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```
Refine	ext{-}Monadic.Refine	ext{-}Monadic
    Native\text{-}Word\text{-}Imperative\text{-}HOL
    Native-Word. Code-Target-Bits-Int Native-Word. Uint32 Native-Word. Uint64
     HOL-Word.More-Word
begin
instantiation nat:: bit-comprehension
begin
definition test-bit-nat :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  test-bit i j = test-bit (int i) j
definition lsb-nat :: \langle nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  lsb \ i = (int \ i :: int) !! \ \theta
definition set-bit-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow nat where
  set-bit i n b = nat (bin-sc n b (int i))
definition set-bits-nat :: (nat \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow nat where
  set-bits f =
  (if \exists n. \forall n' \geq n. \neg f n' then
     let n = LEAST n. \forall n' \geq n. \neg f n'
     in nat (bl-to-bin (rev (map f [0..< n])))
   else if \exists n. \forall n' \geq n. f n' then
     let n = LEAST n. \forall n' \geq n. f n'
     in nat (sbintrunc n (bl-to-bin (True \# rev (map f [0..<n]))))
   else \ 0 :: nat)
definition shiftl-nat where
  shiftl \ x \ n = nat \ ((int \ x) * 2 \ \widehat{\ } n)
definition shiftr-nat where
  shiftr \ x \ n = nat \ (int \ x \ div \ 2 \ \widehat{\ } n)
definition bitNOT-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitNOT i = nat (bitNOT (int i))
definition bitAND-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitAND \ i \ j = nat \ (bitAND \ (int \ i) \ (int \ j))
definition bitOR-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitOR \ i \ j = nat \ (bitOR \ (int \ i) \ (int \ j))
definition bitXOR-nat :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat where
  bitXOR \ i \ j = nat \ (bitXOR \ (int \ i) \ (int \ j))
instance \langle proof \rangle
end
lemma nat\text{-}shiftr[simp]:
  m >> 0 = m
  \langle ((\theta::nat) >> m) = \theta \rangle
  \langle (m >> Suc \ n) = (m \ div \ 2 >> n) \rangle  for m :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma nat-shift-div: \langle m \rangle n = m \ div \ (2\hat{\ } n) \rangle for m:: nat
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-shiftl[simp]:
   m << \theta = m
  \langle ((\theta::nat) << m) = 0 \rangle
  \langle (m \ll Suc \ n) = ((m * 2) \ll n) \rangle for m :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-shiftr-div2: \langle m \rangle > 1 = m \ div \ 2 \rangle for m::nat
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-shiftr-div: (m \ll n = m * (2^n)) for m :: nat
   \langle proof \rangle
definition shiftl1 :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle shiftl1 \ n = n << 1 \rangle
definition shiftr1 :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
   \langle shiftr1 \ n = n >> 1 \rangle
instantiation natural :: bit-comprehension
begin
context includes natural.lifting begin
lift-definition test-bit-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle is test-bit \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition lsb-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow bool \rangle is lsb \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition set-bit-natural :: natural \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow natural is
  set-bit \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition set\text{-}bits\text{-}natural :: \langle (nat \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle set\text{-}bits :: (nat \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition shiftl-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle shiftl :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition shiftr-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle shiftr :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitNOT-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitNOT :: nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitAND-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitAND :: nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitOR-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitOR :: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
lift-definition bitXOR-natural :: \langle natural \Rightarrow natural \Rightarrow natural \rangle
  is \langle bitXOR :: nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

end

```
instance \langle proof \rangle
end
context includes natural.lifting begin
lemma [code]:
  integer-of-natural\ (m >> n) = (integer-of-natural\ m) >> n
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [code]:
  integer-of-natural\ (m << n) = (integer-of-natural\ m) << n
end
lemma bitXOR-1-if-mod-2: \langle bitXOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L - 1) \rangle for L :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-1-mod-2: \langle bitAND \ L \ 1 = L \ mod \ 2 \rangle for L :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftl-0-uint32[simp]: \langle n << \theta = n \rangle for n :: uint32
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftl-Suc-uint32: (n \ll Suc \ m = (n \ll m) \ll 1) for n :: uint32
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat\text{-}set\text{-}bit\text{-}\theta: \langle set\text{-}bit \ x \ \theta \ b = nat \ ((bin\text{-}rest \ (int \ x)) \ BIT \ b) \rangle for x :: nat
lemma nat\text{-}test\text{-}bit0\text{-}iff: \langle n \parallel 0 \longleftrightarrow n \mod 2 = 1 \rangle for n :: nat
lemma test-bit-2: \langle m > 0 \Longrightarrow (2*n) \parallel m \longleftrightarrow n \parallel (m-1) \rangle for n :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma test-bit-Suc-2: \langle m > 0 \Longrightarrow Suc \ (2*n) \ !! \ m \longleftrightarrow (2*n) \ !! \ m \rangle for n::nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bin-rest-prev-eq:
  assumes [simp]: \langle m > 0 \rangle
  shows \langle nat \ ((bin\text{-}rest \ (int \ w))) \ !! \ (m - Suc \ (0::nat)) = w \ !! \ m \rangle
lemma bin-sc-ge\theta: \langle w \rangle = \theta ==> (\theta :: int) \leq bin-sc n \ b \ w \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bin-to-bl-eq-nat:
  (bin-to-bl\ (size\ a)\ (int\ a)=bin-to-bl\ (size\ b)\ (int\ b)==>a=b)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-bin-nth-bl: n < m \implies w !! n = nth (rev (bin-to-bl m (int w))) n for w :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma bin-nth-ge-size: $(nat\ na \le n \implies 0 \le na \implies bin$ - $nth\ na\ n = False)$

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma test-bit-nat-outside: n > size \ w \Longrightarrow \neg w !! \ n \ {\bf for} \ w :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-bin-nth-bl':
  \langle a :! : n \longleftrightarrow (n < size \ a \land (rev \ (bin-to-bl \ (size \ a) \ (int \ a)) \ ! \ n)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-set-bit-test-bit: \langle set-bit w n x !! m = (if m = n then x else w !! m) \rangle for w n :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory WB-More-Refinement
  imports Weidenbach-Book-Base. WB-List-More
    HOL-Library. Cardinality
    HOL-Library.Rewrite
    HOL-Eisbach.Eisbach
    Refine	ext{-}Monadic.Refine	ext{-}Basic
    Automatic-Refinement. Automatic-Refinement\\
    Automatic-Refinement.Relators
    Refine-Monadic.Refine-While
    Refine-Monadic.Refine-Foreach
begin
\mathbf{hide\text{-}const} Autoref\text{-}Fix\text{-}Rel. CONSTRAINT
definition fref :: ('c \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'c) \ set \Rightarrow ('b \times 'd) \ set
            \Rightarrow (('a \Rightarrow 'b) \times ('c \Rightarrow 'd)) set
    ([-]_f \to -[0,60,60] 60)
  where [P]_f R \to S \equiv \{(f,g), \forall x y, P y \land (x,y) \in R \longrightarrow (f x, g y) \in S\}
abbreviation freft (- \rightarrow_f - [60,60] 60) where R \rightarrow_f S \equiv ([\lambda-. True]<sub>f</sub> R \rightarrow S)
lemma frefI[intro?]:
  assumes \bigwedge x \ y. \llbracket P \ y; \ (x,y) \in R \rrbracket \implies (f \ x, \ g \ y) \in S
  shows (f,g) \in fref P R S
lemma fref-mono: \llbracket \bigwedge x. \ P' \ x \Longrightarrow P \ x; \ R' \subseteq R; \ S \subseteq S' \rrbracket
    \Longrightarrow \mathit{fref}\ P\ R\ S\subseteq \mathit{fref}\ P'\ R'\ S'
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma meta-same-imp-rule: ([PROP\ P;\ PROP\ P] \Longrightarrow PROP\ Q) \equiv (PROP\ P \Longrightarrow PROP\ Q)
lemma split-prod-bound: (\lambda p. f p) = (\lambda(a,b). f (a,b)) \langle proof \rangle
This lemma cannot be moved to Weidenbach-Book-Base. WB-List-More, because the syntax
CARD('a) does not exist there.
lemma finite-length-le-CARD:
  assumes \langle distinct \ (xs :: 'a :: finite \ list) \rangle
  shows \langle length \ xs \leq CARD('a) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

0.0.1 Some Tooling for Refinement

The following very simple tactics remove duplicate variables generated by some tactic like refine-rcg. For example, if the problem contains (i, C) = (xa, xb), then only i and C will remain. It can also prove trivial goals where the goals already appears in the assumptions.

```
method remove-dummy-vars uses simps =
  ((unfold prod.inject)?; (simp only: prod.inject)?; (elim conjE)?;
    hypsubst?; (simp only: triv-forall-equality simps)?)
From \rightarrow to \Downarrow
lemma Ball2-split-def: \langle (\forall (x, y) \in A. \ P \ x \ y) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \ y. \ (x, y) \in A \longrightarrow P \ x \ y) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-pair-collect-simp: (a,b) \in \{(a,b), P \ a \ b\} \longleftrightarrow P \ a \ b
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{ML} (
signature\ MORE\text{-}REFINEMENT = signature
  val\ down\text{-}converse: Proof.context -> thm -> thm
end
structure\ More-Refinement:\ MORE-REFINEMENT=struct
  val\ unfold\text{-refine} = (fn\ context => Local\text{-}Defs.unfold\ (context))
   @{thms refine-rel-defs nres-rel-def in-pair-collect-simp})
  val\ unfold\text{-}Ball = (fn\ context => Local\text{-}Defs.unfold\ (context)
    @{thms Ball2-split-def all-to-meta})
  val\ replace-ALL-by-meta=(fn\ context=>fn\ thm=>Object-Logic.rulify\ context\ thm)
  val\ down\text{-}converse = (fn\ context =>
    replace-ALL-by-meta context o (unfold-Ball context) o (unfold-refine context))
end
\rangle
attribute-setup to-\psi = \langle
    Scan.succeed (Thm.rule-attribute [] (More-Refinement.down-converse o Context.proof-of))
 ) convert theorem from @\{text \rightarrow\}-form to @\{text \downarrow\}-form.
method to - \Downarrow =
   (unfold refine-rel-defs nres-rel-def in-pair-collect-simp;
   unfold Ball2-split-def all-to-meta;
   intro\ allI\ impI)
Merge Post-Conditions
lemma Down-add-assumption-middle:
  assumes
    \langle nofail\ U \rangle and
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \land P T1 \land Q' T1 T0 \} U \rangle and
    \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1), R T2 T1 \} V \rangle
  shows \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \land P T1 \} V \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ Down	ext{-}del	ext{-}assumption	ext{-}middle:
    \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0). \ Q \ T1 \ T0 \land P \ T1 \land Q' \ T1 \ T0 \} \ S0 \rangle
 shows \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \land Q' T1 T0 \} S0 \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Down-add-assumption-beginning:
  assumes
    \langle nofail\ U \rangle and
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), P T1 \land Q' T1 T0 \} U \rangle and
    \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \} V \rangle
  shows \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \land P T1 \} V \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Down-add-assumption-beginning-single:
  assumes
    \langle nofail\ U \rangle and
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), P T1 \} U \rangle and
    \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \} V \rangle
  shows \langle W \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \land P T1 \} V \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Down-del-assumption-beginning:
  fixes U :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle and V :: \langle 'b \ nres \rangle and Q \ Q' :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool \rangle
  assumes
    \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \land Q' T1 T0 \} U \rangle
  shows \langle V \leq \downarrow \{ (T1, T0), Q' T1 T0 \} U \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
method unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post =
  ((unfold meta-same-imp-rule True-implies-equals conj-assoc)?)
method unify-Down-invs2 =
  (match premises in
        — if the relation 2-1 has not assumption, we add True. Then we call out method again and this
time it will match since it has an assumption.
       I: \langle S1 \leq \Downarrow R10 S0 \rangle and
       J[thin]: \langle S2 < \Downarrow R21 S1 \rangle
        for S1:: \langle b \ nres \rangle and S0:: \langle a \ nres \rangle and S2:: \langle c \ nres \rangle and R10 \ R21 \Rightarrow
         \langle insert\ True\text{-}implies\text{-}equals[where}\ P = \langle S2 \leq \Downarrow\ R21\ S1 \rangle,\ symmetric,
             THEN \ equal-elim-rule1, \ OF \ J
    \mid I[thin]: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{(T1, T0), P T1\} \mid S0 \rangle \mid (multi) \text{ and }
       J[thin]: - for S1:: \langle b \ nres \rangle and S0:: \langle a \ nres \rangle and P:: \langle b \Rightarrow bool \rangle \Rightarrow
        \langle match \ J[uncurry] \ in
          J[curry]: \leftarrow \implies S2 \leq \Downarrow \{(T2, T1). \ R \ T2 \ T1\} \ S1 \land for \ S2 :: \langle c \ nres \rangle \ and \ R \Rightarrow
           \langle insert\ Down-add-assumption-beginning-single | where\ P=P\ and\ R=R\ and
                  W = S2 \text{ and } V = S1 \text{ and } U = S0, OF - IJ;
             unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post
        | - \Rightarrow \langle fail \rangle \rangle
   |I[thin]: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{(T1, T0). \ P \ T1 \land Q' \ T1 \ T0\} \ S0 \rangle \ (multi) \ and
     J[thin]: - for S1::\langle b \text{ } nres \rangle and S0::\langle a \text{ } nres \rangle and Q' and P::\langle b \Rightarrow bool \rangle \Rightarrow
        \langle match \ J[uncurry] \ in
          J[curry]: \langle - \Longrightarrow S2 < \downarrow \{ (T2, T1), R T2 T1 \} S1 \rangle \text{ for } S2 :: \langle 'c \text{ nres} \rangle \text{ and } R \Rightarrow
           (insert Down-add-assumption-beginning where Q' = Q' and P = P and R = R and
                 W = S2 and V = S1 and U = S0,
                OF - IJ;
             insert Down-del-assumption-beginning[where Q = \langle \lambda S -. P S \rangle and Q' = Q' and V = S1 and
               U = S0, OFI;
           unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post
        | - \Rightarrow \langle fail \rangle \rangle
```

```
|I[thin]: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \{(T1, T0), Q T0 T1 \wedge Q' T1 T0\} S0 \rangle (multi) and
       J: - for S1:: \langle b \mid nres \rangle and S0:: \langle a \mid nres \rangle and Q \mid Q' \Rightarrow
         \langle match\ J[uncurry]\ in
            J[curry]: \langle - \Longrightarrow S2 \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). \ R \ T2 \ T1 \} \ S1 \rangle \ for \ S2 :: \langle 'c \ nres \rangle \ and \ R \Rightarrow
              (insert Down-del-assumption-beginning where Q = \langle \lambda x y. Q y x \rangle and Q' = Q', OF I];
               unify-Down-invs2-normalisation-post
         | - \Rightarrow \langle fail \rangle \rangle
  )
Example:
lemma
  assumes
     \langle nofail S0 \rangle and
     1: \langle S1 \leq \downarrow \} \{ (T1, T0), Q T1 T0 \land P T1 \land P' T1 \land P''' T1 \land Q' T1 T0 \land P42 T1 \} S0 \rangle and
     2: \langle S2 \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). R T2 T1 \} S1 \rangle
  shows \langle S2 \rangle
       \leq \downarrow \{ (T2, T1). \}
               R T2 T1 \wedge
               P T1 \wedge P' T1 \wedge P''' T1 \wedge P42 T1
            S1
   \langle proof \rangle
Inversion Tactics
lemma refinement-trans-long:
   \langle A = A' \Longrightarrow B = B' \Longrightarrow R \subseteq R' \Longrightarrow A \leq \Downarrow R B \Longrightarrow A' \leq \Downarrow R' B' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma mem-set-trans:
   \langle A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow a \in A \Longrightarrow a \in B \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ fun\text{-}rel\text{-}syn\text{-}invert:
  \langle a = a' \Longrightarrow b \subseteq b' \Longrightarrow a \to b \subseteq a' \to b' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-param1: R \rightarrow S = fref \ (\lambda-. True) R \ S
lemma fref-syn-invert:
   \langle a = a' \Longrightarrow b \subseteq b' \Longrightarrow a \to_f b \subseteq a' \to_f b' \rangle
lemma nres-rel-mono:
  \langle a \subseteq a' \implies \langle a \rangle \ nres-rel \subseteq \langle a' \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
method match-spec =
   (match conclusion in \langle (f, g) \in R \rangle for f g R \Rightarrow
     \langle print\text{-}term\ f;\ match\ premises\ in\ I[thin]:\ \langle (f,\ g)\in R'\rangle\ for\ R'
          \Rightarrow \langle print\text{-}term \ R'; \ rule \ mem\text{-}set\text{-}trans[OF - I] \rangle \rangle
method match-fun-rel =
   ((match conclusion in
         \langle \text{-} \rightarrow \text{-} \subseteq \text{-} \rightarrow \text{-} \rangle \Rightarrow \langle \textit{rule fun-rel-mono} \rangle
      | \langle - \rightarrow_f - \subseteq - \rightarrow_f - \rangle \Rightarrow \langle rule \ fref-syn-invert \rangle
```

```
|\ \langle\langle \cdot\rangle nres - rel \subseteq \langle \cdot\rangle nres - rel\rangle \Rightarrow \langle rule \ nres - rel - mono\rangle \\ |\ \langle[\cdot]_f - \to - \subseteq [\cdot]_f - \to -\rangle \Rightarrow \langle rule \ fref - mono\rangle \\ )+)
|\ \text{lemma } weaken - SPEC2: \ \langle m' \leq SPEC \ \Phi \implies m = m' \implies (\bigwedge x. \ \Phi \ x \implies \Psi \ x) \implies m \leq SPEC \ \Psi \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle
|\ \text{method } match - spec - trans = \\ (match \ \text{conclusion in } \langle f \leq SPEC \ R \rangle \ \text{for } f :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle \ \text{and } R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow bool \rangle \Rightarrow \\ \langle print - term \ f ; \ match \ premises \ in \ I: \langle - \implies - \implies f' \leq SPEC \ R' \rangle \ for \ f' :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle \ and \ R' :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow bool \rangle \Rightarrow \\ \langle print - term \ f' ; \ rule \ weaken - SPEC2[of \ f' \ R' \ f \ R] \rangle \rangle)
|\ \text{0.0.2 More Notations}
|\ \text{abbreviation } uncurry 2 \ f \equiv uncurry \ (uncurry \ f)
|\ \text{abbreviation } uncurry 3 \ f \equiv uncurry \ (uncurry 2 \ f)
|\ \text{abbreviation } uncurry 3 \ f \equiv uncurry \ (uncurry 2 \ f)
|\ \text{abbreviation } uncurry 4 \ f \equiv uncurry \ (uncurry 3 \ f)
|\ \text{abbreviation } uncurry 4 \ f \equiv uncurry \ (uncurry 3 \ f)
```

abbreviation comp4 (infix1 oooo 55) where $f oooo g \equiv \lambda x. f ooo (g x)$

```
abbreviation comp5 (infixl ooooo 55)
                                                        where f ooooo g \equiv
                                                                                     \lambda x. \ f \ oooo \ (g \ x)
abbreviation comp6 (infixl oooooo 55)
                                                        where f oooooo g \equiv
                                                                                     \lambda x. \ f \ ooooo \ (g \ x)
abbreviation comp7 (infixl ooooooo 55)
                                                        where f ooooooo g \equiv \lambda x. f oooooo (g x)
abbreviation comp8 (infixl oooooooo 55)
                                                       where f ooooooo g \equiv \lambda x. f oooooo (g x)
abbreviation comp9 (infix) ooooooooo 55) where f ooooooooo q \equiv \lambda x f oooooooo (q x)
abbreviation comp10 (infix) concooooooo 55) where f concoooooo <math>g \equiv \lambda x. f concoooooo (g x)
abbreviation comp11 (infix) o_{11} 55) where f o_{11} g \equiv \lambda x. f ooooooooo (g x)
abbreviation comp12 (infixl o_{12} 55) where f o_{12} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{11} (g x)
abbreviation comp13 (infixl o_{13} 55) where f o_{13} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{12} (g x)
abbreviation comp14 (infixl o_{14} 55) where f o_{14} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{13} (g x)
abbreviation comp15 (infixl o_{15} 55) where f o_{15} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{14} (g x)
abbreviation comp16 (infixl o_{16} 55) where f o_{16} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{15} (g x)
abbreviation comp17 (infixl o_{17} 55) where f o_{17} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{16} (g x)
abbreviation comp18 (infixl o_{18} 55) where f o_{18} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{17} (g x)
abbreviation comp19 (infixl o_{19} 55) where f o_{19} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{18} (g x)
abbreviation comp20 (infixl o_{20} 55) where f o_{20} g \equiv \lambda x. f o_{19} (g x)
notation
  comp4 (infixl 00055) and
  comp5 (infixl \circ \circ \circ \circ 55) and
  comp6 (infixl \circ\circ\circ\circ\circ 55) and
  comp 7 (infixl 00000055) and
  comp8 (infixl \circ\circ\circ\circ\circ\circ\circ 55) and
  comp9 (infixl ooooooo 55) and
  comp11 (infixl \circ_{11} 55) and
  comp12 (infixl \circ_{12} 55) and
  comp13 (infixl \circ_{13} 55) and
  comp14 (infixl \circ_{14} 55) and
  comp15 (infixl \circ_{15} 55) and
  comp16 (infixl \circ_{16} 55) and
  comp17 (infixl \circ_{17} 55) and
  comp18 (infixl \circ_{18} 55) and
  comp19 (infixl \circ_{19} 55) and
  comp20 (infixl \circ_{20} 55)
           More Theorems for Refinement
lemma SPEC-add-information: \langle P \Longrightarrow A \leq SPEC | Q \Longrightarrow A \leq SPEC(\lambda x. | Q | x \land P) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-refine-spec: ( \bigwedge x. \Phi x \Longrightarrow f x \le \psi R M) \Longrightarrow M' \le SPEC \Phi \Longrightarrow M' \gg f \le \psi R M)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma intro-spec-iff:
  \langle (RES \ X \gg f < M) = (\forall x \in X. \ f \ x < M) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma case-prod-bind:
  assumes \langle \bigwedge x1 \ x2. \ x = (x1, x2) \Longrightarrow f \ x1 \ x2 \le \Downarrow R \ I \rangle
  shows \langle (case \ x \ of \ (x1, \ x2) \Rightarrow f \ x1 \ x2) \leq \Downarrow R \ I \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in transfer) transfer-bool[refine-transfer]:
  assumes \alpha fa \leq Fa
 assumes \alpha fb \leq Fb
```

```
shows \alpha (case-bool fa fb x) \leq case-bool Fa Fb x
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ref-two-step': \langle A \leq B \Longrightarrow \Downarrow R \ A \leq \Downarrow R \ B \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES: \langle RES | \Phi \rangle \gg (\lambda T. RETURN (f T)) = RES (f \cdot \Phi) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RES-RETURN-RES: \langle RES | A \rangle = (\lambda T. RES (f T)) = RES (\bigcup (f A)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RES2-RETURN-RES: \langle RES | A \rangle = (\lambda(T, T'), RES (f T T')) = RES (\bigcup (uncurry f `A)) \rangle
lemma RES-RES3-RETURN-RES:
   \langle RES | A \gg (\lambda(T, T', T''), RES (f | T | T' | T'')) = RES ((\lambda(a, b, c), f | a | b | c) | A)) \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES3:
   \langle SPEC \ \Phi \gg (\lambda(T, T', T''). \ RETURN \ (f \ T \ T' \ T'')) = RES \ ((\lambda(a, b, c). \ f \ a \ b \ c) \ ` \{T. \ \Phi \ T\}) \rangle
lemma RES-RES-RETURN-RES2: \langle RES | A \rangle = (\lambda(T, T'), RETURN (f T T')) = RES (uncurry f')
A)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-refine-res: ((\bigwedge x. \ x \in \Phi \Longrightarrow f \ x \le \Downarrow R \ M) \Longrightarrow M' \le RES \ \Phi \Longrightarrow M' \gg f \le \Downarrow R \ M)
lemma RES-RETURN-RES-RES2:
   \langle RES \ \Phi \gg (\lambda(T, T'). \ RETURN \ (f \ T \ T')) = RES \ (uncurry \ f \ \Phi) \rangle
This theorem adds the invariant at the beginning of next iteration to the current invariant, i.e.,
the invariant is added as a post-condition on the current iteration.
This is useful to reduce duplication in theorems while refining.
{f lemma} RECT-WHILEI-body-add-post-condition:
    \langle REC_T \ (WHILEI\text{-body} \ (\gg) \ RETURN \ I' \ b' \ f) \ x' =
     (REC_T \ (WHILEI-body \ (\gg) \ RETURN \ (\lambda x'. \ I' \ x' \land (b' \ x' \longrightarrow f \ x' = FAIL \lor f \ x' \le SPEC \ I')) \ b'
  (is \langle REC_T ? f x' = REC_T ? f' x' \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma WHILEIT-add-post-condition:
 \langle (WHILEIT\ I'\ b'\ f'\ x') =
  (WHILEIT\ (\lambda x'.\ I'\ x' \land (b'\ x' \longrightarrow f'\ x' = FAIL \lor f'\ x' < SPEC\ I'))
    b' f' x' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ \textit{WHILEIT-rule-stronger-inv}:
  assumes
    \langle wf R \rangle and
    \langle I s \rangle and
    \langle I's \rangle and
```

```
\langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow b \ s \Longrightarrow f \ s \le SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I \ s' \land I' \ s' \land (s', s) \in R) \rangle and
      \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow \neg \ b \ s \Longrightarrow \Phi \ s \rangle
 shows \langle WHILE_T^I \ b \ f \ s \leq SPEC \ \Phi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES2:
    \langle SPEC \ \Phi \gg (\lambda(T, T'). \ RETURN \ (f \ T \ T')) = RES \ (uncurry \ f \ \{T. \ \Phi \ T\}) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma WHILEIT-rule-stronger-inv-RES:
   assumes
      \langle wf R \rangle and
      \langle I s \rangle and
      \langle I's \rangle
      \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow b \ s \Longrightarrow f \ s \leq SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I \ s' \land I' \ s' \land (s', s) \in R) \rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow \neg \ b \ s \Longrightarrow s \in \Phi \rangle
 shows \langle WHILE_T^I \ b \ f \ s \leq RES \ \Phi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-weaken-pre-weaken:
   assumes \bigwedge x. P x \longrightarrow P' x
   assumes (f,h) \in fref P' R S
   assumes \langle S \subseteq S' \rangle
   shows (f,h) \in fref P R S'
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-rule-complete-RES: (M \gg f \leq RES \Phi) = (M \leq SPEC (\lambda x. f x \leq RES \Phi))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down:
   \langle (f, g) \in [P]_f \ A \to \langle B \rangle nres - rel \Longrightarrow
       (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \le \Downarrow B \ (g \ x'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry-left:
   fixes f:: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'c \ nres \rangle and
      A::\langle (('a \times 'b) \times 'd) \ set \rangle
   shows
      \langle (uncurry f, g) \in [P]_f A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
         (\bigwedge a\ b\ x'.\ P\ x' \Longrightarrow ((a,\ b),\ x') \in A \Longrightarrow f\ a\ b \leq \Downarrow B\ (g\ x'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry:
   \langle (uncurry\ f,\ uncurry\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
       (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \ y \le \Downarrow B \ (g \ x' \ y'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry2:
   \langle (uncurry2\ f,\ uncurry2\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
       (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z'. \ P \ ((x', y'), z') \Longrightarrow (((x, y), z), ((x', y'), z')) \in A \Longrightarrow
            f x y z \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z')
   \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma fref-to-Down-curry2':

```
\langle (uncurry2\ f,\ uncurry2\ g) \in A \rightarrow_f \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z'. \ (((x, y), z), \ ((x', y'), z')) \in A \Longrightarrow
           f x y z \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z') \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry3:
   \langle (uncurry3\ f,\ uncurry3\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a'. \ P (((x', y'), z'), a') \Longrightarrow
          ((((x, y), z), a), (((x', y'), z'), a')) \in A \Longrightarrow
           f x y z a \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a') \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry4:
   \langle (uncurry 4 \ f, \ uncurry 4 \ g) \in [P]_f \ A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a' \ b \ b'. \ P ((((x', y'), z'), a'), b') \Longrightarrow
          (((((x, y), z), a), b), ((((x', y'), z'), a'), b')) \in A \Longrightarrow
           f x y z a b \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a' b'))
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{fref-to-Down-curry5}\colon
   \langle (uncurry5\ f,\ uncurry5\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \; x' \; y \; y' \; z \; z' \; a \; a' \; b \; b' \; c \; c'. \; P \; (((((x', \, y'), \, z'), \, a'), \, b'), \, c') \Longrightarrow
          ((((((x, y), z), a), b), c), (((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c')) \in A \Longrightarrow
           f x y z a b c \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a' b' c'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry6:
   \langle (uncurry6\ f,\ uncurry6\ g) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a' \ b \ b' \ c \ c' \ d \ d'. \ P ((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d') \Longrightarrow
          ((((((((x, y), z), a), b), c), d), ((((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d')) \in A \Longrightarrow
           f x y z a b c d \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a' b' c' d'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry7:
   \langle (uncurry 7 f, uncurry 7 g) \in [P]_f A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y' \ z \ z' \ a \ a' \ b \ b' \ c \ c' \ d \ d' \ e \ e'. \ P ((((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d'), e') \Longrightarrow
          (((((((((x, y), z), a), b), c), d), e), (((((((x', y'), z'), a'), b'), c'), d'), e')) \in A \Longrightarrow
           f x y z a b c d e \leq \Downarrow B (g x' y' z' a' b' c' d' e'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-explode:
   \langle (f \ a, \ g \ a) \in [P]_f \ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ b. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow b = a \Longrightarrow f \ a \ x \le \Downarrow B \ (g \ b \ x'))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-curry-no-nres-Id:
   \langle (uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle Id \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \ y = g \ x' \ y')
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-no-nres:
   \langle ((RETURN\ o\ f),\ (RETURN\ o\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
       (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ (x') \Longrightarrow (x, \ x') \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x, \ g \ x') \in B)
   \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma fref-to-Down-curry-no-nres:

```
\langle (uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x \ y, \ g \ x' \ y') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RETURN-RES4:
   \langle SPEC \ \Phi \rangle = (\lambda(T, T', T'', T'''). RETURN (f \ T \ T' \ T''' \ T''')) =
       RES ((\lambda(a, b, c, d), f a b c d) ` \{T. \Phi T\})
  \langle proof \rangle
declare RETURN-as-SPEC-refine[refine2 del]
lemma\ fref-to-Down-unRET-uncurry-Id:
  ((uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle Id \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', \ y') \Longrightarrow ((x, \ y), \ (x', \ y')) \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x \ y = (g \ x' \ y'))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET-uncurry:
  \langle (uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ f),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x' \ y \ y'. \ P \ (x', y') \Longrightarrow ((x, y), (x', y')) \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x \ y, g \ x' \ y') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET-Id:
  \langle ((RETURN\ o\ f),\ (RETURN\ o\ g))\in [P]_f\ A\to \langle Id\rangle nres-rel\Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow f \ x = (g \ x'))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET:
  \langle ((RETURN\ o\ f),\ (RETURN\ o\ g)) \in [P]_f\ A \to \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
      (\bigwedge x \ x'. \ P \ x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in A \Longrightarrow (f \ x, g \ x') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET-uncurry2:
  fixes f :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'c \Rightarrow 'f \rangle
    and g::\langle 'a2 \Rightarrow 'b2 \Rightarrow 'c2 \Rightarrow 'g\rangle
    \langle (uncurry2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ f), \ uncurry2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ g)) \in [P]_f \ A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
        (\bigwedge(x :: 'a) \ x' \ y \ y' \ (z :: 'c) \ (z' :: 'c2).
           P((x', y'), z') \Longrightarrow (((x, y), z), ((x', y'), z')) \in A \Longrightarrow
          (f x y z, g x' y' z') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET-uncurry3:
  shows
    \langle (uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ f), \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ g)) \in [P]_f \ A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
        (\bigwedge(x :: 'a) x' y y' (z :: 'c) (z' :: 'c2) a a'.
           P(((x', y'), z'), a') \Longrightarrow ((((x, y), z), a), (((x', y'), z'), a')) \in A \Longrightarrow
          (f x y z a, g x' y' z' a') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fref-to-Down-unRET-uncurry4:
  shows
    \langle (uncurry4 \ (RETURN \ ooooo \ f), \ uncurry4 \ (RETURN \ ooooo \ g)) \in [P]_f \ A \rightarrow \langle B \rangle nres-rel \Longrightarrow
        (\bigwedge(x :: 'a) x' y y' (z :: 'c) (z' :: 'c2) a a' b b'.
           P((((x', y'), z'), a'), b') \Longrightarrow (((((x, y), z), a), b), ((((x', y'), z'), a'), b')) \in A \Longrightarrow
          (f x y z a b, g x' y' z' a' b') \in B)
  \langle proof \rangle
```

More Simplification Theorems

```
lemma nofail-Down-nofail: \langle nofail \ gS \Longrightarrow fS \leq \Downarrow R \ gS \Longrightarrow nofail \ fS \rangle
This is the refinement version of \textit{WHILE}_T?I'?b'?f'?x' = \textit{WHILE}_T \lambda x'. ?I' x' \land (?b' x' \longrightarrow ?f' x' = \textit{FAIL} \lor ?f' x' \le x'
?b' ?f' ?x'.
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{WHILEIT-refine-with-post} :
  assumes R\theta: I' x' \Longrightarrow (x,x') \in R
  assumes IREF: \bigwedge x \ x'. \ [(x,x') \in R; I' \ x'] \Longrightarrow I \ x
  assumes COND-REF: \bigwedge x \ x'. [(x,x') \in R; I \ x; I' \ x'] \implies b \ x = b' \ x'
  assumes STEP-REF:
     \bigwedge x \ x'. \llbracket (x,x') \in R; \ b \ x; \ b' \ x'; \ I \ x; \ I' \ x'; \ f' \ x' \leq SPEC \ I' \rrbracket \Longrightarrow f \ x \leq \Downarrow R \ (f' \ x')
  shows WHILEIT I b f x \leq \downarrow R (WHILEIT I' b' f' x')
   \langle proof \rangle
0.0.4
              Some Refinement
lemma Collect-eq-comp: \langle \{(c, a). \ a = f \ c\} \ O \ \{(x, y). \ P \ x \ y\} = \{(c, y). \ P \ (f \ c) \ y\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma Collect-eq-comp-right:
   \{(x, y). \ P \ x \ y\} \ O \ \{(c, a). \ a = f \ c\} = \{(x, c). \ \exists \ y. \ P \ x \ y \land c = f \ y\} \ \}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-fail-spec-le-RETURN-itself: \langle nofail \ f \Longrightarrow f \le SPEC(\lambda x. \ RETURN \ x \le f) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-add-invariants':
   assumes
     \langle f S \leq \downarrow \} \{ (S, S'). \ Q' S S' \land Q S \} \ gS \rangle  and
     \langle y \leq \downarrow \{((i, S), S'). P i S S'\} (f S) \rangle and
     \langle nofail \ gS \rangle
  shows \langle y \leq \downarrow \{((i, S), S'). P \ i \ S \ S' \land Q \ S'\} \ (f \ S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma weaken-\Downarrow: \langle R' \subseteq R \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R' g \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R g \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
method match-Down =
   (match conclusion in \langle f \leq \downarrow R \ g \rangle for f \ g \ R \Rightarrow
     \langle match \ premises \ in \ I: \langle f \leq \Downarrow R' \ g \rangle \ for \ R'
         \Rightarrow \langle rule \ weaken- \downarrow [OF - I] \rangle \rangle
lemma refine-SPEC-refine-Down:
   \langle f \leq SPEC \ C \longleftrightarrow f \leq \downarrow \{ (T', T). \ T = T' \land C \ T' \} \ (SPEC \ C) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

0.0.5 More declarations

notation prod-rel-syn (infixl \times_f 70)

```
lemma diff-add-mset-remove1: \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ \{\#\} \ N \Longrightarrow M-add\text{-}mset\ a\ N=remove1\text{-}mset\ a\ (M-N) \rangle \ \langle proof \rangle
```

0.0.6 List relation

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{list-rel-take} \colon
   \langle (ba, ab) \in \langle A \rangle list\text{-rel} \Longrightarrow (take \ b \ ba, \ take \ b \ ab) \in \langle A \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-rel-update':
  fixes R
  assumes rel: \langle (xs, ys) \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle and
   h: \langle (bi, b) \in R \rangle
  shows \langle (list\text{-}update \ xs \ ba \ bi, \ list\text{-}update \ ys \ ba \ b) \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma list-rel-in-find-correspondance E:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle and \langle L \in set M \rangle
  obtains L' where \langle (L, L') \in R \rangle and \langle L' \in set M' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
               More Functions, Relations, and Theorems
0.0.7
definition emptied-list :: \langle 'a | list \Rightarrow 'a | list \rangle where
   \langle emptied\text{-}list \ l = [] \rangle
lemma Down-id-eq: \Downarrow Id \ a = a
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Down-itself-via-SPEC:
  assumes \langle I \leq SPEC P \rangle and \langle \bigwedge x. P x \Longrightarrow (x, x) \in R \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle I \leq \Downarrow \ R \ I \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ RES\text{-}ASSERT\text{-}move out:
   (\land a. \ a \in P \Longrightarrow Q \ a) \Longrightarrow do \{a \leftarrow RES \ P; \ ASSERT(Q \ a); (f \ a)\} =
    do \{a \leftarrow RES \ P; (f \ a)\}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma bind-if-inverse:
  \langle do \}
     S \leftarrow H;
     if b then f S else g S
     (if b then do \{S \leftarrow H; fS\} else do \{S \leftarrow H; gS\})
  \rangle for H :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

Ghost parameters

This is a trick to recover from consumption of a variable (A_{in}) that is passed as argument and destroyed by the initialisation: We copy it as a zero-cost (by creating a ()), because we don't need it in the code and only in the specification.

This is a way to have ghost parameters, without having them: The parameter is replaced by () and we hope that the compiler will do the right thing.

```
definition virtual-copy where
  [simp]: \langle virtual\text{-}copy = id \rangle
definition virtual-copy-rel where
  \langle virtual\text{-}copy\text{-}rel = \{(c, b), c = ()\}\rangle
lemma bind-cong-nres: \langle (\bigwedge x. \ g \ x = g' \ x) \Longrightarrow (do \{a \leftarrow f :: 'a \ nres; \ g \ a\}) = (do \{a \leftarrow f :: 'a \ nres; \ g' \ a\})
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma case-prod-cong:
  \langle (\bigwedge a \ b. \ f \ a \ b = g \ a \ b) \Longrightarrow (case \ x \ of \ (a, \ b) \Rightarrow f \ a \ b) = (case \ x \ of \ (a, \ b) \Rightarrow g \ a \ b) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma if-replace-cond: \langle (if \ b \ then \ P \ b \ else \ Q \ b) = (if \ b \ then \ P \ True \ else \ Q \ False) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma foldli-cong2:
  assumes
    le: \langle length \ l = length \ l' \rangle and
    \sigma: \langle \sigma = \sigma' \rangle and
    c: \langle c = c' \rangle and
    H: \langle \bigwedge \sigma \ x. \ x < length \ l \Longrightarrow c' \ \sigma \Longrightarrow f \ (l! \ x) \ \sigma = f' \ (l'! \ x) \ \sigma \rangle
  shows \langle foldli\ l\ c\ f\ \sigma = foldli\ l'\ c'\ f'\ \sigma' \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma foldli-foldli-list-nth:
  \langle foldli \ xs \ c \ P \ a = foldli \ [0..< length \ xs] \ c \ (\lambda i. \ P \ (xs \ ! \ i)) \ a \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-RES13-RETURN-RES: ⟨do {
  (M, N, D, Q, W, vm, \varphi, clvls, cach, lbd, outl, stats, fast-ema, slow-ema, ccount,
        vdom, avdom, lcount) \leftarrow RES A;
  RES (f M N D Q W vm \varphi clvls cach lbd outl stats fast-ema slow-ema ccount
       vdom avdom lcount)
\{ \in RES \ (\bigcup (M, N, D, Q, W, vm, \varphi, clvls, cach, lbd, outl, stats, fast-ema, slow-ema, ccount, \} \}
        vdom, avdom, lcount) \in A. f M N D Q W vm \varphi clvls cach lbd outl stats fast-ema slow-ema ccount
       vdom avdom lcount)>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma RES-SPEC-conv: \langle RES | P = SPEC | (\lambda v. v \in P) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma add-invar-refineI-P: \langle A \leq \downarrow \{(x,y), R \mid x \mid y\} \mid B \Longrightarrow (nofail \mid A \Longrightarrow A \leq SPEC \mid P) \Longrightarrow A \leq \downarrow \downarrow
\{(x,y).\ R\ x\ y\wedge P\ x\}\ B
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) WHILEIT-rule-stronger-inv-RES':
```

assumes

```
\langle wf R \rangle and
            \langle I s \rangle and
            \langle I^{\,\prime} | s \rangle
            \langle \Lambda s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow b \ s \Longrightarrow f \ s \le SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I \ s' \land I' \ s' \land (s', s) \in R) \rangle and
          \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow \neg \ b \ s \Longrightarrow RETURN \ s \leq \Downarrow H \ (RES \ \Phi) \rangle
   shows \langle WHILE_T^I \ b \ f \ s \leq \Downarrow H \ (RES \ \Phi) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ same \text{-} in \text{-} Id \text{-} option \text{-} rel:
      \langle x = x' \Longrightarrow (x, x') \in \langle Id \rangle option-rel \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
definition find-in-list-between :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow nat \ option \ nres \rangle where
       \langle find\text{-}in\text{-}list\text{-}between \ P \ a \ b \ C = do \ \{
              (x, -) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(found, i). \ i \geq a \land i \leq length \ C \land i \leq b \land (\forall j \in \{a.. < i\}. \ \neg P \ (C!j)) \land \qquad (\forall j. \ found = Some \ j \longrightarrow (a.. < i\}) \land (i) \land 
                          (\lambda(found, i). found = None \land i < b)
                         (\lambda(-, i). do \{
                                ASSERT(i < length C);
                                if P(C!i) then RETURN (Some i, i) else RETURN (None, i+1)
                         })
                         (None, a);
                   RETURN x
      }>
lemma find-in-list-between-spec:
      assumes \langle a \leq length \ C \rangle and \langle b \leq length \ C \rangle and \langle a \leq b \rangle
      shows
            \langle find\text{-}in\text{-}list\text{-}between \ P \ a \ b \ C \leq SPEC(\lambda i.)
                      (i \neq None \longrightarrow P(C! the i) \land the i \geq a \land the i < b) \land
                      (i = None \longrightarrow (\forall j. \ j \ge a \longrightarrow j < b \longrightarrow \neg P(C!j)))
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma nfoldli-conq2:
      assumes
            le: \langle length \ l = length \ l' \rangle and
            \sigma: \langle \sigma = \sigma' \rangle and
            c: \langle c = c' \rangle and
            H: \langle \bigwedge \sigma \ x. \ x < length \ l \Longrightarrow c' \ \sigma \Longrightarrow f \ (l! \ x) \ \sigma = f' \ (l'! \ x) \ \sigma \rangle
      shows \langle nfoldli\ l\ c\ f\ \sigma = nfoldli\ l'\ c'\ f'\ \sigma' \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{nfoldli-nfoldli-list-nth}:
       \langle nfoldli \ xs \ c \ P \ a = nfoldli \ [0..< length \ xs] \ c \ (\lambda i. \ P \ (xs \ ! \ i)) \ a \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition list-mset-rel \equiv br \; mset \; (\lambda-. True)
lemma
      Nil-list-mset-rel-iff:
            \langle ([], aaa) \in list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \longleftrightarrow aaa = \{\#\} \rangle and
       empty-list-mset-rel-iff:
            \langle (a, \{\#\}) \in \mathit{list-mset-rel} \longleftrightarrow a = [] \rangle
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{list-rel-mset-rel} \ \textbf{where} \ \textit{list-rel-mset-rel-internal} :
\langle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \equiv \lambda R. \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \ O \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma list-rel-mset-rel-def[refine-rel-defs]:
   \langle\langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel = \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \ O \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-rel-mset-rel-imp-same-length: \langle (a, b) \in \langle R \rangle list-rel-mset-rel \Longrightarrow length a = size b)
\mathbf{lemma}\ while\text{-}upt\text{-}while\text{-}direct1:
   b \ge a \Longrightarrow
   do \{
     (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c) \ (\lambda x. \ do \ \{ASSERT \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c \ x); \ FOREACH\text{-}body \}
f x}) ([a..<b],\sigma);
     RETURN \sigma
   \} \leq do \{
    (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T \ (\lambda(i, x). \ i < b \land c \ x) \ (\lambda(i, x). \ do \ \{ASSERT \ (i < b); \ \sigma' \leftarrow f \ i \ x; \ RETURN \ (i+1,\sigma')\}
\}) (a,\sigma);
     RETURN \sigma
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{while-upt-while-direct2} \colon
   b \geq a \Longrightarrow
   do \{
     (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T (FOREACH-cond \ c) (\lambda x. \ do \{ASSERT (FOREACH-cond \ c \ x); FOREACH-body)
f x}) ([a..<b],\sigma);
     RETURN \sigma
   \} \geq do \{
    (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T \ (\lambda(i,x). \ i < b \land c \ x) \ (\lambda(i,x). \ do \ \{ASSERT \ (i < b); \ \sigma' \leftarrow f \ i \ x; \ RETURN \ (i+1,\sigma')\}
\{(a,\sigma);
     RETURN \sigma
   \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} while-upt-while-direct:
   b \ge a \Longrightarrow
   do \{
     (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c) \ (\lambda x. \ do \ \{ASSERT \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c \ x); \ FOREACH\text{-}body \}
f x}) ([a..<b],\sigma);
     RETURN \sigma
   \} = do \{
    (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T \ (\lambda(i,x). \ i < b \land c \ x) \ (\lambda(i,x). \ do \ \{ASSERT \ (i < b); \ \sigma' \leftarrow f \ i \ x; \ RETURN \ (i+1,\sigma')\}
\}) (a,\sigma);
     RETURN \sigma
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma while-nfoldli:
   do \{
      (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c) \ (\lambda x. \ do \ \{ASSERT \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c \ x); \ FOREACH\text{-}body \}
f x}) (l,\sigma);
     RETURN \sigma
```

```
\} \leq n fold li \ l \ c \ f \ \sigma
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nfoldli-while: nfoldli l c f \sigma
        (WHILE_T^I)
           (FOREACH-cond c) (\lambda x. do {ASSERT (FOREACH-cond c x); FOREACH-body f x}) (l, \sigma)
\gg
         (\lambda(-, \sigma). RETURN \sigma))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma while-eq-nfoldli: do {
    (-,\sigma) \leftarrow WHILE_T \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c) \ (\lambda x. \ do \ \{ASSERT \ (FOREACH\text{-}cond \ c \ x); \ FOREACH\text{-}body \}
f x}) (l,\sigma);
   RETURN \sigma
  \} = n fold li \ l \ c \ f \ \sigma
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory WB-More-Refinement-List
 imports Weidenbach-Book-Base. WB-List-More Automatic-Refinement. Automatic-Refinement
    HOL-Word.More-Word — provides some additional lemmas like ?n < length ?xs \implies rev ?xs ! ?n
= ?xs ! (length ?xs - 1 - ?n)
    Refine-Monadic.Refine-Basic
begin
```

0.1 More theorems about list

This should theorem and functions that defined in the Refinement Framework, but not in *HOL.List*. There might be moved somewhere eventually in the AFP or so.

0.1.1 Swap two elements of a list, by index

```
lemma distinct-swap[simp]:
   \llbracket i < length \ l; \ j < length \ l \rrbracket \implies distinct \ (swap \ l \ i \ j) = distinct \ l
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma map-swap: [i < length \ l; \ j < length \ l]
  \implies map \ f \ (swap \ l \ i \ j) = swap \ (map \ f \ l) \ i \ j
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ swap-nth-irrelevant:
   \langle k \neq i \Longrightarrow k \neq j \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ i \ j \ ! \ k = xs \ ! \ k \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ swap\text{-}nth\text{-}relevant:
   \mbox{$\langle$} i < \textit{length} \ \textit{xs} \Longrightarrow \textit{j} < \textit{length} \ \textit{xs} \Longrightarrow \textit{swap} \ \textit{xs} \ \textit{i} \ \textit{j} \ ! \ \textit{i} = \textit{xs} \ ! \ \textit{j} \rangle 
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-nth-relevant2:
   \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ j \ i \ ! \ i = xs \ ! \ j \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-nth-if:
   \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ i \ j \ ! \ k = 1
     (if k = i then xs ! j else if k = j then xs ! i else xs ! k)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-swap-irrelevant:
   \langle k > i \Longrightarrow k > j \Longrightarrow drop \ k \ (swap \ outl' \ j \ i) = drop \ k \ outl' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma take-swap-relevant:
   \langle k > i \Longrightarrow k > j \Longrightarrow take \ k \ (swap \ outl' \ j \ i) = swap \ (take \ k \ outl') \ i \ j \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tl\text{-}swap\text{-}relevant:
   \langle i > 0 \Longrightarrow j > 0 \Longrightarrow tl \ (swap \ outl' \ j \ i) = swap \ (tl \ outl') \ (i-1) \ (j-1) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} swap-only-first-relevant:
   \langle b \geq i \Longrightarrow a < length \ xs \implies take \ i \ (swap \ xs \ a \ b) = take \ i \ (xs[a := xs \ ! \ b]) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
TODO this should go to a different place from the previous lemmas, since it concerns Misc. slice,
which is not part of HOL.List but only part of the Refinement Framework.
lemma slice-nth:
   \{ [from < length \ xs; \ i < to - from] \implies Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs! \ i = xs! \ (from + i) \}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-irrelevant[simp]:
   \langle i < from \implies Misc.slice\ from\ to\ (xs[i:=C]) = Misc.slice\ from\ to\ xs \rangle
  \langle i \geq to \implies Misc.slice \ from \ to \ (xs[i:=C]) = Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs \rangle
  \langle i \geq to \lor i < from \Longrightarrow Misc.slice from to (xs[i := C]) = Misc.slice from to xs \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-update-swap[simp]:
```

 $\langle i < to \Longrightarrow i \geq from \Longrightarrow i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow$

```
Misc.slice\ from\ to\ (xs[i:=C]) = (Misc.slice\ from\ to\ xs)[(i-from):=C]
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-slice[simp]:
     (drop \ n \ (Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs) = Misc.slice \ (from + n) \ to \ xs) for from n to xs
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma take-slice[simp]:
     \langle take \ n \ (Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs) = Misc.slice \ from \ (min \ to \ (from + n)) \ xs \rangle \ \mathbf{for} \ from \ n \ to \ xs
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-append[simp]:
     (to \leq length \ xs \Longrightarrow Misc.slice \ from \ to \ (xs @ ys) = Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs)
lemma \ slice-prepend[simp]:
     \langle from \geq length \ xs \Longrightarrow
           Misc.slice\ from\ to\ (xs\@\ ys) = Misc.slice\ (from\ -length\ xs)\ (to\ -length\ xs)\ ys
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-len-min-If:
     \langle length \ (Misc.slice \ from \ to \ xs) =
           (if from < length xs then min (length xs - from) (to - from) else 0)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-start0: \langle Misc.slice\ 0\ to\ xs = take\ to\ xs \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-end-length: \langle n \geq length \ xs \Longrightarrow Misc.slice \ to \ n \ xs = drop \ to \ xs \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-swap[simp]:
      \langle l \geq from \implies l < to \implies k \geq from \implies k < to \implies from < length arena \implies l > length arena \implies length arena = length aren
           Misc.slice from to (swap arena l(k) = swap (Misc.slice from to arena) (k - from)(l - from)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-swap-relevant[simp]:
    \langle i \geq k \Longrightarrow j \geq k \Longrightarrow j < length\ outl' \Longrightarrow drop\ k\ (swap\ outl'\ j\ i) = swap\ (drop\ k\ outl')\ (j-k)\ (i-k)\rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-swap: \langle k < length \ xs \Longrightarrow l < length \ xs \Longrightarrow swap \ xs \ k \ l = swap \ xs \ l \ k \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-rel-append-single-iff:
     \langle (xs @ [x], ys @ [y]) \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-rel} \longleftrightarrow
         (xs, ys) \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-rel} \wedge (x, y) \in R \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-in-sliceI:
    \langle i \geq j \Longrightarrow i < k \Longrightarrow k \leq length \ xs \Longrightarrow xs \ ! \ i \in set \ (Misc.slice \ j \ k \ xs) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma slice-Suc:

```
\langle Misc.slice\ (Suc\ j)\ k\ xs = tl\ (Misc.slice\ j\ k\ xs) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-\theta:
   \langle Misc.slice\ 0\ b\ xs = take\ b\ xs \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma slice-end:
  \langle c = length \ xs \Longrightarrow Misc.slice \ b \ c \ xs = drop \ b \ xs \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ slice\text{-}append\text{-}nth:
   \langle a \leq b \Longrightarrow Suc \ b \leq length \ xs \Longrightarrow Misc.slice \ a \ (Suc \ b) \ xs = Misc.slice \ a \ b \ xs \ @ [xs! \ b] \rangle
lemma take\text{-set}: set (take \ n \ l) = \{ l!i \mid i. \ i < n \land i < length \ l \}
   \langle proof \rangle
fun delete-index-and-swap where
  \langle \mathit{delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap}\ l\ i = \mathit{butlast}(\mathit{l}[\mathit{i} := \mathit{last}\ \mathit{l}]) \rangle
lemma (in -) delete-index-and-swap-alt-def:
   \langle delete	ext{-}index	ext{-}and	ext{-}swap \ S \ i =
     (let \ x = last \ S \ in \ butlast \ (S[i := x]))
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ swap-param[param] : \llbracket \ i < length \ l; \ j < length \ l; \ (l',l) \in \langle A \rangle list-rel; \ (i',i) \in nat-rel; \ (j',j) \in nat-rel \rrbracket
  \implies (swap \ l' \ i' \ j', \ swap \ l \ i \ j) \in \langle A \rangle list-rel
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma mset-tl-delete-index-and-swap:
  assumes
     \langle \theta < i \rangle and
     \langle i < length \ outl' \rangle
  shows \langle mset\ (tl\ (delete\mathchar-and\mathchar-swap\ outl'\ i)) =
           remove1-mset (outl'! i) (mset (tl outl'))
   \langle proof \rangle
definition length-ll :: \langle 'a \ list \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
   \langle length\text{-}ll \ l \ i = length \ (l!i) \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-ll where
   \langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}ll \ xs \ i \ j =
      xs[i:= delete-index-and-swap (xs!i) j]
definition append-ll :: 'a list list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a list list where
   \langle append\text{-}ll \ xs \ i \ x = list\text{-}update \ xs \ i \ (xs \ ! \ i \ @ \ [x]) \rangle
definition (in -) length-uint32-nat where
  [simp]: \langle length-uint32-nat \ C = length \ C \rangle
definition (in -) length-uint64-nat where
  [simp]: \langle length-uint64-nat \ C = length \ C \rangle
```

```
definition nth-rll :: 'a list list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a where
  \langle nth\text{-}rll\ l\ i\ j=l\ !\ i\ !\ j\rangle
definition reorder-list :: \langle b \rangle \Rightarrow a \text{ list } \Rightarrow a \text{ list } nres \rangle where
\langle reorder\mbox{-}list\mbox{-}removed\mbox{=}SPEC\mbox{ } (\lambda removed'.\mbox{ } mset\mbox{ } removed'\mbox{=} mset\mbox{ } removed) \rangle
end
theory WB-More-IICF-SML
  imports Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF WB-More-Refinement WB-More-Refinement-List
begin
no-notation Sepref-Rules.fref ([-]<sub>f</sub> \rightarrow - [0,60,60] 60)
no-notation Sepref-Rules.freft (- \rightarrow_f - [60,60] \ 60)
no-notation prod-assn (infixr \times_a 70)
notation prod-assn (infixr *a 70)
hide-const Autoref-Fix-Rel. CONSTRAINT IICF-List-Mset.list-mset-rel
lemma prod-assn-id-assn-destroy:
  fixes R :: \langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \,\, \langle R^d *_a id\text{-}assn^d = \big( R *_a id\text{-}assn \big)^d \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition list-mset-assn where
  list-mset-assn A \equiv pure (list-mset-rel O \langle the-pure A \rangle mset-rel)
declare list-mset-assn-def[symmetric, fcomp-norm-unfold]
lemma [safe-constraint-rules]: is-pure (list-mset-assn A) \langle proof \rangle
lemma
shows list-mset-assn-add-mset-Nil:
     \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn \ R \ (add\text{-}mset \ q \ Q) \ [] = false \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
   list-mset-assn-empty-Cons:
    \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn\ R\ \{\#\}\ (x\ \#\ xs) = false \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-mset-assn-add-mset-cons-in:
  assumes
    assn: \langle A \models list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn \ R \ N \ (ab \# list) \rangle
 shows (\exists ab', (ab, ab') \in the\text{-pure } R \land ab' \in \# N \land A \models list\text{-mset-assn } R \text{ (remove1-mset } ab' N) \text{ (list)})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma list-mset-assn-empty-nil: \langle list-mset-assn R \{\#\} []=emp\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-Nil-is-empty[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (return\ o\ is\text{-Nil},\ RETURN\ o\ Multiset.is\text{-}empty) \in (list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn\ R)^k \rightarrow_a bool\text{-}assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-all2-remove:
  assumes
    uniq: \langle IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE\ (p2rel\ R) \rangle\ \langle IS-LEFT-UNIQUE\ (p2rel\ R) \rangle\  and
    Ra: \langle R \ a \ aa \rangle and
```

```
all: \langle list-all 2 \ R \ xs \ ys \rangle
  shows
  \langle \exists xs'. mset xs' = remove1\text{-}mset \ a \ (mset \ xs) \ \land
               (\exists ys'. mset ys' = remove1\text{-}mset aa (mset ys) \land list\text{-}all2 \ R \ xs' \ ys')
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma remove1-remove1-mset:
  \mathbf{assumes} \ \mathit{uniq} \colon \langle \mathit{IS-RIGHT-UNIQUE} \ \mathit{R} \rangle \ \langle \mathit{IS-LEFT-UNIQUE} \ \mathit{R} \rangle
  shows (uncurry (RETURN oo remove1), uncurry (RETURN oo remove1-mset)) \in
     R \times_r (list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \ O \ \langle R \rangle \ mset\text{-}rel) \rightarrow_f
     \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \ O \ \langle R \rangle \ mset\text{-}rel \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  Nil-list-mset-rel-iff:
     \langle ([], aaa) \in list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \longleftrightarrow aaa = \{\#\} \rangle and
  empty-list-mset-rel-iff:
     \langle (a, \{\#\}) \in \mathit{list-mset-rel} \longleftrightarrow a = [] \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma snd-hnr-pure:
    (CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } B \Longrightarrow (return \circ snd, RETURN \circ snd) \in A^d *_a B^k \rightarrow_a B)
  \langle proof \rangle
This theorem is useful to debug situation where sepref is not able to synthesize a program
(with the "[[unify_trace_failure]]" to trace what fails in rule rule and the to-hnr to ensure the
theorem has the correct form).
lemma Pair-hnr: ((uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ Pair\ a\ b)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ Pair\ a\ b))) \in
     A^d *_a B^d \rightarrow_a prod-assn A B
  \langle proof \rangle
This version works only for pure refinement relations:
lemma the-hnr-keep:
  \langle CONSTRAINT \text{ is-pure } A \Longrightarrow (\text{return o the}, RETURN \text{ o the}) \in [\lambda D. D \neq None]_a (\text{option-assn } A)^k
\to \left. A \right\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition list-rel-mset-rel where list-rel-mset-rel-internal:
\langle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \equiv \lambda R. \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \ O \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma list-rel-mset-rel-def [refine-rel-defs]:
  \langle\langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel = \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \ O \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-mset-assn-pure-conv:
  \langle list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn\ (pure\ R) = pure\ (\langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel\text{-}mset\text{-}rel) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-assn-list-mset-rel-eq-list-mset-assn:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows \langle hr\text{-}comp \ (list\text{-}assn \ R) \ list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel = list\text{-}mset\text{-}assn \ R \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma id-ref: \langle (return \ o \ id, RETURN \ o \ id) \in \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow_a \mathbb{R} \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
This functions deletes all elements of a resizable array, without resizing it.
definition emptied-arl :: \langle 'a \ array-list \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \rangle where
\langle emptied\text{-}arl = (\lambda(a, n), (a, \theta)) \rangle
lemma emptied-arl-refine[sepref-fr-rules]:
       (return\ o\ emptied\text{-}arl,\ RETURN\ o\ emptied\text{-}list) \in (arl\text{-}assn\ R)^d \rightarrow_a arl\text{-}assn\ R)
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma bool-assn-alt-def: \langle bool\text{-}assn\ a\ b = \uparrow (a = b) \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma nempty-list-mset-rel-iff: \langle M \neq \{\#\} \Longrightarrow
       (xs, M) \in list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel \longleftrightarrow (xs \neq [] \land hd \ xs \in \# M \land ]
                              (tl \ xs, \ remove1\text{-}mset \ (hd \ xs) \ M) \in list\text{-}mset\text{-}rel)
       \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation ghost-assn where
       \langle ghost\text{-}assn \equiv hr\text{-}comp \ unit\text{-}assn \ virtual\text{-}copy\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (return\ o\ (\lambda -.\ ()),\ RETURN\ o\ virtual\text{-}copy) \in \mathbb{R}^k \rightarrow_a ghost\text{-}assn \rangle
lemma id-mset-list-assn-list-mset-assn:
      assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } R \rangle
      shows (return\ o\ id,\ RETURN\ o\ mset) \in (list-assn\ R)^d \rightarrow_a list-mset-assn\ R)
\langle proof \rangle
0.1.2
                                     Sorting
Remark that we do not prove that the sorting in correct, since we do not care about the
correctness, only the fact that it is reordered. (Based on wikipedia's algorithm.) Typically R
would be (<)
definition insert-sort-inner :: ((b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow b \ list \Rightarrow b \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow b \ list \Rightarrow b 
nres where
       \langle insert\text{-}sort\text{-}inner\ R\ f\ xs\ i=do\ \{
                (j, \ ys) \leftarrow \ \textit{WHILE}_T \lambda(j, \ ys). \ j \stackrel{.}{\geq} \ \textit{0} \ \land \ \textit{mset} \ \textit{xs} = \ \textit{mset} \ \textit{ys} \ \land \ j < \textit{length} \ \textit{ys}
                              (\lambda(j, ys). j > 0 \land R (f ys j) (f ys (j - 1)))
                              (\lambda(j, ys). do \{
                                            ASSERT(j < length ys);
                                           ASSERT(i > 0);
                                           ASSERT(j-1 < length ys);
                                           let xs = swap ys j (j - 1);
                                           RETURN (j-1, xs)
                          (i, xs);
                 RETURN ys
```

```
lemma \langle RETURN \mid Suc \mid \theta, \mid 2, \mid \theta \mid = insert-sort-inner (<) ($\lambda remove \ n. \ remove \ ! \ n) \ [2::nat, \ 1, \ \ \ \ \ 0] \ 1>
      \langle proof \rangle
definition insert-sort :: \langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ nres \rangle where
      \langle insert\text{-}sort \ R \ f \ xs = do \ \{
              (i,\ ys) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_T \lambda(i,\ ys).\ (ys = [] \lor i \le \textit{length } ys) \land \textit{mset } xs = \textit{mset } ys
                        (\lambda(i, ys). i < length ys)
                        (\lambda(i, ys). do \{
                                   ASSERT(i < length ys);
                                   ys \leftarrow insert\text{-}sort\text{-}inner\ R\ f\ ys\ i;
                                   RETURN (i+1, ys)
                            })
                       (1, xs);
               RETURN ys
      }>
lemma insert-sort-inner:
         \langle (uncurry\ (insert\text{-}sort\text{-}inner\ R\ f),\ uncurry\ (\lambda m\ m'.\ reorder\text{-}list\ m'\ m)) \in
                 [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_f \ \langle Id:: ('a \times 'a) \ set \rangle list-rel \times_r \ nat-rel \rightarrow \langle Id \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ insert	ext{-}sort	ext{-}reorder	ext{-}list:
      \langle (insert\text{-}sort\ R\ f,\ reorder\text{-}list\ vm) \in \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rightarrow_f \langle Id \rangle\ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition arl-replicate where
   arl-replicate init-cap x \equiv do {
           let n = max init-cap minimum-capacity;
           a \leftarrow Array.new \ n \ x;
           return (a, init-cap)
definition \langle op\text{-}arl\text{-}replicate = op\text{-}list\text{-}replicate \rangle
lemma arl-fold-custom-replicate:
      \langle replicate = op-arl-replicate \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-replicate-arl-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
    \mathbf{shows} \mathrel{\land} (\mathit{uncurry} \; \mathit{arl-replicate}, \; \mathit{uncurry} \; (\mathit{RETURN} \; \mathit{oo} \; \mathit{op-arl-replicate})) \in \mathit{nat-assn}^k *_a R^k \rightarrow_a \mathit{arl-assn}^k *_b R^k \rightarrow_a \mathit{arl-assn}^k R^
\langle proof \rangle
lemma option-bool-assn-direct-eq-hnr:
      (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (=)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=))) \in
           (option-assn\ bool-assn)^k *_a (option-assn\ bool-assn)^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn)
      \langle proof \rangle
This function does not change the size of the underlying array.
definition take1 where
      \langle take1 \ xs = take \ 1 \ xs \rangle
lemma take1-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (return\ o\ (\lambda(a,\ -).\ (a,\ 1::nat)),\ RETURN\ o\ take1) \in [\lambda xs.\ xs \neq []]_a\ (arl-assn\ R)^d \rightarrow arl-assn\ R\rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
```

```
The following two abbreviation are variants from \lambda f. WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 (WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2)
f) and \lambda f. WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 (WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 (WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2)
f)). The problem is that WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 (WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 f)
and WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 (WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 f) are the same term, but
only the latter is folded to \lambda f. WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2 (WB-More-Refinement.uncurry2
f).
abbreviation uncurry4' where
  uncurry4'f \equiv uncurry2 (uncurry2 f)
abbreviation uncurry6' where
  uncurry6'f \equiv uncurry2 (uncurry4'f)
definition find-in-list-between :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow nat \ option \ nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}in\text{-}list\text{-}between \ P \ a \ b \ C = do \ \{
    (\lambda(found, i). found = None \land i < b)
        (\lambda(\cdot, i). do \{
          ASSERT(i < length C);
          if P(C!i) then RETURN (Some i, i) else RETURN (None, i+1)
        })
        (None, a);
      RETURN x
  }>
lemma find-in-list-between-spec:
  assumes \langle a \leq length \ C \rangle and \langle b \leq length \ C \rangle and \langle a \leq b \rangle
  shows
    \langle find\text{-}in\text{-}list\text{-}between \ P \ a \ b \ C \leq SPEC(\lambda i.)
       (i \neq None \longrightarrow P(C! the i) \land the i \geq a \land the i < b) \land
      (i = None \longrightarrow (\forall j. \ j \ge a \longrightarrow j < b \longrightarrow \neg P(C!j)))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-assn-map-list-assn: (list-assn q (map f x) xi = list-assn (\lambda a c. q (f a) c) x xi)
lemma hfref-imp2: (\bigwedge x \ y. \ S \ x \ y \Longrightarrow_t S' \ x \ y) \Longrightarrow [P]_a \ RR \to S \subseteq [P]_a \ RR \to S'
lemma hr-comp-mono-entails: \langle B \subseteq C \Longrightarrow hr-comp a \ B \ x \ y \Longrightarrow_A hr-comp a \ C \ x \ y \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma hfref-imp-mono-result:
  B \subseteq C \Longrightarrow [P]_a RR \to hr\text{-}comp \ a \ B \subseteq [P]_a RR \to hr\text{-}comp \ a \ C
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{hfref-imp-mono-result2}\colon
  (\bigwedge x. \ P \ L \ x \Longrightarrow B \ L \subseteq C \ L) \Longrightarrow [P \ L]_a \ RR \to hr\text{-comp} \ a \ (B \ L) \subseteq [P \ L]_a \ RR \to hr\text{-comp} \ a \ (C \ L)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-up-eq2: \langle (\exists_A ba. f ba * \uparrow (ba = c)) = (f c) \rangle
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma ex-assn-pair-split: \langle (\exists_A b. \ P \ b) = (\exists_A a \ b. \ P \ (a, \ b)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-swap: \langle (\exists_A a \ b. \ P \ a \ b) = (\exists_A b \ a. \ P \ a \ b) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ent-ex-up-swap: \langle (\exists_A aa. \uparrow (P aa)) = (\uparrow (\exists aa. P aa)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-def-pure-eq-middle3:
  \langle (\exists_A ba\ b\ bb.\ f\ b\ ba\ bb* \uparrow (ba=h\ b\ bb)* P\ b\ ba\ bb) = (\exists_A b\ bb.\ f\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb* P\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb)\rangle
  \langle (\exists_A b \ ba \ bb, f \ b \ ba \ bb * \uparrow (ba = h \ b \ bb) * P \ b \ ba \ bb) = (\exists_A b \ bb, f \ b \ (h \ b \ bb) \ bb * P \ b \ (h \ b \ bb) \ bb) \rangle
  \langle (\exists_A b\ bb\ ba.\ f\ b\ ba\ bb\ * \uparrow\ (ba=h\ b\ bb)\ * P\ b\ ba\ bb) = (\exists_A b\ bb.\ f\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb\ * P\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb) \rangle
  (\exists_A ba\ b\ bb.\ f\ b\ ba\ bb*\uparrow (ba=h\ b\ bb\land\ Q\ b\ ba\ bb)) = (\exists_A b\ bb.\ f\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb*\uparrow (Q\ b\ (h\ b\ bb)\ bb))
  (\exists_A b \ ba \ bb. \ fb \ ba \ bb * \uparrow (ba = h \ bb \land Qb \ ba \ bb)) = (\exists_A b \ bb. \ fb \ (hb \ bb) \ bb * \uparrow (Qb \ (hb \ bb)) bb)
  (\exists_A b \ bb \ ba. \ fb \ ba \ bb * \uparrow (ba = h \ bb \land Q \ ba \ bb)) = (\exists_A b \ bb. \ fb \ (h \ bb) \ bb * \uparrow (Q \ b \ (h \ bb)) bb)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-def-pure-eq-middle2:
  \langle (\exists_A ba \ b. \ f \ b \ ba \ast \uparrow (ba = h \ b) \ast P \ b \ ba) = (\exists_A b \ . \ f \ b \ (h \ b) \ast P \ b \ (h \ b)) \rangle
  \langle (\exists_A b \ ba. f \ b \ ba * \uparrow (ba = h \ b) * P \ b \ ba) = (\exists_A b \ . f \ b \ (h \ b) * P \ b \ (h \ b)) \rangle
  \langle (\exists_A b \ ba. f \ b \ ba * \uparrow (ba = h \ b \land Q \ b \ ba)) = (\exists_A b. f \ b \ (h \ b) * \uparrow (Q \ b \ (h \ b))) \rangle
  \langle (\exists_A \ ba \ b. \ fb \ ba * \uparrow (ba = h \ b \land Q \ b \ ba)) = (\exists_A b. \ fb \ (h \ b) * \uparrow (Q \ b \ (h \ b))) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-skip-first2:
  \langle (\exists_A ba \ bb. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (P \ ba \ bb)) = (\exists_A bb. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (\exists ba. \ P \ ba \ bb)) \rangle
  \langle (\exists_A bb \ ba. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (P \ ba \ bb)) = (\exists_A bb. \ f \ bb * \uparrow (\exists \ ba. \ P \ ba \ bb)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma fr\text{-}refl': \langle A \Longrightarrow_A B \Longrightarrow C * A \Longrightarrow_A C * B \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma hrp\text{-}comp\text{-}Id2[simp]: \langle hrp\text{-}comp \ A \ Id = A \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma hn-ctxt-prod-assn-prod:
  \langle hn\text{-}ctxt \ (R * a \ S) \ (a, \ b) \ (a', \ b') = hn\text{-}ctxt \ R \ a \ a' * hn\text{-}ctxt \ S \ b \ b' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma hfref-weaken-change-pre:
  assumes (f,h) \in hfref P R S
  assumes \bigwedge x. P x \Longrightarrow (fst R x, snd R x) = (fst R' x, snd R' x)
  assumes \bigwedge y \ x. \ S \ y \ x \Longrightarrow_t S' \ y \ x
  shows (f,h) \in hfref P R' S'
\langle proof \rangle
lemma norm-RETURN-o[to-hnr-post]:
  \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \ oooo \ f)$x$y$z$a = (RETURN$(f$x$y$z$a))
  \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \ ooooo \ f)$x$y$z$a$b = (RETURN$(f$x$y$z$a$b))
  \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \ oooooo \ f) x y z a b c = (RETURN (f x y z a b c))
  f. (RETURN\ ooooooo\ f)$x$y$z$a$b$c$d = (RETURN$(f$x$y$z$a$b$c$d))
  \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \ oooooooo \ f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e = (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e))
```

```
f. (RETURN \ oooooooooo \ f)$x$y$z$a$b$c$d$e$g$h= (RETURN$(f$x$y$z$a$b$c$d$e$g$h))
 f. (RETURN \circ_{11} f) x^y x^2 x^3 b^5 c^5 d^5 e^5 g^5 h^5 i = (RETURN (f x^y x^2 x^3 b^5 c^5 d^5 e^5 g^5 h^5 i))
 \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \circ_{12} f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j = (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j))
 \bigwedge f. (RETURN \circ_{14} f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m = (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m))
  \bigwedge f. \; (RETURN \circ_{15} f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n = (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n)) 
  \bigwedge f. \; (RETURN \circ_{16} f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p = (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p)) 
 \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \circ_{17} f) x y z a b c d e g h i j l m n p r =
   (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r))
  \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \circ_{18} f) x y z a b c d e g h i j l m n p r s =
   (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r\$s))
  \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \circ_{19} f) x y z a b c d e g h i j l m n p r s t =
   (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r\$s\$t))
  \bigwedge f. \ (RETURN \circ_{20} f) x^y z^a b c^d e^g y h^i j l^m n^p r^s s^t u =
   (RETURN\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$q\$h\$i\$i\$i\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r\$s\$t\$u))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma norm-return-o[to-hnr-post]:
  \bigwedge f. \ (return \ oooooo \ f) x y z a b c = (return (f x y z a b c))
 \bigwedge f. \ (return \ ooooooo \ f) x y z a b c d = (return (f x y z a b c d))
  \bigwedge f. \ (return \ ooooooooo \ f) x y z a b c d e = (return (f x y z a b c d e))
  \bigwedge f. \ (return \ oooooooooo \ f) x y z a b c d e g = (return (f x y z a b c d e g))
 \bigwedge f. (return \circ_{11} f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i = (return\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i))
 \bigwedge f. \ (return \circ_{13} f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l = (return\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l))
 \bigwedge f. (return \circ_{14} f)$x$y$z$a$b$c$d$e$g$h$i$j$l$m= (return$(f$x$y$z$a$b$c$d$e$g$h$i$j$l$m))
  \bigwedge f. \; (return \circ_{16} f) \$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p = (return\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p)) 
 \bigwedge f. \ (return \circ_{17} f) x y z a b c d e g h i j l m n p r =
   (return\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r))
  \bigwedge f. \ (return \circ_{18} f) x y z a b c d e g h i j l m n p r s =
   (return\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r\$s))
  \bigwedge f. \ (return \circ_{19} f) x y z a b c d e g h i j l m n p r s t =
   (return\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$q\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r\$s\$t))
  \bigwedge f. \ (return \circ_{20} f) x y z a b c d e g h i j l m n p r s t u =
   (return\$(f\$x\$y\$z\$a\$b\$c\$d\$e\$g\$h\$i\$j\$l\$m\$n\$p\$r\$s\$t\$u))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-rel-update:
 fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
 assumes rel: \langle (xs, ys) \in \langle the\text{-pure } R \rangle list\text{-rel} \rangle and
  h: \langle h \models A * R \ b \ bi \rangle and
  p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
 \mathbf{shows} \ \langle (\mathit{list-update} \ \mathit{xs} \ \mathit{ba} \ \mathit{bi}, \ \mathit{list-update} \ \mathit{ys} \ \mathit{ba} \ \mathit{b}) \in \langle \mathit{the-pure} \ R \rangle \mathit{list-rel} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory Array-Array-List
imports WB-More-IICF-SML
begin
```

0.1.3 Array of Array Lists

We define here array of array lists. We need arrays owning there elements. Therefore most of the rules introduced by *sep-auto* cannot lead to proofs.

```
fun heap-list-all :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list \Rightarrow assn \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R \ [] \ [] = emp \rangle
|\langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R\ (x\ \#\ xs)\ (y\ \#\ ys) = R\ x\ y*heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R\ xs\ ys\rangle
|\langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R\ -\ -\ =\ false\rangle|
It is often useful to speak about arrays except at one index (e.g., because it is updated).
definition heap-list-all-nth:: ('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ list \Rightarrow assn \ \mathbf{where}
   \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is \ xs \ ys = foldr \ ((*)) \ (map \ (\lambda i. \ R \ (xs \ ! \ i) \ (ys \ ! \ i)) \ is) \ emp \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-emty[simp]: \langle heap-list-all-nth R [] <math>xs \ ys = emp \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-Cons:
   \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ (a \# is') \ xs \ ys = R \ (xs ! a) \ (ys ! a) * heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is' \ xs \ ys \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-heap-list-all-nth:
   \langle length \ xs = length \ ys \Longrightarrow heap-list-all \ R \ xs \ ys = heap-list-all-nth \ R \ [0.. < length \ xs] \ xs \ ys \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-single: \langle heap-list-all-nth \ R \ [a] \ xs \ ys = R \ (xs \ ! \ a) \ (ys \ ! \ a) \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-mset-eq:
  assumes \langle mset \ is = mset \ is' \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle \mathit{heap-list-all-nth} \ \mathit{R} \ \mathit{is} \ \mathit{xs} \ \mathit{ys} = \mathit{heap-list-all-nth} \ \mathit{R} \ \mathit{is'} \ \mathit{xs} \ \mathit{ys} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-add-same-length:
   \langle h \models heap\text{-}list\text{-}all \ R' \ xs \ p \Longrightarrow length \ p = length \ xs \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-Suc:
  assumes a: \langle a > 1 \rangle
  shows \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ [Suc \ 0... < a] \ (x \# xs) \ (y \# ys) =
     heap-list-all-nth R [0..< a-1] xs ys
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-append:
   \langle heap-list-all-nth \ R \ (is @ is') \ xs \ ys = heap-list-all-nth \ R \ is \ xs \ ys * heap-list-all-nth \ R \ is' \ xs \ ys \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-heap-list-all-nth-eq:
   \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\ R\ xs\ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth\ R\ [0... \langle length\ xs]\ xs\ ys * \uparrow (length\ xs = length\ ys) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-nth-remove1: (i \in set \ is \Longrightarrow
   heap-list-all-nth R is xs ys = R (xs ! i) (ys ! i) * heap-list-all-nth R (remove1 i is) xs ys)
   \langle proof \rangle
definition arrayO-assn :: (('a \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ array \Rightarrow assn) where
```

```
\langle arrayO-assn\ R'\ xs\ axs\equiv \exists\ _A\ p.\ array-assn\ id-assn\ p\ axs*heap-list-all\ R'\ xs\ p\rangle
definition arrayO-except-assn:: (('a \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow nat\ list \Rightarrow 'a\ list \Rightarrow 'b\ array \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow assn)
where
  \langle arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn\ R'\ is\ xs\ axs\ f \equiv
      \exists_A p. \ array-assn \ id-assn \ p \ axs*heap-list-all-nth \ R' \ (fold\ remove1\ is \ [0..< length \ xs]) \ xs\ p*
    \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ p) * f \ p
lemma arrayO-except-assn-arrayO: (arrayO-except-assn R [] xs asx (\lambda-. emp) = arrayO-assn R xs asx
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-except-assn-arrayO-index:
  \langle i < length \ xs \implies arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn \ R \ [i] \ xs \ asx \ (\lambda p. \ R \ (xs \ ! \ i) \ (p \ ! \ i)) = arrayO\text{-}assn \ R \ xs \ asx)
lemma array O-nth-rule [sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes i: \langle i < length \ a \rangle
  shows \langle arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) | a ai \rangle Array.nth ai i \langle \lambda r. arrayO-except-assn (arl-assn R) | i | a
   (\lambda r'. \ arl\text{-}assn \ R \ (a ! i) \ r * \uparrow (r = r' ! i)) > i
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-a :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-a \ xs = Array.len \ xs \rangle
lemma length-a-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
   \langle \langle arrayO\text{-}assn\ R\ x\ xi \rangle \ length-a\ xi \langle \lambda r.\ arrayO\text{-}assn\ R\ x\ xi * \uparrow (r = length\ x) \rangle_t \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-a-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-a, RETURN \ o \ op-list-length) \in (arrayO-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma le-length-ll-nemptyD: \langle b < length-ll \ a \ ba \Longrightarrow a \ ! \ ba \neq [] \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-aa :: \langle ('a::heap \ array-list) \ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa \ xs \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
     arl-length x \}
lemma length-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow \langle array O - assn \ (arl - assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length - aa \ a \ b
   \langle \lambda r. \ array O\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a * \uparrow (r = length\text{-}ll \ xs \ b) >_t \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry\ length-aa,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ\ length-ll)) \in
      [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (array O-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa where
  \langle nth\text{-}aa \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ x \ j;
```

 $return y \}$

```
lemma models-heap-list-all-models-nth:
     \langle (h, as) \models heap\text{-list-all } R \ a \ b \Longrightarrow i < length \ a \Longrightarrow \exists \ as'. \ (h, \ as') \models R \ (a!i) \ (b!i) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-ll :: 'a list list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a where
     \langle nth\text{-}ll \ l \ i \ j = l \ ! \ i \ ! \ j \rangle
lemma nth-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
    shows
         \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-ll)) \in
                 [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a
                 (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \to R
\langle proof \rangle
definition append-el-aa :: ('a::{default,heap} array-list) array \Rightarrow
     nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list) \ array \ Heapwhere
append-el-aa \equiv \lambda a \ i \ x. \ do \ \{
    j \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
    a' \leftarrow \textit{arl-append } j \; x;
     Array.upd i a' a
{f lemma} sep-auto-is-stupid:
     fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{ heap, default \} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
    shows
         \langle \exists_A p. R1 p * R2 p * arl-assn R l' aa * R x x' * R4 p \rangle
                arl-append aa \ x' < \lambda r. (\exists_A p. \ arl-assn \ R \ (l' @ [x]) \ r * R1 \ p * R2 \ p * R \ x \ x' * R4 \ p * true) >> r
\langle proof \rangle
declare arrayO-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
lemma heap-list-all-nth-cong:
     assumes
         \forall i \in set \ is. \ xs \ ! \ i = xs' \ ! \ i \rangle \ and
         \langle \forall i \in set \ is. \ ys \ ! \ i = ys' \ ! \ i \rangle
     shows \langle heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is \ xs \ ys = heap\text{-}list\text{-}all\text{-}nth \ R \ is \ xs' \ ys' \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
    shows
         (uncurry2\ append-el-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ append-ll)) \in
           [\lambda((l,i),x). \ i < length \ l]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ R)^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ R)^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn \ R)^d *
R))\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-aa :: ('a::\{heap\}\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a\ array-list)\ array\ Heap
where
     \langle update-aa\ a\ i\ j\ y=do\ \{
              x \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
              a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}set \ x \ j \ y;
              Array.upd i a' a
         } — is the Array.upd really needed?
```

```
definition update-ll :: 'a list list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a list list where
  \langle update\text{-}ll \ xs \ i \ j \ y = xs[i:=(xs \ ! \ i)[j:=y]] \rangle
{\bf declare}\ nth\text{-}rule[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules\ del]
declare arrayO-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
TODO: is it possible to be more precise and not drop the \uparrow ((aa, bc) = r'! bb)
lemma arrayO-except-assn-arl-set[sep-heap-rules]:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and
    \langle ba < length-ll \ a \ bb \rangle
  shows (
        < array O-except-assn\ (arl-assn\ R)\ [bb]\ a\ ai\ (\lambda r'.\ arl-assn\ R\ (a!\ bb)\ (aa,\ bc)\ *
          \uparrow ((aa, bc) = r' ! bb)) * R b bi >
        arl-set (aa, bc) ba bi
       <\lambda(aa, bc). arrayO-except-assn (arl-assn R) [bb] a ai
         (\lambda r'. \ arl\text{-}assn \ R \ ((a ! \ bb)[ba := b]) \ (aa, \ bc)) * R \ b \ bi * true > (ab \ ba)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}ll \ a \ bb \rangle
  shows \langle R \ b \ bi * arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-aa \ ai \ bb \ ba \ bi
       <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists Ax.\ arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-ll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t>_t
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes (is-pure R)
  shows (uncurry3 \ update-aa, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ update-ll)) \in
       [\lambda(((l,i),\ j),\ x).\ i\ <\ length\ l\ \wedge\ j\ <\ length\ -ll\ l\ i]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d\ *_a\ nat-assn^k\ *_a
nat\text{-}assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-butlast-ll where
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}ll \ xs \ i = xs[i := butlast \ (xs \ ! \ i)] \rangle
definition set-butlast-aa :: ('a::{heap} array-list) array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a array-list) array Heap where
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\ a\ i=do\ \{
       x \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
       a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}butlast x;
       Array.upd\ i\ a'\ a
    \rightarrow Replace the i-th element by the itself except the last element.
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{list-rel-butlast}:
  assumes rel: \langle (xs, ys) \in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle
  shows \langle (butlast \ xs, \ butlast \ ys) \in \langle R \rangle list-rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-except-assn-arl-butlast:
  assumes \langle b < length \ a \rangle and
    \langle a \mid b \neq [] \rangle
  shows
    \langle \langle arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R)\ [b]\ a\ ai\ (\lambda r'.\ arl\text{-}assn\ R\ (a\ !\ b)\ (aa,\ ba)\ *
          \uparrow ((aa, ba) = r'! b))>
        arl-butlast (aa, ba)
       <\lambda(aa, ba). arrayO-except-assn (arl-assn R) [b] a ai (\lambda r'. arl-assn R (butlast (a!b)) (aa, ba)*
```

```
true) > \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma set-butlast-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure }R\rangle and
    \langle b < length \ a \rangle and
    \langle a \mid b \neq [] \rangle
  shows (< array O-assn (arl-assn R) a ai > set-butlast-aa ai b
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma set-butlast-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure }R \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ set\text{-}butlast\text{-}ll)) \in
    [\lambda(l,i).\ i < length\ l \land l \ !\ i \neq []]_a\ (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))^d *_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))^d
R))\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition last-aa :: ('a::heap array-list) array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  \langle last-aa \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
     arl-last x
  }>
definition last-ll :: 'a \ list \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle last\text{-}ll \ xs \ i = last \ (xs \ ! \ i) \rangle
lemma last-aa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes
    p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle and
   \langle b < length \ a \rangle and
   \langle a \mid b \neq [] \rangle
   shows (
        < array O-assn (arl-assn R) a ai >
         last-aa ai b
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma last-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure\ R \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ last-aa,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ last-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(l,i). \ i < length \ l \land l \ ! \ i \neq []]_a \ (arrayO\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow R^k
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-a :: \langle ('a :: heap \ array - list) \ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a \ array - list) \ Heap \rangle where
 \langle nth-a \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
     arl-copy x \}
lemma nth-a-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ nth-a,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op-list-get)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (array O-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow arl-assn \ R)
  \langle proof \rangle
 definition swap-aa :: ('a::heap \ array-list) \ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list) \ array \ Heap
where
```

```
\langle swap-aa \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
    xi \leftarrow nth\text{-}aa \ xs \ k \ i;
    xj \leftarrow nth-aa \ xs \ k \ j;
    xs \leftarrow update-aa \ xs \ k \ i \ xj;
    xs \leftarrow update-aa \ xs \ k \ j \ xi;
    return\ xs
definition swap-ll where
  \langle swap\text{-}ll \ xs \ k \ i \ j = list\text{-}update \ xs \ k \ (swap \ (xs!k) \ i \ j) \rangle
lemma nth-aa-heap[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}ll \ aa \ b \rangle
  shows (
   \langle arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R)\ aa\ a \rangle
   nth-aa a b ba
   <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; array O\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R) \; aa \; a \; *
                   \uparrow (x = nth-ll \ aa \ b \ ba)) *
                  true > >
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-rule-pure:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure\ R \rangle and \langle b < length\ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}ll\ aa\ b \rangle and
     b: \langle (bb, be) \in the\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (
   < array O-assn (arl-assn R) aa a>
             update-aa a b ba bb
             <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; invalid\text{-}assn \; (arrayO\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R)) \; aa \; * \; arrayO\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R) \; x \; r \; *
                            true *
                            \uparrow (x = update-ll \ aa \ b \ ba \ be)>\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma length-update-ll[simp]: \langle length (update-ll a bb b c) = length a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-ll-update-ll:
  \langle bb \rangle \langle bc \rangle = length \ a \implies length-ll \ (update-ll \ a \ bb \ b \ c) \ bb = length-ll \ a \ bb \ b \ c)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ swap-aa, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
   [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j). \ k < length \ xs \land i < length-ll \ xs \ k \land j < length-ll \ xs \ k]_a
  (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ nat-assn^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k
It is not possible to do a direct initialisation: there is no element that can be put everywhere.
definition arrayO-ara-empty-sz where
  \langle arrayO\text{-}ara\text{-}empty\text{-}sz \ n =
   (let xs = fold (\lambda - xs. [] \# xs) [0..< n] [] in
    op-list-copy xs)
lemma heap-list-all-list-assn: \langle heap\text{-list-all } R \ x \ y = list\text{-assn } R \ x \ y \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ of\text{-}list\text{-}op\text{-}list\text{-}copy\text{-}arrayO[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:}
       \langle (Array.of\text{-}list, RETURN \circ op\text{-}list\text{-}copy) \in (list\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R))^d \rightarrow_a arrayO\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
sepref-definition
     array O-ara-empty-sz-code
     is RETURN o arrayO-ara-empty-sz
     :: \langle nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a arrayO\text{-}assn (arl\text{-}assn (R::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn)) \rangle
definition init-lrl :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ list \rangle where
     \langle init\text{-}lrl \ n = replicate \ n \ ] \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{arrayO-ara-empty-sz-init-lrl} : \langle \mathit{arrayO-ara-empty-sz} \ \mathit{n} = \mathit{init-lrl} \ \mathit{n} \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ arrayO\text{-}raa\text{-}empty\text{-}sz\text{-}init\text{-}lrl[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:}
     \langle (array O - ara - empty - sz - code, RETURN \ o \ init - lrl) \in
          nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a arrayO\text{-}assn (arl\text{-}assn R)
     \langle proof \rangle
definition (in -) shorten-take-ll where
     \langle shorten-take-ll\ L\ j\ W=W[L:=take\ j\ (W\ !\ L)] \rangle
definition (in -) shorten-take-aa where
     \langle shorten-take-aa\ L\ j\ W=do\ \{
               (a, n) \leftarrow Array.nth \ W \ L;
               Array.upd\ L\ (a, j)\ W
         }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{Array-upd-arrayO-except-assn}[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules] :
     assumes
         \langle ba < length (b!a) \rangle and
         \langle a < length b \rangle
     shows \langle arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn (arl\text{-}assn R) [a] b bi
                          (\lambda r'. \ arl\text{-}assn \ R \ (b ! a) \ (aaa, n) * \uparrow ((aaa, n) = r' ! a))>
                      Array.upd a (aaa, ba) bi
                      <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; array O\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R) \; x \; r * true *
                                                 \uparrow (x = b[a := take \ ba \ (b \ ! \ a)]) > 1
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ shorten-take-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry2\ shorten-take-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ shorten-take-ll)) \in
           [\lambda((L,j), W). j \leq length (W!L) \wedge L < length W]_a
          nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))^d \rightarrow arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) \land arrayO-assn 
     \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Array-List-Array
imports Array-Array-List
begin
```

0.1.4 Array of Array Lists

There is a major difference compared to 'a array-list array: 'a array-list is not of sort default. This means that function like arl-append cannot be used here.

