
       else do {
         RETURN (propagate-unit-bt-wl L S)
  }>
lemma correct-watching-learn:
  assumes
    L1: \langle atm\text{-}of L1 \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ N + NE) \rangle and
    L2: \langle atm\text{-}of \ L2 \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ N + NE) \rangle and
     UW: \langle atms-of \ (mset \ UW) \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (mset \ '\# \ ran-mf \ N + NE) \rangle and
    i\text{-}dom: \langle i \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
    fresh: \langle \bigwedge L. \ L \in \#all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ N + (NE + UE)) \implies i \notin fst ' set \ (W \ L) \rangle and
    [iff]: \langle L1 \neq L2 \rangle and
    b: \langle b \longleftrightarrow length (L1 \# L2 \# UW) = 2 \rangle
  shows
  (correct-watching (K \# M, fmupd \ i \ (L1 \# L2 \# UW, b') \ N,
    D, NE, UE, Q, W (L1 := W L1 @ [(i, L2, b)], L2 := W L2 @ [(i, L1, b)])) \longleftrightarrow
  correct-watching (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q', W)
  (is \ \langle ?l \longleftrightarrow ?c \rangle \ is \ \langle correct\text{-watching} \ (-, ?N, -) = - \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
fun equality-except-conflict-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle equality-except-conflict-wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q') \longleftrightarrow
    M = M' \wedge N = N' \wedge NE = NE' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q'
fun equality-except-trail-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle bool \rangle where
\langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q') \longleftrightarrow
    N = N' \wedge D = D' \wedge NE = NE' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q'
lemma equality-except-conflict-wl-get-clauses-wl:
  \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ S\ Y \Longrightarrow get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ Y \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ equality\text{-}except\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\text{-}get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{:}
 \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S\ Y \Longrightarrow get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ Y \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma backtrack-wl-spec:
  (backtrack-wl, backtrack-l)
     \in \{(T'::'v \ twl\text{-st-wl}, \ T).
            (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
            correct-watching T' \wedge
            get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' \neq None \land
            get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' \neq Some\ \{\#\}\} \rightarrow
          \langle \{ (T', T). 
            (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land
            correct-watching T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
  (is \langle ?bt \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
Backtrack, Skip, Resolve or Decide
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-pre where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
      (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
          correct-watching S \wedge
          cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-pre <math>S')\rangle
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (bool \times v \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}wl \ S =
     do \{
       ASSERT(cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-pre\ S);
          \textit{if get-conflict-wl } S = \textit{None}
          then\ decide-wl-or-skip\ S
          else do {
            if count-decided (get-trail-wl S) > 0
            then do {
               T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl S;
               ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T \neq Some\ \{\#\});
               U \leftarrow backtrack-wl\ T;
               RETURN (False, U)
            else do \{RETURN \ (True, S)\}
       }
    }
lemma \ cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-spec:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl, cdcl-twl-o-prog-l) \in \{(S::'v twl-st-wl, S'::'v twl-st-l).
      (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
      correct\text{-}watching S\} \rightarrow_f
    \langle \{((brk::bool, T::'v \ twl-st-wl), brk'::bool, T'::'v \ twl-st-l).
      (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
      brk = brk' \land
      correct-watching T}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
```

```
\begin{array}{l} (\mathbf{is} \ \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow_f \ \langle ?B \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel \rangle) \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{array}
```

```
Full Strategy
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \times \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}inv S_0 \equiv \lambda(brk, T).
        (\exists T' S_0'. (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l None \land
        (S_0, S_0') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
        cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv <math>S_0' (brk, T'))\rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl S_0 =
   do \{
     (\textit{brk}, \ T) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv} \ S_0
        (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
        (\lambda(brk, S). do \{
           T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl S;
           cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl T
        })
        (False, S_0);
     RETURN T
   }>
\textbf{theorem} \ \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{:}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ S').
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
         correct\text{-}watching S\} \rightarrow
     \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-spec':
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l) \in \{(S::'v twl-st-wl, S')\}
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow
     \langle \{(S::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ S').
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-pre where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ S\ U\longleftrightarrow
     (\exists T. (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}pre } T \ U \land correct\text{-}watching \ S)
lemma cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-wl-spec-final:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-pre S S' \rangle
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl\ S \leq \downarrow \ (state-wl-l\ None\ O\ twl-st-l\ None)\ (conclusive-TWL-run\ S') \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-break-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl S_0 =
   do \{
```

```
b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
    (b, brk, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(-, S). cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv S_0 S
       (\lambda(b, brk, -), b \wedge \neg brk)
       (\lambda(-, brk, S)). do {
         T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl } S;
         T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl T;
         b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
         RETURN(b, T)
       })
       (b, False, S_0);
    if brk\ then\ RETURN\ T
    else\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl\ T
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-spec':
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ S').
        (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow_f
    \langle \{(S::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ S'). \ (S, \ S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel} \rangle
   (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-spec:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l) \in \{(S::'v twl-st-wl, S').\}
        (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
        correct\text{-}watching S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-spec-final:
  assumes
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-pre S S' \rangle
    \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-break-wl S \leq \downarrow (state-wl-l None O twl-st-l None) (conclusive-TWL-run S' \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Domain
  imports Watched-Literals-Watch-List
    Array-UInt
begin
We refine the implementation by adding a domain on the literals
no-notation Ref.update (- := - 62)
           State Conversion
1.4.4
Functions and Types:
\mathbf{type\text{-}synonym}\ \mathit{ann\text{-}lits\text{-}l} = \langle (\mathit{nat}, \mathit{nat})\ \mathit{ann\text{-}lits} \rangle
type-synonym clauses-to-update-ll = \langle nat \ list \rangle
type-synonym lit-queue-l = \langle uint32 \ list \rangle
type-synonym nat-trail = \langle (uint32 \times nat \ option) \ list \rangle
```

type-synonym  $clause-wl = \langle uint32 \ array \rangle$ type-synonym  $unit-lits-wl = \langle uint32 \ list \ list \rangle$ 

## 1.4.5 Refinement

We start in a context where we have an initial set of atoms. We later extend the locale to include a bound on the largest atom (in order to generate more efficient code).

```
locale is a sat-input-ops =
  fixes A_{in} :: \langle nat \ multiset \rangle
begin
This is the completion of A_{in}, containing the positive and the negation of every literal of A_{in}:
definition \mathcal{L}_{all} where \langle \mathcal{L}_{all} = poss \ \mathcal{A}_{in} + negs \ \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
lemma atms-of-\mathcal{L}_{all}-\mathcal{A}_{in}: \langle atms-of \mathcal{L}_{all} = set-mset \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
definition is-\mathcal{L}_{all} :: (nat literal multiset \Rightarrow bool) where
   \langle is\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{all} \mid S \longleftrightarrow set\text{-}mset \mid \mathcal{L}_{all} = set\text{-}mset \mid S \rangle
definition blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \longleftrightarrow
      (\forall L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all}. \ \forall (i, K, b) \in set \ (watched-by \ S \ L). \ K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all}) \rangle
definition literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | S \equiv
       is-\mathcal{L}_{all} (all-lits-of-mm ((\lambda C. mset (fst C)) '# ran-m (get-clauses-wl S)
            + get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)) \wedge
       blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} S
definition literals-are-in-L<sub>in</sub> :: \langle nat \ clause \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ C \longleftrightarrow set-mset (all-lits-of-m C) \subseteq set-mset \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-empty[simp]: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \{\#\}\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-\mathcal{L}_{all}-atm-of-in-atms-of-iff: \langle x \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \longleftrightarrow atm-of x \in atms-of \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-add-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (add-mset L \ A) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ A \land L \in \# \ \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mono:
   assumes N: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ D' \rangle and D: \langle D \subseteq \# \ D' \rangle
   shows \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} D \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-sub:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ y \Longrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (y-z) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-subset-all-lits-of-mmD:
   (a \in \# b \Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset \ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ a) \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ b))
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{all-lits-of-m-remdups-mset} \colon
   \langle set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m\ (remdups\text{-}mset\ N)) = set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m\ N) \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-remdups[simp]:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (remdups-mset \ N) = literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-nth:
  fixes C :: nat
  assumes dom: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \rangle and
   \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | S \rangle
  shows (literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (mset (get-clauses-wl S \propto C)))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma uminus-\mathcal{A}_{in}-iff: \langle -L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition literals-are-in-L<sub>in</sub>-mm :: \langle nat \ clauses \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm \ C \longleftrightarrow set-mset \ (all-lits-of-mm \ C) \subseteq set-mset \ \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm-in-\mathcal{L}_{all}:
  assumes
     N1: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm \ (mset '\# ran-mf \ xs) \rangle and
     i-xs: \langle i \in \# dom-m xs \rangle and j-xs: \langle j < length (xs \infty i) \rangle
  shows \langle xs \propto i \mid j \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail :: \langle (nat, 'mark) \ ann-lite \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail\ M \longleftrightarrow set-mset\ (lit-of\ '\#\ mset\ M) \subseteq set-mset\ \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-in-lits-of-l:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \Longrightarrow a \in lits-of-l M \Longrightarrow a \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-in-lits-of-l-atms:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \Longrightarrow a \in lits-of-l M \Longrightarrow atm-of a \in \# \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-Cons:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail\ (L \ \# \ M) \longleftrightarrow
        literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail\ M\ \land\ lit-of\ L\in \#\ \mathcal{L}_{all}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-empty[simp]:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \ [] \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-Cons:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail (a \# M) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-lit-of-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M = literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (lit-of '# mset M)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-in-mset-\mathcal{L}_{all}:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ C \Longrightarrow L \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow L \in \# \ \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-in-\mathcal{L}_{all}:
   assumes
      N1: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (mset \ xs) \rangle and
      i-xs: \langle i < length | xs \rangle
   shows \langle xs \mid i \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-in-D_0:
  assumes \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} D \rangle and \langle L \in \# D \rangle
  shows \langle L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-\mathcal{L}_{all}-alt-def: \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} (all-lits-of-mm A) \longleftrightarrow atms-of \mathcal{L}_{all} = atms-of-mm A)
lemma in-\mathcal{L}_{all}-atm-of-\mathcal{A}_{in}: L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in \# \mathcal{A}_{in}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-alt-def:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \longleftrightarrow atms-of S \subseteq atms-of \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops)
   assumes
         x2-T: \langle (x2, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ b \rangle and
         struct: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ U \rangle and
         T-U: \langle (T, U) \in twl-st-l b' \rangle
  shows
     literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail:
         \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ x2 \Longrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \ (get-trail-wl \ x2) \rangle
       (is \leftarrow \implies ?trail) and
     literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-conflict:
        \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ x2 \Longrightarrow get-conflict-wl \ x2 \neq None \Longrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (the \ (get-conflict-wl \ x2)) \rangle
and
         \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ x2 \neq None \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ (the \ (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ x2)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-atm-of:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \longleftrightarrow atm-of ' lits-of-l M \subseteq set-mset \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-poss-remdups-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (poss \ (remdups-mset \ (atm-of \ `\# \ C))) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-negs-remdups-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (negs \ (remdups-mset \ (atm-of \ `\# \ C))) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

end

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{context} \ \textit{isasat-input-ops} \\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}
```

```
definition (in isasat-input-ops) unit-prop-body-wl-D-inv
:: \langle nat\ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat\ literal \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle unit-prop-body-wl-D-inv\ T'\ j\ w\ L \lefta
unit-prop-body-wl-inv\ T'\ j\ w\ L \lefta literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}\ T' \wedge L \in \#\ \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
```

- should be the definition of unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv.
- the distinctiveness should probably be only a property, not a part of the definition.

