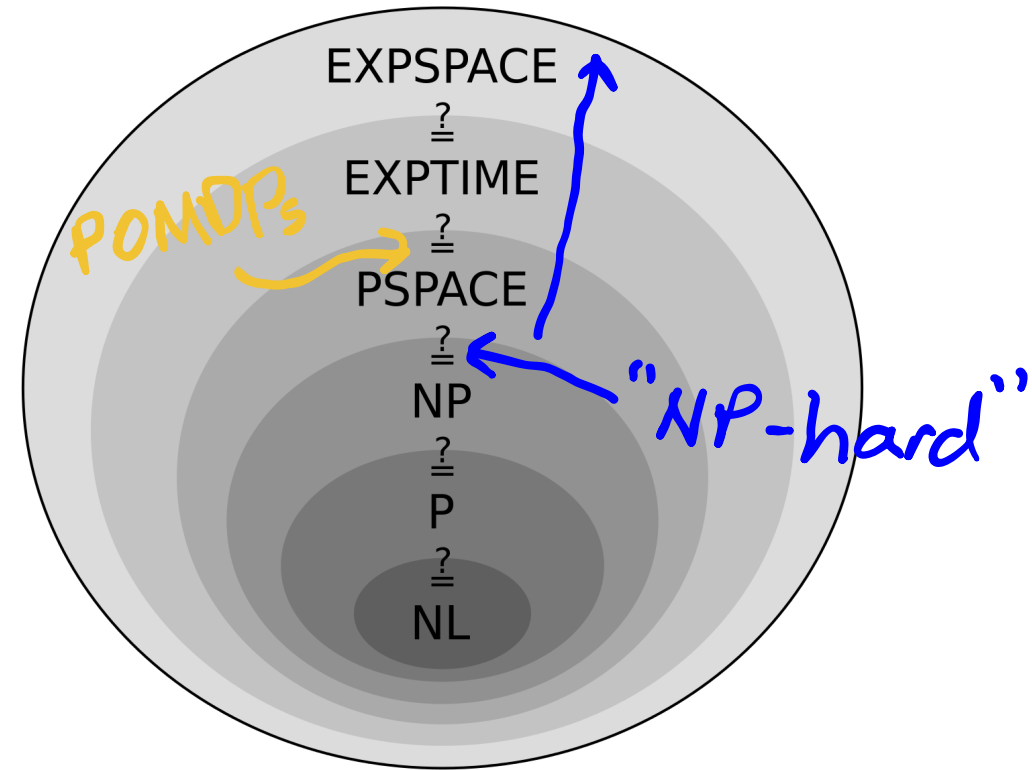


POMDP Formulation Approximations

POMDP Computational Complexity

Sad facts 🥹

- Infinite horizon POMDPs are *undecidable*
- Finite horizon POMDPs are *PSPACE Complete*
 - Among the hardest problems that can be solved using a polynomial amount of space
 - Any algorithm that can solve a general POMDP will have exponential complexity (we think)



Approximate POMDP Solutions

Numerical Approximations

(approximately solve original problem)



Offline

Last week



Online

Thursday

Formulation Approximations

(solve a slightly different problem)

Today!

Rotor Failure Example

POMDP Objective

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\pi: B \rightarrow A} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R(s_t, \pi(b_t)) \right]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

Certainty Equivalent

POMDP Objective

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\pi: B \rightarrow A} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R(s_t, \pi(b_t)) \right]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

$$\pi_{\text{CE}}(b) = \pi_s(\mathbb{E}[s]_{s \sim b})$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