```
type-synonym 'a arrayO-raa = \langle 'a \ array \ array-list \rangle
type-synonym 'a list-rll = \langle 'a \ list \ list \rangle
definition arlO-assn :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow 'b :: heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ array-list \Rightarrow assn \rangle where
  (arlO-assn\ R'\ xs\ axs\equiv \exists\ _Ap.\ arl-assn\ id-assn\ p\ axs*\ heap-list-all\ R'\ xs\ p)
definition arlO-assn-except :: \langle ('a \Rightarrow 'b::heap \Rightarrow assn) \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'b \ array-list \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow assn \rangle
where
  \langle arlO\text{-}assn\text{-}except R' is xs axs f \equiv
      \exists_A p. \ arl-assn \ id-assn \ p \ axs * heap-list-all-nth \ R' \ (fold \ remove1 \ is \ [0... < length \ xs]) \ xs \ p *
     \uparrow (length \ xs = length \ p) * f p
lemma arlO-assn-except-array0: (arlO-assn-except R [] xs asx (\lambda-. emp) = arlO-assn R xs asx
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{arlO-assn-except-array0-index}:
  \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow arlO\text{-}assn\text{-}except \ R \ [i] \ xs \ asx \ (\lambda p. \ R \ (xs ! i) \ (p ! i)) = arlO\text{-}assn \ R \ xs \ asx \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ array O\text{-}raa\text{-}nth\text{-}rule[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:
  assumes i: \langle i < length \ a \rangle
  shows \langle arlO-assn (array-assn R) a ai > arl-qet ai i < \lambda r. arlO-assn-except (array-assn R) [i] a ai
   (\lambda r'. \ array-assn \ R \ (a ! i) \ r * \uparrow (r = r' ! i))> 
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-ra :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-ra \ xs = arl-length \ xs \rangle
lemma length-ra-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
    \langle \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ x\ xi \rangle \ length{-}ra\ xi \langle \lambda r.\ arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ x\ xi * \uparrow (r = length\ x) \rangle_t \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-ra-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-ra, RETURN \ o \ op-list-length) \in (arlO-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll :: \langle 'a \ list-rll \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle length\text{-}rll\ l\ i = length\ (l!i) \rangle
lemma le-length-rll-nemptyD: \langle b < length-rll \ a \ ba \implies a \ ! \ ba \neq [] \rangle
definition length-raa :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa \ xs \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}qet \ xs \ i;
     Array.len \ x\}
lemma length-raa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow \langle arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length\text{-}raa \ a \ b
    <\lambda r. \ arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs a * \uparrow (r = length-rll \ xs \ b)>_t >
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma length-raa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry\ length-raa,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ\ length-rll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arlO-assn \ (array-assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O \text{-} raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\ xs\ i\ j=do\ \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow Array.nth \ x \ j;
       return y \}
lemma nth-raa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth\text{-}raa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth\text{-}rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO-assn (array-assn R))^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \to R
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-raa :: ('a::\{heap, default\}) arrayO-raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a arrayO-raa Heap
where
  \langle update - raa \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\ a\ i;
       a' \leftarrow Array.upd \ j \ y \ x;
       \mathit{arl}\text{-}\mathit{set}\ a\ i\ a'
    } — is the Array.upd really needed?
definition update-rll :: 'a \ list-rll \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ list \ where
  \langle update\text{-rll } xs \ i \ j \ y = xs[i:=(xs \ ! \ i)[j:=y]] \rangle
declare nth-rule[sep-heap-rules del]
declare arrayO-raa-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
TODO: is it possible to be more precise and not drop the \uparrow ((aa, bc) = r'! bb)
lemma arlO-assn-except-arl-set[sep-heap-rules]:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and
    \langle ba < length-rll \ a \ bb \rangle
  shows (
        < arlO-assn-except (array-assn R) [bb] \ a \ ai \ (\lambda r'. \ array-assn R \ (a!bb) \ aa *
          \uparrow (aa = r' ! bb)) * R b bi >
        Array.upd ba bi aa
       < \lambda aa. \ arlO-assn-except \ (array-assn \ R) \ [bb] \ a \ ai
         (\lambda r'. array-assn R ((a!bb)[ba := b]) aa) * R b bi * true>)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-raa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb \rangle \langle length | a \rangle and \langle ba \rangle \langle length\text{-rll } a \rangle \langle bb \rangle
  shows \langle R \ b \ bi * arlO-assn (array-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-raa \ ai \ bb \ ba \ bi
       <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi*(\exists_A x.\ arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow(x=update-rll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-raa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ update-raa, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ update-rll)) \in
       [\lambda(((l,i),\ j),\ x).\ i\ <\ length\ l\ \wedge\ j\ <\ length\ rll\ l\ i]_a\ (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^d\ *_a\ nat-assn^k\ *_a
```

```
nat\text{-}assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))
   \langle proof \rangle
 definition swap-aa :: ('a::\{heap, default\}) \ arrayO-raa <math>\Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ arrayO-raa \ Heap
where
   \langle swap-aa \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
     xi \leftarrow nth-raa xs \ k \ i;
     xj \leftarrow nth-raa xs \ k \ j;
     xs \leftarrow update\text{-}raa \ xs \ k \ i \ xj;
     xs \leftarrow update\text{-}raa \ xs \ k \ j \ xi;
     return xs
  }
definition swap-ll where
   \langle swap\text{-}ll \ xs \ k \ i \ j = list\text{-}update \ xs \ k \ (swap \ (xs!k) \ i \ j) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-heap[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-rll } aa \ b \rangle
  shows (
    < arl O - assn (array - assn R) aa a >
    nth-raa a b ba
    <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; arl O\text{-}assn \; (array\text{-}assn \; R) \; aa \; a \; *
                    (R \ x \ r \ *
                    \uparrow (x = nth\text{-}rll \ aa \ b \ ba)) *
                    true > >
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-raa-rule-pure:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-rll } aa \ b \rangle and
     b: \langle (bb, be) \in the\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (
    \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ aa\ a \rangle
              update-raa a b ba bb
              <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; invalid\text{-}assn \; (arlO\text{-}assn \; (array\text{-}assn \; R)) \; aa \; a* \; arlO\text{-}assn \; (array\text{-}assn \; R) \; x \; r*
                              \uparrow (x = update-rll \ aa \ b \ ba \ be)>\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma length-update-rll[simp]: \langle length (update-rll a bb b c) = length a \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-rll-update-rll:
   \langle bb < length \ a \Longrightarrow length-rll \ (update-rll \ a \ bb \ b \ c) \ bb = length-rll \ a \ bb \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure }R \rangle
  shows \langle (uncurry3 \ swap-aa, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
   [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j). \ k < length \ xs \land i < length-rll \ xs \ k \land j < length-rll \ xs \ k]_a
  (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))) \land (array\text{-}assn\ R)) \land (array\text{-}assn\ R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-ra :: \langle 'a \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow \ nat \Rightarrow 'a \ array \Rightarrow 'a \ arrayO-raa Heap \rangle where
   \langle update - ra \ xs \ n \ x = arl - set \ xs \ n \ x \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ update\text{-}ra\text{-}list\text{-}update\text{-}rules[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:}
    \mathbf{assumes} \ \langle n < \mathit{length} \ l \rangle
    shows \langle R \mid y \mid x * arlO\text{-}assn \mid R \mid l \mid x > update\text{-}ra \mid xs \mid n \mid x < arlO\text{-}assn \mid R \mid (l[n:=y]) >_t \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ex-assn-up-eq: \langle (\exists_A x. \ P \ x * \uparrow (x = a) * Q) = (P \ a * Q) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-ra-list-update[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry2\ update-ra,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ list-update)) \in
        [\lambda((xs, n), -). n < length \ xs]_a \ (arlO-assn \ R)^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ R^d \rightarrow (arlO-assn \ R)^d *_b \ nat-assn^k *_b \ R^d \rightarrow (arlO-assn \ R)^d *_b \ nat-assn^k *_b \ R^d \rightarrow (arlO-assn \ R)^d *_b \ nat-assn^k \ R^d \rightarrow (arlO-assn \ R)^d \ R^d \rightarrow (ar
\langle proof \rangle
term arl-append
definition arrayO-raa-append where
arrayO-raa-append \equiv \lambda(a,n) \ x. \ do \ \{
          len \leftarrow Array.len \ a;
          if n < len then do  {
               a \leftarrow Array.upd \ n \ x \ a;
               return (a,n+1)
          } else do {
               let \ newcap = 2 * len;
               default \leftarrow Array.new \ 0 \ default;
               a \leftarrow array\text{-}grow \ a \ newcap \ default;
               a \leftarrow Array.upd \ n \ x \ a;
               return (a, n+1)
         }
     }
lemma heap-list-all-append-Nil:
     \langle y \neq [] \implies heap\text{-list-all } R \ (va @ y) \ [] = false \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-Nil-append:
     \langle y \neq [] \implies heap\text{-list-all } R [] (va @ y) = false \rangle
lemma heap-list-all-append: \langle heap-list-all\ R\ (l\ @\ [y])\ (l'\ @\ [x])
     = heap-list-all\ R\ (l)\ (l') * R\ y\ x
     \langle proof \rangle
term arrayO-raa
\mathbf{lemma}\ array O\text{-}raa\text{-}append\text{-}rule[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:
     \langle \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ l\ a*R\ y\ x \rangle arrayO\text{-}raa\text{-}append\ a\ x\ \langle \lambda a.\ arlO\text{-}assn\ R\ (l@[y])\ a\ \rangle_t \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-raa-append-op-list-append[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ array O - raa - append,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op - list - append)) \in
      (arlO\text{-}assn\ R)^d*_aR^d\to_aarlO\text{-}assn\ R)
definition array-of-arl :: \langle 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \rangle where
     \langle array-of-arl \ xs = xs \rangle
definition array-of-arl-raa :: 'a::heap array-list \Rightarrow 'a array Heap where
     \langle array - of - arl - raa = (\lambda(a, n). array - shrink a n) \rangle
lemma array-of-arl[sepref-fr-rules]:
        \langle (\mathit{array-of-arl-raa}, \, \mathit{RETURN} \, \, o \, \, \mathit{array-of-arl}) \in (\mathit{arl-assn} \, \, R)^d \, \rightarrow_a \, (\mathit{array-assn} \, \, R) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
```

```
a \leftarrow Array.new\ initial-capacity\ default;
    return (a, \theta)
lemma arrayO-raa-empty-rule[sep-heap-rules]: \langle emp \rangle arrayO-raa-empty \langle \lambda r. arlO-assn R \mid r \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arrayO-raa-empty-sz where
arrayO-raa-empty-sz init-cap \equiv do \{
    default \leftarrow Array.new \ 0 \ default;
    a \leftarrow Array.new \ (max \ init-cap \ minimum-capacity) \ default;
    return (a, \theta)
  }
lemma arl-empty-sz-array-rule[sep-heap-rules]: \langle emp \rangle arrayO-raa-empty-sz N \langle \lambda r. arlO-assn R []
r>_t
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-rl :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ array \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle nth\text{-}rl \ xs \ n = do \ \{x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ n; \ array\text{-}copy \ x\} \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ nth	ext{-}rl	ext{-}op	ext{-}list	ext{-}get:
  (uncurry\ nth-rl,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op-list-get)) \in
    [\lambda(xs, n). \ n < length \ xs]_a \ (arlO-assn \ (array-assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow array-assn \ R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-of-array :: 'a list list \Rightarrow 'a list list where
  \langle arl\text{-}of\text{-}array \ xs = xs \rangle
definition arl-of-array-raa :: 'a::heap array \Rightarrow ('a array-list) Heap where
  \langle arl\text{-}of\text{-}array\text{-}raa \ xs = do \ \{
     n \leftarrow Array.len \ xs;
     return (xs, n)
  }>
lemma arl-of-array-raa: \langle (arl-of-array-raa, RETURN o arl-of-array) \in
        [\lambda xs. \ xs \neq []]_a \ (array-assn \ R)^d \rightarrow (arl-assn \ R)^{\land}
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory WB-Word
 imports HOL-Word. Word Native-Word. Uint64 Native-Word. Uint32 WB-More-Refinement HOL-Imperative-HOL. Hed
    Collections. HashCode Bits-Natural
begin
lemma less-upper-bintrunc-id: (n < 2 \ \hat{b} \Longrightarrow n \ge 0 \Longrightarrow bintrunc \ b \ n = n)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition word-nat-rel :: ('a :: len0 Word.word \times nat) set where
  \langle word\text{-}nat\text{-}rel = br \ unat \ (\lambda\text{-}. \ True) \rangle
```

definition arrayO-raa- $empty \equiv do \{$

lemma bintrunc-eq-bits-eqI: $((n < r \land bin-nth \ c \ n) = (n < r \land bin-nth \ a \ n)) \Longrightarrow$

 $bintrunc \ r \ (a) = bintrunc \ r \ c$

```
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ and \textit{-eq-bits-eqI: } \langle (\bigwedge n. \ c \ !! \ n = (a \ !! \ n \land b \ !! \ n)) \Longrightarrow a \ AND \ b = c \rangle \ \mathbf{for} \ a \ b \ c :: \langle \neg word \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma pow2-mono-word-less:
        (m < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow n < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow m < n \Longrightarrow (2 :: 'a :: len word) \hat{m} < 2 \hat{n})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma pow2-mono-word-le:
     (m < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow n < LENGTH('a) \Longrightarrow m \le n \Longrightarrow (2 :: 'a :: len word) ^m \le 2 ^n)
     \langle proof \rangle
definition uint32-max :: nat where
     \langle uint32\text{-}max = 2 \ \widehat{\ } 32 - 1 \rangle
lemma unat-le-uint32-max-no-bit-set:
     fixes n :: \langle 'a :: len \ word \rangle
     assumes less: \langle unat \ n \leq uint32\text{-}max \rangle and
          n: \langle n \parallel na \rangle and
          32: \langle 32 < LENGTH('a) \rangle
     shows \langle na < 32 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition uint32-max' where
     [simp, symmetric, code]: \langle uint32-max' = uint32-max \rangle
lemma [code]: \langle uint32 - max' = 4294967295 \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
This lemma is very trivial but maps an 64 word to its list counterpart. This especially allows
to combine two numbers together via ther bit representation (which should be faster than
enumerating all numbers).
lemma ex-rbl-word64:
        \exists \ a64 \ a63 \ a62 \ a61 \ a60 \ a59 \ a58 \ a57 \ a56 \ a55 \ a54 \ a53 \ a52 \ a51 \ a50 \ a49 \ a48 \ a47 \ a46 \ a45 \ a44 \ a43 \ a42
a41
              a40\ a39\ a38\ a37\ a36\ a35\ a34\ a33\ a32\ a31\ a30\ a29\ a28\ a27\ a26\ a25\ a24\ a23\ a22\ a21\ a20\ a19\ a18
a17
             a16 a15 a14 a13 a12 a11 a10 a9 a8 a7 a6 a5 a4 a3 a2 a1.
            to-bl (n :: 64 word) =
                      [a64, a63, a62, a61, a60, a59, a58, a57, a56, a55, a54, a53, a52, a51, a50, a49, a48, a47,
                         a46,\ a45,\ a44,\ a43,\ a42,\ a41,\ a40,\ a39,\ a38,\ a37,\ a36,\ a35,\ a34,\ a33,\ a32,\ a31,\ a30,\ a29,
                         a28, a27, a26, a25, a24, a23, a22, a21, a20, a19, a18, a17, a16, a15, a14, a13, a12, a11,
                         a10, a9, a8, a7, a6, a5, a4, a3, a2, a1 (is ?A) and
     ex-rbl-word64-le-uint32-max:
          \forall unat \ n \leq uint32-max \Longrightarrow \exists \ a31 \ a30 \ a29 \ a28 \ a27 \ a26 \ a25 \ a24 \ a23 \ a22 \ a21 \ a20 \ a19 \ a18 \ a17 \ a16 \ a15
                     a14 a13 a12 a11 a10 a9 a8 a7 a6 a5 a4 a3 a2 a1 a32.
               to-bl (n :: 64 word) =
                [False, False, F
                  False, Fa
                  False, False, False, False, False,
```

a14, a13, a12, a11, a10, a9, a8, a7, a6, a5, a4, a3, a2, a1 (is $\leftarrow \implies ?B$) and

ex-rbl-word64-ge-uint32-max:

a32, a31, a30, a29, a28, a27, a26, a25, a24, a23, a22, a21, a20, a19, a18, a17, a16, a15,

```
(n\ AND\ (2^32-1)=0 \Longrightarrow \exists\ a64\ a63\ a62\ a61\ a60\ a59\ a58\ a57\ a56\ a55\ a54\ a53\ a52\ a51\ a50\ a49
a48
                   a47 a46 a45 a44 a43 a42 a41 a40 a39 a38 a37 a36 a35 a34 a33.
                   to-bl (n :: 64 word) =
                   [a64, a63, a62, a61, a60, a59, a58, a57, a56, a55, a54, a53, a52, a51, a50, a49, a48, a47,
                                a46, a45, a44, a43, a42, a41, a40, a39, a38, a37, a36, a35, a34, a33,
                          False, Fa
                          False, Fa
                          False, False, False, False, False, False \rangle (is \langle - \Longrightarrow ?C \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
32-bits
lemma word-nat-of-uint32-Rep-inject[simp]: \langle nat-of-uint32 ai = nat-of-uint32 bi \longleftrightarrow ai = bi \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{nat-of-uint32-012}[\mathit{simp}] \colon \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint32}\ \mathit{0}\ =\ \mathit{0} \rangle\ \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint32}\ \mathit{2}\ =\ \mathit{2} \rangle\ \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint32}\ \mathit{1}\ =\ \mathit{1} \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-3: \langle nat-of-uint32 \beta = \beta \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-Suc03-iff:
   \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ a = Suc \ 0 \longleftrightarrow a = 1 \rangle
         \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ a=3 \longleftrightarrow a=3 \rangle
          \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-013-neq:
       (1::uint32) \neq (0::uint32) (0::uint32) \neq (1::uint32)
      (3::uint32) \neq (0 :: uint32)
      (3::uint32) \neq (1::uint32)
      (0::uint32) \neq (3::uint32)
      (1::uint32) \neq (3::uint32)
       \langle proof \rangle
definition uint32-nat-rel :: (uint32 \times nat) set where
       \langle uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}rel = br \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (\lambda\text{-}. \ True) \rangle
lemma unat-shiftr: \langle unat \ (xi >> n) = unat \ xi \ div \ (2^n) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
instantiation uint32 :: default
begin
definition default-uint32 :: uint32 where
      \langle default\text{-}uint32 = 0 \rangle
instance
      \langle proof \rangle
end
instance \ uint32 :: heap
      \langle proof \rangle
instance \ uint 32 :: semiring-numeral
       \langle proof \rangle
```

```
instantiation uint32 :: hashable
begin
definition hashcode\text{-}uint32 :: \langle uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \rangle where
  \langle hashcode\text{-}uint32 \ n = n \rangle
definition def-hashmap-size-uint32 :: \langle uint32 | itself \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  \langle def-hashmap-size-uint32 = (\lambda-. 16)\rangle
  — same as nat
instance
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{end}
abbreviation uint32-rel :: \langle (uint32 \times uint32) \ set \rangle where
  \langle uint32 - rel \equiv Id \rangle
lemma nat-bin-trunc-ao:
  \langle nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ a) \ AND \ nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ b) = nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ (a \ AND \ b)) \rangle
  \langle nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ a) \ OR \ nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ b) = nat \ (bintrunc \ n \ (a \ OR \ b)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-ao:
  \langle nat-of-uint32 \ n \ AND \ nat-of-uint32 \ m = nat-of-uint32 \ (n \ AND \ m) \rangle
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \ OR \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ m = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (n \ OR \ m) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-mod-2:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L \ mod \ 2 = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (L \ mod \ 2) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-1-mod-2-uint32: \langle bitAND \ L \ 1 = L \ mod \ 2 \rangle for L :: uint32
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat\text{-}uint\text{-}XOR: (nat\ (uint\ (a\ XOR\ b)) = nat\ (uint\ a)\ XOR\ nat\ (uint\ b))
  if len: \langle LENGTH('a) > \theta \rangle
  for a \ b :: \langle 'a :: len0 \ Word.word \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-XOR: (nat-of-uint32 (a \ XOR \ b) = nat-of-uint32 a \ XOR \ nat-of-uint32 b)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-0-iff: \langle nat-of-uint32 xi = 0 \iff xi = 0 \rangle for xi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat\text{-}0\text{-}AND: \langle 0 | AND | n = 0 \rangle for n :: nat
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-0-AND: \langle 0 | AND | n = 0 \rangle for n :: uint32
  \langle proof \rangle
definition uint32-safe-minus where
  \langle uint32\text{-safe-minus } m \ n = (if \ m < n \ then \ 0 \ else \ m - n) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{nat-of-uint32-le-minus:} \ \langle \mathit{ai} \leq \mathit{bi} \Longrightarrow \mathit{0} = \mathit{nat-of-uint32} \ \mathit{ai} - \mathit{nat-of-uint32} \ \mathit{bi} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma nat-of-uint32-notle-minus:
  \langle \neg \ ai < bi \Longrightarrow \rangle
         nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (ai - bi) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ ai - nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ bi)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-uint32-of-nat-id: (n \le uint32-max \implies nat-of-uint32 (uint32-of-nat n) = n
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-less-than-0[iff]: \langle (a::uint32) \leq 0 \longleftrightarrow a = 0 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-less-iff: \langle nat-of-uint32 a < nat-of-uint32 b \longleftrightarrow a < b \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-le-iff: \langle nat-of-uint32 a \leq nat-of-uint32 b \longleftrightarrow a \leq b \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-max:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (max\ ai\ bi) = max\ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ ai)\ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ bi) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma mult-mod-mod-mult:
    (b < n \ div \ a \Longrightarrow a > 0 \Longrightarrow b > 0 \Longrightarrow a * b \ mod \ n = a * (b \ mod \ n)) \ \mathbf{for} \ a \ b \ n :: int
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-distrib-mult2:
  assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi \leq uint32\text{-}max \ div \ 2 \rangle
  shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (2*xi) = 2*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-distrib-mult2-plus1:
  assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi \leq uint32\text{-}max \ div \ 2 \rangle
  shows (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ (2*xi+1) = 2*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ xi+1)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-add:
  (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ ai\ +\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ bi\ \leq\ uint32\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
     nat-of-uint32 (ai + bi) = nat-of-uint32 ai + nat-of-uint32 bi
  \langle proof \rangle
definition zero-uint32-nat where
  [simp]: \langle zero\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat = (0 :: nat) \rangle
{\bf definition}\ {\it one-uint32-nat}\ {\bf where}
  [simp]: \langle one\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat = (1 :: nat) \rangle
definition two-uint32-nat where [simp]: \langle two-uint32-nat = (2 :: nat) \rangle
definition two-uint32 where
  [simp]: \langle two\text{-}uint32 = (2 :: uint32) \rangle
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{fast-minus} :: \langle \textit{'a} :: \{ \textit{minus} \} \Rightarrow \textit{'a} \Rightarrow \textit{'a} \rangle \ \textbf{where}
```

 $[simp]: \langle fast\text{-}minus\ m\ n=m-n \rangle$

```
definition fast-minus-code :: \langle 'a :: \{ minus, ord \} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle fast\text{-minus-code } m \ n = (SOME \ p. \ (p = m - n \land m \ge n)) \rangle
definition fast-minus-nat :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  [simp, code \ del]: \langle fast-minus-nat = fast-minus-code \rangle
definition fast-minus-nat' :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle \text{ where }
  [simp, code \ del]: \langle fast-minus-nat' = fast-minus-code \rangle
lemma [code]: \langle fast\text{-}minus\text{-}nat = fast\text{-}minus\text{-}nat' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma word-of-int-int-unat[simp]: (word-of-int (int (unat x)) = x)
lemma uint32-of-nat-nat-of-uint32[simp]: \langle uint32-of-nat (nat-of-uint32 x \rangle = x \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition sum-mod-uint32-max where
  \langle sum\text{-}mod\text{-}uint32\text{-}max\ a\ b=(a+b)\ mod\ (uint32\text{-}max+1) \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-plus:
  (nat-of-uint32\ (a+b) = (nat-of-uint32\ a+nat-of-uint32\ b)\ mod\ (uint32-max+1)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition one-uint32 where
  \langle one\text{-}uint32 = (1::uint32) \rangle
This lemma is meant to be used to simplify expressions like nat-of-uint32 5 and therefore we
add the bound explicitly instead of keeping uint32-max. Remark the types are non trivial here:
we convert a uint32 to a nat, even if the experession numeral n looks the same.
lemma nat-of-uint32-numeral[simp]:
  (numeral\ n \le ((2\ \widehat{\ }32\ -\ 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ (numeral\ n) = numeral\ n)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-mod-232:
  shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ xi \ mod \ 2^32 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma transfer-pow-uint32:
  \langle Transfer.Rel \ (rel-fun \ cr-uint32 \ (rel-fun \ (=) \ cr-uint32)) \ ((^{)}) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-mod-232-eq:
  fixes xi :: uint32
  shows \langle xi = xi \mod 2^32 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-numeral-mod-232:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (numeral \ n) = numeral \ n \ mod \ 2^32 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma int-of-uint32-alt-def: \langle int-of-uint32 n = int (nat-of-uint32 n) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma int-of-uint32-numeral[simp]:
  (numeral\ n \le ((2 \ \widehat{\ } 32 - 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow int\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ (numeral\ n) = numeral\ n)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-numeral-iff[simp]:
  (numeral \ n \le ((2 \ \widehat{\ } 32 - 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow nat-of-uint32 \ a = numeral \ n \longleftrightarrow a = numeral \ n)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-mult-le:
   \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ ai*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ bi \leq uint32\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
       nat-of-uint32 (ai * bi) = nat-of-uint32 ai * nat-of-uint32 bi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-and-numerals [simp]:
  (numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)::nat)\ AND\ (numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ y)::nat) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND)
numeral y)
  numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ y) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND\ numeral\ y)
  numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ y) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND\ numeral\ y)
  numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ y) = (2::nat)*(numeral\ x\ AND\ numeral\ y)+1
  (1::nat) AND numeral (Num.Bit0 \ y) = 0
  (1::nat) AND numeral (Num.Bit1\ y) = 1
  numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)\ AND\ (1::nat) = 0
  numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ (1::nat) = 1
  (Suc \ \theta :: nat) \ AND \ numeral \ (Num. Bit \theta \ y) = \theta
  (Suc\ 0::nat)\ AND\ numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ y) = 1
  numeral\ (Num.Bit0\ x)\ AND\ (Suc\ 0::nat) = 0
  numeral\ (Num.Bit1\ x)\ AND\ (Suc\ 0::nat) = 1
  Suc \ \theta \ AND \ Suc \ \theta = 1
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-div:
  (nat-of-uint32 \ (a \ div \ b) = nat-of-uint32 \ a \ div \ nat-of-uint32 \ b)
  \langle proof \rangle
64-bits
definition uint64-nat-rel :: (uint64 \times nat) set where
  \langle uint64-nat-rel = br \ nat-of-uint64 \ (\lambda-. \ True) \rangle
abbreviation uint64-rel :: \langle (uint64 \times uint64) \ set \rangle where
  \langle uint64 - rel \equiv Id \rangle
lemma word-nat-of-uint64-Rep-inject[simp]: \langle nat-of-uint64 ai = nat-of-uint64 bi \longleftrightarrow ai = bi \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
instantiation uint64 :: default
definition default-uint64 :: uint64 where
  \langle default\text{-}uint64 = 0 \rangle
instance
  \langle proof \rangle
end
```

```
instance uint64 :: heap
      \langle proof \rangle
instance uint64 :: semiring-numeral
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-012[simp]: \langle nat-of-uint64 \theta = \theta \rangle \langle nat-of-uint64
      \langle proof \rangle
definition zero-uint64-nat where
      [simp]: \langle zero\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat = (0 :: nat) \rangle
definition uint64-max :: nat where
      \langle uint64 - max = 2 \hat{64} - 1 \rangle
definition uint64-max' where
      [simp, symmetric, code]: \langle uint64-max' = uint64-max \rangle
lemma [code]: \langle uint64-max' = 18446744073709551615 \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-uint64-of-nat-id: (n \le uint64-max \implies nat-of-uint64 (uint64-of-nat n) = n
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-add:
      \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ ai + nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
            nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (ai + bi) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ ai + nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ bi \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
definition one-uint64-nat where
      [simp]: \langle one\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat = (1 :: nat) \rangle
lemma uint64-less-than-0[iff]: \langle (a::uint64) \leq 0 \longleftrightarrow a = 0 \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-less-iff: \langle nat-of-uint64 a < nat-of-uint64 b \longleftrightarrow a < b \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-distrib-mult2:
      assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ xi \leq uint64\text{-}max \ div \ 2 \rangle
     shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (2*xi) = 2*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ xi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) nat-of-uint64-distrib-mult2-plus1:
     assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ xi \leq uint64\text{-}max \ div \ 2 \rangle
     shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (2*xi+1) = 2*nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ xi+1 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-numeral[simp]:
      (numeral\ n \le ((2 \ \hat{\ } 64 - 1) :: nat) \Longrightarrow nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ (numeral\ n) = numeral\ n)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma int-of-uint64-alt-def: (int-of-uint64 n = int (nat-of-uint64 n))
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma int-of-uint64-numeral[simp]:
  \langle numeral \ n \leq ((2 \ \hat{\ } 64 - 1) :: nat) \Longrightarrow int-of-uint 64 \ (numeral \ n) = numeral \ n \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-numeral-iff[simp]:
  \langle numeral \ n \leq ((2 \ \ \ \ 64 - 1)::nat) \Longrightarrow nat-of-uint64 \ a = numeral \ n \longleftrightarrow a = numeral \ n \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma numeral-uint64-eq-iff[simp]:
 (numeral\ m \le (2^64-1\ ::\ nat) \Longrightarrow numeral\ n \le (2^64-1\ ::\ nat) \Longrightarrow ((numeral\ m\ ::\ uint64) =
numeral\ n) \longleftrightarrow numeral\ m = (numeral\ n :: nat)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma numeral-uint64-eq0-iff[simp]:
 (numeral\ n \le (2^64-1\ ::\ nat) \Longrightarrow ((0\ ::\ uint64) = numeral\ n) \longleftrightarrow 0 = (numeral\ n\ ::\ nat))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma transfer-pow-uint64: (Transfer.Rel (rel-fun cr-uint64 (rel-fun (=) cr-uint64)) (^))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftl-t2n-uint64: (n \ll m = n * 2 \cap m) for n :: uint64
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma mod2-bin-last: \langle a \mod 2 = 0 \longleftrightarrow \neg bin-last a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitXOR-1-if-mod-2-int: \langle bitOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L) \rangle for L :: int
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-1-if-mod-2-nat:
  \langle bitOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L) \rangle
  \langle bitOR \ L \ (Suc \ \theta) = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = \theta \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L) \rangle  for L :: nat
\langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-max-uint-def: (unat (-1 :: 64 Word.word) = uint64-max)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-le-uint64-max: \langle nat-of-uint64 x \leq uint64-max \rangle
lemma bitOR-1-if-mod-2-uint64: \langle bitOR \ L \ 1 = (if \ L \ mod \ 2 = 0 \ then \ L + 1 \ else \ L) \rangle for L :: uint64
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-plus:
  (nat-of-uint64 (a + b) = (nat-of-uint64 a + nat-of-uint64 b) mod (uint64-max + 1))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-and:
  \langle ai \geq 0 \implies bi \geq 0 \implies nat \ (ai \ AND \ bi) = nat \ ai \ AND \ nat \ bi \rangle
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma nat-of-uint 64-and:
  (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ ai \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
     nat-of-uint64 (ai AND bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai AND nat-of-uint64 bi
  \langle proof \rangle
definition two-uint64-nat :: nat where
  [simp]: \langle two\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat = 2 \rangle
lemma nat-or:
  \langle ai \geq 0 \implies bi \geq 0 \implies nat \ (ai \ OR \ bi) = nat \ ai \ OR \ nat \ bi \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-or:
  (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ ai \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
     nat-of-uint64 (ai OR bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai OR nat-of-uint64 bi)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma Suc\text{-}0\text{-}le\text{-}uint64\text{-}max: \langle Suc\ 0 \le uint64\text{-}max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{nat-of-uint64-le-iff:} \ \langle \mathit{nat-of-uint64} \ \mathit{a} \leq \mathit{nat-of-uint64} \ \mathit{b} \longleftrightarrow \mathit{a} \leq \mathit{b} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-notle-minus:
  \langle \neg \ ai < bi \Longrightarrow
        nat-of-uint64 (ai - bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai - nat-of-uint64 bi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma le\text{-}uint32\text{-}max\text{-}le\text{-}uint64\text{-}max: \langle a \leq uint32\text{-}max + 2 \Longrightarrow a \leq uint64\text{-}max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-ge-minus:
  \langle ai \geq bi \Longrightarrow
        nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ (ai-bi) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ ai-nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ bi)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition sum-mod-uint64-max where
  \langle sum\text{-}mod\text{-}uint64\text{-}max\ a\ b=(a+b)\ mod\ (uint64\text{-}max+1) \rangle
definition uint32-max-uint32 :: uint32 where
  \langle uint32\text{-}max\text{-}uint32 = -1 \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-uint32-max-uint32[simp]:
    \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ (uint32\text{-}max\text{-}uint32) = uint32\text{-}max \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma sum-mod-uint64-max-le-uint64-max[simp]: \langle sum-mod-uint64-max \ a \ b \le uint64-max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition uint64-of-uint32 where
  \langle uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n = uint64\text{-}of\text{-}nat \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n) \rangle
```

export-code uint64-of-uint32 in SML

```
We do not want to follow the definition in the generated code (that would be crazy).
definition uint64-of-uint32' where
  [symmetric, code]: \langle uint64-of-uint32' = uint64-of-uint32 \rangle
code-printing constant uint64-of-uint32' →
   (SML) (Uint64.fromLarge (Word32.toLarge (-)))
export-code uint64-of-uint32 checking SML-imp
export-code uint64-of-uint32 in SML-imp
lemma
  assumes n[simp]: \langle n \leq uint32 - max - uint32 \rangle
  shows \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \mid (uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \mid n) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \mid n \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition zero-uint64 where
  \langle zero\text{-}uint64 \equiv (0 :: uint64) \rangle
definition zero-uint32 where
  \langle zero\text{-}uint32 \equiv (0 :: uint32) \rangle
definition two\text{-}uint64 where \langle two\text{-}uint64 \rangle = (2 :: uint64) \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint 64-ao:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ m \ AND \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (m \ AND \ n) \rangle
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ m \ OR \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ (m \ OR \ n) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Conversions
From nat to 64 bits definition uint64-of-nat-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
\langle uint64-of-nat-conv \ i=i \rangle
From nat to 32 bits definition nat-of-uint32-spec :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\text{-}spec \ n = n \rangle
From 64 to nat bits definition nat-of-uint64-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
[simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv \ i = i \rangle
From 32 to nat bits definition nat-of-uint32-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
[simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\text{-}conv \ i = i \rangle
definition convert-to-uint32 :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle convert-to-uint32 = id \rangle
From 32 to 64 bits definition uint64-of-uint32-conv :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
  [simp]: \langle uint64 - of - uint32 - conv \ x = x \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-le-uint32-max: \langle nat-of-uint32 n \leq uint32-max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-le-uint64-max: \langle nat-of-uint32 n \leq uint64-max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\textbf{lemma} \ \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint32:} \ \ \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ \ (uint64\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ n) = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ n\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
From 64 to 32 bits definition uint32-of-uint64 where
   \langle uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n = uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n) \rangle
definition uint32-of-uint64-conv where
  [simp]: \langle uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv \ n=n \rangle
lemma (in -) uint64-neq0-gt: \langle j \neq (0::uint64) \longleftrightarrow j > 0 \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-gt0-ge1: \langle j > 0 \longleftrightarrow j \ge (1::uint64) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition three-uint32 where \langle three-uint32 = (3 :: uint32) \rangle
definition nat-of-uint64-id-conv :: \langle uint64 \Rightarrow nat \rangle where
\langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}id\text{-}conv = nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \rangle
definition op-map :: ('b \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'b \text{ list } \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list nres where}
   \langle op\text{-}map \ R \ e \ xs = do \ \{
     let zs = replicate (length xs) e;
   (\textbf{-},\textit{zs}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{\textit{T}} \dot{\lambda}(\textit{i,zs}). \ \textit{i} \leq \textit{length } \textit{xs} \land \textit{take } \textit{i} \textit{zs} = \textit{map } \textit{R} \textit{ (take } \textit{i} \textit{xs)} \land \\
                                                                                                                                    length \ zs = length \ xs \land (\forall \ k \ge i. \ k < length \ x
        (\lambda(i, zs). i < length zs)
        (\lambda(i, zs). do \{ASSERT(i < length zs); RETURN (i+1, zs[i := R (xs!i)])\})
        (0, zs);
     RETURN \ zs
  }>
lemma op-map-map: \langle op\text{-map} \ R \ e \ xs \leq RETURN \ (map \ R \ xs) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma op\text{-}map\text{-}map\text{-}rel:
   \langle (op\text{-}map\ R\ e,\ RETURN\ o\ (map\ R)) \in \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rightarrow_f \langle \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
definition array-nat-of-uint64-conv :: \langle nat \ list \Rightarrow \ nat \ list \rangle where
\langle array-nat-of-uint64-conv = id \rangle
definition array-nat-of-uint64 :: nat list <math>\Rightarrow nat list nres where
\langle array-nat-of-uint64 \ xs = op-map \ nat-of-uint64-conv \ 0 \ xs \rangle
lemma array-nat-of-uint64-conv-alt-def:
   \langle array-nat-of-uint64-conv \rangle = map \ nat-of-uint64-conv \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition array-uint64-of-nat-conv :: \langle nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ list \rangle where
\langle array\text{-}uint64\text{-}of\text{-}nat\text{-}conv = id \rangle
definition array-uint64-of-nat :: nat list <math>\Rightarrow nat list nres where
\langle array\text{-}uint64\text{-}of\text{-}nat \ xs = op\text{-}map \ uint64\text{-}of\text{-}nat\text{-}conv \ zero\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat \ xs} \rangle
```

end

```
theory WB-Word-Assn
\mathbf{imports} \quad \textit{Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF}
 WB-Word Bits-Natural
 WB-More-Refinement WB-More-IICF-SML
begin
```

0.1.5More Setup for Fixed Size Natural Numbers

```
Words
abbreviation word-nat-assn :: nat \Rightarrow 'a::len0 \ Word.word \Rightarrow assn \ where
  \langle word\text{-}nat\text{-}assn \equiv pure \ word\text{-}nat\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma op-eq-word-nat:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::'a::len\ Word.word\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=))) \in
    word-nat-assn^k *_a word-nat-assn^k \to_a bool-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation uint32-nat-assn :: nat \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow assn where
  \langle uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn \equiv pure\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}rel \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint32-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint32\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=)))\in
    uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation uint32-assn :: \langle uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow assn \rangle where
  \langle uint32\text{-}assn \equiv id\text{-}assn \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint32:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint32\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=)))\in
    uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemmas [id-rules] =
  itypeI[Pure.of 0 TYPE (uint32)]
  itypeI[Pure.of 1 TYPE (uint32)]
lemma param-uint32[param, sepref-import-param]:
  (0, 0::uint32) \in Id
  (1, 1::uint32) \in Id
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma param-max-uint32[param,sepref-import-param]:
  (max, max) \in uint32 - rel \rightarrow uint32 - rel \rightarrow uint32 - rel \langle proof \rangle
lemma max-uint32[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ max),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ max)) \in
    uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-minus:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ uint32\text{-}safe\text{-}minus),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (-))) \in
     uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma [safe-constraint-rules]:
     \langle CONSTRAINT\ IS\text{-}LEFT\text{-}UNIQUE\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}rel \rangle
     \langle CONSTRAINT\ IS\text{-}RIGHT\text{-}UNIQUE\ uint 32\text{-}nat\text{-}rel\rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftr1 [sepref-fr-rules]:
       (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((>>))),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (>>))) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \to_a
             uint32-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma shiftl1[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (return\ o\ shiftl1,\ RETURN\ o\ shiftl1) \in nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn^k \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-rule[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (return\ o\ nat-of-uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ nat-of-uint32) \in uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma max-uint32-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ max),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ max)) \in uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to a uint32\text{-}assn^k 
           uint32-nat-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-set-hnr-u:
         \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \Longrightarrow
         (uncurry2\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ heap-array-set\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)),\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ op-list-set)) \in
           [pre-list-set]_a (array-assn A)^d *_a uint32-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow array-assn A)^d
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-get-hnr-u:
    assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
    shows (uncurry\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ Array.nth\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)),
             uncurry \ (RETURN \ \circ \circ \ op\text{-}list\text{-}get)) \in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a \ (array\text{-}assn \ A)^k \ *_a \ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \ \rightarrow \ A \land array\text{-}assn^k)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arl-qet-hnr-u:
    assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
    shows (uncurry\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ arl-get\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op-list-get))
\in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a (arl\text{-}assn A)^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow A)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-plus[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (+)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (+))) \in [\lambda(m,\ n).\ m+n \leq uint32-max]_a
           uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-one:
     \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 1) \rangle \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-zero:
     (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 0)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma nat-of-uint32-int32-assn:
  \langle (return\ o\ id,\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-zero-uint32-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint32-nat) \rangle \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-assn-zero:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 0)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma one-uint32-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ one-uint32-nat) \rangle \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-less[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (<)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<))) \in
    uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn > a
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-2-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: ((uncurry0 (return two-uint32), uncurry0 (RETURN two-uint32-nat))
\in unit\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
Do NOT declare this theorem as sepref-fr-rules to avoid bad unexpected conversions.
lemma le-uint32-nat-hnr:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ nat-of-uint32\ a< b)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<)))\in
   uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma le-nat-uint32-hnr:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\lambda a\ b.\ a< nat-of-uint32\ b)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<)))\in
   nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
code-printing constant fast-minus-nat' \rightarrow (SML-imp) (Nat(integer'-of'-nat/(-)/ -/ integer'-of'-nat/
(-)))
lemma fast-minus-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ fast-minus-nat),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ fast-minus)) \in
     [\lambda(m, n). \ m \ge n]_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \to nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition fast-minus-uint32 :: (uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32) where
  [simp]: \langle fast\text{-}minus\text{-}uint32 = fast\text{-}minus \rangle
lemma fast-minus-uint32[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ fast-minus-uint32),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ fast-minus)) \in
     [\lambda(m, n). \ m \ge n]_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \to uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-0-eq: \langle uint32-nat-assn 0 a = \uparrow (a = 0) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ uint 32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\text{-}nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint 32:}
       \langle uint32-nat-assn aa a = nat-assn aa (nat-of-uint32 \ a) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma sum-mod-uint32-max: (uncurry (return oo (+)), uncurry (RETURN oo sum-mod-uint32-max))
     uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a
     uint32-nat-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma le-uint32-nat-rel-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\leq)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (\leq))) \in
      uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn<sup>k</sup>
lemma one-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ one-uint32)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
lemma sum-uint32-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
    \langle (uncurry \ (return \ oo \ (+)), \ uncurry \ (RETURN \ oo \ (+))) \in uint32-assn^k *_a \ uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k \rangle 
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma Suc\text{-}uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn\text{-}hnr:
   \langle (return\ o\ (\lambda n.\ n+1), RETURN\ o\ Suc) \in [\lambda n.\ n < uint32-max]_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \to uint32-nat-assn^k
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma minus-uint32-assn:
 \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (-)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (-))) \in uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a\ uint32\text{-}assn^k \to_a\ uint32\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint32-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
         uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint32-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
          uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint32-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in
         uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k 
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint32-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in
         uint32-assn^k *_a uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-nat-assn-mult:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((*))),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ ((*)))) \in [\lambda(a,\ b).\ a*b \leq uint32-max]_a
              uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma [sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (div)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (div))) \in
     uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
64-bits
lemmas [id-rules] =
  itypeI[Pure.of 0 TYPE (uint64)]
  itypeI[Pure.of 1 TYPE (uint64)]
lemma param-uint64 [param, sepref-import-param]:
  (0, 0::uint64) \in Id
  (1, 1::uint64) \in Id
  \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation uint64-nat-assn :: nat \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow assn where
  \langle uint64-nat-assn \equiv pure \ uint64-nat-rel \rangle
abbreviation uint64-assn :: \langle uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow assn \rangle where
  \langle uint64-assn \equiv id-assn \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint64:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint64\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=)))\in
    uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a bool-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma op-eq-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((=)::uint64\Rightarrow -)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (=))) \in
    uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-nat-assn-zero-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint64-nat)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma \ uint 64-nat-assn-plus [sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (+)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (+))) \in [\lambda(m,\ n).\ m+n \leq uint64-max]_a
     uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma one-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 1), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ one-uint64-nat) \rangle \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-nat-assn-less[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (<)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (<))) \in
    uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a bool-assn^b
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma mult-uint64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
 (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (*)\ ),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (*)))
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} \in \  \, uint64\text{-}assn^k \, *_a \, uint64\text{-}assn^k \, \rightarrow_a \, uint64\text{-}assn \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{lemma} \, \, shiftr\text{-}uint64 [sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules] : \\ \langle (uncurry \, (return \, oo \, (>>) \, ), \, uncurry \, (RETURN \, oo \, (>>))) \\ \in \, uint64\text{-}assn^k \, *_a \, nat\text{-}assn^k \, \rightarrow_a \, uint64\text{-}assn \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \\ \end{array}
```

Taken from theory *Native-Word.Uint64*. We use real Word64 instead of the unbounded integer as done by default.

Remark that all this setup is taken from Native-Word. Uint 64.

```
code-printing code-module Uint64 \rightarrow (SML) \ (* Test that words can handle numbers between 0 and 63 *)
```

```
val - = if \ 6 \le Word.wordSize \ then \ () \ else \ raise \ (Fail \ (wordSize \ less \ than \ 6));
structure Uint64 : sig
  eqtype uint64;
  val zero: uint64;
  val \ one : uint 64;
  val\ from Int : Int Inf. int -> uint 64;
  val\ toInt: uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int;
  val\ toFixedInt: uint64 \longrightarrow Int.int;
  val toLarge : uint64 → LargeWord.word;
  val\ from Large: Large Word.word -> uint 64
  val fromFixedInt : Int.int → uint64
  val \ plus : uint64 \longrightarrow uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ minus: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ times: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ divide: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ modulus: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val\ negate: uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ less-eq: uint64 \longrightarrow uint64 \longrightarrow bool;
  val\ less: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow bool;
  val\ notb: uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ andb: uint64 \rightarrow uint64 \rightarrow uint64;
  val \ orb : uint64 \longrightarrow uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ xorb: uint64 \longrightarrow uint64 \longrightarrow uint64;
  val \ shiftl: uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow uint64;
  val \ shiftr : uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ shiftr-signed: uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow uint64;
  val\ set\text{-}bit: uint64 \longrightarrow IntInf.int \longrightarrow bool \longrightarrow uint64;
  val test-bit : uint6₄ → IntInf.int → bool;
end = struct
type\ uint64 = Word64.word;
val\ zero = (0wx0 : uint64);
val \ one = (0wx1 : uint64);
fun\ fromInt\ x = Word64.fromLargeInt\ (IntInf.toLarge\ x);
fun\ toInt\ x = IntInf.fromLarge\ (Word64.toLargeInt\ x);
fun\ toFixedInt\ x = Word64.toInt\ x;
```

```
fun\ from Large\ x=\ Word 64.from Large\ x;
fun\ fromFixedInt\ x=\ Word64.fromInt\ x;
fun\ toLarge\ x = Word64.toLarge\ x;
fun \ plus \ x \ y = Word64.+(x, \ y);
fun minus x y = Word64.-(x, y);
fun negate x = Word64.^{\sim}(x);
fun times x y = Word64.*(x, y);
fun\ divide\ x\ y = Word64.div(x,\ y);
fun\ modulus\ x\ y = Word64.mod(x,\ y);
fun\ less-eq\ x\ y=\ Word64.<=(x,\ y);
fun\ less\ x\ y = Word64.<(x,\ y);
fun \ set	ext{-}bit \ x \ n \ b =
  let \ val \ mask = Word64. << (0wx1, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
  in if b then Word64.orb (x, mask)
    else Word64.andb (x, Word64.notb mask)
  end
fun \ shiftl \ x \ n =
  Word64. << (x, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
fun \ shiftr \ x \ n =
  Word64.>> (x, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
fun \ shiftr-signed \ x \ n =
  Word64.^{\sim} >> (x, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))
fun \ test-bit \ x \ n =
  Word64.andb (x, Word64. << (0wx1, Word.fromLargeInt (IntInf.toLarge n))) <> Word64.fromInt 0
val\ notb = Word64.notb
fun\ andb\ x\ y = Word64.andb(x,\ y);
fun \ orb \ x \ y = Word64.orb(x, \ y);
fun \ xorb \ x \ y = Word64.xorb(x, \ y);
end (*struct Uint64*)
lemma bitAND-uint64-max-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry (return oo (AND)), uncurry (RETURN oo (AND)))
  \in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \leq uint64-max \land b \leq uint64-max]_a
    uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *<sub>a</sub> uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma two-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry0 (return 2), uncurry0 (RETURN two-uint64-nat))
       \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint64-max-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR)))
       \in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \leq uint64-max \land b \leq uint64-max]_a
            uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma fast-minus-uint64-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry (return oo fast-minus), uncurry (RETURN oo fast-minus))
       \in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \ge b]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \to uint64-nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma fast-minus-uint64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry (return oo fast-minus), uncurry (RETURN oo fast-minus))
       \in [\lambda(a, b). \ a \ge b]_a \ uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \to uint64-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma minus-uint64-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (-)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (-))) \in
         [\lambda(a, b). \ a \geq b]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma le-uint64-nat-assn-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (\leq)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (\leq))) \in uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn}^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn}^k \to_a
bool-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{sum-mod-uint64-max-hnr}[\mathit{sepref-fr-rules}] :
     (uncurry (return oo (+)), uncurry (RETURN oo sum-mod-uint64-max))
       \in uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma zero-uint64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint64)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma zero-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ zero-uint32)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma zero-uin64-hnr: \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 0), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ 0)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma two-uin64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 2), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ two-uint64)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k \rangle
```

 ${\bf lemma}\ two\text{-}uint 32\text{-}hnr[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:$

 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
\langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 2), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ two-uint32)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-assn^k \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma sum-uint64-assn:
   \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (+)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (+))) \in uint64\text{-}assn^k *_a\ uint64\text{-}assn^k \to_a\ uint64\text{-}assn^k \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ bit AND\text{-}uint 64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
          uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitAND-uint64-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (AND)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (AND))) \in
          uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k
lemma bitOR-uint64-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in
          uint64-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bitOR-uint64-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (OR)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (OR))) \in
          uint64-assn^k *_a uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-mult-le:
       \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ ai * nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ bi \leq uint64\text{-}max \Longrightarrow
                nat-of-uint64 (ai * bi) = nat-of-uint64 ai * nat-of-uint64 bi
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-nat-assn-mult:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ ((*))),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ ((*)))) \in [\lambda(a,\ b).\ a*b \leq uint64-max]_a
             uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-max-uint64-nat-assn:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 18446744073709551615), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ uint64-max)) \in
    unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-max-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 18446744073709551615), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ uint64-max)) \in
    unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
Conversions
From nat to 64 bits lemma uint64-of-nat-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (return\ o\ uint64\text{-}of\text{-}nat,\ RETURN\ o\ uint64\text{-}of\text{-}nat\text{-}conv}) \in
         [\lambda n. \ n \leq uint64-max]_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
```

From nat to 32 bits lemma nat-of-uint32-spec-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:

 $(return\ o\ uint32-of-nat,\ RETURN\ o\ nat-of-uint32-spec) \in$

```
[\lambda n. \ n \leq uint32\text{-}max]_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
From 64 to nat bits lemma nat-of-uint64-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64,\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv) \in uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a nat\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64),\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64) \in
    (uint64-assn)^k \rightarrow_a nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
From 32 to nat bits lemma nat-of-uint32-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\text{-}conv) \in uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a nat\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-to-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (return o uint32-of-nat, RETURN o convert-to-uint32)
    \in [\lambda n. \ n \leq uint32\text{-}max]_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
From 32 to 64 bits lemma uint64-of-uint32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ uint64-of-uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ uint64-of-uint32) \in uint32-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint64-of-uint32-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ uint64-of\text{-}uint32,\ RETURN\ o\ uint64-of\text{-}uint32\text{-}conv) \in
    uint32-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
  \langle proof \rangle
From 64 to 32 bits lemma uint32-of-uint64-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ ,\ RETURN\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv) \in
     [\lambda a. \ a \leq uint32-max]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
From nat to 32 bits lemma (in -) uint32-of-nat[sepref-fr-rules]:
 \langle proof \rangle
Setup for numerals The refinement framework still defaults to nat, making the constants
like two-uint32-nat still useful, but they can be omitted in some cases: For example, in (2::'a)
+ n, 2 will be refined to nat (independently of n). However, if the expression is n + (2::'a)
and if n is refined to uint32, then everything will work as one might expect.
lemmas [id-rules] =
  itypeI[Pure.of\ numeral\ TYPE\ (num \Rightarrow uint32)]
  itypeI[Pure.of\ numeral\ TYPE\ (num \Rightarrow uint64)]
lemma id-uint32-const[id-rules]: (PR-CONST (a::uint32)) ::_i TYPE(uint32) \land proof)
lemma id\text{-}uint64\text{-}const[id\text{-}rules]: (PR\text{-}CONST (a::uint64)) ::_i TYPE(uint64) \langle proof \rangle
lemma param-uint32-numeral[sepref-import-param]:
  \langle (numeral \ n, \ numeral \ n) \in uint32-rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma param-uint64-numeral[sepref-import-param]:
  \langle (numeral \ n, \ numeral \ n) \in uint64-rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
locale nat-of-uint64-loc =
  fixes n :: num
  assumes le\text{-}uint64\text{-}max: \langle numeral \ n \leq uint64\text{-}max \rangle
begin
definition nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}numeral :: nat where
  [simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}numeral = (numeral \ n) \rangle
definition nat-of-uint64 :: uint64 where
[simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 = (numeral \ n) \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-numeral-hnr:
  (uncurry0 (return nat-of-uint64), uncurry0 (PR-CONST (RETURN nat-of-uint64-numeral)))
      \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
sepref-register nat-of-uint64-numeral
end
lemma (in -) [sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle CONSTRAINT \ (\lambda n. \ numeral \ n \leq uint64-max) \ n \Longrightarrow
(uncurry0 (return (nat-of-uint64-loc.nat-of-uint64 n)),
     uncurry0 (RETURN (PR-CONST (nat-of-uint64-loc.nat-of-uint64-numeral n))))
   \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-max-uint32-nat-assn:
 \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 4294967295), uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ uint32-max)) \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma minus-uint64-assn:
 \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (-)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (-))) \in uint64\text{-}assn^k *_a\ uint64\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64\text{-}assn^k \rangle \rangle ) 
 \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-of-nat-uint32-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ id,\ RETURN\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat) \in uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a uint32\text{-}assn^k \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uint32-of-nat2[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (return\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}uint64,\ RETURN\ o\ uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat) \in
    [\lambda n. \ n \leq uint32-max]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint32-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma three-uint32-hnr:
  \langle (uncurry0 \ (return \ 3), \ uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ (three-uint 32 :: uint 32)) \rangle \in unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint 32-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-id-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ id,\ RETURN\ o\ nat-of-uint64-id-conv) \in uint64-assn^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rangle
```

```
end
theory Array-UInt
imports Array-List-Array WB-Word-Assn WB-More-Refinement-List
begin
hide-const Autoref-Fix-Rel. CONSTRAINT

lemma convert-fref:
WB-More-Refinement.fref = Sepref-Rules.fref
WB-More-Refinement.freft = Sepref-Rules.freft
```

0.1.6 More about general arrays

This function does not resize the array: this makes sense for our purpose, but may be not in general.

```
definition butlast-arl where
\langle butlast\text{-}arl = (\lambda(xs, i). (xs, fast\text{-}minus i 1)) \rangle

lemma butlast-arl-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
\langle (return\ o\ butlast\text{-}arl,\ RETURN\ o\ butlast) \in [\lambda xs.\ xs \neq []]_a\ (arl\text{-}assn\ A)^d \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn\ A \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

0.1.7 Setup for array accesses via unsigned integer

NB: not all code printing equation are defined here, but this is needed to use the (more efficient) array operation by avoid the conversions back and forth to infinite integer.

```
Getters (Array accesses)
```

```
32-bit unsigned integers definition nth-aa-u where
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}aa \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L) \ L' \rangle
definition nth-aa' where
  \langle nth-aa' \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow Array.nth' xs i;
       y \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ x \ j;
       return y \}
lemma nth-aa-u[code]:
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}aa' \ x \ (integer\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L) \ L' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  fixes R :: \langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  \textbf{assumes} \ \langle CONSTRAINT \ Sepref-Basic. is-pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ nth\text{-}aa\text{-}u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth\text{-}rll)) \in
        [\lambda((x, L), L'), L < length \ x \wedge L' < length \ (x ! L)]_a
        (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \to R
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition nth-raa-u where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u \ x \ L = nth\text{-}raa \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-replicate-custom-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle CONSTRAINT \ is-pure \ A \Longrightarrow
   (uncurry\ (\lambda n.\ Array.new\ (nat-of-uint32\ n)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op-array-replicate)) \in
     uint32-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow_a array-assn A
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-u where
  \langle nth-u \ xs \ n = nth \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ n) \rangle
definition nth-u-code where
  \langle nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ n = Array.nth' \ xs \ (integer\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n) \rangle
lemma nth-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes (CONSTRAINT is-pure A)
  shows (uncurry\ nth-u-code,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ nth-u)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, n). \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ n < length\ xs]_a\ (array\text{-}assn\ A)^k *_a\ uint32\text{-}assn^k \to A)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma array-get-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
  shows \langle (uncurry\ nth\text{-}u\text{-}code,
       uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op\ -list\ -get)) \in [pre\ -list\ -get]_a\ (array\ -assn\ A)^k\ *_a\ uint\ 32\ -nat\ -assn^k\ 	o\ A)^k
\langle proof \rangle
definition arl-get' :: 'a::heap array-list \Rightarrow integer \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  [code del]: arl-get' a i = arl-get a (nat-of-integer i)
definition arl-get-u :: 'a::heap array-list \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  arl-get-u \equiv \lambda a i. arl-get' a (integer-of-uint32 i)
lemma arrayO-arl-get-u-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \mathbf{assumes} \ i : \langle i < length \ a \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle (i' \ , \ i) \in \mathit{uint32-nat-rel} \rangle
  shows \langle arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ a\ ai \rangle arl\text{-}get\text{-}u\ ai\ i'} \langle \lambda r.\ arlO\text{-}assn\text{-}except\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ [i]\ a\ ai}
   (\lambda r'. array-assn R (a!i) r * \uparrow (r = r'!i)) > i
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-get-u' where
  [symmetric, code]: \langle arl-get-u' = arl-get-u \rangle
code-printing constant arl\text{-}get\text{-}u' \rightharpoonup (SML) \ (fn/\ ()/\ =>/\ Array.sub/\ (fst\ (-),/\ Word32.toInt\ (-)))
```

```
lemma arl\text{-}get'\text{-}nth'[code]: \langle arl\text{-}get' = (\lambda(a, n). Array.nth' a) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl-get-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ op\text{-}list\text{-}get))
      \in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a (arl\text{-}assn A)^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow A)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-rll-nu where
  \langle nth-rll-nu = nth-rll \rangle
definition nth-raa-u' where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u' \ xs \ x \ L = nth\text{-}raa \ xs \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-u'-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u',\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth\text{-}rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-nat-of-uint32-nth': (Array.nth\ x\ (nat-of-uint32\ L) = Array.nth'\ x\ (integer-of-uint32\ L)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-u-code[code]:
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl\text{-}get \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i64-u32 where
  \langle nth-aa-i64-u32 \ xs \ x \ L = nth-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ x) \ (nat-of-uint32 \ L) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i64\text{-}u32\text{-}hnr[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i64-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i64-u64 where
  \langle nth-aa-i64-u64 \ xs \ x \ L = nth-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ x) \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i64-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll) \rangle \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-rll\ l\ i]_a
        (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i32-u64 where
  \langle nth-aa-i32-u64 xs x L=nth-aa xs (nat-of-uint32 x) (nat-of-uint64 L) \rangle
```

```
lemma nth-aa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
     shows
           (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i32-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll))\in
                   [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
                   (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
      \langle proof \rangle
64-bit unsigned integers definition nth-u64 where
      \langle nth-u64 \ xs \ n = nth \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ n) \rangle
definition nth-u64-code where
      \langle nth-u64-code \ xs \ n = Array.nth' \ xs \ (integer-of-uint64 \ n) \rangle
lemma nth-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
     shows (uncurry\ nth-u64-code,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ nth-u64)) \in
              [\lambda(xs, n). \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ n < length \ xs]_a \ (array\text{-}assn \ A)^k *_a uint64\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow A)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma array-get-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
     \textbf{assumes} \ \langle CONSTRAINT \ is\text{-}pure \ A \rangle
     shows \langle (uncurry\ nth-u64-code,
                uncurry \; (RETURN \; \circ \circ \; op\text{-}list\text{-}get)) \in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a \; (array\text{-}assn \; A)^k \; *_a \; uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \; \rightarrow \; A \land array\text{-}assn^k) 
Setters
32-bits definition heap-array-set'-u where
      \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u \ a \ i \ x = Array.upd' \ a \ (integer\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i) \ x \rangle
definition heap-array-set-u where
      \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set\text{-}u \ a \ i \ x = heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u \ a \ i \ x \gg return \ a \rangle
lemma array-set-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } A \Longrightarrow
          (uncurry2\ heap-array-set-u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ \circ\ op\ -list-set)) \in
             [\mathit{pre-list-set}]_a \ (\mathit{array-assn} \ A)^d \ *_a \ \mathit{uint32-nat-assn}^k \ *_a \ A^k \rightarrow \mathit{array-assn} \ A)^d \ *_b \ \mathit{uint32-nat-assn}^k \ *_b \ A^k \rightarrow \mathit{array-assn} \ A^k \rightarrow \mathit
      \langle proof \rangle
definition update-aa-u where
      \langle update-aa-u \ xs \ i \ j = update-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \ j \rangle
lemma Array-upd-upd': (Array.upd\ i\ x\ a=Array.upd'\ a\ (of-nat\ i)\ x\gg return\ a)
      \langle proof \rangle
definition Array-upd-u where
      \langle Array-upd-u \ i \ x \ a = Array.upd \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \ x \ a \rangle
lemma Array-upd-u-code[code]: \langle Array-upd-u \ i \ x \ a = heap-array-set'-u \ a \ i \ x \gg return \ a \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-u-code[code]:
      \langle update-aa-u\ a\ i\ j\ y=do\ \{
                x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
```

```
a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}set \ x \ j \ y;
                 Array-upd-u \ i \ a' \ a
           }>
      \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-set'-u where
      \langle arl\text{-}set'\text{-}u\ a\ i\ x=arl\text{-}set\ a\ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32\ i)\ x\rangle
definition arl-set-u :: \langle 'a::heap array-list <math>\Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \ Heap) where
      \langle arl\text{-}set\text{-}u\ a\ i\ x = arl\text{-}set'\text{-}u\ a\ i\ x \rangle
lemma arl-set-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \Longrightarrow
           (uncurry2\ arl\text{-}set\text{-}u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ op\text{-}list\text{-}set)) \in
              [pre-list-set]_a (arl-assn A)^d *_a uint32-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl-assn A)^d
      \langle proof \rangle
64-bits definition heap-array-set'-u64 where
      \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x = Array.upd' \ a \ (integer\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ i) \ x \rangle
definition heap-array-set-u64 where
      \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x = heap\text{-}array\text{-}set'\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x \gg return \ a \rangle
lemma array-set-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle CONSTRAINT \ is-pure \ A \Longrightarrow
           (uncurry2\ heap-array-set-u64\ ,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ op-list-set))\in
              [\mathit{pre-list-set}]_a \ (\mathit{array-assn} \ A)^d \ *_a \ \mathit{uint64-nat-assn}^k \ *_a \ A^k \rightarrow \mathit{array-assn} \ A)^d \ *_b \ \mathit{uint64-nat-assn}^k \ *_b \ A^k \rightarrow \mathit{array-assn} \ A^k \rightarrow \mathit
      \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-set'-u64 where
      \langle arl\text{-set'-u64} \ a \ i \ x = arl\text{-set} \ a \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ i) \ x \rangle
definition arl-set-u64 :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array-list \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \ Heap) where
      \langle arl\text{-}set\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x = arl\text{-}set'\text{-}u64 \ a \ i \ x \rangle
lemma arl-set-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle CONSTRAINT \ is-pure \ A \Longrightarrow
           (uncurry2 \ arl\text{-}set\text{-}u64, \ uncurry2 \ (RETURN \circ \circ \circ \ op\text{-}list\text{-}set)) \in
              [pre-list-set]_a (arl-assn A)^d *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a A^k \rightarrow arl-assn A)^d
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-nat-of-uint64-nth': (Array.nth \ x \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L) = Array.nth' \ x \ (integer-of-uint64 \ L)
      \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i-u64 where
      \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i\text{-}u64 \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}raa \ x \ L \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ L') \rangle
lemma nth-raa-i-uint64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
     shows
           \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
                    [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
                    (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
      \langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition arl-get-u64 :: 'a::heap array-list \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  arl-get-u64 \equiv \lambda a \ i. \ arl-get' \ a \ (integer-of-uint64 \ i)
lemma arl-get-hnr-u64 [sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure A \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ (\mathit{uncurry} \ \mathit{arl-get-u64} \,, \, \mathit{uncurry} \, \, (\mathit{RETURN} \, \circ \! \circ \, \mathit{op-list-get}))
      \in [pre\text{-}list\text{-}get]_a (arl\text{-}assn A)^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow A)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-u64' where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u64 ' xs \ x \ L = nth\text{-}raa \ xs \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-u64'-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-u64',\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-u64 where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}u64 \ x \ L = nth\text{-}raa \ x \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ L) \rangle
lemma nth-raa-uint64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     \langle (uncurry 2\ nth\mbox{-}raa\mbox{-}u64\mbox{,}\ uncurry 2\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ \circ\ nth\mbox{-}rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \to R
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-u64-u64 where
  \langle nth-raa-u64-u64 \ x \ L \ L' = nth-raa \ x \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L) \ (nat-of-uint64 \ L') \rangle
lemma nth-raa-uint64-uint64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
     (uncurry2\ nth\mbox{-}raa\mbox{-}u64\mbox{-}u64\mbox{,}\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ \circ\ nth\mbox{-}rll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma heap-array-set-u64-upd:
  \langle heap\text{-}array\text{-}set\text{-}u64 \ x \ j \ xi = Array.upd \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ j) \ xi \ x \gg (\lambda xa. \ return \ x) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Append (32 bit integers only)
definition append-el-aa-u':: ('a::{default,heap} array-list) array \Rightarrow
  uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list) \ array \ Heapwhere
```

```
append-el-aa-u' \equiv \lambda a \ i \ x.
   Array.nth' \ a \ (integer-of-uint32 \ i) \gg
   (\lambda j. \ arl\text{-}append \ j \ x \gg 
         (\lambda a'. Array.upd' \ a \ (integer-of-uint32 \ i) \ a' \gg (\lambda -. \ return \ a)))
lemma append-el-aa-append-el-aa-u':
  \langle append\text{-}el\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i) \ j = append\text{-}el\text{-}aa\text{-}u' \ xs \ i \ j \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-aa-hnr-u:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
     \langle (uncurry2\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ append-el-aa\ xs\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)),\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ (\lambda xs\ i.\ append-ll\ xs
(nat-of-uint32\ i)))) \in
       [\lambda((l,i),x). \ nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i < length \ l]_a \ (arrayO\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R))^d *_a \ uint32\text{-}assn^k *_a \ R^k \rightarrow
(arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma append-el-aa-hnr'[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry2 append-el-aa-u', uncurry2 (RETURN ooo append-ll))
     \in [\lambda((W,L), j). L < length W]_a
          (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ nat-assn))^d*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ nat-assn^k 
ightarrow (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ nat-assn^k))^d
nat-assn))
    (\mathbf{is} \ \langle ?a \in [?pre]_a \ ?init \rightarrow ?post \rangle)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-el-aa-uint32-hnr'[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \land (uncurry 2 \ append-el-aa-u', \ uncurry 2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ append-ll))
     \in [\lambda((W,L), j). L < length W]_a
         (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ R^k \rightarrow
        (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))
    (is \langle ?a \in [?pre]_a ?init \rightarrow ?post \rangle)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma append-el-aa-u'-code[code]:
  append-el-aa-u' = (\lambda a \ i \ x. \ nth-u-code \ a \ i \gg
     (\lambda j. \ arl\text{-}append \ j \ x \gg 
       (\lambda a'. heap-array-set'-u \ a \ i \ a' \gg (\lambda -. return \ a))))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition update-raa-u32 where
\langle update - raa - u32 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
  x \leftarrow arl\text{-}qet\text{-}u \ a \ i;
  Array.upd \ j \ y \ x \gg arl-set-u \ a \ i
}>
lemma update-raa-u32-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}rll \ a \ bb \rangle and
      \langle (bb', bb) \in uint32-nat-rel \rangle
  shows \langle R \ b \ bi * arlO-assn (array-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-raa-u32 \ ai \ bb' \ ba \ bi
```

```
<\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists_A x.\ arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-rll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-raa-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
    shows (uncurry3 \ update-raa-u32, uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ update-rll)) \in
           [\lambda(((l,i),j),x).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-rll\ l\ i]_a\ (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^d *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k]
*_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-u-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and \langle ba < length \ li \ a \ bb \rangle and \langle (bb', \ bb) \in uint32\text{-nat-rel} \rangle
    shows (\langle R \ b \ bi * arrayO\text{-}assn \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R) \ a \ ai > update\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ ai \ bb' \ ba \ bi
             solve-direct
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
    \mathbf{shows} \mathrel{\land} (\mathit{uncurry3} \; \mathit{update-aa-u}, \; \mathit{uncurry3} \; (\mathit{RETURN} \; \mathit{oooo} \; \mathit{update-ll})) \in
           [\lambda(((l,i),\,j),\,x).\ i< \mathit{length}\ l\,\wedge\,j< \mathit{length-ll}\ l\,\,i]_a
            (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))^d*_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ R^k \rightarrow (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R))) \land (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl\text{-}assn\ R)) \land (arrayO\text{-}assn\ R) \land (arrayO\text{-}assn\ R) \land (arl\text{-}assn\ R) \land (arrayO\text{-}assn\ R) \land (a
     \langle proof \rangle
Length
32-bits definition (in -) length-u-code where
    \langle length\text{-}u\text{-}code\ C = do\ \{\ n \leftarrow Array.len\ C;\ return\ (uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat\ n)\} \rangle
lemma (in -) length-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (length-u-code, RETURN \ o \ length-uint32-nat) \in [\lambda C. \ length \ C \leq uint32-max]_a \ (array-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow
uint32-nat-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
definition length-arl-u-code :: \langle ('a::heap) \ array-list \Rightarrow uint32 \ Heap \rangle where
     \langle length\text{-}arl\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs = do \ \{
      n \leftarrow arl\text{-}length \ xs;
      return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
lemma length-arl-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (length-arl-u-code, RETURN \ o \ length-uint32-nat) \in
           [\lambda xs. \ length \ xs \leq uint32-max]_a \ (arl-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
64-bits definition (in -) length-u64-code where
     \langle length-u64-code\ C=do\ \{\ n\leftarrow Array.len\ C;\ return\ (uint64-of-nat\ n)\} \rangle
lemma (in -) length-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (length-u64-code, RETURN o length-uint64-nat)
      \in [\lambda C. \ length \ C \le uint64-max]_a \ (array-assn \ R)^k \to uint64-nat-assn)
     \langle proof \rangle
```

Length for arrays in arrays

```
32-bits definition (in -) length-aa-u :: \langle ('a::heap\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow nat\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u \ xs \ i = length-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \rangle
lemma length-aa-u-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u \ xs \ i = nth-u-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ\ length-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^k *_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array O - raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint 32 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-u \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ i;
    length-u-code x \}
lemma length-raa-u-alt-def: \langle length-raa-u xs i = do {
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ i;
    return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll-n-uint32 where
  [simp]: \langle length-rll-n-uint32 = length-rll \rangle
lemma length-raa-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow \langle arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length\text{-}raa\text{-}u \ a \ b
   <\lambda r. \ arlO-assn \ (array-assn \ R) \ xs \ a*\uparrow (r=uint32-of-nat \ (length-rll \ xs \ b))>_t
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint32-max]_a
       (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
TODO: proper fix to avoid the conversion to uint32
definition length-aa-u-code :: \langle ('a::heap\ array)\ array-list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint32\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u-code \ xs \ i = do \ \{
   n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ i;
   return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
64-bits definition (in –) length-aa-u64 :: (('a::heap\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow nat\ Heap) where
  \langle length-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = length-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = nth-u64-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u64\ ,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^k *_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u64 :: \langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle where
```

```
\langle length-raa-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
          x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ i;
        length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-u64-alt-def: \langle length-raa-u64 xs \ i = do \ \{
        n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ i;
         return (uint64-of-nat n) \}
     \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll-n-uint64 where
    [simp]: \langle length-rll-n-uint64 = length-rll \rangle
lemma length-raa-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    shows (uncurry\ length-raa-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint64)) \in
           [\lambda(\mathit{xs},\ i).\ i < \mathit{length}\ \mathit{xs} \land \mathit{length}\ (\mathit{xs}\ !\ i) \leq \mathit{uint64-max}]_a
               (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k
     \langle proof \rangle
Delete at index
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa where
    \langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\ xs\ i\ j=do\ \{
          x \leftarrow last-aa \ xs \ i;
           xs \leftarrow update-aa \ xs \ i \ j \ x;
           set-butlast-aa xs i
    }>
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-ll-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
    shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
         i \in [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl-assn \ R))^d *_a \ nat-assn^k *_a \ nat-assn^k = n
                   \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
     \langle proof \rangle
Last (arrays of arrays)
definition last-aa-u where
     \langle last-aa-u \ xs \ i = last-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \rangle
lemma last-aa-u-code[code]:
     \langle last-aa-u \ xs \ i = nth-u-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-last \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-delete-index-and-swap-ll[simp]:
     \langle length \ (delete-index-and-swap-ll \ s \ i \ j) = length \ s \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
definition set-butlast-aa-u where
     \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ xs \ i = set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ i) \rangle
lemma set-butlast-aa-u-code[code]:
     \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u\ a\ i=do\ \{
             x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
             a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}butlast x;
```

```
Array-upd-u i a' a
    \rightarrow Replace the i-th element by the itself execpt the last element.
  \langle proof \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa-u where
   \langle delete\_index\_and\_swap\_aa\_u \ xs \ i = delete\_index\_and\_swap\_aa \ xs \ (nat\_of\_uint32 \ i) \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-u-code[code]:
\langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}u \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow last-aa-u \ xs \ i;
     xs \leftarrow update-aa-u \ xs \ i \ j \ x;
     set-butlast-aa-u xs i
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-ll-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
 assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
 shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa-u, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
     \in [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a
nat-assn^k
         \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
  \langle proof \rangle
Swap
definition swap-u-code :: 'a ::heap array <math>\Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a array Heap where
  \langle swap\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
     ki \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
     kj \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ j;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u xs \ i \ kj;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u xs \ j \ ki;
     return\ xs
  }>
lemma op-list-swap-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 \ swap-u-code, \ uncurry2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ op-list-swap)) \in
       [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length xs]_a
      (array-assn\ R)^d*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow array-assn\ R)^d
definition swap-u64-code :: 'a ::heap array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a array Heap where
  \langle swap-u64-code\ xs\ i\ j=do\ \{
     ki \leftarrow nth-u64-code \ xs \ i;
     kj \leftarrow nth-u64-code xs j;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs i kj;
     xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs \ j \ ki;
     return xs
  }>
lemma op-list-swap-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
 shows (uncurry2\ swap-u64-code,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ op-list-swap)) \in
```

```
[\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length xs]_a
       (array-assn~R)^d~*_a~uint64-nat-assn^k~*_a~uint64-nat-assn^k~\to~array-assn~R)^d~*_a~uint64-nat-assn^k~
\langle proof \rangle
definition swap-aa-u64 :: ('a::{heap,default}) arrayO-raa \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a arrayO-raa
Heap where
  \langle swap-aa-u64 \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
    xi \leftarrow arl\text{-}get \ xs \ k;
    xj \leftarrow swap-u64-code \ xi \ i \ j;
    xs \leftarrow arl\text{-}set \ xs \ k \ xj;
    return xs
  }
lemma swap-aa-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure }R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ swap-aa-u64, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
   [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j), k < length xs \land i < length-rll xs k \land j < length-rll xs k]_a
  (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow
    (arlO-assn (array-assn R))
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf definition} \  \, arl\text{-}swap\text{-}u\text{-}code
  :: 'a :: heap \ array-list \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \ Heap
where
  \langle arl\text{-}swap\text{-}u\text{-}code\ xs\ i\ j=do\ \{
     ki \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
     kj \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ j;
     xs \leftarrow arl\text{-}set\text{-}u \ xs \ i \ kj;
     xs \leftarrow arl\text{-}set\text{-}u \ xs \ j \ ki;
     return xs
  }>
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{arl-op-list-swap-u-hnr}[\mathit{sepref-fr-rules}] :
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 \ arl\text{-}swap\text{-}u\text{-}code, uncurry2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ op\text{-}list\text{-}swap)) \in
        [\lambda((xs, i), j). \ i < length \ xs \land j < length \ xs]_a
       (arl\text{-}assn\ R)^d*_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k\ *_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k 	o arl\text{-}assn\ R)
\langle proof \rangle
Take
definition shorten-take-aa-u32 where
  \langle shorten-take-aa-u32\ L\ j\ W=do\ \{
      (a, n) \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ W\ L;
       heap-array-set-u W L (a, j)
    }>
lemma shorten-take-aa-u32-alt-def:
  \langle shorten-take-aa-u32\ L\ j\ W=shorten-take-aa\ (nat-of-uint32\ L)\ j\ W \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shorten-take-aa-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  ((uncurry2\ shorten-take-aa-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ shorten-take-ll)) \in
     [\lambda((L, j), W), j \leq length (W!L) \wedge L < length W]_a
```

```
uint32-nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))^d \rightarrow arrayO-assn (arl-assn R) \land \langle proof \rangle
```

List of Lists

```
Getters definition nth-raa-i32 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a Heap) where
  \langle nth-raa-i32 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow Array.nth \ x \ j;
      return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
      [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length (xs !i)]_a
      (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i32-u64 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap) where
  \langle nth-raa-i32-u64 xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow nth - u64 - code \ x \ j;
      return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i32-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
      [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length (xs !i)]_a
      (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k\to R)^k
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i32-u32 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a Heap) where
  \langle nth-raa-i32-u32 xs i j = do {
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ x\ j;
      return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i32-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i32-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
      [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length (xs !i)]_a
      (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa-i32-u32 where
  \langle nth-aa-i32-u32 \ x \ L \ L' = nth-aa \ x \ (nat-of-uint32 \ L) \ (nat-of-uint32 \ L') \rangle
definition nth-aa-i32-u32' where
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u32' xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow arl\text{-}qet\text{-}u \ x \ j;
```