```
definition (in –) unit-prop-body-wl-D-find-unwatched-inv where
 \verb|\langle unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}inv f C S \longleftrightarrow \\
   unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \in S \land 
   (f \neq None \longrightarrow the f \geq 2 \land the f < length (get-clauses-wl S \propto C) \land
   get-clauses-wl S \propto C! (the f) \neq get-clauses-wl S \propto C! 0 \wedge
   get-clauses-wl S \propto C ! (the f) \neq get-clauses-wl S \propto C ! 1)
definition (in isasat-input-ops) unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D-inv where
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-}wl\text{-loop-}D\text{-inv }L = (\lambda(j, w, S)).
      literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \wedge L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \wedge
      unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv L(j, w, S)
definition (in isasat-input-ops) unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D-pre where
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-}D\text{-pre }L=(\lambda(j, w, S).
     unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D-inv L(j, w, S) \wedge
     unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre L(j, w, S)
\mathbf{definition} \ (\mathbf{in} \ is a sat\text{-}input\text{-}ops) \ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D
  :: (nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-w}l \Rightarrow
     (nat \times nat \times nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle unit	ext{-}propagation	ext{-}inner	ext{-}loop	ext{-}body	ext{-}wl	ext{-}D\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
      let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
      let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
      let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
      if \ val\text{-}K = Some \ True
      then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
      else do {
           if b then do {
             ASSERT(propagate-proper-bin-case\ L\ K\ S\ C);
             if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ False
             then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
             else do {
               let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
               RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl\ K\ C\ i\ S)
             }
            — Now the costly operations:
         else if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
         then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
         else do {
```

```
let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
           let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
           let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) L';
           if \ val-L' = Some \ True
           then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
           else do {
             f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
              ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-D-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
              case f of
                None \Rightarrow do \{
                  if\ val-L' = Some\ False
                  then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                  else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl L' C i S)\}
              | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                  let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto C \ !\ f;
                  let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                  if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                  then\ update\text{-}blit\text{-}wl\ L\ C\ b\ j\ w\ K\ S
                  else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
        }
   }>
declare Id-refine[refine-vcg del] refine0(5)[refine-vcg del]
lemma unit-prop-body-wl-D-inv-clauses-distinct-eq:
  assumes
    x[simp]: \langle watched-by \ S \ K \ ! \ w = (x1, x2) \rangle and
    inv: \langle unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv \ (keep\text{-}watch \ K \ i \ w \ S) \ i \ w \ K \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
    y: \langle y < length (get-clauses-wl S \propto (fst (watched-by S K! w))) \rangle and
    w: \langle fst(watched-by\ S\ K\ !\ w) \in \#\ dom-m\ (get-clauses-wl\ (keep-watch\ K\ i\ w\ S)) \rangle and
    y': \langle y' < length (get-clauses-wl \ S \propto (fst \ (watched-by \ S \ K \ ! \ w))) \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ K) \rangle
  shows \langle qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto x1 \ ! \ y =
     get-clauses-wl S \propto x1 ! y' \longleftrightarrow y = y' \rangle  (is \langle ?eq \longleftrightarrow ?y \rangle \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-keep-watch:
  assumes \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g)\rangle and
     w: \langle w < length \ (watched-by \ (a, b, c, d, e, f, g) \ K) \rangle
  shows \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \rangle
           (a, b, c, d, e, f, g (K := g K[j := g K ! w]))
\langle proof \rangle
We mark as safe intro rule, since we will always be in a case where the equivalence holds,
although in general the equivalence does not hold.
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-keep-watch[twl-st-wl, simp, intro!]:
  \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \Longrightarrow w < length \ (watched-by \ S \ K) \Longrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (keep-watch \ K \ j \ w \ S) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-propagate:
  \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} | (Propagated A x1' \# x1b, x1aa)
          (x1 \hookrightarrow swap\ (x1aa \propto x1)\ \theta\ (Suc\ \theta)),\ D,\ x1c,\ x1d,
```

```
add-mset A' x1e, x2e) \longleftrightarrow
   blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
   \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (x1b, \ x1aa) \rangle
            (x1 \hookrightarrow swap \ (x1aa \propto x1) \ \theta \ (Suc \ \theta)), \ D, \ x1c, \ x1d, x1e, \ x2e) \longleftrightarrow
   blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
   \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \rangle
           (Propagated A x1' \# x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d,
            add-mset A' x1e, x2e) \longleftrightarrow
   blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
   \langle K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \Longrightarrow blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}
           (x1a, x1aa(x1' \hookrightarrow swap (x1aa \propto x1') n n'), D, x1c, x1d,
            x1e, x2e
            (x1aa \propto x1'! n' :=
                x2e (x1aa \propto x1'! n') \otimes [(x1', K, b')])) \longleftrightarrow
   blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1a, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d,
            x1e, x2e\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-set-conflict-wl:
   \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (set-conflict-wl \ D \ S) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-keep-watch':
   assumes K': \langle K' \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle and
      w:\langle blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g)\rangle
  shows \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g\ (K:=g\ K[j:=(i,\ K',\ b')])\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}spec:
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl - st - wl \rangle and K :: \langle nat \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
  assumes
     K: \langle K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle and
     A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \rangle
  shows \forall unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ K \ j \ w \ S \le
        \Downarrow \{((j', n', T'), (j, n, T)). \ j' = j \land n' = n \land T = T' \land \textit{literals-are-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T'\}
           (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\ K\ j\ w\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma
  shows unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D-unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D:
   \langle (uncurry3\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D,\ uncurry3\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl)} \in
     [\lambda(((K, j), w), S). literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \wedge K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all}]_f
      Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \to \langle nat\text{-}rel \times_r nat\text{-}rel \times_r \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T\} \rangle nres-rel
       (is \langle ?G1 \rangle) and
   unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D-unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D-weak: \\
    \langle (uncurry3\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D,\ uncurry3\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl)} \in
     [\lambda(((K,j), w), S)]. literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \wedge K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all}]_f
     Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \to \langle nat\text{-}rel \times_r nat\text{-}rel \times_r Id \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (is \langle ?G2 \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \rangle \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \times nat \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}D\ L\ S_0=do\ \{
```

```
ASSERT(L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all});
     let n = length (watched-by S_0 L);
     W\!HI\!LE_Tunit	ext{-}propagation	ext{-}inner-loop	ext{-}wl	ext{-}loop	ext{-}D	ext{-}inv\ L
       (\lambda(j, w, S). w < n \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S = None)
       (\lambda(j, w, S). do \{
          unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D L j w S
       (0, 0, S_0)
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-spec:
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \rangle and K: \langle K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
  shows \forall unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}D\ K\ S\ \leq\ }
      \Downarrow \{((j', n', T'), j, n, T). \ j' = j \land n' = n \land T = T' \land \textit{literals-are-$\mathcal{L}$}_{in} \ T'\}
         (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}K\text{-}S)
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-D
 :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \ nres \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \forall unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\ L\ S_0=do\ \{
      (j, w, S) \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-}D L S_0;
      ASSERT (j \leq w \land w \leq length \ (watched-by \ S \ L) \land L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all});
      S \leftarrow cut\text{-watch-list } j \text{ } w \text{ } L \text{ } S;
      RETURNS
  }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}spec:}
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-L_{in} S \rangle and K: \langle K \in \# L_{all} \rangle
  shows \forall unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\ K\ S\ \leq
      \Downarrow \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} T\}
         (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ K\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D-inv where
\langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv \ S \longleftrightarrow
     unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-inv S \wedge
     literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S
definition (in isasat-input-ops) unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D
   :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ \Rightarrow \ nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S_0 =
     WHILE_{T} unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv
       (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\})
       (\lambda S. do \{
          ASSERT(literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\});
          (S', L) \leftarrow select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update-wl S;
          ASSERT(L \in \# \ all\text{-lits-of-mm} \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-mf} \ (get\text{-clauses-wl} \ S') +
                               get-unit-clauses-wl S');
          unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-D L S
       (S_0 :: nat \ twl-st-wl)
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-set-lits-to-upd[twl-st-wl, simp]:
    \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (set-literals-to-update-wl \ C \ S) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}spec:
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | S \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ {\it `unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D} \ S \le
     \Downarrow \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} T\}
        (unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D-spec':
   shows (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D, unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl) \in \{(T', T). T = T' \land \}
literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} T\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{ (T', T). \ T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T \} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D-inv where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv \ S_0 \ brk \ S \equiv
       skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-inv S_0 brk S \wedge literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \wedge literals
definition (in isasat-input-ops) skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D
  :: (nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \ nres)
where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S_0 =
    do \{
       ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ S_0 \neq None);
         WHILE_T \lambda(brk, S). skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D-inv S_0 brk S
         (\lambda(brk, S). \neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S)))
         (\lambda(brk, S).
           do \{
              ASSERT(\neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S)));
              let D' = the (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S);
              let (L, C) = lit-and-ann-of-propagated (hd (get-trail-wl S));
              if -L \notin \# D' then
                do \{RETURN (False, tl-state-wl S)\}
              else
                if get-maximum-level (get-trail-wl S) (remove1-mset (-L) D') =
                   count-decided (get-trail-wl S)
                then
                   do \{RETURN (update-confl-tl-wl \ C \ L \ S)\}
                else
                   do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
           }
         (False, S_0);
       RETURN S
    }
lemma (in isasat-input-ops) literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-tl-state-wl[simp]:
  \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (tl-state-wl \ S) = literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma qet-clauses-wl-tl-state: \langle qet-clauses-wl (tl-state-wl T) = qet-clauses-wl T\rangle
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```
lemma skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D-spec:
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \rangle
  shows \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \le
     \Downarrow \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T \land get-clauses-wl \ T = get-clauses-wl \ S\}
        (skip-and-resolve-loop-wl\ S)
     (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow ?R \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
nat literal nres> where
  \langle find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl' \ M \ N \ D \ NE \ UE \ Q \ W \ L =
     find-lit-of-max-level-wl (M, N, Some D, NE, UE, Q, W) L
definition (in -) list-of-mset2
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ clause \Rightarrow nat \ clause-l \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle list\text{-}of\text{-}mset2\ L\ L'\ D=
    SPEC\ (\lambda E.\ mset\ E=D\land E!0=L\land E!1=L'\land length\ E>2)
\textbf{definition} \ (\textbf{in} \ -) \ \textit{single-of-mset} \ \textbf{where}
  \langle single\text{-}of\text{-}mset\ D=SPEC(\lambda L.\ D=mset\ [L]) \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) backtrack-wl-D-inv where
  \langle backtrack\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv \ S \longleftrightarrow backtrack\text{-}wl\text{-}inv \ S \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) propagate-bt-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle propagate-bt-wl-D = (\lambda L L'(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). do \}
    D'' \leftarrow list\text{-}of\text{-}mset2 \ (-L) \ L' \ (the \ D);
    i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\text{-}wl\ N\ (NE+UE)\ W;
    let b = (length D'' = 2);
    RETURN (Propagated (-L) i \# M, fmupd i (D'', False) N,
           None, NE, UE, \{\#L\#\}, W(-L:=W(-L) @ [(i, L', b)], L':=WL' @ [(i, -L, b)])
      })>
definition (in isasat-input-ops) propagate-unit-bt-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (nat \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle propagate-unit-bt-wl-D = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). do \}
         D' \leftarrow single\text{-}of\text{-}mset (the D);
         RETURN (Propagated (-L) 0 \# M, N, None, NE, add-mset \{\#D'\#\} UE, \{\#L\#\}, W)
    })>
definition (in isasat-input-ops) backtrack-wl-D :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl nres\rangle where
  \langle backtrack-wl-D | S =
    do \{
      ASSERT(backtrack-wl-D-inv\ S);
      let L = lit\text{-}of \ (hd \ (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S));
      S \leftarrow extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S;
      S \leftarrow find\text{-}decomp\text{-}wl\ L\ S;
      if size (the (get-conflict-wl S)) > 1
      then do {
         L' \leftarrow find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl\ S\ L;
         propagate-bt-wl-D \ L \ L' \ S
```