Certainty Equivalent

Optimal for LQG

$$T(\mathbf{s}' \mid \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{a}) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{s}' \mid \mathbf{T}_s \mathbf{s} + \mathbf{T}_a \mathbf{a}, \Sigma_s)$$

$$O(\mathbf{o} \mid \mathbf{s}') = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{o} \mid \mathbf{O}_s \mathbf{s}', \Sigma_o)$$

$$b(\mathbf{s}) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{s} \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_b, \Sigma_b)$$

$$\boldsymbol{\mu}_p \leftarrow \mathbf{T}_s \boldsymbol{\mu}_b + \mathbf{T}_a \mathbf{a}$$

$$\Sigma_p \leftarrow \mathbf{T}_s \Sigma_b \mathbf{T}_s^\top + \Sigma_s$$

$$\mathbf{K} \leftarrow \Sigma_p \mathbf{O}_s^\top \left(\mathbf{O}_s \Sigma_p \mathbf{O}_s^\top + \Sigma_o \right)^{-1}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\mu}_b \leftarrow \boldsymbol{\mu}_p + \mathbf{K}(\mathbf{o} - \mathbf{O}_s \boldsymbol{\mu}_p)$$

$$\Sigma_b \leftarrow (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{K} \mathbf{O}_s) \Sigma_p$$

QMDP

POMDP Objective

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\pi: B \rightarrow A} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R(s_t, \pi(b_t)) \right]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

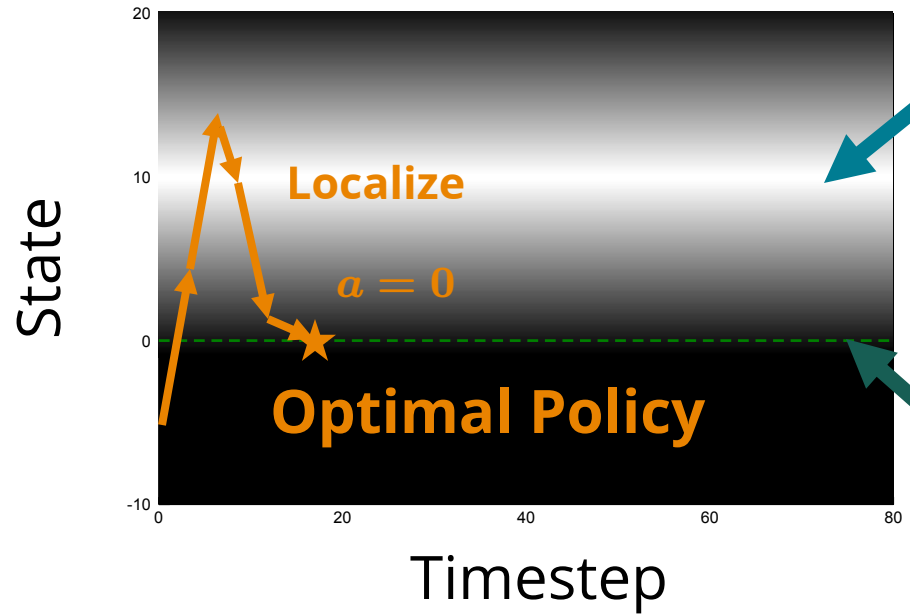
$$\pi_{\text{QMDP}}(b) = \operatorname{argmax}_{a \in A} \mathbb{E}_{s \sim b} [Q_{\text{MDP}}(s, a)]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