```
return y \}
lemma nth-aa-i32-u32[code]:
  \langle nth-aa-i32-u32 \times L L' = nth-aa-i32-u32' \times L L' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i32-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa-i32-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
        [\lambda((x, L), L'), L < length \ x \wedge L' < length \ (x ! L)]_a
       (array O-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i64-u32 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a Heap) where
  \langle nth\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u32 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow \textit{nth-u-code} \ x \ j;
      return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i64-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i64-u32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
      [\lambda((xs, i), j). i < length xs \land j < length (xs !i)]_a
      (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
thm nth-aa-uint-hnr
find-theorems nth-aa-u
lemma nth-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-ll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \land j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a
        (array O-assn (arl-assn R))^k *_a nat-assn^k *_a nat-assn^k \to R
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-raa-i64-u64 :: ('a::heap\ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a\ Heap) where
  \langle nth-raa-i64-u64 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow nth - u64 - code \ x \ j;
      return y \}
lemma nth-raa-i64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-raa-i64-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
      [\lambda((xs, i), j). \ i < length \ xs \land j < length \ (xs !i)]_a
      (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
```

lemma nth-aa-i64-u64-code[code]:

```
\langle nth-aa-i64-u64 \ x \ L \ L' = nth-u64-code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl-get-u64 \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i64-u32-code[code]:
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i64\text{-}u32 \ x \ L \ L' = nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa-i32-u64-code[code]:
  \langle nth\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u64 \ x \ L' = nth\text{-}u\text{-}code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Length definition length-raa-i64-u:: ('a::heap\ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint32\ Heap) where
  \langle length-raa-i64-u \ xs \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
    length-u-code x \}
lemma length-raa-i64-u-alt-def: \langle length-raa-i64-u xs i = do {
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i);
     return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i64-u-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ b < length\ xs \Longrightarrow < arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R)\ xs\ a > length\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u\ a\ b
    \langle \lambda r. \ arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a*\uparrow (r=uint32\text{-}of\text{-}nat \ (length\text{-}rll \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ b)))>_t\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i64-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i64-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
      [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint32-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-i64-u64::\langle 'a::heap\ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \mid Heap\rangle where
  \langle length{-}raa{-}i64{-}u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-i64-u64-alt-def: \langle length-raa-i64-u64 xs i = do {
     n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i);
     return (uint64-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i64-u64-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 | b < length \ xs \implies \langle arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u64 \ a \ b
   <\lambda r.~arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs a * \uparrow (r = uint64-of-nat (length-rll xs (nat-of-uint64 b)))>_t >
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ length\text{-}raa\text{-}i64\text{-}u64\text{-}hnr[sepref\text{-}fr\text{-}rules]\text{:}
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i64-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
      [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition length-raa-i32-u64 :: \langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-i32-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-i32-u64-alt-def: \langle length-raa-i32-u64 xs i = do {
    n \leftarrow length-raa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i);
    return (uint64-of-nat n) \}
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-rll-n-i32-uint64 where
  [simp]: \langle length-rll-n-i32-uint64 = length-rll \rangle
lemma length-raa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i32-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-i32-uint64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64 where
   \langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i64 \ xs \ i = delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ i) \rangle
definition last-aa-u64 where
  \langle last-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = last-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \rangle
lemma last-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle last-aa-u64 \ xs \ i = nth-u64-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-last \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-i32-u::('a::heap\ arrayO-raa\Rightarrow\ uint32\Rightarrow\ uint32\ Heap) where
  \langle length-raa-i32-u \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    length-u-code x \}
lemma length-raa-i32-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ b < length \ xs \rangle
  shows \langle arlO\text{-}assn (array\text{-}assn R) xs a \rangle length\text{-}raa\text{-}i32\text{-}u a b
   <\lambda r. arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs a*\uparrow (r=uint32\text{-of-nat (length-rll xs (nat-of-uint32 b))})>_t >
\langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-i32-u-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-i32-u,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint32)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint32-max]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint32-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition (in -) length-aa-u64-o64 :: \langle ('a::heap \ array-list) \ array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u64-o64 \ xs \ i = length-aa-u64 \ xs \ i >> = (\lambda n. \ return \ (uint64-of-nat \ n)) \rangle
definition arl-length-o64 where
```

```
\langle arl\text{-length-o64} \ x = do \ \{n \leftarrow arl\text{-length} \ x; \ return \ (uint64\text{-of-nat} \ n)\} \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-o64-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u64-o64 \ xs \ i = nth-u64-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length-o64 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u64-o64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u64-o64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
    (array O-assn (arl-assn R))^k *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint 64-nat-assn^k
  \langle proof \rangle
definition (in –) length-aa-u32-o64 :: \langle ('a::heap\ array-list)\ array \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa-u32-o64 \ xs \ i = length-aa-u \ xs \ i \rangle > = (\lambda n. \ return \ (uint64-of-nat \ n)) \rangle
lemma length-aa-u32-o64-code[code]:
  \langle length-aa-u32-o64 \ xs \ i=nth-u-code \ xs \ i \gg arl-length-o64 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa-u32-o64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (uncurry\ length-aa-u32-o64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
    (array O-assn (arl-assn R))^k *_a uint 32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint 64-nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u32 :: ('a::heap arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow nat Heap) where
  \langle length-raa-u32 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    Array.len \ x\}
lemma length-raa-u32-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow (b', b) \in uint32-nat-rel \Longrightarrow \langle arlO-assn (array-assn R) xs \ a > length-raa-u32 a b'
   <\lambda r. \ arlO\text{-}assn \ (array\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a*\uparrow (r=length\text{-}rll \ xs \ b)>_t
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-raa-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ length{-}raa{-}u32,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ \circ\ length{-}rll)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arlO-assn \ (array-assn \ R))^k *_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition length-raa-u32-u64 :: \langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-raa-u32-u64 \ xs \ i=do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-u32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-u32-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
       (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k*_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
\langle proof \rangle
```

definition length-raa-u64-u64 :: $\langle 'a::heap \ arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle$ where

```
\langle length-raa-u64-u64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i;
    length-u64-code \ x\}
lemma length-raa-u64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  shows (uncurry\ length-raa-u64-u64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-rll-n-uint64)) \in
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs \land length \ (xs!i) \leq uint64-max]_a
        (arlO-assn\ (array-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-arlO-u where
  \langle length-arlO-u \ xs = do \ \{
      n \leftarrow length-ra xs;
      return (uint32-of-nat n) \}
lemma length-arlO-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (length-arlO-u, RETURN \ o \ length-uint32-nat) \in [\lambda xs. \ length \ xs \leq uint32-max]_a \ (arlO-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow
uint32-nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl-length-u64-code where
\langle arl-length-u64-code C = do \{
  n \leftarrow arl\text{-}length \ C;
  return (uint64-of-nat n)
}>
lemma arl-length-u64-code[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (arl\text{-}length\text{-}u64\text{-}code, RETURN \ o \ length\text{-}uint64\text{-}nat) \in
     [\lambda xs. \ length \ xs \leq uint64-max]_a \ (arl-assn \ R)^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn 
  \langle proof \rangle
Setters definition update-aa-u64 where
  \langle update-aa-u64 \ xs \ i \ j = update-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \ j \rangle
definition Array-upd-u64 where
  \langle Array-upd-u64 \ i \ x \ a = Array.upd \ (nat-of-uint64 \ i) \ x \ a \rangle
lemma Array-upd-u64-code[code]: \langle Array-upd-u64 \ i \ x \ a = heap-array-set'-u64 \ a \ i \ x \gg return \ a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle update-aa-u64 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code\ a\ i;
      a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}set \ x \ j \ y;
      Array-upd-u64 i a' a
    }>
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-butlast-aa-u64 where
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i = set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa \ xs \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ i) \rangle
lemma set-butlast-aa-u64-code[code]:
  \langle set\text{-}butlast\text{-}aa\text{-}u6 \not \mid a \ i = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code\ a\ i;
```

```
a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}butlast x;
      Array-upd-u64\ i\ a'\ a
    \rightarrow Replace the i-th element by the itself except the last element.
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64-code[code]:
\langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i64 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow last-aa-u64 \ xs \ i;
     xs \leftarrow update-aa-u64 \ xs \ i \ j \ x;
     set-butlast-aa-u64 xs i
  }>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64-ll-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa-i64, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
      \in [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a
         \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64 where
   \forall delete	ext{-}index	ext{-}and	ext{-}swap	ext{-}aa	ext{-}i32	ext{-}u64 \ xs \ i \ j =
      delete-index-and-swap-aa xs (nat-of-uint32 i) (nat-of-uint64 j)
definition update-aa-u32-i64 where
  \langle update-aa-u32-i64 \ xs \ i \ j = update-aa \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ i) \ (nat-of-uint64 \ j) \rangle
lemma update-aa-u32-i64-code[code]:
  \langle update-aa-u32-i64 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
      a' \leftarrow arl\text{-}set\text{-}u64 \ x \ j \ y;
      Array-upd-u \ i \ a' \ a
    }>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64-code[code]:
\langle delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap\text{-}aa\text{-}i32\text{-}u64 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow last-aa-u \ xs \ i;
     xs \leftarrow update-aa-u32-i64 \ xs \ i \ j \ x;
     set-butlast-aa-u xs i
  }>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64-ll-hnr-u[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
 shows (uncurry2 delete-index-and-swap-aa-i32-u64, uncurry2 (RETURN ooo delete-index-and-swap-ll))
     \in [\lambda((l,i),j).\ i < length\ l \land j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d *_a
         uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k
         \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl-assn R))
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
Swap definition swap-aa-i32-u64 :: ('a::{heap,default}) arrayO-raa \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64
\Rightarrow 'a arrayO-raa Heap where
  \langle swap-aa-i32-u64 \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
    xi \leftarrow arl\text{-}get\text{-}u \ xs \ k;
    xj \leftarrow swap-u64-code \ xi \ i \ j;
    xs \leftarrow arl\text{-}set\text{-}u \ xs \ k \ xj;
    return xs
  }>
lemma swap-aa-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ swap-aa-i32-u64, uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
  [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j). \ k < length \ xs \land i < length-rll \ xs \ k \land j < length-rll \ xs \ k]_a
  (arlO\text{-}assn\ (array\text{-}assn\ R))^d*_a\ uint32\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow 0
    (arlO-assn (array-assn R))
\langle proof \rangle
Conversion from list of lists of nat to list of lists of uint64
sepref-definition array-nat-of-uint64-code
  is array-nat-of-uint64
  :: \langle (array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn)^k \rightarrow_a array-assn\ nat-assn \rangle
lemma array-nat-of-uint64-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (array-nat-of-uint64-code, (RETURN \circ array-nat-of-uint64-conv) \rangle
    \in (array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn)^k \rightarrow_a array-assn\ nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
sepref-definition array-uint64-of-nat-code
  is array-uint64-of-nat
  :: \langle [\lambda xs. \ \forall \ a \in set \ xs. \ a \leq uint64-max]_a
       (array-assn\ nat-assn)^k \rightarrow array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-uint64-of-nat-conv-alt-def:
  \langle array-uint64-of-nat-conv \rangle = map\ uint64-of-nat-conv \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma array-uint64-of-nat-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (array-uint64-of-nat-code,\ (RETURN\ \circ\ array-uint64-of-nat-conv))
    \in [\lambda xs. \ \forall \ a \in set \ xs. \ a \leq uint64-max]_a
       (array-assn\ nat-assn)^k \rightarrow array-assn\ uint64-nat-assn 
  \langle proof \rangle
definition swap-arl-u64 where
  \langle swap\text{-}arl\text{-}u64 \rangle = (\lambda(xs, n) \ i \ j. \ do \ \{
    ki \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
    kj \leftarrow nth-u64-code xs j;
    xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs i kj;
    xs \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 xs \ j \ ki;
    return (xs, n)
  })>
lemma swap-arl-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry2\ swap-arl-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ op-list-swap)) \in
```

```
[pre-list-swap]_a (arl-assn A)^d *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow arl-assn A)^d *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow arl-assn^k 
     \langle proof \rangle
definition but last-nonresizing :: \langle 'a | list \Rightarrow 'a | list \rangle where
     [simp]: \langle butlast-nonresizing = butlast \rangle
definition arl-butlast-nonresizing :: \langle 'a \ array-list \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \rangle where
     \langle arl\text{-butlast-nonresizing} = (\lambda(xs, a), (xs, fast\text{-minus } a \ 1)) \rangle
lemma butlast-nonresizing-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
     (return\ o\ arl\text{-}butlast\text{-}nonresizing,\ RETURN\ o\ butlast\text{-}nonresizing) \in
          [\lambda xs. \ xs \neq []]_a \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R)^d \rightarrow arl\text{-}assn \ R
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-u64-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and \langle ba < length \ li \ a \ bb \rangle and \langle (bb', bb) \in uint32\text{-nat-rel} \rangle
and
          \langle (ba', ba) \in uint64-nat-rel \rangle
     \mathbf{shows} \mathrel{<<} R \; b \; bi * arrayO\text{-}assn \; (arl\text{-}assn \; R) \; a \; ai > update\text{-}aa\text{-}u32\text{-}i64 \; ai \; bb' \; ba' \; bi
                <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi*(\exists_A x.\ arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-ll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-u32-i64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
     shows (uncurry3\ update-aa-u32-i64,\ uncurry3\ (RETURN\ oooo\ update-ll)) \in
            [\lambda(((l,i),j),x).\ i < length\ l \wedge j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a
                      (arrayO-assn\ (arl-assn\ R))^d *_a uint32-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn
(arl-assn R))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma min-uint64-nat-assn:
     (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ min),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ min)) \in uint64-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to_a
uint64-nat-assn
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint64-shiftl: \langle nat-of-uint64 (xs >> a) = nat-of-uint64 xs >> a \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma bit-lshift-uint64-nat-assn[sepref-fr-rules]:
     \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ (>>)),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ (>>))) \in
          uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a nat-assn<sup>k</sup> \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup>
lemma [code]: uint32-max-uint32 = 4294967295
     \langle proof \rangle
end
theory IICF-Array-List64
imports
     Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF-List
     Separation-Logic-Imperative-HOL. Array-Blit
     Array-UInt
     WB	ext{-}Word	ext{-}Assn
begin
```

```
type-synonym 'a array-list64 = 'a Heap.array 	imes uint64
definition is-array-list64 l \equiv \lambda(a,n). \exists_A l'. a \mapsto_a l' * \uparrow (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-of-uint64} 
n) l' \land length \ l' > 0 \land nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n \leq uint64\text{-max} \land length \ l' \leq uint64\text{-max})
lemma is-array-list64-prec[safe-constraint-rules]: precise is-array-list64
     \langle proof \rangle
definition arl64-empty \equiv do {
     a \leftarrow Array.new\ initial-capacity\ default;
    return (a, \theta)
definition arl64-empty-sz init-cap \equiv do {
    a \leftarrow Array.new (min \ uint64-max \ (max \ init-cap \ minimum-capacity)) \ default;
    return (a, \theta)
}
definition uint64-max-uint64 :: uint64 where
     \langle uint64-max-uint64 = 2 \hat{64} - 1 \rangle
definition arl64-append \equiv \lambda(a,n) \ x. \ do \{
    len \leftarrow length-u64-code a;
     if n < len then do  {
         a \leftarrow Array-upd-u64 \ n \ x \ a;
         return (a, n+1)
     } else do {
         let \ newcap = (if \ len < uint64-max-uint64 >> 1 \ then \ 2 * len \ else \ uint64-max-uint64);
         a \leftarrow array - grow \ a \ (nat - of - uint 64 \ newcap) \ default;
         a \leftarrow Array-upd-u64 \ n \ x \ a;
         return (a, n+1)
definition arl64-copy \equiv \lambda(a,n). do {
    a \leftarrow array\text{-}copy \ a;
    return (a,n)
definition arl64-length :: 'a::heap array-list64 \Rightarrow uint64 Heap where
     arl64-length \equiv \lambda(a,n). return (n)
definition arl64-is-empty :: 'a::heap array-list64 \Rightarrow bool Heap where
     arl64-is-empty \equiv \lambda(a,n). return (n=0)
definition arl64-last :: 'a::heap array-list64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
     arl64-last \equiv \lambda(a,n). do {
         nth-u64-code\ a\ (n-1)
definition arl64-butlast :: 'a::heap array-list64 \Rightarrow 'a array-list64 Heap where
     arl64-butlast \equiv \lambda(a,n). do {
         let n = n - 1;
         len \leftarrow length-u64-code a;
```

```
if (n*4 < len \land nat\text{-of-uint64} \ n*2 \geq minimum\text{-capacity}) then do {
       a \leftarrow array\text{-}shrink\ a\ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ n*2);
       return (a,n)
    } else
       return (a,n)
definition arl64-get :: 'a::heap array-list64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  arl64-get \equiv \lambda(a,n) i. nth-u64-code a i
definition ar164-set :: 'a::heap array-list64 \Rightarrow uint64 <math>\Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a array-list64 Heap where
  arl64-set \equiv \lambda(a,n) i x. do \{a \leftarrow heap-array-set-u64 a i x; return (a,n)\}
lemma \ arl64-empty-rule[sep-heap-rules]: < emp > arl64-empty < is-array-list64 [] >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-empty-sz-rule[sep-heap-rules]: \langle emp \rangle arl64-empty-sz N \langle is-array-list64 \parallel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-copy-rule[sep-heap-rules]: < is-array-list64 l a > arl64-copy a < \lambda r. is-array-list64 l a *
is-array-list64 l r >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64 \ uint64\text{-}max\text{-}uint64 \ = \ uint64\text{-}max \rangle
lemma \langle 2 * (uint64-max \ div \ 2) = uint64-max - 1 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{nat-of-uint64-0-iff:} \ \langle \textit{nat-of-uint64} \ \textit{x2} = \textit{0} \longleftrightarrow \textit{x2} = \textit{0} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ arl 64\text{-}append\text{-}rule[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:
  assumes \langle length \ l < uint64-max \rangle
  shows < is-array-list64 l \ a >
       arl64-append a x
     <\lambda a. is-array-list64 (l@[x]) a>_t
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ arl 6 \cancel{4}\text{-}length\text{-}rule[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:
  <is-array-list64 l a>
    arl64-length a
  <\lambda r. is-array-list64 l a * \uparrow(nat-of-uint64 r=length l)>
lemma arl64-is-empty-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  <is-array-list64 l a>
    arl64-is-empty a
  <\lambda r. is-array-list64 l a * \uparrow (r \longleftrightarrow (l = []))>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-last-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  l\neq [] \Longrightarrow
  <is-array-list64 l a>
    arl64-last a
  < \lambda r. is-array-list64 l \ a * \uparrow (r = last \ l) >
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-get-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  i < length \ l \Longrightarrow (i', i) \in uint64-nat-rel \Longrightarrow
  <is-array-list64 l a>
   arl64-get a i'
  < \lambda r. is-array-list64 l a * \uparrow(r=l!i)>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-set-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  i < length \ l \Longrightarrow (i', i) \in uint64-nat-rel \Longrightarrow
  <is-array-list64 l a>
   arl64-set a i' x
  \langle is-array-list64 (l[i:=x]) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl64-assn A \equiv hr-comp is-array-list64 (<math>\langle the-pure A \rangle list-rel)
lemmas [safe-constraint-rules] = CN-FALSEI[of is-pure arl64-assn A for A]
lemma arl64-assn-comp: is-pure A \Longrightarrow hr-comp (arl64-assn A) (\langle B \rangle list-rel) = arl64-assn (hr-comp A
B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-assn-comp': hr-comp (arl64-assn id-assn) (\langle B \rangle list-rel) = arl64-assn (pure B)
  \langle proof \rangle
context
  notes [fcomp-norm-unfold] = arl64-assn-def[symmetric] arl64-assn-comp'
 notes [intro!] = hfrefI hn-refineI[THEN hn-refine-preI]
 notes [simp] = pure-def hn-ctxt-def invalid-assn-def
begin
 lemma arl64-empty-hnr-aux: (uncurry0 \ arl64-empty, uncurry0 \ (RETURN \ op-list-empty)) \in unit-assn^k
\rightarrow_a is-array-list64
    \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl (no-register) arl64-empty: arl64-empty-hnr-aux \( \rho proof \)
 lemma arl64-empty-sz-hnr-aux: (uncurry0 (arl64-empty-sz N), uncurry0 (RETURN op-list-empty)) <math>\in
unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a is-array-list64
   \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl (no-register) arl64-empty-sz: arl64-empty-sz-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
  definition op-arl64-empty \equiv op-list-empty
  definition op-arl64-empty-sz (N::nat) \equiv op\text{-list-empty}
 lemma arl64-copy-hnr-aux: (arl64-copy, RETURN o op-list-copy) \in is-array-list64 ^k \rightarrow _a is-array-list64
    \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl arl64-copy: arl64-copy-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
 lemma arl64-append-hnr-aux: (uncurry\ arl64-append, uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op\ -list\ -append)) \in [\lambda(xs,
x). length \ xs < uint64-max]_a \ (is-array-list64^d *_a id-assn^k) \rightarrow is-array-list64
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
sepref-decl-impl arl64-append: arl64-append-hnr-aux
    \langle proof \rangle
 lemma arl64-length-hnr-aux: (arl64-length, RETURN o op-list-length) \in is-array-list64 ^k \rightarrow_a uint64-nat-assn
  sepref-decl-impl arl64-length: arl64-length-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
  \mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{arl64-is-empty-hnr-aux}: \ (\mathit{arl64-is-empty}, \mathit{RETURN} \ \mathit{o} \ \mathit{op-list-is-empty}) \in \mathit{is-array-list64}^{\,k} \ \rightarrow_{a}
bool-assn
    \langle proof \rangle
  sepref-decl-impl arl64-is-empty: arl64-is-empty-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
   lemma arl64-last-hnr-aux: (arl64-last, RETURN o op-list-last) \in [pre-list-last]_a is-array-list64^k \rightarrow
id-assn
    \langle proof \rangle
  sepref-decl-impl arl64-last: arl64-last-hnr-aux \( \rho proof \)
  lemma arl64-get-hnr-aux: (uncurry\ arl64-get,uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op-list-get)) \in [\lambda(l,i).\ i<length
l|_a (is-array-list64^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k) \rightarrow id-assn
  sepref-decl-impl arl64-get: arl64-get-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
   \mathbf{lemma} \ \ \mathit{arl64-set-hnr-aux}: \ (\mathit{uncurry2} \ \ \mathit{arl64-set}, \mathit{uncurry2} \ \ (\mathit{RETURN} \ \ \mathit{ooo} \ \ \mathit{op-list-set})) \ \in \ [\lambda((l,i),\text{-}).
i < length \ l|_a \ (is-array-list64^d *_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a \ id-assn^k) \rightarrow is-array-list64
    \langle proof \rangle
  sepref-decl-impl arl64-set: arl64-set-hnr-aux \( \rho proof \)
  sepref-definition arl64-swap is uncurry2 mop-list-swap :: ((arl64-assn id-assn)^d*_a uint64-nat-assn^k
*_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a \ arl64-assn id-assn)
    \langle proof \rangle
  sepref-decl-impl (ismop) arl64-swap: arl64-swap.refine \( \text{proof} \)
end
interpretation arl64: list-custom-empty arl64-assn A arl64-empty op-arl64-empty
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [def-pat-rules]: op-arl64-empty-sz\$N \equiv UNPROTECT (op-arl64-empty-sz N) \langle proof \rangle
interpretation arl64-sz: list-custom-empty arl64-assn A arl64-empty-sz N PR-CONST (op-arl64-empty-sz
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl64-to-arl-conv where
  \langle arl64\text{-}to\text{-}arl\text{-}conv \ S = S \rangle
definition arl64-to-arl :: \langle 'a \ array-list64 \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \rangle where
  \langle arl64\text{-}to\text{-}arl = (\lambda(xs, n). (xs, nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64, n)) \rangle
lemma arl64-to-arl-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (return\ o\ arl64\text{-}to\text{-}arl,\ RETURN\ o\ arl64\text{-}to\text{-}arl\text{-}conv}) \in (arl64\text{-}assn\ R)^d \rightarrow_a arl\text{-}assn\ R\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition arl64-take where
  \langle arl64\text{-}take\ n=(\lambda(xs, -), (xs, n))\rangle
lemma arl64-take[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ arl64-take),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ take)) \in
     [\lambda(n, xs). \ n \leq length \ xs]_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \ *_a \ (arl64-assn \ R)^d \rightarrow arl64-assn \ R)^d
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl64-of-arl :: \langle 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \rangle where
  \langle arl64-of-arl\ S=S \rangle
definition arl64-of-arl-code :: \langle 'a :: heap \ array-list \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list64 Heap \rangle where
  \langle arl64 - of - arl - code = (\lambda(a, n), do \}
    m \leftarrow Array.len \ a;
    if m > uint64-max then do {
         a \leftarrow array\text{-}shrink \ a \ uint64\text{-}max;
         return (a, (uint64-of-nat n))
   else return (a, (uint64-of-nat n))\})
lemma arl64-of-arl[sepref-fr-rules]:
 \langle (arl64\text{-}of\text{-}arl\text{-}code, RETURN \ o \ arl64\text{-}of\text{-}arl) \in [\lambda n. \ length \ n \leq uint64\text{-}max]_a \ (arl\text{-}assn \ R)^d \rightarrow arl64\text{-}assn
R
\langle proof \rangle
definition arl-nat-of-uint64-conv :: \langle nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ list \rangle where
\langle arl\text{-}nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\text{-}conv \ S = S \rangle
lemma arl-nat-of-uint64-conv-alt-def:
  \langle arl-nat-of-uint64-conv = map \ nat-of-uint64-conv \rangle
sepref-definition arl-nat-of-uint64-code
  is array-nat-of-uint64
  :: \langle (arl\text{-}assn\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn)^k \rightarrow_a arl\text{-}assn\ nat\text{-}assn \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl-nat-of-uint64-conv-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (arl-nat-of-uint64-code, (RETURN \circ arl-nat-of-uint64-conv) \rangle
     \in (arl\text{-}assn\ uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}assn)^k \rightarrow_a arl\text{-}assn\ nat\text{-}assn)
  \langle proof \rangle
end
theory Array-Array-List 64
  imports Array-Array-List IICF-Array-List64
begin
0.1.8
             Array of Array Lists of maximum length uint64-max
definition length-aa64 :: \langle ('a::heap \ array-list64) \ array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa64 \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
    arl64-length x
lemma arrayO-assn-Array-nth[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
    < array O-assn (arl 64-assn R) xs a > Array.nth a b
```

```
<\lambda p. \ array O-except-assn \ (arl 64-assn \ R) \ [b] \ xs \ a \ (\lambda p'. \uparrow (p=p'!b))*
     arl64-assn R (xs ! b) (p)>>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-length[sep-heap-rules]:
  \langle \langle arl64\text{-}assn\ R\ b\ a \rangle arl64\text{-}length\ a \langle \lambda r.\ arl64\text{-}assn\ R\ b\ a *\uparrow (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint64\ r=length\ b) \rangle \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa64-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
    \langle b < length \ xs \Longrightarrow (b', b) \in uint64-nat-rel \Longrightarrow \langle arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R) \ xs \ a > length-aa64 \ a \ b'
     <\lambda r. \ array O-assn \ (arl 64-assn \ R) \ xs \ a * \uparrow (nat-of-uint 64 \ r = length-ll \ xs \ b)>_t >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: \langle (uncurry\ length-aa64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\ length-ll)) \in
      [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl64-assn \ R))^k *_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow uint64-nat-assn^k)^k 
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-qet-hnr[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes \langle (n', n) \in uint64-nat-rel\rangle and \langle n < length \ a \rangle and \langle CONSTRAINT \ is-pure R \rangle
  shows \langle arl64-assn R a b >
        arl64-get b n'
      <\lambda r. \ arl64-assn \ R \ a \ b * R \ (a! \ n) \ r>
\langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa64 where
  \langle nth-aa64 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
       x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
       y \leftarrow arl64\text{-}get \ x \ j;
       return y \rangle
lemma nth-aa64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ nth-aa64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-ll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a
        (array O-assn\ (arl 64-assn\ R))^k*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ uint 64-nat-assn^k 
ightarrow R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition append64-el-aa :: ('a::{default,heap} \ array-list64) \ array <math>\Rightarrow
  nat \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list64) \ array \ Heapwhere
append64-el-aa \equiv \lambda a \ i \ x. \ do \ \{
  j \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
  a' \leftarrow arl64-append j x;
  Array.upd i a' a
declare arrayO-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
lemma sep-auto-is-stupid:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle length \ l' < uint64\text{-max} \rangle
  shows
    \langle \exists_A p. R1 \ p * R2 \ p * arl64-assn \ R \ l' \ aa * R \ x \ x' * R4 \ p \rangle
       arl64\text{-}append\ aa\ x'<\!\lambda r.\ (\exists\ _{A}p.\ arl64\text{-}assn\ R\ (l'\ @\ [x])\ r\ *\ R1\ p\ *\ R2\ p\ *\ R\ x\ x'\ *\ R4\ p\ *\ true)>>> R
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma append-aa64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ append64-el-aa,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ append-ll)) \in
     [\lambda((l,i),x).\ i < length\ l \land length\ (l!\ i) < uint64-max]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k
*_a R^k \rightarrow (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl64\text{-}assn\ R))
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-aa64 :: ('a::\{heap\} \ array-list64) \ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list64)
array Heap where
  \langle update-aa64 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow Array.nth \ a \ i;
      a' \leftarrow arl64\text{-set } x j y;
      Array.upd i a' a
    } — is the Array.upd really needed?
declare nth-rule[sep-heap-rules del]
declare arrayO-nth-rule[sep-heap-rules]
\mathbf{lemma} \ arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn\text{-}arl\text{-}set[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:}
  fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and
     \langle ba < length-ll \ a \ bb \rangle and \langle (ba', ba) \in uint64-nat-rel \rangle
  shows (
        <arrayO-except-assn (arl64-assn R) [bb] a ai
         (\lambda p'. \uparrow ((aa, bc) = p'! bb)) *
        arl64-assn R (a! bb) (aa, bc) *
         R \ b \ bi >
        arl64-set (aa, bc) ba' bi
       <\lambda(aa, bc). arrayO-except-assn (arl64-assn R) [bb] a ai
        (\lambda r'. arl64-assn R ((a!bb)[ba:=b]) (aa, bc)) * R b bi * true>)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma Array-upd-arrayO-except-assn[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes
    \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and
    \langle ba < length-ll \ a \ bb \rangle and \langle (ba', ba) \in uint64-nat-rel \rangle
  shows \langle arrayO-except-assn (arl64-assn R) [bb] a ai
         (\lambda r'. arl64-assn R xu (aa, bc)) *
        R\ b\ bi\ *
        true>
        Array.upd bb (aa, bc) ai
        <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; R \; b \; bi * array O-assn \; (arl 64-assn \; R) \; x \; r * true *
                    \uparrow (x = a[bb := xu]) > \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa64-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: (is\text{-pure }R) and (bb < length \ a) and (ba < length \text{-}ll \ a \ bb) \ ((ba', \ ba) \in uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}rel)
  shows \langle R \ b \ bi * arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-aa64 \ ai \ bb \ ba' \ bi
       <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists_A x.\ arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-ll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
  \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma update-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:

```
assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ update-aa64, uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ update-ll)) \in
      [\lambda(((l,i),j),x).\ i < length\ l \wedge j < length-ll\ l\ i]_a\ (array O-assn\ (arl 64-assn\ R))^d *_a\ nat-assn^k *_a
uint64-nat-assn<sup>k</sup> *_a R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition last-aa64 :: ('a::heap array-list64) array \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  \langle last-aa6 \not | xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u64\text{-}code \ xs \ i;
     arl64-last x
  }>
lemma arl64-last-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle \langle ai \neq [] \rangle
  shows < arl64-assn R ai a> arl64-last a
      <\lambda r. \ arl64-assn R ai a * R (last ai) r>_t
\langle proof \rangle
lemma last-aa64-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes
    p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle and
   \langle b < length \ a \rangle and
   \langle a \mid b \neq [] \rangle and \langle (b', b) \in uint64-nat-rel \rangle
   shows (
        < array O - assn (arl 64 - assn R) a ai >
         last-aa64 ai b'
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma last-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
  shows (uncurry\ last-aa64,\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ last-ll)) \in
     [\lambda(l,i).\ i < length\ l \land l \ !\ i \neq []]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \rightarrow R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition swap-aa64 :: ('a::heap array-list64) array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow ('a <math>array-list64)
array Heap where
  \langle swap-aa64 \ xs \ k \ i \ j = do \ \{
    xi \leftarrow nth-aa64 \ xs \ k \ i;
    xj \leftarrow nth-aa64 \ xs \ k \ j;
    xs \leftarrow update-aa64 \ xs \ k \ i \ xj;
    xs \leftarrow update-aa64 \ xs \ k \ j \ xi;
    return\ xs
  }>
lemma nth-aa64-heap[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure }R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length \ ll \ aa \ b \rangle and \langle (ba', \ ba) \in uint64\text{-}nat\text{-}rel \rangle
  shows (
   < array O - assn (arl 64 - assn R) aa a >
   nth-aa64 a b ba'
   <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; array O\text{-}assn \; (arl 64\text{-}assn \; R) \; aa \; a *
                (R \ x \ r \ *
                 \uparrow (x = nth\text{-}ll \ aa \ b \ ba)) *
                true > >
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa-rule-pure:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle and \langle b < length \ aa \rangle and \langle ba < length\text{-}ll \ aa \ b \rangle and
    \langle (ba', ba) \in uint64-nat-rel \rangle
  shows (
   < array O-assn (arl 64-assn R) aa a * R be bb>
            update-aa64 a b ba' bb
            <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; invalid-assn \; (arrayO-assn \; (arl64-assn \; R)) \; aa \; a* \; arrayO-assn \; (arl64-assn \; R) \; x \; r*
                         \uparrow (x = update-ll \ aa \ b \ ba \ be)>\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arl64-set-rule-arl64-assn:
  i < length \ l \implies (i', i) \in uint64-nat-rel \implies (x', x) \in the-pure R \implies
  < arl 64-assn R l a>
    arl64-set a i' x'
  \langle arl64\text{-}assn\ R\ (l[i:=x])\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma swap-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows (uncurry3 \ swap-aa64, \ uncurry3 \ (RETURN \ oooo \ swap-ll)) \in
   [\lambda(((xs, k), i), j), k < length \ xs \land i < length-ll \ xs \ k \land j < length-ll \ xs \ k]_a
  (arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^d*_a\ nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k*_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k 	o (arrayO-assn
(arl64-assn R))
\langle proof \rangle
It is not possible to do a direct initialisation: there is no element that can be put everywhere.
definition arrayO-ara-empty-sz where
  \langle arrayO\text{-}ara\text{-}empty\text{-}sz \ n =
   (let xs = fold (\lambda - xs. [] \# xs) [0..< n] [] in
    op-list-copy xs)
lemma of-list-op-list-copy-arrayO[sepref-fr-rules]:
   \langle (Array.of-list, RETURN \circ op-list-copy) \in (list-assn (arl64-assn R))^d \rightarrow_a arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R)
R)
  \langle proof \rangle
sepref-definition
  array O-ara-empty-sz-code
  is RETURN o arrayO-ara-empty-sz
  :: \langle nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a arrayO\text{-}assn \ (arl64\text{-}assn \ (R::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn) \rangle \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition init-lrl64 :: \langle nat \Rightarrow - \rangle where
[simp]: \langle init-lrl64 = init-lrl \rangle
lemma arrayO-ara-empty-sz-init-lrl: \langle arrayO-ara-empty-sz n = init-lrl64 n \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arrayO-raa-empty-sz-init-lrl[sepref-fr-rules]:
  \langle (array O - ara - empty - sz - code, RETURN \ o \ init - lrl64) \in
    nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a arrayO\text{-}assn (arl64\text{-}assn R)
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition (in -) shorten-take-aa64 where
  \langle shorten-take-aa64 \ L \ j \ W = do \ \{
      (a, n) \leftarrow Array.nth \ W \ L;
      Array.upd\ L\ (a,\ j)\ W
    }>
lemma Array-upd-arrayO-except-assn2[sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes
    \langle ba \leq length (b!a) \rangle and
    \langle a < length \ b \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle (ba', ba) \in uint64-nat-rel \rangle
  shows \langle arrayO\text{-}except\text{-}assn (arl64\text{-}assn R) [a] b bi
           (\lambda r'. \uparrow ((aaa, n) = r'! a)) * arl64-assn R (b! a) (aaa, n)>
         Array.upd a (aaa, ba') bi
         <\lambda r. \; \exists_A x. \; array O\text{-}assn \; (arl 64\text{-}assn \; R) \; x \; r * true *
                     \uparrow (x = b[a := take \ ba \ (b ! \ a)]) > \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma shorten-take-aa-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  (uncurry2\ shorten-take-aa64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ shorten-take-ll)) \in
     [\lambda((L,j), W). j \leq length (W!L) \wedge L < length W]_a
    nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a (arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R))^d \rightarrow arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R))^d
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa64-u where
  \langle nth-aa64-u \ x \ L \ L' = nth-aa64 \ x \ (nat-of-uint32 \ L) \ L' \rangle
lemma nth-aa-uint-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa64-u,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-rll)) \in
       [\lambda((x, L), L'), L < length \ x \wedge L' < length \ (x ! L)]_a
       (array O-assn\ (arl 64-assn\ R))^k *_a uint 32-nat-assn^k *_a uint 64-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nth-aa64-u-code[code]:
  \langle nth-aa64-u \ x \ L \ L' = nth-u-code \ x \ L \gg (\lambda x. \ arl64-get \ x \ L' \gg return) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa64-i64-u64 where
  \langle nth-aa64-i64-u64 \ xs \ x \ L = nth-aa64 \ xs \ (nat-of-uint64 \ x) \ L \rangle
lemma nth-aa64-i64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa64-i64-u64\ ,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll))\in
       [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
       (array O-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k *_a uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa64-i32-u64 where
  \langle nth-aa64-i32-u64 \ xs \ x \ L = nth-aa64 \ xs \ (nat-of-uint32 \ x) \ L \rangle
```

lemma nth-aa64-i32-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:

```
assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
    shows
       \langle (uncurry2\ nth-aa64-i32-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-rll)) \in
              [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-rll \ l \ i]_a
              (array O-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
    \langle proof \rangle
definition append64-el-aa32 :: ('a::{default,heap} array-list64) array \Rightarrow
    uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a \ array-list64) \ array \ Heapwhere
append64-el-aa32 \equiv \lambda a \ i \ x. \ do \ \{
   j \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
    a' \leftarrow arl64-append j x;
    heap-array-set-u a i a'
lemma append64-aa32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
   fixes R :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \{heap, default\} \Rightarrow assn \rangle
    assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
    shows
        (uncurry2\ append64-el-aa32,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ append-ll)) \in
       [\lambda((l,i),x).\ i < length\ l \land length\ (l\ !\ i) < uint64-max]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^d *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k + (arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^d *_b\ uint32-nat-assn^k + (arrayO-assn\ (arrayO-assn\ R))^d *_b\ uint32-nat-assn^k + (arrayO-assn\ R)^d *_b\ uint32-nat-assn^k + (arrayO-assn^k + (arrayO-assn^
*_a R^k \rightarrow (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl64\text{-}assn\ R))
\langle proof \rangle
definition update-aa64-u32::('a::\{heap\}\ array-list64)\ array \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow uint64 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow ('a\ array-list64)
array Heap where
    \langle update-aa64-u32\ a\ i\ j\ y=update-aa64\ a\ (nat-of-uint32\ i)\ j\ y\rangle
lemma update-aa-u64-u32-code[code]:
    \langle update-aa64-u32 \ a \ i \ j \ y = do \ \{
           x \leftarrow nth\text{-}u\text{-}code\ a\ i;
            a' \leftarrow arl64\text{-set } x j y;
            Array-upd-u i a' a
       \}
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa64-u32-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
   assumes p: \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle and \langle bb < length \ a \rangle and \langle ba < length - ll \ a \ bb \rangle \langle (ba', ba) \in uint 64\text{-}nat\text{-}rel \rangle \langle (bb', ba', ba') \rangle
bb) \in uint32-nat-rel
    shows \langle R \ b \ bi * arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R) \ a \ ai > update-aa64-u32 \ ai \ bb' \ ba' \ bi
            <\lambda r.\ R\ b\ bi* (\exists_A x.\ arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R)\ x\ r*\uparrow (x=update-ll\ a\ bb\ ba\ b))>_t
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma update-aa64-u32-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
    assumes \langle is\text{-}pure \ R \rangle
   shows (uncurry3\ update-aa64-u32,\ uncurry3\ (RETURN\ oooo\ update-ll)) \in
         [\lambda(((l,i),j),x).\ i < length\ l \land j < length\ ll\ l]_a\ (arrayO-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^d *_a\ uint32-nat-assn^k
*_a \ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a R^k \rightarrow (arrayO-assn (arl64-assn R))
    \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa64-u64 where
    \langle nth-aa64-u64 \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
            x \leftarrow \textit{nth-u64-code xs } i;
            y \leftarrow arl64\text{-}get \ x \ j;
            return y \}
```

```
lemma nth-aa64-u64-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is\text{-pure } R \rangle
  shows
    (uncurry2\ nth-aa64-u64,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ \circ\circ\circ\ nth-ll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a
        (array O-assn\ (arl64-assn\ R))^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k *_a\ uint64-nat-assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition arl64-get-nat :: 'a::heap array-list64 \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  arl64-get-nat \equiv \lambda(a,n) i. Array.nth a i
lemma arl-get-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  i < length \ l \Longrightarrow
  <is-array-list64 l a>
    arl64-get-nat\ a\ i
  < \lambda r. is-array-list64 l a * \uparrow(r=l!i)>
lemma arl-get-rule-arl64 [sep-heap-rules]:
  i < length \ l \Longrightarrow
  < arl 64-assn T l a>
    arl64-get-nat a i
  <\lambda r. \ arl64\text{-}assn \ T \ l \ a * \uparrow ((r, l!i) \in the\text{-}pure \ T)>
  \langle proof \rangle
definition nth-aa64-nat where
  \langle nth\text{-}aa64\text{-}nat \ xs \ i \ j = do \ \{
      x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
      y \leftarrow arl64-get-nat x j;
      return y \}
lemma nth-aa64-nat-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
  assumes p: \langle CONSTRAINT is-pure R \rangle
    (uncurry2\ nth-aa64-nat,\ uncurry2\ (RETURN\ ooo\ nth-ll)) \in
        [\lambda((l,i),j). \ i < length \ l \wedge j < length-ll \ l \ i]_a
        (arrayO\text{-}assn\ (arl64\text{-}assn\ R))^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k*_a\ nat\text{-}assn^k \to R)
\langle proof \rangle
definition length-aa64-nat :: \langle ('a::heap\ array-list64)\ array \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat\ Heap \rangle where
  \langle length-aa64-nat \ xs \ i = do \ \{
     x \leftarrow Array.nth \ xs \ i;
    n \leftarrow arl64\text{-}length \ x;
     return (nat-of-uint64 n) \}
lemma length-aa64-nat-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
    \langle b < length \ xs \implies \langle array O - assn \ (arl 64 - assn \ R) \ xs \ a > length - aa 64 - nat \ a \ b
    \langle \lambda r. \ array O\text{-}assn \ (arl 64\text{-}assn \ R) \ xs \ a * \uparrow (r = length-ll \ xs \ b) >_t \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma length-aa64-nat-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]: (uncurry length-aa64-nat, uncurry (RETURN <math>\circ \circ length-ll))
     [\lambda(xs, i). \ i < length \ xs]_a \ (arrayO-assn \ (arl64-assn \ R))^k *_a \ nat-assn^k \rightarrow nat-assn^k)
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
end
theory IICF-Array-List32
imports
     Refine-Imperative-HOL.IICF-List
     Separation-Logic-Imperative-HOL. Array-Blit
     Array-UInt
     WB-Word-Assn
begin
type-synonym 'a array-list32 = 'a Heap.array \times uint 32
definition is-array-list32 l \equiv \lambda(a,n). \exists_A l'. a \mapsto_a l' * \uparrow (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq length \ l' \land l = take \ (n
n) l' \wedge length \ l' > 0 \wedge nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n \leq uint32\text{-}max \wedge length \ l' \leq uint32\text{-}max)
lemma is-array-list32-prec[safe-constraint-rules]: precise is-array-list32
     \langle proof \rangle
definition arl32-empty \equiv do {
     a \leftarrow Array.new\ initial-capacity\ default;
    return (a, \theta)
definition arl32-empty-sz init-cap \equiv do {
     a \leftarrow Array.new (min \ uint32-max \ (max \ init-cap \ minimum-capacity)) \ default;
     return (a, 0)
definition uint32-max-uint32 :: uint32 where
     \langle uint32\text{-}max\text{-}uint32 = 2 \ \widehat{\ \ } 32 - 1 \rangle
definition arl32-append \equiv \lambda(a,n) \ x. \ do \ \{
     len \leftarrow length-u-code a;
     if n < len then do \{
         a \leftarrow Array-upd-u n \ x \ a;
         return (a, n+1)
     } else do {
         let newcap = (if len < uint32-max-uint32 >> 1 then 2 * len else uint32-max-uint32);
         a \leftarrow array\text{-}grow \ a \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ newcap) \ default;
         a \leftarrow Array-upd-u \ n \ x \ a;
          return (a, n+1)
definition arl32\text{-}copy \equiv \lambda(a,n). do {
     a \leftarrow array\text{-}copy \ a;
    return (a,n)
definition arl32-length :: 'a::heap array-list32 \Rightarrow uint32 Heap where
     arl32-length \equiv \lambda(a,n). return (n)
definition arl32-is-empty :: 'a::heap array-list32 \Rightarrow bool Heap where
     arl32-is-empty \equiv \lambda(a,n). return (n=0)
definition arl32-last :: 'a::heap array-list32 \Rightarrow 'a Heap where
```

```
arl32-last \equiv \lambda(a,n). do {
    nth-u-code \ a \ (n-1)
definition arl32-butlast :: 'a::heap array-list32 \Rightarrow 'a array-list32 Heap where
  arl32-butlast \equiv \lambda(a,n). do {
    let n = n - 1;
    len \leftarrow length-u-code \ a;
    if (n*4 < len \land nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n*2 \geq minimum\text{-}capacity) then do {
      a \leftarrow array\text{-}shrink \ a \ (nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ n*2);
      return (a,n)
    } else
      return (a,n)
definition arl32-get :: 'a::heap array-list32 \Rightarrow uint32 <math>\Rightarrow 'a Heap where
  arl32-get \equiv \lambda(a,n) i. nth-u-code a i
definition arl32\text{-}set :: 'a::heap \ array\text{-}list32 \Rightarrow uint32 \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a \ array\text{-}list32 \ Heap \ where
  arl32\text{-}set \equiv \lambda(a,n) \ i \ x. \ do \ \{ \ a \leftarrow heap\text{-}array\text{-}set\text{-}u \ a \ i \ x; \ return \ (a,n) \}
\mathbf{lemma} \ arl 32\text{-}empty\text{-}rule[sep\text{-}heap\text{-}rules]:} < emp > arl 32\text{-}empty < is\text{-}array\text{-}list 32 } [] >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-empty-sz-rule[sep-heap-rules]: < emp > arl32-empty-sz N < is-array-list32 \parallel >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-copy-rule[sep-heap-rules]: \langle is-array-list32 l a > arl32-copy a < \lambda r. is-array-list32 l a *
is-array-list32 l r >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-shiftl: \langle nat-of-uint32 (xs >> a) = nat-of-uint32 xs >> a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [simp]: \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 \ uint32\text{-}max\text{-}uint32 \ = \ uint32\text{-}max \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma \langle 2 * (uint32-max \ div \ 2) = uint32-max - 1 \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma \ arl 32-append-rule [sep-heap-rules]:
  assumes \langle length \ l < uint32-max \rangle
  shows < is-array-list32 l a >
      arl32-append a x
     <\lambda a. is-array-list32 (l@[x]) a>_t
\langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-length-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  <is-array-list32 l a>
    arl32-length a
  < \lambda r. is-array-list32 l a * \uparrow (nat-of-uint32 r=length l)>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-is-empty-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
```

```
<is-array-list32 l a>
    arl32-is-empty a
  <\lambda r. is-array-list32 l a * \uparrow (r \longleftrightarrow (l = []))>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-of-uint32-ge-minus:
  \langle ai \geq bi \Longrightarrow
       nat-of-uint32 (ai - bi) = nat-of-uint32 ai - nat-of-uint32 bi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-last-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  l\neq [] \Longrightarrow
  <is-array-list32 l a>
    arl32-last a
  < \lambda r. is-array-list32 l \ a * \uparrow (r = last \ l) >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-get-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  i < length \ l \Longrightarrow (i', i) \in uint32-nat-rel \Longrightarrow
  <is-array-list32 l a>
    arl32-get a i'
  < \lambda r. is-array-list32 l \ a * \uparrow (r=l!i) >
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-set-rule[sep-heap-rules]:
  i < length \ l \Longrightarrow (i', i) \in uint32-nat-rel \Longrightarrow
  <is-array-list32 l a>
    arl32-set a i' x
  \langle is-array-list32 (l[i:=x]) >
  \langle proof \rangle
definition arl32-assn A \equiv hr-comp is-array-list32 (<math>\langle the-pure A \rangle list-rel)
lemmas [safe-constraint-rules] = CN-FALSEI[of is-pure arl32-assn A for A]
lemma arl32-assn-comp: is-pure A \Longrightarrow hr-comp (arl32-assn A) (\langle B \rangle list-rel) = arl32-assn (hr-comp A
B)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma arl32-assn-comp': hr-comp (arl32-assn id-assn) (\langle B \rangle list-rel) = arl32-assn (pure B)
  \langle proof \rangle
context
  notes [fcomp-norm-unfold] = arl32-assn-def[symmetric] arl32-assn-comp'
 notes [intro!] = hfrefI hn-refineI[THEN hn-refine-preI]
 notes [simp] = pure-def hn-ctxt-def invalid-assn-def
begin
 lemma arl32-empty-hnr-aux: (uncurry0\ arl32-empty, uncurry0\ (RETURN\ op-list-empty)) \in unit-assn^k
\rightarrow_a is-array-list32
    \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl (no-register) arl32-empty: arl32-empty-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
 lemma arl32-empty-sz-hnr-aux: (uncurry0\ (arl32-empty-sz\ N),uncurry0\ (RETURN\ op-list-empty)) <math>\in
```

```
unit-assn^k \rightarrow_a is-array-list32
    \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl (no-register) arl32-empty-sz: arl32-empty-sz-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
  definition op-arl32-empty \equiv op-list-empty
  definition op-arl32-empty-sz (N::nat) \equiv op\text{-list-empty}
 lemma arl32-copy-hnr-aux: (arl32-copy, RETURN o op-list-copy) \in is-array-list32 ^k \rightarrow_a is-array-list32
    \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl arl32-copy: arl32-copy-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
 lemma arl32-append-hnr-aux: (uncurry\ arl32-append, uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op-list-append)) \in [\lambda(xs,
x). length \ xs < uint32-max|_a \ (is-array-list32^d *_a id-assn^k) \rightarrow is-array-list32^d *_a id-assn^k)
    \langle proof \rangle
  sepref-decl-impl arl32-append: arl32-append-hnr-aux
    \langle proof \rangle
 lemma arl32-length-hnr-aux: (arl32-length, RETURN o op-list-length) \in is-array-list32^k \rightarrow_a uint32-nat-assn
  sepref-decl-impl arl32-length: arl32-length-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
  lemma arl32-is-empty-hnr-aux: (arl32-is-empty, RETURN o op-list-is-empty) \in is-array-list32^k \rightarrow_a
bool	ext{-}assn
    \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl arl32-is-empty: arl32-is-empty-hnr-aux \( \rho proof \)
  lemma arl32-last-hnr-aux: (arl32-last, RETURN o op-list-last) \in [pre-list-last]_a is-array-list32^k \rightarrow
id-assn
    \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-decl-impl arl32-last: arl32-last-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
  lemma arl32-get-hnr-aux: (uncurry\ arl32-get,uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ op-list-get)) <math>\in [\lambda(l,i).\ i < length
l|_a (is-array-list32^k *_a uint32-nat-assn^k) \rightarrow id-assn
 sepref-decl-impl arl32-get: arl32-get-hnr-aux \( \rho proof \)
  lemma arl32-set-hnr-aux: (uncurry2 \ arl32-set,uncurry2 \ (RETURN \ ooo \ op-list-set)) \in [\lambda((l,i),-)].
i < length \ l|_a \ (is-array-list 32^d *_a \ uint 32-nat-assn^k *_a \ id-assn^k) \rightarrow is-array-list 32^d *_a \ uint 32-nat-assn^k *_a \ id-assn^k)
    \langle proof \rangle
  sepref-decl-impl arl32-set: arl32-set-hnr-aux \langle proof \rangle
 sepref-definition arl32-swap is uncurry2 mop-list-swap :: ((arl32-assn id-assn)^d*_a uint32-nat-assn^k
*_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k \rightarrow_a arl32-assn \ id-assn)
    \langle proof \rangle
 \mathbf{sepref-decl\text{-}impl}\ (ismop)\ arl 32\text{-}swap:\ arl 32\text{-}swap.refine\ \langle proof \rangle
end
interpretation arl32: list-custom-empty arl32-assn A arl32-empty op-arl32-empty
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [def-pat-rules]: op-arl32-empty-sz\$N \equiv UNPROTECT (op-arl32-empty-szN) \langle proof \rangle
```

```
interpretation arl32-sz: list-custom-empty arl32-assn A arl32-empty-sz N PR-CONST (op-arl32-empty-sz
     \langle proof \rangle
definition arl32-to-arl-conv where
      \langle arl32\text{-}to\text{-}arl\text{-}conv \ S = S \rangle
definition arl32-to-arl :: \langle 'a \ array-list32 \Rightarrow 'a \ array-list \rangle where
      \langle arl32\text{-}to\text{-}arl = (\lambda(xs, n), (xs, nat\text{-}of\text{-}uint32 n)) \rangle
lemma arl32-to-arl-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (return\ o\ arl32\text{-}to\text{-}arl,\ RETURN\ o\ arl32\text{-}to\text{-}arl\text{-}conv}) \in (arl32\text{-}assn\ R)^d \rightarrow_a arl\text{-}assn\ R)
definition arl32-take where
      \langle arl32\text{-}take\ n=(\lambda(xs,-),(xs,n))\rangle
lemma arl32-take[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (uncurry\ (return\ oo\ arl32-take),\ uncurry\ (RETURN\ oo\ take)) \in
          [\lambda(n, xs). \ n \leq length \ xs]_a \ uint32-nat-assn^k *_a (arl32-assn \ R)^d \rightarrow arl32-assn \ R)
      \langle proof \rangle
     definition arl32-butlast-nonresizing :: ('a array-list32) \Rightarrow 'a array-list32) where
      \langle arl32\text{-}butlast\text{-}nonresizing = (\lambda(xs, a), (xs, a - 1)) \rangle
lemma butlast32-nonresizing-hnr[sepref-fr-rules]:
      \langle (return\ o\ arl 32-but last-nonresizing,\ RETURN\ o\ but last-nonresizing) \in
          [\lambda xs. \ xs \neq []]_a \ (arl32\text{-}assn \ R)^d \rightarrow arl32\text{-}assn \ R)
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory WB-Sort
    imports WB-More-Refinement WB-More-Refinement-List HOL-Library.Rewrite
begin
Every element between lo and hi can be chosen as pivot element.
definition choose-pivot :: (b' \Rightarrow b' \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow a \text{ list} \Rightarrow a \text{ nat} \Rightarrow a \text{ nat nres} \text{ where}
      \langle choose\text{-}pivot - - - lo \ hi = SPEC(\lambda k. \ k \ge lo \land k \le hi) \rangle
The element at index p partitions the subarray lo..hi. This means that every element
definition is Partition-wrt :: \langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'b \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
      \langle isPartition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ p\equiv (\forall\ i.\ i\geq lo\ \land\ i< p\longrightarrow R\ (xs!i)\ (xs!p))\ \land\ (\forall\ j.\ j> p\ \land\ j\leq hi\longrightarrow R)
R(xs!p)(xs!j)\rangle
lemma isPartition-wrtI:
       \langle (\bigwedge i. \ [i \ge lo; \ i < p]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p)) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [j > p; \ j \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!j)) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [j > p; \ j \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i < p]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i < p]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge lo; \ i \le hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (\bigwedge j. \ [i \ge hi]] \implies R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!p) \implies (Xs!
isPartition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ p
     \langle proof \rangle
definition is Partition :: \langle 'a :: order \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
```

 $\langle isPartition \ xs \ lo \ hi \ p \equiv isPartition\text{-}wrt \ (\leq) \ xs \ lo \ hi \ p \rangle$

```
abbreviation is Partition-map:: ((b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow (a
where
        \langle isPartition\text{-}map\ R\ h\ xs\ i\ j\ k \equiv isPartition\text{-}wrt\ (\lambda a\ b.\ R\ (h\ a)\ (h\ b))\ xs\ i\ j\ k \rangle
lemma isPartition-map-def':
        \langle lo \leq p \Longrightarrow p \leq hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow isPartition-map \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \ p = isPartition-wrt \ R \ (map \ h)
xs) lo hi p
       \langle proof \rangle
Example: 6 is the pivot element (with index 4); 7::'a is equal to the length xs-1.
lemma \langle isPartition [0,5,3,4,6,9,8,10::nat] 0 7 4 \rangle
         \langle proof \rangle
definition sublist :: \langle 'a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle 'a \ list \rangle where
\langle sublist \ xs \ i \ j \equiv take \ (Suc \ j - i) \ (drop \ i \ xs) \rangle
lemma take-Suc\theta:
         l \neq [] \implies take (Suc \ \theta) \ l = [l!\theta]
         0 < length \ l \Longrightarrow take \ (Suc \ 0) \ l = [l!0]
        Suc \ n \leq length \ l \Longrightarrow take \ (Suc \ \theta) \ l = [l!\theta]
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-single: \langle i < length \ xs \implies sublist \ xs \ i \ i = [xs!i] \rangle
lemma insert-eq: (insert a \ b = b \cup \{a\})
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-nth: \langle [lo \le hi; hi < length xs; k+lo \le hi] \implies (sublist xs lo hi)!k = xs!(lo+k)\rangle
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-length: \langle [i \le j; j < length \ xs] \implies length \ (sublist \ xs \ i \ j) = 1 + j - i \rangle
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-not-empty: \langle [i \leq j; j < length \ xs; \ xs \neq []] \implies sublist \ xs \ i \ j \neq [] \rangle
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-app: \langle [i1 \le i2; i2 \le i3] \implies sublist xs i1 i2 @ sublist xs (Suc i2) i3 = sublist xs i1 i3)
         \langle proof \rangle
\langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \ lo \ hi = sorted\text{-}wrt \ R \ (sublist \ xs \ lo \ hi) \rangle
definition sorted-sublist :: \langle 'a :: linorder \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
         \langle sorted\text{-}sublist \ xs \ lo \ hi = sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ (\leq) \ xs \ lo \ hi \rangle
abbreviation sorted-sublist-map :: \langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool
where
        \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}map \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \equiv sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ (\lambda a \ b. \ R \ (h \ a) \ (h \ b)) \ xs \ lo \ hi \rangle
```

lemma sorted-sublist-map-def':

```
\langle lo < length \ xs \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi \equiv sorted-sublist-wrt R (map h xs) lo hi
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-refl: \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R \ xs \ i \ i \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-refl: \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist xs \ i \ i \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-map-refl: \langle i < length \ xs \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-map R \ h \ xs \ i \ \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-map: \langle sublist \ (map \ f \ xs) \ i \ j = map \ f \ (sublist \ xs \ i \ j) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma take-set: \langle j \leq length \ xs \Longrightarrow x \in set \ (take \ j \ xs) \equiv (\exists \ k. \ k < j \land xs!k = x) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-set: \langle j \leq length \ xs \Longrightarrow x \in set \ (drop \ j \ xs) \equiv (\exists \ k. \ j \leq k \land k < length \ xs \land xs! k = x) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-el: (i \le j \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow x \in set \ (sublist \ xs \ i \ j) \equiv (\exists \ k. \ k < Suc \ j-i \land xs!(i+k)=x)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-el': \langle i \leq j \Longrightarrow j < length \ xs \Longrightarrow x \in set \ (sublist \ xs \ i \ j) \equiv (\exists \ k. \ i \leq k \land k \leq j \land xs! k = x) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-lt: \langle hi < lo \Longrightarrow sublist \ xs \ lo \ hi = [] \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-le-eq-or-lt: \langle (a :: nat) < b = (a = b \lor a < b) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{sorted-sublist-wrt-le} : \langle \textit{hi} \leq \textit{lo} \Longrightarrow \textit{hi} < \textit{length} \ \textit{xs} \Longrightarrow \textit{sorted-sublist-wrt} \ \textit{R} \ \textit{xs} \ \textit{lo} \ \textit{hi} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
Elements in a sorted sublists are actually sorted
\mathbf{lemma}\ sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt\text{-}nth\text{-}le\text{:}
  assumes \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi \rangle and \langle lo \leq hi \rangle and \langle hi < length\ xs \rangle and
     \langle lo \leq i \rangle and \langle i < j \rangle and \langle j \leq hi \rangle
  shows \langle R (xs!i) (xs!j) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
We can make the assumption i < j weaker if we have a reflexivie relation.
\mathbf{lemma}\ sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt\text{-}nth\text{-}le'\text{:}
  assumes ref: \langle \bigwedge x. R x x \rangle
     and \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \ lo \ hi \rangle and \langle lo \leq hi \rangle and \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle
     and \langle lo \leq i \rangle and \langle i \leq j \rangle and \langle j \leq hi \rangle
  shows \langle R (xs!i) (xs!j) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma sorted-sublist-le: \langle hi \leq lo \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist \ xs \ lo \ hi \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-map-le: \langle hi \leq lo \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-map \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-cons: (lo < hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow sublist \ xs \ lo \ hi = xs!lo \ \# \ sublist \ xs \ (Suc \ lo) \ hi)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-cons':
   (sorted-sublist-wrt\ R\ xs\ (lo+1)\ hi \Longrightarrow lo \le hi \Longrightarrow hi < length\ xs \Longrightarrow (\forall\ j.\ lo < j \land j \le hi \longrightarrow R\ (xs!lo)
(xs!j)) \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-cons:
  assumes trans: \langle (\bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ [\![R \ x \ y; \ R \ y \ z]\!] \Longrightarrow R \ x \ z) \rangle and
     \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ (lo+1)\ hi \rangle and
     \langle lo \leq hi \rangle and \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle and \langle R \ (xs!lo) \ (xs!(lo+1)) \rangle
  shows (sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi)
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ sorted-sublist-map-cons:
  \langle (\bigwedge x \ y \ z) \ [R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z)] \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \Longrightarrow
     sorted-sublist-map R h xs (lo+1) hi \Longrightarrow lo \le hi \Longrightarrow hi < length xs \Longrightarrow R (h (xs!lo)) (h (xs!(lo+1)))
\implies sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{sublist-snoc}: \langle \textit{lo} < \textit{hi} \Longrightarrow \textit{hi} < \textit{length} \ \textit{xs} \Longrightarrow \textit{sublist} \ \textit{xs} \ \textit{lo} \ \textit{hi} = \textit{sublist} \ \textit{xs} \ \textit{lo} \ (\textit{hi}-1) \ @ \ [\textit{xs!hi}] \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-wrt-snoc':
   \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \ lo \ (hi-1) \implies lo \leq hi \implies hi < length \ xs \implies (\forall j. \ lo \leq j \land j < hi \longrightarrow R \ (xs!j)
(xs!hi) \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt\text{-}snoc:
  assumes trans: \langle (\bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ [R \ x \ y; \ R \ y \ z]] \Longrightarrow R \ x \ z \rangle and
     \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ (hi-1) \rangle and
     \langle lo \leq hi \rangle and \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle and \langle (R \ (xs!(hi-1)) \ (xs!hi)) \rangle
  shows (sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-map-snoc:
   \langle (\bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z)) \Longrightarrow
     sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo (hi-1) \Longrightarrow
     lo \le hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow (R \ (h \ (xs!(hi-1))) \ (h \ (xs!hi))) \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-map \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi)
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma sublist-split: (lo \le hi \Longrightarrow lo 
(p+1) hi = sublist xs lo hi
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-split-part: (lo \le hi \Longrightarrow lo 
xs!p \# sublist xs (p+1) hi = sublist xs lo hi
A property for partitions (we always assume that R is transitive.
lemma isPartition-wrt-trans:
\langle (\bigwedge \ x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ x \ y; \ R \ y \ z \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ x \ z) \Longrightarrow
  isPartition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ p \Longrightarrow
  (\forall i j. lo \leq i \land i 
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma is Partition-map-trans:
\langle (\bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z)) \Longrightarrow
  hi < length xs \Longrightarrow
  isPartition-map R h xs lo hi p \Longrightarrow
  (\forall i j. lo \leq i \land i 
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma merge-sorted-wrt-partitions-between':
  \langle lo \leq hi \Longrightarrow lo 
    is Partition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ p \Longrightarrow
    sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (p-1) \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (p+1) hi \Longrightarrow
    (\forall i \ j. \ lo \leq i \land i 
    sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma merge-sorted-wrt-partitions-between:
  \langle (\bigwedge x \ y \ z) \ [R \ x \ y; R \ y \ z] \Longrightarrow R \ x \ z) \Longrightarrow
    isPartition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ p\Longrightarrow
    sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (p-1) \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (p+1) hi \Longrightarrow
    lo \leq hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow lo < p \Longrightarrow p < hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
    sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi
  \langle proof \rangle
The main theorem to merge sorted lists
lemma merge-sorted-wrt-partitions:
  \langle isPartition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ p \Longrightarrow
    sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo (p - Suc \ \theta) \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-wrt R xs (Suc \ p) hi \Longrightarrow
    lo \leq hi \Longrightarrow lo \leq p \Longrightarrow p \leq hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
    (\forall i j. lo \leq i \land i 
    sorted-sublist-wrt R xs lo hi>
  \langle proof \rangle
theorem merge-sorted-map-partitions:
  \langle (\bigwedge x y z. [R (h x) (h y); R (h y) (h z)] \rangle \Rightarrow R (h x) (h z) \rangle \Rightarrow
    isPartition-map R h xs lo hi p \Longrightarrow
    sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo (p-Suc 0) \Longrightarrow sorted-sublist-map R h xs (Suc p) hi
```

```
lo \leq hi \Longrightarrow lo \leq p \Longrightarrow p \leq hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
     sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo hi
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma partition-wrt-extend:
   \langle isPartition\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \ lo' \ hi' \ p \Longrightarrow
   hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
   lo \leq lo' \Longrightarrow lo' \leq hi \Longrightarrow hi' \leq hi \Longrightarrow
   lo' \leq p \Longrightarrow p \leq hi' \Longrightarrow
   (\bigwedge i. lo \le i \Longrightarrow i < lo' \Longrightarrow R (xs!i) (xs!p)) \Longrightarrow
   (\bigwedge j. \ hi' < j \Longrightarrow j \le hi \Longrightarrow R \ (xs!p) \ (xs!j)) \Longrightarrow
   isPartition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ p\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma partition-map-extend:
   \langle isPartition\text{-}map\ R\ h\ xs\ lo'\ hi'\ p \Longrightarrow
   hi < length xs \Longrightarrow
   lo \leq lo' \Longrightarrow lo' \leq hi \Longrightarrow hi' \leq hi \Longrightarrow
   lo' \leq p \Longrightarrow p \leq hi' \Longrightarrow
   (\bigwedge i. lo \leq i \Longrightarrow i < lo' \Longrightarrow R (h (xs!i)) (h (xs!p))) \Longrightarrow
   (\bigwedge j. \ hi' < j \Longrightarrow j \le hi \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ (xs!p)) \ (h \ (xs!j))) \Longrightarrow
   isPartition-map R h xs lo hi p
   \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ is Partition-empty:
   \langle (\bigwedge j. [[lo < j; j \le hi]] \Longrightarrow R (xs ! lo) (xs ! j)) \Longrightarrow
   isPartition\text{-}wrt\ R\ xs\ lo\ hi\ lo\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma take-ext:
   \langle (\forall i < k. \ xs'! i = xs! i) \Longrightarrow
   k < length \ xs \implies k < length \ xs' \implies
   take \ k \ xs' = take \ k \ xs
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-ext':
   \langle (\forall i. \ i \geq k \land i < length \ xs \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs!i) \Longrightarrow
    0 < k \implies xs \neq [] \implies — These corner cases will be dealt with in the next lemma
    length xs' = length xs \Longrightarrow
    drop \ k \ xs' = drop \ k \ xs
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma drop-ext:
\langle (\forall i. \ i \geq k \land i < length \ xs \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs!i) \Longrightarrow
    length xs' = length xs \Longrightarrow
    drop \ k \ xs' = drop \ k \ xs
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-ext':
   \langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \land i \leq hi \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs!i) \Longrightarrow
```

 $length xs' = length xs \Longrightarrow$

```
lo \leq hi \Longrightarrow Suc \ hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
          sublist xs' lo hi = sublist xs lo hi
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma lt-Suc: \langle (a < b) = (Suc \ a = b \lor Suc \ a < b) \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-until-end-eq-drop: \langle Suc\ hi = length\ xs \Longrightarrow sublist\ xs\ lo\ hi = drop\ lo\ xs \rangle
lemma sublist-ext:
        \langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \land i \leq hi \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs!i) \Longrightarrow
         length xs' = length xs \Longrightarrow
          lo \le hi \Longrightarrow hi < length \ xs \Longrightarrow
          sublist xs' lo hi = sublist xs lo hi
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-wrt-lower-sublist-still-sorted:
       assumes \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \ lo \ (lo' - Suc \ \theta) \rangle and
              \langle lo \leq lo' \rangle and \langle lo' < length \ xs \rangle and
              \langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \land i < lo' \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs!i) \rangle and \langle length xs' = length xs \rangle
       shows \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs' \ lo \ (lo' - Suc \ \theta) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-map-lower-sublist-still-sorted:
       assumes \langle sorted-sublist-map R h xs lo (lo' - Suc \theta) \rangle and
              \langle lo \leq lo' \rangle and \langle lo' < length \ xs \rangle and
              \langle (\forall i. lo \leq i \land i \leq lo' \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs! i) \rangle and \langle length xs' = length xs \rangle
       shows \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}map\ R\ h\ xs'\ lo\ (lo'-Suc\ 0) \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-wrt-upper-sublist-still-sorted:
       assumes \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \ (hi'+1) \ hi \rangle and
              \langle lo \leq lo' \rangle and \langle hi < length | xs \rangle and
              \forall j. \ hi' < j \land j \le hi \longrightarrow xs'! j = xs! j \rangle \text{ and } \langle length \ xs' = length \ xs \rangle
       shows \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs' \ (hi'+1) \ hi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-map-upper-sublist-still-sorted:
       assumes \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}map\ R\ h\ xs\ (hi'+1)\ hi \rangle and
              \langle lo \leq lo' \rangle and \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle and
              \forall j. \ hi' < j \land j \le hi \longrightarrow xs'! j = xs! j \rangle \text{ and } \langle length \ xs' = length \ xs \rangle
       shows \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}map\ R\ h\ xs'\ (hi'+1)\ hi \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
The specification of the partition function
definition partition-spec :: ((b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow a \text{ list} \Rightarrow aat \Rightarrow aat \Rightarrow bat \Rightarrow aat \Rightarrow bat 
bool where
        \langle partition\text{-}spec\ R\ h\ xs\ lo\ hi\ xs'\ p \equiv
              mset \ xs' = mset \ xs \land - The list is a permutation
              is Partition-map R h xs' lo hi p \land - We have a valid partition on the resulting list
              lo \leq p \wedge p \leq hi \wedge — The partition index is in bounds
            (\forall i. i < lo \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs!i) \land (\forall i. hi < i \land i < length xs' \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs!i) \rightarrow \text{Everything else is unchanged.}
```

```
assumes
          Perm: \langle mset \ xs' = mset \ xs \rangle
     and I: \langle lo \leq i \rangle \langle i \leq hi \rangle \langle xs'! i = x \rangle
     and Bounds: \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle
     and Fix: \langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \implies xs'! i = xs! i \rangle \langle \bigwedge j. \llbracket hi < j; j < length xs \rrbracket \implies xs'! j = xs! j \rangle
  shows \langle \exists j. \ lo \leq j \wedge j \leq hi \wedge xs!j = x \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
If we fix the left and right rest of two permutated lists, then the sublists are also permutations.
But we only need that the sets are equal.
lemma mset-sublist-incl:
  assumes Perm: \langle mset \ xs' = mset \ xs \rangle
     and Fix: \langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \Longrightarrow xs'! i = xs! i \rangle \langle \bigwedge j. \llbracket hi < j; j < length xs \rrbracket \Longrightarrow xs'! j = xs! j \rangle
     and bounds: \langle lo \leq hi \rangle \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle
  shows \langle set \ (sublist \ xs' \ lo \ hi) \subseteq set \ (sublist \ xs \ lo \ hi) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma mset-sublist-eq:
  assumes \langle mset \ xs' = mset \ xs \rangle
     and \langle \bigwedge i. i < lo \Longrightarrow xs'! i = xs! i \rangle
     and \langle \bigwedge j. \llbracket hi \langle j; j \langle length xs \rrbracket \implies xs'! j = xs! j \rangle
     and bounds: \langle lo < hi \rangle \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle
  shows \langle set (sublist xs' lo hi) = set (sublist xs lo hi) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
Our abstract recursive quicksort procedure. We abstract over a partition procedure.
definition quicksort :: \langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \times nat \times 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ nres \rangle where
\langle quicksort \ R \ h = (\lambda(lo,hi,xs0)). \ do \ \{
  RECT (\lambda f (lo,hi,xs). do {
       ASSERT(lo < hi \land hi < length \ xs \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs\theta); — Premise for a partition function
       (xs, p) \leftarrow SPEC(uncurry (partition spec R h xs lo hi)); — Abstract partition function
       ASSERT(mset \ xs = mset \ xs\theta);
       xs \leftarrow (if \ p-1 \leq lo \ then \ RETURN \ xs \ else \ f \ (lo, \ p-1, \ xs));
       ASSERT(mset \ xs = mset \ xs\theta);
       if hi \le p+1 then RETURN as else f(p+1, hi, xs)
     \}) (lo,hi,xs\theta)
  })>
As premise for quicksor, we only need that the indices are ok.
definition quicksort-pre :: ((b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow a \text{ list} \Rightarrow a \text{ nat} \Rightarrow a \text{ list} \Rightarrow bool)
where
  \langle quicksort\text{-}pre\ R\ h\ xs0\ lo\ hi\ xs \equiv lo \leq hi\ \land\ hi < length\ xs\ \land\ mset\ xs = mset\ xs0\rangle
definition quicksort\text{-post}:: (\ 'b \Rightarrow \ 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (\ 'a \Rightarrow \ 'b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \ 'a \ list \Rightarrow \ 'a \ list \Rightarrow bool)
where
  \langle quicksort\text{-}post\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs\ xs' \equiv
     mset \ xs' = mset \ xs \ \land
     sorted-sublist-map R h xs' lo hi \land
     (\forall i. i < lo \longrightarrow xs'! i = xs! i) \land
     (\forall j. hi < j \land j < length \ xs \longrightarrow xs'! j = xs! j)
```

Convert Pure to HOL

lemma mathias:

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ quicksort\text{-}postI:
```

```
\langle [mset \ xs' = mset \ xs; \ sorted-sublist-map \ R \ h \ xs' \ lo \ hi; \ (\bigwedge i. \ [i < lo]] \implies xs'!i = xs!i); \ (\bigwedge j. \ [hi < j; j < length \ xs]] \implies xs'!j = xs!j)] \implies quicksort-post \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs \ xs' \land \langle proof \rangle
```

The first case for the correctness proof of (abstract) quicksort: We assume that we called the partition function, and we have $p - (1::'a) \le lo$ and $hi \le p + (1::'a)$.

```
lemma quicksort-correct-case1:
```

```
assumes trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ x) \rangle and pre: \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi \ xs \rangle and part: \langle partition\text{-}spec \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \ xs' \ p \rangle and ifs: \langle p-1 \le lo \rangle \ \langle hi \le p+1 \rangle shows \langle quicksort\text{-}post \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs \ xs' \rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

In the second case, we have to show that the precondition still holds for (p+1, hi, x') after the partition.

```
lemma quicksort-correct-case2:
```

```
assumes
pre: \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi \ xs \rangle
and part: \langle partition\text{-}spec \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \ xs' \ p \rangle
and ifs: \langle \neg \ hi \leq p + 1 \rangle
shows \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ (Suc \ p) \ hi \ xs' \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma quicksort-post-set:
```

```
assumes \langle quicksort\text{-}post\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs\ xs'\rangle
and bounds: \langle lo \leq hi \rangle\ \langle hi < length\ xs\rangle
shows \langle set\ (sublist\ xs'\ lo\ hi) = set\ (sublist\ xs\ lo\ hi)\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

In the third case, we have run quicksort recursively on (p+1, hi, xs') after the partition, with hi <= p+1 and p-1 <= lo.

```
lemma quicksort-correct-case3:
```

```
assumes trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rangle and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ x) \rangle and pre: \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi \ xs' \ p \rangle and pre: \langle president \ (president \ president \ president
```

In the 4th case, we have to show that the premise holds for (lo, p - (1::'b), xs'), in case $\neg p - (1::'a) < lo$

Analogous to case 2.