```
}
       else do {
         propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}bt\text{-}wl\text{-}D\ L\ S
  }>
lemma backtrack-wl-D-spec:
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle
  assumes A_{in}: (literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S) and confl: (get-conflict-wl S \sim = None)
  shows \langle backtrack-wl-D | S \leq
      \Downarrow \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} T\}
         (backtrack-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
Decide or Skip
thm find-unassigned-lit-wl-def
definition (in isasat-input-ops) find-unassigned-lit-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow (nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \times nat \ literal \ option) \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl\text{-}D | S = (
      SPEC(\lambda((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), L).
           S = (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \wedge
           (L \neq None \longrightarrow
               undefined-lit M (the L) \wedge the L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \wedge
               atm-of (the L) \in atms-of-mm (clause '# twl-clause-of '# init-clss-lf N + NE)) \land
           (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L'. undefined-lit M L' \land
               atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clause '\#\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N\ +\ NE)))))
>
definition (in isasat-input-ops) decide-wl-or-skip-D-pre :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
    decide-wl-or-skip-pre\ S\ \land\ literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}\ S
definition(in isasat-input-ops) decide-wl-or-skip-D
  :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}D | S = (do \{
     ASSERT(decide-wl-or-skip-D-pre\ S);
     (S, L) \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl\text{-}D S;
     case\ L\ of
       None \Rightarrow RETURN (True, S)
       Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, decide-lit-wl L S)
  })
theorem decide-wl-or-skip-D-spec:
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \land decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}D \ S
     \leq \Downarrow \{((b', T'), b, T). \ b = b' \land T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T\} \ (decide-wl-or-skip \ S) \}
\langle proof \rangle
```

## Backtrack, Skip, Resolve or Decide

definition (in isasat-input-ops) cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-pre where

```
 \langle \mathit{cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-pre}\ S \longleftrightarrow \mathit{cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-pre}\ S \ \land \ \mathit{literals-are-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ S \rangle 
definition (in isasat-input-ops) cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D
:: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D S =
     do \{
       ASSERT(cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-pre\ S);
       if get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S = None
       then decide-wl-or-skip-D S
       else do {
          if count-decided (get-trail-wl S) > 0
          then do {
            T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D S;
            ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ T);
            U \leftarrow backtrack-wl-D T;
            RETURN (False, U)
          else RETURN (True, S)
    }
theorem cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-spec:
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \leq \downarrow \{((b', T'), (b, T)). \ b = b' \land T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T\}
      (cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-o-proq-wl-D-spec':
  shows
  \langle (cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D, cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl) \in
     \{(S,S').\ (S,S') \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle bool\text{-}rel \times_r \{ (T', T). \ T = T' \wedge literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T \} \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Full Strategy
definition (in isasat-input-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D
   :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D S_0 =
  do \{
     do \{
       (brk, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk, T). \ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv \ S_0 \ (brk, \ T) \wedge
                                                                                                                          literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} T
          (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
          (\lambda(brk, S).
          do \{
            T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl-}D S;
            cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T
          (False, S_0);
       RETURN T
     }
```

```
{\bf theorem}\ cdcl\hbox{-}twl\hbox{-}stgy\hbox{-}prog\hbox{-}wl\hbox{-}D\hbox{-}spec\colon
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \leq \downarrow \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T\}
      (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-spec':
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl) \in
     \{(S,S').\ (S,S') \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T\} \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-pre where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}proq\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S\ U\longleftrightarrow
     (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-pre\ S\ U\ \land\ literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}\ S)
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-spec-final:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S\ S'\rangle
  shows
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D \ S \le \Downarrow \ (state-wl-l \ None \ O \ twl-st-l \ None) \ (conclusive-TWL-run \ S') \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in isasat-input-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-D
   :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S_0 =
   do \{
     b \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda -. \ True);
     (b, brk, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(b, brk, T). cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv S_0 (brk, T) \wedge
                                                                                                                                     literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} T
          (\lambda(b, brk, -). b \wedge \neg brk)
          (\lambda(b, brk, S).
          do {
             ASSERT(b);
             T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl-}D S;
             (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T;
             b \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda -. \ True);
             RETURN(b, brk, T)
          })
          (b, False, S_0);
     if brk then RETURN T
     else\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D\ T
   }>
\textbf{theorem} \ \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}spec\text{:}
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \leq \downarrow \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ T\}
      (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-D-spec-final:
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-pre S S' \rangle
  shows
```

 $\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}wl\text{-}D\ S \leq \Downarrow \ (state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\ None\ O\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None)\ (conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run\ S') \land \langle proof \rangle$ 

end — end of locale isasat-input-ops

The definition is here to be shared later.

**definition** get-propagation-reason ::  $\langle ('v, 'mark) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'mark \ option \ nres \rangle$  where  $\langle get\text{-}propagation\text{-}reason \ } M \ L = SPEC(\lambda C. \ C \neq None \longrightarrow Propagated \ L \ (the \ C) \in set \ M) \rangle$ 

end

theory Watched-Literals-Initialisation imports Watched-Literals-List begin

## 1.4.6 Initialise Data structure

**type-synonym**  $'v \ twl$ -st-init =  $\langle 'v \ twl$ -st  $\times \ 'v \ clauses \rangle$ 

**fun** get-trail-init ::  $\langle v \ twl$ -st-init  $\Rightarrow (v, v \ clause) \ ann$ -lit list $\rangle$  **where**  $\langle get$ -trail-init  $((M, -, -, -, -, -, -), -) = M \rangle$ 

**fun**  $get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}init \Rightarrow \langle v \ cconflict \rangle \ \mathbf{where} \ \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ ((-, -, -, D, -, -, -, -), -) = D \rangle$ 

 $\textbf{fun } \textit{literals-to-update-init} :: \langle \textit{'v twl-st-init} \Rightarrow \textit{'v clause} \rangle \textbf{ where } \\ \langle \textit{literals-to-update-init} ((-, -, -, -, -, -, Q), -) = Q \rangle$ 

 $\textbf{fun } \textit{get-init-clauses-init} :: \langle 'v \; \textit{twl-st-init} \Rightarrow 'v \; \textit{twl-cls multiset} \rangle \; \textbf{where} \\ \langle \textit{get-init-clauses-init} \; ((\textbf{-}, N, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}), \textbf{-}) = N \rangle$ 

 $\textbf{fun } \textit{get-learned-clauses-init} :: \langle \textit{'v } \textit{twl-st-init} \Rightarrow \textit{'v } \textit{twl-cls } \textit{multiset} \rangle \textbf{ where } \\ \langle \textit{get-learned-clauses-init} \ ((\textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, U, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}, \textbf{-}), \textbf{-}) = U \rangle$ 

**fun** get-unit-init-clauses-init ::  $\langle v twl$ -st-init  $\Rightarrow v clauses where <math>\langle get$ -unit-init-clauses-init ((-, -, -, -, NE, -, -, -), -) = NE \rangle

**fun** get-unit-learned-clauses-init ::  $\langle 'v \ twl$ -st-init  $\Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \rangle$  **where**  $\langle get$ -unit-learned-clauses-init ((-, -, -, -, UE, -, -), -) = UE \rangle

**fun** clauses-to-update-init ::  $\langle 'v \ twl$ -st-init  $\Rightarrow ('v \ literal \times 'v \ twl$ -cls) multiset $\rangle$  where  $\langle clauses$ -to-update-init  $((\neg, \neg, \neg, \neg, WS, \neg), \neg) = WS \rangle$ 

**fun** other-clauses-init ::  $\langle 'v \ twl\text{-st-init} \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \rangle$  **where**  $\langle other\text{-clauses-init} \ ((-, -, -, -, -, -), \ OC) = OC \rangle$ 

fun add-to-init-clauses :: ('v clause- $l \Rightarrow$  'v twl-st-init  $\Rightarrow$  'v twl-st-init) where (add-to-init-clauses C ((M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) = ((M, add-mset (twl-clause-of C) N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC))

**fun** add-to-unit-init-clauses :: ('v clause  $\Rightarrow$  'v twl-st-init  $\Rightarrow$  'v twl-st-init) **where** (add-to-unit-init-clauses C ((M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) = ((M, N, U, D, add-mset C NE, UE, WS, Q), OC))

**fun** set-conflict-init ::  $\langle v | clause-l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-init \rangle$  where  $\langle set-conflict-init | C | ((M, N, U, -, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) | =$ 

```
((M, N, U, Some (mset C), add-mset (mset C) NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}), OC)
fun propagate-unit-init :: \langle v | titeral \Rightarrow v | twl-st-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-init \rangle where
 \langle propagate-unit-init\ L\ ((M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC) =
       ((Propagated\ L\ \{\#L\#\}\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ add-mset\ \{\#L\#\}\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add-mset\ (-L)\ Q),\ OC))
fun add-empty-conflict-init :: ('v twl-st-init) \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-init) where
 \langle add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ ((M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
        ((M, N, U, Some \{\#\}, NE, UE, WS, \{\#\}), add-mset \{\#\} OC))
fun add-to-clauses-init :: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-init \rangle where
   \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\ C\ ((M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC) =
         ((M, add\text{-}mset (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of C) N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC))
type-synonym 'v twl-st-l-init = \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \times 'v \ clauses \rangle
fun get-trail-l-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow (v, nat) \ ann-lit list \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-trail-l-init} ((M, -, -, -, -, -, -), -) = M \rangle
fun get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Rightarrow 'v \ cconflict \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((-, -, D, -, -, -, -), -) = D \rangle
fun get-unit-clauses-l-init :: ('v twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow 'v clauses) where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ \text{-})=NE+UE \rangle
fun get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init :: \langle v twl\text{-st-l-init} \Rightarrow v clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), -) = UE \rangle
fun qet-clauses-l-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-l-init <math>\Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses-l \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), -) = N \rangle
fun literals-to-update-l-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause \rangle where
  \langle literals-to-update-l-init((-, -, -, -, -, -, Q), -) = Q \rangle
fun clauses-to-update-l-init :: ('v twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow 'v clauses-to-update-l) where
  \langle clauses-to-update-l-init ((-, -, -, -, WS, -), -) = WS \rangle
fun other-clauses-l-init :: \langle v twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow \langle v clauses \rangle where
  \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((-, -, -, -, -, -, -),\ OC) = OC \rangle
fun state_W-of-init :: 'v twl-st-init \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-restart-mset where
state_W-of-init ((M, N, U, C, NE, UE, Q), OC) =
  (M, clause '\# N + NE + OC, clause '\# U + UE, C)
\mathbf{named\text{-}theorems} \ \textit{twl-st-init} \ \langle \textit{Convertion for inital theorems} \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
  \langle qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ (S,\ QC) = qet\text{-}conflict\ S \rangle
  \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ (S,\ QC) = get\text{-}trail\ S \rangle
  \langle clauses-to-update-init (S, QC) = clauses-to-update S \rangle
  \langle literals-to-update-init\ (S,\ QC) = literals-to-update\ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

