

A cycle = One full wavelength

1 HERTZ (Hz)

= 1 cycle per Second

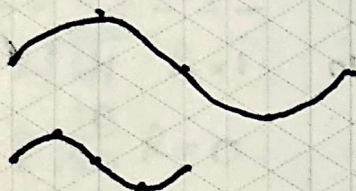
$$\frac{\# \text{ of waves}}{\# \text{ of seconds}}$$

The source of the waves determines the frequency.

Higher Frequency \Rightarrow Faster Waves

The medium determines wave speed.

If wave speed changes, then wavelength changes proportionally.



Lower Frequency = Longer Wavelength

Higher Frequency = ~~1~~ Shorter Wavelength

* Assuming speed is constant.

$$\text{Frequency } f = \frac{v \text{ wave speed}}{\lambda \text{ wavelength}}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{v}{f}$$

Practice

① $\lambda = \frac{v}{f} = \frac{340 \text{ m/s}}{20 \text{ /s}} = 17 \text{ m}$ ②A $f = 10 \text{ beats/s} = 10 \text{ Hz}$

③ $\lambda = \frac{30 \text{ m/s}}{10 \text{ /s}} = 3 \text{ m / } \cancel{10 \text{ beats}}$

Signature: Arjun Jain

Date: 10/10/24

Team Members:

Witness:

Date:

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