```
lemma quicksort-correct-case4:
```

assumes

```
pre: \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi \ xs \rangle
and part: \langle partition\text{-}spec \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \ xs' \ p \rangle
```

```
and ifs: \langle \neg p - Suc \ \theta \leq lo \ \rangle
shows \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs\theta \ lo \ (p-Suc \ \theta) \ xs' \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

In the 5th case, we have run quicksort recursively on (lo, p-1, xs').

lemma quicksort-correct-case5:

In the 6th case, we have run quicksort recursively on (lo, p-1, xs'). We show the precondition on the second call on (p+1, hi, xs")

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{quicksort\text{-}correct\text{-}case6}\colon$

```
assumes
```

```
pre: \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi \ xs' \\ \textbf{and} \ part: \langle partition\text{-}spec \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \ xs' \ p \rangle \\ \textbf{and} \ ifs: \ \langle \neg \ p - Suc \ 0 \leq lo \rangle \ \langle \neg \ hi \leq Suc \ p \rangle \\ \textbf{and} \ IH1: \langle quicksort\text{-}post \ R \ h \ lo \ (p - Suc \ 0) \ xs' \ xs'' \rangle \\ \textbf{shows} \ \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ (Suc \ p) \ hi \ xs'' \rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle
```

In the 7th (and last) case, we have run quicksort recursively on (lo, p-1, xs'). We show the postcondition on the second call on (p+1, hi, xs")

lemma quicksort-correct-case7:

```
assumes trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ x) \rangle and pre: \langle quicksort\text{-}pre \ R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi \ xs \rangle and part: \langle partition\text{-}spec \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \ xs' \ p \rangle and lifs: \langle \neg p - Suc \ 0 \le lo \rangle \langle \neg hi \le Suc \ p \rangle and lift: \langle quicksort\text{-}post \ R \ h \ lo \ (p - Suc \ 0) \ xs' \ xs'' \rangle and lift: \langle quicksort\text{-}post \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs \ xs''' \rangle shows \langle quicksort\text{-}post \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs \ xs''' \rangle
```

We can now show the correctness of the abstract quicksort procedure, using the refinement framework and the above case lemmas.

```
lemma quicksort-correct:
```

```
assumes trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y) \lor R \ (h \ x) \rangle and Pre: \langle lo\theta \le hi\theta \rangle \langle hi\theta < length \ xs\theta \rangle shows \langle quicksort \ R \ h \ (lo\theta, hi\theta, xs\theta) \le \Downarrow Id \ (SPEC(\lambda xs. \ quicksort-post \ R \ h \ lo\theta \ hi\theta \ xs\theta \ xs)) \rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

definition partition-main-inv :: $\langle ('b \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a \ list \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \times 'a \ list) \Rightarrow bool \rangle$ where

```
\langle partition-main-inv \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs0 \ p \equiv
        case p of (i,j,xs) \Rightarrow
        j < length \ xs \land j \leq hi \land i < length \ xs \land lo \leq i \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \land i \leq j \land mset \ xs0 \land i
        (\forall k. \ k \geq lo \land k < i \longrightarrow R \ (h \ (xs!k)) \ (h \ (xs!hi))) \land -- All elements from lo to i - (1::c) are smaller
than the pivot
        (\forall k. \ k \geq i \land k < j \longrightarrow R \ (h \ (xs!h)) \ (h \ (xs!k))) \land —All elements from i to j - (1::c) are greater
than the pivot
        (\forall k. \ k < lo \longrightarrow xs!k = xs0!k) \land — Everything below lo is unchanged
          (\forall k. \ k \geq j \land k < length \ xs \longrightarrow xs!k = xs0!k) — All elements from j are unchanged (including
everyting above hi)
The main part of the partition function. The pivot is assumed to be the last element. This is
exactly the "Lomuto partition scheme" partition function from Wikipedia.
definition partition-main :: ((b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow a \text{ list} \Rightarrow (a \text{ list} \times nat)
nres where
     \langle partition\text{-}main\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs0=do\ \{
        ASSERT(hi < length xs0);
        pivot \leftarrow RETURN \ (h \ (xs0 \ ! \ hi));
        (i,j,xs) \leftarrow WHILE_T partition-main-inv R h lo hi xs\theta — We loop from j = lo to j = hi - (1::'c).
             (\lambda(i,j,xs), j < hi)
             (\lambda(i,j,xs). do \{
                 ASSERT(i < length \ xs \land j < length \ xs);
               if R (h (xs!j)) pivot
               then RETURN (i+1, j+1, swap xs i j)
               else RETURN (i, j+1, xs)
             })
             (lo, lo, xs\theta); — i and j are both initialized to lo
         ASSERT(i < length \ xs \land j = hi \land lo \leq i \land hi < length \ xs \land mset \ xs = mset \ xs0);
        RETURN (swap xs i hi, i)
     }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ partition\text{-}main\text{-}correct:
    assumes bounds: \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle \ \langle lo \leq hi \rangle and
        trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y) \lor R
(h y) (h x)
    shows \langle partition\text{-}main\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs \leq SPEC(\lambda(xs',\ p).\ mset\ xs = mset\ xs'\ \land
         lo \leq p \land p \leq hi \land isPartition\text{-}map \ R \ h \ xs' \ lo \ hi \ p \land (\forall \ i. \ i < lo \longrightarrow xs'!i = xs!i) \land (\forall \ i. \ hi < i \land i < length
xs' \longrightarrow xs'! i=xs!i)\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition partition-between :: ((b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow a \text{ list} \Rightarrow (a \text{ list} \times nat)
nres where
     \langle partition\text{-}between \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs\theta = do \ \{
         ASSERT(hi < length xs0 \land lo \leq hi);
        k \leftarrow choose\text{-pivot } R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi; — choice of pivot
         ASSERT(k < length xs\theta);
         xs \leftarrow RETURN \ (swap \ xs0 \ k \ hi); — move the pivot to the last position, before we start the actual
         ASSERT(length \ xs = length \ xs0);
        partition-main R h lo hi xs
     }>
```

```
lemma partition-between-correct:
  assumes \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle and \langle lo \leq hi \rangle and
  \langle \bigwedge \ x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y) \ \lor \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ x) \rangle
  shows (partition-between R h lo hi xs \leq SPEC(uncurry (partition-spec R h xs lo hi)))
\langle proof \rangle
We use the median of the first, the middle, and the last element.
definition choose-pivot3 where
  \langle choose\text{-}pivot3 \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ (hi::nat) = do \ \{
    ASSERT(lo < length xs);
    ASSERT(hi < length xs);
    let k' = (hi - lo) div 2;
    let k = lo + k';
    ASSERT(k < length xs);
    let \ start = h \ (xs \ ! \ lo);
    let \ mid = h \ (xs \ ! \ k);
    let \ end = h \ (xs \ ! \ hi);
    if (R \ start \ mid \ \land R \ mid \ end) \lor (R \ end \ mid \ \land R \ mid \ start) \ then \ RETURN \ k
    else if (R \ start \ end \ \land R \ end \ mid) \lor (R \ mid \ end \ \land R \ end \ start) \ then \ RETURN \ hi
    else\ RETURN\ lo
}>
— We only have to show that this procedure yields a valid index between lo and hi.
lemma choose-pivot3-choose-pivot:
  assumes \langle lo < length \ xs \rangle \ \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle \ \langle hi \geq lo \rangle
  shows \langle choose\text{-}pivot3 \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi \leq \downarrow Id \ (choose\text{-}pivot \ R \ h \ xs \ lo \ hi) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
The refined partion function: We use the above pivot function and fold instead of non-deterministic
iteration.
definition partition-between-ref
  (b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow b) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow a \text{ list } \Rightarrow (a \text{ list } \times nat) \text{ nres}
where
  \langle partition\text{-}between\text{-}ref\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs0=do\ \{
    ASSERT(hi < length xs0 \land hi < length xs0 \land lo \leq hi);
    k \leftarrow choose\text{-}pivot3 \ R \ h \ xs0 \ lo \ hi; — choice of pivot
    ASSERT(k < length xs\theta);
     xs \leftarrow RETURN \ (swap \ xs0 \ k \ hi); — move the pivot to the last position, before we start the actual
    ASSERT(length \ xs = length \ xs0);
    partition-main R h lo hi xs
lemma partition-main-ref':
  \langle partition\text{-}main\ R\ h\ lo\ hi\ xs
    \leq \downarrow ((\lambda \ a \ b \ c \ d. \ Id) \ a \ b \ c \ d) \ (partition-main \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma partition-between-ref-partition-between:
  \langle partition\text{-}between\text{-}ref \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs < (partition\text{-}between \ R \ h \ lo \ hi \ xs) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

Technical lemma for sepref

```
lemma partition-between-ref-partition-between':
   (uncurry2 \ (partition-between-ref \ R \ h), \ uncurry2 \ (partition-between \ R \ h)) \in
     nat\text{-}rel \times_f nat\text{-}rel \times_f \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rightarrow_f \langle \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \times_r nat\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
Example instantiation for pivot
definition choose-pivot3-impl where
   \langle choose\text{-}pivot3\text{-}impl = choose\text{-}pivot3 \ (\leq) \ id \rangle
lemma partition-between-ref-correct:
  assumes trans: ( \land x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z)  and lin: ( \land x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ x) 
y) \vee R (h y) (h x)
     and bounds: \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle \ \langle lo \leq hi \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle \textit{partition-between-ref} \ R \ \textit{h} \ \textit{lo} \ \textit{hi} \ \textit{xs} \leq \textit{SPEC} \ (\textit{uncurry} \ (\textit{partition-spec} \ R \ \textit{h} \ \textit{xs} \ \textit{lo} \ \textit{hi})) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
term quicksort
Refined quicksort algorithm: We use the refined partition function.
definition quicksort-ref :: \langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow nat \times nat \times 'a \ list \Rightarrow 'a \ list \ nres \rangle where
\langle quicksort\text{-ref }R | h = (\lambda(lo,hi,xs\theta)).
   do \{
   RECT (\lambda f (lo,hi,xs). do {
       ASSERT(lo \leq hi \wedge hi < length \ xs0 \wedge mset \ xs = mset \ xs0);
       (xs, p) \leftarrow partition-between-ref R h lo hi xs; — This is the refined partition function. Note that we
need the premises (trans, lin, bounds) here.
       ASSERT(mset \ xs = mset \ xs0 \ \land \ p \ge lo \ \land \ p < length \ xs0);
       xs \leftarrow (if \ p-1 \leq lo \ then \ RETURN \ xs \ else \ f \ (lo, \ p-1, \ xs));
       ASSERT(mset \ xs = mset \ xs\theta);
       if hi \le p+1 then RETURN as else f(p+1, hi, xs)
     \}) (lo,hi,xs\theta)
  })>
lemma quicksort-ref-quicksort:
  assumes bounds: \langle hi < length \ xs \rangle \ \langle lo \leq hi \rangle and
     trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y) \lor R
  shows \langle quicksort\text{-}ref\ R\ h\ x\theta \leq \Downarrow\ Id\ (quicksort\ R\ h\ x\theta) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition full-quicksort where
   \langle full\text{-quicksort } R \text{ } h \text{ } xs \equiv if \text{ } xs = [] \text{ } then \text{ } RETURN \text{ } xs \text{ } else \text{ } quicksort \text{ } R \text{ } h \text{ } (0, \text{ } length \text{ } xs - 1, \text{ } xs) \rangle
definition full-quicksort-ref where
   \langle full\text{-}quicksort\text{-}ref\ R\ h\ xs \equiv
     if List.null xs then RETURN xs
     else quicksort-ref R h (0, length xs - 1, xs)
definition full-quicksort-impl :: \langle nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \ list \ nres \rangle where
   \langle full\text{-}quicksort\text{-}impl\ xs = full\text{-}quicksort\text{-}ref\ (\leq)\ id\ xs \rangle
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{full-quicksort-ref-full-quicksort}\colon$

```
assumes trans: ( \land x \ y \ z. \ \llbracket R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z) \rrbracket \Longrightarrow R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \land and \ lin: ( \land x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) )
y) \vee R (h y) (h x)
  shows (full\text{-}quicksort\text{-}ref\ R\ h,\ full\text{-}quicksort\ R\ h) \in
             \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rightarrow_f \langle \langle Id \rangle list\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma sublist-entire:
  \langle sublist \ xs \ \theta \ (length \ xs - 1) = xs \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt\text{-}entire\text{:}
  assumes \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \ 0 \ (length \ xs - 1) \rangle
  shows \langle sorted\text{-}wrt \ R \ xs \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma sorted-sublist-map-entire:
  assumes \langle sorted\text{-}sublist\text{-}map\ R\ h\ xs\ 0\ (length\ xs\ -\ 1) \rangle
  shows \langle sorted\text{-}wrt\ (\lambda\ x\ y.\ R\ (h\ x)\ (h\ y))\ xs \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
Final correctness lemma
lemma full-quicksort-correct-sorted:
  assumes
     trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z \rangle \mathbb{R}(h \ x) \ (h \ y); R(h \ y) \ (h \ z) \Longrightarrow R(h \ x) \ (h \ z) and lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \rangle, R(h \ x) \ (h \ y) \lor R
  shows \langle full\text{-}quicksort\ R\ h\ xs \leq \downarrow Id\ (SPEC(\lambda xs'.\ mset\ xs' = mset\ xs \land sorted\text{-}wrt\ (\lambda\ x\ y.\ R\ (h\ x)\ (h\ x))
y)) xs'))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma full-quicksort-correct:
  assumes
     trans: \langle \bigwedge x \ y \ z . \ [R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y); \ R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ z)] \implies R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ z) \rangle and
     lin: \langle \bigwedge x \ y. \ R \ (h \ x) \ (h \ y) \lor R \ (h \ y) \ (h \ x) \rangle
  shows \langle full\text{-}quicksort\ R\ h\ xs \leq \Downarrow\ Id\ (SPEC(\lambda xs'.\ mset\ xs'=mset\ xs)) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
end
theory WB-Sort-SML
  imports WB-Sort WB-More-IICF-SML
begin
named-theorems isasat-codegen
lemma \ swap-match[isasat-codegen]: \langle WB-More-Refinement-List.swap = IICF-List.swap \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
sepref-register \ choose-pivot 3
Example instantiation code for pivot
\mathbf{sepref-definition}\ choose	ext{-}pivot3	ext{-}impl	ext{-}code
  is \(\langle uncurry2\) \((choose-pivot3-impl)\)
  :: \langle (arl\text{-}assn\ nat\text{-}assn)^k *_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k *_a \ nat\text{-}assn^k \rightarrow_a \ nat\text{-}assn \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
declare choose-pivot3-impl-code.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
Example instantiation for partition-main
definition partition-main-impl where
  \langle partition-main-impl = partition-main \ (\leq) \ id \rangle
sepref-register partition-main-impl
Example instantiation code for partition-main
sepref-definition partition-main-code
 is \(\langle uncurry2\) (partition-main-impl)\(\rangle\)
 :: (nat\text{-}assn^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a (arl\text{-}assn nat\text{-}assn)^d \rightarrow_a
      arl-assn nat-assn *a nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
declare partition-main-code.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
Example instantiation for partition
definition partition-between-impl where
  \langle partition\text{-}between\text{-}impl = partition\text{-}between\text{-}ref (\leq) id \rangle
sepref-register partition-between-ref
Example instantiation code for partition
sepref-definition partition-between-code
 is \(\lambda uncurry 2\) \((partition-between-impl)\)
  :: (nat\text{-}assn^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a (arl\text{-}assn nat\text{-}assn)^d \rightarrow_a
      arl-assn\ nat-assn\ *a\ nat-assn\ 
  \langle proof \rangle
declare partition-between-code.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
— Example implementation
definition quicksort-impl where
  \langle quicksort\text{-}impl\ a\ b\ c \equiv quicksort\text{-}ref\ (\leq)\ id\ (a,b,c) \rangle
sepref-register quicksort-impl
— Example implementation code
sepref-definition
  quicksort-code
  is \langle uncurry2 \ quicksort\text{-}impl \rangle
  :: (nat\text{-}assn^k *_a nat\text{-}assn^k *_a (arl\text{-}assn nat\text{-}assn)^d \rightarrow_a
      arl-assn nat-assn
  \langle proof \rangle
declare quicksort-code.refine[sepref-fr-rules]
Executable code for the example instance
{\bf sepref-definition}\ \mathit{full-quicksort-code}
 is \langle full-quicksort-impl \rangle
  :: \langle (arl\text{-}assn\ nat\text{-}assn)^d \rightarrow_a
      arl\text{-}assn\ nat\text{-}assn\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

Export the code

 $\textbf{export-code} \ \, \langle nat\text{-}of\text{-}integer\rangle \ \, \langle integer\text{-}of\text{-}nat\rangle \ \, \langle partition\text{-}between\text{-}code\rangle \ \, \langle full\text{-}quicksort\text{-}code\rangle \ \, \textbf{in} \ \, SML\text{-}imp \ \, \textbf{module-name} \ \, IsaQuicksort \ \, \textbf{file} \ \, code/quicksort.sml \ \,$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{end} \\ \textbf{theory} & \textit{Watched-Literals-Transition-System} \\ \textbf{imports} & \textit{WB-More-Refinement CDCL.CDCL-W-Abstract-State} \\ & \textit{CDCL.CDCL-W-Restart} \\ \end{tabular}$

Chapter 1

Two-Watched Literals

1.1 Rule-based system

1.1.1 Types and Transitions System

Types and accessing functions

```
datatype 'v twl-clause =
  TWL-Clause (watched: 'v) (unwatched: 'v)
fun clause :: \langle 'a \ twl\text{-}clause \Rightarrow 'a :: \{plus\} \rangle where
  \langle clause\ (TWL\text{-}Clause\ W\ UW) = W + UW \rangle
abbreviation clauses :: \langle 'a :: \{plus\} \ twl-clause multiset \Rightarrow 'a \ multiset \rangle where
  \langle clauses \ C \equiv clause \ '\# \ C \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-cls = \langle v clause twl-clause \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-clss = \langle 'v \ twl-cls \ multiset \rangle
	ext{type-synonym} 'v clauses-to-update = \langle ('v \ literal \times 'v \ twl-cls) multiset \rangle
type-synonym 'v lit-queue = \langle v | literal | multiset \rangle
type-synonym 'v \ twl-st =
  \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann	ext{-}lits 	imes 'v \ twl	ext{-}clss 	imes 'v \ twl	ext{-}clss 	imes
    'v\ clause\ option 	imes 'v\ clauses 	imes 'v\ clauses 	imes 'v\ clauses-to-update 	imes 'v\ lit-queue
fun get-trail :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow (v, v \ clause) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where
  (get\text{-}trail\ (M, -, -, -, -, -, -) = M)
fun clauses-to-update :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow (v | titeral \times v | twl-cls) multiset where
  \langle clauses-to-update (-, -, -, -, -, WS, -) = WS\rangle
fun set-clauses-to-update :: \langle (v | titeral \times v | twl-cls) | multiset \Rightarrow v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st \rangle where
  \langle set-clauses-to-update WS (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, -, Q) = (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
fun literals-to-update :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ lit-queue\rangle where
  \langle literals-to-update (-, -, -, -, -, -, Q) = Q \rangle
fun set-literals-to-update :: ('v lit-queue \Rightarrow 'v twl-st \Rightarrow 'v twl-st) where
  \langle set-literals-to-update\ Q\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ -\rangle = (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \rangle
fun set\text{-}conflict :: \langle 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \rangle where
  (set-conflict\ D\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ -,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=(M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q))
```

```
fun get\text{-}conflict :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ option \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=D \rangle
fun get-clauses :: \langle v twl-st \Rightarrow v twl-clss\rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N+U\rangle
fun unit\text{-}clss :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow v \ clause \ multiset \rangle where
  \langle unit\text{-}clss \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) = NE + UE \rangle
\mathbf{fun} \ \mathit{unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses} :: \langle 'v \ \mathit{twl\text{-}st} \Rightarrow 'v \ \mathit{clauses} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE \rangle
fun get-all-init-clss :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ multiset \rangle where
  (get-all-init-clss\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=clause\ '\#\ N+NE)
fun qet-learned-clss :: \langle v twl-st \Rightarrow v twl-clss \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=U \rangle
fun get-init-learned-clss :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss (-, N, U, -, -, UE, -) = UE \rangle
fun get-all-learned-clss :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss (-, N, U, -, -, UE, -) = clause '\# U + UE \rangle
fun get-all-clss :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \ multiset \rangle where
  (qet-all-clss\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=clause\ '\#\ N+NE+clause\ '\#\ U+UE)
fun update-clause where
\langle update\text{-}clause \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \ L \ L' =
  TWL-Clause (add-mset L' (remove1-mset L W)) (add-mset L (remove1-mset L' UW))
```

When updating clause, we do it non-deterministically: in case of duplicate clause in the two sets, one of the two can be updated (and it does not matter), contrary to an if-condition. In later refinement, we know where the clause comes from and update it.

```
\mathbf{inductive} \ \mathit{update-clauses} ::
```

```
\langle 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; 	imes 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; \Rightarrow 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; \Rightarrow 'a \; \Rightarrow 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; \times 'a \; multiset \; twl\text{-}clause \; multiset \; \Rightarrow \; bool \rangle \; \text{where} 
\langle D \in \# \; N \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; N), 
| \; \langle D \in \# \; U \; \Longrightarrow \; update\text{-}clauses \; (N, \; U) \; D \; L \; L' \; (N, \; add\text{-}mset \; (update\text{-}clause \; D \; L \; L') \; (remove 1\text{-}mset \; D \; U)) \rangle
```

inductive-cases update-clausesE: $\langle update\text{-}clauses\ (N,\ U)\ D\ L\ L'\ (N',\ U')\rangle$

The Transition System

We ensure that there are always 2 watched literals and that there are different. All clauses containing a single literal are put in NE or UE.

```
inductive cdcl-twl-cp:: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where pop: \langle cdcl-twl-cp: (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, {#}, add-mset L Q) (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, {#(L, C)|C \in #N + U. L \in # watched C#}, Q) \rangle | propagate: <math>\langle cdcl-twl-cp: (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add-mset: (L, D) \ WS, Q)
```

```
(Propagated\ L'\ (clause\ D)\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ None,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q)
  if
    \langle watched\ D = \{\#L,\ L'\#\} \rangle and \langle undefined\text{-}lit\ M\ L' \rangle and \langle \forall\ L \in \#\ unwatched\ D.\ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle \mid
conflict:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add\text{-}mset \ (L, D) \ WS, Q \rangle
    (M, N, U, Some (clause D), NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  if \langle watched\ D = \{\#L,\ L'\#\} \rangle and \langle -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle and \langle \forall\ L \in \#\ unwatched\ D.\ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle \mid
delete-from-working:
  (cdcl-twl-cp (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add-mset (L, D) WS, Q) (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q)
  if \langle L' \in \# \ clause \ D \rangle and \langle L' \in lits \text{-} of \text{-} l \ M \rangle
update-clause:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add\text{-}mset \ (L, D) \ WS, Q \rangle
    (M, N', U', None, NE, UE, WS, Q)
  if \langle watched \ D = \{ \#L, \ L'\# \} \rangle and \langle -L \in \mathit{lits-of-l} \ M \rangle and \langle L' \notin \mathit{lits-of-l} \ M \rangle and
    \langle K \in \# \ unwatched \ D \rangle \ and \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ M \ K \ \lor \ K \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \rangle \ and
    \langle update\text{-}clauses\ (N,\ U)\ D\ L\ K\ (N',\ U') \rangle
    — The condition -L \in lits-of-lM is already implied by valid invariant.
inductive-cases cdcl-twl-cpE: \langle cdcl-twl-cp S T \rangle
We do not care about the literals-to-update literals.
inductive cdcl-twl-o :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  decide:
  (cdcl-twl-o (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, {#}, {#}) (Decided L # M, N, U, None, NE, UE, {#},
\{\#-L\#\}
  if \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ M \ L \rangle and \langle atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (clause '\# \ N + NE) \rangle
  \langle cdcl-twl-o \ (Propagated \ L \ C' \# M, \ N, \ U, \ Some \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  (M, N, U, Some D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  if \langle -L \notin \# D \rangle and \langle D \neq \{\#\} \rangle
| resolve:
  (cdcl-twl-o\ (Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\})
  (M, N, U, Some (cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve-cls L D C), NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  if \langle -L \in \# D \rangle and
    (qet\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M)\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ D) = count\text{-}decided\ M)
\mid backtrack\text{-}unit\text{-}clause:
  \langle cdcl-twl-o(M, N, U, Some D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \rangle
  (Propagated\ L\ \{\#L\#\}\ \#\ M1,\ N,\ U,\ None,\ NE,\ add-mset\ \{\#L\#\}\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#-L\#\})
  if
    \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}level \ M \ L = count\text{-}decided \ M \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}level\ M\ L=get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ D' \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (D'-\{\#L\#\})\equiv i\rangle and
    \langle qet\text{-}level\ M\ K=i+1 \rangle
    \langle D' = \{ \#L\# \} \rangle and
    \langle D' \subseteq \# D \rangle and
    \langle clause '\# (N + U) + NE + UE \models pm D' \rangle
| backtrack-nonunit-clause:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\})
     (Propagated\ L\ D'\ \#\ M1,\ N,\ add-mset\ (TWL-Clause\ \{\#L,\ L'\#\}\ (D'-\{\#L,\ L'\#\}))\ U,\ None,\ NE,
UE.
        \{\#\}, \, \{\#-L\#\}) \rangle
  if
    \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \rangle and
```

$\textbf{inductive-cases} \ \ \textit{cdcl-twl-stgyE:} \ \ \langle \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy S} \ \ \textit{T} \rangle$

Definitions

1.1.2

The structural invariants states that there are at most two watched elements, that the watched literals are distinct, and that there are 2 watched literals if there are at least than two different literals in the full clauses.

```
primrec struct-wf-twl-cls :: ⟨'v multiset twl-clause \Rightarrow bool⟩ where ⟨struct-wf-twl-cls (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow size W = 2 \land distinct-mset (W + UW)⟩ 

fun state<sub>W</sub>-of :: ⟨'v twl-st \Rightarrow 'v cdcl<sub>W</sub>-restart-mset⟩ where ⟨state<sub>W</sub>-of (M, N, U, C, NE, UE, Q) = (M, clause '# N + NE, clause '# U + UE, C)⟩ 

named-theorems twl-st ⟨Conversions simp rules⟩ 

lemma [twl-st]: ⟨trail (state<sub>W</sub>-of S') = get-trail S'⟩ ⟨proof⟩ 

lemma [twl-st]: ⟨get-trail S' \neq [] \Longrightarrow cdcl<sub>W</sub>-restart-mset.hd-trail (state<sub>W</sub>-of S') = hd (get-trail S')⟩ ⟨proof⟩ 

lemma [twl-st]: ⟨conflicting (state<sub>W</sub>-of S') = get-conflict S'⟩ ⟨proof⟩
```

Definition of the Two-watched Literals Invariants

The invariant on the clauses is the following:

- the structure is correct (the watched part is of length exactly two).
- if we do not have to update the clause, then the invariant holds.

```
definition twl-is-an-exception :: \langle 'a multiset twl-clause \Rightarrow 'a multiset \Rightarrow ('b \times 'a multiset twl-clause) multiset \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
```

```
 \begin{array}{l} (\textit{twl-is-an-exception} \ C \ Q \ \textit{WS} \longleftrightarrow \\ (\exists \ L. \ L \in \not\# \ Q \land L \in \not\# \ \textit{watched} \ C) \lor (\exists \ L. \ (L, \ C) \in \not\# \ \textit{WS}) \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{definition} \ \textit{is-blit} :: \langle ('a, \ 'b) \ \textit{ann-lits} \Rightarrow \ 'a \ \textit{clause} \Rightarrow \ 'a \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \rangle \\ \textbf{where} \\ [\textit{simp}]: \langle \textit{is-blit} \ M \ D \ L \longleftrightarrow (L \in \not\# \ D \land L \in \textit{lits-of-l} \ M) \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{definition} \ \textit{has-blit} :: \langle ('a, \ 'b) \ \textit{ann-lits} \Rightarrow \ 'a \ \textit{clause} \Rightarrow \ 'a \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \rangle \\ \textbf{where} \\ \end{array}
```

 $\langle has\text{-blit } M \ D \ L' \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ L. \ is\text{-blit } M \ D \ L \land get\text{-level } M \ L \le get\text{-level } M \ L' \rangle \rangle$

This invariant state that watched literals are set at the end and are not swapped with an unwatched literal later.

```
fun twl-lazy-update :: \langle ('a, 'b) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'a \ twl-cls \Rightarrow bool \rangle where \langle twl-lazy-update M (TWL-Clause W UW) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L. L \in \# W \longrightarrow -L \in lits-of-l M \longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (W+UW) L \longrightarrow (\forall K \in \# UW. get-level M L \geq get-level M K \land -K \in lits-of-l M)) <math>\rangle
```

If one watched literals has been assigned to false $(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)$ and the clause has not yet been updated $(L' \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)$: it should be removed either by updating L, propagating L', or marking the conflict), then the literals L is of maximal level.

```
fun watched-literals-false-of-max-level :: \langle ('a, 'b) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'a \ twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow bool \rangle where \langle watched\text{-}literals\text{-}false\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level } M \ (TWL\text{-}Clause \ W \ UW) \longleftrightarrow (\forall L. \ L \in \# \ W \longrightarrow -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M \longrightarrow \neg has\text{-}blit \ M \ (W+UW) \ L \longrightarrow qet\text{-}level \ M \ L = count\text{-}decided \ M) \rangle
```

This invariants talks about the enqueued literals:

- the working stack contains a single literal;
- the working stack and the *literals-to-update* literals are false with respect to the trail and there are no duplicates;
- and the latter condition holds even when $WS = \{\#\}$.

```
fun no-duplicate-queued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where
⟨no-duplicate-queued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→
(∀ C C'. C ∈# WS → C' ∈# WS → fst C = fst C') ∧
(∀ C. C ∈# WS → add-mset (fst C) Q ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset M) ∧
Q ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset M⟩

lemma no-duplicate-queued-alt-def:
⟨no-duplicate-queued S =
((∀ C C'. C ∈# clauses-to-update S → C' ∈# clauses-to-update S → fst C = fst C') ∧
(∀ C. C ∈# clauses-to-update S →
add-mset (fst C) (literals-to-update S) ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset (get-trail S)) ∧
literals-to-update S ⊆# uminus '# lit-of '# mset (get-trail S))⟩
⟨proof⟩

fun distinct-queued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where
⟨distinct-queued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→
distinct-mset Q ∧
(∀ L C. count WS (L, C) ≤ count (N + U) C)⟩
```

These are the conditions to indicate that the 2-WL invariant does not hold and is not *literals-to-update*.

fun clauses-to-update-prop where

```
(clauses-to-update-prop\ Q\ M\ (L,\ C)\longleftrightarrow \\ (L\in\#\ watched\ C\ \land -L\in lits-of-l\ M\ \land\ L\notin\#\ Q\ \land\ \neg has\text{-}blit\ M\ (clause\ C)\ L)\land \\ \mathbf{declare}\ clauses-to-update-prop.simps[simp\ del]
```

This invariants talks about the enqueued literals:

- all clauses that should be updated are in WS and are repeated often enough in it.
- if $WS = \{\#\}$, then there are no clauses to updated that is not enqueued;
- all clauses to updated are either in WS or Q.

 The first two conditions are written that way to please Isabelle.

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{fun } \textit{clauses-to-update-inv} :: \langle \textit{'v} \; \textit{twl-st} \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \rangle \; \textbf{where} \\ & \langle \textit{clauses-to-update-inv} \; (M, \ N, \ U, \ \textit{None}, \ \textit{NE}, \ \textit{UE}, \ \textit{WS}, \ \textit{Q}) \longleftrightarrow \\ & (\forall \textit{L C.} \; ((\textit{L}, \textit{C}) \in \# \ \textit{WS} \longrightarrow \#(\textit{L}, \textit{C})| \ \textit{C} \in \# \ \textit{N} + \textit{U. clauses-to-update-prop} \ \textit{Q M } \; (\textit{L}, \textit{C}) \# \} \subseteq \# \\ & \textit{WS})) \land \\ & (\forall \textit{L.} \; \textit{WS} = \# \#) \longrightarrow \#(\textit{L}, \ \textit{C})| \ \textit{C} \in \# \ \textit{N} + \textit{U. clauses-to-update-prop} \ \textit{Q M } \; (\textit{L}, \ \textit{C}) \# \} = \# \}) \land \\ & (\forall \textit{L.} \; \textit{C.} \; \textit{C} \in \# \ \textit{N} + \textit{U} \longrightarrow \textit{L} \in \# \ \textit{watched} \ \textit{C} \longrightarrow -\textit{L} \in \textit{lits-of-l} \ \textit{M} \longrightarrow \neg \textit{has-blit} \ \textit{M} \; (\textit{clause} \ \textit{C}) \ \textit{L} \\ \longrightarrow \\ & (\textit{L}, \ \textit{C}) \notin \# \ \textit{WS} \longrightarrow \textit{L} \in \# \ \textit{Q}) \land \\ & | \langle \textit{clauses-to-update-inv} \; (\textit{M}, \ \textit{N}, \ \textit{U}, \ \textit{D}, \ \textit{NE}, \ \textit{UE}, \ \textit{WS}, \ \textit{Q}) \longleftrightarrow \textit{True} \land \\ \end{matrix}
```

This is the invariant of the 2WL structure: if one watched literal is false, then all unwatched are false.

```
fun twl-exception-inv :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ 'v twl-cls ⇒ bool⟩ where ⟨twl-exception-inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) C ←→ (\forall L. L ∈# watched C → -L ∈ lits-of-l M → \neghas-blit M (clause C) L → L ∉# Q → (L, C) ∉# WS → (\forall K ∈# unwatched C. -K ∈ lits-of-l M))⟩ | ⟨twl-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) C ←→ True⟩
```

declare twl-exception-inv.simps[simp del]

```
fun twl-st-exception-inv :: ('v twl-st \Rightarrow bool) where (twl-st-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) <math>\longleftrightarrow (\forall C \in \# N + U. \ twl-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) C))
```

Candidats for propagation (i.e., the clause where only one literals is non assigned) are enqueued.

```
fun propa-cands-enqueued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where ⟨propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ (∀L C. C ∈# N+U → L ∈# clause C → M \modelsas CNot (remove1-mset L (clause C)) → undefined-lit M L → (∃L'. L' ∈# watched C ∧ L' ∈# Q) ∨ (∃L. (L, C) ∈# WS))⟩ | ⟨propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ True⟩
```

```
fun confl-cands-enqueued :: ⟨'v twl-st ⇒ bool⟩ where 
⟨confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ 
(\forall C ∈# N + U. M \modelsas CNot (clause C) → 
(\exists L'. L' ∈# watched C \land L' ∈# Q) \lor (\exists L. (L, C) ∈# WS))⟩ 
| ⟨confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, Some -, NE, UE, WS, Q) ←→ 
True⟩
```

This invariant talk about the decomposition of the trail and the invariants that holds in these states.

```
fun past-invs :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
    \langle past-invs\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \longleftrightarrow
        (\forall M1\ M2\ K.\ M=M2\ @\ Decided\ K\ \#\ M1\longrightarrow (
            (\forall C \in \# N + U. twl-lazy-update M1 C \land
                 watched-literals-false-of-max-level M1 C \wedge
                 twl-exception-inv (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) C) \land
            confl-cands-enqueued (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \land
            propa-cands-enqueued (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \land
            clauses-to-update-inv (M1, N, U, None, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
declare past-invs.simps[simp del]
fun twl-st-inv :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle twl\text{-st-inv} (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall C \in \# N + U. struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls C) \land
    (\forall C \in \# N + U. D = None \longrightarrow \neg twl\ is\ -an\ exception C Q WS \longrightarrow (twl\ -lazy\ -update M C)) \land
    (\forall C \in \# N + U. D = None \longrightarrow watched\text{-}literals\text{-}false\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level } M C)
lemma twl-st-inv-alt-def:
    \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall C \in \# get\text{-}clauses S. struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls C) \land
    (\forall C \in \# \text{ get-clauses } S. \text{ get-conflict } S = None \longrightarrow
           \neg twl-is-an-exception C (literals-to-update S) (clauses-to-update S) \longrightarrow
          (twl-lazy-update\ (get-trail\ S)\ C))\ \land
    (\forall \ C \in \# \ get\text{-}clauses \ S. \ get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \longrightarrow
           watched-literals-false-of-max-level (get-trail S) C)
    \langle proof \rangle
All the unit clauses are all propagated initially except when we have found a conflict of level \theta.
fun entailed-clss-inv :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
    \langle entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \longleftrightarrow
        (\forall C \in \# NE + UE.
            (\exists L.\ L \in \#\ C \land (D = None \lor count\text{-}decided\ M > 0 \longrightarrow qet\text{-}level\ M\ L = 0 \land L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M)))
literals-to-update literals are of maximum level and their negation is in the trail.
fun valid-enqueued :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle valid\text{-}enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall (L, C) \in \# WS. \ L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \textit{lits-of-l} \ M \land L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \in \# N + U \land -L \in \# watched \ C \land C \cap C \cap L + U \land -L \cap C \land -L
          qet-level M L = count-decided M) \land
    (\forall L \in \# Q. -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = count\text{-}decided\ M)
Putting invariants together:
definition twl-struct-invs :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
    \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S\longleftrightarrow
        (twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv\ S\ \land
        valid-engueued S \wedge
        cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state_W-of S) \wedge
        cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (state_W-of S) \wedge
        twl-st-exception-inv S \wedge
        no-duplicate-queued S \wedge
        distinct-queued S \wedge
        confl-cands-enqueued S \wedge
        propa-cands-enqueued S \wedge
        (get\text{-}conflict\ S \neq None \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\}) \land
        entailed-clss-inv S \wedge
        clauses-to-update-inv S \wedge
```

```
past-invs S)
definition twl-stgy-invs :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs\ S\longleftrightarrow
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (state_W-of S) \land
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.conflict-non-zero-unless-level-0 (state_W-of S)
Initial properties
lemma twl-is-an-exception-add-mset-to-queue: (twl-is-an-exception C (add-mset L Q) WS \longleftrightarrow
  (twl-is-an-exception\ C\ Q\ WS\ \lor\ (L\in\#\ watched\ C))
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception\text{-}add\text{-}mset\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update:
  \langle twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception \ C \ Q \ (add\text{-}mset \ (L,\ D) \ WS) \longleftrightarrow (twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception \ C \ Q \ WS \lor C = D) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-is-an-exception-empty[simp]: \langle \neg twl-is-an-exception C \{\#\} \{\#\}\}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-inv-empty-trail:
  shows
    \langle watched\text{-}literals\text{-}false\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level \mid \mid C \rangle and
    \langle twl-lazy-update [] C \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-to-update-inv-cases[case-names WS-nempty WS-empty Q]:
  assumes
     \langle \bigwedge L \ C. \ (L, \ C) \in \# \ WS \Longrightarrow \{\#(L, \ C) | \ C \in \# \ N + \ U. \ clauses-to-update-prop \ Q \ M \ (L, \ C)\#\} \subseteq \#
    \langle \bigwedge L. \ WS = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow \{\#(L, C) | \ C \in \# \ N + U. \ clauses-to-update-prop \ Q \ M \ (L, C)\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle and
    (L, C) \notin \# WS \Longrightarrow L \in \# Q
    \langle clauses-to-update-inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle \bigwedge C. \ C \in \# \ N + U \Longrightarrow struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle
     twl-st-inv-empty-trail: \langle twl-st-inv ([], N, U, C, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  shows
    no-duplicate-queued-no-queued: (no-duplicate-queued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})) and
    no-distinct-queued-no-queued: (distinct-queued ([], N, U, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ twl\mbox{-}st\mbox{-}inv\mbox{-}add\mbox{-}mset\mbox{-}clauses\mbox{-}to\mbox{-}update:
  assumes \langle D \in \# N + U \rangle
  shows \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
  \longleftrightarrow twl-st-inv (M, N, U, None, NE, UE, add-mset (L, D) WS, Q) \land A
    (\neg twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception\ D\ Q\ WS\ \longrightarrow twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update\ M\ D)
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma twl-st-simps:
\langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \longleftrightarrow
  (\forall C \in \# N + U. struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls C \land
    (D = None \longrightarrow (\neg twl\text{-}is\text{-}an\text{-}exception \ C \ Q \ WS \longrightarrow twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update \ M \ C) \ \land
    watched-literals-false-of-max-level M(C))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma propa-cands-enqueued-unit-clause:
  (propa-cands-enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ add-mset\ L\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\longleftrightarrow
    propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, C, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, WS, Q)
  (propa-cands-enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ NE,\ add-mset\ L\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\longleftrightarrow
    propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, C, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma past-invs-enqueud: \langle past-invs (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \longleftrightarrow
  past-invs\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\})
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma confl-cands-enqueued-unit-clause:
  (confl-cands-enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ add-mset\ L\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\longleftrightarrow
    confl-cands-enqueued~(M,~N,~U,~C,~\{\#\},~\{\#\},~WS,~Q))
  \langle confl\text{-}cands\text{-}enqueued\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ C,\ NE,\ add\text{-}mset\ L\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \longleftrightarrow
    confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, C, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-inv-decomp:
  assumes
    lazy: \langle twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update\ M\ C \rangle and
    decomp: \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (qet-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \rangle and
    n-d: \langle no-dup M \rangle
  shows
    \langle twl-lazy-update M1 C \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
declare twl-st-inv.simps[simp del]
lemma has-blit-Cons[simp]:
  assumes blit: \langle has\text{-blit } M \ C \ L \rangle and n\text{-d}: \langle no\text{-dup } (K \ \# \ M) \rangle
  shows \langle has\text{-}blit \ (K \# M) \ C \ L \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma is-blit-Cons:
  (is-blit\ (K\ \#\ M)\ C\ L\longleftrightarrow (L=lit-of\ K\ \land\ lit-of\ K\in \#\ C)\ \lor\ is-blit\ M\ C\ L)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-has-blit-propagate:
  \langle \neg has\text{-blit} (Propagated \ L \ D \ \# \ M) \ (W + UW) \ La \Longrightarrow
    undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (W + UW) La
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-has-blit-propagate':
  \neg has\text{-blit} (Propagated \ L\ D\ \#\ M) \ (clause\ C)\ La \Longrightarrow
    undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (clause C) La
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
{f lemma} no-has-blit-decide:
  \langle \neg has\text{-}blit \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ M) \ (W + UW) \ La \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (W + UW) La
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-has-blit-decide':
  \langle \neg has\text{-}blit \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ M) \ (clause \ C) \ La \Longrightarrow
     undefined-lit M L \Longrightarrow no-dup M \Longrightarrow \neg has-blit M (clause C) La
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl-lazy-update-Propagated:
  assumes
     W: \langle L \in \# W \rangle and n\text{-}d: \langle no\text{-}dup \ (Propagated \ L \ D \ \# \ M) \rangle and
     lazy: \langle twl\text{-}lazy\text{-}update\ M\ (TWL\text{-}Clause\ W\ UW) \rangle
  shows
     \langle twl-lazy-update (Propagated L D \# M) (TWL-Clause W UW)\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma pair-in-image-Pair:
  \langle (La, C) \in Pair \ L \ `D \longleftrightarrow La = L \land C \in D \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ image\text{-}Pair\text{-}subset\text{-}mset:
  \langle Pair\ L\ '\#\ A\subseteq \#\ Pair\ L\ '\#\ B\longleftrightarrow A\subseteq \#\ B\rangle
lemma count-image-mset-Pair2:
  (count \{\#(L, x). L \in \#Mx\#\} (L, C) = (if x = C then count (Mx) L else 0))
lemma lit-of-inj-on-no-dup: (no-dup M \Longrightarrow inj-on (\lambda x. - lit-of x) (set M)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv S \rangle and
     twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
     valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
     no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
     dist-q: \langle distinct-queued S \rangle and
     ws: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
  shows twl-cp-twl-st-exception-inv: \langle twl-st-exception-inv T 
angle and
     twl-cp-clauses-to-update: \langle clauses-to-update-inv T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-twl-inv:
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \mid S \rangle and
```

 $valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle$ and

```
inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      wq: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}cp\text{-}no\text{-}duplicate\text{-}queued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle
  shows \langle no\text{-}duplicate\text{-}queued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \textit{distinct-mset-Pair:} \ \langle \textit{distinct-mset} \ (\textit{Pair} \ \textit{L} \ '\# \ \textit{C}) \longleftrightarrow \textit{distinct-mset} \ \textit{C} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma distinct-image-mset-clause:
   \langle distinct\text{-}mset\ (clause\ '\#\ C) \Longrightarrow distinct\text{-}mset\ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-distinct-queued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \mid S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      dist: \langle distinct\text{-}queued | S \rangle
   shows \langle distinct\text{-}queued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-valid:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      dist: \langle distinct\text{-}queued \ S \rangle
   shows \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ twl\mbox{-}cp\mbox{-}propa\mbox{-}cands\mbox{-}enqueued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      cands: \langle propa\text{-}cands\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
      ws: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
   shows \langle propa\text{-}cands\text{-}enqueued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma twl-cp-confl-cands-enqueued:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
      excep: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv S \rangle and
      no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
      cands: \langle confl-cands-enqueued S \rangle and
      ws: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}inv|S \rangle
   shows
      \langle confl\text{-}cands\text{-}enqueued \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-cp-past-invs:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
     valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle and
     twl-excep: \langle twl-st-exception-inv S \rangle and
     no-dup: \langle no-duplicate-queued S \rangle and
     past-invs: \langle past-invs S \rangle
   shows \langle past-invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
1.1.3
                Invariants and the Transition System
Conflict and propagate
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{literals-to-update-measure}\ ::\ \langle 'v\ \mathit{twl-st}\ \Rightarrow\ \mathit{nat}\ \mathit{list}\rangle\ \mathbf{where}
   \langle literals-to-update-measure \ S = [size \ (literals-to-update \ S), \ size \ (clauses-to-update \ S)] \rangle
{f lemma}\ twl-cp	ext{-}propagate	ext{-}or	ext{-}conflict:
   assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv S \rangle and
      valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle
   shows
      \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.propagate \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \ \lor
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.conflict (state_W-of S) (state_W-of T) \lor
     (state_W - of \ S = state_W - of \ T \land (literals - to - update - measure \ T, literals - to - update - measure \ S) \in
         lexn less-than 2)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-cdcl_W-o:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T\rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
     valid: \langle valid\text{-}enqueued \ S \rangle and
     inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} o \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of \text{ } S) \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of \text{ } T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-cdcl_W-stgy:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \Longrightarrow
   cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy (state_W-of S) (state_W-of T) \lor
   (state_W - of S = state_W - of T \land (literals - to - update - measure T, literals - to - update - measure S)
    \in lexn less-than 2)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-conflict:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \ T \neq None \longrightarrow
       clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update T = \{\#\} \lor
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-cp-entailed-clss-inv:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv \ S \Longrightarrow entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv \ T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-cp-init-clss:
   (cdcl-twl-cp\ S\ T \Longrightarrow twl-struct-invs\ S \Longrightarrow init-clss\ (state_W-of\ T) = init-clss\ (state_W-of\ S))
   \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}
   \langle \mathit{cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs}\ S \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs}\ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}no\text{-}false\text{-}clause\text{:}
  assumes \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-false-clause (state_W-of S)\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-twl-stgy-invs:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S \ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
The other rules
lemma
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows
     cdcl-twl-o-twl-st-inv: \langle twl-st-inv T \rangle and
     cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}past\text{-}invs: \langle past\text{-}invs \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl-twl-o \ S \ T \rangle
     cdcl-twl-o-valid: \langle valid-enqueued T \rangle and
     cdcl-twl-o-conflict-None-queue:
        \langle get\text{-}conflict \ T \neq None \Longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \land \ literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
        cdcl-twl-o-no-duplicate-queued: \langle no-duplicate-queued T \rangle and
        cdcl-twl-o-distinct-queued: \langle distinct-queued T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

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\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv:}
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows
     \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows
     cdcl-twl-o-confl-cands-enqueued: \langle confl-cands-enqueued T \rangle and
     cdcl-twl-o-propa-cands-enqueued: \langle propa-cands-enqueued T \rangle and
     twl-o-clauses-to-update: \langle clauses-to-update-inv T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-dup-append-decided-Cons-lev:
  assumes \langle no\text{-}dup \ (M2 @ Decided \ K \# M1) \rangle
  shows \langle count\text{-}decided \ M1 = get\text{-}level \ (M2 @ Decided \ K \# M1) \ K - 1 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-entailed-clss-inv:
  assumes
     cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T\rangle and
     unit: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows \langle entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
The Strategy
\mathbf{lemma} no-literals-to-update-no-cp:
     WS: \langle clauses-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \ Q: \langle literals-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
     \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.propagate\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S)\rangle and
     \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.conflict\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
When popping a literal from literals-to-update to the clauses-to-update, we do not do any tran-
sition in the abstract transition system. Therefore, we use rtranclp or a case distinction.
lemma cdcl-twl-stqy-cdcl_W-stqy2:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \ \lor
     (state_W - of \ S = state_W - of \ T \land (literals - to - update - measure \ T, \ literals - to - update - measure \ S)
     \in lexn less-than 2)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
{f lemma} cdcl-twl-o-twl-struct-invs:
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}
   assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs:
  assumes
      cdcl: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
      twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs S \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy:
   \mathbf{assumes} \ \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ twl: \ \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-step-cdcl-twl-cp-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-cp:
   assumes ns-cp: \langle no-step cdcl-twl-cp S \rangle and twl: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle
   shows \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\} \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = \{\#\} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma no-step-cdcl-twl-o-no-step-cdcl<sub>W</sub>-o:
  assumes
      ns-o: \langle no-step cdcl-twl-o S \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle and
     p: \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle and
      w-q: \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle
   shows \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.cdcl_W\text{-}o\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{:}
   assumes ns: \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle
  shows (no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma full-cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy:
  assumes \langle full\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\ S\ T \rangle and twl:\ \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
  shows \langle full\ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy\ (state_W \text{-} of\ S)\ (state_W \text{-} of\ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition init-state-twl where
   (init\text{-state-twl }N \equiv ([], N, \{\#\}, None, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
lemma
  assumes
```

```
struct: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
         tauto: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ \neg tautology \ (clause \ C) \rangle
          twl-stgy-invs-init-state-twl: \langle twl-stgy-invs (init-state-twl N)\rangle and
         twl-struct-invs-init-state-twl: \langle twl-struct-invs (init-state-twl N \rangle \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ full-cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W\,-stgy-conclusive-from\mbox{-}init\text{-}state:
     fixes N :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}clss \rangle
     assumes
         full-cdcl-twl-stgy: \langle full\ cdcl-twl-stgy\ (init-state-twl\ N) T \rangle and
         struct: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
         no-tauto: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ N. \ \neg tautology \ (clause \ C) \rangle
     shows (conflicting (state<sub>W</sub>-of T) = Some \{\#\} \land unsatisfiable (set-mset (clause '<math>\# N)) \lor
            (conflicting\ (state_W\text{-}of\ T) = None \land trail\ (state_W\text{-}of\ T) \models asm\ clause\ `\#\ N \land T
            satisfiable (set\text{-}mset (clause '\# N)))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-twl-stgy-invs:
     \langle \mathit{cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs} \ S \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs} \ S \Longrightarrow \mathit{twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs} \ T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
Well-foundedness lemma wf-cdcl_W-stgy-state_W-of:
     \langle wf | \{(T, S), cdcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - all - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - struct - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - inv (state_W - of S) \wedge dcl_W - inv
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy (state_W-of S) (state_W-of T)}\rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-cp:
     \langle wf \mid \{(T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \mid S \land cdcl\text{-twl-cp} \mid S \mid T \} \rangle \text{ (is } \langle wf \mid ?TWL \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp	ext{-}wf	ext{-}cdcl	ext{-}twl	ext{-}cp:
     \langle wf \{ (T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \ S \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{++} \ S \ T \} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-stgy:
     \langle wf \mid \{(T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \mid S \land cdcl\text{-twl-stgy} \mid S \mid T \} \rangle \text{ (is } \langle wf \mid ?TWL \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma tranclp-wf-cdcl-twl-stgy:
     \langle wf \{ (T, S). \ twl\text{-struct-invs} \ S \land cdcl\text{-twl-stgy}^{++} \ S \ T \} \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{rtranclp-cdcl-twl-o-stgyD:}\ \langle \mathit{cdcl-twl-o^{**}}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy^{**}}\ S\ T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-cp-stqyD: \langle cdcl-twl-cp** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl-twl-stqy** S T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma tranclp-cdcl-twl-o-stqyD: \langle cdcl-twl-o^{++} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow cdcl-twl-stqy^{++} \ S \ T \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{tranclp-cdcl-twl-cp-stgyD} \colon \langle \mathit{cdcl-twl-cp^{++}} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow \mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy^{++}} \ S \ T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-o:
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\langle wf \{ (T, S::'v \ twl-st). \ twl-struct-invs \ S \land cdcl-twl-o \ S \ T \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}wf\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o:
  \langle wf \{ (T, S::'v \ twl-st). \ twl-struct-invs \ S \land cdcl-twl-o^{++} \ S \ T \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) propa-cands-enqueued-mono:
  \langle U' \subseteq \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subseteq \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      propa-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       propa-cands-enqueued (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) confl-cands-enqueued-mono:
  \langle U' \subseteq \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subseteq \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      confl-cands-enqueued (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       confl-cands-enqueued (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ (\mathbf{in} \ -) \textit{twl-st-exception-inv-mono} :
  \langle U' \subseteq \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subseteq \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      twl-st-exception-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       twl-st-exception-inv (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) twl-st-inv-mono:
  \langle U' \subset \# \ U \Longrightarrow N' \subset \# \ N \Longrightarrow
      twl-st-inv (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow
       twl-st-inv (M, N', U', D, NE', UE', WS, Q)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-twl-stgy-invs:
    \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
    \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
    \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs S \rangle
  shows \langle twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma after-fast-restart-replay:
  assumes
    inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    stgy-invs: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy-invariant (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    smaller-propa: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    kept: \langle \forall L \ E. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ (drop \ (length \ M' - n) \ M') \longrightarrow E \in \# \ N + U' \rangle and
     U'-U: \langle U' \subseteq \# U \rangle
  shows
    \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-stgy** ([], N, U', None) (drop (length M'-n) M', N, U', None)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} after-fast-restart-replay-no-stgy:
    inv: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (M', N, U, None) \rangle and
    kept: \forall L \ E. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ (drop \ (length \ M'-n) \ M') \longrightarrow E \in \# \ N + U') \ and
     U'-U: \langle U' \subseteq \# U \rangle
  shows
```

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\langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W^{**} ([], N, U', None) (drop (length M'-n) M', N, U', None)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}mono:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle
  shows \langle get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}mono\text{:}}
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ S \subseteq \# \ \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-all-learned-diff-learned:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o \ S \ T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \land
       get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S\subseteq \#\ get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ T\land
       get-all-init-clss S = get-all-init-clss T
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-all-learned-diff-learned:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp|S|T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S = clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \wedge
       get-init-learned-clss S = get-init-learned-clss T \land get
       get-all-init-clss S = get-all-init-clss T
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma \ cdcl-twl-stgy-all-learned-diff-learned:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ S \ T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \land
       get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S\subseteq \#\ get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ T\land
       \textit{get-all-init-clss} \ S = \textit{get-all-init-clss} \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}diff\text{-}learned\text{:}
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
  shows
     \langle clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \subseteq \# \ clause '\# get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T \ \land
       \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ S \subseteq \# \ \textit{get-init-learned-clss} \ T \ \land
       get-all-init-clss S = get-all-init-clss T
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-all-learned-diff-learned-size:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
     \langle size \ (get-all-learned-clss \ T) - size \ (get-all-learned-clss \ S) \geq
            size (get-learned-clss T) - size (get-learned-clss S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-stgy3:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\ S\ T \rangle and twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle and
     \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
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\langle literals-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ (state_W \text{-} of \ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}stgy\text{:}
   assumes ST: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{++} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
     \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     \langle literals-to-update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{++} \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of S) \text{ } (state_W \text{-} of T) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition final-twl-state where
   \langle final-twl-state \ S \longleftrightarrow
        no-step cdcl-twl-stgy S \vee (get\text{-conflict } S \neq None \wedge count\text{-decided } (get\text{-trail } S) = 0)
definition conclusive-TWL-run :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st nres\rangle where
   \langle conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run \ S = SPEC(\lambda T. \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy^{**} \ S \ T \land final\text{-}twl\text{-}state \ T) \rangle
lemma conflict-of-level-unsatisfiable:
  assumes
     struct: \langle cdcl_W \text{-}restart\text{-}mset.cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ S \rangle and
     dec: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (trail \ S) = \theta \rangle and
     confl: \langle conflicting S \neq None \rangle and
     \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-learned-clauses-entailed-by-init S \rangle
  shows \langle unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss S)) \rangle
lemma conflict-of-level-unsatisfiable2:
  assumes
     struct: \langle cdcl_W - restart - mset. cdcl_W - all - struct - inv S \rangle and
     dec: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (trail \ S) = \theta \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     \textit{confl:} \langle \textit{conflicting } S \neq \textit{None} \rangle
  shows \langle unsatisfiable (set-mset (init-clss <math>S + learned-clss S)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Algorithm
  imports
     WB	ext{-}More	ext{-}Refinement
     Watched	ext{-}Literals	ext{-}Transition	ext{-}System
begin
```

1.2 First Refinement: Deterministic Rule Application

1.2.1 Unit Propagation Loops

```
definition set-conflicting :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \rangle where \langle set\text{-}conflicting = (\lambda C \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ (clause\ C),\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\}))\rangle
definition propagate-lit :: \langle 'v\ literal \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v\ twl\text{-}st \rangle where \langle propagate\text{-}lit = (\lambda L'\ C\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).
```

```
(Propagated\ L'\ (clause\ C)\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q))
definition update\text{-}clauseS :: \langle v | titeral \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}cls \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow \langle v | twl\text{-}st | nres \rangle where
      \langle update\text{-}clauseS = (\lambda L\ C\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).\ do\ \{
                     K \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda L. \ L \in \# \ unwatched \ C \land -L \notin lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M);
                     if K \in lits-of-l M
                     then RETURN (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
                     else do {
                          (N', U') \leftarrow SPEC (\lambda(N', U'). update-clauses (N, U) C L K (N', U'));
                           RETURN (M, N', U', D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
                     }
     })>
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-cls \Rightarrow v | t
      'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \ nres \land \mathbf{where}
      \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body = (\lambda L\ C\ S.\ do\ \{
           do \{
                bL' \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda K. \ K \in \# \ clause \ C);
                if bL' \in lits-of-l (get-trail S)
                then RETURN\ S
                else do {
                     L' \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda K. \ K \in \# \ watched \ C - \{\#L\#\}\};
                     ASSERT (watched C = \{\#L, L'\#\});
                     if L' \in lits-of-l (get-trail S)
                     then RETURN S
                     else
                           if \forall L \in \# unwatched C. -L \in lits-of-l (get-trail S)
                           then
                                if -L' \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail \ S)
                                then do \{RETURN \ (set\text{-conflicting } C \ S)\}
                                else do \{RETURN \ (propagate-lit \ L' \ C \ S)\}
                           else do {
                                update-clauseS L C S
   })
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st} \Rightarrow v \ twl\text{-st} \ nres \rangle where
      \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\ S_0 = do\ \{
          n \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda - :: nat. True);
       (S, \textit{-}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \\ \lambda(S, \textit{n}). \textit{ twl-struct-invs } S \land \textit{twl-stgy-invs } S \land \textit{cdcl-twl-cp}^{**} S_0 S \land \\
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (clauses-to-update S \neq \{\#\} \vee n
                (\lambda(S, n). clauses-to-update S \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0)
                (\lambda(S, n), do \{
                     b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b. (b \longrightarrow n > 0) \land (\neg b \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S \neq \{\#\}));
                     if \neg b then do {
                           ASSERT(clauses-to-update\ S \neq \{\#\});
                           (L, C) \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda C. \ C \in \# \ clauses-to-update \ S);
                           let S' = set-clauses-to-update (clauses-to-update S - \{\#(L, C)\#\}) S;
                           T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body } L \ C \ S';
                           RETURN (T, if get-conflict T = None then n else 0)
                     } else do { /[[/h/k//b/r/a/h/c/h//d/l/l/a/u/s//u/s//b///b//s/k/hp//s/a/h/k//b/r/a/u/s/k///a/l/l/a/u/s//b///b///b//s/k/hp//s/a/h/k//b//b//s/k//
                           RETURN(S, n-1)
                })
```

```
(S_0, n);
             RETURN S
     }
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body:
       fixes S :: \langle v \ twl - st \rangle
       assumes
            \langle clauses-to-update S \neq \{\#\} \rangle and
            x\text{-}WS: \langle (L, C) \in \# \ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
            inv: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
             inv-s: \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and
             confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
       shows
                (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body L C)
                               (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (L,\ C)\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S))\ S)
                         \leq (SPEC \ (\lambda T'. \ twl-struct-invs \ T' \land twl-stgy-invs \ T' \land cdcl-twl-cp^{**} \ S \ T' \land
                                  (T', S) \in measure (size \circ clauses-to-update))) (is ?spec) and
            \langle nofail\ (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\ L\ C
                       (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (L,\ C)\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S))\ S)) \lor (is\ ?fail)
 \langle proof \rangle
declare unit-propagation-inner-loop-body(1)[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop:
      assumes \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle and \langle twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs\ S \rangle and \langle qet\text{-}conflict\ S = None \rangle
       shows (unit-propagation-inner-loop S \leq SPEC (\lambda S'. twl-struct-invs S' \wedge twl-stqy-invs S' \wedge twl-stqy-inv
              cdcl-twl-cp** S S' \land clauses-to-update S' = {\#})
declare unit-propagation-inner-loop[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st nres\rangle where
       \langle unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop } S_0 =
              \overrightarrow{WHILE_T} \lambda S. \ twl-struct-invs \ \overrightarrow{S} \ \wedge \ twl-stgy-invs \ S \ \wedge \ cdcl-twl-cp^{**} \ S_0 \ S \ \wedge \ clauses-to-update \ S = \{\#\}
                   (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update \ S \neq \{\#\})
                   (\lambda S. do \{
                         L \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda L. \ L \in \# \ literals-to-update \ S);
                         let S' = set-clauses-to-update \{\#(L, C) | C \in \# \text{ get-clauses } S. L \in \# \text{ watched } C\#\}
                                  (set-literals-to-update\ (literals-to-update\ S-\{\#L\#\})\ S);
                         ASSERT(cdcl-twl-cp\ S\ S');
                         unit-propagation-inner-loop S'
                   })
                   S_0
\rangle
abbreviation unit-propagation-outer-loop-spec where
       \textit{(unit-propagation-outer-loop-spec } S \ S' \equiv \textit{twl-struct-invs } S' \land \textit{cdcl-twl-cp}^{**} \ S \ S' \land S \ S' \land \textit{cdcl-twl-cp}^{**} \ S \ S' \land S \ S \ S' \land S \ S' \land S \ S \ S' \land S \ S \ S' \land S \ S' \land S \ S \ S \ S' \land S \ S \ S \ S'
            literals-to-update S' = \{\#\} \land (\forall S'a. \neg cdcl-twl-cp S' S'a) \land twl-stgy-invs S' \land S'a
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop:
      assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and confl: \langle get-conflict S = None \rangle and
             \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs S \rangle
       shows \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\ S \leq SPEC\ (\lambda S'.\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S' \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**}\ S\ S' \land
            literals-to-update S' = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \lor v
```

1.2.2 Other Rules

```
Decide
```

```
definition find-unassigned-lit :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | literal | option | nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit = (\lambda S.
       SPEC (\lambda L.
          (L \neq None \longrightarrow undefined-lit (get-trail S) (the L) \land
            atm\text{-}of\ (the\ L) \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss\ S))\ \land
          (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L. undefined-lit (get-trail S) L \land
           atm\text{-}of \ L \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S)))))
definition propagate-dec where
   \langle propagate-dec = (\lambda L \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q). \ (Decided \ L \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q)
\{\#-L\#\}))
definition decide-or-skip :: \langle v \ twl-st \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times v \ twl-st) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle decide-or-skip \ S = do \ \{
      L \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit S;
      case L of
         None \Rightarrow RETURN (True, S)
      | Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, propagate-dec L S) |
  }
lemma decide-or-skip-spec:
  assumes \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and \langle literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and \langle get-conflict S = None \rangle
     twl: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle and twl\text{-}s: \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
  shows \forall decide-or-skip \ S \leq SPEC(\lambda(brk, \ T). \ cdcl-twl-o^{**} \ S \ T \ \land
         get\text{-}conflict \ T = None \ \land
         no-step cdcl-twl-o T \land (brk \longrightarrow no\text{-step cdcl-twl-stgy } T) \land twl\text{-struct-invs } T \land no\text{-step cdcl-twl-stgy}
         \textit{twl-stgy-invs} \ T \ \land \ \textit{clauses-to-update} \ T = \{\#\} \ \land
         (\neg brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update \ T \neq \{\#\}) \land
         (\neg no\text{-step } cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S \longrightarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{++}\ S\ T))
\langle proof \rangle
declare decide-or-skip-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
Skip and Resolve Loop
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-inv where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}inv S_0 =
     (\lambda(brk, S). \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{**} \ S_0 \ S \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S \land
       clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \land literals
            get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \ \land
            count-decided (get-trail S) \neq 0 \land
            get-trail S \neq [] \land
            get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq Some \ \{\#\} \ \land
            (brk \longrightarrow no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.skip\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S)\ \land
               no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.resolve\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S)))
definition tl-state :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \rangle where
```

```
\langle tl\text{-state} = (\lambda(M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition update-confl-tl :: \langle v | clause | option \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \rangle where
  \langle update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl = (\lambda D (M, N, U, -, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition skip-and-resolve-loop :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow v \ twl-st nres \rangle where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop \ S_0 =
    do \{
      (-, S) \leftarrow
         WHILE_{T}skip-and-resolve-loop-inv S_{0}
         (\lambda(uip, S). \neg uip \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail S)))
         (\lambda(-, S).
           do \{
             ASSERT(get\text{-}trail\ S \neq []);
             let D' = the (get\text{-}conflict S);
             (L, C) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(L, C). Propagated L C = hd (get-trail S));
             if -L \notin \# D' then
               do \{RETURN (False, tl-state S)\}
             else
               if get-maximum-level (get-trail S) (remove1-mset (-L) D') = count-decided (get-trail S)
                 do \{RETURN \ (False, update-confl-tl \ (Some \ (cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve-cls \ L \ D' \ C)) \ S)\}
               else
                 do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
           }
         (False, S_0);
      RETURN S
    }
lemma skip-and-resolve-loop-spec:
  assumes struct-S: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and stgy-S: \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and
    \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and \langle literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \rangle and count\text{-}dec: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail \ S) > 0 \rangle
  shows \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop \ S \le SPEC(\lambda T. \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{**} \ S \ T \ \land \ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T \ \land \ twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs \ T
Λ
      no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip (state_W-of T) \land
      no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve (state_W-of T) \land
      get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ T = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\ T = \{\#\} )
  \langle proof \rangle
declare skip-and-resolve-loop-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
Backtrack
definition extract-shorter-conflict :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st nres\rangle where
  \langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict = (\lambda(M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \rangle
    SPEC(\lambda S'. \exists D'. S' = (M, N, U, Some D', NE, UE, WS, Q) \land
        D' \subseteq \# the D \land clause '\# (N + U) + NE + UE \models pm D' \land -lit of (hd M) \in \# D')
fun equality-except-conflict :: \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle equality-except-conflict\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ U',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q') \longleftrightarrow
    M = M' \wedge N = N' \wedge U = U' \wedge NE = NE' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q'
```

```
\langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict \ S =
       D' \subseteq \# the (get-conflict S) \land clause '# (get-clauses S) + unit-clss S \models pm \ D' \land
             -lit-of (hd (get-trail S)) \in \# D')
    \langle proof \rangle
definition reduce-trail-bt :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-st \Rightarrow v | twl-st | nres \rangle where
    \langle reduce\text{-}trail\text{-}bt = (\lambda L \ (M, N, U, D', NE, UE, WS, Q). \ do \ \{ \}
               M1 \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda M1. \exists K M2. (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition M) \land
                           get-level M K = get-maximum-level M (the D' - \{\#-L\#\}\} + 1);
               RETURN (M1, N, U, D', NE, UE, WS, Q)
    })>
definition propagate-bt :: \langle 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \rangle where
    \langle propagate-bt = (\lambda L \ L' \ (M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q).
        (Propagated (-L) (the D) \# M, N, add-mset (TWL-Clause \{\#-L, L'\#\} (the D - \{\#-L, L'\#\}))
U, None,
           NE, UE, WS, \{\#L\#\})\rangle
definition propagate-unit-bt :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \rangle where
    \langle propagate-unit-bt = (\lambda L (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q).
       (Propagated\ (-L)\ (the\ D)\ \#\ M,\ N,\ U,\ None,\ NE,\ add-mset\ (the\ D)\ UE,\ WS,\ \{\#L\#\}))
definition \ backtrack-inv \ where
    \langle backtrack-inv \ S \longleftrightarrow get-trail \ S \neq [] \land get-conflict \ S \neq Some \ \{\#\} \rangle
definition backtrack :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st \ nres \rangle where
    \langle backtrack \ S =
        do \{
           ASSERT(backtrack-inv\ S);
           let L = lit\text{-}of (hd (get\text{-}trail S));
           S \leftarrow extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict S;
           S \leftarrow reduce-trail-bt L S;
           if size (the (get-conflict S)) > 1
           then do {
               L' \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda L', L' \in \# \text{ the (get-conflict } S) - \{\#-L\#\} \land L \neq -L' \land \}
                   qet-level (qet-trail S) L' = qet-maximum-level (qet-trail S) (the (qet-conflict S) – \{\#-L\#\}));
               RETURN (propagate-bt L L'S)
           else do {
                RETURN (propagate-unit-bt L S)
       }
lemma
    assumes confl: \langle qet\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \rangle \langle qet\text{-}conflict \ S \neq Some \ \{\#\} \rangle and
        w-q: \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and p: \langle literals-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
       ns-s: \langle no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip \ (state_W-of S) \rangle and
       ns-r: \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.resolve\ (state_W\text{-}of\ S) \rangle and
        twl-struct: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and twl-stgy: \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle
    shows
        backtrack\text{-}spec:
       \langle backtrack \ S \le SPEC \ (\lambda \ T. \ cdcl-twl-o \ S \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land no-step \ cdcl-twl-o \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land get-conflict \ T = None \land get-conflict \ T \land get-conflict \ T = None \land get-conflict \ T \land get-co
```

```
twl-struct-invs T \wedge twl-stgy-invs T \wedge clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \wedge
       literals-to-update T \neq \{\#\}) (is ?spec) and
     backtrack-nofail:
       \langle nofail\ (backtrack\ S) \rangle\ (\textbf{is}\ ?fail)
\langle proof \rangle
declare backtrack-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
Full loop
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog :: \langle 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow (bool \times 'v \ twl-st) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog <math>S =
    do \{
       if \ get\text{-}conflict \ S = None
       then decide-or-skip S
       else do {
          if count-decided (get-trail S) > 0
         then do {
            T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\ S;
            ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq Some\ \{\#\});
            U \leftarrow backtrack\ T;
            RETURN (False, U)
         }
         else
            RETURN (True, S)
    }
setup \langle map\text{-}theory\text{-}claset (fn \ ctxt => \ ctxt \ delSWrapper \ (split\text{-}all\text{-}tac)) \rangle
declare split-paired-All[simp del]
{\bf lemma}\ skip-and-resolve-same-decision-level:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle \ \langle get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \rangle
  shows \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail T) = count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail S) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma skip-and-resolve-conflict-before:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ S\ T \rangle\ \langle get\text{-}conflict\ T \neq None \rangle
  shows \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S \neq None \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp-skip-and-resolve-same-decision-level:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o^{**} \mid S \mid T \Longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \mid S \neq None \Longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \mid T \neq None \Longrightarrow
     count-decided (get-trail T) = count-decided (get-trail S)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma empty-conflict-lvl0:
  \langle twl\text{-stgy-invs } T \Longrightarrow get\text{-conflict } T = Some \ \{\#\} \Longrightarrow count\text{-decided } (get\text{-trail } T) = 0 \}
  \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}spec \ S \equiv \lambda(brk, \ T).
        cdcl-twl-o^{**} S T \wedge
        (\textit{get-conflict}\ T \neq \textit{None} \longrightarrow \textit{count-decided}\ (\textit{get-trail}\ T) = \theta) \ \land
```

```
(\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\ T = None \land (\forall S'. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\ T\ S')) \land
         (brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \ T \neq None \lor (\forall S'. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy \ T \ S')) \land
         twl-struct-invs T \wedge twl-stgy-invs T \wedge clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \wedge
         (\neg brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update T \neq \{\#\}) \land
         (\neg brk \longrightarrow \neg (\forall S'. \neg cdcl-twl-o S S') \longrightarrow cdcl-twl-o^{++} S T)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}spec\text{:}
  assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     ns-cp: \langle no-step\ cdcl-twl-cp\ S \rangle
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog \ S \le SPEC(cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}spec \ S) \rangle
     (\mathbf{is} \ \langle - \leq ?S \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
declare cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec[THEN order-trans, refine-vcg]
1.2.3
              Full Strategy
abbreviation cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}inv\ S_0 \equiv \lambda(brk,\ T).\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ T \land
          (brk \longrightarrow final-twl-state\ T) \land cdcl-twl-stgy^{**}\ S_0\ T \land clauses-to-update\ T = \{\#\} \land final-twl-state\ T
          (\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \ T = None)
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog :: ('v twl-st <math>\Rightarrow 'v twl-st nres) where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog S_0 =
   do \{
     do \{
       (\textit{brk}, \ T) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv} \ S_0
          (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
          (\lambda(brk, S).
          do \{
             T \leftarrow \textit{unit-propagation-outer-loop } S;
             cdcl-twl-o-prog T
          (False, S_0);
       RETURN T
     }
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-measure:
   \langle wf (\{((brkT, T), (brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\}\}
          \cup \{((brkT, T), (brkS, S)). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\}) \rangle
   (is \langle wf (?TWL \cup ?BOOL) \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-o-final-twl-state:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}inv \ S \ (brk, \ T) \rangle and
     \langle case\ (brk,\ T)\ of\ (brk,\ -) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk \rangle and
     twl-o: \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec\ U\ (True,\ V) \rangle
  shows \langle final\text{-}twl\text{-}state \ V \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-in-measure:

```
assumes
      twl-stgy: \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv S (<math>brk\theta, T)\rangle and
      brk\theta: \langle case\ (brk\theta,\ T)\ of\ (brk,\ uu-) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk\rangle and
      twl-o: \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec U V \rangle and
      [simp]: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ U \rangle and
      TU: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**} \mid T \mid U \rangle and
      \langle literals-to-update\ U = \{\#\} \rangle
   shows \langle (V, brk\theta, T) \rangle
             \in \{((brkT, T), brkS, S). twl-struct-invs S \land cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup
                   \{((brkT, T), brkS, S). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma \ cdcl-twl-o-prog-cdcl-twl-stgy:
   assumes
      twl-stqy: \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-prog-inv S (<math>brk, S')\rangle and
      \langle case\ (brk,\ S')\ of\ (brk,\ uu-) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk \rangle and
      twl-o: \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec\ T\ (brk',\ U) \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T \rangle and
      cp: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**} \ S' \ T \rangle and
      \langle literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
      \langle \forall S'. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ T \ S' \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs T \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} S U \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma \ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-spec:
   assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stgy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
      \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
   shows
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog \ S \leq conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st \ nres \rangle where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break S_0 =
   do \{
      b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
      (b, \textit{brk}, \textit{T}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{\textit{T}} \lambda(b, \textit{S}). \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-inv} \; \textit{S}_0 \; \textit{S}
            (\lambda(b, brk, -), b \wedge \neg brk)
            (\lambda(\operatorname{-},\ brk,\ S).\ do\ \{
                T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\ S;
                T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog T;
               b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
               RETURN(b, T)
            })
            (b, False, S_0);
      if brk then RETURN T
      else — finish iteration is required only
         cdcl-twl-stgy-prog T
lemma wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-measure-break:
   \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\} \cup \langle wf (\{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} S T\})
               \{((bT, brkT, T), (bS, brkS, S)). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\}
```

```
\begin{array}{l} (\textbf{is}~(?wf~?R))\\ \langle proof \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{lemma}~cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}spec:}\\ \textbf{assumes}~(twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs~S)~\textbf{and}~(twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs~S)~\textbf{and}~(clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update~S=\{\#\})~\textbf{and}\\ \langle get\text{-}conflict~S=None\rangle \\ \textbf{shows}\\ \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break~S\leq conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run~S\rangle\\ \langle proof \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{end}\\ \textbf{theory}~Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}Transition\text{-}System\text{-}Restart\\ \textbf{imports}~Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}Transition\text{-}System\\ \textbf{begin} \\ \end{array}
```

Unlike the basic CDCL, it does not make any sense to fully restart the trail: the part propagated at level 0 (only the part due to unit clauses) has to be kept. Therefore, we allow fast restarts (i.e. a restart where part of the trail is reused).

There are two cases:

- either the trail is strictly decreasing;
- or it is kept and the number of clauses is strictly decreasing.

This ensures that *something* changes to prove termination.

In practice, there are two types of restarts that are done:

- First, a restart can be done to enforce that the SAT solver goes more into the direction expected by the decision heuristics.
- Second, a full restart can be done to simplify inprocessing and garbage collection of the memory: instead of properly updating the trail, we restart the search. This is not necessary (i.e., glucose and minisat do not do it), but it simplifies the proofs by allowing to move clauses without taking care of updating references in the trail. Moreover, as this happens "rarely" (around once every few thousand conflicts), it should not matter too much.

Restarts are the "local search" part of all modern SAT solvers.

```
inductive cdcl-twl-restart :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
restart-trail:
    \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ None,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ Q)
          (M', N', U', None, NE + clauses NE', UE + clauses UE', \{\#\}, \{\#\})
  if
     \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M',\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \rangle and
     \langle U' + UE' \subseteq \# U \rangle and
     \langle N = N' + NE' \rangle and
     \forall \textit{E} \in \#\textit{NE'} + \textit{UE'}. \; \exists \textit{L} \in \#\textit{clause} \; \textit{E}. \; \textit{L} \in \textit{lits-of-l} \; \textit{M'} \; \land \; \textit{get-level} \; \textit{M'} \; \textit{L} \; = \; \textit{0} \\ \rangle
     \forall L \ E. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ M' \longrightarrow E \in \# \ clause \ '\# \ (N + U') + NE + UE + clauses \ UE' \setminus
restart-clauses:
    \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ None,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ Q)
       (M, N', U', None, NE + clauses NE', UE + clauses UE', \{\#\}, Q)
  if
     \langle U' + UE' \subseteq \# U \rangle and
     \langle N = N' + NE' \rangle and
```

```
\forall E \in \#NE' + UE'. \exists L \in \#clause \ E. \ L \in lits \text{-}of \text{-}l \ M \land get \text{-}level \ M \ L = 0 \rangle
             \forall L \ E. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ M \longrightarrow E \in \# \ clause \ '\# \ (N + U') + NE + UE + clauses \ UE'
\mathbf{inductive\text{-}cases} \ \ \mathit{cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restartE} \colon \langle \mathit{cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart} \ S \ T \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-cdcl_W-stgy:
      assumes
             \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\ S\ V \rangle and
             \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \rangle and
             \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs S \rangle
      shows
                \exists T. \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. restart \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset. cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} restart\text{
                    cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-restart** (state_W-of S) (state_W-of V)
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-cdcl_W:
       assumes
             \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\ S\ V \rangle and
             \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
       shows
              (\exists \ T. \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.restart \ (state_W \text{-} of \ S) \ T \ \land \ cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W^{**} \ T \ (state_W \text{-} of \ V) ) 
       \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-restart-twl-struct-invs:
       assumes
             \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart \ S \ T \rangle and
             \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
      shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}
      assumes
             \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart^{**} \ S \ T \rangle and
             \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
       shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs T \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} cdcl-twl-restart-twl-stgy-invs:
```

 $\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\ S\ T \rangle\ \mathbf{and}\ \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ S \rangle$ **shows** $\langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs T \rangle$ $\langle proof \rangle$

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\text{:}$

assumes

 $\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart^{**} \ S \ T \rangle$ and $\langle twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs S \rangle$ **shows** $\langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs T \rangle$ $\langle proof \rangle$

 ${\bf context}\ \mathit{twl-restart-ops}$ begin

```
inductive cdcl-twl-stgy-restart :: \langle v \ twl-st \times nat \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st \times nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
restart-step:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\ (S,\ n)\ (U,\ Suc\ n)\rangle
   if
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{++} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
      \langle size \ (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ T) > f \ n \rangle \  and
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart \ T \ U \rangle \mid
restart-full:
 \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\ (S,\ n)\ (T,\ n) \rangle
 if
      \langle full1\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\ S\ T \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{:}
   assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart \ S \ T \rangle
      \langle get-all-init-clss\ (fst\ S) = get-all-init-clss\ (fst\ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}init\text{-}clss:}
   assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
   shows
       \langle get-all-init-clss\ (fst\ S) = get-all-init-clss\ (fst\ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-twl-struct-invs:
   assumes
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\ S\ T \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}
   assumes
      \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart** S \mid T \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\text{:}
   assumes
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart \ S \ T \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \rangle
   shows \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ (fst\ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ no\text{-}step\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{:}
   assumes
      ns: \langle no\text{-}step \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart \ S \rangle and
      \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \rangle
   shows
      \langle no\text{-}step\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\ (fst\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) substract-left-le: \langle (a :: nat) + b < c ==> a <= c - b \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma (in conflict-driven-clause-learning_W) cdcl_W-stgy-new-learned-in-all-simple-clss:
     st: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} stgy^{**} \ R \ S \rangle and
     invR: \langle cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv \ R \rangle
  shows \langle set\text{-}mset \ (learned\text{-}clss \ S) \subseteq simple\text{-}clss \ (atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (init\text{-}clss \ S)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) learned-clss-get-all-learned-clss[simp]:
    \langle learned\text{-}clss \ (state_W\text{-}of \ S) = get\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}new\text{-}learned\text{-}in\text{-}all\text{-}simple\text{-}clss\text{:}}
     st: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart^{**} \ R \ S \rangle and
     invR: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ R) \rangle
  shows \langle set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\ (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ (fst\ S)))\subseteq
      simple-clss\ (atms-of-mm\ (get-all-init-clss\ (fst\ S)))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-new:
  assumes
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart S \mid T \rangle and
   \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \rangle and
    \langle distinct\text{-}mset \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ S) \ - \ A) \rangle
 shows \langle distinct\text{-}mset (get\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss (fst T) - A) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-new-abs:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart^{**}\ S\ T \rangle and
     \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S)\rangle and
     \langle distinct\text{-}mset \ (get\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ (fst \ S) \ - \ A) \rangle
  shows \langle distinct\text{-}mset (get\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss (fst T) - A) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
end
context twl-restart
begin
theorem wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart:
   \langle wf \mid \{(T, S :: 'v \ twl - st \times nat). \ twl - struct - invs \ (fst \ S) \land cdcl - twl - stgy - restart \ S \ T\} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
end
abbreviation state_W-of-restart where
   \langle state_W - of - restart \equiv (\lambda(S, n), (state_W - of S, n)) \rangle
context twl-restart-ops
begin
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-cdcl_W-restart-stgy:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S \Longrightarrow
```

```
cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-restart-stgy** (state_W-of S, n) (state_W-of T, n)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-cdcl_W-restart-stgy:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart \ S \ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ (fst \ S) \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ (fst \ S) \Longrightarrow
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-restart-stgy** (state_W-of-restart S) (state_W-of-restart T)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}restart^{**} \ S \ T \rangle and
     \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S)\rangle and
     \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \rangle
  shows \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ (fst\ T) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-cdcl_W-restart-stgy:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs (fst \mid S) \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs (fst \mid S) \Longrightarrow
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-restart-stgy** (state_W-of-restart S) (state_W-of-restart T)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition (in twl-restart-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers\ S\ U\longleftrightarrow
      (\exists T. \ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart^{**} \ S \ (T, \ snd \ U) \land \ cdcl-twl-stgy^{**} \ T \ (fst \ U))
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{:}
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\ (T, m)\ (V, Suc\ m) \Longrightarrow
         cdcl-twl-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl-twl-stgy-restart (S, m) (V, Suc m)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart2:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\ (T,\ m)\ (V,\ m) \Longrightarrow
         cdcl-twl-stgy** S T \Longrightarrow cdcl-twl-stgy-restart (S, m) (V, m)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition \ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers1 where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers1\ S\ U\longleftrightarrow
      cdcl-twl-stgy-restart S U \vee
      (cdcl-twl-stgy^{++} (fst S) (fst U) \wedge snd S = snd U)
lemma (in twl-restart) wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers1:
  \langle wf \{ (T :: 'v \ twl\text{-}st \times nat, S). \}
          twl-struct-invs (fst S) \land cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers1 S T}\rangle
  (is \langle wf ?S \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in twl-restart) wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-measure:
    \langle wf (\{(brkT, T, n), brkS, S, m).
           twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers1 (S, m) (T, n)} \cup
          \{((brkT, T), brkS, S). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\})
  (is \langle wf (?TWL \cup ?BOOL) \rangle)
```

 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma (in twl-restart) wf-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-measure-early:
    \langle wf (\{((ebrk, brkT, T, n), ebrk, brkS, S, m).
           twl-struct-invs S \wedge cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers1 (S, m) (T, n) \cup
          \{((ebrkT, brkT, T), (ebrkS, brkS, S)). S = T \land (ebrkT \lor brkT) \land (\neg brkS \land \neg ebrkS)\}\}
  (is \langle wf (?TWL \cup ?BOOL) \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers-cdcl_W-restart-stgy:
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers S \ T \Longrightarrow twl-struct-invs (fst S) \Longrightarrow twl-stgy-invs (fst S) \Longrightarrow twl-stgy-invs (fst S)
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-restart-stgy** (state_W-of-restart S) (state_W-of-restart T)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-with-leftovers-twl-struct-invs:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers\ S\ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \Longrightarrow
     twl-struct-invs (fst T)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}}
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers^{**}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \Longrightarrow
     twl-struct-invs (fst \ T)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers-twl-stgy-invs:
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers\ S\ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \Longrightarrow
     twl-stgy-invs (fst \ S) \implies twl-stgy-invs (fst \ T)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\text{:}
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers^{**}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ S) \Longrightarrow
     twl-stgy-invs (fst \ S) \implies twl-stgy-invs (fst \ T)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers\text{-}cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}stgy\text{:}
  (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers^{**}\ S\ T \Longrightarrow twl-struct-invs\ (fst\ S) \Longrightarrow twl-stgy-invs\ (fst\ S) \Longrightarrow
     cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-restart-stgy** (state_W-of-restart S) (state_W-of-restart T)
  \langle proof \rangle
end
end
{\bf theory}\ \textit{Watched-Literals-Algorithm-Restart}
  imports Watched-Literals-Algorithm Watched-Literals-Transition-System-Restart
begin
context twl-restart-ops
begin
Restarts are never necessary
definition restart-required :: 'v twl-st \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool nres where
  \langle restart\text{-required } S \ n = SPEC \ (\lambda b. \ b \longrightarrow size \ (get\text{-learned-clss } S) > f \ n) \rangle
definition (in -) restart-prog-pre :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st} \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle restart	ext{-}prog	ext{-}pre\ S\ brk \longleftrightarrow twl	ext{-}struct	ext{-}invs\ S\ \land\ twl	ext{-}stgy	ext{-}invs\ S\ \land
     (\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict \ S = None)
```

```
definition restart-prog
    :: 'v \ twl\text{-st} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow ('v \ twl\text{-st} \times nat) \ nres
where
      \langle restart\text{-}prog\ S\ n\ brk = do\ \{
             ASSERT(restart-prog-pre\ S\ brk);
             b \leftarrow restart\text{-}required S n;
             b2 \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
             if b2 \wedge b \wedge \neg brk then do {
                   T \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda T. cdcl-twl-restart S T);
                  RETURN (T, n + 1)
             }
             else
             if b \wedge \neg brk then do {
                   T \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda T. cdcl-twl-restart S T);
                  RETURN(T, n + 1)
             else
                   RETURN(S, n)
       }>
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-inv where
      \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}inv\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n\equiv twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T\ \land\ twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ T\ \land
               (brk \longrightarrow final\text{-}twl\text{-}state\ T) \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}with\text{-}leftovers\ } (S_0,\ 0)\ (T,\ n) \land (S_0,\ 0) \land (
                       clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \land (\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-conflict } T = None)
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog :: 'v twl-st \Rightarrow 'v twl-st nres where
      \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog S_0 =
      do \{
          (brk, T, -) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk, T, n). cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-inv S_0 brk T n
               (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
               (\lambda(brk, S, n).
               do \{
                     T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop } S;
                    (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog T;
                     (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog \ T \ n \ brk;
                     RETURN (brk, T, n)
               })
               (False, S_0, \theta);
          RETURN T
     }>
lemma (in twl-restart)
     assumes
          inv: \langle case\ (brk,\ T,\ m)\ of\ (brk,\ T,\ m) \Rightarrow cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-prog-inv\ S\ brk\ T\ m \rangle and
          cond: \langle case\ (brk,\ T,\ m)\ of\ (brk,\ uu-) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk \rangle and
          other-inv: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}spec\ S'\ (brk',\ U)\rangle and
          struct-invs-S: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
          cp: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**} \ T \ S' \rangle and
          lits-to-update: \langle literals-to-update S' = \{\#\} \rangle and
          \langle \forall S'a. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S' \ S'a \rangle and
          \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs S' \rangle
      shows restart-prog-spec:
          ⟨restart-prog U m brk'
                        \leq SPEC
                                 (\lambda x. (case \ x \ of \
```

```
(T, na) \Rightarrow RETURN (brk', T, na)
                     \leq SPEC
                          (\lambda s'. (case \ s' \ of \ 
  (brk, T, n) \Rightarrow
     twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T \ \land
     twl-stgy-invs T <math>\wedge
     (brk \longrightarrow final-twl-state \ T) \land
     cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers (S, \theta)
     (T, n) \wedge
    clauses-to-update T = \{\#\} \land
    (\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\ T = None)) \land
 (s', brk, T, m)
 \in \{((brkT, T, n), brkS, S, m).
      twl-struct-invs S <math>\land
      cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers1 (S, m)
       (T, n)\} \cup
     \{((brkT, T), brkS, S). S = T \land brkT \land \neg brkS\}) \land (is ?A)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in twl-restart)
  assumes
     inv: \langle case\ (ebrk,\ brk,\ T,\ m)\ of\ (ebrk,\ brk,\ T,\ m) \Rightarrow cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-inv\ S\ brk\ T\ m \rangle and
    cond: \langle case\ (ebrk,\ brk,\ T,\ m)\ of\ (ebrk,\ brk,\ -) \Rightarrow \neg\ brk \land \neg ebrk \rangle and
     other-inv: \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-spec\ S'\ (brk',\ U) \rangle and
    struct-invs-S: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
    cp: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp^{**} T S' \rangle and
    lits-to-update: \langle literals-to-update S' = \{\#\} \rangle and
    \langle \forall S'a. \neg cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp \ S' \ S'a \rangle and
     \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs S' \rangle
  shows restart-prog-early-spec:
   (restart-prog U m brk'
    \leq SPEC
        (\lambda x. (case \ x \ of \ (T, \ n) \Rightarrow RES \ UNIV \gg (\lambda ebrk. \ RETURN \ (ebrk, \ brk', \ T, \ n)))
              < SPEC
                  (\lambda s'. (case \ s' \ of \ (ebrk, \ brk, \ x, \ xb) \Rightarrow
                            cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}inv\ S\ brk\ x\ xb)\ \land
                         (s', ebrk, brk, T, m)
                         \in \{((ebrk, brkT, T, n), ebrk, brkS, S, m).
                            twl-struct-invs S <math>\land
                            cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers1 (S, m) (T, n)} \cup
                           \{((ebrkT, brkT, T), ebrkS, brkS, S).
                                S = T \land (ebrkT \lor brkT) \land \neg brkS \land \neg ebrkS\})) \land (is \langle ?B \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-with-leftovers-refl:} \ \langle \textit{cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-with-leftovers} \ S \ \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in twl-restart) cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-proq-spec:
  assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stqy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
  shows
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog S \leq SPEC(\lambda T. \exists n. cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers (S, \theta) (T, n) \land (S, \theta)
         final-twl-state T)
     (is \langle - \leq SPEC(\lambda T. ?P T) \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early :: 'v \ twl-st \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st \ nres \ where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early S_0 =
  do \{
    ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
    (ebrk,\ brk,\ T,\ n) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(ebrk,\ brk,\ T,\ n).\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-inv\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n
      (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
      (\lambda(ebrk, brk, S, n).
      do \{
         T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop } S;
        (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog T;
        (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog \ T \ n \ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
        RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
      })
      (ebrk, False, S_0, \theta);
    if \neg brk then do {
      (brk,\ T,\ 	ext{-}) \leftarrow \ \dot{W} HILE_T \lambda(brk,\ T,\ n).\ cdcl\text{-twl-stgy-restart-prog-inv}\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n
 (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
 (\lambda(brk, S, n).
 do \{
   T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop } S;
   (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog T;
   (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog \ T \ n \ brk;
   RETURN (brk, T, n)
 (False, T, n);
      RETURN T
    else\ RETURN\ T
  }>
lemma (in twl-restart) cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-early-spec:
  assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stqy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
  shows
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early S \leq SPEC(\lambda T. \exists n. cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers (S, \theta) (T, n)
        final-twl-state T
    (is \langle - \leq SPEC(\lambda T. ?P T) \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded :: 'v twl-st \Rightarrow (bool \times 'v twl-st) nres where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded S_0 =
  do \{
    ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
    (ebrk, brk, T, n) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(ebrk, brk, T, n). cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-inv S_0 brk T n
      (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
      (\lambda(ebrk, brk, S, n).
      do \{
         T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop } S;
        (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog T;
        (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog \ T \ n \ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
        RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
```

```
})
      (ebrk, False, S_0, \theta);
    RETURN (brk, T)
  }>
lemma (in twl-restart) cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-bounded-spec:
  assumes \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and \langle twl-stqy-invs S \rangle and \langle clauses-to-update S = \{\#\} \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}conflict \ S = None \rangle
 shows
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded S \leq SPEC(\lambda(brk, T)). \exists n. cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-with-leftovers (S, S)
\theta) (T, n) \wedge
       (brk \longrightarrow final-twl-state \ T))
    (is \langle - \leq SPEC ?P \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
end
end
theory Watched-Literals-List
 imports WB-More-Refinement-List Watched-Literals-Algorithm CDCL.DPLL-CDCL-W-Implementation
    Refine-Monadic.Refine-Monadic
begin
lemma mset-take-mset-drop-mset: \langle (\lambda x. mset (take 2 x) + mset (drop 2 x)) = mset \rangle
lemma mset-take-mset-drop-mset': (mset (take 2 x) + mset (drop 2 x) = mset x)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma uminus-lit-of-image-mset:
  \langle \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ A\#\} = \{\#-\ lit\text{-}of\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ B\#\} \longleftrightarrow
     \{\#lit\text{-}of\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ A\#\} = \{\#lit\text{-}of\ x.\ x\in\#\ B\#\} \}
  for A :: \langle ('a \ literal, 'a \ literal, 'b) \ annotated-lit \ multiset \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
          Second Refinement: Lists as Clause
```