 $\langle clauses$ -to-update-init (add-to-unit-init-clauses (mset C)  $T \rangle = clauses$ -to-update-init  $T \rangle$ 

lemma [twl-st-init]:

```
\langle literals-to-update-init \ (add-to-unit-init-clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T \rangle = literals-to-update-init \ T \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
   \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T)) \longleftrightarrow twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ (fst \ T) \rangle
   \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ (fst \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T) \rangle \longleftrightarrow valid\text{-}enqueued \ (fst \ T) \rangle
   (no-duplicate-queued\ (fst\ (add-to-unit-init-clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T))\longleftrightarrow no-duplicate-queued\ (fst\ T))
   (distinct\text{-}queued\ (fst\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T)) \longleftrightarrow distinct\text{-}queued\ (fst\ T))
   \langle confl-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ (add-to-unit-init-clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T) \rangle \longleftrightarrow confl-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ T) \rangle
   \langle propa-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ (add-to-unit-init-clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T)) \longleftrightarrow propa-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ T) \rangle
   \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T)) \longleftrightarrow twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv \ (fst \ T) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
   \langle trail\ (state_W \text{-}of\text{-}init\ T) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T \rangle
   \langle get\text{-trail}\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-trail-init}\ (T) \rangle
   \langle conflicting \ (state_W \text{-}of\text{-}init \ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   \langle init\text{-}clss \ (state_W\text{-}of\text{-}init \ T) = clauses \ (qet\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ T) + qet\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ T
     + other-clauses-init T
   (learned-clss\ (state_W-of-init\ T) = clauses\ (get-learned-clauses-init\ T) +
      get-unit-learned-clauses-init T
   \langle conflicting\ (state_W - of\ (fst\ T)) = conflicting\ (state_W - of - init\ T) \rangle
   \langle trail\ (state_W - of\ (fst\ T)) = trail\ (state_W - of - init\ T) \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update (fst \ T) = clauses-to-update-init T \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update\ (fst\ T) = literals-to-update-init\ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition twl-st-l-init :: \langle ('v \ twl-st-l-init \times 'v \ twl-st-init) \ set \rangle where
   \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init = \{(((M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC), ((M', N', C', NE', UE', WS', Q'), OC')\}.
     (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N\ (NE+UE) \land
     ((N', C', NE', UE', WS', Q'), OC') =
        ((twl-clause-of '# init-clss-lf N, twl-clause-of '# learned-clss-lf N,
            C, NE, UE, \{\#\}, Q), OC)\}
lemma twl-st-l-init-alt-def:
   \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \longleftrightarrow
      (fst\ S,\ fst\ T)\in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None\ \land\ other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S=\ other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\ T)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
  assumes \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle
  shows
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ T = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S \rangle
    \langle literals	ext{-}to	ext{-}update	ext{-}init \ T = literals	ext{-}to	ext{-}update	ext{-}l	ext{-}init \ S 
angle
    \langle clauses-to-update-init T = \{\#\} \rangle
    \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ T = other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
    \langle lits-of-l \ (qet-trail-init \ T) = lits-of-l \ (qet-trail-l-init \ S) \rangle
    \langle lit\text{-}of '\# mset (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init T) = lit\text{-}of '\# mset (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init S) \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
definition twl-struct-invs-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-init \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ S \longleftrightarrow
     (twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv\ (fst\ S)\ \land
     valid-enqueued (fst S) \land
```

```
cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state_W-of-init S) \wedge
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (state_W-of-init S) \land
     twl-st-exception-inv (fst S) \land
     no-duplicate-queued (fst S) \land
     distinct-queued (fst S) \wedge
     confl-cands-enqueued (fst S) \land
    propa-cands-enqueued (fst S) \wedge
    (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ S \neq None \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ S = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ S = \{\#\}) \land
     entailed-clss-inv (fst S) \land
    clauses-to-update-inv (fst S) \wedge
    past-invs (fst S)
lemma state_W-of-state_W-of-init:
  \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ W = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow state_W\text{-}of \ (fst \ W) = state_W\text{-}of\text{-}init \ W \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs:
  \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ W = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ W \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ W) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-struct-invs-init-add-mset:
  assumes \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\ (S,\ QC)\rangle and [simp]: \langle distinct\text{-}mset\ C\rangle and
     count\text{-}dec: (count\text{-}decided (trail (state_W\text{-}of S)) = 0)
  shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\ (S,\ add\text{-}mset\ C\ QC) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{fun} \ \mathit{add-empty-conflict-init-l} :: \langle 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-l-init} \rangle \ \mathbf{v} \ \mathit{twl-st-l-init} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  add-empty-conflict-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
        ((M, N, Some \{\#\}, NE, UE, WS, \{\#\}), add\text{-mset } \{\#\} \ OC))
fun propagate-unit-init-l :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l-init \rangle where
  propagate-unit-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle propagate-unit-init-l \ L \ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
        ((Propagated\ L\ 0\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ add-mset\ \{\#L\#\}\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add-mset\ (-L)\ Q),\ OC)
fun already-propagated-unit-init-l:: \langle v | clause \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l-init \rangle where
  already-propagated-unit-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \forall already-propagated-unit-init-l C ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
        ((M, N, D, add\text{-}mset\ C\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC)
fun set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l :: \langle v \ clause\text{-}l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle \ where
  set-conflict-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ ((M,\ N,\ \text{-},\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC) =
        ((M, N, Some (mset C), add-mset (mset C) NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}), OC))
fun add-to-clauses-init-l :: \langle v \text{ clause-} l \Rightarrow v \text{ twl-st-l-init } \Rightarrow v \text{ twl-st-l-init } nres \rangle where
  add-to-clauses-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ ((M,\ N,\ \text{-},\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC)=do\ \{
         i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\ N;
         RETURN ((M, fmupd i (C, True) N, None, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC)
```

```
}>
fun add-to-other-init where
  \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}other\text{-}init\ C\ (S,\ OC) = (S,\ add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ C)\ OC) \rangle
lemma fst-add-to-other-init [simp]: \langle fst \ (add-to-other-init \ a \ T) = fst \ T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition init\text{-}dt\text{-}step:: \langle 'v \ clause\text{-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \ nres \rangle} where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}step \ C \ S =
  (case get-conflict-l-init S of
     None \Rightarrow
     if length C = 0
     then RETURN (add-empty-conflict-init-l S)
    else if length C = 1
    then
       let L = hd C in
       if undefined-lit (get-trail-l-init S) L
       then RETURN (propagate-unit-init-l L S)
       else if L \in lits-of-l (get-trail-l-init S)
       then RETURN (already-propagated-unit-init-l (mset C) S)
       else RETURN (set-conflict-init-l C S)
    else
         add-to-clauses-init-l C S
  \mid Some D \Rightarrow
       RETURN (add-to-other-init C S))
definition init-dt:: \langle 'v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l-init \ nres \rangle where
  \langle init\text{-}dt \ CS \ S = nfoldli \ CS \ (\lambda \text{-}. \ True) \ init\text{-}dt\text{-}step \ S \rangle
thm nfoldli.simps
definition init-dt-pre where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ SOC \longleftrightarrow
    (\exists T. (SOC, T) \in twl\text{-st-l-init} \land
       (\forall C \in set \ CS. \ distinct \ C) \land
       twl-struct-invs-init T <math>\land
       clauses-to-update-l-init SOC = \{\#\} \land
       (\forall s \in set \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ SOC). \ \neg is\text{-}decided \ s) \land 
       (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC = None \longrightarrow
            literals-to-update-l-init SOC = uminus '# lit-of '# mset (qet-trail-l-init SOC)) \land
       twl-list-invs (fst SOC) \wedge
       twl-stqy-invs (fst T) <math>\land
       (other-clauses-l-init\ SOC \neq \{\#\} \longrightarrow get-conflict-l-init\ SOC \neq None))
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{init-dt-pre-ConsD} \colon \langle \mathit{init-dt-pre} \ (a \ \# \ \mathit{CS}) \ \mathit{SOC} \Longrightarrow \mathit{init-dt-pre} \ \mathit{CS} \ \mathit{SOC} \wedge \ \mathit{distinct} \ \mathit{a} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition init-dt-spec where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ CS\ SOC\ SOC'\longleftrightarrow
      (\exists T'. (SOC', T') \in twl\text{-st-l-init} \land
             \textit{twl-struct-invs-init} \ \textit{T'} \land \\
             clauses-to-update-l-init SOC' = \{\#\} \land
             (\forall s \in set (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init SOC'). \neg is\text{-}decided s) \land
             (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC' = None \longrightarrow
                 literals-to-update-l-init SOC' = uminus '# lit-of '# mset (get-trail-l-init SOC')) \land
```

```
(mset '# mset CS + mset '# ran-mf (get-clauses-l-init SOC) + other-clauses-l-init SOC +
                                       get-unit-clauses-l-init SOC =
                            mset '# ran-mf (get-clauses-l-init SOC') + other-clauses-l-init SOC' +
                                       get-unit-clauses-l-init SOC') \land
                         learned-clss-lf (get-clauses-l-init SOC) = learned-clss-lf (get-clauses-l-init SOC') \land
                         get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init SOC' = get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init SOC \land get
                         twl-list-invs (fst SOC') \wedge
                         twl-stgy-invs (fst T') <math>\land
                         (other-clauses-l-init\ SOC' \neq \{\#\} \longrightarrow get-conflict-l-init\ SOC' \neq None) \land
                         (\{\#\} \in \# mset '\# mset CS \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init SOC' \neq None) \land
                         (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC \neq None \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC'))
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}other\text{-}init:
    assumes
          dist: \langle distinct \ a \rangle and
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail (fst T)) = 0 \rangle and
         invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle
    shows
         \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}other\text{-}init \ a \ T) \rangle
              (is ?twl-struct-invs-init)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma invariants-init-state:
    assumes
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = 0 \rangle and
         wf: \forall C \in \# \ get\text{-}clauses \ (fst \ T). \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle and
         MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus ' \# \ lit-of ' \# \ mset \ (get-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
          WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle and
          n-d: \langle no\text{-}dup \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) \rangle
     shows \langle propa-cands-enqueued (fst T) \rangle and \langle confl-cands-enqueued (fst T) \rangle and \langle twl-st-inv (fst T) \rangle
         \langle clauses-to-update-inv (fst T)\rangle and \langle past-invs (fst T)\rangle and \langle distinct-queued (fst T)\rangle and
         \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ (fst \ T) \rangle and \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv \ (fst \ T) \rangle and \langle no\text{-}duplicate\text{-}queued \ (fst \ T) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}init\text{-}state:
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = \theta \rangle and
         wf: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ get\text{-}clauses \ (fst \ T). \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle and
         MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus ' \# \ lit-of ' \# \ mset \ (qet-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
          WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ T = \{\#\} \rangle and
         struct-invs: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state_W-of-init T) \rangle and
         \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (state_W-of-init T)\rangle and
         \langle entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv\ (fst\ T)\rangle and
         \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T \neq None \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ T = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ T = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}u
     shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses:}
     assumes
          dist: (distinct a) and
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail (fst T)) = 0 \rangle and
         invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
         ex: \langle \exists L \in set \ a. \ L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) \rangle
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shows
        \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ (mset\ a)\ T) \rangle
            (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init:}
    assumes
        dist: \langle distinct \ C \rangle and
        lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail (fst T)) = 0 \rangle and
        invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
        ex: \forall L \in set \ C. \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) \rangle and
        nempty: \langle C \neq [] \rangle
    shows
        \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ C \ T) \rangle
            (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-struct-invs-init-propagate-unit-init:
    assumes
        lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = \theta \rangle and
        invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
        undef: \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) \ L \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
        \textit{confl:} \langle \textit{get-conflict-init} \ T = \textit{None} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
        MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus \ '\# \ lit-of \ '\# \ mset \ (get-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
         WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
         \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init \ L \ T) \rangle
            (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
named-theorems twl-st-l-init
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (already-propagated-unit-init-l (CS) = clauses-to-update-l-init (CS) = clau
    \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S)
    \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S}) = other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S} \rangle
    \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (already-propagated-unit-init-l CS \rangle = clauses-to-update-l-init S \rangle
    \langle literals-to-update-l-init \ (already-propagated-unit-init-l \ C \ S \rangle = literals-to-update-l-init \ S \rangle
    \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
    (get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init\ (already-propagated-unit-init-l\ C\ S) =
               get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init S
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (T,\ OC) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle (V, W) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Longrightarrow
        count-decided (get-trail-init W) = count-decided (get-trail-l-init V)
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ T \rangle
    \langle \textit{literals-to-update-l} \; (\textit{fst} \; T) = \textit{literals-to-update-l-init} \; T \rangle
    \langle clauses-to-update-l (fst \ T) = clauses-to-update-l-init T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
```