Example: Tiger POMDP with Waiting

POMDP Example: Light-Dark

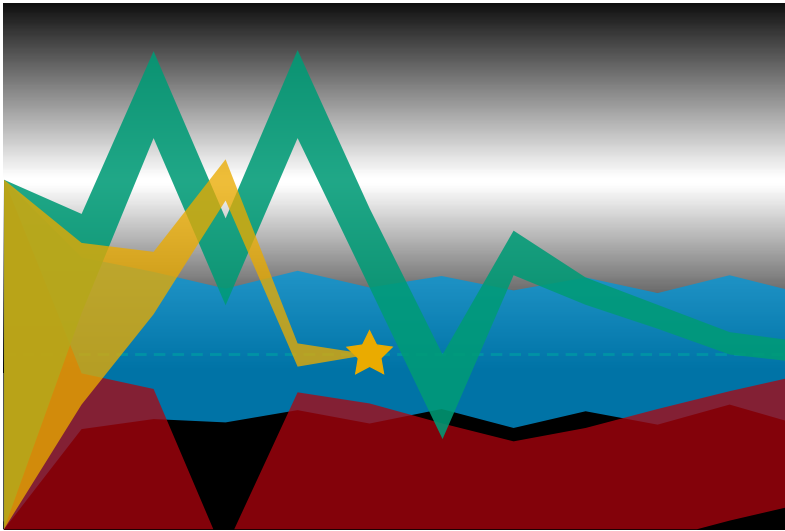
Accurate Observations



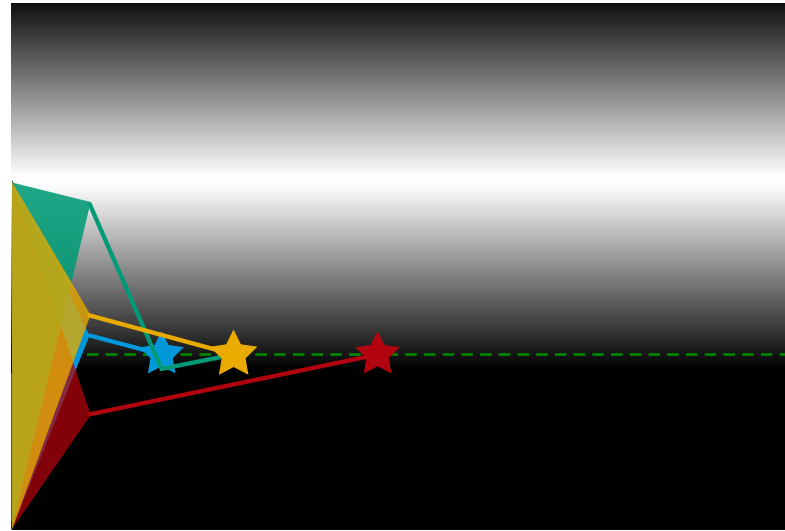
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{S} &= \mathbb{Z} & \mathcal{O} &= \mathbb{R} \\ s' &= s + a & o &\sim \mathcal{N}(s, s - 10) \\ \mathcal{A} &= \{-10, -1, 0, 1, 10\} \\ R(s, a) &= \begin{cases} 100 & \text{if } a = 0, s = 0 \\ -100 & \text{if } a = 0, s \neq 0 \\ -1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}\end{aligned}$$