1.3

1.3.1Types

```
type-synonym 'v clauses-to-update-l = \langle nat \ multiset \rangle
type-synonym 'v clause-l = \langle v | literal | list \rangle
type-synonym 'v clauses-l = \langle (nat, ('v clause-l \times bool)) fmap \rangle
type-synonym 'v conflict = \langle v | clause | option \rangle
type-synonym 'v cconflict-l = \langle 'v | literal | list | option \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-st-l =
  \langle ('v, nat) \ ann-lits \times 'v \ clauses-l \times 
     'v\ cconflict \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ clauses-to-update-l \times 'v\ lit-queue
fun clauses-to-update-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses-to-update-l \rangle where
  \langle clauses-to-update-l (-, -, -, -, WS, -) = WS
fun get-trail-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow (v, nat) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ (M, -, -, -, -, -, -) = M \rangle
```

 $\mathbf{fun} \ \mathit{set-clauses-to-update-l} \ :: \ \langle 'v \ \mathit{clauses-to-update-l} \ \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-l} \ \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \mathit{twl-st-l} \rangle \ \mathbf{where}$

```
\langle set-clauses-to-update-l WS (M, N, D, NE, UE, -, Q) = (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
fun literals-to-update-l:: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause \rangle where
  \langle literals-to-update-l\ (-, -, -, -, -, -, Q) = Q \rangle
fun set-literals-to-update-l :: \langle v \ clause \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow where
  \langle set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ Q\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ \text{-} \rangle = (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \rangle
fun get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ cconflict\rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ (-, -, D, -, -, -, -) = D \rangle
fun get-clauses-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses-l \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N \rangle
fun qet-unit-clauses-l :: ('v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses) where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE+UE \rangle
fun qet-unit-init-clauses-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
\langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE \rangle
fun get-unit-learned-clauses-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
\langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=UE \rangle
fun get-init-clauses :: \langle v \ twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-clss \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N \rangle
fun get-unit-init-clauses :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=NE \rangle
fun qet-unit-learned-clss :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=UE \rangle
lemma state-decomp-to-state:
  \langle (case\ S\ of\ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \Rightarrow P\ M\ N\ U\ D\ NE\ UE\ WS\ Q) =
      P (get\text{-}trail \ S) (get\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ S) (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S) (get\text{-}conflict \ S)
          (unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ S)\ (get\text{-}init\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\ S)
          (clauses-to-update S)
          (literals-to-update S)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ state\text{-}decomp\text{-}to\text{-}state\text{-}l:
  \langle (case\ S\ of\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \Rightarrow P\ M\ N\ D\ NE\ UE\ WS\ Q) =
      P (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S) (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l S)
          (get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S)\ (get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S)
          (clauses-to-update-l S)
          (literals-to-update-l S)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-conflict' :: \langle v | clause | option \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st \rangle where
  \langle set\text{-}conflict' = (\lambda C \ (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (M, N, U, C, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
abbreviation watched-l :: \langle 'a \ clause-l \rangle \Rightarrow \langle 'a \ clause-l \rangle where
  \langle watched-l \ l \equiv take \ 2 \ l \rangle
abbreviation unwatched-l :: \langle 'a \ clause-l \Rightarrow 'a \ clause-l \rangle where
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\langle unwatched-l \ l \equiv drop \ 2 \ l \rangle
fun twl-clause-of :: \langle 'a \ clause-l \Rightarrow 'a \ clause \ twl-clause \rangle where
   \langle twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of \ l = TWL\text{-}Clause \ (mset \ (watched\text{-}l \ l)) \ (mset \ (unwatched\text{-}l \ l)) \rangle
abbreviation clause-in :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause-l \rangle \ (infix \propto 101) where
  \langle N \propto i \equiv fst \ (the \ (fmlookup \ N \ i)) \rangle
abbreviation clause-upd :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v \ clause-l \Rightarrow v \ clauses-l \rangle where
   \langle clause\text{-}upd\ N\ i\ C \equiv fmupd\ i\ (C,\ snd\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ i)))\ N \rangle
Taken from fun-upd.
nonterminal updclsss and updclss
syntax
                                                                               ((2-\hookrightarrow/-))
   -updclss :: 'a \ clauses - l \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow updclss
              :: updbind \Rightarrow updbinds
                                                                  (-)
   -updclsss:: updclss \Rightarrow updclsss \Rightarrow updclsss (-,/-)
                                                                       (-/'((-)') [1000, 0] 900)
   -Updateclss :: 'a \Rightarrow updclss \Rightarrow 'a
translations
   -Updateclss\ f\ (-updclsss\ b\ bs) \Longrightarrow -Updateclss\ (-Updateclss\ f\ b)\ bs
  f(x \hookrightarrow y) \rightleftharpoons CONST \ clause-upd \ f \ x \ y
inductive convert-lit
  :: (\textit{'v clauses-l} \Rightarrow \textit{'v clauses} \Rightarrow \textit{('v, nat)} \ \textit{ann-lit} \Rightarrow \textit{('v, 'v clause)} \ \textit{ann-lit} \Rightarrow \textit{bool})
   \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ (Decided \ K) \ (Decided \ K) \rangle
  \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ (Propagated \ K \ C) \ (Propagated \ K \ C') \rangle
     if \langle C' = mset \ (N \propto C) \rangle and \langle C \neq \theta \rangle
   \langle convert\text{-lit } N \ E \ (Propagated \ K \ C) \ (Propagated \ K \ C') \rangle
     if \langle C = \theta \rangle and \langle C' \in \# E \rangle
definition convert-lits-l where
   \langle convert\text{-lits-l } N E = \langle p2rel \ (convert\text{-lit } N E) \rangle \ list\text{-rel} \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-nil[simp]:
   \langle ([], a) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \longleftrightarrow a = [] \rangle
   \langle (b, []) \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \longleftrightarrow b = [] \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-cons[simp]:
   (L \# M, L' \# M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \longleftrightarrow
      convert-lit N \ E \ L \ L' \land (M, M') \in convert-lits-l N \ E \land C
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma take-convert-lits-lD:
   \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \Longrightarrow
      (take \ n \ M, \ take \ n \ M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-consE:
   (Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M,\ x)\in convert\mbox{-lits-l}\ N\ E\Longrightarrow
     (\bigwedge L' \ C' \ M'. \ x = Propagated \ L' \ C' \# \ M' \Longrightarrow (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N \ E \Longrightarrow
```

convert-lit N E (Propagated L C) (Propagated L' C') \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-append[simp]:
   \langle length \ M1 = length \ M1' \Longrightarrow
   (M1 @ M2, M1' @ M2') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \longleftrightarrow (M1, M1') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \land
              (M2, M2') \in convert\text{-lits-l } NE
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-map-lit-of: \langle (ay, bq) \in convert-lits-l \ N \ e \Longrightarrow map \ lit-of \ ay = map \ lit-of \ bq \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-tlD:
   \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \Longrightarrow
       (tl\ M,\ tl\ M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N\ E)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma get-clauses-l-set-clauses-to-update-l[simp]:
   \langle qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \; (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \; WC \; S) = qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \; S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma get-trail-l-set-clauses-to-update-l[simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ WC \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma get-trail-set-clauses-to-update[simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ WC\ S) = get\text{-}trail\ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation resolve-cls-l where
   \langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l \ L \ D' \ E \equiv union\text{-}mset\text{-}list \ (remove1 \ (-L) \ D') \ (remove1 \ L \ E) \rangle
lemma mset-resolve-cls-l-resolve-cls[iff]:
   (mset \ (resolve-cls-l \ L \ D' \ E) = cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve-cls L \ (mset \ D') \ (mset \ E)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma resolve-cls-l-nil-iff:
   \langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l \ L \ D' \ E = [] \longleftrightarrow cdcl_W\text{-}restart\text{-}mset.resolve\text{-}cls \ L \ (mset \ D') \ (mset \ E) = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-of-convert-lit[simp]:
  \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ L \ L' \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of \ L' = lit\text{-}of \ L \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-decided-convert-lit[simp]:
   \langle convert\text{-}lit \ N \ E \ L \ L' \Longrightarrow is\text{-}decided \ L' \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}decided \ L \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma defined-lit-convert-lits-l[simp]: \langle (M, M') \in convert-lits-l \mid N \mid E \implies
   defined-lit M' = defined-lit M
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma no-dup-convert-lits-l[simp]: \langle (M, M') \in convert-lits-l N E \Longrightarrow
  no\text{-}dup\ M' \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup\ M\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
     count-decided-convert-lits-l[simp]:
        \langle count\text{-}decided\ M'=count\text{-}decided\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
     get-level-convert-lits-l[simp]:
        \langle get\text{-}level\ M'=get\text{-}level\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
     qet-maximum-level-convert-lits-l[simp]:
        \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M'=get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma list-of-l-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
        \langle lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M'=\ lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-proped-hd-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \rangle and \langle M \neq [] \rangle
  shows (is\text{-}proped\ (hd\ M') \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}proped\ (hd\ M))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-decided-hd-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \rangle and \langle M \neq [] \rangle
     \langle is\text{-}decided \ (hd\ M') \longleftrightarrow is\text{-}decided \ (hd\ M) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-of-hd-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \rangle and \langle M \neq [] \rangle
  shows
     \langle lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ M') = lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ M) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-of-l-convert-lits-l[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows
        \langle lit\text{-}of \text{ '} set M' = lit\text{-}of \text{ '} set M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
The order of the assumption is important for simpler use.
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\text{-}extend\text{-}mono:
  assumes \langle (a,b) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N\ E \rangle
      \forall L \ i. \ Propagated \ L \ i \in set \ a \longrightarrow mset \ (N \propto i) = mset \ (N' \propto i) \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \langle E \subseteq \# \ E' \rangle
  shows
     \langle (a,b) \in convert\text{-lits-l } N' E' \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-nil-iff[simp]:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
        \langle M' = [] \longleftrightarrow M = [] \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-atm-lits-of-l:
  assumes \langle (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ E \rangle
  shows \langle atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M = atm\text{-}of ' lits\text{-}of\text{-}l M' \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma \ convert-lits-l-true-clss-clss[simp]:
   ((M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \Longrightarrow M' \models as \ C \longleftrightarrow M \models as \ C)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lit-propagated-decided[iff]:
   \langle convert\text{-lit } b \ d \ (Propagated \ x21 \ x22) \ (Decided \ x1) \longleftrightarrow False \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lit-decided[iff]:
   \langle convert\text{-lit } b \ d \ (Decided \ x1) \ (Decided \ x2) \longleftrightarrow x1 = x2 \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lit-decided-propagated[iff]:
   \langle convert\text{-lit } b \ d \ (Decided \ x1) \ (Propagated \ x21 \ x22) \longleftrightarrow False \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-lit-of-mset[simp]:
   ((a, af) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N\ E \Longrightarrow lit\text{-}of '\# mset\ af = lit\text{-}of '\# mset\ a)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\text{-}imp\text{-}same\text{-}length:
   \langle (a, b) \in convert\text{-lits-l } N E \Longrightarrow length \ a = length \ b \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ convert	ext{-}lits	ext{-}l	ext{-}decomp	ext{-}ex:
  assumes
     H: (Decided \ K \ \# \ a, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ x) \  and
     xxa: \langle (x, xa) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ aa \ ac \rangle
  shows \exists M2. (Decided K \# drop (length xa - length a) xa, M2)
                  \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition xa) (is ?decomp) and
          \langle (a, drop (length \ xa - length \ a) \ xa) \in convert\text{-lits-}l \ aa \ ac \rangle \ (is \ ?a)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma in-convert-lits-lD:
  \langle K \in set \ TM \Longrightarrow
     (M, TM) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ NE \Longrightarrow
        \exists K'. K' \in set M \land convert\text{-lit } N NE K' K
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-convert-lits-lD2:
   \langle K \in set \ M \Longrightarrow
     (M, TM) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l \ N \ NE \Longrightarrow
```

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\exists K'. K' \in set \ TM \land convert\text{-lit} \ NEKK'
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-l-filter-decided: \langle (S, S') \in convert-lits-l \ M \ N \Longrightarrow
    map\ lit-of\ (filter\ is-decided\ S')=map\ lit-of\ (filter\ is-decided\ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma convert-lits-lI:
   \textit{elength } M = \textit{length } M' \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge i. \ i < \textit{length } M \Longrightarrow \textit{convert-lit } N \ \textit{NE} \ (M!i) \ (M'!i)) \Longrightarrow
      (M, M') \in convert\text{-lits-l } N NE
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation ran\text{-}mf :: \langle v \ clauses\text{-}l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause\text{-}l \ multiset \rangle \text{ where}
   \langle ran\text{-}mf \ N \equiv fst \ '\# \ ran\text{-}m \ N \rangle
abbreviation learned-clss-l:: (v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ clause-l \times bool) \ multiset) where
   \langle learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \equiv \{ \# C \in \# \ ran\text{-}m \ N. \ \neg snd \ C \# \} \rangle
abbreviation learned-clss-lf :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause-l \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N \equiv fst \text{ '}\# \ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
definition get-learned-clss-l where
   \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ S = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S) \rangle
abbreviation init-clss-l :: (v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ clause-l \times bool) \ multiset) where
   \langle init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \equiv \{ \# C \in \# \ ran\text{-}m \ N. \ snd \ C \# \} \rangle
abbreviation init-clss-lf :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause-l \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N \equiv fst \ '\# \ init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
abbreviation all-clss-l:: (v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ clause-l \times bool) \ multiset) where
   \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \equiv init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N + learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
lemma all-clss-l-ran-m[simp]:
   \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ N=ran\text{-}m\ N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation all-clss-lf :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow v \ clause-l \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \equiv init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N + learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \rangle
lemma all-clss-lf-ran-m: \langle all\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N=fst\ '\#\ ran\text{-}m\ N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation irred :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle irred\ N\ C \equiv snd\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ C)) \rangle
definition irred' where (irred' = irred)
lemma ran-m-ran: \langle fset-mset (ran-m N) = fmran N \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
fun get-learned-clauses-l:: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause-l \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \rangle
lemma ran-m-clause-upd:
```

assumes

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NC: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle
    shows \langle ran\text{-}m \ (N(C \hookrightarrow C')) =
                     add-mset (C', irred \ N \ C) \ (remove1\text{-mset} \ (N \propto C, irred \ N \ C) \ (ran-m \ N))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-m-mapsto-upd:
    assumes
         NC: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle
    shows \langle ran\text{-}m \text{ } (fmupd \text{ } C \text{ } C' \text{ } N) =
                     add-mset C' (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (ran-m N))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-m-mapsto-upd-notin:
    assumes
         NC: \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m N \rangle
    shows \langle ran\text{-}m \ (fmupd \ C \ C' \ N) = add\text{-}mset \ C' \ (ran\text{-}m \ N) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-update[simp]:
     (bh \in \# dom\text{-}m \ ax \Longrightarrow size \ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (ax(bh \hookrightarrow C))) = size \ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ ax))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma Ball-ran-m-dom:
     \langle (\forall x \in \#ran\text{-}m \ N. \ P \ (fst \ x)) \longleftrightarrow (\forall x \in \#dom\text{-}m \ N. \ P \ (N \propto x)) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma Ball-ran-m-dom-struct-wf:
     (\forall x \in \#ran\text{-}m \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of \ (fst \ x))) \longleftrightarrow
            (\forall x \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N. \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of \ (N \propto x)))
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-lf-fmdrop[simp]:
     \forall irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom-m\ N \Longrightarrow init-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \propto C)\ (init-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \propto C)\ (init-clss-lf\ N \propto C)
N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-lf-fmdrop-irrelev[simp]:
    \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \implies init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-lf-lf-fmdrop[simp]:
   \neg irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom-m\ N \Longrightarrow learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \propto C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (N \sim C)\ (learned-clss-lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove
N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-l-fmdrop: (\neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow
    learned-clss-l\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ C))\ (learned-clss-l\ N)
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-lf-lf-fmdrop-irrelev[simp]:
     \langle irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-mf-lf-fmdrop[simp]:
     (C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}mf \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = remove1\text{-}mset \ (N \propto C) \ (ran\text{-}mf \ N))
     \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma ran-mf-lf-fmdrop-notin[simp]:
  \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}mf \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = ran\text{-}mf \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma lookup-None-notin-dom-m[simp]:
  \langle fmlookup \ N \ i = None \longleftrightarrow i \notin \# \ dom-m \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
While it is tempting to mark the two following theorems as [simp], this would break more
simplifications since ran-mf is only an abbreviation for ran-m.
lemma ran-m-fmdrop:
  \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}m \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = remove 1\text{-}mset \ (N \propto C, irred \ N \ C) \ (ran\text{-}m \ N) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-m-fmdrop-notin:
  \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}m \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = ran\text{-}m \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-fmdrop-irrelev:
  \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-fmdrop:
  \langle irred\ N\ C \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom-m\ N \Longrightarrow init-clss-l\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) = remove1-mset\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ C))
(init-clss-l\ N)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma ran-m-lf-fmdrop:
  (C \in \# dom - m \ N \Longrightarrow ran - m \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) = remove 1 - mset \ (the \ (fmlookup \ N \ C)) \ (ran - m \ N)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition twl-st-l :: \langle - \Rightarrow ('v \ twl-st-l \times 'v \ twl-st \rangle \ set \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
\langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ L =
  \{((M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q), (M', N', U', C', NE', UE', WS', Q')\}.
       (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N\ (NE+UE) \land
       N' = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\# init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf N \wedge
       U' = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\# learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf N \wedge
       C^{\,\prime} = \, C \, \wedge \,
       NE' = NE \wedge
       UE' = UE \wedge
       WS' = (case\ L\ of\ None \Rightarrow \{\#\}\ |\ Some\ L \Rightarrow image-mset\ (\lambda j.\ (L,\ twl-clause-of\ (N\propto j)))\ WS) \land
       Q' = Q
  }>
lemma clss-state_W-of[twl-st]:
  assumes \langle (S, R) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l L \rangle
  shows
  (init\text{-}clss\ (state_W\text{-}of\ R) = mset\ '\#\ (init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S)) +
      get-unit-init-clauses-l S > l
  (learned-clss\ (state_W-of\ R) = mset\ '\#\ (learned-clss-lf\ (get-clauses-l\ S)) +
      get-unit-learned-clauses-l(S)
 \langle proof \rangle
```

 $\mathbf{named\text{-}theorems} \ \textit{twl-st-l} \ \langle \textit{Conversions simp rules} \rangle$

```
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   assumes \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l L \rangle
   shows
      \langle (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l S, qet\text{-}trail T) \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) (qet\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}clauses \ T = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\# fst '\# ran\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S) \rangle and
     \langle qet\text{-}conflict \ T = qet\text{-}conflict-l \ S \rangle and
     \langle L = None \Longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
     \langle L \neq None \Longrightarrow clauses-to-update T =
           (\lambda j. (the L, twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto j))) '# clauses-to-update-l S and
     \langle literals-to-update \ T = literals-to-update-l \ S \rangle
     \langle backtrack-lvl\ (state_W-of\ T) = count-decided\ (get-trail-l\ S) \rangle
     \langle unit\text{-}clss \ T = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \rangle
     \langle cdcl_W - restart - mset.clauses \ (state_W - of \ T) =
            mset ' \# ran\text{-}mf (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) + qet\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) and
     \langle no\text{-}dup \ (get\text{-}trail \ T) \longleftrightarrow no\text{-}dup \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     \langle lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\ T) = lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S) \rangle and
     \langle count\text{-}decided \ (qet\text{-}trail \ T) = count\text{-}decided \ (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T = [] \longleftrightarrow get\text{-trail-}l\ S = [] \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-}trail\ T \neq [] \longleftrightarrow get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S \neq [] \rangle and
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \neq [] \Longrightarrow is\text{-proped } (hd \ (get\text{-trail} \ T)) \longleftrightarrow is\text{-proped } (hd \ (get\text{-trail-}l \ S)) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \neq [] \Longrightarrow is\text{-decided (hd (get\text{-trail} \ T))} \longleftrightarrow is\text{-decided (hd (get\text{-trail-}l \ S))} \rangle
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \neq [] \Longrightarrow lit\text{-of } (hd \ (get\text{-trail} \ T)) = lit\text{-of } (hd \ (get\text{-trail-}l \ S)) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}level \ (get\text{-}trail \ T) = get\text{-}level \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\ T) = get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S) \rangle
     \langle get\text{-trail} \ T \models as \ D \longleftrightarrow get\text{-trail-}l \ S \models as \ D \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) [twl-st-l]:
 \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ b \Longrightarrow get\text{-all-init-clss} \ T = mset \text{ '# init-clss-lf (get-clauses-l S)} + get\text{-unit-init-clauses}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   assumes \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l L \rangle
   shows (lit-of 'set (qet-trail T) = lit-of 'set (qet-trail-l(S))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ D \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
fun remove-one-lit-from-wq :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-st-l} \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-st-l} \rangle where
   (remove-one-lit-from-wq\ L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=(M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ remove-1-mset\ L\ WS,\ Q)
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle qet-conflict-l \ (set-clauses-to-update-l \ W \ S) = qet-conflict-l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle get-conflict-l \ (remove-one-lit-from-wq\ L\ S) = get-conflict-l\ S\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle literals-to-update-l (set-clauses-to-update-l Cs S) = literals-to-update-l S)
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ [twl-st-l]: \langle get-unit-clauses-l \ (set-clauses-to-update-l \ Cs \ S) = get-unit-clauses-l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]: \langle qet-unit-clauses-l (remove-one-lit-from-wq L S) = qet-unit-clauses-l S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-state-to-l[twl-st-l]: \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} L \Longrightarrow
   init-clss\ (state_W-of\ S') = mset\ '\#\ init-clss-lf\ (get-clauses-l\ S) + get-unit-init-clauses-l\ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ Cs\ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq \ L \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq \ L \ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq \ L \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   (get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ Cs\ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \; (remove\text{-}one\text{-}lit\text{-}from\text{-}wq \; L \; S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \; S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-to-update-l-remove-one-lit-from-wq[simp]:
   \langle literals-to-update-l (remove-one-lit-from-wq L T) = literals-to-update-l T\rangle
lemma clauses-to-update-l-remove-one-lit-from-wq[simp]:
   \langle clauses-to-update-l (remove-one-lit-from-wq L T) = remove1-mset L (clauses-to-update-l T)
   \langle proof \rangle
declare twl-st-l[simp]
lemma unit-init-clauses-get-unit-init-clauses-l[twl-st-l]:
  \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ L \Longrightarrow unit\text{-init-clauses} \ T = get\text{-unit-init-clauses-l} \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-state-to-l[twl-st-l]: \langle (S, S') \in twl-st-lL \Longrightarrow
   cdcl_W-restart-mset.clauses (state_W-of S') = mset '# ran-mf (get-clauses-l S) +
      get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S\ +\ get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S
angle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma\ clauses-to-update-l-set-clauses-to-update-l[twl-st-l]:
   \langle clauses-to-update-l (set-clauses-to-update-l WS S) = WS\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma hd-get-trail-twl-st-of-get-trail-l:
   \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ L \Longrightarrow get\text{-trail-l} \ S \neq [] \Longrightarrow
     lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ (get\text{-}trail\ T)) = lit\text{-}of\ (hd\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-st-l-mark-of-hd:
    \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ b \Longrightarrow
             get-trail-l \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
             is-proped (hd (get-trail-l x)) \Longrightarrow
             mark-of (hd (get-trail-l x)) > 0 \Longrightarrow
              mark-of (hd (get-trail y)) = mset (get-clauses-l x \propto mark-of (hd (get-trail-l x)))
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-st-l-lits-of-tl:
    \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ b \Longrightarrow
             lits-of-l (tl (get-trail y)) = (lits-of-l (tl (get-trail-l x)))\rangle
lemma twl-st-l-mark-of-is-decided:
    \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-st-l} \ b \Longrightarrow
             get-trail-l \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
             is-decided (hd (get-trail y)) = is-decided (hd (get-trail-l x))
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-st-l-mark-of-is-proped:
    \langle (x, y) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ b \Longrightarrow
             get-trail-l \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
              is\text{-proped} (hd (get\text{-trail } y)) = is\text{-proped} (hd (get\text{-trail-} l x))
    \langle proof \rangle
fun equality-except-trail :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}trail\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q') \longleftrightarrow
       N = N' \wedge D = D' \wedge NE = NE' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q'
fun equality-except-conflict-l:: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle equality-except-conflict-l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q') \longleftrightarrow
       M = M' \wedge N = N' \wedge NE = NE' \wedge UE = UE' \wedge WS = WS' \wedge Q = Q'
lemma equality-except-conflict-l-rewrite:
    assumes \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S \ T \rangle
    shows
        \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S=get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ T \rangle and
        \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma equality-except-conflict-l-alt-def:
  \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S\ T\longleftrightarrow
     get-trail-l S = get-trail-l T \land get-clauses-l S = get-clauses-l T \land get-clauses-l S = ge
           \textit{get-unit-init-clauses-l } S = \textit{get-unit-init-clauses-l } T \ \land \\
           get-unit-learned-clauses-l S = get-unit-learned-clauses-l T \land get
           literals-to-update-l S = literals-to-update-l T \wedge
           clauses-to-update-l S = clauses-to-update-l T
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma equality-except-conflict-alt-def:
  \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow
      get-trail S = get-trail T \land get-init-clauses S = get-init-clauses T \land get
           get-learned-clss S = get-learned-clss T \land get
           get-init-learned-clss S = get-init-learned-clss T \land get
```

```
unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ S = unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ T \land \\ literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S = literals\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T \land \\ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ S = clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update \ T \land \\ \langle proof \rangle
```

1.3.2 Additional Invariants and Definitions

```
definition twl-list-invs where
       \langle twl-list-invs S \longleftrightarrow
             (\forall C \in \# clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l S. C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S)) \land
             0 \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) \land
             (\forall L\ C.\ Propagated\ L\ C \in set\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S) \longrightarrow (C > 0 \longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S) \land
                    (C > 0 \longrightarrow L \in set (watched-l (get-clauses-l S \propto C)) \land
                                 (length (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) > 2 \longrightarrow L = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C \ ! \ 0)))) \land
              distinct-mset (clauses-to-update-l(S))
definition polarity where
       \langle polarity \ M \ L =
             (if undefined-lit M L then None else if L \in lits-of-l M then Some True else Some False))
\mathbf{lemma} \ polarity\text{-}None\text{-}undefined\text{-}lit:} \ \langle is\text{-}None \ (polarity \ M \ L) \Longrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit \ M \ L \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma polarity-spec:
       assumes \langle no\text{-}dup \ M \rangle
      shows
              \langle RETURN \ (polarity \ M \ L) \leq SPEC(\lambda v. \ (v = None \longleftrightarrow undefined-lit \ M \ L) \land
                    (v = Some \ True \longleftrightarrow L \in lits - of - l \ M) \land (v = Some \ False \longleftrightarrow -L \in lits - of - l \ M))
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma polarity-spec':
       assumes \langle no\text{-}dup \ M \rangle
       shows
              \langle polarity \ M \ L = None \longleftrightarrow undefined\text{-}lit \ M \ L \rangle and
             \langle polarity \ M \ L = Some \ True \longleftrightarrow L \in lits-of-l \ M \rangle and
              \langle polarity \ M \ L = Some \ False \longleftrightarrow -L \in lits of l \ M \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
definition find-unwatched-l where
       \langle find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l\ M\ C = SPEC\ (\lambda(found).
                    (found = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in set (unwatched-l C). -L \in lits-of-l M)) \land
                    (\forall j. found = Some \ j \longrightarrow (j < length \ C \land (undefined-lit \ M \ (C!j) \lor C!j \in lits-of-l \ M) \land j \ge 2)))
definition set-conflict-l :: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \rangle where
       \langle set\text{-conflict-}l = (\lambda C \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (M, N, Some \ (mset \ C), NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \rangle
definition propagate-lit-l :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow nat 
       \langle propagate-lit-l = (\lambda L' \ C \ i \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q).
                    let N = (if \ length \ (N \propto C) > 2 \ then \ N(C \hookrightarrow (swap \ (N \propto C) \ 0 \ (Suc \ 0 - i))) \ else \ N) \ in
                    (Propagated\ L'\ C\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q))
definition update\text{-}clause\text{-}l :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ nres \rangle where
       \langle update\text{-}clause\text{-}l = (\lambda C \ i \ f \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \ do \ \{ \}
                       let N' = N \ (C \hookrightarrow (swap \ (N \propto C) \ i \ f));
                       RETURN (M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
```

```
})>
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv
       :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
       \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}inv\ L\ C\ S \longleftrightarrow
         (\exists S'. (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l S + \{\#C\#\}) S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l (Some L) \land
              twl-struct-invs S' <math>\wedge
             twl-stgy-invs S' <math>\wedge
              C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) \land
              C > 0 \wedge
             0 < length (get-clauses-l S \propto C) \land
             no-dup (get-trail-l S) \land
             (if (get-clauses-l S \propto C)! 0 = L then 0 else 1) < length (get-clauses-l S \propto C) \wedge
              1 - (if (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1) < length (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \land
             L \in set \ (watched - l \ (get - clauses - l \ S \propto C)) \land
             get-conflict-l S = None
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow literal \Rightarrow liter
       'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ nres \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
       \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\ L\ C\ S=do\ \{
                    ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}inv\ L\ C\ S);
                    K \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda K. \ K \in set \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C));
                    let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ K;
                    if \ val\text{-}K = Some \ True \ then \ RETURN \ S
                    else do {
                           let i = (if (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
                           let L' = (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S \propto C) ! (1-i);
                           let \ val-L' = polarity \ (get-trail-l \ S) \ L';
                           if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                           then RETURN S
                           else do {
                                         f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C);
                                         case\ f\ of
                                               None \Rightarrow
                                                      if\ val-L' = Some\ False
                                                      then RETURN (set-conflict-l (get-clauses-l S \propto C) S)
                                                      else RETURN (propagate-lit-l L' C i S)
                                        | Some f \Rightarrow do {
                                                      ASSERT(f < length (get-clauses-l S \propto C));
                                                      let K = (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S \propto C)!f;
                                                      let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ K;
                                                      if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True\ then
                                                              RETURN S
                                                             update-clause-l C i f S
                                               }
                                 }
                   }
lemma refine-add-invariants:
      assumes
             \langle (f S) \leq SPEC(\lambda S', Q S') \rangle and
```

```
\langle y \leq \downarrow \{ (S, S'). P S S' \} (f S) \rangle
  shows \langle y \leq \downarrow \{(S, S'). P S S' \land Q S'\} (f S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-tuple[simp]:
   \langle cdcl_W \text{-restart-mset.clauses} \ (M, \{ \#f \ x \ . \ x \in \# \ init\text{-clss-l} \ N\# \} + NE, \}
      \{\#f\ x\ .\ x\in\#\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ N\#\}\ +\ UE,\ D)=\{\#f\ x.\ x\in\#\ all\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ N\#\}\ +\ NE\ +\ UE\}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-enqueued-alt-simps[simp]:
   \langle valid\text{-}enqueued\ S\longleftrightarrow
     (\forall (L, C) \in \# clauses-to-update S. L \in \# watched C \land C \in \# get-clauses S \land A)
         -L \in lits-of-l (get-trail S) \land get-level (get-trail S) L = count-decided (get-trail S)) \land
      (\forall L \in \# literals-to-update S.
             -L \in lits-of-l (qet-trail S) \land qet-level (qet-trail S) L = count-decided (qet-trail S))
   \langle proof \rangle
declare valid-enqueued.simps[simp del]
lemma set-clauses-simp[simp]:
   \langle f \text{ } \{a.\ a \in \# \text{ } ran\text{-}m \text{ } N \land \neg \text{ } snd \text{ } a\} \cup f \text{ } \{a.\ a \in \# \text{ } ran\text{-}m \text{ } N \land \text{ } snd \text{ } a\} \cup A = A \text{ } \{a.\ a \in \# \text{ } ran\text{-}m \text{ } N \land \text{ } snd \text{ } a\} \cup A \text{ } \{a.\ a \in \# \text{ } ran\text{-}m \text{ } N \land \text{ } snd \text{ } a\} \cup A \text{ } \{a.\ a \in \# \text{ } ran\text{-}m \text{ } N \land \text{ } snd \text{ } a\} \text{ } \}
   f ' \{a.\ a \in \# \ ran-m \ N\} \cup A\}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-clause-upd:
   \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
     init-clss-l (N(C \hookrightarrow C')) =
      add-mset (C', irred N C) (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (init-clss-l N))
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}l\text{-}mapsto\text{-}upd:
   \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
   init-clss-l (fmupd\ C\ (C',\ True)\ N) =
      add-mset (C', irred N C) (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (init-clss-l N))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd:
   \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
   learned-clss-l (fmupd C (C', False) N) =
        add-mset (C', irred N C) (remove1-mset (N \propto C, irred N C) (learned-clss-l N))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-mapsto-upd-irrel: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \neg irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
   init-clss-l (fmupd C (C', False) N) = init-clss-l N)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-maps
to-upd-irrel-notin: \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow
   init-clss-l (fmupd\ C\ (C',\ False)\ N) = init-clss-l N > 0
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd-irrel: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow
   learned-clss-l (fmupd\ C\ (C',\ True)\ N) = learned-clss-l\ N)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd-notin: \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow \rangle
   learned-clss-l \ (fmupd \ C \ (C', False) \ N) = add-mset \ (C', False) \ (learned-clss-l \ N)
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma in-ran-mf-clause-inI[intro]:
   \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow i = irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow (N \propto C, i) \in \# ran\text{-}m \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-mapsto-upd-notin:
   \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmupd \ C \ (C', True) \ N) =
       add-mset (C', True) (init-clss-l N)\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-mapsto-upd-notin-irrelev: \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m | N \Longrightarrow \rangle
   learned-clss-l (fmupd C (C', True) N) = learned-clss-l N)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma clause-twl-clause-of: \langle clause\ (twl-clause-of\ C) = mset\ C \rangle for C
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-l-fmdrop-irrelev: \langle irred \ N \ C \Longrightarrow \rangle
   learned-clss-l (fmdrop\ C\ N) = learned-clss-l\ N)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-fmdrop-if:
   \langle C \in \# \text{ dom-m } N \Longrightarrow \text{ init-clss-l (fmdrop } C N) = \text{ (if irred } N \text{ } C \text{ then remove1-mset (the (fmlookup } N)) }
C)) (init-clss-l N)
     else init-clss-l N)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-clss-l-fmupd-if:
   \langle C' \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ new \implies init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmupd \ C' \ D \ new) = (if \ snd \ D \ then \ add\text{-}mset \ D \ (init\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ new)
else init-clss-l new)>
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-fmdrop-if:
  \langle C \in \# \text{ dom-m } N \Longrightarrow \text{ learned-clss-l (fmdrop } C N) = (\text{if } \neg \text{irred } N \text{ } C \text{ then remove1-mset (the (fmlookup } C N)) = (\text{if } \neg \text{irred } N \text{ } C \text{ then remove1-mset (the (fmlookup } C N))) = (\text{if } \neg \text{irred } N \text{ } C \text{ then remove1-mset (the (fmlookup } C N))))
N(C)) (learned-clss-l N)
      else\ learned-clss-l\ N)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma learned-clss-l-fmupd-if:
  \langle C' \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ new \implies learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ (fmupd \ C' \ D \ new) = (if \neg snd \ D \ then \ add\text{-}mset \ D \ (learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l
new) else learned-clss-l new)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l:
  fixes i \ C :: nat \ \mathbf{and} \ S :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ S' :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ L :: \langle 'v \ literal \rangle
  defines
      C'[simp]: \langle C' \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C \rangle
  assumes
     SS': \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (Some \ L) \rangle and
      \mathit{WS} \colon \langle \mathit{C} \in \# \mathit{clauses-to-update-l} \; \mathit{S} \rangle \; \mathbf{and} \;
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
     add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     stgy-inv: \langle twl-stgy-invs S' \rangle
  shows
```

 $\langle unit ext{-}propagation ext{-}inner ext{-}loop ext{-}body ext{-}l\ L\ C$

```
(set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S\ -\ \{\#C\#\})\ S) \le
                                    \Downarrow \{(S, S''). (S, S'') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S'' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land
                                                             twl-struct-invs S''}
                                             (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\ L\ (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ C')}
                                                            (set-clauses-to-update\ (clauses-to-update\ (S') - \{\#(L,\ twl-clause-of\ C')\#\})\ S'))
                   (\mathbf{is} \ \langle ?A \leq \Downarrow - ?B \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l2:
         assumes
                  SS': \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (Some \ L) \rangle and
                    WS: \langle C \in \# \ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
                  struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
                  add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
                  stgy-inv: \langle twl-stgy-invs S' \rangle
         shows
                    (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l L C
                                    (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S - \{\#C\#\})\ S),
                           unit-propagation-inner-loop-body L (twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto C))
                                    (set-clauses-to-update
                                             (remove1-mset (L, twl-clause-of (get-clauses-l S \propto C))
                                              (clauses-to-update S')) S'))
                  \in \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stg
                                          twl-struct-invs S'}nres-rel\rangle
          \langle proof \rangle
This a work around equality: it allows to instantiate variables that appear in goals by hand in
a reasonable way (rule \setminus -tac\ I = x\ in\ EQI).
definition EQ where
         [simp]: \langle EQ = (=) \rangle
lemma EQI: EQII
          \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-unit-propagation-inner-loop-body:
          \langle EQ L'' L'' \Longrightarrow
                  (uncurry2\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l,\ uncurry2\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-body) \in
                           \{(((L,C),S0),((L',C'),S0')). \exists S S'. L=L' \land C'=(twl-clause-of (qet-clauses-l S \propto C)) \land ((L',C'),S0')\}
                                    S0 = (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S\ -\ \{\#C\#\})\ S)\ \land
                                    S0' = (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update)
                                             (remove1\text{-}mset\ (L,\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ (get\text{-}clause\text{-}l\ S\propto C))
                                             (clauses-to-update S')) S') \land
                                 (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L) \wedge L = L'' \wedge
                                 C \in \# clauses-to-update-l S \land twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-list-invs S \land twl-stgy-invs S' \} \rightarrow_f
                           \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some L'') \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs} S' \land twl\text{-stg
                                         twl-struct-invs S'}nres-rel\rangle
          \langle proof \rangle
definition select-from-clauses-to-update :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow (v | twl-st-l \times nat) | nres \rangle where
          \langle select-from\-clauses\-to\-update\ S=SPEC\ (\lambda(S',\ C),\ C\in\#\ clauses\-to\-update\-loop\ loop\ loop\
                      S' = \textit{set-clauses-to-update-l } (\textit{clauses-to-update-l } S - \{\#C\#\}) |S\rangle\rangle
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv where
          \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv } L = (\lambda(S, n)).
                  (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-}l (Some L) \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land
                           twl-list-invs S \land (clauses-to-update S' \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0 \longrightarrow get-conflict S' = None) \land
```

```
-L \in lits-of-l (get-trail-l S)))
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-with-skip where
   \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-with-skip } L = (\lambda(S, n), do \}
     ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0);
     ASSERT(unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv }L(S, n));
     b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b. \ (b \longrightarrow n > 0) \land (\neg b \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S \neq \{\#\}));
     if \neg b then do {
        ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\});
        (S', C) \leftarrow select\text{-}from\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update S;
        T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body-l } L C S';
        RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else 0)
     } else RETURN (S, n-1)
  })>
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-l:: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l | nres \rangle where
   \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-l } L S_0 = do \{
     n \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -:: nat. True);
     (S, n) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \textit{unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv} \ \textit{L}
        (\lambda(S, n). clauses-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\} \lor n > 0)
        (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip\ }L)
        (S_0, n);
     RETURN S
\mathbf{lemma}\ set\text{-}mset\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\text{-}set\text{-}mset\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}spec\text{:}}
  assumes \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (Some \ L) \rangle
  shows
     \langle RES \ (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S)) \leq \Downarrow \{(C,\ (L',\ C')).\ L' = L \land A\}
        C' = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C)
     (RES\ (set\text{-}mset\ (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S')))
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} refine-add-inv:
  fixes f :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ } nres \rangle \text{ and } f' :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'b \text{ } nres \rangle \text{ and } h :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'a \rangle
  assumes
     \langle (f',f) \in \{(S,S').\ S'=h\ S \land R\ S\} \rightarrow \langle \{(T,T').\ T'=h\ T \land P'\ T\} \rangle\ \textit{nres-rel} \rangle
     (is \leftarrow \in ?R \rightarrow \langle \{(T, T'). ?H T T' \land P' T\} \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
     \langle \bigwedge S. \ R \ S \Longrightarrow f \ (h \ S) \leq SPEC \ (\lambda T. \ Q \ T) \rangle
  shows
     \langle (f', f) \in ?R \rightarrow \langle \{(T, T'). ?H T T' \land P' T \land Q (h T)\} \rangle \text{ nres-rel} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-add-inv-generalised:
  fixes f :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow 'b \ nres \rangle and f' :: \langle 'c \Rightarrow 'd \ nres \rangle
  assumes
     \langle (f', f) \in A \rightarrow_f \langle B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle
  assumes
     \langle \bigwedge S S'. (S, S') \in A \Longrightarrow f S' \leq RES C \rangle
     \langle (f', f) \in A \rightarrow_f \langle \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in B \land T' \in C\} \rangle \text{ nres-rel} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma refine-add-inv-pair:
  fixes f :: \langle 'a \Rightarrow ('c \times 'a) \ nres \rangle and f' :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow ('c \times 'b) \ nres \rangle and h :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'a \rangle
```

```
assumes
               \langle (f',f) \in \{(S,S'). S'=h \ S \land R \ S\} \rightarrow \langle \{(S,S'). (fst \ S'=h' \ (fst \ S) \land S'=h' \ (fst \ S) \land S'=h' \ (fst \ S')\}
               snd\ S' = h\ (snd\ S)) \land P'\ S\} \land nres-rel \land (is \leftarrow e ?R \rightarrow \langle \{(S,S').\ ?H\ S\ S' \land P'\ S\} \land nres-rel \rangle)
         assumes
                 \langle \bigwedge S. \ R \ S \Longrightarrow f \ (h \ S) \leq SPEC \ (\lambda T. \ Q \ (snd \ T)) \rangle
                 \langle (f', f) \in ?R \rightarrow \langle \{(S, S'). ?H S S' \land P' S \land Q (h (snd S))\} \rangle nres-rely
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma\ clauses-to-update-l-empty-tw-st-of-Some-None[simp]:
         \langle clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow (S, S') \in twl-st-l (Some L) \longleftrightarrow (Some L) \longleftrightarrow
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-in-trail-stays-in:
         \langle cdcl-twl-cp^{**} S' aa \Longrightarrow -x1 \in lits-of-l \ (qet-trail \ S') \Longrightarrow -x1 \in lits-of-l \ (qet-trail \ aa) \rangle
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-cp-in-trail-stays-in-l:
         \langle (x2, S') \in twl\text{-st-l} \ (Some \ x1) \implies cdcl\text{-twl-}cp^{**} \ S' \ aa \implies -x1 \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ x2) \implies
                            (a, aa) \in twl\text{-st-l} (Some \ x1) \Longrightarrow -x1 \in lits\text{-of-l} (get\text{-trail-l} \ a)
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-l:
         (uncurry\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-l,\ unit-propagation-inner-loop) \in
         \{((L, S), S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-}l \ (Some \ L) \land twl\text{-struct-invs} \ S' \land \}
                    twl-stgy-invs S' \wedge twl-list-invs S \wedge -L \in lits-of-l (get-trail-l S) \rightarrow f
         \langle \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land clauses\text{-to-update-l } T = \{\#\} \land \}
               twl-list-invs T \wedge twl-struct-invs T' \wedge twl-stgy-invs T' \rangle nres-rely
         (is \langle ?unit\text{-}prop\text{-}inner \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition clause-to-update :: \langle v|titeral \Rightarrow v|twl-st-l \Rightarrow v|
         \langle clause-to-update L S =
               filter-mset
                       (\lambda C::nat.\ L \in set\ (watched-l\ (get-clauses-l\ S \propto C)))
                       (dom\text{-}m (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S))
lemma distinct-mset-clause-to-update: (distinct-mset (clause-to-update L C))
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-clause-to-updateD: \langle b \in \# \text{ clause-to-update } L' T \Longrightarrow b \in \# \text{ dom-m } (\text{get-clauses-l } T) \rangle
         \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-clause-to-update-iff:
         \langle C \in \# \ clause\text{-to-update} \ L \ S \longleftrightarrow
                    C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S) \land L \in set \ (watched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C))
         \langle proof \rangle
definition select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow
               ('v \ twl-st-l \times 'v \ literal) \ nres \ where
         (select\text{-}and\text{-}remove\text{-}from\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\ S = SPEC(\lambda(S',\ L).\ L \in \#\ literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S \land
               S' = set-clauses-to-update-l (clause-to-update L S)
                                       (set-literals-to-update-l\ (literals-to-update-l\ S - \{\#L\#\})\ S))
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-inv where
```

 $\langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l\text{-}inv\ S\longleftrightarrow$

```
(\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S' \land twl\text{-stgy-invs } S' \land
              clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \rangle
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-l:: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
     \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l\ S_0 =
          WHILE_{T} \overset{\circ}{unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-inv}
              (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update-l\ S \neq \{\#\})
              (\lambda S. do \{
                  ASSERT(literals-to-update-l S \neq \{\#\});
                  (S', L) \leftarrow select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update S;
                  unit-propagation-inner-loop-l L S'
              (S_0 :: 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l)
lemma watched-twl-clause-of-watched: \langle watched \ (twl-clause-of \ x) \rangle = mset \ (watched-l \ x) \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}of\text{-}clause\text{-}to\text{-}update:
     assumes
          TT': \langle (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \rangle and
         \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T' \rangle
    shows
     (set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l
                (clause-to-update L'T)
                (set-literals-to-update-l\ (remove1-mset\ L'\ (literals-to-update-l\ T))\ T),
         set	ext{-}clauses	ext{-}to	ext{-}update
              (Pair L' '# {\#C \in \# get-clauses T'. L' \in \# watched C#})
              (\textit{set-literals-to-update} \ (\textit{remove1-mset} \ L' \ (\textit{literals-to-update} \ T'))
         \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (Some \ L')
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\text{-}set\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}iff:
    assumes \langle twl-list-invs T \rangle
    shows (twl-list-invs\ (set-clauses-to-update-l\ WS\ (set-literals-to-update-l\ Q\ T)) \longleftrightarrow
            ((\forall x \in \#WS. \ case \ x \ of \ C \Rightarrow C \in \#dom-m \ (qet-clauses-l \ T)) \land
            distinct-mset WS)>
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-spec:
     (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l,\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop) \in
     \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S' \land \}
          twl-stgy-invs S' \wedge twl-list-invs S \wedge clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \wedge
         get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{ (T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \wedge \} \rangle
         (twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ T\ \land\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T'\ \land\ twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}invs\ T'\ \land
                       clauses-to-update-l\ T = \{\#\}\) \land
         literals-to-update T' = \{\#\} \land clauses-to-update T' = \{\#\}
         no\text{-}step\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}cp\ T'\}\rangle\ nres\text{-}rel\rangle
     (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rangle is \langle - \in - \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma get-conflict-l-get-conflict-state-spec:
    assumes ((S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None) and (twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S) and (clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S = \{\#\})
```

```
shows \langle ((False, S), (False, S')) \rangle
  \in \{((brk, S), (brk', S')). brk = brk' \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land S'\}
    clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\}\}
  \langle proof \rangle
fun lit-and-ann-of-propagated where
  \langle lit\text{-}and\text{-}ann\text{-}of\text{-}propagated (Propagated L C) = (L, C) \rangle
  \langle lit\text{-}and\text{-}ann\text{-}of\text{-}propagated (Decided -) = undefined \rangle
      — we should never call the function in that context
definition tl-state-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle tl\text{-state-}l = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition resolve-cls-l':: (v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ clause) where
\langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l' \ S \ C \ L =
  remove1-mset L (remove1-mset (-L) (the (get-conflict-l S) \cup \# mset (get-clauses-l S \propto C)))
definition update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}l :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'v \text{ literal} \Rightarrow 'v \text{ twl-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow bool \times 'v \text{ twl-}st\text{-}l \rangle where
  \langle update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}l = (\lambda C L (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \rangle
     let D = resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}l' (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) CL in
         (False, (tl\ M,\ N,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)))
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-inv-l where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}inv\text{-}l\ S_0\ brk\ S \longleftrightarrow
   (\exists S' S_0'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land (S_0, S_0') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
     skip-and-resolve-loop-inv S_0' (brk, S') \wedge
         twl-list-invs\ S\ \land\ clauses-to-update-l\ S\ =\ \{\#\}\ \land
         (\neg is\text{-}decided\ (hd\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))\longrightarrow mark\text{-}of\ (hd(get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))>0))
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}l\ S_0 =
    do \{
       ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S_0 \neq None);
       (-, S) \leftarrow
         WHILE_T \lambda(brk, S). skip-and-resolve-loop-inv-l S_0 brk S
         (\lambda(brk, S). \neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S)))
         (\lambda(-, S).
           do \{
              let D' = the (qet\text{-conflict-}l S);
              let (L, C) = lit-and-ann-of-propagated (hd (get-trail-l S));
              if -L \notin \# D' then
                do \{RETURN (False, tl-state-l S)\}
                if get-maximum-level (get-trail-l S) (remove1-mset (-L) D') = count-decided (get-trail-l S)
                   do {RETURN (update-confl-tl-l C L S)}
                   do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
           }
         (False, S_0);
       RETURN\ S
```

context

begin

```
private lemma skip-and-resolve-l-refines:
  \langle ((brkS), brk'S') \in \{((brk, S), brk', S'). brk = brk' \land (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land ((brkS), brk'S')\}
         twl-list-invs S \wedge clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\}\} \Longrightarrow
     brkS = (brk, S) \Longrightarrow brk'S' = (brk', S') \Longrightarrow
  ((False, tl\text{-state-}l\ S), False, tl\text{-state}\ S') \in \{((brk, S), brk', S'), brk = brk' \land \}
         (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land clauses\text{-to-update-l } S = \{\#\} \}
  \langle proof \rangle lemma skip-and-resolve-skip-refine:
  assumes
     rel: \langle ((brk, S), brk', S') \in \{((brk, S), brk', S'), brk = brk' \land \}
           (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs \ S \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S = \{\#\}\} and
     dec: \langle \neg is\text{-}decided \ (hd \ (get\text{-}trail \ S')) \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     rel': ((L, C), L', C') \in \{((L, C), L', C'), L = L' \land C > 0 \land C'\}
          C' = mset (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \}  and
     LC: \langle lit\text{-}and\text{-}ann\text{-}of\text{-}propagated (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S)) = (L, C) \rangle and
     tr: \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \neq [] \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
     stgy-invs: \langle twl-stgy-invs S' \rangle and
     lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S) > 0 \rangle and
     inv: \langle case\ (brk,\ S)\ of\ (x,\ xa) \Rightarrow skip-and-resolve-loop-inv-l\ S0\ x\ xa\rangle
    \langle (update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}l\ C\ L\ S,\ False,
      update-confl-tl (Some (remove1-mset (-L') (the (get-conflict S')) \cup \# remove1-mset L'(C')) S')
           \in \{((brk, S), brk', S').
                brk = brk' \wedge
                (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
                twl-list-invs S <math>\land
                clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma get-level-same-lits-cong:
  assumes
     \langle map \ (atm\text{-}of \ o \ lit\text{-}of) \ M = map \ (atm\text{-}of \ o \ lit\text{-}of) \ M' \rangle and
     \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M = map \ is\text{-}decided \ M' \rangle
  shows \langle qet\text{-}level\ M\ L = qet\text{-}level\ M'\ L \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-in-unit-clss-have-level 0:
  assumes
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs: T \rangle and
     C: \langle C \in \# unit\text{-}clss \ T \rangle \text{ and }
     LC-T: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (get-trail T) \rangle and
     count\text{-}dec : \langle \textit{0} < \textit{count-}decided \; (\textit{get-trail} \; \textit{T}) \rangle
  shows
      \langle get\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\ T)\ L=0 \rangle\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?lev\text{-}L)\ \mathbf{and}
      \forall K \in \# C. \ get\text{-level } (get\text{-trail } T) \ K = 0 \land (is ?lev\text{-}K)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-clss-have-level1-notin-unit:
  assumes
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
     LC-T: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (get-trail T) \rangle and
     count-dec: \langle 0 < count-decided (get-trail T) \rangle and
      \langle get\text{-}level \ (get\text{-}trail \ T) \ L > 0 \rangle
  shows
```

```
\langle C \notin \# unit\text{-}clss \ T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ skip\mbox{-}and\mbox{-}resolve\mbox{-}loop\mbox{-}l\mbox{-}spec:
    \langle (skip-and-resolve-loop-l, skip-and-resolve-loop) \in
        \{(S::'v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l,\ S').\ (S,\ S')\in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S'\land
              twl-stqy-invs S' <math>\wedge
              twl-list-invs S \wedge clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \wedge literals-to-update-l S = \{
              get\text{-}conflict \ S' \neq None \ \land
              0 < count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S)\} \rightarrow_f
    \langle \{ (T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \wedge twl\text{-list-invs } T \wedge \}
        (twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T' \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ T' \land
       no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip (state_W-of T') \land
        no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve (state_W-of T') \land
       literals-to-update T' = \{\#\} \land
        clauses-to-update-T = \{\#\} \land get\text{-conflict } T' \neq None\} nres-rely
    (\mathbf{is} \ \langle -\in ?R \rightarrow_f \ -\rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
end
definition find-decomp :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l | nres \rangle where
    \langle find\text{-}decomp = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \rangle
       SPEC(\lambda S. \exists K M2 M1. S = (M1, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \land
              (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M) \land
                   get-level M K = get-maximum-level M (the D - {\#-L\#}) + 1)
lemma find-decomp-alt-def:
    \langle find\text{-}decomp \ L \ S =
         SPEC(\lambda T. \exists K M2 M1. equality-except-trail S T \land get-trail-l T = M1 \land
             (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (get-trail-l\ S))\ \land
                   get-level (get-trail-l S) K =
                       get-maximum-level (get-trail-l(S)) (the (get-conflict-l(S)) - {\#-L\#}) + 1)
    \langle proof \rangle
definition find-lit-of-max-level :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ literal \ nres \rangle where
    \langle find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) L.
      SPEC(\lambda L', L' \in \# \text{ the } D - \{\#-L\#\} \land \text{ get-level } M L' = \text{ get-maximum-level } M \text{ (the } D - \{\#-L\#\})))
definition ex-decomp-of-max-lvl :: \langle ('v, nat) | ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v | conflict \Rightarrow 'v | literal \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
    \langle ex\text{-}decomp\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}lvl \ M \ D \ L \longleftrightarrow
             (\exists K \ M1 \ M2. \ (Decided \ K \ \# \ M1, \ M2) \in set \ (get-all-ann-decomposition \ M) \land
                   get-level M K = get-maximum-level M (remove1-mset (-L) (the D)) + 1)
fun add-mset-list :: ('a list <math>\Rightarrow 'a multiset multiset <math>\Rightarrow 'a multiset multiset multiset multiset
    \langle add\text{-}mset\text{-}list\ L\ UE = add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ L)\ UE \rangle
definition (in -) list-of-mset :: ('v clause \Rightarrow 'v clause-l nres) where
    \langle list\text{-}of\text{-}mset\ D = SPEC(\lambda D',\ D = mset\ D') \rangle
fun extract-shorter-conflict-l :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \ nres \rangle
      where
    \langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) = SPEC(\lambda S.
         \exists D'. D' \subseteq \# \text{ the } D \land S = (M, N, Some D', NE, UE, WS, Q) \land
          clause '# twl-clause-of '# ran-mf N + NE + UE \models pm D' \land -(lit-of (hd M)) \in \# D'
```

```
declare extract-shorter-conflict-l.simps[simp del]
lemmas extract-shorter-conflict-l-def = extract-shorter-conflict-l.simps
lemma extract-shorter-conflict-l-alt-def:
   \langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = SPEC(\lambda\ T.
      \exists D'. D' \subseteq \# \text{ the } (\text{get-conflict-l } S) \land \text{equality-except-conflict-l } S T \land 
       get-conflict-l T = Some D' \land
      clause '# twl-clause-of '# ran-mf (get-clauses-l S) + get-unit-clauses-l S \models pm D' \land l
      -lit-of (hd (get-trail-l S)) \in \# D')
  \langle proof \rangle
definition backtrack-l-inv where
  \langle backtrack\text{-}l\text{-}inv \ S \longleftrightarrow
       (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
       get-trail-l S \neq [] \land
       no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.skip (state_W-of S') \wedge
       no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve (state_W-of S') \land
       get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S \neq None\ \land
       twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ S^{\,\prime}\ \wedge
       twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ S^{\,\prime}\ \wedge
       twl-list-invs S <math>\land
       get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S \neq Some\ \{\#\})
definition qet-fresh-index :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \ nres \rangle where
\langle get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\ N = SPEC(\lambda i.\ i > 0 \land i \notin \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) \rangle
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{propagate-bt-l} :: (\textit{'v} \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow \textit{'v} \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow \textit{'v} \ \textit{twl-st-l} \Rightarrow \textit{'v} \ \textit{twl-st-l} \ \textit{nres}) \ \textbf{where}
  \langle propagate-bt-l = (\lambda L L'(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). do \}
     D'' \leftarrow list\text{-}of\text{-}mset (the D);
    i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\ N;
     RETURN (Propagated (-L) i \# M,
         fmupd i ([-L, L'] @ (remove1 (-L) (remove1 L' D'')), False) N,
            None, NE, UE, WS, \{\#L\#\})
       })>
definition propagate-unit-bt-l :: \langle v | titeral \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle propagate-unit-bt-l = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q).
    (Propagated\ (-L)\ 0\ \#\ M,\ N,\ None,\ NE,\ add-mset\ (the\ D)\ UE,\ WS,\ \{\#L\#\}))
definition backtrack-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
  \langle backtrack-l \ S =
     do \{
       ASSERT(backtrack-l-inv\ S);
       let L = lit\text{-}of (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S));
       S \leftarrow \textit{extract-shorter-conflict-l } S;
       S \leftarrow find\text{-}decomp\ L\ S;
       if size (the (get-conflict-l(S)) > 1
       then do {
         L' \leftarrow find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\ S\ L;
         propagate-bt-l L L' S
       else do {
         RETURN (propagate-unit-bt-l L S)
```

```
}>
lemma backtrack-l-spec:
  \langle (backtrack-l, backtrack) \in
     \{(S::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l, \ S').\ (S, \ S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S \neq None \land S'\}
        get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S \neq Some\ \{\#\}\ \land
        clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land twl-list-invs S \land literals
        \textit{no-step } \textit{cdcl}_W\textit{-restart-mset.skip } (\textit{state}_W\textit{-of } S') \ \land \\
        no-step cdcl_W-restart-mset.resolve (state_W-of S') \land
        twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \rbrace \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{(T::'v \ twl\text{-st-l}, \ T'). \ (T, \ T') \in twl\text{-st-l} \ None \land get\text{-conflict-l} \ T = None \land twl\text{-list-invs} \ T \land T' \}
        twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T' \land clauses-to-update-l T = {\#} \land
        literals-to-update-l\ T \neq \{\#\}\}\ nres-rel
  (\mathbf{is} \ \langle \ - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition find-unassigned-lit-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow v \ literal \ option \ nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}l = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)).
      SPEC (\lambda L.
          (L \neq None \longrightarrow
              undefined-lit M (the L) \wedge
              atm-of (the L) \in atms-of-mm (clause '# twl-clause-of '# init-clss-lf N + NE)) \land
           (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L'. undefined-lit M L' \land)
              atm-of L' \in atms-of-mm (clause '# twl-clause-of '# init-clss-lf N + NE))))
      )>
definition decide-l-or-skip-pre where
\langle decide-l-or-skip-pre \ S \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ S'. \ (S,\ S') \in twl-st-l \ None \ \land 
   twl-struct-invs S' <math>\wedge
   twl-stqy-invs S' <math>\wedge
   twl-list-invs S <math>\land
   get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None \land
   clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land
   literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\})
definition decide-lit-l :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle decide-lit-l = (\lambda L'(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). \rangle
       (Decided\ L'\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ \{\#-\ L'\#\}))
definition decide-l-or-skip :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow (bool \times v \ twl-st-l) nres \rangle where
  \langle decide-l-or-skip S = (do \{ \})
     ASSERT(decide-l-or-skip-pre\ S);
    L \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}l S;
    case L of
       None \Rightarrow RETURN (True, S)
    | Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, decide-lit-l L S) |
  })
method match-\Downarrow =
  (match conclusion in \langle f \leq \downarrow R \ g \rangle for f :: \langle 'a \ nres \rangle and R :: \langle ('a \times 'b) \ set \rangle and
    g::\langle b \ nres \rangle \Rightarrow
    (match premises in
       I[thin, uncurry]: \langle f \leq \Downarrow R' g \rangle \text{ for } R' :: \langle ('a \times 'b) \text{ set} \rangle
```

```
\Rightarrow \langle \mathit{rule}\ \mathit{refinement-trans-long}[\mathit{of}\ \mathit{f}\ \mathit{f}\ \mathit{g}\ \mathit{g}\ \mathit{R'}\ \mathit{R},\ \mathit{OF}\ \mathit{refl}\ \mathit{refl}\ \mathsf{-}\ \mathit{I}] \rangle
               |I[thin,uncurry]: \langle - \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R' g \rangle \text{ for } R' :: \langle ('a \times 'b) \text{ set} \rangle
                                      \Rightarrow \langle rule \ refinement-trans-long[of f f g g R' R, OF \ refl \ refl - I] \rangle
               >)
lemma decide-l-or-skip-spec:
        \langle (decide-l-or-skip, decide-or-skip) \in
                \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land get\text{-conflict-l } S = None \land get\text{-conflict-l } S = No
                            twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \land twl-list-invs S \rbrace \rightarrow_f
               \langle \{((brk, T), (brk', T')). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land brk = brk' \land twl\text{-list-invs} \ T \land twl - brk' \land tw
                       clauses-to-update-l\ T = \{\#\} \land
                       (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq None \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T = Some\ \{\#\}) \land
                                  twl-struct-invs T' \wedge twl-stgy-invs T' \wedge
                                  (\neg brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update-l\ T \neq \{\#\}) \land
                                  (brk \longrightarrow literals-to-update-l\ T = \{\#\})\}\rangle\ nres-rel\rangle
        (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?S \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ refinement\text{-}trans\text{-}eq\text{:}
        \langle A = A' \Longrightarrow B = B' \Longrightarrow R' = R \Longrightarrow A \leq \Downarrow R \ B \Longrightarrow A' \leq \Downarrow R' \ B' \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-pre where
        \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
        (\exists S' . (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land
                   twl-struct-invs S' <math>\wedge
                   twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ S^{\,\prime}\ \wedge
                   twl-list-invs S)
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow (bool \times 'v \ twl-st-l) \ nres \wedge \mathbf{where}
        \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-l S =
                do \{
                       ASSERT(cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-pre\ S);
                               if get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l S = None
                               then decide-l-or-skip S
                               else if count-decided (get-trail-l S) > 0
                               then do {
                                        T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}l S;
                                      ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq Some\ \{\#\});
                                       U \leftarrow backtrack-l T;
                                      RETURN (False, U)
                              else RETURN (True, S)
             }
lemma twl-st-lE:
        \langle (\bigwedge M \ N \ D \ NE \ UE \ WS \ Q. \ T = (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \Longrightarrow P \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
\implies P \mid T \rangle
       for T :: \langle 'a \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma weaken-\Downarrow': \langle f \leq \Downarrow R' g \Longrightarrow R' \subseteq R \Longrightarrow f \leq \Downarrow R g \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-spec:
      \langle (cdcl-twl-o-prog-l, cdcl-twl-o-prog) \in
           \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land
                   clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land literals-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land no-step cdcl-twl-cp S' \land literals
                   twl-struct-invs\ S' \land\ twl-stgy-invs\ S' \land\ twl-list-invs\ S\} \rightarrow_f
          \langle \{((brk, T), (brk', T')). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land brk = brk' \land twl\text{-list-invs} \ T \land twl - brk' \land tw
                clauses-to-update-l T = \{\#\} \land
                (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \neq None \longrightarrow count\text{-}decided\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ T) = 0) \land
                  twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
      (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rightarrow \mathbf{is} \leftarrow - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?J \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
                              Full Strategy
1.3.3
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow bool \times \ 'v \ twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow bool \rangle where
      \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv \ S_0 \equiv \lambda(brk,\ T).\ \exists \ S_0'\ T'.\ (T,\ T') \in twl-st-l\ None\ \land
                   (S_0, S_0') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \wedge
                  twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T^{\,\prime} \wedge\\
                     twl-stgy-invs T' <math>\wedge
                     (brk \longrightarrow final-twl-state T') \land
                     cdcl-twl-stgy** S_0' T' \wedge
                     \mathit{clauses}\text{-}\mathit{to}\text{-}\mathit{update}\text{-}\mathit{l}\ T = \{\#\}\ \land
                     (\neg brk \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T = None)
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
      \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l S_0 =
      do \{
           do \{
                (\mathit{brk},\ T) \leftarrow \mathit{WHILE}_{\mathit{T}}^{\mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv}}\ \mathit{S}_{0}
                     (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
                     (\lambda(brk, S).
                     do {
                           T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l S;
                          cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T
                     })
                     (False, S_0);
                RETURN\ T
          }
     }
lemma cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-l-spec:
      (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l,\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog) \in
           \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land \}
                   clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land
                   twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \rbrace \rightarrow_f
          \langle \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } T \land T'\} \rangle
                twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T' \rbrace \land True \rbrace \rangle nres-rel\rangle
      (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rightarrow \mathbf{is} \leftarrow - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?J \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
fixes f :: \langle 's \Rightarrow 's \ nres \rangle and g :: \langle 'b \Rightarrow 'b \ nres \rangle
  assumes \langle (f, g) \in \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in H \land R S S'\} \rightarrow_f \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in H' \land P' S\} \rangle nres-rely
     (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \rangle)
  assumes \langle R \ S \ S' \rangle and [simp]: \langle (S, S') \in H \rangle
  shows \langle f S \leq \downarrow \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in H' \land P' S\} (g S') \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-pre where
    \langle \mathit{cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}pre}\ S\ S^{\,\prime} \longleftrightarrow \\
     ((S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S' \land twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ S' \land
        clauses-to-update-lS = \{\#\} \land get-conflict-lS = None \land twl-list-invs S)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-spec-final:
   assumes
     \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-l-pre S S' \rangle
  shows
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\ S \leq \Downarrow (twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None)\ (conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run\ S') \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-spec-final':
  assumes
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-pre S S' \rangle
  shows
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\ S \leq \emptyset \ \{(S,\ T).\ (S,\ T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S \land S \}
         twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S'} (conclusive-TWL-run S')
   \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l nres \rangle where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l S_0 =
   do \{
     b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
     (b, brk, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(b, S). cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv S_0 S_0
       (\lambda(b, brk, -). b \wedge \neg brk)
       (\lambda(-, brk, S). do \{
          T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
          T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
          b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
          RETURN(b, T)
       })
       (b, False, S_0);
     if brk\ then\ RETURN\ T
     else cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l T
   }>
lemma \ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l-spec:
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-break-l, cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-break) \in
     \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None } \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land S'\}
         clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \land
         twl-struct-invs S' \land twl-stgy-invs S' \rbrace \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in \{(T, T'). (T, T') \in \text{twl-st-l None} \land \text{twl-list-invs } T \land \}
        twl-struct-invs T' \land twl-stgy-invs T' \rbrace \land True \rbrace \rangle nres-rel
   (\mathbf{is} \ \leftarrow \ \in ?R \rightarrow_f ?I \ \mathbf{is} \ \leftarrow \ \in ?R \rightarrow_f \ (?J) \ nres-rel \)
\langle proof \rangle
```

 $\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}l\text{-}spec\text{-}final\text{:}}$

assumes

```
 \begin{array}{l} \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}pre\ S\ S'\rangle \\ \textbf{shows} \\ \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}l\ S \leq \Downarrow (twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None)\ (conclusive\text{-}TWL\text{-}run\ S')\rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle \\ \\ \textbf{end} \\ \textbf{theory\ } Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}List\text{-}Restart \\ \textbf{imports\ } Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}List\ Watched\text{-}Literals\text{-}Algorithm\text{-}Restart \\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}
```

Unlike most other refinements steps we have done, we don't try to refine our specification to our code directly: We first introduce an intermediate transition system which is closer to what we want to implement. Then we refine it to code.

This invariant abstract over the restart operation on the trail. There can be a backtracking on the trail and there can be a renumbering of the indexes.

```
inductive valid-trail-reduction for M M' :: \langle ('v, 'c) | ann-lits \rangle where
backtrack-red:
  \langle valid-trail-reduction M M' \rangle
  if
     \langle (Decided\ K\ \#\ M'',\ M2) \in set\ (get\mbox{-}all\mbox{-}ann\mbox{-}decomposition\ M) \rangle and
    \langle map \; lit\text{-}of \; M^{\prime\prime} = map \; lit\text{-}of \; M^{\prime} \rangle \; \mathbf{and} \;
    \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M'' = map \ is\text{-}decided \ M' \rangle
keep-red:
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M' \rangle
  if
    \langle map \ lit - of \ M = map \ lit - of \ M' \rangle and
    \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M = map \ is\text{-}decided \ M' \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-simps: \langle valid\text{-trail-reduction } M\ M' \longleftrightarrow
  ((\exists K M'' M2. (Decided K \# M'', M2) \in set (qet-all-ann-decomposition M) \land
      map\ lit-of\ M^{\prime\prime}=\ map\ lit-of\ M^{\prime}\wedge\ map\ is-decided\ M^{\prime\prime}=\ map\ is-decided\ M^{\prime}\wedge
    length M' = length M'') \lor
   map lit-of M = map lit-of M' \wedge map is-decided M = map is-decided M' \wedge length M = length M'
 \langle proof \rangle
lemma trail-changes-same-decomp:
  assumes
     M'-lit: \langle map \ lit-of M' = map \ lit-of ysa @ L \# map \ lit-of zsa \rangle and
    M'-dec: (map is-decided M' = map is-decided ysa @ False # map is-decided zsa)
  obtains C' M2 M1 where \langle M' = M2 @ Propagated L C' \# M1 \rangle and
     \langle map \ lit - of \ M2 = map \ lit - of \ ysa \rangle and
    \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M2 = map \ is\text{-}decided \ ysa 
and
    \langle map \; lit\text{-}of \; M1 = map \; lit\text{-}of \; zsa \rangle \; \mathbf{and} \;
    \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M1 = map \ is\text{-}decided \ zsa \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes
    \langle map \ lit - of \ M = map \ lit - of \ M' \rangle and
     \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M = map \ is\text{-}decided \ M' \rangle
  shows
     trail-renumber-count-dec:
       \langle count\text{-}decided \ M = count\text{-}decided \ M' \rangle and
    trail-renumber-get-level:
       \langle get\text{-}level\ M\ L = get\text{-}level\ M'\ L \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}Propagated\text{-}inD:
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow Propagated\ L\ C \in set\ M' \Longrightarrow \exists\ C'.\ Propagated\ L\ C' \in set\ M \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}Propagated\text{-}inD2:}
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow length\ M = length\ M' \Longrightarrow Propagated\ L\ C \in set\ M \Longrightarrow
     \exists C'. Propagated L C' \in set M'
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{get-all-ann-decomposition-change-annotation-exists}:
    (Decided\ K\ \#\ M',\ M2') \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ M2)) and
    \langle map \ lit - of \ M1 = map \ lit - of \ M2 \rangle and
    \langle map \ is\text{-}decided \ M1 = map \ is\text{-}decided \ M2 \rangle
  shows \exists M'' M2'. (Decided K \# M'', M2') \in set (qet-all-ann-decomposition M1) <math>\land
     map lit-of M'' = map lit-of M' \wedge map is-decided M'' = map is-decided M'
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-trans:
  assumes
    M1-M2: (valid-trail-reduction M1 M2) and
    M2-M3: \langle valid-trail-reduction M2 M3 \rangle
  shows (valid-trail-reduction M1 M3)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-length-leD: (valid-trail-reduction M M' \Longrightarrow length M' < length M)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-level0-iff:
  assumes valid: \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M' \rangle and n\text{-}d: \langle no\text{-}dup\ M \rangle
  shows (L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \land get\text{-}level\ M\ L = 0) \longleftrightarrow (L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M' \land get\text{-}level\ M'\ L = 0)
lemma map-lit-of-eq-defined-litD: \langle map | lit-of | M = map | lit-of | M' \Longrightarrow defined-lit | M = defined-lit | M' \rangle
lemma map-lit-of-eq-no-dup D: (map lit-of M = map lit-of M' \Longrightarrow no-dup M = no-dup M')
  \langle proof \rangle
Remarks about the predicate:
     • The cases \forall L \ E \ E'. Propagated L \ E \in set \ M' \longrightarrow Propagated \ L \ E' \in set \ M \longrightarrow E =
        (0::'b) \longrightarrow E' \neq (0::'c) \longrightarrow P are already covered by the invariants (where P means that
        there is clause which was already present before).
inductive cdcl-twl-restart-l :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow \ 'v \ twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow \ bool \rangle where
restart-trail:
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\ (M,\ N,\ None,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ Q)
        (M', N', None, NE + mset '\# NE', UE + mset '\# UE', \{\#\}, Q')
    \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M' 
angle\ \mathbf{and}
```

```
\langle init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N = init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N' + NE' \rangle and
     \langle learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N' +\ UE' \subseteq \#\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N \rangle and
     \forall E \in \# (NE' + UE'). \exists L \in set E. L \in lits - of - l M \land get - level M L = 0  and
     \forall L \ E \ E' \ . \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ M' \longrightarrow Propagated \ L \ E' \in set \ M \longrightarrow E > 0 \ \longrightarrow E' > 0 \longrightarrow
          E \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N' \wedge N' \propto E = N \propto E' \text{ and }
     \forall L \ E \ E'. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ M' \longrightarrow Propagated \ L \ E' \in set \ M \longrightarrow E = 0 \longrightarrow E' \neq 0 \longrightarrow
         mset~(N \propto E') \in \#~NE + mset~`\#~NE' + UE + mset~`\#~UE' > {\bf and}
     \forall L \ E \ E'. \ Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ M' \longrightarrow Propagated \ L \ E' \in set \ M \longrightarrow E' = 0 \longrightarrow E = 0 \rangle and
     \langle 0 \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N' \rangle and
     \langle if \ length \ M = \ length \ M' \ then \ Q = \ Q' \ else \ Q' = \{\#\} \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-restart-l-list-invs:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\ S\ T \rangle and
     \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle
  shows
     \langle twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-restart-l-list-invs:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l^{**}\ S\ T \rangle and
     \langle twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S \rangle
  shows
     \langle twl-list-invs T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-l-cdcl-twl-restart:
  assumes ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle and
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle
  shows \langle SPEC \ (cdcl-twl-restart-l \ S) \leq \downarrow \{ (S, S'), (S, S') \in twl-st-l \ None \land twl-list-invs \ S \land S' \}
            clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\}\}
      (SPEC (cdcl-twl-restart T))
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in -) restart-abs-l-pre :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle restart-abs-l-pre \ S \ brk \longleftrightarrow
     (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land restart\text{-prog-pre } S' brk
       \land twl-list-invs S \land clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\})
context twl-restart-ops
begin
definition restart-required-l:: 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \ nres \ where
  \langle restart\text{-}required\text{-}l\ S\ n = SPEC\ (\lambda b.\ b \longrightarrow size\ (qet\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ S) > f\ n \rangle
definition restart-abs-l
  :: 'v \ twl\text{-st-l} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow ('v \ twl\text{-st-l} \times nat) \ nres
where
  \langle restart-abs-l\ S\ n\ brk=do\ \{
      ASSERT(restart-abs-l-pre\ S\ brk);
      b \leftarrow restart\text{-}required\text{-}l\ S\ n;
```

```
b2 \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda(-::bool). \ True);
      if b \wedge b2 \wedge \neg brk then do {
        T \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda T. \ cdcl-twl-restart-l \ S \ T);
        RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else
      if b \wedge \neg brk then do {
        T \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda T. \ cdcl-twl-restart-l \ S \ T);
        RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else
        RETURN(S, n)
   \}
lemma (in -)[twl-st-l]:
  (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \implies get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss \ S' = twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\# (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ S)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma restart-required-l-restart-required:
  (uncurry\ restart\text{-}required\text{-}l,\ uncurry\ restart\text{-}required) \in
      \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S\} \times_f nat\text{-rel} \rightarrow_f
     \langle bool\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma restart-abs-l-restart-proq:
  \langle (uncurry2\ restart-abs-l,\ uncurry2\ restart-prog) \in
      \{(S,\,S').\;(S,\,S')\in \textit{twl-st-l None}\,\wedge\,\textit{twl-list-invs}\,\,S\,\wedge\,\textit{clauses-to-update-l}\,\,S=\{\#\}\}
          \times_f nat\text{-rel } \times_f bool\text{-rel } \to_f
     \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land clauses\text{-to-update-l } S = \{\#\}\}
         \times_f nat\text{-rel} \rangle nres\text{-rel} \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
{\bf definition}\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv\ {\bf where}
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv S_0 brk T n \equiv
    (\exists S_0' T'.
        (S_0, S_0') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
        (T, T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
        cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-inv S_0' brk T' <math>n \land n
        clauses-to-update-l\ T = \{\#\} \land
        twl-list-invs T)
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l :: 'v twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-l nres where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l S_0 =
    (brk, T, -) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk, T, n). cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv S_0 brk T n
       (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
       (\lambda(brk, S, n).
       do \{
         T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
         (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}l T;
         (T, n) \leftarrow restart-abs-l \ T \ n \ brk;
         RETURN (brk, T, n)
       (False, S_0, \theta);
```

```
RETURN\ T \\ \} \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}l\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}l\text{:}} \\ \langle (cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}l,\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog}) \in \\ \{(S,\,S').\ (S,\,S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None\ \land\ twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S\ \land \\ clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S\ =\ \{\#\}\} \to_f \\ \langle \{(S,\,S').\ (S,\,S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\ None\ \land\ twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S\} \rangle\ nres\text{-}rel\rangle \\ \langle proof \rangle
```

end

We here start the refinement towards an executable version of the restarts. The idea of the restart is the following:

- 1. We backtrack to level 0. This simplifies further steps.
- 2. We first move all clause annotating a literal to NE or UE.
- 3. Then, we move remaining clauses that are watching the some literal at level 0.
- 4. Now we can safely deleting any remaining learned clauses.
- 5. Once all that is done, we have to recalculate the watch lists (and can on the way GC the set of clauses).

Handle true clauses from the trail

```
lemma in-set-mset-eq-in:

\langle i \in set \ A \Longrightarrow mset \ A = B \Longrightarrow i \in \# B \rangle

\langle proof \rangle
```

Our transformation will be chains of a weaker version of restarts, that don't update the watch lists and only keep partial correctness of it.

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{:}}
   assumes
       ST: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\ S\ T \rangle and TU: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\ T\ U \rangle and
       n-d: \langle no-dup (get-trail-l S) \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l \ S \ U \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}no\text{-}dup:
   assumes
       ST: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
       n-d: \langle no-dup (get-trail-l S) \rangle
   shows \langle no\text{-}dup \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ T) \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ tranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}cdcl\text{-}is\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{:}}
   assumes
       ST: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l^{++} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
       n-d: \langle no-dup (get-trail-l S) \rangle
   \mathbf{shows} \,\, \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l \,\, S \,\, T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma valid-trail-reduction-refl: \langle valid-trail-reduction a a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Auxiliary definition This definition states that the domain of the clauses is reduced, but the
remaining clauses are not changed.
definition reduce-dom-clauses where
  \langle reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses\ N\ N' \longleftrightarrow
      (\forall \ C. \ C \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N' \longrightarrow \ C \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \ \land \ fmlookup \ N \ C = fmlookup \ N' \ C) )
lemma reduce-dom-clauses-fdrop[simp]: \langle reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses\ N\ (fmdrop\ C\ N) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma reduce-dom-clauses-refl[simp]: \langle reduce-dom-clauses N N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma reduce-dom-clauses-trans:
  \langle reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses\ N\ N' \Longrightarrow reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses\ N'\ N'a \Longrightarrow reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses\ N\ N'a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition valid-trail-reduction-eq where
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\ M\ M'\longleftrightarrow valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M'\land length\ M=length\ M'\rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-eq-alt-def:
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\ M\ M'\longleftrightarrow map\ lit\text{-}of\ M=map\ lit\text{-}of\ M'\ \land
       map is-decided M = map is-decided M'
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-change-annot:
   \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction (M @ Propagated L C \# M')
                 (M @ Propagated L 0 \# M')
     \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ valid-trail-reduction-eq-change-annot:
   \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq \ (M @ Propagated L C \# M')
                 (M @ Propagated L 0 \# M')
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-eq-reft: \langle valid-trail-reduction-eq M M \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\text{-}get\text{-}level\text{:}
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow get\text{-}level\ M = get\text{-}level\ M' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-eq-lits-of-l:
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M = lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\text{-}trans:
  (valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}eq\ M'\ M'' \Longrightarrow
     valid-trail-reduction-eq M M "
```

definition no-dup-reasons-invs-wl where

```
 \langle no\text{-}dup\text{-}reasons\text{-}invs\text{-}wl \ S \longleftrightarrow \\
    (distinct\text{-}mset\ (mark\text{-}of\ '\#\ filter\text{-}mset\ (\lambda C.\ is\text{-}proped\ C\ \land\ mark\text{-}of\ C>0)\ (mset\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))))
inductive different-annot-all-killed where
propa-changed:
  \langle different-annot-all-killed\ N\ NUE\ (Propagated\ L\ C)\ (Propagated\ L\ C') \rangle
    if \langle C \neq C' \rangle and \langle C' = \theta \rangle and
        \langle C \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow mset \ (N \times C) \in \# \ NUE \rangle
propa-not-changed:
  \langle different-annot-all-killed\ N\ NUE\ (Propagated\ L\ C)\ (Propagated\ L\ C) \rangle
decided-not-changed:
  \langle different\text{-}annot\text{-}all\text{-}killed\ N\ NUE\ (Decided\ L)\ (Decided\ L) \rangle
lemma different-annot-all-killed-refl[iff]:
  \langle different-annot-all-killed\ N\ NUE\ z\ z\longleftrightarrow is-proped\ z\ \lor\ is-decided\ z\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
abbreviation different-annots-all-killed where
  \langle different-annots-all-killed\ N\ NUE \equiv list-all 2\ (different-annot-all-killed\ N\ NUE) \rangle
lemma different-annots-all-killed-refl:
  \langle different\text{-}annots\text{-}all\text{-}killed\ N\ NUE\ M\ M \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
```

Refinement towards code Once of the first thing we do, is removing clauses we know to be true. We do in two ways:

- along the trail (at level 0); this makes sure that annotations are kept;
- then along the watch list.