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\mathbf{lemma}\ entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses:}
   (count\text{-}decided\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T) = 0 \Longrightarrow C \neq [] \Longrightarrow hd\ C \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T) \Longrightarrow
       entailed-clss-inv (fst T) \Longrightarrow entailed-clss-inv (fst (add-to-unit-init-clauses (mset C) T))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-no-decision-iff: \langle (S, T) \in convert-lits-l \ M \ N \Longrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set \ T. \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ s) \longleftrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ s)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-st-l-init-no-decision-iff:
    \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Longrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T). \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ s) \longleftrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init S). \neg is\text{-}decided s)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-st-l-init-defined-lit[twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Longrightarrow
           defined-lit (get-trail-init T) = defined-lit (get-trail-l-init S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-already-propagated-unit-init-l:
   assumes
     hd-C: \langle hd \ C \in lits-of-l \ (get-trail-l-init \ S) \rangle and
     pre: (init-dt-pre CS S) and
     nempty: \langle C \neq [] \rangle and
     dist-C: \langle distinct \ C \rangle and
     lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S) = 0 \rangle
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\ (mset\ C)\ S) \rangle\ (is\ ?pre)\ and
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [C] \ S \ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ (mset \ C) \ S) \rangle \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) twl-stqy-invs-backtrack-lvl-\theta:
   \langle count\text{-}decided \ (qet\text{-}trail \ T) = 0 \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (propagate-unit-init-l L S) = clauses-to-update-l-init S\rangle
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = Propagated \ L \ 0 \ \# \ get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ (propagate-unit-init-l\ L\ S) =
       add-mset (-L) (literals-to-update-l-init <math>S)
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   (qet-learned-unit-clauses-l-init\ (propagate-unit-init-l\ L\ S)=qet-learned-unit-clauses-l-init\ S)
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = add\text{-}mset \ \{\#L\#\} \ (get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\text{-}propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init:
   assumes
     hd-C: \langle undefined-lit (get-trail-l-init S) L \rangle and
     pre: (init-dt-pre CS S) and
```

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lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S) = \theta \rangle and
      \textit{confl:} \langle \textit{get-conflict-l-init} \ S = \textit{None} \rangle
   shows
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\ L\ S) \rangle\ (is\ ?pre)\ and
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [[L]] \ S \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) \rangle \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ [\mathit{twl-st-l-init}]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ (set-conflict-init-l\ C\ S)=\{\#\} \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (set-conflict-init-l CS) = {#}\rangle
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S) = Some\ (mset\ C) \rangle
   (get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}}l\ C\ S) = add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ C)\ (get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S)
   \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S) = get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S} \rangle
   \langle qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\text{-}set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\text{:}
   assumes
      [simp]: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S = None \rangle and
      pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ (C \# CS)\ S \rangle and
      false: \langle \forall L \in set \ C. \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S) \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      nempty: \langle C \neq [] \rangle
   shows
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S)\rangle\ (is\ ?pre)\ and
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [C] \ S \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) \rangle \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ T) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T) = Some\ \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-init (add-empty-conflict-init T \rangle = clauses-to-update-init T \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-init\ (add-empty-conflict-init\ T) = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ T) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ T) = Some\ \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (add-empty-conflict-init-l T \rangle = clauses-to-update-l-init T \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ (add-empty-conflict-init-l\ T) = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ T) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   \langle get	ext{-}learned	ext{-}unit	ext{-}clauses	ext{-}l	ext{-}init \ (add	ext{-}empty	ext{-}conflict	ext{-}init	ext{-}I\ T) = get	ext{-}learned	ext{-}unit	ext{-}clauses	ext{-}l	ext{-}init\ T)
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ T) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ T) = add\text{-}mset \ \{\#\} \ (other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-struct-invs-init-add-empty-conflict-init-l:
   assumes
      lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail (fst T)) = 0 \rangle and
      invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
       WS: \langle clauses-to-update-init T = \{\#\} \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init T) \rangle
         (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
```

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lemma init-dt-pre-add-empty-conflict-init-l:
   assumes
      confl[simp]: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S = None \rangle and
     pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre \ ([] \# CS) \ S \rangle
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ S) \rangle\ (is\ ?pre)
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [[]] \ S \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ S) \rangle \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\ (fst\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\ a\ T)) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (T,\ OC) = OC \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (T, OC) = clauses-to-update-l T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{:}
   assumes
     lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = 0 \rangle and
     invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
     confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T = None \rangle and
     MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus ' \# \ lit-of ' \# \ mset \ (get-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
      WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle and
    dist-C: \langle distinct \ C \rangle and
    le-2: \langle length \ C \geq 2 \rangle
  shows
     \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ C \ T) \rangle
        (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma get-trail-init-add-to-clauses-init[simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\ a\ T)=get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-add-to-clauses-init-l:
   assumes
      D: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S = None \rangle and
     a: \langle length \ a \neq Suc \ \theta \rangle \langle a \neq [] \rangle and
     pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre \ (a \# CS) \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     \forall s \in set (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init S). \neg is\text{-}decided s
   shows
      \langle add-to-clauses-init-l a \ S \leq SPEC \ (init-dt-pre CS) \rangle \ (is \ ?pre) \ and
     \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}l\ a\ S \leq SPEC\ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ [a]\ S) \rangle\ (\textbf{is}\ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-init-dt-step:
   assumes pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre \ (a \# CS) \ SOC \rangle
   shows (init-dt-step a SOC \leq SPEC (\lambda SOC'. init-dt-pre CS SOC' \wedge init-dt-spec [a] SOC SOC'))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (S,\ OC) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-l-init (S, OC) = literals-to-update-l S \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-spec-append:
  assumes
     spec1: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ CS\ S\ T \rangle and
     spec: \ \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ CS' \ T \ U \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ (CS @ CS') \ S \ U \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-full:
  fixes CS :: \langle v | literal | list | list \rangle and SOC :: \langle v | twl-st-l-init \rangle and S'
  defines
     \langle S \equiv \mathit{fst} \; SOC \rangle and
     \langle OC \equiv snd \; SOC \rangle
  assumes
     ⟨init-dt-pre CS SOC⟩
     \langle init\text{-}dt \ CS \ SOC < SPEC \ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ CS \ SOC) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-empty-state:
   \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre \ [] \ (([], fmempty, None, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, \{\#\}), \{\#\}) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-init-invs:
   (twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\ (([],\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\},\ None,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\}),\ \{\#\}))
  \langle twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs ([], fmempty, None, {\#}, {\#}, {\#}) \rangle
   (twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ ([], \{\#\}, \{\#\}, None, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
   \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Initialisation
  \mathbf{imports}\ \mathit{Watched-Literals-Watch-List}\ \mathit{Watched-Literals-Initialisation}
begin
1.4.7
              Initialisation
type-synonym 'v twl-st-wl-init' = \langle (('v, nat) \ ann-lits \times 'v \ clauses-l \times l
     'v\ cconflict \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ lit-queue-wl)
\mathbf{type\text{-}synonym} \ 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init = \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init' \times \ 'v \ clauses \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-st-wl-init-full = \langle v | twl-st-wl \times \langle v | clauses \rangle
fun get-trail-init-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init <math>\Rightarrow (v, nat) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((M, -, -, -, -, -), -) = M \rangle
fun qet-clauses-init-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses-l \rangle where
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((-, N, -, -, -, -), OC) = N \rangle
fun get-conflict-init-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ cconflict \rangle where
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((-, -, D, -, -, -), -) = D \rangle
fun literals-to-update-init-wl:: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause \rangle where
   \langle literals-to-update-init-wl ((-, -, -, -, -, Q), -) = Q \rangle
\mathbf{fun} \ \mathit{other-clauses-init-wl} :: \langle 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-wl-init} \Rightarrow 'v \ \mathit{clauses} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((-, -, -, -, -),\ OC) =\ OC \rangle
```

```
fun add-empty-conflict-init-wl :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl-init <math>\Rightarrow \ 'v \ twl-st-wl-init <math>\rangle where
        add-empty-conflict-init-wl-def[simp del]:
          \langle add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q), OC) =
                        ((M, N, Some \{\#\}, NE, UE, \{\#\}), add\text{-mset } \{\#\} \ OC)
fun propagate-unit-init-wl::\langle v | titeral \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v |
       propagate-unit-init-wl-def[simp\ del]:
          \langle propagate-unit-init-wl\ L\ ((M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q),\ OC) =
                        ((Propagated\ L\ 0\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ add-mset\ \{\#L\#\}\ NE,\ UE,\ add-mset\ (-L)\ Q),\ OC)
fun already-propagated-unit-init-wl:: \langle v | clause \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl-i
        already-propagated-unit-init-wl-def[simp del]:
          \langle already-propagated-unit-init-wl\ C\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q),\ OC) =
                        ((M, N, D, add\text{-}mset\ C\ NE,\ UE,\ Q),\ OC)
fun set-conflict-init-wl :: \langle v| titeral \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init
        set-conflict-init-wl-def[simp del]:
          \langle set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ L\ ((M,\ N,\ \text{-},\ NE,\ UE,\ Q),\ OC) =
                        ((M, N, Some \{\#L\#\}, add\text{-mset } \{\#L\#\} NE, UE, \{\#\}), OC))
fun add-to-clauses-init-wl:: \langle v \text{ clause-l} \Rightarrow v \text{ twl-st-wl-init} \Rightarrow v \text{ twl-st-wl-init nres} \rangle where
        add-to-clauses-init-wl-def[simp del]:
          \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ C\ ((M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q),\ OC) = do\ \{
                           i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\ N;
                           let b = (length \ C = 2);
                            RETURN ((M, fmupd i (C, True) N, D, NE, UE, Q), OC)
             }>
definition init-dt-step-wl :: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init nres\rangle where
        \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\text{-}wl\ C\ S =
        (case get-conflict-init-wl S of
              None \Rightarrow
              if length C = 0
              then RETURN (add-empty-conflict-init-wl S)
              else if length C = 1
              then
                     let L = hd C in
                     if undefined-lit (get-trail-init-wl S) L
                     then RETURN (propagate-unit-init-wl L S)
                     else if L \in lits-of-l (get-trail-init-wl S)
                     then RETURN (already-propagated-unit-init-wl (mset C) S)
                     else RETURN (set-conflict-init-wl L S)
                           add-to-clauses-init-wl C S
        \mid Some D \Rightarrow
                     RETURN (add-to-other-init C S))
fun st-l-of-wl-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init' <math>\Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \rangle where
        \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl\text{-}init\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q) = (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ Q) \rangle
```

definition state-wl-l-init' where

```
\langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init' = \{(S, S'). \ S' = st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl\text{-}init \ S\} \rangle
definition init-dt-wl :: \langle v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \ nres \rangle where
   \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl \ CS = nfoldli \ CS \ (\lambda\text{-}. \ True) \ init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\text{-}wl \rangle
definition state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init :: \langle ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init) \ set \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
   \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init = \{(S, S'). (fst S, fst S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init' \land S'\}
        other-clauses-init-wl S = other-clauses-l-init S'}
fun all-blits-are-in-problem-init where
  [simp del]: \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem-init} (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \longleftrightarrow
        (\forall L. \ (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset \ (W \ L). \ K \in \#all-lits-of-mm \ (mset '\# ran-mf \ N + (NE + UE))))
We assume that no clause has been deleted during initialisation. The definition is slightly
redundant since i \in \# dom-m \ N is already entailed by fst '# mset (WL) = clause-to-update
L(M, N, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}).
named-theorems twl-st-wl-init
lemma [twl-st-wl-init]:
  assumes \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle
  shows
     \langle qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S' = qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
     \langle \textit{get-trail-l-init} \ S^{\,\prime} = \, \textit{get-trail-init-wl} \ S \rangle
     \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S'=other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
     \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S') = count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\text{-}wl \ S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-clause-to-update-in-dom-mD:
   \langle bb \in \# \ clause\text{-to-update} \ L \ (a, \ aa, \ ab, \ ac, \ ad, \ \{\#\}, \ \{\#\}) \Longrightarrow bb \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aa \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-step-wl-init-dt-step:
  assumes S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle and
      dist: \langle distinct \ C \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\text{-}wl \ C \ S \leq \Downarrow \ state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init
              (init-dt-step\ C\ S')
   (is \langle - \leq \downarrow ?A \rightarrow \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}init\text{-}dt:
  assumes S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle and
      dist: \langle \forall \ C \in set \ C. \ distinct \ C \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl \ C \ S \leq \Downarrow \ state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init
              (init-dt \ C \ S')
\langle proof \rangle
definition init-dt-wl-pre where
   \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ C\ S\longleftrightarrow
     (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land
        init-dt-pre C S')
definition init-dt-wl-spec where
```

 $\langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\ C\ S\ T\longleftrightarrow$ 

