

Bluetooth MAC Spoofing System

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Abstract

and

$$\text{var}[Z] = \text{var}\left[\frac{X}{Y}\right] \quad (6)$$

whereas $X = \hat{d} - R_2 + R_1$, $Y = (\hat{t}_2 - T_2) - (\hat{t}_1 - T_1)$ and $Z = \text{speed}$.

1. Introduction

2. How to measure Speed using two BMS

We know that speed is

$$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance covered}}{\text{time taken}} \quad (1)$$

From Figure [1] it can be seen that distance covered = distance between point A & point B whereas time taken = time taken to travel from point A to point B. By putting the values of **distance covered** and **time taken** from Figure[1] in equation[1] we get

$$\text{speed} = \frac{\hat{d} - R_2 + R_1}{(\hat{t}_2 - T_2) - (\hat{t}_1 - T_1)} \quad (2)$$

whereas, \hat{d} is distance between two sites. R_1 & R_2 is range of site 1 and site 2, respectively. \hat{t}_1 & \hat{t}_2 is Timestamp of detection of first packet at site 1 and site 2, respectively. T_1 & T_2 is time till first detection after entering into the range of site 1 and site 2, respectively.

For a single pass of a vehicle from site 1 to site 2, \hat{d} , \hat{t}_1 and \hat{t}_2 are constants. Whereas, R_1 , R_2 , and T_1 , T_2 are random variables. Hence we need to compute the Expected value of speed.

$$E[\text{speed}] = E\left[\frac{\hat{d} - R_2 + R_1}{(\hat{t}_2 - T_2) - (\hat{t}_1 - T_1)}\right] \quad (3)$$

$$\text{var}[\text{speed}] = \text{var}\left[\frac{\hat{d} - R_2 + R_1}{(\hat{t}_2 - T_2) - (\hat{t}_1 - T_1)}\right] \quad (4)$$

Equation [5] and [6] can be written as

$$E[Z] = E\left[\frac{X}{Y}\right] \quad (5)$$

2.1. Computing E[Z] and VAR[Z]

If random variable Y is an arbitrary non-linear function of two random variables X_1, X_2

$$Y = g(X_1, X_2) \quad (7)$$

Then Taylor Series Expansion of Y around mean, μ_1, μ_2 , will be

$$\begin{aligned} Y &= g(\mu_1, \mu_2) \\ &+ (X_1 - \mu_1) \frac{dg}{dX_1} \Big|_{\mu_1, \mu_2} + (X_2 - \mu_2) \frac{dg}{dX_2} \Big|_{\mu_1, \mu_2} + \\ &+ \frac{(X_1 - \mu_1)^2}{2!} \frac{d^2g}{dX_1^2} \Big|_{\mu_1, \mu_2} + \frac{(X_2 - \mu_2)^2}{2!} \frac{d^2g}{dX_2^2} \Big|_{\mu_1, \mu_2} \\ &+ (X_1 - \mu_1)(X_2 - \mu_2) \frac{\partial^2g}{\partial X_1 \partial X_2} \Big|_{\mu_1, \mu_2} + \dots \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

If, $g(X, Y) = \frac{X}{Y}$ then,

$$g(\mu_X, \mu_Y) = \frac{\mu_X}{\mu_Y} \quad (9a)$$

$$\frac{\partial^1 g}{\partial X^1} \Big|_{\mu_X, \mu_Y} = \frac{1}{\mu_Y} \quad (9b)$$

$$\frac{\partial^1 g}{\partial Y^1} \Big|_{\mu_X, \mu_Y} = \frac{-\mu_X}{\mu_Y^2} \quad (9c)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial X^2} \Big|_{\mu_X, \mu_Y} = 0 \quad (9d)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial Y^2} \Big|_{\mu_X, \mu_Y} = \frac{2\mu_X}{\mu_Y^3} \quad (9e)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial X \partial Y} \Big|_{\mu_X, \mu_Y} = \frac{-1}{\mu_Y^2} \quad (9f)$$

By putting the values from equation 9 into 8

$$g(X, Y) = \frac{\mu_X}{\mu_Y} + \frac{1}{\mu_Y}(X - \mu_X) - \frac{\mu_X}{\mu_Y^2}(Y - \mu_Y) + \dots + \frac{\mu_X}{\mu_Y^3}(Y - \mu_Y)^2 - \frac{1}{\mu_Y^2}(X - \mu_X)(Y - \mu_Y) + \dots \quad (10)$$

Second order approximation of $E[g(X, Y)]$ is,

$$E\left[\frac{X}{Y}\right] \approx \frac{\mu_X}{\mu_Y} + \frac{\mu_X}{\mu_Y^3}var[Y] - \frac{1}{\mu_Y^2}cov[X, Y] \quad (11)$$

Similarly, first-order approximation of $var[g(X, Y)]$ is,

$$var\left[\frac{X}{Y}\right] \approx \frac{var[X]}{\mu_Y^2} - \frac{2\mu_X}{\mu_Y^3}cov[X, Y] + \frac{\mu_X^2}{\mu_Y^4}var[Y] \quad (12)$$

$$E[X] = \hat{d} - E[R_2] + E[R_1] \quad (13)$$

$$E[Y] = (\hat{t}_2 - \hat{t}_1) - (E[T_2] - E[T_1]) \quad (14)$$

$$var[X] = var[R_1] + var[R_2] \quad (15)$$

$$var[Y] = var[T_1] + var[T_2] \quad (16)$$

$$cov[X, Y] = cov[R_1, T_1] + cov[R_2, T_2] \quad (17)$$

2.2. Computing COV[RANGE, TTDD]

This is a citation [1] and it is showing up. But I cannot add page numbers. one wonders why?

References

- [1] H. Benaroya and S. M. Han. *Probability Models in Engineering and Science*. CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group, 2005. Refer to page 168 for derivation of mean and variance of a general function of N RVs. 2