This is (obviously) not complete but is faster by avoiding iterating over all clauses. Here are the rules we want to apply for our very limited inprocessing:

```
inductive remove-one-annot-true-clause :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
remove-irred-trail:
  (remove-one-annot-true-clause (M @ Propagated L C # M', N, D, NE, UE, W, Q)
     (M @ Propagated L 0 \# M', fmdrop C N, D, add-mset (mset (N \infty C)) NE, UE, W, Q)
if
  \langle get\text{-}level \ (M @ Propagated \ L \ C \ \# \ M') \ L = \theta \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
  \langle C > \theta \rangle and
  \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
  \langle irred\ N\ C \rangle
remove-red-trail:
  \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause \ (M @ Propagated \ L \ C \# M', \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ W, \ Q \rangle
     (M @ Propagated L 0 \# M', fmdrop C N, D, NE, add-mset (mset (N <math>\propto C)) UE, W, Q)
  \langle get\text{-level} \ (M @ Propagated \ L \ C \# M') \ L = 0 \rangle \ and
  \langle C > \theta \rangle and
  \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
  \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \rangle \mid
remove-irred:
  \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ W,\ Q)
     (M, fmdrop\ C\ N,\ D,\ add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ (N \propto C))NE,\ UE,\ W,\ Q)
if
```

```
\langle L \in \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l}\ M \rangle and
   \langle get\text{-}level\ M\ L=\theta \rangle and
  \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
  \langle L \in set (N \propto C) \rangle and
  \langle irred\ N\ C \rangle and
   \langle \forall L. \ Propagated \ L \ C \notin set \ M \rangle \ |
   \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ W,\ Q)
      (M, fmdrop \ C \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ W, \ Q)
if
  \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
  \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \rangle and
  \langle \forall L. \ Propagated \ L \ C \notin set \ M \rangle
Remarks:
    1. \forall L. Propagated L C \notin set M is overkill. However, I am currently unsure how I want to
         handle it (either as Propagated (N \propto C! \theta) C \notin set M or as "the trail contains only zero
         anyway").
lemma Ex-ex-eq-Ex: \langle (\exists NE', (\exists b. NE') = \{\#b\#\} \land P \ b \ NE') \land Q \ NE') \longleftrightarrow
   (\exists b. \ P \ b \ \{\#b\#\} \land \ Q \ \{\#b\#\})
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-set-definedD:
   \langle Propagated \ L' \ C \in set \ M' \Longrightarrow defined-lit \ M' \ L' \rangle
   \langle Decided \ L' \in set \ M' \Longrightarrow defined-lit \ M' \ L' \rangle
lemma (in conflict-driven-clause-learning_W) trail-no-annotation-reuse:
  assumes
     struct-invs: \langle cdcl_W-all-struct-inv S \rangle and
     LC: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (trail \ S) \rangle and
     LC': \langle Propagated L' C \in set (trail S) \rangle
  shows L = L'
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-cdcl-twl-restart-l:
  assumes
     rem: \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause \ S \ T \rangle and
     lst-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     SS': \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
     confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     upd: \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     n-d: \langle no-dup (get-trail-l S) \rangle
   shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l \ S \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-annot-iff-annotates-first:
  assumes
     ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
```

struct-invs: $\langle twl$ -struct-invs $T \rangle$ and

```
C\theta: \langle C > \theta \rangle
  shows
     \langle (\exists L. \ Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S)) \longleftrightarrow
          ((length (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S \propto C) > 2 \longrightarrow
              Propagated (get-clauses-l S \propto C! 0) C \in set (get-trail-l S)) \wedge
           ((length (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S \propto C) \leq 2 \longrightarrow
      Propagated (get-clauses-l S \propto C ! 0) C \in set (get-trail-l S) \lor
     Propagated (get-clauses-l S \propto C ! 1) C \in set (get-trail-l S))))
     (\mathbf{is} \langle ?A \longleftrightarrow ?B \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma trail-length-ge2:
  assumes
     ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
     LaC: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (get-trail-l \ S) \rangle and
      C\theta: \langle C > \theta \rangle
  shows
     \langle length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \geq 2 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ is-annot-no-other-true-lit:
  assumes
     ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
     C\theta: \langle C > \theta \rangle and
     LaC: \langle Propagated \ La \ C \in set \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \rangle and
     LC: \langle L \in set \ (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \rangle and
     L: \langle L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \rangle
  shows
     \langle La = L \rangle and
     \langle length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) > 2 \Longrightarrow L = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C \ ! \ \theta \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-cdcl-twl-restart-l2:
  assumes
     rem: (remove-one-annot-true-clause S T) and
     lst-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     upd: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     n\text{-}d: \langle (S, T') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T' \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\ S\ T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-get-conflict-l:
   \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause \ S \ T \Longrightarrow get-conflict-l \ T = get-conflict-l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{:}}
   \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow get-conflict-l \ T = get-conflict-l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-clauses-to-update-l:
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\ S\ T \Longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ T = clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\text{:}}
   \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} \ S \ T \Longrightarrow clauses-to-update-l \ T = clauses-to-update-l \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-l-invs:
  assumes ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle and
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and \langle cdcl-twl-restart-l S S' \rangle
  shows (\exists T'. (S', T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S' \land S')
            clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S'=\{\#\}\ \land\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\ T\ T'\land\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T'\land
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}invs:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l^{**} \ S \ S' \rangle and
     ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
     \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \forall \exists T'. (S', T') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S' \land A
            clauses-to-update-l\ S' = \{\#\} \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart^{**}\ T\ T' \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T' \land twl
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l2\text{:}}
  assumes
     rem: \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} \ S \ T \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     lst-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     upd: \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     n\text{-}d: \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ S' \rangle
   shows \exists T'. cdcl-twl-restart-l^{**} S T \land (T, T') \in twl-st-l None \land cdcl-twl-restart^{**} S' T' \land
      twl-struct-invs T'
   \langle proof \rangle
definition drop-clause-add-move-init where
   \langle drop\text{-}clause\text{-}add\text{-}move\text{-}init = (\lambda(M, N0, D, NE0, UE, Q, W)) C.
      (M, fmdrop\ C\ N0,\ D,\ add\text{-mset}\ (mset\ (N0\ \propto\ C))\ NE0,\ UE,\ Q,\ W))
lemma [simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \; (drop\text{-}clause\text{-}add\text{-}move\text{-}init \; V \; C) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \; V \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
{\bf definition}\ \mathit{drop\text{-}clause}\ {\bf where}
   \langle drop\text{-}clause = (\lambda(M, N0, D, NE0, UE, Q, W) C.
      (M, fmdrop\ C\ N0,\ D,\ NE0,\ UE,\ Q,\ W))
lemma [simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ (drop\text{-}clause\ V\ C) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ V \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition remove-all-annot-true-clause-one-imp
```

where

```
\langle remove\text{-}all\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}one\text{-}imp = (\lambda(C, S). do \{
             if C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) then
                  if irred (get-clauses-l S) C
                  then RETURN (drop-clause-add-move-init S C)
                  else RETURN (drop-clause S C)
              else do {
                  RETURN S
    })>
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv where
     \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv \ S =
        (\lambda(i,\ T).\ remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**}\ S\ T\ \land\ twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S\ \land\ i\leq length\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S)\ \land\ i\leq length\ (get\text{-}l\ S)\ \land\ 
             twl-list-invs S <math>\land
             clauses-to-update-l S = clauses-to-update-l T \land 
             \textit{literals-to-update-l } S = \textit{literals-to-update-l } T \ \land
             qet-conflict-l T = None \land
             (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S') \land
             get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S = \{\#\} \land
             length (get-trail-l S) = length (get-trail-l T) \land
             (\forall j < i. is-proped (rev (get-trail-l T) ! j) \land mark-of (rev (get-trail-l T) ! j) = 0))
{\bf definition}\ \textit{remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-inv}\ {\bf where}
     \langle remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-inv \ S \ xs =
        (\lambda(i, T). remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} S T \wedge twl-list-invs S \wedge i \leq length xs \wedge i
                        twl-list-invs\ S\ \land\ get-trail-l\ S\ =\ get-trail-l\ T\ \land
                        (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S') \land
                        get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S = \{\#\})
definition remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-pre where
     \langle remove\text{-}all\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}imp\text{-}pre\ L\ S\longleftrightarrow
        (twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S\ \land\ twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S\ \land
        (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S') \land
        get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S = \{\#\} \land L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))
definition remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp
    :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow (v | twl-st-l) | nres \rangle
where
\langle remove\text{-}all\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}imp = (\lambda L\ S.\ do\ \{
        ASSERT(remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-pre\ L\ S);
        xs \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda xs.
               (\forall x \in set \ xs. \ x \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S) \longrightarrow L \in set \ ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S) \propto x)));
        (-, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(i, T). remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-inv S xs (i, T)
             (\lambda(i, T). i < length xs)
             (\lambda(i, T). do \{
                      ASSERT(i < length xs);
                      if xs!i \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ T) \land length \ ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ T) \propto (xs!i)) \neq 2
                      then do {
                           T \leftarrow remove-all-annot-true-clause-one-imp\ (xs!i,\ T);
                           ASSERT(remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-inv\ S\ xs\ (i,\ T));
                           RETURN (i+1, T)
                      }
                      else
                           RETURN (i+1, T)
             })
```

```
(\theta, S);
    RETURN T
  })>
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-pre where
  \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-pre\ i\ T\longleftrightarrow
   (twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ T\ \land\ i\ <\ length\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ T)\ \land
          twl-list-invs T <math>\land
          (\exists S'. (T, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S') \land
          get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T = None \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ T = \{\#\})
definition replace-annot-l where
  \langle replace\text{-}annot\text{-}l\ L\ C=
   (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W).
     RES \{(M', N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) | M'.
      (\exists M2\ M1\ C.\ M=M2\ @\ Propagated\ L\ C\ \#\ M1\ \land\ M'=M2\ @\ Propagated\ L\ 0\ \#\ M1)\})
definition remove-and-add-cls-l where
  \langle remove-and-add-cls-l \ C =
   (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W).
     RETURN (M, fmdrop\ C\ N,\ D,
        (if irred N C then add-mset (mset (N \propto C)) else id) NE,
  (if \neg irred\ N\ C\ then\ add-mset\ (mset\ (N \propto C))\ else\ id)\ UE,\ Q,\ W))
The following program removes all clauses that are annotations. However, this is not compatible
with binary clauses, since we want to make sure that they should not been deleted.
term remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp
where
\langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp = (\lambda i \ S. \ do \ \{ \} \}
     ASSERT(remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-pre\ i\ S);
     ASSERT(is\text{-}proped\ ((rev\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S))!i));
     (L, C) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(L, C). (rev (get-trail-l S))!i = Propagated L C);
     ASSERT(Propagated\ L\ C\in set\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S));
     if C = 0 then RETURN (i+1, S)
      else do {
       ASSERT(C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S));
 S \leftarrow replace-annot-l \ L \ C \ S;
 S \leftarrow remove-and-add-cls-l \ C \ S;
       RETURN (i+1, S)
  })>
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp :: \langle v | twl-st-l \Rightarrow (v | twl-st-l) nres
where
\langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp = (\lambda S. do \{
    k \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda k. (\exists M1\ M2\ K. (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (get-trail-l
S)) \wedge
       count-decided M1 = 0 \land k = length M1)
      \vee (count-decided (get-trail-l(S) = 0 \land k = length (get-trail-l(S)));
   (-, S) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_T \textit{remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv} S
     (\lambda(i, S). i < k)
     (\lambda(i, S). remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp i S)
     (0, S);
```

```
RETURN S
  })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-same-length:
    \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause \ S \ T \Longrightarrow length \ (qet-trail-l \ S) = length \ (qet-trail-l \ T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}imp\text{-}same\text{-}length:}
   \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} \mid S \mid T \implies length (get-trail-l \mid S) = length (get-trail-l \mid T) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{remove-one-annot-true-clause-map-is-decided-trail}:
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\ S\ U \Longrightarrow
   map\ is\ decided\ (get\ trail\ -l\ S) = map\ is\ -decided\ (get\ -trail\ -l\ U) 
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma remove-one-annot-true-clause-map-mark-of-same-or-0:
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause \ S \ U \Longrightarrow
   mark-of (get-trail-l \ S \ ! \ i) = mark-of (get-trail-l \ U \ ! \ i) \lor mark-of (get-trail-l \ U \ ! \ i) = 0
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv-trans:
 \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv \ S \ (i, \ T) \Longrightarrow remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv \ T \ U \Longrightarrow
  remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv S U
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}map\text{-}is\text{-}decided\text{-}trail\text{:}}
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause^{**} \ S \ U \Longrightarrow
    map \ is\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) = map \ is\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ U)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}map\text{-}mark\text{-}of\text{-}same\text{-}or\text{-}0\text{:}
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause^{**} \ S \ U \Longrightarrow
   mark-of (get-trail-l \ S \ ! \ i) = mark-of (get-trail-l \ U \ ! \ i) \lor mark-of (get-trail-l \ U \ ! \ i) = 0
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-map-lit-of-trail:
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause \ S \ U \Longrightarrow
   map\ lit-of\ (get-trail-l\ S) = map\ lit-of\ (get-trail-l\ U)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}map\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}trail\text{:}}
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause^{**}\ S\ U\Longrightarrow
    map\ lit-of\ (get-trail-l\ S) = map\ lit-of\ (get-trail-l\ U)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-reduce-dom-clauses:
   \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause \ S \ U \Longrightarrow
   reduce-dom-clauses (get-clauses-l S) (get-clauses-l U)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses\text{:}}
   \langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause^{**} \ S \ U \Longrightarrow
   reduce-dom-clauses (get-clauses-l S) (get-clauses-l U)\rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ decomp\text{-}nth\text{-}eq\text{-}lit\text{-}eq:
  assumes
     \langle M=\mathit{M2} \ @ \ \mathit{Propagated} \ \mathit{L} \ \mathit{C'} \ \# \ \mathit{M1} \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     \langle rev \ M \ ! \ i = Propagated \ L \ C \rangle and
     \langle no\text{-}dup\ M \rangle and
     \langle i < length M \rangle
  shows \langle length \ M1 = i \rangle and \langle C = C' \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma
  assumes \langle no\text{-}dup \ M \rangle
  shows
     no-dup-same-annotD:
          \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ M \Longrightarrow Propagated \ L \ C' \in set \ M \Longrightarrow C = C' \rangle and
      no-dup-no-propa-and-dec:
         \langle Propagated\ L\ C \in set\ M \Longrightarrow Decided\ L \in set\ M \Longrightarrow \mathit{False} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv-spec:
  assumes
     annot: \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv \ S \ (i+1, \ U) \rangle and
     i-le: \langle i < length (get-trail-l S) \rangle and
     L: \langle L \in \mathit{lits-of-l}\ (\mathit{get-trail-l}\ S) \rangle and
     lev\theta: \langle get\text{-}level \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ L = \theta \rangle and
     LC: \langle Propagated \ L \ 0 \in set \ (get-trail-l \ U) \rangle
  shows \land remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp L U
     \leq SPEC \ (\lambda Sa. \ RETURN \ (i + 1, Sa)
                      \leq SPEC (\lambda s'. remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv S s' \wedge \cdots
                                      (s', (i, T))
                                      \in measure
                                          (\lambda(i, -). length (get-trail-l S) - i)))
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ RETURN\text{-}le\text{-}RES\text{-}no\text{-}return:
  \langle f \leq SPEC \ (\lambda S. \ g \ S \in \Phi) \Longrightarrow do \ \{S \leftarrow f; \ RETURN \ (g \ S)\} \leq RES \ \Phi \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-spec:
  assumes
     I: \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv \ S \ iT \rangle and
     cond: \langle case \ iT \ of \ (i, S) \Rightarrow i < length \ (get-trail-l \ S) \rangle and
     iT: \langle iT = (i, T) \rangle and
     proped: \langle is\text{-}proped \ (rev \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S) \ ! \ i) \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} (remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp i T
           \leq SPEC (\lambda s'. remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv S s' \wedge S
                    (s', iT) \in measure (\lambda(i, -), length (get-trail-l S) - i))
\langle proof \rangle
\textbf{lemma} \ \textit{remove-one-annot-true-clause-count-dec:} \ \langle \textit{remove-one-annot-true-clause} \ S \ b \Longrightarrow
    count-decided (get-trail-l S) = count-decided (get-trail-l B)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}count\text{-}dec:}
```

 $\langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause^{**} \ S \ b \Longrightarrow$

```
count-decided (get-trail-l(S) = count-decided (get-trail-l(B))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-spec:
  assumes
    ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None \rangle and
    \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows (remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp S \leq SPEC(\lambda T. remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} S T))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-spec-lev\theta:
  assumes
    ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs: T \rangle and
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S=None \rangle and
    \langle clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \rangle and
    \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l S) = 0 \rangle
  shows (remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp S \leq SPEC(\lambda T. remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} S T \land
      count-decided (get-trail-l T) = 0 \land (\forall L \in set (get-trail-l T). mark-of L = 0) \land
      length (get-trail-l S) = length (get-trail-l T))
\langle proof \rangle
definition collect-valid-indices :: \langle - \Rightarrow nat \ list \ nres \rangle where
  \langle collect\text{-}valid\text{-}indices \ S = SPEC \ (\lambda N. \ True) \rangle
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-l-inv
  :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \times \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \times nat \ list \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}inv = (\lambda S \ xs0 \ (i, \ T, \ xs).
       remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} S T \wedge
       qet-trail-l S = qet-trail-l T \land
       (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs } S') \land
       twl-list-invs S <math>\land
       get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None\ \land
       clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \rangle
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-l-pre
  :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
   (\exists T. (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-struct-invs} T \land twl\text{-list-invs} S)
definition mark-qarbaqe-l:: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l \rangle where
  \langle mark\text{-}garbage\text{-}l = (\lambda C \ (M, N0, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (M, fmdrop \ C \ N0, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \rangle
definition can-delete where
  \langle can\text{-}delete \ S \ C \ b = (b \longrightarrow
    (length (get-clauses-l S \propto C) = 2 \longrightarrow
       (Propagated (get-clauses-l S \propto C ! 0) C \notin set (get-trail-l S)) \land
       (Propagated (get-clauses-l S \propto C ! 1) C \notin set (get-trail-l S))) \land
```

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(length (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S \propto C) > 2 \longrightarrow
       (Propagated (get-clauses-l S \propto C ! 0) C \notin set (get-trail-l S))) \land
     \neg irred (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S) C)
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
\langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l = (\lambda S. do \{
     ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-l-pre\ S);
    xs \leftarrow collect\text{-}valid\text{-}indices S;
    to\text{-}keep \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda\text{-::}nat.\ True); — the minimum number of clauses that should be kept.
    (\textbf{-}, \, S, \, \textbf{-}) \leftarrow \, \textit{WHILE}_{T} \\ \textit{mark-to-delete-clauses-l-inv} \, \, \textit{S} \, \, \textit{xs} \\
       (\lambda(i, S, xs). i < length xs)
       (\lambda(i, S, xs). do \{
          if(xs!i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-l S)) then RETURN (i, S, delete-index-and-swap xs i)
          else do {
            ASSERT(0 < length (get-clauses-l S \propto (xs!i)));
            can\text{-}del \leftarrow SPEC \ (can\text{-}delete \ S \ (xs!i));
            ASSERT(i < length xs);
            if can-del
            then
               RETURN (i, mark-garbage-l (xs!i) S, delete-index-and-swap xs i)
               RETURN (i+1, S, xs)
        }
       })
       (to\text{-}keep, S, xs);
    RETURN S
  })>
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-l-post where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}post \ S \ T \longleftrightarrow
      (\exists S'. (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land remove\text{-one-annot-true-clause}^{**} S T \land
         twl-list-invs S \wedge twl-struct-invs S' \wedge get-conflict-l S = None \wedge get
         clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\} \rangle
lemma mark-to-delete-clauses-l-spec:
  assumes
     ST: \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
    confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
    upd: \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ S \leq \Downarrow \ Id\ (SPEC(\lambda T.\ remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause^{**}\ S\ T\ \land
     get-trail-l S = get-trail-l T)\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition GC-clauses :: \langle nat \ clauses - l \Rightarrow nat \ clauses - l \Rightarrow \langle nat \ clauses - l \times \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \ option \rangle \rangle nres
\langle GC\text{-}clauses\ N\ N'=do\ \{
  xs \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda xs. \ set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N) \subseteq set \ xs);
  (N, N', m) \leftarrow nfoldli
    xs
    (\lambda(N, N', m). True)
    (\lambda C (N, N', m).
        if C \in \# dom\text{-}m N
        then do {
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C' \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda i. i \notin \# dom - m \ N' \land i \neq 0);
  RETURN (fmdrop C N, fmupd C' (N \propto C, irred N C) N', m(C \mapsto C'))
        else
          RETURN(N, N', m)
    (N, N', (\lambda -. None));
  RETURN (N', m)
}>
inductive GC-remap
  :: \langle ('a, 'b) | fmap \times ('a \Rightarrow 'c \ option) \times ('c, 'b) | fmap \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) | fmap \times ('a \Rightarrow 'c \ option) \times ('c, 'b) |
fmap \Rightarrow bool
where
remap-cons:
  (GC\text{-}remap\ (N,\ m,\ new)\ (fmdrop\ C\ N,\ m(C\mapsto C'),\ fmupd\ C'\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ C))\ new))
   if \langle C' \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ new \rangle and
       \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
       \langle C \notin dom \ m \rangle and
      \langle \textit{C}' \notin \textit{ran} \; m \rangle
lemma GC-remap-ran-m-old-new:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap\ (old,\ m,\ new)\ (old',\ m',\ new')\ \Longrightarrow ran\text{-}m\ old\ +\ ran\text{-}m\ new\ =\ ran\text{-}m\ old'\ +\ ran\text{-}m\ new'}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-init-clss-l-old-new:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap\ (old,\ m,\ new)\ (old',\ m',\ new') \implies
    init-clss-l old + init-clss-l new = init-clss-l old' + init-clss-l new'
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma \ GC-remap-learned-clss-l-old-new:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap\ (old,\ m,\ new)\ (old',\ m',\ new') \implies
    learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ old\ +\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ new\ =\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ old\ '\ +\ learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\ new\ '\ '
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-ran-m-remap:
  (GC\text{-}remap\ (old,\ m,\ new)\ (old',\ m',\ new')\ \Longrightarrow\ C\in\#\ dom\text{-}m\ old\ \Longrightarrow\ C\notin\#\ dom\text{-}m\ old'\ \Longrightarrow
          m' C \neq None \land
          fmlookup\ new'\ (the\ (m'\ C))=fmlookup\ old\ C
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-ran-m-no-rewrite-map:
  (GC\text{-}remap\ (old,\ m,\ new)\ (old',\ m',\ new') \Longrightarrow C \notin \#\ dom\text{-}m\ old \Longrightarrow m'\ C = m\ C)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-ran-m-no-rewrite-fmap:
  (GC\text{-}remap\ (old,\ m,\ new)\ (old',\ m',\ new') \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ new \Longrightarrow
     C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ new' \land fmlookup \ new \ C = fmlookup \ new' \ C
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-init-clss-l-old-new:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow
    init-clss-l (fst S) + init-clss-l (snd (snd S)) = init-clss-l (fst S') + init-clss-l (snd (snd S'))
  \langle proof \rangle
```

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\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}GC\text{-}remap\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\text{-}old\text{-}new\text{:}
   \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \ S \ S' \Longrightarrow
     learned-clss-l (fst S) + learned-clss-l (snd (snd S)) =
        learned-clss-l (fst S') + learned-clss-l (snd (snd S'))
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}GC\text{-}remap\text{-}ran\text{-}m\text{-}no\text{-}rewrite\text{-}fmap\text{:}
   \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \mid S \mid S' \Longrightarrow C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (snd \ (snd \ S)) \Longrightarrow
      C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (snd \ (snd \ S')) \land fmlookup \ (snd \ (snd \ S)) \ C = fmlookup \ (snd \ (snd \ S')) \ C
   \langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma} \ \textit{GC-remap-ran-m-no-rewrite}:
   (GC\text{-}remap\ S\ S') \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ (fst\ S)) \Longrightarrow C \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ (fst\ S') \Longrightarrow
            fmlookup (fst S) C = fmlookup (fst S') C
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-ran-m-lookup-kept:
  assumes
     \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \ S \ y \rangle and
     \langle GC\text{-}remap\ y\ z\rangle and
     \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (fst \ S) \rangle and
     \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (fst \ z) \rangle and
     \langle C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (fst y) \rangle
  shows \langle fmlookup \ (fst \ S) \ C = fmlookup \ (fst \ z) \ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}GC\text{-}remap\text{-}ran\text{-}m\text{-}no\text{-}rewrite\text{:}
   (GC\operatorname{-remap}^{**}\ S\ S'\Longrightarrow C\in\#\ dom\operatorname{-m}\ (fst\ S)\Longrightarrow C\in\#\ dom\operatorname{-m}\ (fst\ S')\Longrightarrow
     fmlookup (fst S) C = fmlookup (fst S') C
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-ran-m-no-lost:
   (\textit{GC-remap } S \ S' \Longrightarrow \ C \in \# \ \textit{dom-m (fst } S') \Longrightarrow \ C \in \# \ \textit{dom-m (fst } S))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-ran-m-no-lost:
   \langle \textit{GC-remap}^{**} \ \textit{S} \ \textit{S'} \Longrightarrow \ \textit{C} \in \# \ \textit{dom-m} \ (\textit{fst} \ \textit{S'}) \Longrightarrow \ \textit{C} \in \# \ \textit{dom-m} \ (\textit{fst} \ \textit{S}) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-ran-m-no-new-lost:
   (GC\text{-}remap\ S\ S'\Longrightarrow dom\ (fst\ (snd\ S))\subseteq set\text{-}mset\ (dom\text{-}m\ (fst\ S))\Longrightarrow
     dom (fst (snd S')) \subseteq set\text{-}mset (dom\text{-}m (fst S))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-ran-m-no-new-lost:
   (GC\text{-}remap^{**}\ S\ S' \Longrightarrow dom\ (fst\ (snd\ S)) \subseteq set\text{-}mset\ (dom\text{-}m\ (fst\ S)) \Longrightarrow
     dom (fst (snd S')) \subseteq set\text{-}mset (dom\text{-}m (fst S))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-map-ran:
  assumes
     \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \ S \ S' \rangle and
     \langle (the \circ fst) (snd S) ' \# mset\text{-set} (dom (fst (snd S))) = dom\text{-}m (snd (snd S)) \rangle and
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\langle finite\ (dom\ (fst\ (snd\ S))) \rangle
  shows \langle finite\ (dom\ (fst\ (snd\ S')))\ \wedge
          (the \circ \circ fst) (snd S') '\# mset\text{-set} (dom (fst (snd S'))) = dom\text{-}m (snd (snd S')))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-ran-m-no-new-map:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \mid S \mid S' \implies C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (fst \mid S') \implies C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (fst \mid S) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-learned-clss-lD:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} (N, x, m) (N', x', m') \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l N + learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l m = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l N' +
learned-clss-l m'
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}GC\text{-}remap\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l\text{:}
  \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} (x1a, Map.empty, fmempty) (fmempty, m, x1ad) \Longrightarrow learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l x1ad = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma remap-cons2:
  assumes
       \langle C' \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ new \rangle and
       \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
       \langle (the \circ fst) (snd (N, m, new)) ' \# mset\text{-set} (dom (fst (snd (N, m, new)))) =
         dom-m (snd (snd (N, m, new))) and
       \langle \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ dom \text{-}m \ (fst \ (N, \ m, \ new)) \implies x \notin dom \ (fst \ (snd \ (N, \ m, \ new))) \rangle and
       \langle finite \ (dom \ m) \rangle
  shows
    (GC\text{-}remap\ (N,\ m,\ new)\ (fmdrop\ C\ N,\ m(C\mapsto C'),\ fmupd\ C'\ (the\ (fmlookup\ N\ C))\ new))
\langle proof \rangle
inductive-cases GC-remap E: \langle GC-remap S T \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-finite-map:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \mid S \mid S' \implies finite (dom (fst (snd S))) \implies finite (dom (fst (snd S'))) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-old-dom-map:
  (GC\text{-}remap^{**} \ R \ S \implies (\bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ (fst \ R) \implies x \notin dom \ (fst \ (snd \ R))) \implies
        (\bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ dom - m \ (fst \ S) \Longrightarrow x \notin dom \ (fst \ (snd \ S)))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma remap-cons2-rtranclp:
  assumes
       \langle (the \circ \circ fst) (snd R) ' \# mset\text{-set} (dom (fst (snd R))) = dom\text{-}m (snd (snd R)) \rangle and
       \langle \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ dom \text{-}m \ (fst \ R) \Longrightarrow x \notin dom \ (fst \ (snd \ R)) \rangle and
       \langle finite\ (dom\ (fst\ (snd\ R)))\rangle and
       st: \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} \ R \ S \rangle and
       C': \langle C' \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ (snd \ (snd \ S)) \rangle and
       C: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (fst \ S) \rangle
    (GC\text{-}remap^{**}\ R\ (fmdrop\ C\ (fst\ S),\ (fst\ (snd\ S))(C\mapsto C'),\ fmupd\ C'\ (the\ (fmlookup\ (fst\ S)\ C))\ (snd)
(snd S)))
```

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\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) fmdom-fmrestrict-set: \langle fmdrop \ xa \ (fmrestrict-set \ s \ N) = fmrestrict-set \ (s - \{xa\}) \ N \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) GC-clauses-GC-remap:
  \langle GC\text{-}clauses\ N\ fmempty \leq SPEC(\lambda(N'',\ m).\ GC\text{-}remap^{**}\ (N,\ Map.empty,\ fmempty)\ (fmempty,\ m,\ m,\ Map.empty)
    0 ∉# dom-m N'')>
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-prog where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}prog\ S=do\ \{
    -- remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp S
    ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-l-pre\ S);
     T \leftarrow mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l S;
    ASSERT (mark-to-delete-clauses-l-post S T);
    RETURN T
  }>
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-l-refl:
  assumes
    ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs: S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs: T \rangle and
    confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
    upd: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\ S\ S\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-pre :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow (
  \exists T. (S, T) \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land
    twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ S\ \land\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ T\ \land
    get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ S = None \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l\ S = \{\#\} \land
    count-decided (get-trail-l(S) = 0 \land (\forall L \in set (get-trail-l(S)), mark-of(L = 0))
definition cdcl-GC-clauses :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q). do \}
  ASSERT(cdcl-GC-clauses-pre\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q));
  b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b. True);
  if b then do {
    (N', -) \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda(N'', m). \ GC\text{-remap}^{**} \ (N, Map.empty, fmempty) \ (fmempty, m, N'') \land
       0 \notin \# dom\text{-}m N'');
    RETURN (M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
  else RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{:}
  assumes
    ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
    confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \
```

```
upd: \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     count-dec: (count-decided (get-trail-l S) = 0 and
     mark: \langle \forall L \in set \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S). \ mark\text{-}of \ L = 0 \rangle
  get-trail-l S = get-trail-l T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-cdcl-twl-restart-l-spec:
  assumes
    ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs: T \rangle and
    confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     upd: \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle SPEC(remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**} S) \leq SPEC(cdcl-twl-restart-l S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in –) cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec :: \langle v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, W, Q)). do \}
        (M, Q) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(M', Q')) (\exists K M2) (Decided K \# M', M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition)
M) \wedge
               Q' = \{\#\} ) \lor (M' = M \land Q' = Q) );
       RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, W, Q)
   })>
definition cdcl-twl-restart-l-proq where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}prog \ S = do \ \{
   b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
   if b then cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec S else cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-prog S
  }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{:}}
  assumes inv: ⟨restart-abs-l-pre S False⟩
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec \ S \le SPEC \ (cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l \ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in -) cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec 0 :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec0 = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, W, Q)). do \}
        (M, Q) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(M', Q')). (\exists K M2). (Decided K \# M', M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition)
M) \wedge
               Q' = \{\#\} \land count\text{-decided } M' = 0\} \lor (M' = M \land Q' = Q \land count\text{-decided } M' = 0);
       RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, W, Q)
   })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec0\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec:
  \langle cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec0 \ S \le \emptyset \{(S, S'), S = S' \land count-decided (get-trail-l S = 0 \}
    (cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec\ S)
  \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-GC-prog-pre
  :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-}l \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
   (\exists T. (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \land twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs \ T \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs \ S \land
```

```
get\text{-}conflict \ T = None)
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-GC-prog where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\ S=do\ \{
    ASSERT(cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-GC-prog-pre\ S);
     S' \leftarrow cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec0 S;
     T \leftarrow remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp S';
     ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-l-pre\ T);
     U \leftarrow mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l T;
     V \leftarrow cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\ U;
     ASSERT(cdcl-twl-restart-l\ S\ V);
     RETURN V
  }
lemma cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-prog-spec:
  assumes
     ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
     confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     upd: \langle clauses-to-update-l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-prog\ S \leq \Downarrow\ Id\ (SPEC(remove-one-annot-true-clause^{**}\ S)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}count\text{-}dec\text{-}ge:}
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow count\text{-}decided\ M \geq count\text{-}decided\ M' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-restart-l-count-dec-ge:
  \langle cdcl-twl-restart-l \ S \ T \Longrightarrow count-decided (get-trail-l \ S) \geq count-decided (get-trail-l \ T)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma valid-trail-reduction-lit-of-nth:
  \langle valid\text{-trail-reduction } M \ M' \Longrightarrow length \ M = length \ M' \Longrightarrow i < length \ M \Longrightarrow
     lit\text{-}of\ (M\ !\ i) = lit\text{-}of\ (M'\ !\ i)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-l-lit-of-nth:
  \langle cdcl-twl-restart-l S \ U \Longrightarrow i < length \ (get-trail-l U) \Longrightarrow is-proped (get-trail-l U \ ! \ i) \Longrightarrow
     length (get-trail-l S) = length (get-trail-l U) \Longrightarrow
     lit-of (get-trail-l S ! i) = lit-of (get-trail-l U ! i)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\text{-}is\text{-}decided\text{-}nth\text{:}
  \langle valid\text{-}trail\text{-}reduction\ M\ M' \Longrightarrow length\ M = length\ M' \Longrightarrow i < length\ M \Longrightarrow
     is-decided (M ! i) = is-decided (M' ! i)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-l-mark-of-same-or-0:
  \langle cdcl-twl-restart-l S \ U \Longrightarrow i < length \ (qet-trail-l U) \Longrightarrow is-proped (qet-trail-l U \ ! \ i) \Longrightarrow
     length (get-trail-l S) = length (get-trail-l U) \Longrightarrow
      (mark\text{-}of (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ U \ ! \ i) > 0 \Longrightarrow mark\text{-}of (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \ ! \ i) > 0 \Longrightarrow
          mset (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto mark\text{-}of (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ S \ ! \ i))
  = mset (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ U \propto mark\text{-}of (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ U \ ! \ i)) \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow
     (mark-of (get-trail-l \ U \ ! \ i) = 0 \Longrightarrow P) \Longrightarrow P
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{:}}
  assumes
     ST: \langle (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
     struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S' \rangle and
     confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ S = None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
     upd: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S = \{\#\} \rangle and
     stgy-invs: \langle twl-stgy-invs S' \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\ }S\leq \downarrow Id\ (SPEC\ (\lambda T.\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\ S\ T)\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
context twl-restart-ops
begin
definition restart-prog-l
  :: 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \times nat) \ nres
where
  \langle restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l\ S\ n\ brk = do\ \{
      ASSERT(restart-abs-l-pre\ S\ brk);
      b \leftarrow restart\text{-}required\text{-}l\ S\ n;
      b2 \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
      if b2 \wedge b \wedge \neg brk then do {
         T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-GC-prog S;
         RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else if b \wedge \neg brk then do {
         T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-restart-l-prog S;
        RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else
         RETURN(S, n)
   \}
lemma restart-prog-l-restart-abs-l:
  \langle (uncurry2\ restart-prog-l,\ uncurry2\ restart-abs-l) \in Id \times_f \ nat-rel \times_f \ bool-rel \to_f \langle Id \rangle nres-rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-early-l :: 'v twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-l nres where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-early-l S_0 =
  do \{
     ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
     (-, brk, T, n) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(ebrk, brk, T, n). cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv S_0 brk T n
       (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
       (\lambda(-, brk, S, n).
       do \{
          T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
          (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
          (T, n) \leftarrow restart-abs-l \ T \ n \ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
          RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
       })
       (ebrk, False, S_0, \theta);
```

```
if \neg brk then do {
       (brk, T, -) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk, T, n). cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv S_0 brk T n
       (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
       (\lambda(brk, S, n).
       do \{
         T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
         (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
         (T, n) \leftarrow restart-abs-l \ T \ n \ brk;
         RETURN (brk, T, n)
       })
       (False, T, n);
       RETURN T
    } else RETURN T
  }>
definition cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-abs-bounded-l :: vtwl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow (bool \times vtwl-st-l) nres where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-bounded-l S_0 =
  do \{
    ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
    (\textit{-, brk, T, n}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \\ \lambda(\textit{ebrk, brk, T, n}). \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv S}_0 \textit{brk T n}
       (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
       (\lambda(-, brk, S, n).
       do \{
         T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
         (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
         (T, n) \leftarrow restart-abs-l \ T \ n \ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
         RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
       (ebrk, False, S_0, \theta);
     RETURN (brk, T)
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-l :: 'v twl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow 'v twl-st-l nres where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-l S_0 =
  do \{
    (brk,\ T,\ n) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_T \lambda(brk,\ T,\ n).\ \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv}\ S_0\ \textit{brk}\ T\ n
       (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
       (\lambda(brk, S, n).
       do \{
 T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l S;
 (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
 (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l \ T \ n \ brk;
 RETURN (brk, T, n)
       })
       (False, S_0, \theta);
    RETURNT
  }>
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-l :: 'v twl-st-l \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-l nres where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-l S_0 =
  do \{
    ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
    (\mathit{ebrk},\;\mathit{brk},\;\mathit{T},\;\mathit{n}) \leftarrow \mathit{WHILE}_{\mathit{T}} \\ \lambda(\mathit{ebrk},\;\mathit{brk},\;\mathit{T},\;\mathit{n}).\;\mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv}\;\mathit{S}_{0}\;\mathit{brk}\;\mathit{T}\;\mathit{n}
```

```
(\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \land \neg ebrk)
       (\lambda(ebrk, brk, S, n).
       do \{
          T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
          (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
          (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l \ T \ n \ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV:
          RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
       })
       (ebrk, False, S_0, \theta);
     if \neg brk then do \{
       (brk, T, n) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk, T, n). cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv S_0 brk T n
 (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
 (\lambda(brk, S, n).
 do \{
    T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
   (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
    (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l \ T \ n \ brk;
    RETURN (brk, T, n)
 (False, T, n);
       RETURN\ T
     else\ RETURN\ T
  }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-l-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-early-l:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-early-l) \in \{(S, S').\}
   (S, S') \in Id \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land clauses\text{-to-update-}l S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f \langle Id \rangle nres\text{-rel} \rangle
   (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow ?R \rightarrow_f \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-early-l-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-early-l:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-early-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early) \in
      \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land S'\}
         clauses-to-update-S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S\} \rangle \text{ nres-rel} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} (in twl-restart) cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-l-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early:
  (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-l,\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early)
     \in \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land clauses\text{-to-update-l } S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S\} \rangle nres\text{-rel} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}l\text{:}}
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l) \in \{(S, S').\}
   (S, S') \in Id \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs S \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f \langle Id \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow ?R \rightarrow_f \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ (\mathbf{in} \ twl\text{-}restart) \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{:}}
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog) \rangle
```

```
\in \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-}l \ None \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs \ S \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f
        \langle \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S\} \rangle nres\text{-rel} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-prog-bounded-l :: vtwl-st-l <math>\Rightarrow (bool \times vtwl-st-l) nres where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-l S_0 =
   do \{
     ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
     (\mathit{ebrk}, \, \mathit{brk}, \, \mathit{T}, \, \mathit{n}) \leftarrow \mathit{WHILE}_{\mathit{T}} \\ \lambda(\mathit{ebrk}, \, \mathit{brk}, \, \mathit{T}, \, \mathit{n}). \, \mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv} \, \mathit{S}_{0} \, \, \mathit{brk} \, \, \mathit{T} \, \mathit{n}
        (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
        (\lambda(ebrk, brk, S, n).
        do \{
           T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-l } S;
          (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-l T;
          (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l \ T \ n \ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV:
           RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
        (ebrk, False, S_0, \theta);
     RETURN (brk, T)
lemma\ cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-abs-bounded-l-cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-abs-bounded-l:
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-bounded-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded) \in
      \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land \}
         clauses-to-update-l S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f
        \langle bool\text{-}rel \times_r \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs \ S\} \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}bounded\text{-}l\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}bounded\text{-}l\text{:}}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-bounded-l) \in \{(S, S').\}
   (S, S') \in Id \land twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs S \land clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f \langle Id \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow ?R \rightarrow_f \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ (\mathbf{in} \ twl\text{-}restart) \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}bounded\text{-}l\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}bounded\text{:}}
   (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-l, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded)
     \in \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \land twl\text{-list-invs } S \land clauses\text{-to-update-l } S = \{\#\}\} \rightarrow_f
        \langle bool\text{-rel} \times_r \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in twl\text{-st-l None} \wedge twl\text{-list-invs } S \} \rangle nres\text{-rel} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
end
end
theory Watched-Literals-Watch-List
  imports Watched-Literals-List Weidenbach-Book-Base. Explorer
begin
```

1.4 Third Refinement: Remembering watched

1.4.1 Types

```
type-synonym clauses-to-update-wl = \langle nat \ multiset \rangle
type-synonym 'v watcher = \langle (nat \times 'v \ literal \times bool) \rangle
type-synonym 'v watched = \langle 'v | watcher | list \rangle
type-synonym 'v lit-queue-wl = \langle v | literal | multiset \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-st-wl =
  \langle ('v, nat) \ ann\text{-}lits \times 'v \ clauses\text{-}l \times 
     'v\ cconflict\ 	imes\ 'v\ clauses\ 	imes\ 'v\ clauses\ 	imes\ 'v\ lit-queue-wl\ 	imes
     ('v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ watched)
1.4.2
              Access Functions
fun clauses-to-update-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow clauses-to-update-wl\rangle where
  \langle clauses-to-update-wl (-, N, -, -, -, W) L i =
       filter\text{-}mset\ (\lambda i.\ i\in\#\ dom\text{-}m\ N)\ (mset\ (drop\ i\ (map\ fst\ (W\ L))))
fun get-trail-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (v, nat) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ (M, -, -, -, -, -, -) = M \rangle
fun literals-to-update-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ lit-queue-wl \rangle where
  \langle literals-to-update-wl (-, -, -, -, Q, -) = Q \rangle
fun set-literals-to-update-wl :: \langle v | lit-queue-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl\ Q\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \text{-},\ W) \rangle = (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \rangle
fun get-conflict-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ cconflict \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ (-, -, D, -, -, -, -) = D \rangle
fun get-clauses-wl :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses-l \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=N \rangle
fun get-unit-learned-clss-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)=UE \rangle
fun get-unit-init-clss-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v \ clauses \Rightarrow where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)=NE \rangle
fun get-unit-clauses-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)=NE+UE \rangle
lemma qet-unit-clauses-wl-alt-def:
  \langle qet\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S=qet\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S+qet\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
fun get-watched-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ watched) \ where
  \langle get\text{-}watched\text{-}wl \ (\text{-, -, -, -, -, }W) = W \rangle
definition get-learned-clss-wl where
  \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S = learned\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \rangle
definition all-lits-of-mm :: \langle 'a \ clauses \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ multiset \rangle where
\langle all-lits-of-mm\ Ls = Pos\ '\#\ (atm-of\ '\#\ (\bigcup\#\ Ls)) + Neg\ '\#\ (atm-of\ '\#\ (\bigcup\#\ Ls)) \rangle
```

```
lemma all-lits-of-mm-empty[simp]: \langle all\text{-lits-of-mm} \ \{\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
We cannot just extract the literals of the clauses: we cannot be sure that atoms appear both
positively and negatively in the clauses. If we could ensure that there are no pure literals, the
definition of all-lits-of-mm can be changed to all-lits-of-mm Ls = \bigcup \# Ls.
In this definition K is the blocking literal.
fun correctly-marked-as-binary where
  (correctly-marked-as-binary\ N\ (i,\ K,\ b)\longleftrightarrow (b\longleftrightarrow (length\ (N\propto i)=2))
declare correctly-marked-as-binary.simps[simp del]
abbreviation distinct-watched :: \langle v | watched \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle distinct\text{-}watched \ xs \equiv distinct \ (map \ (\lambda(i, j, k). \ i) \ xs) \rangle
lemma distinct-watched-alt-def: (distinct-watched xs = distinct \pmod{fst} xs)
  \langle proof \rangle
fun correct-watching-except :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ i\ j\ K\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall L \in \# all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ N + (NE + UE)).
        (L = K \longrightarrow
          distinct-watched (take i (WL) @ drop \ j (WL)) \land
          ((\forall\,(i,\,K,\,b) \in \#\mathit{mset}\,\,(\mathit{take}\,\,i\,\,(\mathit{W}\,\,L)\,\,@\,\,\mathit{drop}\,\,j\,\,(\mathit{W}\,\,L)).\,\,i \in \#\,\,\mathit{dom-m}\,\,N\,\longrightarrow\,K\,\in\,\mathit{set}\,\,(N\,\propto\,i)\,\,\land\,
               K \neq L \land correctly\text{-marked-as-binary } N (i, K, b)) \land
           (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset \ (take \ i \ (W \ L) \ @ \ drop \ j \ (W \ L)). \ b \longrightarrow i \in \#dom-m \ N) \land 
         filter-mset\ (\lambda i.\ i\in\#\ dom-m\ N)\ (fst\ '\#\ mset\ (take\ i\ (W\ L)\ @\ drop\ j\ (W\ L)))=clause-to-update
L(M, N, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\})) \land
       (L \neq K \longrightarrow
          distinct-watched (WL) \land
       ((\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (WL). i \in \#dom-mN \longrightarrow K \in set (N \propto i) \land K \neq L \land correctly-marked-as-binary))
N(i, K, b) \wedge
           (\forall (i, K, b) \in \# mset (W L). b \longrightarrow i \in \# dom-m N) \land
          filter-mset (\lambda i.\ i \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) (fst '\pm\ mset (W\ L)) = clause-to-update L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,
{#}, {#}))))
fun correct-watching :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall L \in \# all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ N + (NE + UE)).
        distinct-watched (WL) \land
     (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (WL). i \in \#dom-mN \longrightarrow K \in set (N \propto i) \land K \neq L \land correctly-marked-as-binary)
N(i, K, b) \wedge
        (\forall\,(i,\,K,\,b){\in}\#\mathit{mset}\,\,(\mathit{W}\,\,L).\ b\,\longrightarrow\,i\,\in\!\#\,\mathit{dom}\text{-}\mathit{m}\,\,N)\,\,\land
        filter-mset (\lambda i.\ i \in \# dom - m\ N) (fst '# mset (W\ L)) = clause-to-update L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,
{#}, {#}))<sup>)</sup>
declare correct-watching.simps[simp del]
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching:
  assumes
```

 $corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ i\ j\ K\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \rangle$ $shows\ \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W(K:=take\ i\ (W\ K))) \rangle$

 $j: \langle j \geq length (WK) \rangle$ and

```
fun watched-by :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ watched \rangle where
    \langle watched-by\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)\ L=W\ L\rangle
fun update-watched :: \langle 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ watched \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \rangle where
    (update\text{-}watched\ L\ WL\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) = (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W(L:=\ WL))
lemma bspec': \langle x \in a \Longrightarrow \forall x \in a. P x \Longrightarrow P x \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-exceptD:
   assumes
        \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ i\ j\ L\ S \rangle and
        \langle L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm
                      (mset '\# ran-mf (get-clauses-wl S) + get-unit-clauses-wl S) and
        w: \langle w < length \ (watched-by \ S \ L) \rangle \langle w \geq j \rangle \langle fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \in \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ S) \rangle
    shows \langle fst \ (snd \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w)) \rangle \in set \ (get-clauses-wl \ S \ \propto \ (fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
declare correct-watching-except.simps[simp del]
lemma in-all-lits-of-mm-ain-atms-of-iff:
    \langle L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ N \longleftrightarrow \ atm\text{-}of \ L \in \ atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ N \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-mm-union:
    \langle all-lits-of-mm \ (M+N) = all-lits-of-mm \ M+all-lits-of-mm \ N \rangle
definition all-lits-of-m :: \langle 'a \ clause \Rightarrow 'a \ literal \ multiset \rangle where
    \langle all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \; Ls = Pos \; '\# \; (atm\text{-}of \; '\# \; Ls) + Neg \; '\# \; (atm\text{-}of \; '\# \; Ls) \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-empty[simp]: \langle all-lits-of-m \ \{\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-empty-iff[iff]: \langle all-lits-of-m \ A = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\#\} \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-all-lits-of-m-ain-atms-of-iff: \langle L \in \# \ all-lits-of-m N \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in atms-of N > atm-of 
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-clause-in-all-lits-of-m: \langle x \in \# C \Longrightarrow x \in \# all-lits-of-m C \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\text{-}add\text{-}mset:
    (all-lits-of-mm\ (add-mset\ C\ N)=(all-lits-of-mm\ C)+(all-lits-of-mm\ N)
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-add-mset:
    \langle all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (add\text{-}mset \ L \ C) = add\text{-}mset \ L \ (add\text{-}mset \ (-L) \ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ C)) \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-union:
    \langle all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ (A+B) = all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ A + all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ B \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{all-lits-of-m-mono}:
     \langle D \subseteq \# D' \Longrightarrow all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ D \subseteq \# all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ D' \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-all-lits-of-mm-uminusD: \langle x2 \in \# \text{ all-lits-of-mm } N \Longrightarrow -x2 \in \# \text{ all-lits-of-mm } N \rangle
lemma in-all-lits-of-mm-uminus-iff: (-x2 \in \# \text{ all-lits-of-mm } N \longleftrightarrow x2 \in \# \text{ all-lits-of-mm } N)
lemma all-lits-of-mm-diffD:
     (L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (A - B) \Longrightarrow L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ A)
lemma all-lits-of-mm-mono:
     (set\text{-}mset\ A\subseteq set\text{-}mset\ B\Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ A)\subseteq set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ B))
fun st-l-of-wl :: \langle ('v \ literal \times nat) \ option \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-l\rangle where
     \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ None \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = (M, N, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, Q) \rangle
| \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ (Some \ (L, j)) \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) = | \langle st\text{-}l\text{-
           (M, N, D, NE, UE, (if D \neq None then \{\#\} else clauses-to-update-wl (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)
L j,
definition state\text{-}wl\text{-}l :: \langle ('v \ literal \times nat) \ option \Rightarrow ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l) \ set \rangle where
\langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ L = \{(T, T'), T' = st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl \ L \ T\} \rangle
fun twl-st-of-wl :: \langle ('v \ literal \times nat) \ option \Rightarrow ('v \ twl-st-wl \times 'v \ twl-st \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
     \langle twl\text{-st-of-}wl \ L = state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ L \ O \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ (map\text{-}option \ fst \ L) \rangle
\mathbf{named\text{-}theorems} \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \ \langle \textit{Conversions simp rules} \rangle
lemma [twl-st-wl]:
     assumes \langle (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l L \rangle
     shows
          \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ T=get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S \rangle and
          \langle \textit{get-clauses-l} \ T = \textit{get-clauses-wl} \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
          \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l \ T = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S \rangle and
          \langle L = None \Longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
          \langle L \neq \mathit{None} \Longrightarrow \mathit{get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl} \; S \neq \mathit{None} \Longrightarrow \mathit{clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l} \; T = \{\#\} \rangle
          \langle L \neq None \implies get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None \implies clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}l \ T =
                  clauses-to-update-wl S (fst (the L)) (snd (the L)) and
          \langle \mathit{literals-to-update-l} \ T = \mathit{literals-to-update-wl} \ S \rangle
          \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T=get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
          \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T=get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
          \langle qet\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T=qet\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
          \langle qet\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ T=qet\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l]:
     \langle (a, a') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \Longrightarrow
                    get-learned-clss-l a' = get-learned-clss-wl a
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{remove-one-lit-from-wq-def}\colon
  \langle remove-one-lit-from-wq\ L\ S=set-clauses-to-update-l\ (clauses-to-update-l\ S-\{\#L\#\})\ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-set-literals-to-update[simp]:
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl\ WS\ T') = correct\text{-}watching\ T' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-wl]:
  (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl\ W\ S) = qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S)
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl \ W \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma \ qet-conflict-wl-set-literals-to-update-wl[twl-st-wl]:
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl \ P \ S) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle \textit{get-unit-clauses-wl} \ (\textit{set-literals-to-update-wl} \ P \ S) = \textit{get-unit-clauses-wl} \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition set-conflict-wl :: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle set\text{-conflict-}wl = (\lambda C \ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ (M,\ N,\ Some\ (mset\ C),\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ W) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ [\mathit{twl-st-wl}] : \langle \mathit{get-clauses-wl} \ (\mathit{set-conflict-wl} \ D \ S) = \mathit{get-clauses-wl} \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-wl]:
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ D \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ D \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
lemma state-wl-l-mark-of-is-decided:
  \langle (x, y) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ b \Longrightarrow
         get-trail-wl \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
         is-decided (hd (get-trail-ly)) = is-decided (hd (get-trail-wlx))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma state-wl-l-mark-of-is-proped:
  \langle (x, y) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ b \Longrightarrow
         get-trail-wl \ x \neq [] \Longrightarrow
         is-proped (hd (get-trail-l y)) = is-proped (hd (get-trail-wl x)) > is
  \langle proof \rangle
We here also update the list of watched clauses WL.
declare twl-st-wl[simp]
definition unit-prop-body-wl-inv where
\langle unit\text{-prop-body-}wl\text{-}inv \ T \ j \ i \ L \longleftrightarrow (i < length \ (watched\text{-by} \ T \ L) \land j \leq i \land i 
    (fst \ (watched-by \ T \ L \ ! \ i) \in \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ T) \longrightarrow
     (\exists T'. (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, i)) \land j \leq i \land
     unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv L (fst (watched-by T L!i))
         (remove-one-lit-from-wq\ (fst\ (watched-by\ T\ L\ !\ i))\ T') \land
     L \in \# all-lits-of-mm (mset '# init-clss-lf (get-clauses-wl T) + get-unit-clauses-wl T) \land
      correct-watching-except j i L T)))
lemma unit-prop-body-wl-inv-alt-def:
  (unit\text{-prop-body-}wl\text{-}inv\ T\ j\ i\ L\longleftrightarrow (i< length\ (watched\text{-by}\ T\ L)\ \land\ j\leq i\ \land
```

```
(fst (watched-by T L! i) \in \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl T) \longrightarrow
            (\exists T'. (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, i)) \land
            unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv L (fst (watched-by T L!i))
                      (remove-one-lit-from-wq\ (fst\ (watched-by\ T\ L\ !\ i))\ T') \land
            L \in \# all-lits-of-mm (mset '# init-clss-lf (qet-clauses-wl T) + get-unit-clauses-wl T) \wedge
                correct-watching-except j i L T \wedge
            get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T=None\ \land
            length (get-clauses-wl T \propto fst (watched-by T L ! i) \geq 2)))
       (\mathbf{is} \langle ?A = ?B \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition propagate-lit-wl-general :: \langle v | titeral \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl \rangle where
       \langle propagate-lit-wl-general = (\lambda L' \ C \ i \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W).
                   let N = (if \ length \ (N \propto C) > 2 \ then \ N(C \hookrightarrow swap \ (N \propto C) \ 0 \ (Suc \ \theta - i)) \ else \ N) \ in
                   (Propagated\ L'\ C\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q,\ W))
definition propagate-lit-wl :: \langle v|teral \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl \rangle where
       \langle propagate-lit-wl = (\lambda L' \ C \ i \ (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W).
                   let N = N(C \hookrightarrow swap (N \propto C) \ 0 \ (Suc \ 0 - i)) in
                   (Propagated\ L'\ C\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q,\ W))
definition propagate-lit-wl-bin :: \langle v|titeral \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v|twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v|twl-s
       (propagate-lit-wl-bin = (\lambda L' \ C \ i \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W).
                   (Propagated\ L'\ C\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ add-mset\ (-L')\ Q,\ W))
definition keep-watch where
       \langle keep\text{-}watch = (\lambda L \ i \ j \ (M, \ N, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W).
                   (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := (W L)[i := W L ! j])))
lemma length-watched-by-keep-watch[twl-st-wl]:
       \langle length \ (watched-by \ (keep-watch \ L \ i \ j \ S) \ K) = length \ (watched-by \ S \ K) \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma watched-by-keep-watch-neq[twl-st-wl, simp]:
       \langle w \rangle \langle w \rangle = (watched-by S L) \implies watched-by (keep-watch L j w S) L! w = watched-by S L! w
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma watched-by-keep-watch-eq[twl-st-wl, simp]:
       \langle j < length \ (watched-by \ S \ L) \implies watched-by \ (keep-watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) \ L \ ! \ j = watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w \ )
       \langle proof \rangle
definition update\text{-}clause\text{-}wl:: ('v \ literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow
            (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \ where
       (update\text{-}clause\text{-}wl = (\lambda(L::'v\ literal)\ C\ b\ j\ w\ i\ f\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ do\ \{M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W\}).
                let K' = (N \propto C) ! f;
                let N' = N(C \hookrightarrow swap\ (N \propto C)\ i\ f);
                RETURN (j, w+1, (M, N', D, NE, UE, Q, W(K' := W K' @ [(C, L, b)])))
      })>
definition update-blit-wl :: (v'v \ literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v'v \ literal \Rightarrow v'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v'v \ literal \Rightarrow v
             (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \ where
       \langle update-blit-wl = (\lambda(L::'v\ literal)\ C\ b\ j\ w\ K\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ do\ \{
                RETURN (j+1, w+1, (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := (W L)[j := (C, K, b)])))
      })>
```

```
definition unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv where
\langle unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}inv f C S \longleftrightarrow
   get-clauses-wl\ S \propto C \neq [] \land
   (f = None \longleftrightarrow (\forall L \in \#mset \ (unwatched - l \ (get-clauses-wl \ S \propto C)). - L \in lits-of-l \ (get-trail-wl \ S))))
abbreviation remaining-nondom-wl where
\langle remaining\text{-}nondom\text{-}wl\ w\ L\ S \equiv
  (if \ get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None
             then size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -)). i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl S)) (mset (drop w (watched-by S
L)))) else 0)
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv where
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv } L = (\lambda(j, w, S)).
    (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, w)) \land j \leq w \land
        unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv L (S', remaining-nondom-wl w L S) \wedge
      correct-watching-except j \ w \ L \ S \land w < length \ (watched-by \ S \ L)))
\mathbf{lemma}\ correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\text{-}correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\text{-}Suc\text{-}keep\text{-}watch\text{:}}
  assumes
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\ (Suc\ j)\ (Suc\ w)\ L\ (keep\text{-}watch\ L\ j\ w\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-except-update-blit:
  assumes
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ i \ j \ L \ (a, \ b, \ c, \ d, \ e, \ f, \ g(L:=(g \ L)[j':=(x1, \ C, \ b')]) \rangle and
     C': \langle C' \in \# \ all\text{-lits-of-mm} \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-mf} \ b + (d+e)) \rangle
      \langle C' \in set \ (b \propto x1) \rangle
      \langle C' \neq L \rangle and
    corr-watched: \langle correctly-marked-as-binary \ b \ (x1, \ C', \ b') \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching-except-Suc-notin:
    \langle fst \ (watched - by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \notin \# \ dom - m \ (get - clauses - wl \ S) \rangle and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ (Suc \ w) \ L \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching-except-update-clause:
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except (Suc j) (Suc w) L
        (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := (W L)[j := W L ! w])) and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length (WL) \rangle and
    L': \langle L' \in \# \ all\text{-lits-of-mm} \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-mf} \ N + (NE + UE)) \rangle
      \langle L' \in set \ (N \propto x1) \rangle and
```

```
L-L: \langle L \in \# \ all-lits-of-mm \ (\{\#mset \ (fst \ x). \ x \in \# \ ran-m \ N\#\} + (NE + UE)) \rangle and
         L: \langle L \neq N \propto x1 \mid xa \rangle and
         dom: \langle x1 \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
         i-xa: \langle i < length (N \propto x1) \rangle \langle xa < length (N \propto x1) \rangle and
         [simp]: \langle W L \mid w = (x1, x2, b) \rangle and
         N-i: \langle N \propto x1 \mid i = L \rangle \langle N \propto x1 \mid (1-i) \neq L \rangle \langle N \propto x1 \mid xa \neq L \rangle and
         N-xa: \langle N \propto x1 \mid xa \neq N \propto x1 \mid i \rangle \langle N \propto x1 \mid xa \neq N \propto x1 \mid (Suc \ \theta - i) \rangle and
         i-2: \langle i < 2 \rangle and \langle xa \geq 2 \rangle and
         L-neq: \langle L' \neq N \propto x1 \mid xa \rangle — The new blocking literal is not the new watched literal.
    shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ (Suc \ w) \ L
                       (M, N(x1 \hookrightarrow swap \ (N \propto x1) \ i \ xa), \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W
                         (L := (W L)[j := (x1, x2, b)],
                            N \propto x1 ! xa := W (N \propto x1 ! xa) @ [(x1, L', b)])
\langle proof \rangle
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre where
     \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre} \ L = (\lambda(j, w, S)).
           w < length (watched-by S L) \land j \leq w \land
           unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv L(j, w, S)
It was too hard to align the programi unto a refinable form directly.
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl 
         (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \land \mathbf{where}
     \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}int}\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
              ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
              let (C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
              let S = keep\text{-}watch L j w S;
              ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
              let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
              if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
              then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
              else do { — Now the costly operations:
                   if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
                   then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
                   else do {
                       let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
                       let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
                       let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) L';
                       if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                       then\ update\text{-}blit\text{-}wl\ L\ C\ b\ j\ w\ L'\ S
                       else do {
                           f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
                            ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
                            case f of
                                None \Rightarrow do \{
                                     if\ val-L' = Some\ False
                                     then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                                     else do \{RETURN\ (j+1,\ w+1,\ propagate-lit-wl-general\ L'\ C\ i\ S)\}
                            | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                                     let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto C \ !\ f;
                                     let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                                     if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                                     then update-blit-wl L C b j w K S
                                     else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
```

```
definition propagate-proper-bin-case where
       \langle propagate\text{-}proper\text{-}bin\text{-}case\ L\ L'\ S\ C\longleftrightarrow
              C \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \ \land \ length \ ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \propto C) = 2 \ \land
            set (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S\propto C)=\{L,\ L'\}\ \land\ L\neq L'\}
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl} :: (\textit{'v literal} \Rightarrow \textit{nat} \Rightarrow \textit{'v twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow \textit{nat} \Rightarrow \textit{'v twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow \textit{nat} \Rightarrow \textit{'v twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow \textit{volume} \Rightarrow \textit{vo
             (nat \times nat \times 'v \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \ \mathbf{where}
       \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
                   ASSERT(unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre }L(j, w, S));
                   let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
                   let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
                   ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
                   let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
                   \it if val\mbox{-}K = Some \mbox{ True}
                   then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
                   else do {
                          if b then do {
                                   ASSERT(propagate-proper-bin-case\ L\ K\ S\ C);
                                   if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ False
                                   then RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl} (get\text{-clauses-wl} S \propto C) S)
                                   else do { — This is non-optimal (memory access: relax invariant!):
                                          let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
                                         RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl-bin K C i S)
                          \right\) — Now the costly operations:
                          else if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
                          then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
                          else do {
                                let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
                                let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
                                let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ L';
                                if val-L' = Some True
                                then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
                                else do {
                                     f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
                                      ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
                                      case f of
                                            None \Rightarrow do \{
                                                   if \ val-L' = Some \ False
                                                   then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                                                   else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl L' C i S)\}
                                      | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                                                  let K = qet-clauses-wl S \propto C ! f;
                                                   let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                                                   if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                                                   then\ update\text{-}blit\text{-}wl\ L\ C\ b\ j\ w\ K\ S
                                                   else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
                                            }
                      }
```

```
}>
lemma [twl-st-wl]: \langle get-clauses-wl (keep-watch L j w S) = get-clauses-wl S)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}int\text{-}alt\text{-}def\text{:}
 \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}int}\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
      ASSERT(unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre }L(j, w, S));
      let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
      let b' = (C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S));
      if b' then do {
        let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
        ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
        let K = K;
        let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K \ in
         if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
         then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
         else — Now the costly operations:
           RETURN (j, w+1, S)
      else do {
        let S' = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
         ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S'\ j\ w\ L);
         K \leftarrow SPEC((=) K);
        let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S') \ K \ in
         if\ val	ext{-}K = Some\ True
         then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S')
         else do { — Now the costly operations:
           let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S') \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
           let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S') \propto C) ! (1 - i);
           let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S') L';
           if \ val-L' = Some \ True
           then\ update\text{-}blit\text{-}wl\ L\ C\ b\ j\ w\ L'\ S'
           else do {
             f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S') (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S' \propto C);
             ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f C S');
             case\ f\ of
               None \Rightarrow do \{
                 if \ val-L' = Some \ False
                 then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl (get-clauses-wl } S' \propto C) S')}
                 else do \{RETURN\ (j+1,\ w+1,\ propagate-lit-wl-general\ L'\ C\ i\ S')\}
             | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                 let K = get-clauses-wl S' \propto C ! f;
                 let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S') K;
                 if val-L' = Some True
                 then update-blit-wl L C b j w K S'
                 else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S'
      }
   }>
\langle proof \rangle
```

1.4.3 The Functions

Inner Loop

```
lemma clause-to-update-mapsto-upd-If:
   assumes
       i: \langle i \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle
   shows
   \langle clause\text{-}to\text{-}update\ L\ (M,\ N(i\hookrightarrow C'),\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=
      (if L \in set (watched-l C'))
        then add-mset i (remove1-mset i (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q)))
        else remove1-mset i (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q)))\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-with-skip-alt-def:
   \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-with-skip } L (S', n) = do \{
          ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S' \neq \{\#\} \lor 0 < n);
          ASSERT (unit-propagation-inner-loop-l-inv L (S', n));
          b \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda b. \ (b \longrightarrow 0 < n) \land (\neg b \longrightarrow clauses-to-update-l \ S' \neq \{\#\}));
          if \neg b
          then do {
             ASSERT (clauses-to-update-l S' \neq \{\#\});
             X2 \leftarrow select-from-clauses-to-update S';
             ASSERT (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-l-inv L (snd X2) (fst X2));
             x \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda K. \ K \in set \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (fst \ X2) \propto snd \ X2));
             let v = polarity (get-trail-l (fst X2)) x;
             if v = Some True then let T = fst X2 in RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else 0)
             else let v = if get-clauses-l (fst X2) \propto snd X2! 0 = L then 0 else 1;
                                   va = get-clauses-l (fst X2) \propto snd X2! (1 - v); vaa = polarity (get-trail-l (fst X2)) vaa = get-clauses-l (fst X2) 
                               in
                 if\ vaa = Some\ True
     then let T = \text{fst } X2 \text{ in } RETURN \text{ } (T, \text{ if } \text{get-conflict-l } T = \text{None then } n \text{ else } 0)
                      x \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l (fst X2)) (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l (fst X2) \preceq snd X2);
                      case \ x \ of
                      None \Rightarrow
                         if\ vaa = Some\ False
                         then let T = set-conflict-l (get-clauses-l (fst X2) \propto snd X2) (fst X2)
                                  in RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else \theta)
                         else let T = propagate-lit-l va (snd X2) v (fst X2)
                                  in RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else \theta)
                      | Some a \Rightarrow do {
                                x \leftarrow ASSERT \ (a < length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ (fst \ X2) \propto snd \ X2));
                                let K = (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\ (fst\ X2) \propto (snd\ X2))!a;
                                let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l \ (fst \ X2)) \ K;
                                if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
                                then let T = fst \ X2 in RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else 0)
                                             T \leftarrow update\text{-}clause\text{-}l \ (snd \ X2) \ v \ a \ (fst \ X2);
                                            RETURN (T, if get-conflict-l T = None then n else 0)
                             }
                    }
          else RETURN (S', n-1)
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma keep-watch-st-wl[twl-st-wl]:
  \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) = get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ (keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
declare twl-st-wl[simp]
lemma correct-watching-except-correct-watching-except-propagate-lit-wl:
  assumes
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
    i-le: \langle Suc \ \theta < length \ (get-clauses-wl \ S \propto C) \rangle and
     C: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S) \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ (propagate\text{-}lit\text{-}wl\text{-}general \ L' \ C \ i \ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int-alt-def2:
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}int}\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
       ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
       let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
       let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
       ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
       let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
       if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
       then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
       else do { — Now the costly operations:
         if b then
            if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
            then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
            else do {
              let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
              let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
              let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ L';
              if \ val-L' = Some \ True
              then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
              else do {
                 f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
                 ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
                 case f of
                   None \Rightarrow do \{
                     if \ val-L' = Some \ False
                     then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                      else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl-general L' C i S)\}
                 | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                     let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto C \ !\ f;
                      let val-L' = polarity (qet-trail-wl S) K;
                      if \ val\text{-}L' = Some \ True
                     then update-blit-wl \ L \ C \ b \ j \ w \ K \ S
                      else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
```

else

```
if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
          then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
          else do {
             let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ 0 = L \ then \ 0 \ else \ 1);
             let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
             let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) L';
             if \ val-L' = Some \ True
             then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
             else do {
              f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
               ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f \ C \ S);
               case f of
                 None \Rightarrow do \{
                   if\ val\text{-}L' = Some\ False
                   then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl (get-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                   else do \{RETURN\ (j+1,\ w+1,\ propagate-lit-wl-general\ L'\ C\ i\ S)\}
               | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                   let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto C \ !\ f;
                   let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                   \mathit{if val-}L' = \mathit{Some True}
                   then update-blit-wl L C b j w K S
                   else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
            }
      }
   }>
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}alt\text{-}def:
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
      ASSERT(unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre }L(j, w, S));
      let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
      let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
      let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
      if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
      then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
      else do {
        if b then do {
          if False
          then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
             if False - val-L' = Some \ True
             then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
             else do {
              f \leftarrow RETURN \ (None :: nat \ option);
               case f of
                None \Rightarrow do \{
                  ASSERT(propagate-proper-bin-case\ L\ K\ S\ C);
                  if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ False
                  then RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl} (get\text{-clauses-wl} S \propto C) S)
                  else do {
                    let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
                    RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl-bin K C i S)
```

```
 | - \Rightarrow RETURN (j, w+1, S) 
         } — Now the costly operations:
         else if C \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)
         then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
         else do {
           let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
           let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
           let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ L';
           if val-L' = Some True
           then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
           else do {
             f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
              ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv f C S);
              case f of
                None \Rightarrow do \{
                  if\ val-L' = Some\ False
                  then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl (get-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
                  else do \{RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl L' C i S)\}
              | Some f \Rightarrow do {
                  let K = get-clauses-wl S \propto C ! f;
                  let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (\textit{get-trail-wl} \ S) \ K;
                  if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                  then update-blit-wl L C b j w K S
                  else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma
  fixes S :: \langle v \ twl - st - wl \rangle and S' :: \langle v \ twl - st - l \rangle and L :: \langle v \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
  defines [simp]: \langle C' \equiv fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle T \equiv remove-one-lit-from-wq C' S' \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle C'' \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S' \propto C' \rangle
  assumes
    S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ (Some \ (L, w)) \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    corr-w: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle and
    inner-loop-inv: \langle unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv \ L\ (j,\ w,\ S) \rangle and
    n: (n = size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -). i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl S))) (mset (drop w (watched-by S L)))))
     confl-S: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None \rangle
  shows unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-wl-int: \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl \ L \ j \ w \ S \ \leq
     \Downarrow Id (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int L j w S)
\langle proof \rangle
```

lemma

```
fixes S :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \rangle and S' :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-l} \rangle and L :: \langle v \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
  defines [simp]: \langle C' \equiv fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle T \equiv remove-one-lit-from-wq C' S' <math>\rangle
  defines
     [simp]: \langle C'' \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S' \propto C' \rangle
  assumes
    S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ (Some \ (L, w)) \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    corr-w: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ S \rangle and
    inner-loop-inv: (unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv \ L\ (j,\ w,\ S)) and
    n: (n = size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -). i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl S))) (mset (drop w (watched-by S L)))))
and
    confl-S: \langle qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None \rangle
  shows unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int-spec: (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-int L j w S
    \Downarrow \{((i, j, T'), (T, n)).
         (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, j)) \land
         correct-watching-except i j L T' \land
         j \leq length (watched-by T'L) \land
         length (watched-by S L) = length (watched-by T' L) \land
         i \leq j \land
         (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T'=None\longrightarrow
             n = size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -). i \notin \# dom-m (qet-clauses-wl T')) (mset (drop j (watched-by T')))
L)))))) \wedge
         (qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' \neq None \longrightarrow n = 0)
      (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip}\ L\ (S',\ n)) \land (is \land ?propa) is \land - \leq \Downarrow ?unit \rightarrow )and
    unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-update:
       \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}inv\ L\ C'\ T \Longrightarrow
          mset '# (ran-mf ((get-clauses-wl S) (C' \hookrightarrow (swap (get-clauses-wl S \propto C') 0
                               (1 - (if (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S) \propto C'! 0 = L then 0 else 1)))))) =
         mset '\# (ran-mf (get-clauses-wl S)) \land (is \leftarrow \implies ?eq \land)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma
  fixes S :: \langle v \ twl - st - wl \rangle and S' :: \langle v \ twl - st - l \rangle and L :: \langle v \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
  defines [simp]: \langle C' \equiv fst \ (watched-by \ S \ L \ ! \ w) \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle T \equiv remove-one-lit-from-wq C' S' \rangle
  defines
    [simp]: \langle C'' \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S' \propto C' \rangle
  assumes
    S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ (Some \ (L, w)) \rangle and
    w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ L) \rangle and
    j-w: \langle j \leq w \rangle and
    corr-w: (correct-watching-except j w L S) and
    inner-loop-inv: \langle unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv \ L \ (i, w, S) \rangle and
    n: (n = size (filter-mset (\lambda(i, -). i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl S))) (mset (drop w (watched-by S L)))))
     confl-S: \langle qet-conflict-wl \ S = None \rangle
  shows unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-spec: (unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl L j w S \leq
    \psi\{((i, j, T'), (T, n)).
         (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l (Some (L, j)) \land
```

```
correct-watching-except i j L T' \land
         j \leq length (watched-by T'L) \wedge
         length (watched-by S L) = length (watched-by T' L) \land
         i \leq j \land
         (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' = None \longrightarrow
              n = size \ (filter-mset \ (\lambda(i, -). \ i \notin \# \ dom-m \ (get-clauses-wl \ T')) \ (mset \ (drop \ j \ (watched-by \ T'))) \ (mset \ (drop \ j \ (watched-by \ T')))
L)))))) \wedge
          (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T' \neq None \longrightarrow n = \theta)
      (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}l\text{-}with\text{-}skip\ L\ (S',\ n))
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop
   :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \rangle \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \times \langle v | twl-st-wl) | nres \rangle where
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop } L S_0 = do \}
    let n = length (watched-by S_0 L);
     WHILE_{T}unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}inv\ L
       (\lambda(j, w, S). \ w < n \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ S = None)
       (\lambda(j, w, S). do \{
         unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl\ L\ j\ w\ S
       (0, 0, S_0)
  }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except\text{-}correct\text{-}watching\text{-}cut\text{-}watch:
  assumes corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}except \ j \ w \ L \ (a, b, c, d, e, f, g) \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g(L:=take\ j\ (g\ L)\ @\ drop\ w\ (g\ L)))\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-alt-def:
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}L\text{-}S_0 = do\text{-}\{
    let (-:: nat) = (if \ get-conflict-wl \ S_0 = None \ then \ remaining-nondom-wl \ 0 \ L \ S_0 \ else \ 0);
    let n = length (watched-by S_0 L);
     W\!HI\!LE_T unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}inv} L
       (\lambda(j, w, S). \ w < n \land get\text{-conflict-wl } S = None)
       (\lambda(j, w, S). do \{
          unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl L j w S
       (0, 0, S_0)
  }
  \langle proof \rangle
definition cut-watch-list :: \langle nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cut\text{-watch-list } j \text{ } w \text{ } L = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). \text{ } do \text{ } \{
       ASSERT(j \leq w \land j \leq length(WL) \land w \leq length(WL));
       RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W(L := take j (W L) @ drop w (W L)))
    })>
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl} :: \ \textit{`'v literal} \Rightarrow \textit{'v twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow \textit{'v twl-st-wl nres} \ \textbf{where}
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl } L S_0 = do \}
      (j, w, S) \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop } L S_0;
      ASSERT(j \leq w \land w \leq length \ (watched-by \ S \ L));
```

```
cut-watch-list j w L S
  }>
lemma correct-watching-correct-watching-except 00:
  \langle correct\text{-watching } S \Longrightarrow correct\text{-watching-except } 0 \ 0 \ L \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-spec:
  shows \langle (uncurry\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl,\ uncurry\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-l) \in
     \{((L', T'::'v \ twl-st-wl), (L, T::'v \ twl-st-l)\}. L = L' \land (T', T) \in state-wl-l \ (Some \ (L, \theta)) \land (L', T'::'v \ twl-st-wl)\}
       correct-watching T' \rightarrow
    \langle \{ (T', T). (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching } T' \} \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel
    (is \ \langle ?fg \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle nres-rel) \ is \ \langle ?fg \in ?A \rightarrow \langle \{(T', T). - \land ?P \ T \ T'\} \rangle nres-rel))
Outer loop
definition select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (v | twl-st-wl \times v | twr literal) nres
where
  (select\text{-}and\text{-}remove\text{-}from\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl\ S} = SPEC(\lambda(S',\ L),\ L \in \#\ literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl\ S} \land 
      S' = set-literals-to-update-wl (literals-to-update-wl S - \{\#L\#\}\) S)
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-inv where
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}inv\ S\longleftrightarrow
    (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       correct-watching S \wedge
       unit-propagation-outer-loop-l-inv S')
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl} :: \ ('v \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \ \Rightarrow \ 'v \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \ \textit{nres}) \ \textbf{where}
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ S_0 =
     WHILE_{T} unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}inv
       (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\})
       (\lambda S. do \{
          ASSERT(literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\});
         (S', L) \leftarrow select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update-wl S;
          ASSERT(L \in \# \ all-lits-of-mm \ (mset '\# \ ran-mf \ (get-clauses-wl \ S') + get-unit-clauses-wl \ S'));
         unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl L S'
       (S_0 :: 'v \ twl-st-wl)
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-spec:
  \langle (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl, unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}l) \rangle
 \in \{(T'::'v \ twl\text{-st-w}l, \ T).
        (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land
         correct-watching T' \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{ (T', T). \rangle
        (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land
         correct-watching T'}nres-rel\rangle
  (\mathbf{is} \ \langle ?u \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
```

Decide or Skip

definition find-unassigned-lit-wl :: $\langle v | twl$ -st-wl $\Rightarrow \langle v | literal | option | nres \rangle$ where

```
\langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)).
      SPEC (\lambda L.
           (L \neq None \longrightarrow
               undefined-lit M (the L) \wedge
               atm-of (the L) \in atms-of-mm (clause '# twl-clause-of '# init-clss-lf N + NE)) \land
           (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L'. undefined-lit M L' \land)
               atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clause '\#\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N\ +\ NE))))
      )>
definition decide-wl-or-skip-pre where
\langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
  (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
    decide-l-or-skip-pre S'
definition decide-lit-wl :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle decide-lit-wl = (\lambda L'(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). \rangle
       (Decided\ L'\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#-\ L'\#\},\ W))
definition decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \rangle where
  \langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip \ S = (do \ \{
     ASSERT(decide-wl-or-skip-pre\ S);
     L \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl S;
     case L of
       None \Rightarrow RETURN (True, S)
     | Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, decide-lit-wl L S) |
  })
lemma decide-wl-or-skip-spec:
  \langle (decide-wl-or-skip, decide-l-or-skip) \rangle
     \in \{(T':: 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ T).
            (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
            correct-watching T' \wedge
            get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T'=None\} \rightarrow
          \{((b', T'), (b, T)), b' = b \land \}
           (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
            correct-watching T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
Skip or Resolve
definition tl-state-wl :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle tl\text{-state-}wl = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), (tl M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)) \rangle
definition resolve-cls-wl' :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause \rangle where
\langle resolve\text{-}cls\text{-}wl' \ S \ C \ L =
    remove1-mset L (remove1-mset (-L) (the (get-conflict-wl S) \cup# (mset (get-clauses-wl S \propto C))))
definition update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}wl :: \langle nat \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow bool \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle where
  \langle update\text{-}confl\text{-}tl\text{-}wl = (\lambda C\ L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).
      let D = resolve-cls-wl'(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) C L in
          (False, (tl\ M,\ N,\ Some\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)))
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-inv} :: \langle \textit{'v} \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \ \Rightarrow \ \textit{bool} \ \Rightarrow \ \textit{'v} \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \ \Rightarrow \ \textit{bool} \rangle \ \textbf{where}
```

```
 \langle \mathit{skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-inv}\ S_0\ \mathit{brk}\ S \longleftrightarrow 
     (\exists S' S'_0. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       (S_0, S'_0) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
      skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}inv\text{-}l\ S'{}_0\ brk\ S'\wedge\\
          correct-watching S)
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ S_0 =
     do \{
        ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ S_0 \neq None);
          WHILE_T \lambda(brk, S). skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-inv S_0 brk S
          (\lambda(brk, S). \neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S)))
          (\lambda(-, S).
             do \{
               let D' = the (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S);
               let (L, C) = lit-and-ann-of-propagated (hd (get-trail-wl S));
               if -L \notin \# D' then
                  do \{RETURN (False, tl-state-wl S)\}
                  if\ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S)\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ D') = count\text{-}decided\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S)
S)
                  then
                    do \{RETURN (update-confl-tl-wl \ C \ L \ S)\}
                  else
                    do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
          (False, S_0);
       RETURN\ S
    }
\mathbf{lemma}\ tl\text{-}state\text{-}wl\text{-}tl\text{-}state\text{-}l:
  \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \Longrightarrow (tl\text{-}state\text{-}wl \ S, tl\text{-}state\text{-}l \ S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-spec:
  \langle (skip-and-resolve-loop-wl, skip-and-resolve-loop-l) \rangle
     \in \{(T'::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ T).
           (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
             \mathit{correct\text{-}watching}\ \mathit{T'} \land \\
             0 < count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl T')\} \rightarrow
       \langle \{ (T', T). 
           (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
             correct-watching T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
  (is \langle ?s \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
Backtrack
definition find\text{-}decomp\text{-}wl :: ('v \ literal \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres) where
  \langle find\text{-}decomp\text{-}wl = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). \rangle
       SPEC(\lambda S. \exists K M2 M1. S = (M1, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \land (Decided K \# M1, M2) \in set
(get-all-ann-decomposition M) \land
             \textit{get-level M K} = \textit{get-maximum-level M} \; (\textit{the D} - \{\#-L\#\}) + 1)) \rangle
```

```
definition find-lit-of-max-level-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v | literal \Rightarrow v | literal | nres \rangle where
  \langle find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) L.
     SPEC(\lambda L'.\ L' \in \#\ remove 1\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ (the\ D)\ \land\ get\text{-}level\ M\ L'=\ get\text{-}maximum\text{-}level\ M\ (the\ D-level\ M)
\{\#-L\#\})))
fun extract-shorter-conflict-wl :: \langle v twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl nres \rangle where
  \langle extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) = SPEC(\lambda S.
     \exists D'. D' \subseteq \# \text{ the } D \land S = (M, N, Some D', NE, UE, Q, W) \land
     clause '# twl-clause-of '# ran-mf N + NE + UE \models pm D' \land -(lit-of (hd M)) \in \# D')
declare extract-shorter-conflict-wl.simps[simp del]
lemmas extract-shorter-conflict-wl-def = extract-shorter-conflict-wl.simps
definition backtrack-wl-inv where
  \langle backtrack-wl-inv \ S \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ S'. \ (S, \ S') \in state-wl-l \ None \land backtrack-l-inv \ S' \land correct-watching \ S)
Rougly: we get a fresh index that has not yet been used.
definition get-fresh-index-wl :: \langle 'v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow nat \ nres \rangle where
\langle get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\text{-}wl\ N\ NUE\ W = SPEC(\lambda i.\ i > 0\ \land\ i\notin\#\ dom\text{-}m\ N\ \land
   (\forall L \in \# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-}mf \ N + NUE) \ . \ i \notin fst ' \ set \ (W \ L)))
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{propagate-bt-wl} :: ('v \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{twl-st-wl} \ \textit{nres}) \ \textbf{where}
  \langle propagate-bt-wl = (\lambda L L'(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). do \}
    D'' \leftarrow list\text{-}of\text{-}mset (the D);
    i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\text{-}wl\ N\ (NE + UE)\ W;
    let b = (length ([-L, L'] \otimes (remove1 (-L) (remove1 L' D''))) = 2);
    RETURN (Propagated (-L) i \# M,
        fmupd\ i\ ([-L,\ L']\ @\ (remove1\ (-L)\ (remove1\ L'\ D'')),\ False)\ N,
           None, NE, UE, \{\#L\#\}, W(-L:=W(-L) @ [(i, L', b)], L':=WL' @ [(i, -L, b)]))
      })>
definition propagate-unit-bt-wl :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \rangle where
  \langle propagate-unit-bt-wl = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W).
    (Propagated (-L) \ 0 \ \# M, N, None, NE, add-mset (the D) \ UE, \{\#L\#\}, W))
definition backtrack-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle backtrack-wl \ S =
    do \{
      ASSERT(backtrack-wl-inv\ S);
      let L = lit\text{-}of (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S));
      S \leftarrow extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S;
      S \leftarrow find\text{-}decomp\text{-}wl \ L \ S;
      if size (the (get-conflict-wl S)) > 1
      then do {
         L' \leftarrow find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl S L;
        propagate-bt-wl\ L\ L'\ S
      else do {
         RETURN (propagate-unit-bt-wl L S)
     }
  }>
```