```
(\exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land
       init-dt-spec C S' T'
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec:
  assumes \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ CS\ S \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl \ CS \ S \le SPEC \ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec \ CS \ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
fun correct-watching-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  [simp del]: \langle correct\text{-watching-init} (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \longleftrightarrow
    all-blits-are-in-problem-init (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \wedge
    (\forall L.
         (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (W L). i \in \#dom-m N \land K \in set (N \propto i) \land K \neq L \land
             correctly-marked-as-binary N(i, K, b) \wedge
         \textit{fst `\# mset (W L)} = \textit{clause-to-update L (M, N, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))} \\ \\
lemma correct-watching-init-correct-watching:
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init \ T \Longrightarrow correct\text{-}watching \ T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma image-mset-Suc: \langle Suc '\# \{ \#C \in \#M.\ P\ C\# \} = \{ \#C \in \#Suc '\#M.\ P\ (C-1)\# \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-add-unit:
  assumes \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ add\text{-}mset\ C\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-propagate:
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((L \# M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)) \longleftrightarrow
           \textit{correct-watching-init} \ ((M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)) \rangle
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, add\text{-}mset\ C\ Q,\ W)) \longleftrightarrow
           correct-watching-init ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-blits-are-in-problem-cons[simp]:
  \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem-init} (Propagated\ L\ i\ \#\ a,\ aa,\ ab,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, ab, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem-init} \ (Decided\ L\ \#\ a,\ aa,\ ab,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, ab, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle all\text{-}blits\text{-}are\text{-}in\text{-}problem\text{-}init\ }(a,\ aa,\ ab,\ ac,\ ad,\ add\text{-}mset\ L\ ae,\ b)\longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, ab, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ None \ y \Longrightarrow all\text{-}blits\text{-}are\text{-}in\text{-}problem\text{-}init} \ (a,\ aa,\ y,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, None, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ \{\#\} \ ae \implies all\text{-}blits\text{-}are\text{-}in\text{-}problem\text{-}init} \ (a,\ aa,\ y,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, y, ac, ad, \{\#\}, b)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-cons[simp]:
  \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ None \ y \Longrightarrow correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init \ ((a, aa, y, ac, ad, ae, b)) \longleftrightarrow
      correct-watching-init ((a, aa, None, ac, ad, ae, b))
  \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ \{\#\} \ ae \implies correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init \ ((a, aa, y, ac, ad, ae, b)) \longleftrightarrow
      correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((a,\ aa,\ y,\ ac,\ ad,\ \{\#\},\ b)) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ clause\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}mapsto\text{-}upd\text{-}notin:
  assumes
    i: \langle i \notin \# dom\text{-}m N \rangle
  shows
  \langle clause\text{-}to\text{-}update\ L\ (M,\ N(i\hookrightarrow C'),\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=
    (if L \in set (watched-l C')
     then add-mset i (clause-to-update L(M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q))
     else (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q)))\rangle
  \langle clause-to-update\ L\ (M,\ fmupd\ i\ (C',\ b)\ N,\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=
    (if L \in set (watched-l C'))
     then add-mset i (clause-to-update L(M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q))
     else\ (clause-to-update\ L\ (M,\ N,\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q))) \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-add-clause:
  assumes
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((a, aa, None, ac, ad, Q, b)) \rangle and
    leC: \langle 2 \leq length \ C \rangle and
    [simp]: \langle i \notin \# dom - m \ aa \rangle and
    dist[iff]: \langle C ! \theta \neq C ! Suc \theta \rangle
  shows <correct-watching-init
          ((a, fmupd\ i\ (C, red)\ aa,\ None,\ ac,\ ad,\ Q,\ b)
             (C ! \theta := b (C ! \theta) @ [(i, C ! Suc \theta, length C = 2)],
              C ! Suc \theta := b (C ! Suc \theta) @ [(i, C ! \theta, length C = 2)]))
\langle proof \rangle
definition rewatch
  :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ watched) \Rightarrow (v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ watched) \ nres \rangle
where
\langle rewatch \ N \ W = do \ \{
  xs \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda xs. \ set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N) \subseteq set \ xs \land \ distinct \ xs);
  n fold li
    xs
    (\lambda-. True)
    (\lambda i \ W. \ do \ \{
      if i \in \# dom\text{-}m N
      then do {
        ASSERT(i \in \# dom - m N);
        ASSERT(length\ (N \propto i) \geq 2);
        let L1 = N \propto i ! \theta;
        let L2 = N \propto i ! 1;
        let b = (length (N \propto i) = 2);
        let W = W(L1 := W L1 @ [(i, L2, b)]);
        let W = W(L2 := W L2 @ [(i, L1, b)]);
        RETURN\ W
      else RETURN W
    })
    W
  }
lemma rewatch-correctness:
  assumes [simp]: \langle W = (\lambda -. []) \rangle and
    H[dest]: \langle \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow distinct \ (N \propto x) \land length \ (N \propto x) \geq 2 \rangle
  shows
```

```
\langle rewatch \ N \ W \leq SPEC(\lambda W. \ correct-watching-init \ (M, N, C, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init\text{-}full :: \langle ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init\text{-}full \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init) \ set \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
      \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init\text{-}full = \{(S, S'). (fst S, fst S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l None \land State\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}l None \land State\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl\text{-}wl
                  snd S = snd S' \}
definition added-only-watched :: \langle (v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init\text{-}full \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init) \ set \rangle where
      \langle added-only-watched = \{(((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W), OC), ((M', N', D', NE', UE', Q'), OC')\}.
                       (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q) = (M', N', D', NE', UE', Q') \land OC = OC'
definition init-dt-wl-spec-full
      :: ('v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl-init-full \Rightarrow bool)
where
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{-}full\ C\ S\ T^{\prime\prime}\longleftrightarrow
           (\exists S' \ T \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land (T :: 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init, \ T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land
                  init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ C\ S'\ T' \land correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ (fst\ T'') \land (T'',\ T) \in added\text{-}only\text{-}watched)
definition init-dt-wl-full :: \langle v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl-init-full \ nres \rangle where
      \langle init-dt-wl-full\ CS\ S=do\{
               ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q), OC) \leftarrow init-dt-wl \ CS \ S;
                W \leftarrow rewatch \ N \ (\lambda -. \ []);
               RETURN ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W), OC)
      }>
lemma init-dt-wl-spec-rewatch-pre:
      \textbf{assumes} \ \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec} \ CS \ S \ T \rangle \ \textbf{and} \ \langle N = \textit{get\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl} \ T \rangle \ \textbf{and} \ \langle C \in \# \ \textit{dom-m} \ N \rangle
     shows (distinct (N \propto C) \land length (N \propto C) \geq 2)
lemma init-dt-wl-full-init-dt-wl-spec-full:
     assumes (init-dt-wl-pre CS S)
     shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}full\ CS\ S \leq SPEC\ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{-}full\ CS\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory CDCL-Conflict-Minimisation
     imports
             Watched	ext{-}Literals	ext{-}Watch	ext{-}List	ext{-}Domain
             WB	ext{-}More	ext{-}Refinement
begin
```

We implement the conflict minimisation as presented by Sörensson and Biere ("Minimizing Learned Clauses").

We refer to the paper for further details, but the general idea is to produce a series of resolution steps such that eventually (i.e., after enough resolution steps) no new literals has been introduced in the conflict clause.

The resolution steps are only done with the reasons of the of literals appearing in the trail. Hence these steps are terminating: we are "shortening" the trail we have to consider with each resolution step. Remark that the shortening refers to the length of the trail we have to consider, not the levels.

The concrete proof was harder than we initially expected. Our first proof try was to certify the resolution steps. While this worked out, adding caching on top of that turned to be rather hard, since it is not obvious how to add resolution steps in the middle of the current proof if the literal

has already been removed (basically we would have to prove termination and confluence of the rewriting system). Therefore, we worked instead directly on the entailment of the literals of the conflict clause (up to the point in the trail we currently considering, which is also the termination measure). The previous try is still present in our formalisation (see *minimize-conflict-support*, which we however only use for the termination proof).

The algorithm presented above does not distinguish between literals propagated at the same level: we cannot reuse information about failures to cut branches. There is a variant of the algorithm presented above that is able to do so (Van Gelder, "Improved Conflict-Clause Minimization Leads to Improved Propositional Proof Traces"). The algorithm is however more complicated and has only be implemented in very few solvers (at least lingeling and cadical) and is especially not part of glucose nor cryptominisat. Therefore, we have decided to not implement it: It is probably not worth it and requires some additional data structures.

**declare**  $cdcl_W$ -restart-mset-state[simp]

for *M* where resolve-propa:

```
type-synonym out\text{-}learned = \langle nat \ clause\text{-}l \rangle
```

The data structure contains the (unique) literal of highest at position one. This is useful since this is what we want to have at the end (propagation clause) and we can skip the first literal when minimising the clause.

```
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{out-learned} :: \langle (\textit{nat}, \ \textit{nat}) \ \textit{ann-lits} \Rightarrow \textit{nat} \ \textit{clause} \ \textit{option} \Rightarrow \textit{out-learned} \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \rangle \ \textbf{where}
   \langle out\text{-}learned\ M\ D\ out\ \longleftrightarrow
      out \neq [] \land
      (D = None \longrightarrow length \ out = 1) \land
      (D \neq None \longrightarrow mset \ (tl \ out) = filter-mset \ (\lambda L. \ get-level \ M \ L < count-decided \ M) \ (the \ D))
definition out-learned-conft :: \langle (nat, nat) | ann-lits \Rightarrow nat clause option \Rightarrow out-learned \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle out\text{-}learned\text{-}confl\ M\ D\ out \longleftrightarrow
       out \neq [] \land (D \neq None \land mset out = the D)
lemma out-learned-Cons-None[simp]:
   \langle out\text{-}learned \ (L \# aa) \ None \ ao \longleftrightarrow out\text{-}learned \ aa \ None \ ao \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma out-learned-tl-None[simp]:
   \langle out\text{-}learned\ (tl\ aa)\ None\ ao \longleftrightarrow out\text{-}learned\ aa\ None\ ao \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition index-in-trail :: \langle ('v, 'a) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
    (index-in-trail\ M\ L=index\ (map\ (atm-of\ o\ lit-of)\ (rev\ M))\ (atm-of\ L)) 
lemma Propagated-in-trail-entailed:
     invs: \langle cdcl_W \text{-}restart\text{-}mset.cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv (M, N, U, D) \rangle and
     in-trail: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ M \rangle
  shows
     \langle M \models as \ CNot \ (remove 1\text{-}mset \ L \ C) \rangle \ \ \mathbf{and} \ \ \langle L \in \# \ C \rangle \ \ \mathbf{and} \ \ \langle N + \ U \models pm \ C \rangle \ \ \mathbf{and}
     \langle K \in \# remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ C \Longrightarrow index\text{-}in\text{-}trail \ M \ K < index\text{-}in\text{-}trail \ M \ L \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
This predicate corresponds to one resolution step.
inductive minimize-conflict-support :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow bool \rangle
```