Goal: $a = 0$ at $s = 0$

POMDP Solution



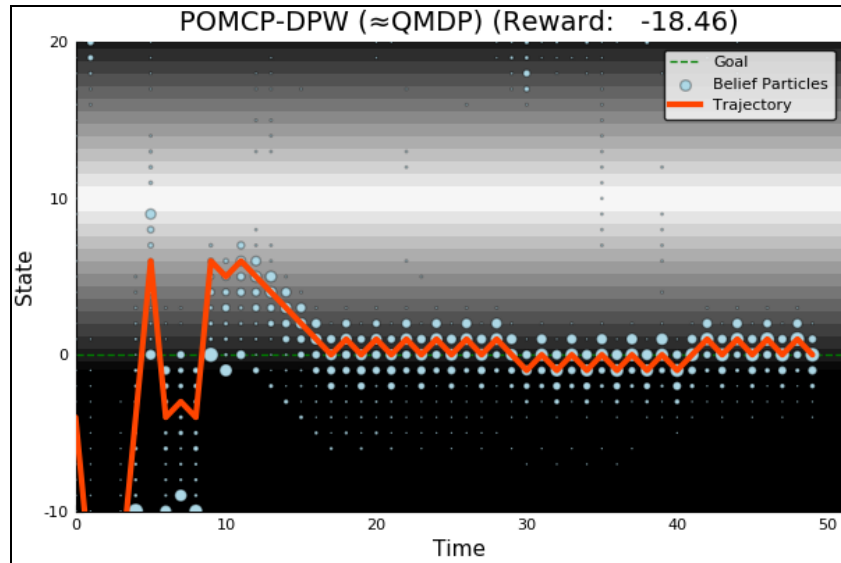
QMDP



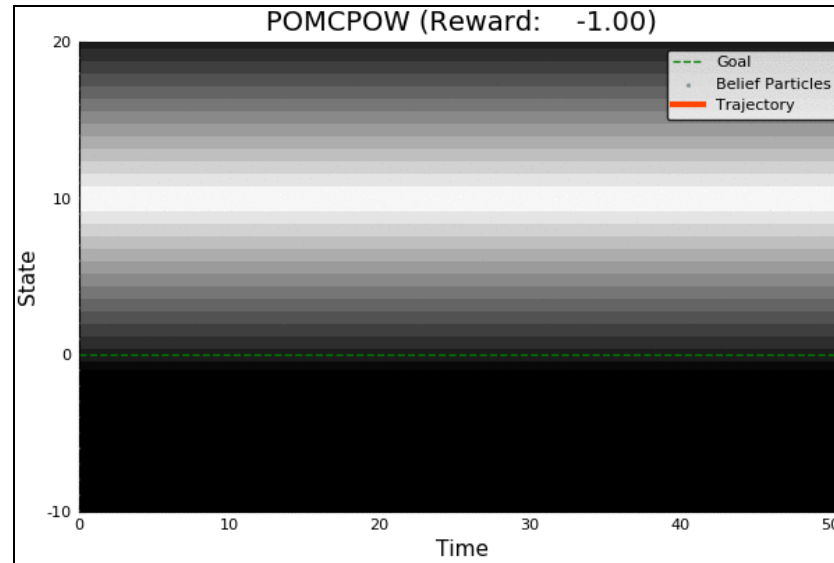
Same as **full observability**
on the next step