```
lemma correct-watching-learn:
       assumes
              L1: \langle atm\text{-}of \ L1 \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ N + NE) \rangle and
              L2: \langle atm\text{-}of \ L2 \in atm\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ N + NE) \rangle and
                UW: \langle atms-of \ (mset \ UW) \subseteq atms-of-mm \ (mset \ '\# \ ran-mf \ N + NE) \rangle and
              i\text{-}dom: \langle i \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
              fresh: \langle \bigwedge L. \ L \in \#all\text{-lits-of-mm} \ (mset '\# \ ran\text{-mf} \ N + (NE + UE)) \implies i \notin fst ' \ set \ (W \ L) \rangle and
              [iff]: \langle L1 \neq L2 \rangle and
              b: \langle b \longleftrightarrow length (L1 \# L2 \# UW) = 2 \rangle
       shows
        \langle correct\text{-}watching\ (K\ \#\ M,\ fmupd\ i\ (L1\ \#\ L2\ \#\ UW,\ b')\ N,
              D, NE, UE, Q, W (L1 := W L1 @ [(i, L2, b)], L2 := W L2 @ [(i, L1, b)])) \longleftrightarrow
        correct-watching (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q', W)
        (is \ \langle ?l \longleftrightarrow ?c \rangle \ is \ \langle correct\text{-watching} \ (-, \ ?N, \ -) = - \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
fun equality-except-conflict-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | t
\langle equality-except-conflict-wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q')\longleftrightarrow
              M = M' \land N = N' \land NE = NE' \land UE = UE' \land WS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land MS = WS' \land Q = Q' \land
fun equality-except-trail-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle bool \rangle where
\langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)\ (M',\ N',\ D',\ NE',\ UE',\ WS',\ Q')\longleftrightarrow
              lemma equality-except-conflict-wl-get-clauses-wl:
        \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ S\ Y \Longrightarrow get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ Y \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma equality-except-trail-wl-qet-clauses-wl:
   \langle equality\text{-}except\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S\ Y \Longrightarrow get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ Y \rangle
        \langle proof \rangle
lemma backtrack-wl-spec:
        (backtrack-wl, backtrack-l)
              \in \{(T'::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ T).
                                     (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land
                                     correct-watching T' \wedge
                                     \textit{get-conflict-wl} \ T' \neq \textit{None} \ \land
                                     get-conflict-wl T' \neq Some \{\#\}\} \rightarrow
                              \langle \{ (T', T). 
                                     (T', T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
                                     correct-watching T'}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
        (is \langle ?bt \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
Backtrack, Skip, Resolve or Decide
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-pre where
        \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}proq\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
                  (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
                              correct-watching S \wedge
                              cdcl-twl-o-prog-l-pre <math>S')\rangle
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (bool \times 'v \ twl-st-wl) nres \rangle where
```

 $\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}wl \ S =$

```
do \{
       ASSERT(cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-pre\ S);
       do \{
         \textit{if get-conflict-wl } S = \textit{None}
         then decide-wl-or-skip S
         else do {
            if count-decided (get-trail-wl S) > 0
            then do {
              T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl S;
              ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T \neq Some\ \{\#\});
              U \leftarrow backtrack-wl\ T;
              RETURN (False, U)
            else do \{RETURN \ (True, S)\}
    }
lemma cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-spec:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl, cdcl-twl-o-prog-l) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ S'::'v \ twl-st-l).
      (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
      correct\text{-}watching S\} \rightarrow_f
    \langle \{((brk::bool, T::'v twl-st-wl), brk'::bool, T'::'v twl-st-l). \rangle
      (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
      brk = brk' \wedge
      correct-watching T}\rangle nres-rel\rangle
   (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
Full Strategy
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \times \ 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}inv S_0 \equiv \lambda(brk, T).
       (\exists T' S_0'. (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l None \land
       (S_0, S_0') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l-inv <math>S_0' (brk, T')
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl S_0 =
  do \{
    (\mathit{brk},\ T) \leftarrow \mathit{WHILE}_T\mathit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv}\ S_0
       (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
       (\lambda(brk, S). do \{
         T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl } S;
         cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl T
       (False, S_0);
     RETURN T
\textbf{theorem} \ \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{:}
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ S').
        (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
```

```
correct-watching S\} \rightarrow
     \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-spec':
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-l) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ S').
          (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow
     \langle \{(S::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ S').
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-pre where
   \  \  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ S\ U \longleftrightarrow
     (\exists T. (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{-}pre } T \ U \land correct\text{-}watching \ S)
lemma cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-wl-spec-final:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ S\ S'\rangle
  shows
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl\ S \leq \downarrow \ (state-wl-l\ None\ O\ twl-st-l\ None)\ (conclusive-TWL-run\ S') \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-break-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl S_0 =
   do \{
     b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
     (b, \textit{brk}, \textit{T}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{\textit{T}} \lambda(\textit{-}, \textit{S}). \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv} \textit{S}_{\textit{0}} \textit{S}
        (\lambda(b, brk, -). b \wedge \neg brk)
        (\lambda(-, brk, S). do \{
           T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl S;
           T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl T;
           b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True):
           RETURN(b, T)
        })
        (b, False, S_0);
     if brk then RETURN T
     else\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl\ T
   }>
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-spec':
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ S').\}
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S \} \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{(S::'v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl,\ S'),\ (S,\ S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\ None \land correct\text{-}watching}\ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel\rangle
    (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-spec:
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-l) \in \{(S::'v twl-st-wl, S').\}
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
         correct\text{-}watching S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow_f \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-spec-final:
  assumes
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-pre S S' \rangle
    \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-proq-break-wl S \leq \downarrow (state-wl-l None O twl-st-l None) (conclusive-TWL-run S' \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Restart
 imports Watched-Literals-List-Restart Watched-Literals-Watch-List
begin
To ease the proof, we introduce the following "alternative" definitions, that only considers
variables that are present in the initial clauses (which are never deleted from the set of clauses,
but only moved to another component).
fun correct-watching' :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle correct\text{-}watching' (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall L \in \# all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N + NE).
        distinct-watched (WL) \land
       (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (W L).
              i \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \longrightarrow K \in set \ (N \propto i) \land K \neq L \land correctly\text{-}marked\text{-}as\text{-}binary \ N \ (i, K, b)) \land
        (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (W L).
              b \longrightarrow i \in \# dom - m N) \land
        filter-mset (\lambda i.\ i \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) (fst '\pm mset (W\ L)) = clause-to-update L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,
{#}, {#}))<sup>)</sup>
fun correct-watching'' :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle correct\text{-}watching'' (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \longleftrightarrow
    (\forall L \in \# all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ N + NE).
        distinct-watched (WL) \land
        (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (W L).
              i \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \longrightarrow K \in set \ (N \propto i) \land K \neq L) \land
        filter-mset (\lambda i.\ i \in \#\ dom\text{-}m\ N) (fst '\pm mset (W\ L)) = clause-to-update L\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,
{#}, {#}))>
lemma correct-watching'-correct-watching'': \langle correct\text{-watching''} S \Rightarrow correct\text{-watching''} S \rangle
declare correct-watching'.simps[simp del] correct-watching''.simps[simp del]
{\bf definition}\ remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv
  :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow nat \times \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow bool \rangle
  \langle remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv \ S \ xs = (\lambda(i, T).
     correct-watching" S \wedge correct-watching" T \wedge correct
     (\exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
        remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-inv S' xs (i, T'))
\mathbf{definition}\ remove-all-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl
where
\langle remove-all-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl = (\lambda(C, S)). \ do \ \{ \}
```

if $C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S)$ then

if irred (get-clauses-wl S) C

```
then RETURN (drop-clause-add-move-init S C)
         else RETURN (drop-clause S C)
      else do {
         RETURN S
  })>
{\bf definition}\ remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl
  :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-wl \rangle \Rightarrow (\langle v | twl-st-wl) | nres \rangle
where
\langle remove\text{-}all\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}imp\text{-}wl = (\lambda L\ S.\ do\ \{
    let xs = get\text{-}watched\text{-}wl S L;
    (-, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(i, T). remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv S xs (i, T)
      (\lambda(i, T). i < length xs)
      (\lambda(i, T). do \{
         ASSERT(i < length xs);
        let (C, -, -) = xs!i;
        if C \in \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl T) \wedge length ((get-clauses-wl T) \propto C) \neq 2
        then do {
           T \leftarrow remove-all-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl (C, T);
           RETURN (i+1, T)
        }
        else
           RETURN (i+1, T)
      (0, S);
    RETURN\ T
  })>
lemma reduce-dom-clauses-fmdrop:
  \langle reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses \ N0 \ N \implies reduce\text{-}dom\text{-}clauses \ N0 \ (fmdrop \ C \ N) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-fmdrop:
  assumes
    irred: \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \rangle and
    C: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
    \langle correct\text{-}watching' (M', N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle and
    C2: \langle length \ (N \propto C) \neq 2 \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching' (M, fmdrop C N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{correct-watching''}\text{-}\mathit{fmdrop}\text{:}
  assumes
    irred: \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \rangle and
    C: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
    \langle correct\text{-}watching'' (M', N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching'' (M, fmdrop C N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching"-fmdrop':
  assumes
    irred: \langle irred\ N\ C \rangle and
```

```
C: \langle C \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
    \langle correct\text{-}watching'' (M', N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
  shows (correct-watching" (M, fmdrop \ C \ N, \ D, \ add-mset \ (mset \ (N \propto C)) \ NE, \ UE, \ Q, \ W))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching"-fmdrop":
  assumes
    irred: \langle \neg irred \ N \ C \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
    C: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \rangle and
    \langle correct\text{-}watching''(M', N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \rangle
  shows (correct-watching" (M, fmdrop C N, D, NE, add-mset (mset (N \propto C)) UE, Q, W)
\langle proof \rangle
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-pre where
  \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-pre\ i\ T\longleftrightarrow
     (\exists T'. (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-pre\ i\ T' \land
       correct-watching" T
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl
  :: (nat \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl) \Rightarrow (nat \times 'v \ twl-st-wl) \ nres)
where
\langle remove\text{-}one\text{-}annot\text{-}true\text{-}clause\text{-}one\text{-}imp\text{-}wl = (\lambda i \ S. \ do \ \{
      ASSERT(remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-pre\ i\ S);
      ASSERT(is\text{-}proped\ (rev\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S)\ !\ i));
      (L, C) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(L, C). (rev (get-trail-wl S))!i = Propagated L C);
      ASSERT(Propagated\ L\ C\in set\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S));
      if C = 0 then RETURN (i+1, S)
      else do {
        ASSERT(C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S));
 S \leftarrow replace\text{-}annot\text{-}l\ L\ C\ S;
 S \leftarrow remove-and-add-cls-l \ C \ S;
        -S \leftarrow remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl\ L\ S;
        RETURN (i+1, S)
  })>
{\bf lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp:
   \langle (uncurry\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl,\ uncurry\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp) \rangle
    \in nat\text{-}rel \times_f \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \wedge correct\text{-}watching'' \ S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle nat\text{-rel} \times_f \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-wl-l None} \land correct\text{-watching}'' S \} \rangle nres\text{-rel} \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv where
  \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv \ S = (\lambda(i, T).
     (\exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       correct-watching" S \wedge correct-watching" T \wedge correct
       remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-inv\ S'\ (i,\ T')))
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (v | twl-st-wl) nres
where
\langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl = (\lambda S. do \{
    k \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda k. (\exists M1\ M2\ K. (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (get-trail-wl
S)) \wedge
```

```
count-decided M1 = 0 \land k = length M1)
       \vee (count-decided (get-trail-wl S) = 0 \land k = length (get-trail-wl S)));
    (-, S) \leftarrow WHILE_T^{remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv} S
       (\lambda(i, S), i < k)
       (\lambda(i, S). remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl \ i \ S)
       (0, S);
     RETURN S
  })>
{\bf lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp:
  \langle (remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl, remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp) \rangle
    \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching'' \ S\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching'' \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition collect-valid-indices-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat list nres\rangle where
  \langle collect\text{-}valid\text{-}indices\text{-}wl\ S = SPEC\ (\lambda N.\ True) \rangle
\mathbf{definition}\ \mathit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-inv}
  :: \langle v \ twl - st - wl \Rightarrow nat \ list \Rightarrow nat \times \langle v \ twl - st - wl \times nat \ list \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}inv = (\lambda S \ xs0 \ (i, \ T, \ xs)).
     \exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       mark-to-delete-clauses-l-inv S' xs0 (i, T', xs) \land
       correct-watching (S)
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
   (\exists T. (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}pre \ T)
\langle mark\text{-}garbage\text{-}wl = (\lambda C \ (M,\ N0,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q).\ (M,\ fmdrop\ C\ N0,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q) \rangle
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
\langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl = (\lambda S. do \{
    ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre\ S);
    xs \leftarrow collect\text{-}valid\text{-}indices\text{-}wl S;
    l \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -:: nat. True);
    (\textbf{-}, \, S, \, \textbf{-}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \textit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-inv} \, \textit{S} \, \textit{xs}
       (\lambda(i, S, xs). i < length xs)
       (\lambda(i, T, xs). do \{
         if(xs!i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl\ T)) then\ RETURN\ (i,\ T,\ delete-index-and-swap\ xs\ i)
         else do {
           ASSERT(0 < length (qet-clauses-wl T \propto (xs!i)));
           can\text{-}del \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b.\ b \longrightarrow
               (Propagated (get-clauses-wl T \propto (xs!i)!0) (xs!i) \notin set (get-trail-wl T)) \wedge
                \neg irred \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T) \ (xs!i) \land length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T \propto (xs!i)) \neq 2);
           ASSERT(i < length xs);
           if can-del
           then
              RETURN (i, mark-garbage-wl (xs!i) T, delete-index-and-swap xs i)
              RETURN (i+1, T, xs)
        }
```

```
\{(l, S, xs); \\ RETURN S \\ \}) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l:} \\ \langle (mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl, \ mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l)} \\ \in \{(S, T). \ (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land \ correct\text{-}watching' \ S\} \rightarrow_f \\ \langle \{(S, T). \ (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \ \land \ correct\text{-}watching' \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel\rangle} \\ \langle proof \rangle
```

This is only a specification and must be implemented. There are two ways to do so:

- 1. clean the watch lists and then iterate over all clauses to rebuild them.
- 2. iterate over the watch list and check whether the clause index is in the domain or not. It is not clear which is faster (but option 1 requires only 1 memory access per clause instead of two). The first option is implemented in SPASS-SAT. The latter version (partly) in cadical.

```
definition rewatch-clauses :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle rewatch\text{-}clauses = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). SPEC(\lambda(M', N', D', NE', UE', Q', W').
     (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q) = (M', N', D', NE', UE', Q') \land
    correct-watching (M, N', D, NE, UE, Q, W')))
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-post where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}post\ S\ T\longleftrightarrow
     (\exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
        mark-to-delete-clauses-l-post S' T' \land correct-watching S \land A
        correct-watching T)
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
\langle cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog S = do {
        remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl S
    ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre\ S);
     T \leftarrow mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S;
    ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-post\ S\ T);
    RETURN\ T
  }>
lemma correct-watching-correct-watching: \langle correct\text{-watching} S \implies correct\text{-watching}' S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) [twl-st-l, simp]:
\langle (Sa, x) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \Longrightarrow qet\text{-}all\text{-}learned\text{-}clss } x = mset \text{ '}\# (qet\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}l \ Sa) + qet\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ Sa)
Sa\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog-final-rel:
  assumes
    S-Sa: \langle (S, Sa) \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching' \ S\} \rangle and
    pre-Sa: (mark-to-delete-clauses-l-pre Sa) and
    pre-S: \langle mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre \mid S \rangle and
    T-Ta: \langle (T, Ta) \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching' \ S\} \rangle and
```

```
pre-l: (mark-to-delete-clauses-l-post Sa Ta)
  shows \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}post \ S \ T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog-final-rel':
   assumes
     S-Sa: \langle (S, Sa) \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching } S \} \rangle and
     pre	ext{-}Sa: \langle mark	ext{-}to	ext{-}delete	ext{-}clauses	ext{-}l	ext{-}pre \ Sa 
angle \ 	ext{and}
     pre-S: \langle mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre \mid S \rangle and
     T-Ta: \langle (T, Ta) \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching' \ S\} \rangle and
     pre-l: (mark-to-delete-clauses-l-post Sa Ta)
  shows (mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-post S T)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}prog\text{-}cdcl\text{-}full\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}prog\text{:}}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog, cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-prog) \rangle
     \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition (in –) cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec :: ('v twl-st-wl <math>\Rightarrow 'v twl-st-wl nres) where
   \langle cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). do \}
        (M, Q) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(M', Q')) (\exists K M2) (Decided K \# M', M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition)
M) \wedge
                Q' = \{\#\} ) \lor (M' = M \land Q' = Q));
       RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)
   })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec\text{:}}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec, cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec) \rangle
     \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-restart-wl-proq where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}prog S = do \}
    b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
    if\ b\ then\ cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec\ S\ else\ cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog\ S
   }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}prog\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}prog\text{:}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-restart-wl-prog, cdcl-twl-restart-l-prog) \rangle
     \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition (in -) restart-abs-wl-pre :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle restart-abs-wl-pre\ S\ brk \longleftrightarrow
     (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land restart\text{-}abs\text{-}l\text{-}pre \ S' \ brk
       \land correct\text{-}watching S)
context twl-restart-ops
begin
```

```
definition (in twl-restart-ops) restart-required-wl :: \langle v | twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \ nres \rangle where
\langle restart\text{-}required\text{-}wl\ S\ n = SPEC\ (\lambda b.\ b \longrightarrow f\ n < size\ (get\text{-}learned\text{-}clss\text{-}wl\ S)) \rangle
definition (in twl-restart-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-wl-inv
     :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
    \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-wl-inv S_0 brk T n \equiv
       (\exists S_0' T'.
             (S_0, S_0') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
             (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
             cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-l-inv <math>S_0' brk T' n \land l
             correct-watching T)
end
context twl-restart-ops
begin
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-pre-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}pre\text{-}wl \ S \longleftrightarrow (
   \exists T. (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
        correct-watching" S \wedge
       cdcl-GC-clauses-pre T
   )>
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), do \}
    ASSERT(cdcl-GC-clauses-pre-wl\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q));
   let b = True;
    if b then do {
       (N', -) \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda(N'', m), GC\text{-remap}^{**} \ (N, Map.empty, fmempty) \ (fmempty, m, N'') \ \land
           0 \notin \# dom\text{-}m N'');
        Q \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda Q. correct\text{-watching}' (M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q));
        RETURN (M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
    else RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
lemma cdcl-GC-clauses-wl-cdcl-GC-clauses:
    \langle (cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl, cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses) \in \{(S::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, S')\}
             (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching'' \ S\} \rightarrow_f \langle \{(S::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ S').
             (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching' \ S} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog-post :: ('v twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool) where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\text{-}post\ S\ T\longleftrightarrow
    (\exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\text{-}pre\ S'\ \land
       cdcl-twl-restart-l S' T' \land correct-watching' T \land corre
       set-mset (all-lits-of-mm (mset '# init-clss-lf (get-clauses-wl T)+ get-unit-init-clss-wl T)) =
       set-mset (all-lits-of-mm (mset '# ran-mf (qet-clauses-wl T)+ qet-unit-clauses-wl T)))
definition (in –) cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec\theta :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl nres \rangle where
    \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\theta = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)). do \}
            (M, Q) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(M', Q')). (\exists K M2). (Decided K \# M', M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition)
M) \wedge
                       Q' = \{\#\} \land count\text{-decided } M' = 0\} \lor (M' = M \land Q' = Q \land count\text{-decided } M' = 0);
           RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)
```

```
})>
efin
```

```
\mathbf{definition}\ \mathit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2-inv}
  :: \langle v | twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow nat | list \Rightarrow nat \times \langle v | twl\text{-st-wl} \times nat | list \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
   \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2\text{-}inv = (\lambda S \ xs0 \ (i, \ T, \ xs)).
      \exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
       mark-to-delete-clauses-l-inv S' xs0 (i, T', xs) \land
       correct-watching" S
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2:: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
\langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2 \rangle = (\lambda S. \ do \ \{
     ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre\ S);
     xs \leftarrow collect\text{-}valid\text{-}indices\text{-}wl S;
     l \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -:: nat. True);
     (\textbf{-},\ S,\ \textbf{-}) \leftarrow \ \textit{WHILE}_{T} \\ \textit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2-inv} \ \textit{S} \ \textit{xs}
       (\lambda(i, S, xs). i < length xs)
       (\lambda(i, T, xs). do \{
          if(xs!i \notin \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T)) \ then \ RETURN \ (i, \ T, \ delete\text{-}index\text{-}and\text{-}swap \ xs \ i)
          else do {
             ASSERT(0 < length (get-clauses-wl T \propto (xs!i)));
             can\text{-}del \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b.\ b \longrightarrow
                 (Propagated (get-clauses-wl T \propto (xs!i)!0) (xs!i) \notin set (get-trail-wl T)) \wedge
                  \neg irred \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T) \ (xs!i) \land length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T \propto (xs!i)) \neq 2);
             ASSERT(i < length xs);
             if can-del
             then
               RETURN (i, mark-garbage-wl (xs!i) T, delete-index-and-swap xs i)
               RETURN (i+1, T, xs)
       })
       (l, S, xs);
     RETURN S
  })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-mark-to-delete-clauses-l2}:
   \langle (mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2, mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}l) \rangle
     \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching'' \ S\} \rightarrow_f
       \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching'' \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{definition}\ \mathit{cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog-pre}
  :: \langle v \ twl - st - wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
   (\exists T. (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching' \ S \land cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\text{-}pre\ T})
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\ S=do\ \{
     ASSERT(cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog-pre\ S);
     S' \leftarrow cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec0 S;
     T \leftarrow remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl S';
     ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre\ T);
```

```
U \leftarrow mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2\ T;
     V \leftarrow cdcl-GC-clauses-wl U;
     ASSERT(cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog-post\ S\ V);
     RETURN V
  }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}spec0\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}spec0\text{:}}
   \langle (x, y) \in \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching'' \ S\} \Longrightarrow
             cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec0 x
             \leq \downarrow \{(S, S'). (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching'' S\}
      (cdcl-twl-local-restart-l-spec0 y)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog-post-correct-watching:
  assumes
     pre: (cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-GC-prog-pre y) and
     y-Va: \langle cdcl-twl-restart-l y Va \rangle
     \langle (V, Va) \in \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching' \ S \} \rangle
  shows \langle (V, Va) \in \{(S, S'), (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle and
     \langle set\text{-}mset \ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset \ '\# \ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ V) + get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ V)) =
     set-mset (all-lits-of-mm (mset '# ran-mf (get-clauses-wl V)+ get-unit-clauses-wl V)))
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}GC\text{-}prog:
   \langle (cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-proq, cdcl-twl-full-restart-l-GC-proq) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, S').
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching' \ S \} \rightarrow_f \langle \{(S::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ S').
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition (in twl-restart-ops) restart-prog-wl
  :: 'v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow ('v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \times nat) \ nres
where
  \langle restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\ S\ n\ brk = do\ \{
      ASSERT(restart-abs-wl-pre\ S\ brk);
      b \leftarrow restart\text{-}required\text{-}wl\ S\ n;
      b2 \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
      if b2 \wedge b \wedge \neg brk then do {
         T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog S;
         RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else if b \wedge \neg brk then do {
         T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-restart-wl-prog S;
         RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else
         RETURN(S, n)
    }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}prog\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}l\text{-}prog\text{:}}
   (uncurry2 restart-prog-wl, uncurry2 restart-prog-l)
     \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching } S\} \times_f nat\text{-}rel \times_f bool\text{-}rel \rightarrow_f
        \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \times_f nat\text{-}rel \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
     (is \langle - \in ?R \times_f - \times_f - \rightarrow_f \langle ?R' \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
definition (in twl-restart-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl
  :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl\ (S_0::'v\ twl-st-wl) =
   do \{
     (brk,\ T,\ 	ext{-}) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk,\ T,\ n).\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}wl\text{-}inv}\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n
        (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
        (\lambda(brk, S, n).
        do \{
           T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl S;
           (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl\ T;
           (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl \ T \ n \ brk;
           RETURN (brk, T, n)
        (False, S_0::'v \ twl\text{-st-wl}, \ \theta);
      RETURN T
   }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}l\text{:}}
   (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl,\ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-l)
      \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow_f
        \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?S \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition (in twl-restart-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-wl
   :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}early\text{-}wl\ (S_0::'v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) = do\ \{
      ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
     (\textit{-}, \textit{brk}, \textit{T}, \textit{n}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{\textit{T}} \lambda(\textit{-}, \textit{brk}, \textit{T}, \textit{n}). \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-wl-inv} \textit{S}_{\textit{0}} \textit{brk} \textit{T} \textit{n}
        (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
        (\lambda(-, brk, S, n).
        do \{
           T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl } S;
           (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}wl T;
           (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\ T\ n\ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
           RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
        (ebrk, False, S_0::'v twl-st-wl, 0);
     if \neg brk then do {
        (\textit{brk}, \ \textit{T}, \ \textit{-}) \leftarrow \ \dot{\textit{WHILE}}_{\textit{T}} \\ \lambda(\textit{brk}, \ \textit{T}, \ \textit{n}). \ \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-wl-inv} \ \textit{S}_0 \ \textit{brk} \ \textit{T} \ \textit{n}
           (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
           (\lambda(brk, S, n).
              do \{
                 T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl } S;
                 (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}wl T;
                 (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl \ T \ n \ brk;
                 RETURN (brk, T, n)
             (False, T::'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl, \ n);
```

```
RETURN T
     else\ RETURN\ T
   }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}early\text{-}wl\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}early\text{-}l\text{:}}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-l) \rangle
     \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow_f
        \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?S \rangle nres - rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-proq-wl-spec:
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-l) \in \{(S::'v \ twl-st-wl, \ S').
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
   \langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-wl-spec:
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-prog-early-wl, cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-prog-early-l) \in \{(S::'v twl-st-wl, S').
          (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (is \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle)
   \langle proof \rangle
definition (in twl-restart-ops) cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-wl
  :: \langle v \ twl\text{-st-wl} \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times v \ twl\text{-st-wl}) \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}bounded\text{-}wl\ (S_0::'v\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) = do\ \{
     ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
     (-, brk, T, n) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda (-, brk, T, n). cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-wl-inv S_0 brk T n
        (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
        (\lambda(-, brk, S, n).
        do \{
           T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl } S:
           (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl\ T;
           (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\ T\ n\ brk;
 ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
           RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
        (ebrk, False, S_0::'v \ twl\text{-st-wl}, \ 0);
      RETURN (brk, T)
  }
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}restart\text{-}proq\text{-}bounded\text{-}wl\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stqy\text{-}restart\text{-}proq\text{-}bounded\text{-}l\text{:}}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-wl, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-l) \rangle
     \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow_f
        \langle bool\text{-}rel \times_r \{(S, T), (S, T) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S \} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
   (is \langle - \in ?R \rightarrow_f \langle ?S \rangle nres - rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
\textbf{theorem} \ \ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}bounded\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{:}
   \langle (cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-prog-bounded-wl, cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-prog-bounded-l) \in \{(S::'v\ twl-st-wl,\ S').
         (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land correct\text{-}watching \ S\} \rightarrow \langle bool\text{-}rel \times_r \ state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
```

```
\begin{array}{l} (\mathbf{is} \ \langle ?o \in ?A \rightarrow \langle ?B \rangle \ nres-rel \rangle) \\ \langle proof \rangle \end{array}
```

end

end

theory Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Domain imports Watched-Literals-Watch-List begin

We refine the implementation by adding a domain on the literals

1.4.4 State Conversion

Functions and Types:

```
type-synonym ann-lits-l = \langle (nat, nat) \ ann-lits} type-synonym clauses-to-update-ll = \langle nat \ list \rangle
```

1.4.5 Refinement

Set of all literals of the problem

We start in a context where we have an initial set of atoms. We later extend the locale to include a bound on the largest atom (in order to generate more efficient code).

```
context
```

```
\mathbf{fixes} \,\, \mathcal{A}_{in} \, :: \, \langle \mathit{nat} \,\, \mathit{multiset} \rangle \\ \mathbf{begin} \,\,
```

This is the *completion* of A_{in} , containing the positive and the negation of every literal of A_{in} :

```
definition \mathcal{L}_{all} where \langle \mathcal{L}_{all} = poss \ \mathcal{A}_{in} + negs \ \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
```

```
lemma atms-of-\mathcal{L}_{all}-\mathcal{A}_{in}: \langle atms-of \mathcal{L}_{all} = set-mset \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\begin{array}{l} \textbf{definition} \ \textit{is-}\mathcal{L}_{all} :: \langle \textit{nat literal multiset} \Rightarrow \textit{bool} \rangle \ \textbf{where} \\ \langle \textit{is-}\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \textit{S} \longleftrightarrow \textit{set-mset} \ \mathcal{L}_{all} = \textit{set-mset} \ \textit{S} \rangle \end{array}
```

```
definition literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} :: \langle nat \ clause \Rightarrow bool \rangle where \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ C \longleftrightarrow set-mset \ (all-lits-of-m \ C) \subseteq set-mset \ \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
```

```
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-empty[simp]: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} {#}\rangle \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma in-\mathcal{L}_{all}-atm-of-in-atms-of-iff: \langle x \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \longleftrightarrow atm-of x \in atms-of \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-add-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (add-mset L \ A) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ A \land L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mono:
   assumes N: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ D' \rangle and D: \langle D \subseteq \# \ D' \rangle
   shows \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} D \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-sub:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ y \Longrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (y - z) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-subset-all-lits-of-mmD:
   \langle a \in \# b \implies set\text{-}mset \ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m \ a) \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ b) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-of-m-remdups-mset:
   (set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m\ (remdups\text{-}mset\ N)) = set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m\ N))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-remdups[simp]:
   (literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (remdups-mset N) = literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} N
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma uminus-\mathcal{A}_{in}-iff: \langle -L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \longleftrightarrow L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
definition literals-are-in-L<sub>in</sub>-mm :: \langle nat \ clauses \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm C \longleftrightarrow set-mset (all-lits-of-mm C) \subseteq set-mset \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm-add-msetD:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm (add-mset C N) \Longrightarrow L \in \# C \Longrightarrow L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm-add-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm \ (add-mset \ C \ N) \longleftrightarrow
     \textit{literals-are-in-} \mathcal{L}_{in}\textit{-mm} \ N \ \land \ \textit{literals-are-in-} \mathcal{L}_{in} \ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail :: \langle (nat, 'mark) \ ann-lite \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \longleftrightarrow set-mset (lit-of '# mset M) \subseteq set-mset \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-in-lits-of-l:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \Longrightarrow a \in lits-of-l M \Longrightarrow a \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-uminus-in-lits-of-l:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \Longrightarrow -a \in lits-of-l M \Longrightarrow a \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma literals-are-in- \mathcal{L}_{in} -trail-uminus-in-lits-of-l-atms:

```
\langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail M \Longrightarrow -a \in lits-of-l M \Longrightarrow atm-of a \in \# \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
end
lemma is a sat-input-ops-\mathcal{L}_{all}-empty[simp]:
   \langle \mathcal{L}_{all} \{ \# \} = \{ \# \} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma \mathcal{L}_{all}-atm-of-all-lits-of-mm: (set-mset (\mathcal{L}_{all} (atm-of '# all-lits-of-mm A)) = set-mset (all-lits-of-mm
   \langle proof \rangle
definition blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \longleftrightarrow
      (\forall L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ S), \ \forall (i, K, b) \in set \ (watched\text{-}by \ S \ L), \ K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ S))
definition literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} :: \langle nat \ multiset \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \equiv (is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-st S) \land blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ S \rangle \langle literals
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-nth:
   fixes C :: nat
  assumes dom: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \rangle and
    \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | \mathcal{A} | S \rangle
   shows \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ (mset \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \ \propto \ C)) \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm-in-\mathcal{L}_{all}:
  assumes
      N1: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm \ \mathcal{A} \ (mset '\# ran-mf \ xs) \rangle and
      i-xs: \langle i \in \# dom\text{-}m \ xs \rangle and j-xs: \langle j < length \ (xs \propto i) \rangle
  shows \langle xs \propto i \mid j \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-in-lits-of-l-atms:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \mathcal{A}_{in} \ M \Longrightarrow a \in lits-of-l M \Longrightarrow atm-of a \in \# \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-Cons:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \mathcal{A}_{in} \ (L \# M) \longleftrightarrow
         literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \mathcal{A}_{in} M \wedge lit-of L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A}_{in}
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-empty[simp]:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \mathcal{A} \mid \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail-lit-of-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \mathcal{A} M = literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} (lit-of '# mset M \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

lemma literals-are-in- \mathcal{L}_{in} -in-mset- \mathcal{L}_{all} :

```
\langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ C \Longrightarrow L \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow L \in \# \ \mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-in-\mathcal{L}_{all}:
   assumes
       N1: \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ (mset \ xs) \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
       i-xs: \langle i < length | xs \rangle
   shows \langle xs \mid i \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A} \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-\mathcal{L}_{all}-\mathcal{L}_{all}-rewrite[simp]:
    \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-of-mm \ \mathcal{A}') \Longrightarrow
       set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ (atm\text{-}of\text{'}\#\ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ \mathcal{A}')) = set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ \mathcal{A})
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-set-mset-\mathcal{L}_{all}[simp]:
    \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \Longrightarrow set-mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all-atms-st \ S)) = set-mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A}) \rangle
lemma is-\mathcal{L}_{all}-all-lits-st-\mathcal{L}_{all}[simp]:
    \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-st \ S) \Longrightarrow
       set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S)) = set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ \mathcal{A})
    \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits \ N \ NUE) \Longrightarrow
       set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ (all\text{-}atms\ N\ NUE)) = set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ \mathcal{A})
    \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits \ N \ NUE) \Longrightarrow
       set\text{-}mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ (atm\text{-}of \ '\# \ all\text{-}lits \ N \ NUE)) = set\text{-}mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A})
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-\mathcal{L}_{all}-alt-def: \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} | \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-of-mm \ A) \longleftrightarrow atms-of \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} | \mathcal{A}) = atms-of-mm \ A \rangle
lemma in-\mathcal{L}_{all}-atm-of-\mathcal{A}_{in}: \langle L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A}_{in} \longleftrightarrow atm-of L \in \# \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-alt-def:
    \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \longleftrightarrow atms-of \ S \subseteq atms-of \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A}) \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma
   assumes
          x2-T: \langle (x2, T) \in state-wl-l b \rangle and
          struct: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ U \rangle and
           T-U: \langle (T, U) \in twl-st-l b' \rangle
   shows
       literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail:
          \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A}_{in} x2 \Longrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \mathcal{A}_{in} (get-trail-wl x2 \rangle \rangle
         (is \leftarrow \implies ?trail) and
       literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-conflict:
       \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A}_{in} x2 \Longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl x2 \neq None \Longrightarrow literals\text{-}are\text{-}in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A}_{in} \text{ (the (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl x2) \neq None}) \rangle
(x2)) and
           \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ x2 \neq None \Longrightarrow \neg tautology \ (the \ (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl \ x2)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
\langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-trail \mathcal{A}_{in} \ M \longleftrightarrow atm-of 'lits-of-l M \subseteq set-mset \mathcal{A}_{in} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-poss-remdups-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A}_{in} \ (poss \ (remdups-mset \ (atm-of \ `\# \ C))) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A}_{in} \ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-negs-remdups-mset:
   \langle literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A}_{in} \ (negs \ (remdups-mset \ (atm-of \ `\# \ C))) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A}_{in} \ C \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma \mathcal{L}_{all}-atm-of-all-lits-of-m:
     (set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ (atm\text{-}of\ '\#\ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}m\ C)) = set\text{-}mset\ C\cup uminus\ 'set\text{-}mset\ C)
\mathbf{lemma}\ atm\text{-}of\text{-}all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm:
   \langle set\text{-}mset \ (atm\text{-}of \ '\# \ all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ bw \rangle = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ bw \rangle
   \langle atm\text{-}of \text{ '} set\text{-}mset \text{ (} all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm \text{ } bw \rangle = atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \text{ } bw \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-set-all-atms-iff:
   \langle y \in \# \ all\text{-}atms \ bu \ bw \longleftrightarrow
      y \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ (mset '\# ran\text{-}mf \ bu) \lor y \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm \ bw)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma \mathcal{L}_{all}-union:
     (set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ (A+B)) = set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ A) \cup set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ B))
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma \mathcal{L}_{all}-cong:
   \langle set\text{-}mset \ A = set\text{-}mset \ B \Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ A) = set\text{-}mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ B) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma atms-of-\mathcal{L}_{all}-cong:
   \langle set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{A} = set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{B} \Longrightarrow atms\text{-}of \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A}) = atms\text{-}of \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{B}) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
definition unit-prop-body-wl-D-inv
   :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ literal \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv \ T'j \ w \ L \longleftrightarrow
      unit-prop-body-wl-inv T' j w L \wedge literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st T') T' \wedge L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} (all-atms-st T')
```

- should be the definition of unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv.
- the distinctiveness should probably be only a property, not a part of the definition.

```
definition unit-prop-body-wl-D-find-unwatched-inv where  \begin{array}{c} \textit{unit-prop-body-wl-D-find-unwatched-inv} \ f \ C \ S \longleftrightarrow \\ \textit{unit-prop-body-wl-find-unwatched-inv} \ f \ C \ S \land \\ (f \neq None \longrightarrow the \ f \geq 2 \land the \ f < length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C) \land \\ \textit{get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl} \ S \propto C \ ! \ (the \ f) \neq \textit{get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl} \ S \propto C \ ! \ 0 \land \\ \textit{get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl} \ S \propto C \ ! \ (the \ f) \neq \textit{get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl} \ S \propto C \ ! \ 1) \rangle \\ \end{array}
```

definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D-inv where

```
\langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}D\text{-}inv\ }L=(\lambda(j,\ w,\ S).
      literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S \wedge L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} (all-atms-st S) \wedge
      unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-inv L(j, w, S)
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D-pre where
  \langle unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-}wl\text{-loop-}D\text{-pre }L=(\lambda(j, w, S)).
     unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D-inv L(j, w, S) \wedge
     unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S))
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D
  :: (nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow
    (nat \times nat \times nat \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle unit	ext{-}propagation	ext{-}inner	ext{-}loop	ext{-}body	ext{-}wl	ext{-}D\ L\ j\ w\ S=do\ \{
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ L\ (j,\ w,\ S));
      let(C, K, b) = (watched-by S L) ! w;
      let S = keep\text{-}watch \ L \ j \ w \ S;
      ASSERT(unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv\ S\ j\ w\ L);
      let \ val\text{-}K = polarity \ (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ K;
      if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ True
      then RETURN (j+1, w+1, S)
      else do {
           if b then do {
             ASSERT(propagate-proper-bin-case\ L\ K\ S\ C);
             if\ val\text{-}K = Some\ False
             then do {RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl } (get\text{-clauses-wl } S \propto C) S)}
             else do {
               let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
               RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl-bin K C i S)
              - Now the costly operations:
         else\ if\ C\ \not\in\#\ dom\text{-}m\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S)
         then RETURN (j, w+1, S)
         else do {
           let i = (if ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \times C) ! \ \theta = L \ then \ \theta \ else \ 1);
           let L' = ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S) \times C) ! (1 - i);
           let \ val\text{-}L' = polarity \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ L';
           if val-L' = Some True
           then update-blit-wl L C b j w L' S
           else do {
             f \leftarrow find\text{-}unwatched\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl \ S) \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C);
             ASSERT (unit-prop-body-wl-D-find-unwatched-inv f CS);
             case f of
               None \Rightarrow do \{
                  if \ val-L' = Some \ False
                  then RETURN (j+1, w+1, set\text{-conflict-wl} (get\text{-clauses-wl} S \propto C) S)
                  else RETURN (j+1, w+1, propagate-lit-wl\ L'\ C\ i\ S)
             | Some f \Rightarrow do \{
                  let K = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto C \ ! \ f;
                  let val-L' = polarity (get-trail-wl S) K;
                  if \ val-L' = Some \ True
                  then\ update\text{-}blit\text{-}wl\ L\ C\ b\ j\ w\ K\ S
                  else update-clause-wl L C b j w i f S
               }
       }
```

```
}>
declare Id-refine[refine-vcg del] refine0(5)[refine-vcg del]
lemma unit-prop-body-wl-D-inv-clauses-distinct-eq:
     assumes
          x[simp]: \langle watched-by \ S \ K \ ! \ w = (x1, x2) \rangle and
           inv: \langle unit\text{-}prop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv \ (keep\text{-}watch \ K \ i \ w \ S) \ i \ w \ K \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
           y: \langle y < length (get-clauses-wl S \propto (fst (watched-by S K! w))) \rangle and
           w: \langle fst(watched-by\ S\ K\ !\ w) \in \#\ dom-m\ (get-clauses-wl\ (keep-watch\ K\ i\ w\ S)) \rangle and
          y': \langle y' < length (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \propto (fst (watched\text{-}by \ S \ K \ ! \ w))) \rangle and
          w-le: \langle w < length \ (watched-by S \ K) \rangle
     shows \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S \propto x1 \ !\ y =
             \textit{get-clauses-wl } S \propto \textit{x1} \mathrel{!} y' \longleftrightarrow y = y' \rangle \; (\mathbf{is} \; \langle \textit{?eq} \longleftrightarrow \textit{?y} \rangle)
lemma in-all-lits-uminus-iff[simp]: \langle (-xa \in \# all-lits \ N \ NUE) \rangle = (xa \in \# all-lits \ N \ NUE) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma is-\mathcal{L}_{all}-all-atms-st-all-lits-st[simp]:
      \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ (all-lits-st \ S) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-all-atms-st:
      \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} | S \Longrightarrow literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st | S) | S \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-keep-watch:
     assumes \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g)\rangle and
           w: \langle w < length \ (watched-by \ (a, b, c, d, e, f, g) \ K) \rangle
     shows \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (a, b, c, d, e, f, g \ (K := (g \ K)[j := g \ K \ ! \ w]) \rangle
We mark as safe intro rule, since we will always be in a case where the equivalence holds,
although in general the equivalence does not hold.
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-keep-watch[twl-st-wl, simp, intro!]:
      \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ A \ S \Longrightarrow w < length \ (watched-by \ S \ K) \Longrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ A \ (keep-watch \ K \ j \ w \ S) \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathit{all-lits-update-swap}[\mathit{simp}] :
      \langle x1 \in \# dom\text{-}m \ x1aa \Longrightarrow n < length \ (x1aa \propto x1) \Longrightarrow n' < length \ (x1aa \propto x1) \Longrightarrow
             all-lits (x1aa(x1 \hookrightarrow swap (x1aa \propto x1) n n')) = all-lits x1aa \times x1aa
      \langle proof \rangle
lemma blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-propagate:
      \langle x1 \in \# dom\text{-}m \ x1aa \Longrightarrow n < length \ (x1aa \propto x1) \Longrightarrow n' < length \ (x1aa \propto x1) \Longrightarrow
          blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (Propagated A x1' # x1b, x1aa
                       (x1 \hookrightarrow swap\ (x1aa \propto x1)\ n\ n'),\ D,\ x1c,\ x1d,
                          add-mset A' x1e, x2e) \longleftrightarrow
           blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
      \langle x1 \in \# dom\text{-}m \ x1aa \Longrightarrow n < length \ (x1aa \propto x1) \Longrightarrow n' < length \ (x1aa \propto x1) \Longrightarrow
           blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1b, x1aa
                       (x1 \hookrightarrow swap \ (x1aa \propto x1) \ n \ n'), \ D, \ x1c, \ x1d, x1e, \ x2e) \longleftrightarrow
           blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
      \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \rangle
```

```
(Propagated A x1' \# x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d,
            add-mset A' x1e, x2e) \longleftrightarrow
     blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
   \langle x1' \in \# dom\text{-}m \ x1aa \Longrightarrow n < length \ (x1aa \propto x1') \Longrightarrow n' < length \ (x1aa \propto x1') \Longrightarrow
     K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ (x1b, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)) \Longrightarrow blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}
           (x1a, x1aa(x1' \hookrightarrow swap (x1aa \propto x1') n n'), D, x1c, x1d,
            x1e, x2e
            (x1aa \propto x1'! n' :=
                 x2e (x1aa \propto x1'! n') \otimes [(x1', K, b')]) \longleftrightarrow
     blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1a, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
   \langle K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ (x1b, \ x1aa, \ D, \ x1c, \ x1d, \ x1e, \ x2e)) \Longrightarrow
       blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1a, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d,
            x1e, x2e
            (x1aa \propto x1'! n' := x2e (x1aa \propto x1'! n') @ [(x1', K, b')])) \longleftrightarrow
   blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1a, x1aa, D, x1c, x1d, x1e, x2e)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-set-conflict-wl:
   \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ (set-conflict-wl \ D \ S) \longleftrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-keep-watch':
   assumes K': \langle K' \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ (a, b, c, d, e, f, g)) \rangle and
      w:\langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (a,\ b,\ c,\ d,\ e,\ f,\ g)\rangle
  shows \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (a, b, c, d, e, f, g \ (K := (g \ K)[j := (i, K', b')]) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-all-atms-stD[dest]:
   \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | \mathcal{A} | S \Longrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st | S) | S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-set-conflict[simp]: \langle blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (set-conflict-wl\ D\ S) = blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}\ S\rangle
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D-spec:
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl - st - wl \rangle and K :: \langle nat \ literal \rangle and w :: nat
   assumes
     K: \langle K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A} \rangle and
     A_{in}: (literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} A S)
  shows (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\ K\ j\ w\ S} \leq
        \Downarrow \{((j', n', T'), (j, n, T)). \ j' = j \land n' = n \land T = T' \land \textit{literals-are-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T'\}
           (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\ K\ j\ w\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{:}}
   \langle (uncurry3\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D,\ uncurry3\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl) \in
     [\lambda(((K,j),w),S)]. literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} S \wedge K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A}]_f
     Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \to \langle nat\text{-}rel \times_r nat\text{-}rel \times_r \rangle
          \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} T\} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
       (is \langle ?G1 \rangle) and
   unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D-unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D-weak:
    \langle (uncurry3\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl\text{-}D,\ uncurry3\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}body\text{-}wl)} \in
     [\lambda(((K, j), w), S). literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} S \wedge K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A}]_f
     Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \times_r Id \to \langle nat\text{-}rel \times_r nat\text{-}rel \times_r Id \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    (\mathbf{is} \langle ?G2 \rangle)
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \rangle \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \times nat \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \rangle
where
   \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}D\ L\ S_0=do\ \{
      ASSERT(L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} (all-atms-st S_0));
     let n = length (watched-by S_0 L);
      WHILE_{T} \\ unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-D-inv~L
        (\lambda(j, w, S). w < n \land get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S = None)
        (\lambda(j, w, S). do \{
           unit-propagation-inner-loop-body-wl-D L j w S
        (0, 0, S_0)
  }
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-spec:
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \rangle and K: \langle K \in \# \ \mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \rangle
  shows \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}D\ K\ S\ \leq\ 
       \Downarrow \{((j', n', T'), j, n, T). \ j' = j \land n' = n \land T = T' \land \textit{literals-are-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T'\}
         (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}loop\text{-}K\text{-}S)
\langle proof \rangle
definition unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-D
 :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \ nres \rangle where
  \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ L \ S_0 = do \ \{
      (j, w, S) \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-inner-loop-wl-loop-}D L S_0;
       ASSERT (j \leq w \land w \leq length \ (watched-by \ S \ L) \land L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all-atms-st \ S_0) \land M
           L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st S));
       S \leftarrow cut\text{-watch-list } j \text{ } w \text{ } L \text{ } S;
       RETURN S
  }>
lemma unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-D-spec:
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ A \ S \rangle and K: \langle K \in \# \ \mathcal{L}_{all} \ A \rangle
  shows \langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\ K\ S\ \leq
       \Downarrow \{ (T', T). \ T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T \}
          (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}inner\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ K\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf definition}\ unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv\ {\bf where}
\langle unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv \ S \longleftrightarrow
     unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-inv S \wedge
     literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S
definition unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D
    :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle
where
   \begin{array}{l} \textit{(unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D S}_0 = \\ \textit{WHILE}_T \textit{unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D-inv} \end{array} 
        (\lambda S. \ literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\})
        (\lambda S. do \{
           ASSERT(literals-to-update-wl\ S \neq \{\#\});
          (S', L) \leftarrow select-and-remove-from-literals-to-update-wl S;
           ASSERT(L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} (all-atms-st S));
```

```
unit-propagation-inner-loop-wl-D L S'
       (S_0 :: nat \ twl-st-wl)
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-set-lits-to-upd[twl-st-wl, simp]:
    \langle literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ (set\text{-}literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}wl \ C \ S) \longleftrightarrow literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D-spec:
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | A | S \rangle
  shows \forall unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \le
      \Downarrow \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} T\}
         (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D-spec':
  shows (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D, unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl)} \in
     \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} T\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T\} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D-inv where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv S_0 \text{ brk } S \equiv
       skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-inv S_0 brk S \wedge literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S
definition skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S_0 =
     do \{
       ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ S_0 \neq None);
       (-, S) \leftarrow
          WHILE_T \lambda(brk, S). skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D-inv S_0 brk S
          (\lambda(brk, S). \neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S)))
          (\lambda(brk, S).
            do \{
               ASSERT(\neg brk \land \neg is\text{-}decided (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S)));
               let D' = the (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S);
               let (L, C) = lit-and-ann-of-propagated (hd (get-trail-wl S));
               if -L \notin \# D' then
                 do \{RETURN (False, tl-state-wl S)\}
               else
                 if get-maximum-level (get-trail-wl S) (remove1-mset (-L) D') =
                    count-decided (get-trail-wl S)
                    do \{RETURN (update-confl-tl-wl \ C \ L \ S)\}
                    do \{RETURN (True, S)\}
          (False, S_0);
        RETURN S
```

lemma literals-are- \mathcal{L}_{in} -tl-state-wl[simp]:

```
\langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ (tl-state-wl \ S) = literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma qet-clauses-wl-tl-state: \langle qet-clauses-wl (tl-state-wl T) = qet-clauses-wl T)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-skip-and-resolve[simp]:
  \langle blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (tl\ x1aa,\ N,\ D,\ ar,\ as,\ at,\ bd) = blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (x1aa,\ N,\ D,\ ar,\ as,\ at,\ bd) \rangle
  \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \rangle
         (x1aa, N,
          Some (resolve-cls-wl' (x1aa', N', x1ca', ar', as', at', bd') x2b
          ar, as, at, bd) =
  blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in} (x1aa, N, x1ca', ar, as, at, bd)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma skip-and-resolve-loop-wl-D-spec:
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | \mathcal{A} | S \rangle
  shows \langle skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \le
     \Downarrow \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T \land get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S\}
        (skip-and-resolve-loop-wl\ S)
    (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow ?R \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
nat literal nres> where
  \langle find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl' \ M \ N \ D \ NE \ UE \ Q \ W \ L =
     find-lit-of-max-level-wl (M, N, Some D, NE, UE, Q, W) L
definition (in -) list-of-mset2
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ clause \Rightarrow nat \ clause-l \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle list\text{-}of\text{-}mset2\ L\ L'\ D=
    SPEC (\lambda E. mset E = D \wedge E!0 = L \wedge E!1 = L' \wedge length E \geq 2)
definition single-of-mset where
  \langle single\text{-}of\text{-}mset\ D=SPEC(\lambda L.\ D=mset\ [L]) \rangle
definition backtrack-wl-D-inv where
  \langle backtrack-wl-D-inv \ S \longleftrightarrow backtrack-wl-inv \ S \ \land \ literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ S \rangle
definition propagate-bt-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle propagate-bt-wl-D=(\lambda L\ L'\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W).\ do\ \{ \}
    D'' \leftarrow list\text{-}of\text{-}mset2 \ (-L) \ L' \ (the \ D);
    i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\text{-}wl\ N\ (NE+UE)\ W;
    let b = (length D'' = 2);
    RETURN (Propagated (-L) i \# M, fmupd i (D'', False) N,
            None, NE, UE, \{\#L\#\}, W(-L:=W(-L) @ [(i, L', b)], L':=WL' @ [(i, -L, b)])
       })>
definition propagate-unit-bt-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow (nat \ twl-st-wl) \ nres \rangle
where
```

```
\langle propagate-unit-bt-wl-D = (\lambda L (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W). do \}
          D' \leftarrow single\text{-}of\text{-}mset (the D);
          RETURN (Propagated (-L) 0 \# M, N, None, NE, add-mset \{\#D'\#\} UE, \{\#L\#\}, W)
     })>
definition backtrack-wl-D :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle backtrack\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S =
     do \{
       ASSERT(backtrack\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv\ S);
       let L = lit\text{-}of (hd (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl S));
       S \leftarrow extract\text{-}shorter\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl S;
       S \leftarrow find\text{-}decomp\text{-}wl\ L\ S;
       if size (the (get-conflict-wl S)) > 1
       then do {
          L' \leftarrow find\text{-}lit\text{-}of\text{-}max\text{-}level\text{-}wl \ S \ L;
          propagate-bt-wl-D L L' S
       else do {
          propagate-unit-bt-wl-D L S
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{backtrack-wl-D-spec}\colon
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle
  assumes A_{in}: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \rangle and confl: \langle get-conflict-wl \ S \neq None \rangle
  shows \langle backtrack-wl-D | S \leq
      \Downarrow \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} T\}
        (backtrack-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
Decide or Skip
definition find-unassigned-lit-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow (nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \times nat \ literal \ option) \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl\text{-}D | S = (
      SPEC(\lambda((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), L).
           S = (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \wedge
           (L \neq None \longrightarrow
               undefined-lit M (the L) \land the L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} (all-atms N NE) \land
               atm-of (the L) \in atms-of-mm (clause '# twl-clause-of '# init-clss-lf N + NE)) \land
           (L = None \longrightarrow (\nexists L'. undefined-lit M L' \land)
               atm\text{-}of\ L' \in atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (clause\ '\#\ twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of\ '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N\ +\ NE)))))
>
definition decide-wl-or-skip-D-pre :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
   decide-wl-or-skip-pre\ S\ \land\ literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (all-atms-st\ S)\ S
definition decide-wl-or-skip-D
  :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}D | S = (do \{
     ASSERT(decide-wl-or-skip-D-pre\ S);
```

```
(S, L) \leftarrow find\text{-}unassigned\text{-}lit\text{-}wl\text{-}D S;
     case L of
       None \Rightarrow RETURN (True, S)
     | Some L \Rightarrow RETURN (False, decide-lit-wl L S)
  })
{\bf theorem}\ \textit{decide-wl-or-skip-D-spec}:
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | \mathcal{A} | S \rangle
  shows \langle decide\text{-}wl\text{-}or\text{-}skip\text{-}D|S
     \leq \downarrow \{((b', T'), b, T). b = b' \land T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T\} \ (decide-wl-or-skip \ S)
\langle proof \rangle
Backtrack, Skip, Resolve or Decide
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-pre where
\langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-pre S \longleftrightarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-pre S \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ S \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D
 :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \rangle \Rightarrow (bool \times nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D S =
     do \{
       ASSERT(cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-pre\ S);
       if get-conflict-wl S = None
       then decide-wl-or-skip-D S
       else do {
          if count-decided (get-trail-wl S) > 0
          then do {
             T \leftarrow skip\text{-}and\text{-}resolve\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D S;
            ASSERT(get\text{-}conflict\text{-}wl\ T \neq None \land get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ T);
            U \leftarrow backtrack-wl-D T;
            RETURN (False, U)
          else RETURN (True, S)
    }
theorem cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-spec:
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | \mathcal{A} | S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}o\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \leq \Downarrow \{((b', T'), (b, T)). \ b = b' \land T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T\}
      (cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
theorem cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-spec':
  \langle (cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D, cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl) \in
     \{(S,S').\ (S,S') \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle bool\text{-rel} \times_r \{ (T', T). \ T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T \} \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
Full Strategy
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D
   :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle
where
```

```
\langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D S_0 =
  do \{
    do \{
     (brk, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T^{\lambda(brk, T)}. cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv S_0 (brk, T) \wedge
                                                                                                                     literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st T) T
          (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
          (\lambda(brk, S).
          do \{
            T \leftarrow unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D S;
            cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T
          (False, S_0);
       RETURN T
    }
  }
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-spec:
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} | \mathcal{A} | S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \leq \downarrow \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T\}
      (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-spec':
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D, cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl) \in
     \{(S,S').\ (S,S') \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{ (T', T). \ T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T \} \rangle nres-rely
  \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-pre where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S\ U\longleftrightarrow
    (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-pre\ S\ U\ \land\ literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (all-atms-st\ S)\ S)
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}spec\text{-}final\text{:}
  assumes
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-pre S S' \rangle
  shows
    definition cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-D :: (nat\ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat\ twl-st-wl nres)
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-D S_0 =
  do \{
    b \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda -. \ True);
   (b, \textit{brk}, \textit{T}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T}^{r\lambda}(b, \textit{brk}, \textit{T}). \textit{cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-inv} \; S_0 \; (\textit{brk}, \textit{T}) \; \land \\
                                                                                                                           literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st T) T
          (\lambda(b, brk, -). b \wedge \neg brk)
          (\lambda(b, brk, S).
          do \{
            ASSERT(b);
            T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D } S;
            (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T;
            b \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda -. \ True);
            RETURN(b, brk, T)
         })
```

```
(b, False, S_0);
     if brk then RETURN T
     else\ cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D\ T
  }>
theorem cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-D-spec:
  assumes \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S \rangle
  shows \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}prog\text{-}break\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \leq \emptyset \ \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ T\}
      (cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl\ S)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-D-spec-final:
  assumes
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-wl-D-pre S S' \rangle
  shows
     \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-prog-break-wl-D|S| \leq \downarrow (state-wl-l|None|O|twl-st-l|None|) (conclusive-TWL-run|S')
\langle proof \rangle
The definition is here to be shared later.
definition get-propagation-reason :: \langle ('v, 'mark) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow 'mark \ option \ nres \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-propagation-reason } M \ L = SPEC(\lambda C. \ C \neq None \longrightarrow Propagated \ L \ (the \ C) \in set \ M) \rangle
end
theory Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Domain-Restart
  imports Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Domain Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Restart
begin
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{:}
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart \ S \ T \rangle
  shows \langle get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ T = get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-cdcl-twl-restart-qet-all-init-clss:
  assumes \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle
  shows \langle get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ T = get\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}clss \ S \rangle
As we have a specialised version of correct-watching, we defined a special version for the inclusion
of the domain:
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{all-init-lits} :: (\textit{nat}, \ 'v \ \textit{literal list} \times \textit{bool}) \ \textit{fmap} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{literal multiset} \ multiset \Rightarrow
    'v literal multiset> where
  \langle all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ S\ NUE = all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ ((\lambda C.\ mset\ C)\ '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ S\ +\ NUE) \rangle
abbreviation all-init-lits-st :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \ multiset \rangle where
  \langle all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\text{-}st \ S \equiv all\text{-}init\text{-}lits \ (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S) \ (qet\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl \ S) \rangle
definition all-init-atms :: \langle - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow 'v \ multiset \rangle where
  \langle all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\ N\ NUE = atm\text{-}of\ '\#\ all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ N\ NUE} \rangle
declare \ all-init-atms-def[symmetric, simp]
lemma all-init-atms-alt-def:
  (set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\ N\ NE)=atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (mset\ '\#\ init\text{-}clss\text{-}lf\ N)\cup atms\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ NE)
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
abbreviation all-init-atms-st :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ multiset \rangle where
   \langle all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ S \equiv atm\text{-}of \ \'{+} \ all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\text{-}st \ S \rangle
definition blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}' :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle blits\text{-}in\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}' S \longleftrightarrow
       (\forall L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ S). \ \forall (i, K, b) \in set \ (watched\text{-}by \ S \ L). \ K \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ S)
S))\rangle
definition literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}':: \langle nat \ multiset \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
   \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' \mathcal{A} S \equiv
       is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A} (all-lits-of-mm (mset '# init-clss-lf (get-clauses-wl S)
            + get\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clss\text{-}wl S)) \wedge
       blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}'S
lemma \mathcal{L}_{all}-cong:
   \langle set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{A} = set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{B} \Longrightarrow set\text{-}mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A}) = set\text{-}mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{B}) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}'-cong:
   \langle set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{A} = set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{B} \Longrightarrow literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}' \ \mathcal{A} \ S = literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}' \ \mathcal{B} \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-cong:
   \langle set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{A} = set\text{-}mset \ \mathcal{B} \Longrightarrow literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{A} \ S = literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ \mathcal{B} \ S \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}'-literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}-iff:
  assumes
      Sx: \langle (S, x) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
      x-xa: \langle (x, xa) \in twl-st-l None \rangle and
      struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs xa \rangle
   shows
      \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} ' \mathcal{A} S \longleftrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \mathcal{A} S \rangle  (is ?A)
      \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' \ (all-init-atms-st \ S) \ S \longleftrightarrow literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ S \rangle \ (is \ ?B)
      \langle set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S) = set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S) \rangle\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?C)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-all-init-atmsD:
   (GC\text{-}remap\ (N,\ x,\ m)\ (N',\ x',\ m') \Longrightarrow all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\ N\ NE\ +\ all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\ m\ NE\ =\ all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\ N\ N
NE + all\text{-}init\text{-}atms \ m' \ NE
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ rtranclp\text{-}GC\text{-}remap\text{-}all\text{-}init\text{-}atmsD:
   \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} (N, x, m) (N', x', m') \Longrightarrow all\text{-}init\text{-}atms \ NNE + all\text{-}init\text{-}atms \ m \ NE = all\text{-}init\text{-}atms
N'NE + all\text{-}init\text{-}atms m'NE
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-GC-remap-all-init-atms:
  \langle GC\text{-}remap^{**} (x1a, Map.empty, fmempty) (fmempty, m, x1ad) \Longrightarrow all\text{-}init\text{-}atms x1ad NE = all\text{-}init\text{-}atms
x1a NE
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma GC-remap-all-init-lits:
```

NE + all-init-lits new' NE

 $(GC\text{-}remap\ (N,\ m,\ new)\ (N',\ m',\ new') \Longrightarrow all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ N\ NE+all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ new\ NE=all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ N'$

```
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ rtranclp	ext{-}GC	ext{-}remap	ext{-}all	ext{-}init	ext{-}lits:
  (GC\text{-}remap^{**}\ (N,\ m,\ new)\ (N',\ m',\ new') \Longrightarrow all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ N\ NE\ +\ all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ new\ NE\ =\ all\text{-}init\text{-}lits
N'NE + all\text{-}init\text{-}lits new'NE
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-is-\mathcal{L}_{all}:
  assumes
     ST: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart^{**} \ S \ T \rangle and
     struct-invs-S: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and
     L: \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-of-mm \ (clauses \ (get-clauses \ S) + unit-clss \ S)) \rangle
  shows \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-of-mm \ (clauses \ (get-clauses \ T) + unit-clss \ T) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-is-\mathcal{L}_{all}':
  assumes
     ST: \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart^{**} \mid S \mid T \rangle and
     struct-invs-S: \langle twl-struct-invs S \rangle and
     L: \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-of-mm \ (get-all-init-clss \ S)) \rangle
  shows \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-lits-of-mm \ (get-all-init-clss \ T)) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{definition}\ remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-inv
  :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow nat \times nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-inv \ S \ xs = (\lambda(i, T).
      remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv\ S\ xs\ (i,\ T)\ \land
      literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st T) T \wedge 
      all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S \ = \ all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ T) \rangle
definition remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-pre
  :: \langle nat \ multiset \Rightarrow nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  (remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-pre\ \mathcal{A}\ L\ S\longleftrightarrow (L\in\#\ \mathcal{L}_{all}\ \mathcal{A}\land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}'\ \mathcal{A}\ S))
definition remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D
  :: \langle nat \ literal \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \rangle \Rightarrow (nat \ twl\text{-st-wl}) \ nres \rangle
where
\langle remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D = (\lambda L S. do \}
     ASSERT(remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-pre\ (all-init-atms-st\ S)
       L S);
     let xs = get\text{-}watched\text{-}wl S L;
                                                        remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-inv\ S\ xs
                                                                                                                                         (i, T)
     (-, T) \leftarrow WHILE_T^{\lambda(i, T)}.
       (\lambda(i, T). i < length xs)
       (\lambda(i, T). do \{
          ASSERT(i < length xs);
          let\ (\mathit{C}, \ ‐\ , \ ‐) = \mathit{xs} \ ! \ i;
          if C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T) \land length \ ((get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T) \propto C) \neq 2
             T \leftarrow remove-all-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl\ (C,\ T);
            RETURN(i+1, T)
          }
          else
            RETURN (i+1, T)
```

```
})
       (0, S);
     RETURN T
  })>
lemma is-\mathcal{L}_{all}-init-itself[iff]:
  \langle is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all-init-atms \ x1h \ x2h) \ (all-init-lits \ x1h \ x2h) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}'-alt-def: \langle literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' \mathcal{A} S \longleftrightarrow
      is-\mathcal{L}_{all} \ \mathcal{A} \ (all-init-lits \ (get-clauses-wl \ S) \ (get-unit-init-clss-wl \ S)) \ \land
      blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}' S
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp:
  \langle (uncurry\ remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D,\ uncurry\ remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl) \in \langle (uncurry\ remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl) \rangle
   \{(L, L'). L = L' \land L \in \# \mathcal{L}_{all} \mathcal{A}\} \times_f \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' \mathcal{A} S \land \}
       \mathcal{A} = all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' \mathcal{A} S\} \rangle nres-rel
   (is \langle - \in - \rightarrow_f \langle ?R \rangle nres-rel \rangle)
\langle proof \rangle
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D-pre where
  \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D-pre\ i\ T\longleftrightarrow
      remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-pre~i~T~\land
      literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st T) T
\mathbf{definition}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D
  :: (nat \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl) \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \ twl-st-wl) \ nres)
where
\langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D = (\lambda i \ S. \ do \ \{ \} \}
       ASSERT(remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D-pre\ i\ S);
       ASSERT(is\text{-}proped\ (rev\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S)\ !\ i));
       (L, C) \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(L, C). (rev (get-trail-wl S))!i = Propagated L C);
       ASSERT(Propagated\ L\ C\in set\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}wl\ S));
       ASSERT(atm\text{-}of\ L\in\#\ all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S);
       if C = 0 then RETURN (i+1, S)
       else do {
         ASSERT(C \in \# dom\text{-}m (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl S));
 T \leftarrow replace-annot-l\ L\ C\ S;
 ASSERT(get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ S = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ T);
 T \leftarrow remove-and-add-cls-l \ C \ T;
           -S \leftarrow remove-all-annot-true-clause-imp-wl LS;
         RETURN (i+1, T)
  })>
lemma remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-pre-in-trail-in-all-init-atms-st:
  assumes
     inv: \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D-pre\ K\ S \rangle and
    LC-tr: \langle Propagated\ L\ C \in set\ (get-trail-wl S) \rangle
  shows \langle atm\text{-}of \ L \in \# \ all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ S \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

 ${\bf lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D-remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl:$

```
\langle (uncurry\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D,
    uncurry \ remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl) \in
   nat\text{-}rel \times_f \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle nat\text{-rel} \times_f \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \wedge literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st S) S \} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-inv where
  \langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-inv \ S = (\lambda(i, T).
     remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-inv\ S\ (i,\ T)\ \land
     literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st T)
definition remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-st-wl} \ \Rightarrow \ (nat \ twl\text{-st-wl}) \ nres \rangle
where
\langle remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D = (\lambda S.\ do\ \{
    k \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda k. (\exists M1\ M2\ K. (Decided\ K\ \#\ M1,\ M2) \in set\ (get-all-ann-decomposition\ (get-trail-wl
S)) \wedge
         count-decided M1 = 0 \land k = length M1)
       \vee (count-decided (get-trail-wl S) = 0 \wedge k = length (get-trail-wl S)));
    (-, S) \leftarrow WHILE_T^{remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-inv} S
       (\lambda(i, S), i < k)
       (\lambda(i, S). remove-one-annot-true-clause-one-imp-wl-D \ i \ S)
       (0, S);
    RETURN S
  })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D-remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl:
  \langle (remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D, remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl) \in \langle (remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl) \rangle
   \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st S) S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-pre where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S\longleftrightarrow
    mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre S \wedge literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S \wedge literals
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-inv where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv = (\lambda S \ xs0 \ (i, \ T, \ xs)).
        mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-inv S xs0 (i, T, xs) \land
         literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st T)
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
\langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D \rangle = (\lambda S. \ do \ \{
    ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-pre\ S);
    xs \leftarrow collect\text{-}valid\text{-}indices\text{-}wl S;
    l \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda - :: nat. True);
    (\textbf{-}, \ S, \ \textit{xs}) \leftarrow \ \textit{WHILE}_{T} \\ \textit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-inv} \ \textit{S} \ \textit{xs}
       (\lambda(i, -, xs). i < length xs)
       (\lambda(i, T, xs). do \{
         if(xs!i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl\ T)) \ then\ RETURN\ (i,\ T,\ delete-index-and-swap\ xs\ i)
         else do {
           ASSERT(0 < length (get-clauses-wl T \propto (xs!i)));
           ASSERT(get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ T\propto(xs!i)!0\in\#\ \mathcal{L}_{all}\ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ T));
```

 $can\text{-}del \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b.\ b \longrightarrow$

```
(Propagated (get-clauses-wl \ T \propto (xs!i)!0) \ (xs!i) \notin set \ (get-trail-wl \ T)) \land 
                  \neg irred\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ T)\ (xs!i) \land length\ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ T \propto (xs!i)) \neq 2);
            ASSERT(i < length xs);
            if can-del
            then
               RETURN (i, mark-garbage-wl (xs!i) T, delete-index-and-swap xs i)
            else
               RETURN (i+1, T, xs)
       })
       (l, S, xs);
     RETURN S
  })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{mark}\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{:}}
  (mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D, mark-to-delete-clauses-wl) \in
   \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st S) S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-post where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}post\ S\ T\longleftrightarrow
      (mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}post\ S\ T\ \land\ literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}'\ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S)\ S)
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog-D :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}prog\text{-}D | S = do \}
      -S \leftarrow remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-DS;
     ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-pre\ S);
     T \leftarrow mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D S;
     ASSERT (mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-post S T);
     RETURN T
  }>
lemma cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog-D-final-rel:
  assumes
     \langle (S, Sa) \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ S \} \rangle and
     \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S \rangle and
     \langle (T, Ta) \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S \} \rangle and
     post: (mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-post Sa Ta) and
     \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}post \ S \ T \rangle
  shows \langle (T, Ta) \in \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ S \} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre-lits':
  \langle (S, T) \in \{ (S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S \} \Longrightarrow
     mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-pre T \Longrightarrow mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-pre S
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog-D-cdcl-twl-restart-wl-prog:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog-D, cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog) \in
   \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S \} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition restart-abs-wl-D-pre :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle restart\text{-}abs\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}pre\ S\ brk\longleftrightarrow
```

```
(restart-abs-wl-pre\ S\ brk\ \land\ literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}'\ (all-init-atms-st\ S)\ S)
\mathbf{definition}\ \mathit{cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-D-spec}
  :: \langle nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-D-spec = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)). do \}
       ASSERT(restart-abs-wl-D-pre\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W)\ False);
       (M, Q') \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda(M', Q')). (\exists K M2. (Decided K \# M', M2) \in set (get-all-ann-decomposition))
M) \wedge
               Q' = \{\#\} ) \lor (M' = M \land Q' = Q));
       RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q', W)
   })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}spec\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}local\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{:}}
  \langle (cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-D-spec, cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec) \rangle
    \in [\lambda S. \ restart-abs-wl-D-pre \ S \ False]_f \{(S, \ T). \ (S, \ T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ S\} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{in} 
       \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S \} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-restart-wl-D-prog where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}prog \ S = do \ \{
   b \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
   if b then cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-D-spec S else cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-prog-D S
  }>
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-wl-D-prog-final-rel:
  assumes
    post: \langle restart-abs-wl-D-pre\ Sa\ b \rangle and
    \langle (S, Sa) \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S \} \rangle
  shows \langle (S, Sa) \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S \} \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-restart-wl-D-prog-cdcl-twl-restart-wl-prog:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-restart-wl-D-prog, cdcl-twl-restart-wl-prog) \rangle
     \in [\lambda S. \ restart\text{-}abs\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}pre \ S \ False]_f \ \{(S,\ T).\ (S,\ T) \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S)\ S\} \rightarrow
       \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st S) S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
context twl-restart-ops
begin
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2-D-inv where
  \langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2\text{-}D\text{-}inv = (\lambda S \ xs0 \ (i, \ T, \ xs).
        mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2-inv S xs0 (i, T, xs) \land
         literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st T)
definition mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2-D :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl-st-wl nres \rangle where
\langle mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2\text{-}D \rangle = (\lambda S. \ do \ \{
    ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-pre\ S);
    xs \leftarrow collect\text{-}valid\text{-}indices\text{-}wl S;
    l \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda - :: nat. True);
    (\textbf{-}, \, S, \, \textit{xs}) \leftarrow \textit{WHILE}_{T} \textit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2-D-inv} \, \textit{S} \, \textit{xs}
       (\lambda(i, -, xs). i < length xs)
       (\lambda(i, T, xs). do \{
          if(xs!i \notin \# dom-m (get-clauses-wl\ T)) \ then\ RETURN\ (i,\ T,\ delete-index-and-swap\ xs\ i)
          else do {
```

```
ASSERT(0 < length (get-clauses-wl T \propto (xs!i)));
           ASSERT(get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\ T\propto(xs!i)!0\in\#\ \mathcal{L}_{all}\ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ T));
           can\text{-}del \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda b.\ b \longrightarrow
               (Propagated (get-clauses-wl T \propto (xs!i)!0) (xs!i) \notin set (get-trail-wl T)) \wedge
                \neg irred \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T) \ (xs!i) \land length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ T \propto (xs!i)) \neq 2);
           ASSERT(i < length xs);
           if can-del
           then
              RETURN (i, mark-garbage-wl (xs!i) T, delete-index-and-swap xs i)
              RETURN (i+1, T, xs)
       })
       (l, S, xs);
    RETURN S
  })>
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-mark-to-delete-clauses-wl2}:
  \langle (mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2\text{-}D, mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2}) \in
   \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S \} \rangle nres-rel
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-copy-wl-entry
  :: ('v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow 'v \ watched \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow
           'v\ clauses-l \Rightarrow ('v\ clauses-l \times 'v\ clauses-l)\ nres
where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}copy\text{-}wl\text{-}entry = (\lambda N\ W\ A\ N'.\ do\ \{
    let le = length W;
    (i, N, N') \leftarrow WHILE_T
       (\lambda(i, N, N'). i < le)
       (\lambda(i, N, N'). do \{
         ASSERT(i < length W);
         let C = fst (W ! i);
         if C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ N \ then \ do \ \{
            D \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda D. \ D \notin \# \ dom - m \ N' \land D \neq 0);
   RETURN (i+1, fmdrop C N, fmupd D (N \propto C, irred N C) N')
         \} else RETURN (i+1, N, N')
       \}) (0, N, N');
    RETURN (N, N')
  })>
definition clauses-pointed-to :: \langle v | literal | set \Rightarrow (v | literal \Rightarrow v | watched) \Rightarrow nat | set \rangle
  \langle clauses\text{-pointed-to }\mathcal{A} | W \equiv \bigcup (((`) fst) `set `W `\mathcal{A}) \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ clauses\text{-}pointed\text{-}to\text{-}insert[simp]:
  \langle clauses\text{-pointed-to (insert } A \mathcal{A}) | W =
    fst \cdot set (WA) \cup
    clauses-pointed-to AW and
  clauses-pointed-to-empty[simp]:
     \langle clauses\text{-pointed-to } \{\} | W = \{\} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-copy-wl-entry:
  fixes A :: \langle v | literal \rangle and WS :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | watched \rangle
```

```
defines [simp]: \langle W \equiv WS A \rangle
  assumes
   ran \ m\theta \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N\theta') \ \land
   (\forall L \in dom \ m\theta. \ L \notin \# \ (dom - m \ N\theta)) \land
   set-mset (dom-m N\theta) \subseteq clauses-pointed-to (set-mset A) WS \land
           0 ∉# dom-m N0 '>
  shows
    \langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}copy\text{-}wl\text{-}entry\ N0\ W\ A\ N0\ '\leq
       SPEC(\lambda(N, N'). (\exists m. GC\text{-}remap^{**} (N0, m0, N0') (N, m, N') \land )
   ran \ m \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N') \ \land
   (\forall L \in dom \ m. \ L \notin \# (dom - m \ N)) \land
   set-mset (dom-m N) \subseteq clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (remove1-mset A A)) WS) \land
   (\forall L \in set \ W. \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N) \land
           0 ∉# dom-m N')>
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-single-wl
  :: (v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ watched) \Rightarrow v \Rightarrow
           'v\ clauses-l \Rightarrow ('v\ clauses-l \times 'v\ clauses-l \times ('v\ literal \Rightarrow 'v\ watched))\ nres
where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}single\text{-}wl = (\lambda N \ WS \ A \ N'. \ do \ \{
    L \leftarrow RES \{Pos A, Neg A\};
    (N, N') \leftarrow cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-copy-wl-entry N (WS L) L N';
    let WS = WS(L := []);
    (N, N') \leftarrow cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-copy-wl-entry N (WS (-L)) (-L) N';
    let WS = WS(-L := []);
    RETURN (N, N', WS)
  })>
lemma clauses-pointed-to-remove1-if:
  \forall L \in set \ (W \ L). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aa \Longrightarrow xa \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aa \Longrightarrow
    xa \in clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (remove1-mset L A))
       (\lambda a. if \ a = L \ then \ [] \ else \ W \ a) \longleftrightarrow
    xa \in clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (remove1-mset L A)) W
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-pointed-to-remove1-if2:
  \forall L \in set \ (W \ L). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aa \Longrightarrow xa \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aa \Longrightarrow
    xa \in clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (A - \{\#L, L'\#\}))
       (\lambda a. if a = L then [] else W a) \longleftrightarrow
    xa \in clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (A - \{\#L, L'\#\})) W
  \forall L \in set \ (W \ L). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aa \Longrightarrow xa \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aa \Longrightarrow
    xa \in clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (A - \{\#L', L\#\}))
       (\lambda a. if \ a = L \ then \ [] \ else \ W \ a) \longleftrightarrow
    xa \in clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (A - \{\#L', L\#\})) W
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-pointed-to-remove1-if2-eq:
  \forall L \in set \ (W \ L). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom -m \ aa \Longrightarrow
    set\text{-}mset\ (dom\text{-}m\ aa)\subseteq clauses\text{-}pointed\text{-}to\ (set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{A}-\{\#L,\,L'\#\}))
       (\lambda a. if a = L then [] else W a) \longleftrightarrow
    set-mset (dom-m aa) \subseteq clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (A - \{\#L, L'\#\})) W
  \forall L \in set (W L). fst L \notin \# dom - m \ aa \Longrightarrow
     set-mset (dom-m aa) \subseteq clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (A - \{\#L', L\#\}))
       (\lambda a. if \ a = L \ then \ [] \ else \ W \ a) \longleftrightarrow
      set\text{-}mset\ (dom\text{-}m\ aa)\subseteq clauses\text{-}pointed\text{-}to\ (set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{A}-\{\#L',\,L\#\}))\ W
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma negs-remove-Neg: \langle A \notin \# A \implies negs A + poss A - \{ \#Neg A, Pos A \# \} =
   negs \ \mathcal{A} + poss \ \mathcal{A}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma poss-remove-Pos: \langle A \notin \# A \implies neqs \ A + poss \ A - \{ \# Pos \ A, \ Neq \ A \# \} =
   negs \ \mathcal{A} + poss \ \mathcal{A}
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-single-wl-removed:
  \forall L \in set \ (W \ (Pos \ A)). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom-m \ aaa \Longrightarrow
        \forall L \in set \ (W \ (Neg \ A)). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom - m \ a \Longrightarrow
        GC\text{-}remap^{**} (aaa, ma, baa) (a, mb, b) \Longrightarrow
        set-mset (dom-m a) \subseteq clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (negs A + poss A - \{\#Neg A, Pos A\#\})) W
        xa \in \# dom - m \ a \Longrightarrow
        xa \in clauses-pointed-to (Neg 'set-mset (remove1-mset A A) \cup Pos 'set-mset (remove1-mset A
\mathcal{A}))
                (W(Pos \ A := [], Neg \ A := []))
  \forall L \in set \ (W \ (Neg \ A)). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom\text{-}m \ aaa \Longrightarrow
        \forall L \in set \ (W \ (Pos \ A)). \ fst \ L \notin \# \ dom - m \ a \Longrightarrow
        GC\text{-}remap^{**} (aaa, ma, baa) (a, mb, b) \Longrightarrow
        set-mset\ (dom-m\ a)\subseteq clauses-pointed-to\ (set-mset\ (negs\ \mathcal{A}+poss\ \mathcal{A}-\{\#Pos\ A,\ Neg\ A\#\}))\ W
        xa \in \# dom - m \ a \Longrightarrow
        xa \in clauses-pointed-to
                (Neg 'set-mset (remove1-mset A A) \cup Pos 'set-mset (remove1-mset A A))
                (W(Neg\ A := [],\ Pos\ A := []))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-single-wl:
  fixes A :: \langle v \rangle and WS :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | watched \rangle and
    N0 :: \langle v \ clauses-l \rangle
  assumes \langle ran \ m \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N0') \ \land
   (\forall L \in dom \ m. \ L \notin \# \ (dom\text{-}m \ N\theta)) \land
   set-mset (dom-m N0) <math>\subseteq
      clauses-pointed-to (set-mset (negs A + poss A)) W \wedge
           0 ∉# dom-m N0 '>
  shows
    \langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}single\text{-}wl\ N0\ W\ A\ N0\ '\leq
       SPEC(\lambda(N, N', WS')). \exists m'. GC-remap** (N0, m, N0') (N, m', N') \land N
   ran \ m' \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N') \ \land
   (\forall L \in dom \ m'. \ L \notin \# \ dom-m \ N) \land
   WS'(Pos A) = [] \land WS'(Neg A) = [] \land
   (\forall L. \ L \neq Pos \ A \longrightarrow L \neq Neg \ A \longrightarrow W \ L = WS' \ L) \ \land
   set-mset (dom-m N) \subseteq
     clauses-pointed-to
        (set\text{-}mset\ (negs\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ A\ A) + poss\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ A\ A)))\ WS'\land
           0 ∉# dom-m N'
   )>
\langle proof \rangle
definition \ cdcl	ext{-}GC	ext{-}clauses	ext{-}prog	ext{-}wl	ext{-}inv
  :: \langle v \; multiset \Rightarrow v \; clauses - l \Rightarrow
     'v \; multiset \times ('v \; clauses-l \times 'v \; clauses-l \times ('v \; literal \Rightarrow 'v \; watched)) \Rightarrow bool
```

```
where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}inv \ \mathcal{A} \ N0 = (\lambda(\mathcal{B}, (N, N', WS))). \ \mathcal{B} \subseteq \# \ \mathcal{A} \ \land
  (\forall A \in set\text{-mset } A - set\text{-mset } B. (WS (Pos A) = []) \land WS (Neg A) = []) \land
  0 \notin \# dom\text{-}m N' \land
  (\exists m. GC\text{-}remap^{**} (N0, (\lambda \text{-}. None), fmempty) (N, m, N') \land
       ran \ m \subseteq set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N') \ \land
       (\forall L \in dom \ m. \ L \notin \# \ dom - m \ N) \land
       set-mset\ (dom-m\ N)\subseteq clauses-pointed-to\ (Neg\ `set-mset\ \mathcal{B}\cup Pos\ `set-mset\ \mathcal{B})\ WS))
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-wl :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow 'v \ twl-st-wl \ nres \rangle where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}wl = (\lambda(M, N0, D, NE, UE, Q, WS)). do \}
    ASSERT(cdcl-GC-clauses-pre-wl\ (M,\ N0,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ WS));
    \mathcal{A} \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda \mathcal{A}. \ set\text{-mset} \ \mathcal{A} = set\text{-mset} \ (all\text{-init-atms} \ NO \ NE));
    (-, (N, N', WS)) \leftarrow WHILE_T cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-wl-inv \ A \ NO
       (\lambda(\mathcal{B}, -). \mathcal{B} \neq \{\#\})
       (\lambda(\mathcal{B}, (N, N', WS)). do \{
         ASSERT(\mathcal{B} \neq \{\#\});
         A \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda A. \ A \in \# \ \mathcal{B});
         (N, N', WS) \leftarrow cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}single\text{-}wl\ N\ WS\ A\ N';}
         RETURN (remove1-mset A \mathcal{B}, (N, N', WS))
       })
       (A, (N0, fmempty, WS));
    RETURN (M, N', D, NE, UE, Q, WS)
  })>
lemma cdcl-GC-clauses-proq-wl:
  assumes \langle ((M, N0, D, NE, UE, Q, WS), S) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
    correct-watching" (M, N0, D, NE, UE, Q, WS) \wedge cdcl-GC-clauses-pre S \wedge
   set\text{-}mset\ (\textit{dom-m}\ \textit{N0}) \subseteq \textit{clauses-pointed-to}
       (Neg \cdot set\text{-}mset (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms \ NO \ NE) \cup Pos \cdot set\text{-}mset (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms \ NO \ NE)) \ WS)
  shows
    \langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N0,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ WS) \leq
       (SPEC(\lambda(M', N', D', NE', UE', Q', WS'). (M', D', NE', UE', Q') = (M, D, NE, UE, Q) \land
          (\exists m. GC\text{-}remap^{**} (N0, (\lambda \text{-}. None), fmempty) (fmempty, m, N')) \land
          0 \notin \# dom\text{-}m \ N' \land (\forall L \in \# all\text{-}init\text{-}lits \ N0 \ NE. \ WS' \ L = [])))
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}~ all\mbox{-}init\mbox{-}atms\mbox{-}fmdrop\mbox{-}add\mbox{-}mset\mbox{-}unit:
  \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ baa \Longrightarrow irred \ baa \ C \Longrightarrow
    all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\ (fmdrop\ C\ baa)\ (add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ (baa\ \propto\ C))\ da) =
   all-init-atms baa da>
  \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ baa \Longrightarrow \neg irred \ baa \ C \Longrightarrow
    all-init-atms (fmdrop C baa) da =
   all-init-atms baa da>
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-GC-clauses-prog-wl2:
  assumes \langle ((M, N0, D, NE, UE, Q, WS), S) \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \land
    correct-watching" (M, N0, D, NE, UE, Q, WS) \land cdcl-GC-clauses-pre S \land
   set-mset (dom-m N0) \subseteq clauses-pointed-to
       (Neg 'set-mset (all-init-atms N0 NE) ∪ Pos 'set-mset (all-init-atms N0 NE)) WS⟩ and
```

```
\langle N\theta = N\theta' \rangle
  shows
    \langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\ (M,\ N0,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ WS) \leq
       \downarrow {((M', N'', D', NE', UE', Q', WS'), (N, N')). (M', D', NE', UE', Q') = (M, D, NE, UE, Q)
\land
               N'' = N \land (\forall L \in \#all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ N0\ NE.\ WS'\ L = []) \land
            all-init-lits N0 NE = all-init-lits N NE' \land
            (\exists m. GC\text{-}remap^{**} (N0, (\lambda \text{-}. None), fmempty) (fmempty, m, N))
      (SPEC(\lambda(N'::(nat, 'a literal list \times bool) fmap, m).
          GC-remap** (N0', (\lambda -. None), fmempty) (fmempty, m, N') \wedge
   0 \notin \# dom - m N')
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-wl-D-inv where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stqy-restart-abs-wl-D-inv S0 brk T n \leftarrow
    cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-abs-wl-inv S0 brk T n \land
    literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st T) T
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-pre-wl-D :: \langle nat \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}pre\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \longleftrightarrow (
  \exists T. (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S \land
    cdcl-GC-clauses-pre-wl T
  )>
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-D-GC-prog-post :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\text{-}post\ S\ T\ \longleftrightarrow
  (\exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in Id \land (T, T') \in Id \land
     cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog-post <math>S'(T')
definition cdcl-GC-clauses-wl-D :: \langle nat\ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat\ twl-st-wl\ nres \rangle where
\langle cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D = (\lambda(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)). do \}
  ASSERT(cdcl-GC-clauses-pre-wl-D(M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q));
  let b = True;
  if b then do {
    (N', -) \leftarrow SPEC \ (\lambda(N'', m), GC\text{-remap}^{**} \ (N, Map.empty, fmempty) \ (fmempty, m, N'') \ \land
      0 \notin \# dom - m N'');
     Q \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda Q. \ correct\text{-watching'} \ (M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q) \land
       blits-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}'(M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q));
    RETURN (M, N', D, NE, UE, WS, Q)
  else RETURN (M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q)})
lemma cdcl-GC-clauses-wl-D-cdcl-GC-clauses-wl:
  \langle (cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl\text{-}D, cdcl\text{-}GC\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl) \in \{(S::nat\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl,\ S').
        (S, S') \in Id \wedge literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S} \rightarrow_f \langle \{(S::nat\ twl\text{-st-wl},\ S').
        (S, S') \in Id \wedge literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S \rangle nres-rel\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-D-GC-prog where
\langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}full\text{-}restart\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}GC\text{-}prog\ S=do\ \{
    ASSERT(cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog-pre\ S);
    S' \leftarrow cdcl-twl-local-restart-wl-spec 0 S;
     T \leftarrow remove-one-annot-true-clause-imp-wl-D S';
    ASSERT(mark-to-delete-clauses-wl-D-pre\ T);
     U \leftarrow mark\text{-}to\text{-}delete\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl2\text{-}D T;
```

```
V \leftarrow cdcl-GC-clauses-wl-DU;
     ASSERT(cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-D-GC-prog-post\ S\ V);
     RETURN V
  }>
lemma \mathcal{L}_{all}-all-init-atms-all-init-lits:
  (set\text{-}mset\ (\mathcal{L}_{all}\ (all\text{-}init\text{-}atms\ N\ NE)) = set\text{-}mset\ (all\text{-}init\text{-}lits\ N\ NE))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma \mathcal{L}_{all}-all-atms-all-lits:
  \langle set\text{-}mset \ (\mathcal{L}_{all} \ (all\text{-}atms \ N\ NE)) = set\text{-}mset \ (all\text{-}lits \ N\ NE) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-lits-alt-def:
  \langle all\text{-}lits\ S\ NUE = all\text{-}lits\text{-}of\text{-}mm\ (mset\ '\#\ ran\text{-}mf\ S\ +\ NUE) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-D-GC-proq:
  \langle (cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-D-GC-prog, cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog) \in \langle (cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-GC-prog) \rangle
     \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle \{(S,\ T).\ (S,\ T) \in \mathit{Id} \ \wedge \ \mathit{literals-are-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (\mathit{all-init-atms-st}\ S)\ S\} \rangle \mathit{nres-rel} \rangle
  (\mathbf{is} \ \langle -\in ?R \rightarrow_f \rightarrow )
\langle proof \rangle
definition restart-prog-wl-D :: nat twl-st-wl \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow (nat twl-st-wl \times nat) nres where
  \langle restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ S \ n \ brk = do \ \{
      ASSERT(restart-abs-wl-D-pre\ S\ brk);
      b \leftarrow restart\text{-}required\text{-}wl\ S\ n;
      b\mathscr{2} \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda -. True);
      if b2 \wedge b \wedge \neg brk then do {
         T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-full-restart-wl-D-GC-prog S;
         RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else if b \land \neg brk then do {
         T \leftarrow cdcl-twl-restart-wl-D-prog S;
         RETURN (T, n + 1)
      else
         RETURN(S, n)
    }>
lemma restart-abs-wl-D-pre-literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}':
  assumes
     \langle (x, y) \rangle
      \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \times_f
        nat-rel \times_f
         bool-rel> and
     \langle x1 = (x1a, x2) \rangle and
     \langle y = (x1, x2a) \rangle and
     \langle x1b = (x1c, x2b) \rangle and
     \langle x = (x1b, x2c) \rangle and
     pre: \langle restart-abs-wl-D-pre \ x1c \ x2c \rangle and
     \langle b2 \wedge b \wedge \neg x2c \rangle and
     \langle b2a \wedge ba \wedge \neg x2a \rangle
  shows \langle (x1c, x1a) \rangle
           \in \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in}' (all-init-atms-st S) S\}
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma restart-prog-wl-D-restart-prog-wl:
  \langle (uncurry2\ restart-prog-wl-D,\ uncurry2\ restart-prog-wl) \in
      \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \times_f nat-rel \times_f bool-rel \rightarrow_f s
      \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \times_r nat-rel \rangle nres-rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl-D
  :: nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres
where
  \langle cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl-D S_0 =
  do \{
     (brk,\ T,\ 	ext{-}) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk,\ T,\ n).\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n
       (\lambda(brk, -), \neg brk)
       (\lambda(brk, S, n).
       do \{
          T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl-}D S;
          (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T;
          (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ T \ n \ brk;
          RETURN (brk, T, n)
       })
       (False, S_0::nat twl-st-wl, \theta);
     RETURN\ T
  }>
theorem cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D-spec':
  \langle (cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D, cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl) \in
     \{(S,S').\ (S,S') \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in}\ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st\ S)\ S\} \rightarrow_f
     \langle bool\text{-}rel \times_r \{ (T', T). \ T = T' \wedge literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st \ T) \ T \} \rangle \ nres\text{-}rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma unit-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D-spec':
  shows (unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl\text{-}D, unit\text{-}propagation\text{-}outer\text{-}loop\text{-}wl)} \in
     \{(T', T). T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st T) T\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(T', T). \ T = T' \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ T) \ T \} \rangle nres-rel} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{:}}
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl-D, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-wl) \in
      \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-wl-D
  :: nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \ nres
where
  ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
     (ebrk,\ brk,\ T,\ n)\leftarrow WHILE_T\lambda(\mbox{-},\ brk,\ T,\ n).\ cdcl\mbox{-}twl\mbox{-}stgy\mbox{-}restart\mbox{-}abs\mbox{-}wl\mbox{-}D\mbox{-}inv\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n
       (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
```