```
\langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M\ (add\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ C)\ (C+remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ E) \rangle
  if \langle Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ M \rangle \mid
remdups: \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M\ (add\text{-}mset\ L\ C)\ C \rangle
lemma index-in-trail-uminus[simp]: \langle index-in-trail M (-L) = index-in-trail M L\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
This is the termination argument of the conflict minimisation: the multiset of the levels decreases
(for the multiset ordering).
definition minimize-conflict-support-mes :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow nat \ multiset \rangle
  \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\text{-}mes\ M\ C = index\text{-}in\text{-}trail\ M\ '\#\ C \rangle
context
  fixes M :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \rangle and N \ U :: \langle 'v \ clauses \rangle and
    D :: \langle v \ clause \ option \rangle
  assumes invs: \langle cdcl_W - restart - mset.cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (M, N, U, D) \rangle
begin
private lemma
   no-dup: \langle no-dup M \rangle and
   consistent: \langle consistent\text{-}interp\ (lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma minimize-conflict-support-entailed-trail:
  assumes \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M\ C\ E \rangle and \langle M \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle
  shows \langle M \models as \ CNot \ E \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\text{-}entailed\text{-}trail:
  assumes (minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M)^{**}\ C\ E \ and\ (M \models as\ CNot\ C)
  shows \langle M \models as \ CNot \ E \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma minimize-conflict-support-mes:
  assumes \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M\ C\ E \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle \mathit{minimize-conflict-support-mes} \ \mathit{M} \ \mathit{E} < \mathit{minimize-conflict-support-mes} \ \mathit{M} \ \mathit{C} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-minimize-conflict-support:
  shows \langle wf \{ (C', C). minimize-conflict-support M C C' \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
end
lemma conflict-minimize-step:
  assumes
    \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ C \rangle and
    \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ (-L) \ D \rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge K' . K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ D \rangle
  shows \langle NU \models p D \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

This function filters the clause by the levels up the level of the given literal. This is the part the conflict clause that is considered when testing if the given literal is redundant.

```
definition filter-to-poslev where
     \langle filter-to-poslev M L D = filter-mset (\lambda K.\ index-in-trail M K < index-in-trail M L) D \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-uminus[simp]:
     \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ (-L)\ D = filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ D \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-empty[simp]:
     \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ \{\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-mono:
     (index-in-trail\ M\ K' \leq index-in-trail\ M\ L \Longrightarrow
      filter-to-poslev M K' D \subseteq \# filter-to-poslev M L D
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-mono-entailement:
     \langle index\text{-}in\text{-}trail\ M\ K' < index\text{-}in\text{-}trail\ M\ L \Longrightarrow
       NU \models p \text{ filter-to-poslev } M K' D \Longrightarrow NU \models p \text{ filter-to-poslev } M L D
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-mono-entailement-add-mset:
     \langle index\text{-}in\text{-}trail\ M\ K' \leq index\text{-}in\text{-}trail\ M\ L \Longrightarrow
       \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-}minimize\text{-}intermediate\text{-}step:
     assumes
         \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ C \rangle and
          K'-C: \langle \bigwedge K', K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ D \lor K' \in \# D \rangle
    shows \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ D \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-}minimize\text{-}intermediate\text{-}step\text{-}filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev:
     assumes
          lev-K-L: \langle \bigwedge K'. \ K' \in \# \ C \implies index-in-trail \ M \ K' < index-in-trail \ M \ L \rangle and
         NU\text{-}LC: \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ C \rangle and
         K'-C: (\bigwedge K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K' \cdot K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \cap K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \cap K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \cap K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \cap K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \cap K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \lor (-K' \cdot K' \cap K') \ (filter -to-poslev) \ (filter -to-poslev) \ (filter -to-poslev) \ (filter -to-po
             K' \in \# filter\text{-to-poslev } M L D
     shows \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ (filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L \ D) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
datatype minimize-status = SEEN-FAILED \mid SEEN-REMOVABLE \mid SEEN-UNKNOWN
instance minimize-status :: heap
\langle proof \rangle
instantiation minimize-status :: default
begin
     definition default-minimize-status where
          \langle default\text{-}minimize\text{-}status = SEEN\text{-}UNKNOWN \rangle
instance \langle proof \rangle
end
\mathbf{type\text{-}synonym} \ 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse = \langle ('v \ literal \times 'v \ clause) \ list \rangle
```

```
definition get-literal-and-remove-of-analyse
   :: \langle v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow (v \ literal \times v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle get	ext{-}literal	ext{-}and	ext{-}remove	ext{-}of	ext{-}analyse \ analyse =
    SPEC(\lambda(L, ana), L \in \# snd (hd analyse) \land tl ana = tl analyse \land ana \neq [] \land
           hd\ ana = (fst\ (hd\ analyse),\ snd\ (hd\ (analyse)) - \{\#L\#\}))
definition mark-failed-lits
  :: \langle - \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict-min-analyse \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict-min-cach \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict-min-cach \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits \ NU \ analyse \ cach = SPEC(\lambda cach'.)
      (\forall L. \ cach' \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE \longrightarrow cach \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE))
definition conflict-min-analysis-inv
  (v, 'a) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict-min-cach \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow bool
where
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\ M\ cach\ NU\ D\longleftrightarrow
    (\forall L. -L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ M \longrightarrow \mathit{cach}\ (\mathit{atm-of}\ L) = \mathit{SEEN-REMOVABLE} \longrightarrow
       set\text{-}mset\ NU \models p\ add\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ (filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ D))
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\text{-}update\text{-}removable\text{:}
  \langle no\text{-}dup\ M \Longrightarrow -L \in \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}l\ M \Longrightarrow
       conflict-min-analysis-inv M (cach(atm-of L := SEEN-REMOVABLE)) NU D \longleftrightarrow
       conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D \land set-mset NU \models p add-mset (-L) (filter-to-poslev M L D)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma conflict-min-analysis-inv-update-failed:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\ M\ cach\ NU\ D \Longrightarrow
   conflict-min-analysis-inv M (cach(L := SEEN-FAILED)) NU D
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{fun}\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack
  :: \langle ('v, 'a) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow boole
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ [] \longleftrightarrow True \rangle
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,E)\ \#\ []) \longleftrightarrow True \rangle
  (conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,\ E)\ \#\ (L',\ E')\ \#\ analyse)\longleftrightarrow
      (\exists C. set\text{-}mset \ NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ (-L') \ C \land
        (\forall K \in \#C - add\text{-mset } L E'. \text{ set-mset } NU \models p \text{ (filter-to-poslev } M L' D) + \{\#-K\#\} \lor
             K \in \# filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L' \ D) \ \land
         (\forall K \in \#C. index-in-trail\ M\ K < index-in-trail\ M\ L') \land
        E' \subseteq \# C) \land
      -L' \in lits-of-l M \wedge
      index-in-trail\ M\ L\ <\ index-in-trail\ M\ L'\ \wedge
      conflict-min-analysis-stack M NU D ((L', E') \# analyse))
lemma conflict-min-analysis-stack-change-hd:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,\ E)\ \#\ ana) \Longrightarrow
      conflict-min-analysis-stack M NU D ((L, E') \# ana)
  \langle proof \rangle
fun conflict-min-analysis-stack-hd
  :: \langle ('v, 'a) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow booling
```

