

1212
May 1

0 90 km

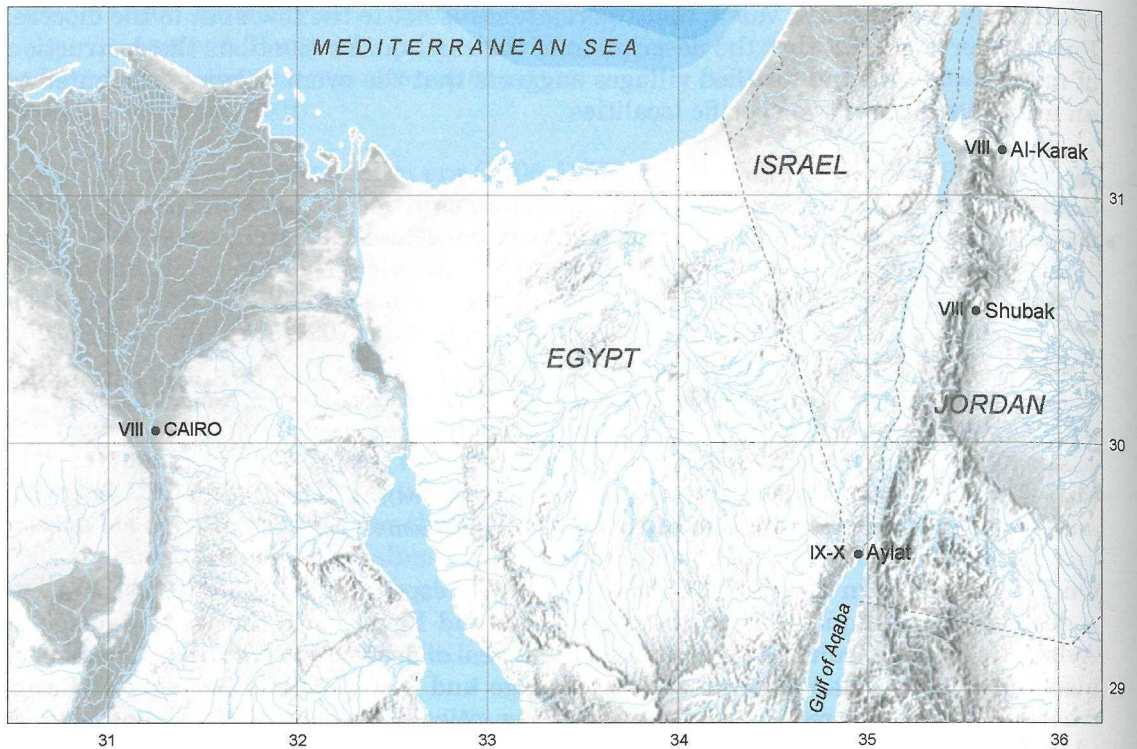


fig. 50

وشويك فمات تحت الهدم خلق كثير وسقط عدة من ابراج قلعتها ورؤى بدمشق دخان
 ١٢١٢ هـ في مصر بين المغرب والعشاء

Finally, the famous Cairo historian al-Suyuti (16th Century) records:

"In the year 608 [H. = 1212-1213], there was a violent earthquake in Egypt and at Cairo, and many houses were destroyed. There was also an earthquake at Al-Karak and Shubak, and some towers in its citadel were destroyed and many people died in the ruins. Smoke was seen to come down from heaven to earth between dusk and evening at the tomb of 'Atika in the western part of Damascus".

وفي سنة ثمان وستمئة كانت زلزلة شديدة هدمت بمصر وLUI هرة دورا كثيرة وكذلك
 بمدينة الكرك والشويك وهدمت من قلعتها ابراجا ومات Cr* JS*^ ijr^ الصبيان
 تحت ١٢١٢ هـ في مصر بين المغرب والعشاء Cr Jz^ O^ Sr^ ١٢١٢ هـ عند قبر عاتكة غربي دمشق.

• 1212 05 01 Io= VIII-IX Me = 5.8 Sites: 4

location	lat.	long.	I	location	lat.	long.	I
Elat IL	29 33	34 57	LX-X	Al-Karak HKJ	31 11	35 42	VIII
Cairo ET	30 03	31 15	VIII	Ash Shawbak HKJ	30 32	35 34	VIII

(102) 1213 June 22 Isauria [southern Turkey]
 t> fissures, emergence of sand, clouding of Springs <\

source Girbert de Boi, *Letter*, 1213 (in Röhrich 1893, pp.233-4, no.868)

This earthquake is unknown to the seismic catalogues.

On 22 June 1213, there was a destructive earthquake in the region of Isauria, now in southern Turkey. Many villages and Castles collapsed, as well as two unnamed towns and an abbey near Philadelphiea. Fissures appeared on the slopes of a mountain, out