 $(\lambda(-, brk, S, n).$

```
do \{
          T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl-}D S;
          (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T;
          (T, n) \leftarrow restart-prog-wl-D \ T \ n \ brk;
          ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
          RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
       (ebrk, False, S_0::nat twl-st-wl, \theta);
     if \neg brk then do \{
       (brk,\ T,\ 	ext{-}) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(brk,\ T,\ n).\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n}
 (\lambda(brk, -). \neg brk)
 (\lambda(brk, S, n).
 do {
    T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl-}D S;
   (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T;
    (T, n) \leftarrow restart-prog-wl-D \ T \ n \ brk;
    RETURN (brk, T, n)
 (False, T::nat\ twl-st-wl,\ n);
       RETURN T
     else\ RETURN\ T
\mathbf{lemma}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}early\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}early\text{-}wl\text{:}}
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-wl-D, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-early-wl) \in
      \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle \{(S, T), (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} \ (all-atms-st \ S) \ S \} \rangle nres-rel \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{definition}\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}bounded\text{-}wl\text{-}D
  :: nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl \Rightarrow (bool \times nat \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl) \ nres
where
  \langle cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}prog\text{-}bounded\text{-}wl\text{-}D\ S_0 = do\ \{
     ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
     (ebrk,\ brk,\ T,\ n)\leftarrow WHILE_T^{\lambda(\text{-},\ brk,\ T,\ n)}.\ cdcl\text{-}twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}restart\text{-}abs\text{-}wl\text{-}D\text{-}inv}\ S_0\ brk\ T\ n
       (\lambda(ebrk, brk, -). \neg brk \wedge \neg ebrk)
       (\lambda(-, brk, S, n).
       do \{
          T \leftarrow unit\text{-propagation-outer-loop-wl-D } S;
          (brk, T) \leftarrow cdcl-twl-o-prog-wl-D T;
          (T, n) \leftarrow restart\text{-}prog\text{-}wl\text{-}D \ T \ n \ brk;
          ebrk \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
          RETURN (ebrk, brk, T, n)
       (ebrk, False, S_0::nat twl-st-wl, \theta);
     RETURN (brk, T)
\textbf{lemma} \ \ cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-wl-D-cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-wl:}
  \langle (cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-wl-D, cdcl-twl-stgy-restart-prog-bounded-wl) \in
      \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals-are-\mathcal{L}_{in} (all-atms-st S) S\} \rightarrow_f
      \langle bool\text{-}rel \times_r \{(S, T). (S, T) \in Id \land literals\text{-}are\text{-}\mathcal{L}_{in} (all\text{-}atms\text{-}st S) S\} \rangle nres\text{-}rel \rangle
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
```

end

end

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{theory} \ \textit{Watched-Literals-Initialisation} \\ \textbf{imports} \ \textit{Watched-Literals-List} \\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}$

1.4.6 Initialise Data structure

type-synonym 'v twl-st- $init = \langle v twl$ - $st \times v clauses \rangle$

```
fun get-trail-init :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-init \Rightarrow ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where \langle get-trail-init \ ((M, -, -, -, -, -, -), -) = M \rangle
```

```
fun get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}init \Rightarrow 'v \ cconflict \rangle \mathbf{where} \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ ((-, -, -, D, -, -, -, -), -) = D \rangle
```

```
fun literals-to-update-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-init \Rightarrow v \ clause \rangle where \langle literals-to-update-init ((-, -, -, -, -, -, Q), -) = Q \rangle
```

fun get-init-clauses-init :: $\langle 'v \ twl$ -st- $init <math>\Rightarrow 'v \ twl$ - $cls \ multiset \rangle \ \mathbf{where}$ $\langle get$ -init-clauses-init $((-, N, -, -, -, -, -, -), -) = N \rangle$

fun get-learned-clauses-init :: $\langle v \ twl$ -st-init $\Rightarrow v \ twl$ -cls $multiset \rangle$ **where** $\langle get$ -learned-clauses-init ((-, -, U, -, -, -, -, -), -) = $U \rangle$

fun get-unit-init-clauses-init :: $\langle v | twl$ -st-init $\Rightarrow v | clauses \rangle$ **where** $\langle get$ -unit-init-clauses-init ((-, -, -, -, NE, -, -, -), -) = NE \rangle

fun get-unit-learned-clauses-init :: $\langle 'v \ twl$ -st-init $\Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \rangle$ **where** $\langle get$ -unit-learned-clauses-init ((-, -, -, -, UE, -, -), -) = UE \rangle

fun clauses-to-update-init :: $\langle 'v \ twl$ -st-init $\Rightarrow ('v \ literal \times 'v \ twl$ -cls) multiset \rangle where $\langle clauses$ -to-update-init ((-, -, -, -, WS, -), -) = WS \rangle

 $\textbf{fun} \ other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init :: ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}init \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses) \ \textbf{where} \\ (other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ ((-, -, -, -, -, -, -), \ OC) = \ OC)$

fun add-to-init-clauses :: ('v clause-l \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-init \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-init) where (add-to-init-clauses C ((M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) = ((M, add-mset (twl-clause-of C) N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC))

fun add-to-unit-init-clauses :: $\langle v | clause \Rightarrow v | twl$ -st-init $\Rightarrow v | twl$ -st-init $\Rightarrow v | twl$ -st-init where $\langle add$ -to-unit-init-clauses $C | (M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC \rangle = ((M, N, U, D, add$ -mset $C | NE, UE, WS, Q), OC \rangle$

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{fun} \ set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init :: \langle 'v \ clause\text{-}l \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}init \Rightarrow 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}init \rangle \ \mathbf{where} \\ \langle set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ C \ ((M,\ N,\ U,\ \text{-},\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC) = \\ ((M,\ N,\ U,\ Some\ (mset\ C),\ add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ C)\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\}),\ OC) \rangle \\ \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{fun} \ \textit{propagate-unit-init} :: ('v \ \textit{literal} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{twl-st-init} \Rightarrow 'v \ \textit{twl-st-init}) \ \textbf{where} \\ (\textit{propagate-unit-init} \ L \ ((M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ Q), \ OC) = \\ ((\textit{Propagated} \ L \ \#L\#\} \ \# \ M, \ N, \ U, \ D, \ \textit{add-mset} \ \{\#L\#\} \ NE, \ UE, \ WS, \ \textit{add-mset} \ (-L) \ Q), \ OC)) \\ \end{array}$

```
fun add-empty-conflict-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-init <math>\Rightarrow v \ twl-st-init \rangle where
  \langle add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ ((M, N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
               ((M, N, U, Some \{\#\}, NE, UE, WS, \{\#\}), add-mset \{\#\}, OC))
fun add-to-clauses-init :: \langle v | clause - l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-in
      \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\ C\ ((M,\ N,\ U,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC) =
                 ((M, add\text{-}mset (twl\text{-}clause\text{-}of C) N, U, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC)
type-synonym 'v twl-st-l-init = \langle v twl-st-l \times v clauses \rangle
fun get-trail-l-init :: ('v twl-st-l-init <math>\Rightarrow ('v, nat) \ ann-lit \ list) where
     \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((M, -, -, -, -, -, -), -) = M \rangle
fun qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init :: \langle v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Rightarrow \langle v \ cconflict \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
     \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((-, -, D, -, -, -), -) = D \rangle
fun qet-unit-clauses-l-init :: \langle v twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow v clauses  where
     \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ \text{-})=NE+UE \rangle
fun get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses \rangle where
     \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), -) = UE \rangle
fun get-clauses-l-init :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l-init <math>\Rightarrow \ 'v \ clauses-l \rangle where
     \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), -) = N \rangle
fun literals-to-update-l-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow v \ clause \  where
     \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ ((-, -, -, -, -, -, Q), -) = Q \rangle
fun clauses-to-update-l-init :: \langle v | twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow v | clauses-to-update-l\rangle where
     \langle clauses-to-update-l-init ((-, -, -, -, WS, -), -) = WS \rangle
fun other-clauses-l-init :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \rangle where
     \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ ((-, -, -, -, -, -, -),\ OC) = OC \rangle
fun state_W-of-init :: 'v twl-st-init \Rightarrow 'v cdcl_W-restart-mset where
state_W-of-init ((M, N, U, C, NE, UE, Q), OC) =
    (M, clause '\# N + NE + OC, clause '\# U + UE, C)
named-theorems twl-st-init (Convertion for inital theorems)
lemma [twl-st-init]:
     \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ (S,\ QC) = get\text{-}conflict\ S \rangle
     \langle get\text{-trail-init}\ (S,\ QC) = get\text{-trail}\ S \rangle
     \langle clauses-to-update-init (S, QC) = clauses-to-update S \rangle
     \langle literals-to-update-init (S, QC) = literals-to-update S \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
     \langle clauses-to-update-init (add-to-unit-init-clauses (mset C) T) = clauses-to-update-init T\rangle
     \langle literals-to-update-init\ (add-to-unit-init-clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T \rangle = literals-to-update-init\ T \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T \rangle
     \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
     \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T)) \longleftrightarrow twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv \ (fst \ T) \rangle
```

```
(valid-enqueued\ (fst\ (add-to-unit-init-clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T))\longleftrightarrow valid-enqueued\ (fst\ T))
    (no-duplicate-queued\ (fst\ (add-to-unit-init-clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T))\longleftrightarrow no-duplicate-queued\ (fst\ T))
    (distinct\text{-}queued\ (fst\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (mset\ C)\ T))\longleftrightarrow distinct\text{-}queued\ (fst\ T))
    \langle confl-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ (add-to-unit-init-clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T) \rangle \longleftrightarrow confl-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ T) \rangle
    \langle propa-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ (add-to-unit-init-clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T) \rangle \longleftrightarrow propa-cands-enqueued \ (fst \ T) \rangle
    \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv \ (fst \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses \ (mset \ C) \ T)) \longleftrightarrow twl\text{-}st\text{-}exception\text{-}inv \ (fst \ T) \rangle
       \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
    \langle trail \ (state_W \text{-}of\text{-}init \ T) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T \rangle
    \langle get\text{-trail}\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-trail-init}\ (T) \rangle
    \langle conflicting (state_W - of - init T) = get - conflict - init T \rangle
    \langle init\_clss \ (state_W\_of\_init\ T) = clauses \ (get\_init\_clauses\_init\ T) + get\_unit\_init\_clauses\_init\ T
       + other-clauses-init T
    \langle learned-clss \ (state_W-of-init \ T) = clauses \ (qet-learned-clauses-init \ T) + (qet-learned-
         qet-unit-learned-clauses-init T
    \langle conflicting\ (state_W - of\ (fst\ T)) = conflicting\ (state_W - of - init\ T) \rangle
    \langle trail\ (state_W - of\ (fst\ T)) = trail\ (state_W - of - init\ T) \rangle
    \langle clauses-to-update (fst \ T) = clauses-to-update-init T \rangle
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T \rangle
    \langle literals-to-update (fst \ T) = literals-to-update-init T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
definition twl-st-l-init :: \langle ('v \ twl-st-l-init \times \ 'v \ twl-st-init) set \rangle where
    \langle twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init = \{(((M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC), ((M', N', C', NE', UE', WS', Q'), OC')\}.
       (M, M') \in convert\text{-}lits\text{-}l\ N\ (NE+UE) \land
       ((N', C', NE', UE', WS', Q'), OC') =
           ((twl-clause-of '# init-clss-lf N, twl-clause-of '# learned-clss-lf N,
                 C, NE, UE, \{\#\}, Q), OC)\}
lemma twl-st-l-init-alt-def:
    \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \longleftrightarrow
       (fst\ S,\ fst\ T)\in twl-st-l\ None \land other-clauses-l-init\ S=other-clauses-init\ T)
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
   assumes \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle
   shows
     \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ T = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
     \langle get\text{-}conflict\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S \rangle
     \langle literals-to-update-init T = literals-to-update-l-init S \rangle
     \langle clauses-to-update-init T = \{\#\} \rangle
     \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\ T = other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S \rangle
     \langle lits-of-l \ (get-trail-init \ T) = lits-of-l \ (get-trail-l-init \ S) \rangle
     \langle \mathit{lit-of'\# mset (get-trail-init T)} = \mathit{lit-of'\# mset (get-trail-l-init S)} \rangle
      \langle proof \rangle
definition twl-struct-invs-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-init \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
    \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ S \longleftrightarrow
       (twl\text{-}st\text{-}inv\ (fst\ S)\ \land
       valid-enqueued (fst S) \land
       cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (state_W-of-init S) \wedge
       cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (state_W-of-init S) \land
       twl-st-exception-inv (fst S) \wedge
       no-duplicate-queued (fst S) \land
       distinct-queued (fst S) \land
```

```
confl-cands-enqueued (fst S) \land
    propa-cands-enqueued (fst S) \land
    (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ S \neq None \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ S = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ S = \{\#\}) \land
    entailed-clss-inv (fst S) \wedge
    clauses-to-update-inv (fst S) \wedge
    past-invs (fst S)
lemma state_W-of-state_W-of-init:
  \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ W = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow state_W\text{-}of \ (fst \ W) = state_W\text{-}of\text{-}init \ W \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{:}
  \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ W = \{\#\} \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ W \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\ (fst\ W) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-struct-invs-init-add-mset:
  assumes \langle twl-struct-invs-init (S, QC) \rangle and [simp]: \langle distinct-mset C \rangle and
     count-dec: (count-decided (trail\ (state_W-of S)) = 0
  shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\ (S,\ add\text{-}mset\ C\ QC) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
fun add-empty-conflict-init-l :: \langle v \ twl-st-l-init <math>\Rightarrow v \ twl-st-l-init <math>\rangle where
  add-empty-conflict-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
        ((M, N, Some \{\#\}, NE, UE, WS, \{\#\}), add\text{-mset } \{\#\} \ OC))
fun propagate-unit-init-l :: \langle v | titeral \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow \langle v | twl-st-l-init \rangle where
  propagate-unit-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle propagate-unit-init-l \ L \ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
        ((Propagated\ L\ 0\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ add\text{-mset}\ \{\#L\#\}\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ add\text{-mset}\ (-L)\ Q),\ OC))
fun already-propagated-unit-init-l :: \langle v \ clause \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl\text{-st-l-init} \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl\text{-st-l-init} \rangle where
  already-propagated-unit-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle already-propagated-unit-init-l \ C \ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) =
        ((M, N, D, add\text{-}mset\ C\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q),\ OC)
fun set-conflict-init-l:: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l-init\rangle \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l-init\rangle where
  set-conflict-init-l-def[simp \ del]:
   \langle set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ ((M, N, \text{-}, NE, UE, WS, Q),\ OC) =
        ((M, N, Some (mset C), add-mset (mset C) NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}), OC))
fun add-to-clauses-init-l :: \langle v \text{ clause-}l \Rightarrow 'v \text{ twl-st-l-init} \Rightarrow 'v \text{ twl-st-l-init nres} \rangle where
  add-to-clauses-init-l-def[simp del]:
   \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ ((M, N, \text{-}, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC) = do\ \{
         i \leftarrow qet\text{-}fresh\text{-}index N;
          RETURN ((M, fmupd i (C, True) N, None, NE, UE, WS, Q), OC)
    }>
fun add-to-other-init where
  \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}other\text{-}init\ C\ (S,\ OC) = (S,\ add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ C)\ OC) \rangle
```

```
lemma fst-add-to-other-init [simp]: \langle fst \ (add-to-other-init \ a \ T) = fst \ T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition init-dt-step :: \langle v | clause-l \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-l-init | nres \rangle where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\ C\ S =
  (case get-conflict-l-init S of
    None \Rightarrow
    if length C = 0
    then RETURN (add-empty-conflict-init-l S)
    else if length C = 1
    then
      let L = hd C in
      if undefined-lit (get-trail-l-init S) L
      then RETURN (propagate-unit-init-l L S)
      else if L \in lits-of-l (qet-trail-l-init S)
      then RETURN (already-propagated-unit-init-l (mset C) S)
      else RETURN (set-conflict-init-l C S)
         add-to-clauses-init-l C S
  \mid Some D \Rightarrow
      RETURN (add-to-other-init C S))
definition init-dt :: \langle v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l-init \ nres \rangle where
  \langle init\text{-}dt \ CS \ S = nfoldli \ CS \ (\lambda\text{-}. \ True) \ init\text{-}dt\text{-}step \ S \rangle
thm nfoldli.simps
definition init-dt-pre where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ SOC \longleftrightarrow
    (\exists T. (SOC, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \land
      (\forall C \in set \ CS. \ distinct \ C) \land
      twl-struct-invs-init T \wedge
      clauses-to-update-l-init SOC = \{\#\} \land
      (\forall s \in set \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ SOC). \ \neg is\text{-}decided \ s) \land 
      (get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC = None \longrightarrow
           literals-to-update-l-init SOC = uminus '# lit-of '# mset (get-trail-l-init SOC)) \land
      twl-list-invs (fst SOC) \wedge
      twl-stgy-invs (fst T) \wedge
      (other-clauses-l-init\ SOC \neq \{\#\} \longrightarrow get-conflict-l-init\ SOC \neq None))
lemma init-dt-pre-ConsD: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ (a \# CS)\ SOC \implies init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ SOC\ \land\ distinct\ a \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition init-dt-spec where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ CS\ SOC\ SOC' \leftarrow
     (\exists T'. (SOC', T') \in twl\text{-st-l-init} \land
            twl-struct-invs-init T' <math>\wedge
            \mathit{clauses-to-update-l-init}\ SOC' = \{\#\}\ \land
            (\forall s \in set \ (qet\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ SOC'). \ \neg is\text{-}decided \ s) \ \land
            (qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC' = None \longrightarrow
               literals-to-update-l-init SOC' = uminus '\# lit-of '\# mset (get-trail-l-init SOC')) \land
            (mset '\# mset CS + mset '\# ran-mf (get-clauses-l-init SOC) + other-clauses-l-init SOC +
                   qet-unit-clauses-l-init SOC =
             mset '# ran-mf (get-clauses-l-init SOC') + other-clauses-l-init SOC' +
                   get-unit-clauses-l-init SOC') \land
            learned-clss-lf (get-clauses-l-init SOC) = learned-clss-lf (get-clauses-l-init SOC') \land
```

```
get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init SOC' = get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init SOC \land get
                           twl-list-invs (fst SOC') <math>\land
                           twl-stgy-invs (fst T') \wedge
                           (other-clauses-l-init\ SOC' \neq \{\#\} \longrightarrow get-conflict-l-init\ SOC' \neq None) \land
                           (\{\#\} \in \# mset '\# mset CS \longrightarrow get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init SOC' \neq None) \land
                           (qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC \neq None \longrightarrow qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC = qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ SOC'))
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}other\text{-}init:
     assumes
          dist: (distinct a) and
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail (fst T)) = 0 \rangle and
         invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle
     shows
         \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}other\text{-}init \ a \ T) \rangle
               (is ?twl-struct-invs-init)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma invariants-init-state:
     assumes
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = 0 \rangle and
         wf: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ get\text{-}clauses \ (fst \ T). \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle and
         MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus ' \# \ lit-of ' \# \ mset \ (get-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
           WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle and
         n-d: \langle no-dup (get-trail-init T) \rangle
     shows \langle propa-cands-enqueued\ (fst\ T)\rangle and \langle confl-cands-enqueued\ (fst\ T)\rangle and \langle twl-st-inv\ (fst\ T)\rangle
          \langle clauses-to-update-inv (fst T)\rangle and \langle past-invs (fst T)\rangle and \langle distinct-queued (fst T)\rangle and
         \langle valid\text{-enqueued (fst }T)\rangle and \langle twl\text{-st-exception-inv (fst }T)\rangle and \langle no\text{-duplicate-queued (fst }T)\rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-struct-invs-init-init-state:
     assumes
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = 0 \rangle and
         wf: \langle \forall \ C \in \# \ get\text{-}clauses \ (fst \ T). \ struct\text{-}wf\text{-}twl\text{-}cls \ C \rangle and
         MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus ' \# \ lit-of ' \# \ mset \ (get-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
           WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle and
         \textit{struct-invs:} \ \langle \textit{cdcl}_W \textit{-restart-mset.cdcl}_W \textit{-all-struct-inv} \ (\textit{state}_W \textit{-of-init} \ T) \rangle \ \textbf{and}
         \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.no-smaller-propa (state_W-of-init T)\rangle and
         \langle entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv (fst T) \rangle and
         \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T \neq None \longrightarrow clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ T = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init\ T = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}init\ T = \{\#\} \land literals\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}update\text{-}upd
     shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init T \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses:}
    assumes
          dist: \langle distinct \ a \rangle and
         lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (qet\text{-}trail \ (fst \ T)) = \theta \rangle and
         invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
          ex: \langle \exists L \in set \ a. \ L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) \rangle
         \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses\ (mset\ a)\ T)\rangle
               (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init:}
    assumes
         dist: \langle distinct \ C \rangle and
        lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail (fst T)) = \theta \rangle and
        invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
        ex: \langle \forall L \in set \ C. \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) \rangle and
         nempty: \langle C \neq [] \rangle
    shows
        \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ C \ T) \rangle
            (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init:}
        lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = \theta \rangle and
        invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
        undef: \langle undefined\text{-}lit \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) \ L \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
        confl: \langle qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ T = None \rangle and
        MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus '# lit-of '# mset (get-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
         WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
    \mathbf{shows}
        \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init \ L \ T) \rangle
            (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
named-theorems twl-st-l-init
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (already-propagated-unit-init-l CS \rangle = clauses-to-update-l-init S \rangle
    \langle \textit{get-trail-l-init} \; (\textit{already-propagated-unit-init-l} \; C \; S) = \textit{get-trail-l-init} \; S \rangle
    \langle qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
    (other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S})\ =\ other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S})
    \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (already-propagated-unit-init-l (CS) = clauses-to-update-l-init (CS) = clau
    \langle literals-to-update-l-init \ (already-propagated-unit-init-l \ C \ S \rangle = literals-to-update-l-init \ S \rangle
    \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
    \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S) =
               get-learned-unit-clauses-l-init S
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (T,\ OC) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ T \rangle
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle (V, W) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Longrightarrow
         count-decided (get-trail-init W) = count-decided (get-trail-l-init V)
    \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\ (fst\ T) = get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ T \rangle
    \langle literals-to-update-l\ (fst\ T) = literals-to-update-l-init\ T \rangle
    \langle clauses	ext{-}to	ext{-}update	ext{-}l\ (fst\ T)=clauses	ext{-}to	ext{-}update	ext{-}l	ext{-}init\ T 
angle
    \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ entailed\text{-}clss\text{-}inv\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}clauses:}
    (count\text{-}decided\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T)=0\Longrightarrow C
eq []\Longrightarrow hd\ C\in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T)\Longrightarrow
           entailed-clss-inv (fst T) \Longrightarrow entailed-clss-inv (fst (add-to-unit-init-clauses (mset C) T))
    \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma convert-lits-l-no-decision-iff: \langle (S, T) \in convert-lits-l M N \Longrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set \ T. \ \neg \ is - decided \ s) \longleftrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set \ S. \ \neg \ is - decided \ s)
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init\text{-}no\text{-}decision\text{-}iff:
    (S, T) \in \mathit{twl}\textit{-st-l-init} \Longrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init T). \neg is\text{-}decided s) \longleftrightarrow
           (\forall s \in set (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init S). \neg is\text{-}decided s)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-st-l-init-defined-lit[twl-st-l-init]:
    \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \Longrightarrow
           defined-lit (qet-trail-init T) = defined-lit (qet-trail-l-init S)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
  \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init \implies get\text{-}unit\text{-}learned\text{-}clauses\text{-}init} \ T = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init} \ S
= \{ \# \}
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\text{-}already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\text{:}}
   assumes
     hd-C: \langle hd \ C \in lits-of-l \ (get-trail-l-init \ S) \rangle and
     pre: (init-dt-pre CS S) and
     nempty: \langle C \neq [] \rangle and
      dist-C: \langle distinct \ C \rangle and
     lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init S) = 0 \rangle
   shows
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\ (mset\ C)\ S) \rangle\ (is\ ?pre)\ and
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [C] \ S \ (already\text{-}propagated\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ (mset \ C) \ S) \rangle \ \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma (in -) twl-stgy-invs-backtrack-lvl-0:
   \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail \ T) = 0 \Longrightarrow twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (propagate-unit-init-l L S) = clauses-to-update-l-init S\rangle
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = Propagated \ L \ 0 \ \# \ get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ (propagate-unit-init-l\ L\ S) =
       add-mset (-L) (literals-to-update-l-init S)
   \langle qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (propagate-unit-init-l L S) = clauses-to-update-l-init S\rangle
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S)
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) = add\text{-}mset \ \{\#L\#\} \ (get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma init-dt-pre-propagate-unit-init:
   assumes
      hd-C: \langle undefined-lit (get-trail-l-init S) L \rangle and
      pre: (init-dt-pre CS S) and
      lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S) = 0 \rangle and
      confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S = None \rangle
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l\ L\ S) \rangle\ (\mathbf{is}\ ?pre)\ \mathbf{and}
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [[L]] \ S \ (propagate\text{-}unit\text{-}init\text{-}l \ L \ S) \rangle \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ (set-conflict-init-l\ C\ S) = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (set-conflict-init-l C S \rangle = \{ \# \} \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S) = Some\ (mset\ C) \rangle
   (get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S) = add\text{-}mset\ (mset\ C)\ (get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S)
   (qet\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S) = qet\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S)
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) = other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-set-conflict-init-l:
   assumes
      [simp]: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S = None \rangle and
      pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ (C \# CS)\ S \rangle and
      false: \forall L \in set \ C. \ -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S) \rangle and
      nempty: \langle C \neq [] \rangle
   shows
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ C\ S)\rangle\ (is\ ?pre)\ and
      \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [C] \ S \ (set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ C \ S) \rangle \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-init]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ T) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   \langle qet\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init \ T) = Some \ \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-init (add-empty-conflict-init T \rangle = clauses-to-update-init T \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-init\ (add-empty-conflict-init\ T) = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle \textit{get-trail-l-init} \ (\textit{add-empty-conflict-init-l} \ T) = \textit{get-trail-l-init} \ T \rangle
   \langle \textit{get-conflict-l-init} \ (\textit{add-empty-conflict-init-l} \ T) = \textit{Some} \ \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (add-empty-conflict-init-l T \rangle = clauses-to-update-l-init T \rangle
   \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ (add-empty-conflict-init-l\ T) = \{\#\} \rangle
   \langle get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ T)=get\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ T}\rangle
   \langle get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ T) = get\text{-}learned\text{-}unit\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ T)
   \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ T) = get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   (other-clauses-l-init\ (add-empty-conflict-init-l\ T) = add-mset\ \{\#\}\ (other-clauses-l-init\ T))
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\text{:}}
   assumes
      lev: \langle count\text{-}decided (get\text{-}trail (fst T)) = 0 \rangle and
      invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
      WS: \langle clauses-to-update-init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle
```

```
shows \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init T) \rangle
         (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-add-empty-conflict-init-l:
   assumes
      conf[simp]: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S = None \rangle and
     pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre \ ([] \# CS) \ S \rangle
   shows
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l\ S) \rangle\ (is\ ?pre)
     \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ [[]] \ S \ (add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}l \ S) \rangle \ (is \ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle qet\text{-}trail\ (fst\ (add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\ a\ T)) = qet\text{-}trail\text{-}init\ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
   \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (T,\ OC) = OC \rangle
   \langle clauses-to-update-l-init (T, OC) = clauses-to-update-l T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\text{-}add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{:}
   assumes
     lev: \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T) = 0 \rangle and
     invs: \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ T \rangle and
     confl: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\ T = None \rangle and
     MQ: \langle literals-to-update-init \ T = uminus ' \# \ lit-of ' \# \ mset \ (get-trail-init \ T) \rangle and
      WS: \langle clauses\text{-}to\text{-}update\text{-}init \ T = \{\#\} \rangle and
    dist-C: \langle distinct \ C \rangle and
    le-2: \langle length \ C \geq 2 \rangle
   shows
     \langle twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ C \ T) \rangle
         (is ?all-struct)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma qet-trail-init-add-to-clauses-init[simp]:
   \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ (add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init \ a \ T) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}init \ T \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-add-to-clauses-init-l:
  assumes
     D: \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S = None \rangle and
     a: \langle length \ a \neq Suc \ \theta \rangle \langle a \neq [] \rangle and
     pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre \ (a \# CS) \ S \rangle \ \mathbf{and}
     \forall s \in set \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S). \ \neg \ is\text{-}decided \ s 
     \langle add-to-clauses-init-l a \ S \ SPEC \ (init-dt-pre CS) \rangle \ (is \ ?pre) \ and
     \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}l\ a\ S \leq SPEC\ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ [a]\ S) \rangle\ (is\ ?spec)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-init-dt-step:
   assumes pre: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre \ (a \# CS) \ SOC \rangle
   shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\ a\ SOC \leq SPEC\ (\lambda SOC'.\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}pre\ CS\ SOC' \land\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ [a]\ SOC\ SOC') \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
lemma [twl-st-l-init]:
  \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init\ (S,\ OC) = get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\ S \rangle
  \langle literals-to-update-l-init\ (S,\ OC) = literals-to-update-l\ S \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-spec-append:
  assumes
     spec1: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ CS \ S \ T \rangle and
     spec: \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ CS' \ T \ U \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ (CS @ CS') \ S \ U \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-full:
  fixes CS :: \langle v | literal | list | list \rangle and SOC :: \langle v | twl-st-l-init \rangle and S'
  defines
     \langle S \equiv fst \; SOC \rangle and
     \langle OC \equiv snd \ SOC \rangle
  assumes
     ⟨init-dt-pre CS SOC⟩
     \langle init\text{-}dt \ CS \ SOC \leq SPEC \ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec \ CS \ SOC) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-pre-empty-state:
  (init-dt-pre [] (([], fmempty, None, {#}, {#}, {#}, {#}), {#}))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma twl-init-invs:
  (twl\text{-}struct\text{-}invs\text{-}init\ (([], \{\#\}, \{\#\}, None, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, \{\#\}, \{\#\}), \{\#\})))
  (twl\text{-}list\text{-}invs\ ([], fmempty, None, {\#}, {\#}, {\#}))
  \langle twl\text{-}stgy\text{-}invs\ ([],\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\},\ None,\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\},\ \{\#\})\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
end
{\bf theory}\ {\it Watched-Literals-Watch-List-Initialisation}
  imports Watched-Literals-Watch-List Watched-Literals-Initialisation
begin
1.4.7
              Initialisation
type-synonym 'v twl-st-wl-init' = \langle (('v, nat) \ ann-lits \times 'v \ clauses-l \times l
     'v\ cconflict \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ clauses \times 'v\ lit-queue-wl)
\mathbf{type\text{-}synonym} \ 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init = \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init' \times \ 'v \ clauses \rangle
type-synonym 'v twl-st-wl-init-full = \langle v | twl-st-wl \times \langle v | clauses \rangle
fun get-trail-init-wl :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow ('v, nat) \ ann-lit \ list \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((M, -, -, -, -, -), -) = M \rangle
fun qet-clauses-init-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ clauses-l \rangle where
  \langle get\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((-, N, -, -, -, -), OC) = N \rangle
fun get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl :: \langle 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init \Rightarrow 'v \ cconflict \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((-, -, D, -, -, -), -) = D \rangle
fun literals-to-update-init-wl :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ clause \rangle where
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\langle literals-to-update-init-wl\ ((-, -, -, -, -, Q), -) = Q \rangle
fun other-clauses-init-wl :: ('v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow 'v clauses) where
    \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((-, -, -, -, -, -),\ OC) = OC \rangle
fun add-empty-conflict-init-wl :: \langle 'v \ twl-st-wl-init <math>\Rightarrow \ 'v \ twl-st-wl-init <math>\rangle where
    add-empty-conflict-init-wl-def[simp del]:
      \langle add\text{-}empty\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q), OC) =
              ((M, N, Some \{\#\}, NE, UE, \{\#\}), add\text{-mset } \{\#\} \ OC))
fun propagate-unit-init-wl:: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v | twl-st-wl-init
    propagate-unit-init-wl-def[simp\ del]:
      \langle propagate-unit-init-wl\ L\ ((M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q),\ OC) =
               ((Propagated\ L\ 0\ \#\ M,\ N,\ D,\ add-mset\ \{\#L\#\}\ NE,\ UE,\ add-mset\ (-L)\ Q),\ OC)
fun already-propagated-unit-init-wl:: \langle v clause \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init where
    already-propagated-unit-init-wl-def[simp del]:
      \langle already-propagated-unit-init-wl\ C\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q),\ OC) =
               ((M, N, D, add\text{-}mset\ C\ NE,\ UE,\ Q),\ OC)
fun set-conflict-init-wl :: \langle v| titeral \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v twl-st-wl-init
    set-conflict-init-wl-def[simp \ del]:
      \langle set\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ L\ ((M, N, -, NE, UE, Q),\ OC) =
               ((M, N, Some \{\#L\#\}, add\text{-mset } \{\#L\#\} NE, UE, \{\#\}), OC))
fun add-to-clauses-init-wl :: ('v clause-l \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow 'v twl-st-wl-init nres) where
    add-to-clauses-init-wl-def[simp del]:
      \langle add\text{-}to\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ C\ ((M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q),\ OC)=do\ \{
                i \leftarrow get\text{-}fresh\text{-}index\ N;
                let b = (length \ C = 2);
                RETURN ((M, fmupd i (C, True) N, D, NE, UE, Q), OC)
        \}
definition init-dt-step-wl:: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init nres\rangle where
    \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\text{-}wl \ C \ S =
    (case get-conflict-init-wl S of
        None \Rightarrow
        if length C = 0
        then RETURN (add-empty-conflict-init-wl S)
        else if length C = 1
        then
            let L = hd C in
            if undefined-lit (get-trail-init-wl S) L
            then RETURN (propagate-unit-init-wl L S)
            else if L \in lits-of-l (qet-trail-init-wl S)
            then RETURN (already-propagated-unit-init-wl (mset C) S)
            else RETURN (set-conflict-init-wl L S)
        else
                 add-to-clauses-init-wl C S
    \mid Some D \Rightarrow
            RETURN (add-to-other-init C S))
```

```
fun st-l-of-wl-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init' <math>\Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-l \rangle where
   \langle st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl\text{-}init\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q) = (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ \{\#\},\ Q) \rangle
definition state-wl-l-init' where
   \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init' = \{(S, S'), S' = st\text{-}l\text{-}of\text{-}wl\text{-}init S\} \rangle
definition init-dt-wl :: \langle v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \ nres \rangle where
   \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl \ CS = nfoldli \ CS \ (\lambda\text{-}. \ True) \ init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\text{-}wl \rangle
definition state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init :: \langle ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init) \ set \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
   \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init = \{(S, S'). (fst S, fst S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init' \land S'\}
        other-clauses-init-wl S = other-clauses-l-init S'}
fun all-blits-are-in-problem-init where
  [simp del]: \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem-init} (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \longleftrightarrow
        (\forall L. (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (W L). K \in \#all-lits-of-mm (mset '\# ran-mf N + (NE + UE))))
We assume that no clause has been deleted during initialisation. The definition is slightly
redundant since i \in \# dom-m \ N is already entailed by fst '# mset (WL) = clause-to-update
L(M, N, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}).
named-theorems twl-st-wl-init
lemma [twl-st-wl-init]:
  assumes \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle
  shows
     \langle get\text{-}conflict\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S'=get\text{-}conflict\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
     \langle \textit{get-trail-l-init} \ S' = \textit{get-trail-init-wl} \ S \rangle
     \langle other\text{-}clauses\text{-}l\text{-}init\ S'=\ other\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ S \rangle
     \langle count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}l\text{-}init \ S') = count\text{-}decided \ (get\text{-}trail\text{-}init\text{-}wl \ S) \rangle
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma in-clause-to-update-in-dom-mD:
   (bb \in \# clause-to-update \ L \ (a, aa, ab, ac, ad, \{\#\}, \{\#\}) \Longrightarrow bb \in \# dom-m \ aa)
   \langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-step-wl-init-dt-step:
  assumes S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle and
     dist: \langle distinct \ C \rangle
  shows (init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\text{-}wl\ C\ S \leq \Downarrow\ state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init)
             (init\text{-}dt\text{-}step\ C\ S')
   (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow ?A \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-wl-init-dt:
  assumes S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \rangle and
     dist: \langle \forall \ C \in set \ C. \ distinct \ C \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl \ C \ S \leq \downarrow \ state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init
             (init-dt \ C \ S')
\langle proof \rangle
definition init-dt-wl-pre where
   \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ C\ S\longleftrightarrow
     (\exists S'. (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land
        init-dt-pre\ C\ S'
```

```
definition init-dt-wl-spec where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\ C\ S\ T\longleftrightarrow
    (\exists S' \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land (T, T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land
       init-dt-spec C S' T'
\mathbf{lemma}\ init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec:
  assumes \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ CS\ S \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl \ CS \ S \le SPEC \ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec \ CS \ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
fun correct-watching-init :: \langle v \ twl-st-wl \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  [simp\ del]: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \longleftrightarrow
     all-blits-are-in-problem-init (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W) \land
    (\forall L.
         distinct-watched (WL) \land
         (\forall (i, K, b) \in \#mset (W L). i \in \#dom-m N \land K \in set (N \propto i) \land K \neq L \land
             correctly-marked-as-binary N(i, K, b) \land
         fst '\# mset (W L) = clause-to-update L (M, N, D, NE, UE, \{\#\}, \{\#\}))
lemma correct-watching-init-correct-watching:
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ T \Longrightarrow correct\text{-}watching\ T \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma image-mset-Suc: \langle Suc '\# \{ \#C \in \#M.\ P\ C\# \} = \{ \#C \in \#Suc '\#M.\ P\ (C-1)\# \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-add-unit:
  assumes \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \rangle
  shows \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ (M,\ N,\ D,\ add\text{-}mset\ C\ NE,\ UE,\ Q,\ W) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-propagate:
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((L \# M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W)) \longleftrightarrow
           correct-watching-init ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W))
  \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((M, N, D, NE, UE, add\text{-}mset\ C\ Q,\ W)) \longleftrightarrow
           correct-watching-init ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W))
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma all-blits-are-in-problem-cons[simp]:
  \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem-init} \ (Propagated\ L\ i\ \#\ a,\ aa,\ ab,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, ab, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem-init} (Decided\ L\ \#\ a,\ aa,\ ab,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, ab, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle all\text{-blits-are-in-problem-init}\ (a,\ aa,\ ab,\ ac,\ ad,\ add\text{-mset}\ L\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, ab, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ None \ y \Longrightarrow all\text{-}blits\text{-}are\text{-}in\text{-}problem\text{-}init} \ (a,\ aa,\ y,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, None, ac, ad, ae, b)
  \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ \{\#\} \ ae \Longrightarrow all\text{-}blits\text{-}are\text{-}in\text{-}problem\text{-}init} \ (a,\ aa,\ y,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b) \longleftrightarrow
      all-blits-are-in-problem-init (a, aa, y, ac, ad, \{\#\}, b)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-cons[simp]:
```

 $(NO\text{-}MATCH\ None\ y \Longrightarrow correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((a,\ aa,\ y,\ ac,\ ad,\ ae,\ b)) \longleftrightarrow$

```
correct-watching-init ((a, aa, None, ac, ad, ae, b))
  \langle NO\text{-}MATCH \ \{\#\} \ ae \implies correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init \ ((a, aa, y, ac, ad, ae, b)) \longleftrightarrow
     correct-watching-init ((a, aa, y, ac, ad, \{\#\}, b))
     \langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} {\it clause-to-update-mapsto-upd-notin}:
  assumes
    i: \langle i \notin \# dom\text{-}m N \rangle
  shows
  \langle clause\text{-}to\text{-}update\ L\ (M,\ N(i\hookrightarrow C'),\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=
    (if L \in set (watched-l C'))
     then add-mset i (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q))
     else (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q)))\rangle
  \langle clause-to-update\ L\ (M,\ fmupd\ i\ (C',\ b)\ N,\ C,\ NE,\ UE,\ WS,\ Q)=
    (if L \in set (watched-l C')
     then add-mset i (clause-to-update L(M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q))
     else (clause-to-update L (M, N, C, NE, UE, WS, Q)))\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma correct-watching-init-add-clause:
  assumes
    corr: \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ ((a, aa, None, ac, ad, Q, b)) \rangle and
    leC: \langle 2 \leq length \ C \rangle and
    i-notin[simp]: \langle i \notin \# dom-m \ aa \rangle and
    dist[iff]: \langle C \mid \theta \neq C \mid Suc \mid \theta \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init
          ((a, fmupd i (C, red) aa, None, ac, ad, Q, b
            (C ! \theta := b (C ! \theta) @ [(i, C ! Suc \theta, length C = 2)],
              C ! Suc \theta := b (C ! Suc \theta) @ [(i, C ! \theta, length C = 2)]))
\langle proof \rangle
definition rewatch
  :: \langle v \ clauses-l \Rightarrow (v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ watched) \Rightarrow (v \ literal \Rightarrow v \ watched) \ nres \rangle
\langle rewatch \ N \ W = do \ \{
  xs \leftarrow SPEC(\lambda xs. \ set\text{-}mset \ (dom\text{-}m \ N) \subseteq set \ xs \land distinct \ xs);
  n fold li
    xs
    (\lambda-. True)
    (\lambda i \ W. \ do \ \{
      \textit{if } i \in \# \textit{ dom-m } N
      then do {
        ASSERT(i \in \# dom - m N);
        ASSERT(length\ (N \propto i) \geq 2);
        let L1 = N \propto i ! \theta;
        let L2 = N \propto i ! 1;
        let b = (length (N \propto i) = 2);
        ASSERT(L1 \neq L2);
        ASSERT(length (W L1) < size (dom-m N));
        let W = W(L1 := W L1 @ [(i, L2, b)]);
        ASSERT(length (W L2) < size (dom-m N));
        let W = W(L2 := W L2 @ [(i, L1, b)]);
        RETURN W
      else RETURN W
```

```
})
     W
  }>
lemma rewatch-correctness:
  assumes [simp]: \langle W = (\lambda -. []) \rangle and
     H[dest]: \langle \bigwedge x. \ x \in \# \ dom\text{-}m \ N \Longrightarrow distinct \ (N \propto x) \land length \ (N \propto x) \ge 2 \rangle
     \langle rewatch \ N \ W \leq SPEC(\lambda W. \ correct-watching-init \ (M, N, C, NE, UE, Q, W)) \rangle
definition state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init\text{-}full :: \langle ('v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init\text{-}full \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}l\text{-}init) \ set \rangle \ \mathbf{where}
  \langle state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init\text{-}full = \{(S, S'). (fst S, fst S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l None \land S'\}
       snd S = snd S'
definition added-only-watched :: \langle (v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init\text{-}full \times 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init) \ set \rangle where
  (added-only-watched = \{(((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W), OC), ((M', N', D', NE', UE', Q'), OC')).
          (M, N, D, NE, UE, Q) = (M', N', D', NE', UE', Q') \land OC = OC' \}
definition init-dt-wl-spec-full
  :: \langle v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow \langle v \ twl-st-wl-init-full \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{-}full\ C\ S\ T^{\prime\prime}\longleftrightarrow
     (\exists S' \ T \ T'. \ (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land (T :: 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init, \ T') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l\text{-}init \land (T :: 'v \ twl\text{-}st\text{-}wl\text{-}init, \ T')
       init\text{-}dt\text{-}spec\ C\ S'\ T' \land correct\text{-}watching\text{-}init\ (fst\ T'')\ \land\ (T'',\ T) \in added\text{-}only\text{-}watched)
definition init-dt-wl-full :: \langle v \ clause-l \ list \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl-init \Rightarrow v \ twl-st-wl-init-full \ nres \rangle where
  \langle init-dt-wl-full\ CS\ S=do\{
      ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q), OC) \leftarrow init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl \ CS \ S;
      W \leftarrow rewatch \ N \ (\lambda -. \ []);
      RETURN ((M, N, D, NE, UE, Q, W), OC)
  }>
lemma init-dt-wl-spec-rewatch-pre:
  assumes (init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\ CS\ S\ T) and (N=get\text{-}clauses\text{-}init\text{-}wl\ T) and (C\in\#\ dom\text{-}m\ N)
  shows (distinct (N \propto C) \land length (N \propto C) > 2)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma init-dt-wl-full-init-dt-wl-spec-full:
  assumes \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}pre\ CS\ S \rangle
  shows \langle init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}full\ CS\ S \leq SPEC\ (init\text{-}dt\text{-}wl\text{-}spec\text{-}full\ CS\ S) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
end
theory CDCL-Conflict-Minimisation
  imports
     Watched	ext{-}Literals	ext{-}Watch	ext{-}List	ext{-}Domain
     WB-More-Refinement
     WB-More-Refinement-List\ List-Index.List-Index\ HOL-Imperative-HOL.Imperative-HOL
begin
```

We implement the conflict minimisation as presented by Sörensson and Biere ("Minimizing Learned Clauses").

We refer to the paper for further details, but the general idea is to produce a series of resolution steps such that eventually (i.e., after enough resolution steps) no new literals has been introduced in the conflict clause.

The resolution steps are only done with the reasons of the of literals appearing in the trail. Hence these steps are terminating: we are "shortening" the trail we have to consider with each resolution step. Remark that the shortening refers to the length of the trail we have to consider, not the levels.

The concrete proof was harder than we initially expected. Our first proof try was to certify the resolution steps. While this worked out, adding caching on top of that turned to be rather hard, since it is not obvious how to add resolution steps in the middle of the current proof if the literal has already been removed (basically we would have to prove termination and confluence of the rewriting system). Therefore, we worked instead directly on the entailment of the literals of the conflict clause (up to the point in the trail we currently considering, which is also the termination measure). The previous try is still present in our formalisation (see *minimize-conflict-support*, which we however only use for the termination proof).

The algorithm presented above does not distinguish between literals propagated at the same level: we cannot reuse information about failures to cut branches. There is a variant of the algorithm presented above that is able to do so (Van Gelder, "Improved Conflict-Clause Minimization Leads to Improved Propositional Proof Traces"). The algorithm is however more complicated and has only be implemented in very few solvers (at least lingeling and cadical) and is especially not part of glucose nor cryptominisat. Therefore, we have decided to not implement it: It is probably not worth it and requires some additional data structures.

declare $cdcl_W$ -restart-mset-state[simp]

```
\mathbf{type\text{-}synonym} \ \mathit{out\text{-}learned} = \langle \mathit{nat} \ \mathit{clause\text{-}l} \rangle
```

in-trail: $\langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ M \rangle$

The data structure contains the (unique) literal of highest at position one. This is useful since this is what we want to have at the end (propagation clause) and we can skip the first literal when minimising the clause.

```
definition out-learned :: \langle (nat, nat) | ann-lits \Rightarrow nat clause option \Rightarrow out-learned \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle out\text{-}learned\ M\ D\ out\ \longleftrightarrow
      out \neq [] \land
      (D = None \longrightarrow length \ out = 1) \land
      (D \neq None \longrightarrow mset \ (tl \ out) = filter-mset \ (\lambda L. \ qet-level \ M \ L < count-decided \ M) \ (the \ D))
definition out-learned-confl :: \langle (nat, nat) | ann-lits \Rightarrow nat clause option \Rightarrow out-learned \Rightarrow bool \rangle where
  \langle out\text{-}learned\text{-}confl\ M\ D\ out \longleftrightarrow
      out \neq [] \land (D \neq None \land mset \ out = the \ D)
lemma out-learned-Cons-None[simp]:
  \langle out\text{-}learned \ (L \# aa) \ None \ ao \longleftrightarrow out\text{-}learned \ aa \ None \ ao \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma out-learned-tl-None[simp]:
  \langle out\text{-}learned\ (tl\ aa)\ None\ ao \longleftrightarrow out\text{-}learned\ aa\ None\ ao \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition index-in-trail :: (('v, 'a) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ literal \Rightarrow nat) where
  \langle index-in-trail\ M\ L=index\ (map\ (atm-of\ o\ lit-of)\ (rev\ M))\ (atm-of\ L)\rangle
lemma Propagated-in-trail-entailed:
     invs: \langle cdcl_W \text{-} restart\text{-} mset.cdcl_W \text{-} all\text{-} struct\text{-} inv \ (M,\ N,\ U,\ D) \rangle and
```

```
shows
    \langle M \models as \ CNot \ (remove 1\text{-}mset \ L \ C) \rangle \ \text{and} \ \langle L \in \# \ C \rangle \ \text{and} \ \langle N + \ U \models pm \ C \rangle \ \text{and}
    \langle K \in \# \ remove 1 \text{-} mset \ L \ C \Longrightarrow index\text{-} in\text{-} trail \ M \ K < index\text{-} in\text{-} trail \ M \ L \rangle \  and
    \langle \neg tautology \ C \rangle and \langle distinct\text{-}mset \ C \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
This predicate corresponds to one resolution step.
inductive minimize-conflict-support :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow boolv
  for M where
resolve-propa:
  \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M\ (add\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ C)\ (C+remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ E) \rangle
  if \langle Propagated \ L \ E \in set \ M \rangle
remdups: \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M\ (add\text{-}mset\ L\ C)\ C \rangle
lemma index-in-trail-uminus[simp]: \langle index-in-trail\ M\ (-L) = index-in-trail\ M\ L\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
This is the termination argument of the conflict minimisation: the multiset of the levels decreases
(for the multiset ordering).
definition minimize-conflict-support-mes :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow nat \ multiset \rangle
where
  \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\text{-}mes\ M\ C = index\text{-}in\text{-}trail\ M\ '\#\ C \rangle
context
  fixes M :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \rangle and N \ U :: \langle 'v \ clauses \rangle and
    D :: \langle v \ clause \ option \rangle
  assumes invs: \langle cdcl_W \text{-}restart\text{-}mset.cdcl_W \text{-}all\text{-}struct\text{-}inv} (M, N, U, D) \rangle
begin
private lemma
   no-dup: \langle no-dup M \rangle and
   consistent: \langle consistent-interp\ (lits-of-l\ M) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma minimize-conflict-support-entailed-trail:
  assumes \langle minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M\ C\ E \rangle and \langle M \models as\ CNot\ C \rangle
  shows \langle M \models as \ CNot \ E \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma rtranclp-minimize-conflict-support-entailed-trail:
  assumes (minimize\text{-}conflict\text{-}support\ M)^{**}\ C\ E) and (M \models as\ CNot\ C)
  shows \langle M \models as \ CNot \ E \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma minimize-conflict-support-mes:
  \mathbf{assumes} \ \langle \mathit{minimize-conflict-support} \ M \ C \ E \rangle
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle \mathit{minimize-conflict-support-mes} \ \mathit{M} \ \mathit{E} < \mathit{minimize-conflict-support-mes} \ \mathit{M} \ \mathit{C} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma wf-minimize-conflict-support:
  shows \langle wf | \{ (C', C). minimize-conflict-support M | C | C' \} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
end
```

```
lemma conflict-minimize-step:
  assumes
    \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ C \rangle and
    \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ (-L) \ D \rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge K' . \ K' \in \# \ C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ D \rangle
  shows \langle NU \models p D \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
This function filters the clause by the levels up the level of the given literal. This is the part
the conflict clause that is considered when testing if the given literal is redundant.
definition filter-to-poslev where
  \langle filter-to-poslev M L D = filter-mset (\lambda K.\ index-in-trail M K < index-in-trail M L) D > 0
lemma filter-to-poslev-uminus[simp]:
  \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ (-L) \ D = filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L \ D \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-empty[simp]:
  \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ \{\#\} = \{\#\} \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-mono:
  (index-in-trail\ M\ K' \leq index-in-trail\ M\ L \Longrightarrow
   filter-to-poslev M K' D \subseteq \# filter-to-poslev M L D
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-mono-entailement:
  (index-in-trail\ M\ K' \leq index-in-trail\ M\ L \Longrightarrow
   NU \models p \text{ filter-to-poslev } M \text{ } K' \text{ } D \Longrightarrow NU \models p \text{ filter-to-poslev } M \text{ } L \text{ } D \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{filter-to-poslev-mono-entailement-add-mset}:
  (index-in-trail\ M\ K' \leq index-in-trail\ M\ L \Longrightarrow
   NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ J \ (filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ K' \ D) \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ J \ (filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L \ D)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma conflict-minimize-intermediate-step:
  assumes
    \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ C \rangle and
    K'-C: \langle \bigwedge K' . K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ D \lor K' \in \# D \rangle
  shows \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ D \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-}minimize\text{-}intermediate\text{-}step\text{-}filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev:
  assumes
    lev-K-L: \langle \bigwedge K', K' \in \# C \implies index-in-trail \ M \ K' < index-in-trail \ M \ L \rangle and
    NU\text{-}LC: \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ C \rangle and
    K'-C: \langle \bigwedge K' : K' \in \# C \Longrightarrow NU \models p \ add\text{-mset} \ (-K') \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) \ \lor
      K' \in \# filter\text{-to-poslev } M L D
  shows \langle NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ L \ (filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L \ D) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
datatype minimize-status = SEEN-FAILED \mid SEEN-REMOVABLE \mid SEEN-UNKNOWN
\mathbf{instance}\ \mathit{minimize-status} :: \mathit{heap}
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
instantiation minimize-status :: default
begin
  definition default-minimize-status where
     \langle default\text{-}minimize\text{-}status = SEEN\text{-}UNKNOWN \rangle
instance \langle proof \rangle
end
type-synonym 'v conflict-min-analyse = \langle (v \ literal \times v \ clause) \ list \rangle
type-synonym 'v conflict-min-cach = \langle 'v \Rightarrow minimize\text{-}status \rangle
definition get-literal-and-remove-of-analyse
   :: (v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse) \Rightarrow (v \ literal \times v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse) \ nres \ where
  \langle qet-literal-and-remove-of-analyse analyse =
     SPEC(\lambda(L, ana), L \in \# snd (hd analyse) \land tl ana = tl analyse \land ana \neq [] \land
           hd\ ana = (fst\ (hd\ analyse),\ snd\ (hd\ (analyse)) - \{\#L\#\}))
definition mark-failed-lits
  :: \langle - \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach \ nres \rangle
where
  \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits \ NU \ analyse \ cach = SPEC(\lambda cach').
      (\forall L. \ cach' \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE \longrightarrow cach \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE))
definition conflict-min-analysis-inv
  :: \langle ('v, 'a) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\ M\ cach\ NU\ D\longleftrightarrow
     (\forall L. -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \longrightarrow cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) = SEEN\text{-}REMOVABLE \longrightarrow
       set\text{-}mset\ NU \models p\ add\text{-}mset\ (-L)\ (filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ D))
lemma conflict-min-analysis-inv-update-removable:
  \langle no\text{-}dup\ M \Longrightarrow -L \in \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}l\ M \Longrightarrow
       conflict-min-analysis-inv M (cach(atm-of L := SEEN-REMOVABLE)) NU D \longleftrightarrow
       conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D \land set-mset NU \models p add-mset (-L) (filter-to-poslev M L D) \land set-mset NU \models p add-mset (-L)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma conflict-min-analysis-inv-update-failed:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\ M\ cach\ NU\ D \Longrightarrow
   conflict-min-analysis-inv M (cach(L := SEEN-FAILED)) NU D
  \langle proof \rangle
fun conflict-min-analysis-stack
  :: \langle ('v, 'a) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow bool \rangle
where
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ []\longleftrightarrow True \rangle\ []
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,E)\ \#\ []) \longleftrightarrow -L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M \rangle
  (conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,E)\ \#\ (L',E')\ \#\ analyse)\longleftrightarrow
      (\exists C. set\text{-}mset \ NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ (-L') \ C \land
         (\forall K \in \#C-add\text{-mset } L \ E'. \ set\text{-mset } NU \models p \ (filter\text{-to-poslev } M \ L' \ D) + \{\#-K\#\} \ \lor
             K \in \# filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev \ M \ L' \ D) \ \land
         (\forall K \in \#C. index-in-trail\ M\ K < index-in-trail\ M\ L') \land
        E' \subseteq \# C) \land
      -L' \in \mathit{lits}\text{-}\mathit{of}\text{-}\mathit{l}\ M\ \land
```

```
-L \in lits-of-lM \wedge
      index-in-trail\ M\ L\ <\ index-in-trail\ M\ L'\ \wedge
      conflict-min-analysis-stack M NU D ((L', E') \# analyse)
lemma conflict-min-analysis-stack-change-hd:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,\ E)\ \#\ ana) \Longrightarrow
      conflict-min-analysis-stack M NU D ((L, E') \# ana)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma conflict-min-analysis-stack-sorted:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ analyse \Longrightarrow
     sorted (map (index-in-trail M o fst) analyse)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\text{-}sorted\text{-}and\text{-}distinct:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ analyse} \Longrightarrow
    sorted (map (index-in-trail M o fst) analyse) \land
      distinct (map (index-in-trail M o fst) analyse)
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma conflict-min-analysis-stack-distinct-fst:
  assumes (conflict-min-analysis-stack M NU D analyse)
  \mathbf{shows} \ \langle distinct \ (map \ fst \ analyse) \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ \ \langle distinct \ (map \ (atm-of \ o \ fst) \ analyse) \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma conflict-min-analysis-stack-neg:
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ analyse} \Longrightarrow
     M \models as \ CNot \ (fst '\# \ mset \ analyse)
  \langle proof \rangle
fun conflict-min-analysis-stack-hd
  :: \langle ('v, 'a) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow boole
where
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\text{-}hd\ M\ NU\ D\ []\longleftrightarrow True \rangle\ []
  \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\text{-}hd\ M\ NU\ D\ ((L,\ E)\ \#\ \text{-})\longleftrightarrow
      (\exists C. set\text{-}mset \ NU \models p \ add\text{-}mset \ (-L) \ C \land
      (\forall K \in \#C. index-in-trail\ M\ K < index-in-trail\ M\ L) \land E \subseteq \#C \land -L \in lits-of-l\ M \land l)
      (\forall K \in \#C - E. \ set\text{-mset} \ NU \models p \ (filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L \ D) + \{\#-K\#\} \lor K \in \# \ filter\text{-to-poslev} \ M \ L
D))\rangle
lemma conflict-min-analysis-stack-tl:
  (conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ analyse \implies conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\ M\ NU\ D\ (tl\ analyse))
  \langle proof \rangle
definition lit-redundant-inv
  :: \langle ('v, \ 'v \ clause) \ ann\text{-}lits \Rightarrow \ 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow \ 'v \ clause \Rightarrow \ 'v \ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow
          'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach\ 	imes\ 'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse\ 	imes\ bool\ }\ \mathbf{where}
  (lit-redundant-inv M NU D init-analyse = (\lambda(cach, analyse, b)).
             conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D \land
             (analyse \neq [] \longrightarrow fst \ (hd \ init-analyse) = fst \ (last \ analyse)) \land
             (analyse = [] \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow cach (atm-of (fst (hd init-analyse))) = SEEN-REMOVABLE) \land
             conflict-min-analysis-stack M NU D analyse <math>\land
             conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}stack\text{-}hd\ M\ NU\ D\ analyse)\rangle
definition lit-redundant-rec-loop-inv :: \langle ('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow
     'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach\ 	imes\ 'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse\ 	imes\ bool\ }\ \mathbf{where}
```

 $\langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}loop\text{-}inv \ M = (\lambda(cach, analyse, b)).$

```
(uminus\ o\ fst) '# mset\ analyse\subseteq #\ lit-of '# mset\ M\ \land
    (\forall L \in set \ analyse. \ cach \ (atm\text{-}of \ (fst \ L)) = SEEN\text{-}UNKNOWN))
definition lit-redundant-rec :: (('v, 'v \ clause) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow 'v \ clauses \Rightarrow 'v \ clause \Rightarrow
     'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach \Rightarrow 'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse \Rightarrow
      ('v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}cach\ 	imes\ 'v\ conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analyse\ 	imes\ bool})\ nres \rangle
where
  \label{eq:litered} \begin{array}{l} \textit{(lit-redundant-rec M NU D cach analysis} = \\ WHILE_T \\ \textit{lit-redundant-rec-loop-inv M} \end{array}
         (\lambda(cach, analyse, b). analyse \neq [])
         (\lambda(cach, analyse, b). do \{
             ASSERT(analyse \neq []);
             ASSERT(length\ analyse \leq length\ M);
             ASSERT(-fst \ (hd \ analyse) \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l \ M);
             if snd\ (hd\ analyse) = \{\#\}
             then
                RETURN(cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ (fst\ (hd\ analyse)) := SEEN\text{-}REMOVABLE),\ tl\ analyse,\ True)
               (L, analyse) \leftarrow get-literal-and-remove-of-analyse analyse;
               ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
               b \leftarrow RES\ UNIV;
               if (qet-level M L = 0 \lor cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-REMOVABLE \lor L \in \# D)
               then RETURN (cach, analyse, False)
                else if b \lor cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-FAILED
               then do {
                   cach \leftarrow mark-failed-lits NU analyse cach;
                   RETURN (cach, [], False)
               else do {
                   ASSERT(cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) = SEEN\text{-}UNKNOWN);
                   C \leftarrow get\text{-propagation-reason } M \ (-L);
                   case C of
                     Some C \Rightarrow do {
        ASSERT (distinct-mset C \land \neg tautology C);
        RETURN (cach, (L, C - \{\#-L\#\}) \# analyse, False)\}
                   | None \Rightarrow do \{
                        cach \leftarrow mark-failed-lits NU analyse cach;
                        RETURN (cach, [], False)
         (cach, analysis, False)
definition lit-redundant-rec-spec where
  \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}spec\ M\ NU\ D\ L=
    SPEC(\lambda(cach, analysis, b). (b \longrightarrow NU \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev \ M \ L \ D)) \land
     conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D)
lemma WHILEIT-rule-stronger-inv-keepI':
  assumes
    \langle wf R \rangle and
    \langle I s \rangle and
    \langle I's\rangle and
    \langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow b \ s \Longrightarrow f \ s \le SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I' \ s') \rangle and
    \langle As. \ Is \Longrightarrow I's \Longrightarrow bs \Longrightarrow fs \leq SPEC \ (\lambda s'. \ I's' \longrightarrow (Is' \land (s',s) \in R)) \rangle and
```

```
\langle \bigwedge s. \ I \ s \Longrightarrow I' \ s \Longrightarrow \neg \ b \ s \Longrightarrow \Phi \ s \rangle
shows \langle WHILE_T^I \ b \ f \ s \leq SPEC \ \Phi \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-redundant-rec-spec:
  fixes L :: \langle v | literal \rangle
  assumes invs: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (M, N + NE, U + UE, D') \rangle
  assumes
    init-analysis: \langle init-analysis = [(L, C)] \rangle and
    in-trail: \langle Propagated (-L) \ (add\text{-mset} \ (-L) \ C) \in set \ M \rangle and
    \langle conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach (N + NE + U + UE) D \rangle and
    L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    M-D: \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle and
    unknown: \langle cach \ (atm\text{-}of \ L) = SEEN\text{-}UNKNOWN \rangle
  shows
    \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\ M\ (N+U)\ D\ cach\ init\text{-}analysis \leq
      lit-redundant-rec-spec M (N + U + NE + UE) D L
\langle proof \rangle
definition literal-redundant-spec where
  \langle literal\text{-}redundant\text{-}spec\ M\ NU\ D\ L=
    SPEC(\lambda(cach, analysis, b). (b \longrightarrow NU \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev \ M \ L \ D)) \land
     conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach NU D)
definition literal-redundant where
  \langle literal\text{-}redundant\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ L=do\ \{
     ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
     if get-level ML = 0 \lor cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-REMOVABLE
     then RETURN (cach, [], True)
     else if cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-FAILED
     then RETURN (cach, [], False)
     else do {
        C \leftarrow get\text{-}propagation\text{-}reason\ M\ (-L);
        case C of
          Some \ C \Rightarrow do\{
    ASSERT(distinct\text{-}mset\ C\ \land\ \neg tautology\ C);
    lit-redundant-rec M NU D cach [(L, C - \{\#-L\#\})]\}
       | None \Rightarrow do \{
            RETURN (cach, [], False)
 lemma true-clss-cls-add-self: \langle NU \models p \ D' + D' \longleftrightarrow NU \models p \ D' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma true-clss-cls-add-add-mset-self: \langle NU \models p \text{ add-mset } L \ (D' + D') \longleftrightarrow NU \models p \text{ add-mset } L \ D' \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma filter-to-poslev-remove1:
  \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ K\ D) =
      (if index-in-trail M K \leq index-in-trail M L then remove1-mset K (filter-to-poslev M L D)
   else filter-to-poslev M L D
  \langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\text{-}add\text{-}mset:
  \langle filter\text{-}to\text{-}poslev\ M\ L\ (add\text{-}mset\ K\ D) =
       (if index-in-trail M K < index-in-trail M L then add-mset K (filter-to-poslev M L D)
   else filter-to-poslev M L D)
  \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ filter-to\text{-}poslev\text{-}conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv:}
  assumes
     L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    NU-uLD: \langle N+U \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev M \ L \ D) \rangle and
    inv: \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv \ M \ cach \ (N + U) \ D \rangle
  shows \langle conflict\text{-}min\text{-}analysis\text{-}inv\ M\ cach\ (N+U)\ (remove1\text{-}mset\ L\ D) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma can-filter-to-poslev-can-remove:
  assumes
    L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle and
    NU-D: \langle NU \models pm \ D \rangle and
    NU-uLD: \langle NU \models pm \ add-mset \ (-L) \ (filter-to-poslev \ M \ L \ D) \rangle
  shows \langle NU \models pm \ remove 1\text{-}mset \ L \ D \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma literal-redundant-spec:
  fixes L :: \langle v | literal \rangle
  assumes invs: \langle cdcl_W-restart-mset.cdcl_W-all-struct-inv (M, N + NE, U + UE, D') \rangle
  assumes
    inv: \langle conflict-min-analysis-inv M cach (N + NE + U + UE) D \rangle and
    L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
    M-D: \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle
  shows
    \langle literal - redundant \ M \ (N + U) \ D \ cach \ L \leq literal - redundant - spec \ M \ (N + U + NE + UE) \ D \ L \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
definition set-all-to-list where
  \langle set-all-to-list\ e\ ys=do\ \{
      S \leftarrow \textit{WHILE} \\ \lambda(i, \textit{xs}). \ i \leq \textit{length xs} \land (\forall \textit{x} \in \textit{set (take i xs)}. \ \textit{x} = \textit{e}) \land \textit{length xs} = \textit{length ys}
        (\lambda(i, xs). i < length xs)
        (\lambda(i, xs). do \{
           ASSERT(i < length xs);
           RETURN(i+1, xs[i := e])
         })
        (\theta, ys);
    RETURN (snd S)
    }>
lemma
  \langle set-all-to-list\ e\ ys \leq SPEC(\lambda xs.\ length\ xs = length\ ys \land (\forall\ x \in set\ xs.\ x=e)) \rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
definition get-literal-and-remove-of-analyse-wl
   :: \langle v \ clause-l \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \times nat \times nat) \ list \Rightarrow \langle v \ literal \times (nat \times nat \times nat \times nat) \ list \rangle where
  \langle get	ext{-}literal	ext{-}and	ext{-}remove	ext{-}of	ext{-}analyse	ext{-}wl~C~analyse} =
    (let (i, k, j, ln) = last analyse in
      (C \mid j, analyse[length analyse - 1 := (i, k, j + 1, ln)]))
```

```
definition mark-failed-lits-wl
where
  \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}wl \ NU \ analyse \ cach = SPEC(\lambda cach'.)
     (\forall L. \ cach' \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE \longrightarrow cach \ L = SEEN-REMOVABLE))
definition lit-redundant-rec-wl-ref where
  \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl\text{-}ref\ NU\ analyse}\longleftrightarrow
    ln \leq length \ (NU \propto i) \land k < length \ (NU \propto i) \land
    distinct \ (NU \propto i) \land
    \neg tautology \ (mset \ (NU \propto i))) \land
    (\forall (i, k, j, ln) \in set (butlast analyse), j > 0)
definition lit-redundant-rec-wl-inv where
  \langle lit\text{-red}undant\text{-rec-w}l\text{-inv}\ M\ NU\ D=(\lambda(cach,\ analyse,\ b).\ lit\text{-red}undant\text{-rec-w}l\text{-ref}\ NU\ analyse)\rangle
\mathbf{definition}\ \mathit{lit-redundant-reason-stack}
  :: \langle v | literal \Rightarrow \langle v | clauses-l \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow (nat \times nat \times nat \times nat \times nat) \rangle where
\langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}reason\text{-}stack\ L\ NU\ C'=
  (if length (NU \propto C') > 2 then (C', 0, 1, length (NU \propto C'))
  else if NU \propto C'! \theta = L then (C', \theta, 1, length (NU \times C'))
  else (C', 1, 0, 1)
definition lit-redundant-rec-wl:: ((v, nat) \ ann-lits \Rightarrow v \ clause \Rightarrow v \ clause
     - ⇒ - ⇒ - ⇒
      (- \times - \times bool) nres
where
  \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ analysis\ -=
      WHILE_{T} lit-redundant-rec-wl-inv M NU D
        (\lambda(cach, analyse, b). analyse \neq [])
        (\lambda(cach, analyse, b). do \{
            ASSERT(analyse \neq []);
            ASSERT(length\ analyse \leq length\ M);
     let(C, k, i, ln) = last analyse;
            ASSERT(C \in \# dom - m NU);
            ASSERT(length\ (NU \propto C) > k);
            ASSERT(NU \propto C!k \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
            let C = NU \propto C;
            if i \ge ln
            then
              RETURN(cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ (C \mid k) := SEEN\text{-}REMOVABLE),\ butlast\ analyse,\ True)
            else do {
       let (L, analyse) = get-literal-and-remove-of-analyse-wl C analyse;
              ASSERT(fst(snd(snd(last analyse))) \neq 0);
       ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
       b \leftarrow RES (UNIV);
       if (get\text{-}level\ M\ L = 0\ \lor\ cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) = SEEN\text{-}REMOVABLE\ \lor\ L \in \#\ D)
             then RETURN (cach, analyse, False)
       else if b \vee cach (atm\text{-}of L) = SEEN\text{-}FAILED
       then do {
  cach \leftarrow mark-failed-lits-wl NU analyse cach;
  RETURN (cach, [], False)
       }
```

```
else do {
                  ASSERT(cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) = SEEN\text{-}UNKNOWN);
  C' \leftarrow get\text{-propagation-reason } M\ (-L);
  case C' of
    Some C' \Rightarrow do {
       ASSERT(C' \in \# dom - m NU);
       ASSERT(length\ (NU \propto C') \geq 2);
       ASSERT (distinct (NU \propto C') \wedge ¬tautology (mset (NU \propto C')));
       ASSERT(C' > 0);
       RETURN (cach, analyse @ [lit-redundant-reason-stack (-L) NU C'], False)
  | None \Rightarrow do \{
       cach \leftarrow mark-failed-lits-wl NU analyse cach;
       RETURN (cach, [], False)
  }
         })
        (cach, analysis, False)
fun convert-analysis-l where
  (convert-analysis-l NU (i, k, j, le) = (-NU \propto i ! k, mset (Misc.slice j le <math>(NU \propto i)))
definition convert-analysis-list where
  \langle convert-analysis-list\ NU\ analyse = map\ (convert-analysis-l\ NU)\ (rev\ analyse) \rangle
lemma convert-analysis-list-empty[simp]:
  \langle convert\text{-}analysis\text{-}list\ NU\ []=[] \rangle
  \langle convert\text{-}analysis\text{-}list\ NU\ a=[]\longleftrightarrow a=[]\rangle
  \langle proof \rangle
lemma trail-length-ge2:
  assumes
    ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
    LaC: \langle Propagated \ L \ C \in set \ (get-trail-l \ S) \rangle and
     C\theta: \langle C > \theta \rangle
  shows
    \langle length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \geq 2 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma clauses-length-ge2:
  assumes
    ST: \langle (S, T) \in twl\text{-}st\text{-}l \ None \rangle \ \mathbf{and} \ 
    list-invs: \langle twl-list-invs S \rangle and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs T \rangle and
    C: \langle C \in \# dom\text{-}m \ (qet\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S) \rangle
  shows
    \langle length \ (get\text{-}clauses\text{-}l \ S \propto C) \geq 2 \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
lemma lit-redundant-rec-wl:
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl - st - wl \rangle and S' :: \langle nat \ twl - st - l \rangle and S'' :: \langle nat \ twl - st \rangle and NU \ M \ analyse
  defines
```

```
[simp]: \langle S^{\prime\prime\prime} \equiv state_W \text{-} of S^{\prime\prime} \rangle
  defines
    \langle M \equiv \textit{get-trail-wl } S \rangle and
    M': \langle M' \equiv trail \ S''' \rangle and
    NU: \langle NU \equiv \textit{get-clauses-wl } S \rangle and
    NU': \langle NU' \equiv mset ' \# ran-mf NU \rangle and
    \langle analyse' \equiv convert-analysis-list\ NU\ analyse \rangle
  assumes
     S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle \text{ and }
    S'-S'': \langle (S', S'') \in twl-st-l None \rangle and
    bounds-init: (lit-redundant-rec-wl-ref NU analyse) and
    struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S'' \rangle and
    add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S' \rangle
  shows
    \langle lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\text{-}wl \ M \ NU \ D \ cach \ analyse \ lbd < \downarrow \downarrow
        (Id \times_r \{(analyse, analyse'). analyse' = convert-analysis-list NU analyse \land
            lit-redundant-rec-wl-ref NU analyse\} \times_r bool-rel)
        (lit\text{-}redundant\text{-}rec\ M'\ NU'\ D\ cach\ analyse')
   (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \downarrow (-\times_r ?A \times_r -) \rightarrow \mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \downarrow ?R \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
definition literal-redundant-wl where
  \langle literal\text{-}redundant\text{-}wl\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ L\ lbd = do\ \{
      ASSERT(-L \in lits\text{-}of\text{-}l\ M);
      if get-level ML = 0 \lor cach (atm-of L) = SEEN-REMOVABLE
      then RETURN (cach, [], True)
      else\ if\ cach\ (atm\text{-}of\ L) = SEEN\text{-}FAILED
      then RETURN (cach, [], False)
      else do {
        C \leftarrow get\text{-}propagation\text{-}reason\ M\ (-L);
        case C of
           Some C \Rightarrow do\{
    ASSERT(C \in \# dom - m NU);
    ASSERT(length\ (NU \propto C) \geq 2);
    ASSERT(distinct\ (NU \propto C) \land \neg tautology\ (mset\ (NU \propto C)));
    lit-redundant-rec-wl M NU D cach [lit-redundant-reason-stack (-L) NU C] lbd
        | None \Rightarrow do \{
             RETURN (cach, [], False)
     }
  }>
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{literal-redundant-wl-literal-redundant}:
  fixes S :: \langle nat \ twl - st - wl \rangle and S' :: \langle nat \ twl - st - l \rangle and S'' :: \langle nat \ twl - st \rangle and NUM
  defines
    [simp]: \langle S''' \equiv state_W \text{-} of S'' \rangle
  defines
    \langle M \equiv \textit{qet-trail-wl S} \rangle and
    M': \langle M' \equiv trail \ S''' \rangle and
    NU: \langle NU \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \rangle and
    NU': \langle NU' \equiv mset ' \# ran-mf NU \rangle
  assumes
    S-S': \langle (S, S') \in state\text{-}wl\text{-}l \ None \rangle and
    S'-S'': \langle (S', S'') \in twl-st-l None \rangle and
```

```
\langle M \equiv \textit{get-trail-wl S} \rangle and
            M': \langle M' \equiv trail S''' \rangle and
            NU: \langle NU \equiv get\text{-}clauses\text{-}wl \ S \rangle and
            NU': \langle NU' \equiv mset '\# ran\text{-}mf NU \rangle
       assumes
            struct-invs: \langle twl-struct-invs S'' \rangle and
            add-inv: \langle twl-list-invs S' \rangle and
             L-D: \langle L \in \# D \rangle and
            M-D: \langle M \models as \ CNot \ D \rangle
      shows
            \langle literal\text{-}redundant\text{-}wl\ M\ NU\ D\ cach\ L\ lbd\ < \downarrow \rangle
                      (Id \times_r \{(analyse, analyse'). analyse' = convert-analysis-list NU analyse \land
                                lit-redundant-rec-wl-ref NU analyse\} \times_r bool-rel)
                       (literal-redundant M' NU' D cach L)
          (\mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow (-\times_r ?A \times_r -) \rightarrow \mathbf{is} \leftarrow \leq \Downarrow ?R \rightarrow)
\langle proof \rangle
definition mark-failed-lits-stack-inv where
       \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}stack\text{-}inv \ NU \ analyse = (\lambda cach.
                       (\forall (i, k, j, len) \in set \ analyse. \ j \leq len \land len \leq length \ (NU \propto i) \land i \in \# \ dom-m \ NU \land i \in \# \ dom-m \ NU
                                k < length (NU \propto i) \land j > 0))
We mark all the literals from the current literal stack as failed, since every minimisation call
will find the same minimisation problem.
definition mark-failed-lits-stack where
       \langle mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}stack \ A_{in} \ NU \ analyse \ cach = do \ \{
            (-, cach) \leftarrow WHILE_T \lambda(-, cach). mark-failed-lits-stack-inv NU analyse cach
```

```
(\lambda(i, cach). i < length analyse)
  (\lambda(i, cach). do \{
    ASSERT(i < length \ analyse);
    let (cls-idx, -, idx, -) = analyse ! i;
    ASSERT(atm\text{-}of\ (NU \propto cls\text{-}idx\ !\ (idx-1)) \in \#\ \mathcal{A}_{in});
    RETURN \ (i+1, \ cach \ (atm-of \ (NU \propto cls-idx \ ! \ (idx - 1)) := SEEN-FAILED))
  (0, cach);
RETURN\ cach
}>
```

lemma mark-failed-lits-stack-mark-failed-lits-wl:

```
(uncurry2 \ (mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}stack \ \mathcal{A}), \ uncurry2 \ mark\text{-}failed\text{-}lits\text{-}wl) \in
         [\lambda((NU, analyse), cach). literals-are-in-\mathcal{L}_{in}-mm \mathcal{A} (mset '\# ran-mf NU) \land
             mark-failed-lits-stack-inv NU analyse cach | f
         Id \times_f Id \times_f Id \to \langle Id \rangle nres-rel \rangle
\langle proof \rangle
```

end