**type-synonym** 'v conflict-min-cach =  $\langle v \Rightarrow minimize\text{-status} \rangle$ 

```
where
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\text{-}hd\ M\ NU\ D\ []\longleftrightarrow True \rangle\ []
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\text{-}hd\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,\ E)\ \#\ \text{-})\longleftrightarrow
     (\exists C. set\text{-}mset \ NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ (-L) \ C \land
     (\forall K \in \#C. index-in-trail\ M\ K < index-in-trail\ M\ L) \land E \subseteq \#\ C \land -L \in lits-of-l\ M\ \land
      (\forall K \in \#C - E. \ set\text{-}mset \ NU \models p \ (filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L \ D) + \{\#-K\#\} \lor K \in \# \ filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L \ D)
D))\rangle
lemma conflict-min-analysis-stack-tl:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ analyse \implies conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ (tl\ analyse) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{definition}\ \mathit{lit-redundant-inv}
  :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow
         'v conflict-min-cach \times 'v conflict-min-analyse \times bool \Rightarrow bool where
  (lit-redundant-inv M NU D init-analyse = (\lambda(cach, analyse, b)).
             conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D \land
             (analyse \neq [] \longrightarrow fst \ (hd \ init-analyse) = fst \ (last \ analyse)) \land
             (analyse = [] \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow cach (atm-of (fst (hd init-analyse))) = SEEN-REMOVABLE) \land
             conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ analyse\ \land
             conflict-min-analysis-stack-hd M NU D analyse)
definition lit-redundant-rec :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow
      'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach \Rightarrow 'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow
       ('v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach\ \times\ 'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse\ \times\ bool)\ nres)
where
  \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ analysis =
       WHILE_T
         (\lambda(cach, analyse, b). analyse \neq [])
         (\lambda(cach, analyse, b), do \{
              ASSERT(analyse \neq []);
              ASSERT(-fst \ (hd \ analyse) \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M);
              if snd \ (hd \ analyse) = \{\#\}
              then
                RETURN(cach\ (atm-of\ (fst\ (hd\ analyse)) := SEEN-REMOVABLE),\ tl\ analyse,\ True)
              else do {
                (L, analyse) \leftarrow qet-literal-and-remove-of-analyse analyse;
                ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
                b \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
                if (get\text{-}level\ M\ L = 0 \lor cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) = SEEN\text{-}REMOVABLE\ \lor\ L \in \#\ D)
                then RETURN (cach, analyse, False)
                else if b \vee cach \ (atm\text{-}of \ L) = SEEN\text{-}FAILED
                then do {
                    cach \leftarrow mark-failed-lits NU analyse cach;
                    RETURN (cach, [], False)
                else do {
                    C \leftarrow get\text{-propagation-reason } M \ (-L);
                    case C of
                      Some C \Rightarrow RETURN (cach, (L, C - \{\#-L\#\}) \# analyse, False)
                   | None \Rightarrow do \{
                        cach \leftarrow mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits \ NU \ analyse \ cach;
                        RETURN (cach, [], False)
             }
           }
```

```
(cach, analysis, False)
definition lit-redundant-rec-spec where
  \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}spec\ M\ NU\ D\ L\ =
    SPEC(\lambda(cach, analysis, b), (b \longrightarrow NU \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev \ M \ L \ D)) \land
     conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D)
lemma lit-redundant-rec-spec:
  fixes L :: \langle v | literal \rangle
 assumes invs: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (M, N + NE, U + UE, D') \rangle
  assumes
    init-analysis: \langle init-analysis = [(L, C)] \rangle and
    in-trail: \langle Propagated (-L) \ (add\text{-mset} \ (-L) \ C) \in set \ M \rangle and
    \langle conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach (N + NE + U + UE) D \rangle and
    L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    M-D: \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle
  shows
    \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\ M\ (N+U)\ D\ cach\ init\text{-}analysis \leq
      lit-redundant-rec-spec M (N + U + NE + UE) D L)
\langle proof \rangle
definition literal-redundant-spec where
  \label{eq:literal-redundant-spec} \textit{M NU D L} =
    SPEC(\lambda(cach, analysis, b), (b \longrightarrow NU \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev \ M \ L \ D)) \land
     conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D)
definition literal-redundant where
  \langle literal\text{-}redundant\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ L=do\ \{
     ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
     if get-level M L = 0 \lor cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-REMOVABLE
     then RETURN (cach, [], True)
     else if cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-FAILED
     then RETURN (cach, [], False)
     else do {
       C \leftarrow get\text{-}propagation\text{-}reason\ M\ (-L);
       case C of
         Some C \Rightarrow lit\text{-redundant-rec } M \ NU \ D \ cach \ [(L, C - \{\#-L\#\})]
       | None \Rightarrow do \{
           RETURN (cach, [], False)
lemma true-clss-cls-add-self: \langle NU \models p \ D' + D' \longleftrightarrow NU \models p \ D' \rangle
lemma true-clss-cls-add-add-mset-self: \langle NU \models p \text{ add-mset } L \ (D' + D') \longleftrightarrow NU \models p \text{ add-mset } L \ D' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-remove1:
  \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ K\ D) =
      (if index-in-trail M K \leq index-in-trail M L then remove 1-mset K (filter-to-poslev M L D)
   else filter-to-poslev M L D
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ filter	ext{-}to	ext{-}poslev	ext{-}add	ext{-}mset:
  \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ (add\text{-}mset\ K\ D) =
       (if index-in-trail M K < index-in-trail M L then add-mset K (filter-to-poslev M L D)
   else filter-to-poslev M L D
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ filter-to\text{-}poslev\text{-}conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv:}
  assumes
     L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
     NU-uLD: \langle N+U \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev \ M \ L \ D) \rangle and
     inv: \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\ M\ cach\ (N+U)\ D \rangle
  shows \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\ M\ cach\ (N+U)\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma can-filter-to-poslev-can-remove:
  assumes
     L\text{-}D: \langle L\in \#\ D\rangle and
     \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle and
     NU-D: \langle NU \models pm \ D \rangle and
     NU-uLD: \langle NU \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev \ M \ L \ D) \rangle
  shows \langle NU \models pm \ remove1\text{-}mset \ L \ D \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literal-redundant-spec:
  fixes L :: \langle v | literal \rangle
  assumes invs: \langle cdcl_W - restart - mset.cdcl_W - all - struct - inv \ (M, N + NE, U + UE, D') \rangle
  assumes
     inv: \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv \ M \ cach \ (N+NE+U+UE) \ D \rangle and
     L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
     M-D: \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle
  shows
     \langle literal - redundant \ M \ (N + U) \ D \ cach \ L \leq literal - redundant - spec \ M \ (N + U + NE + UE) \ D \ L \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition set-all-to-list where
  \langle set\text{-}all\text{-}to\text{-}list\ e\ ys=do\ \{
      S \leftarrow \textit{WHILE} \\ \lambda(i, \textit{xs}). \ i \leq \textit{length xs} \\ \wedge (\forall \textit{x} \in \textit{set (take i xs)}. \ \textit{x} = \textit{e}) \\ \wedge \textit{length xs} = \textit{length ys}
        (\lambda(i, xs). i < length xs)
         (\lambda(i, xs). do \{
           ASSERT(i < length xs);
           RETURN(i+1, xs[i := e])
          })
        (\theta, ys);
     RETURN (snd S)
     }>
lemma
  \langle set-all-to-list\ e\ ys \leq SPEC(\lambda xs.\ length\ xs = length\ ys \land (\forall\ x \in set\ xs.\ x = e)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition get-literal-and-remove-of-analyse-wl
   :: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow (nat \times nat) \ list \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \times (nat \times nat) \ list \rangle where
  \langle get	ext{-}literal	ext{-}and	ext{-}remove	ext{-}of	ext{-}analyse	ext{-}wl~C~analyse} =
     (let (i, j) = last analyse in
```

```
(C \mid j, analyse[length analyse - 1 := (i, j + 1)]))
definition mark-failed-lits-wl
where
      \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}wl \ NU \ analyse \ cach = SPEC(\lambda cach'.)
             (\forall L. \ cach' \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE \longrightarrow cach \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE))
definition lit-redundant-rec-wl-ref where
      \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl\text{-}ref\ NU\ analyse} \longleftrightarrow
                   (\forall (i, j) \in set \ analyse. \ j \leq length \ (NU \propto i) \land i \in \# \ dom-m \ NU \land j \geq 1 \land i > 0)
definition lit-redundant-rec-wl-inv where
      \langle lit\text{-red}undant\text{-rec-wl-inv} \ M \ NU \ D = (\lambda(cach, analyse, b), lit\text{-red}undant\text{-rec-wl-ref} \ NU \ analyse) \rangle
context isasat-input-ops
begin
definition (in –) lit-redundant-rec-wl :: \langle (v, nat) | ann-lits \Rightarrow v | clauses-l \Rightarrow v | clause \Rightarrow v | clause
             \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow
                (-\times -\times bool) nres
where
      \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ analysis\ -=
                 WHILE_T lit-redundant-rec-wl-inv M N U D
                     (\lambda(cach, analyse, b). analyse \neq [])
                     (\lambda(cach, analyse, b). do \{
                                 ASSERT(analyse \neq []);
                                 ASSERT(fst\ (last\ analyse) \in \#\ dom-m\ NU);
                                 let C = NU \propto fst \ (last \ analyse);
                                 ASSERT(length \ C \geq 1);
                                 let i = snd (last analyse);
                                 ASSERT(C!0 \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}lM);
                                 if i \geq length C
                                 then
                                         RETURN(cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ (C!\ 0) := SEEN\text{-}REMOVABLE),\ butlast\ analyse,\ True)
                                         let (L, analyse) = get-literal-and-remove-of-analyse-wl C analyse;
                                         ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
                                         b \leftarrow RES (UNIV);
                                         if (get\text{-}level\ M\ L = 0 \lor cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) = SEEN\text{-}REMOVABLE \lor L \in \#\ D)
                                         then RETURN (cach, analyse, False)
                                         else if b \lor cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-FAILED
                                         then do {
                                                 cach \leftarrow mark-failed-lits-wl NU analyse cach;
                                                 RETURN (cach, [], False)
                                         else do {
                                                 C \leftarrow get\text{-propagation-reason } M \ (-L);
                                                 case C of
                                                      Some C \Rightarrow RETURN (cach, analyse @ [(C, 1)], False)
                                                 | None \Rightarrow do \{
                                                            cach \leftarrow mark-failed-lits-wl NU analyse cach;
                                                           RETURN (cach, [], False)
                                      }
```

```
})
        (cach, analysis, False)
fun convert-analysis-l where
  \textit{(convert-analysis-l NU (i, j) = (-NU \propto i ! 0, \textit{mset (drop j (NU \propto i)))})}
definition convert-analysis-list where
  \langle convert\text{-}analysis\text{-}list\ NU\ analyse = map\ (convert\text{-}analysis\text{-}l\ NU)\ (rev\ analyse) \rangle
lemma convert-analysis-list-empty[simp]:
  \langle convert\text{-}analysis\text{-}list\ NU\ []=[] \rangle
  \langle convert\text{-}analysis\text{-}list\ NU\ a=[]\longleftrightarrow a=[]\rangle
lemma lit-redundant-rec-wl:
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl - st - wl \rangle and S' :: \langle nat \ twl - st - l \rangle and S'' :: \langle nat \ twl - st \rangle and NU \ M \ analyse
     [simp]: \langle S''' \equiv state_W \text{-} of S'' \rangle
  defines
    \langle M \equiv get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S \rangle and
    M': \langle M' \equiv trail S''' \rangle and
    NU: \langle NU \equiv \textit{get-clauses-wl } S \rangle and
    NU': \langle NU' \equiv mset '\# ran\text{-}mf NU \rangle and
    \langle analyse' \equiv convert-analysis-list\ NU\ analyse \rangle
  assumes
     S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
    S'-S'': \langle (S', S'') \in twl-st-l None \rangle and
    bounds\text{-}init\text{: } \langle \textit{lit-redundant-rec-wl-ref NU analyse} \rangle \textbf{ and }
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S'' \rangle and
     add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S' \rangle
  shows
    \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ analyse\ lbv \leq \downarrow \rangle
        (Id \times_r \{(analyse, analyse'). analyse' = convert-analysis-list NU analyse \land
            lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl\text{-}ref\ NU\ analyse}\} \times_r bool\text{-}rel)
        (lit-redundant-rec M' NU' D cach analyse')
   (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow (-\times_r ?A \times_r -) \rightarrow \mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow ?R \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
definition literal-redundant-wl where
  \langle literal - redundant - wl \ M \ NU \ D \ cach \ L \ lbd = do \ \{
      ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
      if get-level ML = 0 \lor cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-REMOVABLE
      then RETURN (cach, [], True)
      else if cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-FAILED
      then RETURN (cach, [], False)
      else do {
        C \leftarrow get\text{-}propagation\text{-}reason\ M\ (-L);
        case C of
           Some C \Rightarrow lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl \ M \ NU \ D \ cach \ [(C, 1)] \ lbd
        | None \Rightarrow do \{
             RETURN (cach, [], False)
     }
  \}
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{literal-redundant-wl-literal-redundant}:
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle and S' :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \rangle and S'' :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st \rangle and NUM
  defines
     [simp]: \langle S^{\prime\prime\prime} \equiv state_W \text{-} of S^{\prime\prime} \rangle
  defines
    \langle M \equiv \textit{get-trail-wl S} \rangle and
    M': \langle M' \equiv trail S''' \rangle and
    NU: \langle NU \equiv \textit{get-clauses-wl } S \rangle and
    NU': \langle NU' \equiv mset ' \# ran-mf NU \rangle
  assumes
     S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
    S'-S'': \langle (S', S'') \in twl-st-l None \rangle and
    \langle M \equiv \textit{get-trail-wl S} \rangle and
    M': \langle M' \equiv trail S''' \rangle and
    NU: \langle NU \equiv \textit{get-clauses-wl } S \rangle and
    NU': \langle NU' \equiv mset '\# ran-mf NU \rangle
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S'' \rangle and
    add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S' \rangle and
    L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    M-D: \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle
  shows
     \langle literal\text{-}redundant\text{-}wl\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ L\ lbd \leq \downarrow \rangle
        (Id \times_r \{(analyse, analyse'). analyse' = convert-analysis-list NU analyse \land
            (\forall (i, j) \in set \ analyse. \ j \leq length \ (NU \propto i) \land i \in \# \ dom-m \ NU \land j \geq 1 \land i > 0) \} \times_r bool-rel)
        (literal-redundant\ M'\ NU'\ D\ cach\ L)
   (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow (-\times_r ?A \times_r -) \rightarrow \mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow ?R \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
definition mark-failed-lits-stack-inv where
  \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}stack\text{-}inv \ NU \ analyse = (\lambda cach.
        (\forall (i,j) \in set \ analyse. \ j \leq length \ (NU \propto i) \land i \in \# \ dom-m \ NU \land j \geq 1 \land i > 0))
We mark all the literals from the current literal stack as failed, since every minimisation call
will find the same minimisation problem.
definition (in isasat-input-ops) mark-failed-lits-stack where
  \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}stack \ NU \ analyse \ cach = do \ \{
    (\text{ -, } cach) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \\ \lambda(\text{-, } cach). \textit{ mark-failed-lits-stack-inv NU analyse } cach
       (\lambda(i, cach), i < length analyse)
       (\lambda(i, cach). do \{
         ASSERT(i < length \ analyse);
         let (cls-idx, idx) = analyse ! i;
         ASSERT(atm\text{-}of\ (NU \propto cls\text{-}idx\ !\ (idx\ -\ 1)) \in \#\ \mathcal{A}_{in});
         RETURN \ (i+1, cach \ (atm-of \ (NU \propto cls-idx \ ! \ (idx - 1)) := SEEN-FAILED))
       })
       (0, cach);
     RETURN cach
lemma mark-failed-lits-stack-mark-failed-lits-wl:
    \langle (uncurry2 \ mark-failed-lits-stack, \ uncurry2 \ mark-failed-lits-wl) \in
        [\lambda((NU, analyse), cach). literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm \ (mset '\# ran-mf NU) \land
            mark-failed-lits-stack-inv NU analyse cach | f
```

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathit{Id} \times_f \mathit{Id} \times_f \mathit{Id} \to \langle \mathit{Id} \rangle \mathit{nres-rel} \rangle \\ \langle \mathit{proof} \rangle \end{array}$$

 $\quad \text{end} \quad$ 

end