Information Gathering

QMDP

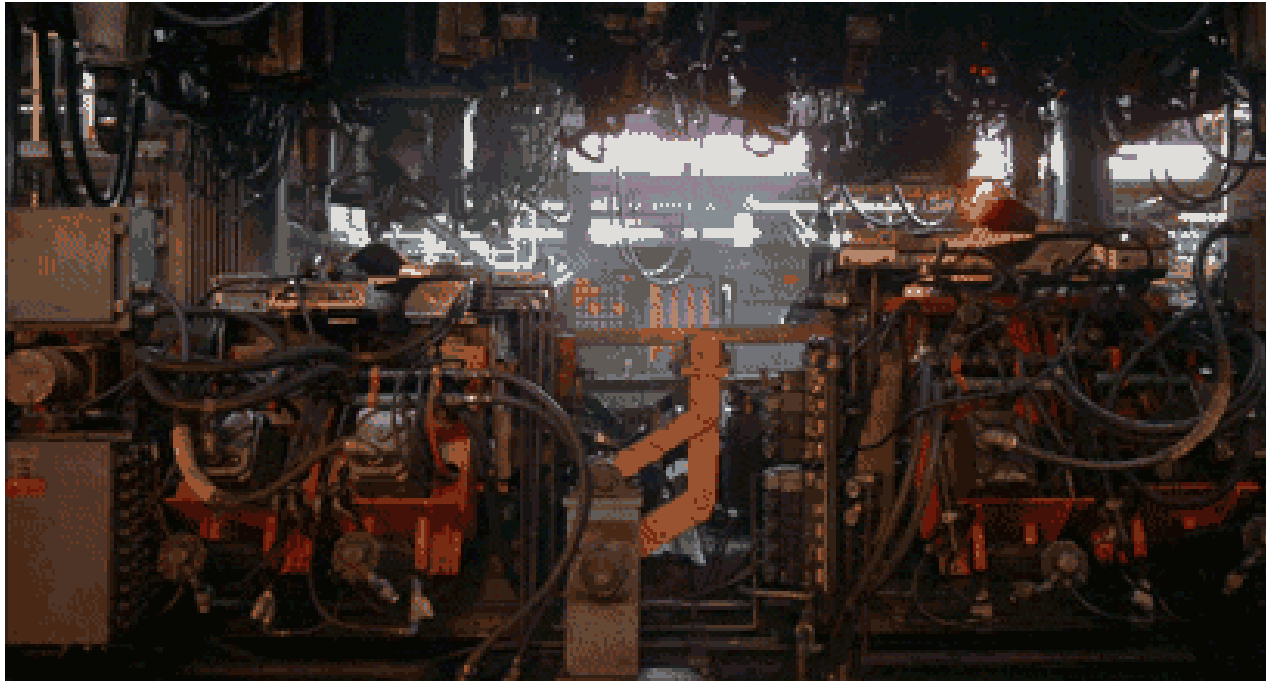


Full POMDP



QMDP

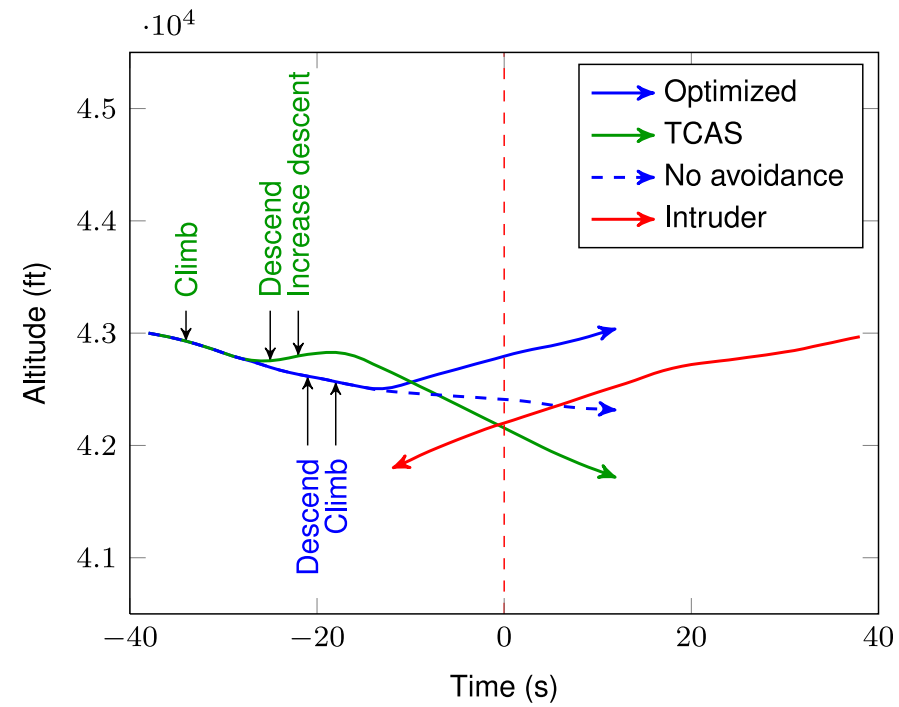
INDUSTRIAL GRADE



QMDP

ACAS X

[Kochenderfer, 2011]



Hindsight Optimization

POMDP Objective

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\pi: B \rightarrow A} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R(s_t, \pi(b_t)) \right]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

FIB

POMDP Objective

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\pi: B \rightarrow A} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R(s_t, \pi(b_t)) \right]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

k-Markov

POMDP Objective

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\pi: B \rightarrow A} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R(s_t, \pi(b_t)) \right]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$

Open Loop

POMDP Objective

$$\pi^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{\pi: B \rightarrow A} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R(s_t, \pi(b_t)) \right]$$

$$b' = \tau(b, a, o)$$