



# **Objectives**

In today's class, we'll cover:



Array assignments



The concept of for loops



The art of pseudocoding



**Building Rock-Paper-Scissors** 





# What is JavaScript?

And what is it used for?

# **JavaScript Definitions**





JavaScript is the third of the three fundamental programming languages of the modern web (along with HTML and CSS).



JavaScript allows developers to create dynamic web applications capable of taking in user inputs, changing what's displayed to users, animating elements, and much more.



# What is a variable?

And how do we declare one?

#### Variable Basics



Variables are the "nouns" of programming.



They are "things" (numbers, strings, Booleans, etc.).



A variable is composed of a variable name and a value.

```
var name = "Snow White";
var dwarfCount = 7;
var isSleeping = true;
```



# What is meant by console.log?

And how does it differ from an alert, prompt, or confirm?

# Console.log vs. JavaScript popup boxes

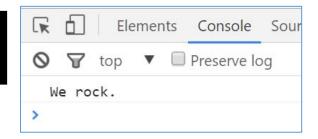


console. log displays discreetly to the debugger.



alert displays a pop-up message to the user.

console.log("We rock.");



alert("We Rock.");



# Console.log vs. JavaScript popup boxes

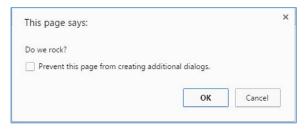


confirm displays a true/false popup.

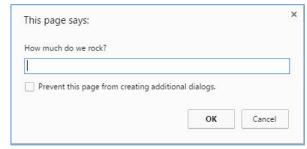


prompt displays a popup with a text-box input.

confirm("Do we rock?");



prompt("How much do we rock?");



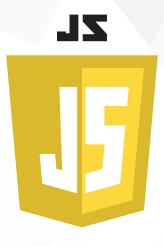


How do we check conditions?

#### If/Else Statements Are Critical

Each statement is composed of an if, else-if, or else (keyword), a condition, and the resulting code in { } curly brackets.

```
// If the user likes sushi (confirmSushi === true), we run the following block of code.
if (confirmSushi) {
  alert("You like " + sushiType + "!");
// If the user likes ginger tea (confirmGingerTea === true), we run the following block of code.
else if (confirmGingerTea) {
  alert("You like ginger tea!!");
// If neither of the previous condition were true, we run the following block of code.
else {
 alert("You don't like sushi or ginger tea.");
```



What is an **array**?

### **Basic Arrays**



Arrays a type of variable that are collections.



These collections can be made up of strings, numbers, Booleans, other arrays, objects—anything!



Each element of the array is marked by an index. Indexes always start with 0.

```
var nickCharacters = ["Tommy", "Doug", "Oblina"];
var diceNumbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,];
var mixedArray = ["Zoo", 12, "Carrot", 3];
```



# **Activity:**

Basic JavaScript Dissection

14-JSDissect/Unsolved/js-dissect-unsolved.html

# **Activity:** Basic JavaScript Dissection



Let's look at 14-JSDissect/Unsolved/js-dissect-unsolved.html



See if you now better understand how it works.





# **Code-Along Activity:**

Array Logging

15-CoolPeopleArray/Unsolved/array-logs-unsolved.html

# **Activity:** Array Logging

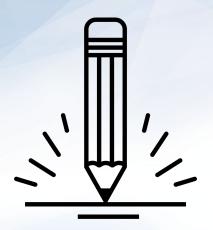


Follow the instructions provided in the file to *console*.log each of the names in the coolPeople variable.



**Hint:** You should be repeating the same line six times.





# **Code-Along Activity:**

Array Setting

16-ArraySetting/Unsolved/array-setting-unsolved.html

# **Activity:** Array Setting



Follow the instructions in the file provided to convert each item in the array to lowercase.



Make sure to only add in lines of code where instructed.



**Hint:** You will need to use the method .toLowerCase(). Research if you don't remember how to use it.



#### Back to The Zoo Pen

**Array name:** zooAnimals



Coded in JavaScript using an array

```
// Our array of zoo animals.
var zooAnimals = ["Zebra", "Rhino", "Giraffe", "Owl"];
```

#### Back to The Zoo Pen

**Array name:** zooAnimals



```
// Array of zoo animals.
var zooAnimals = ["Zebra", "Rhino", "Giraffe", "Owl"];

console.log(zooAnimals[0]);
console.log(zooAnimals[1]);
console.log(zooAnimals[2]);
console.log(zooAnimals[3]);

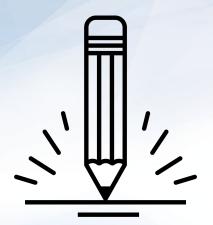
Elements C
Zebra
Rhino
Giraffe
Owl
Console.log(zooAnimals[3]);
```



# What's wrong here?

# Don't Repeat Yourself (DRY)

Repeated code! Let's be more efficient.



# **Code-Along Activity:**

Dissecting for Loops

17-MyFirstLoop/my-first-loop.html

# **Activity:** Dissecting for Loops



Let's spend a few moments trying to dissect the code sent to you.



Feel free to do research if you are stumped. As a **hint**, look into the phrase "for loop".



for loops are **critical** in programming. We use them to run **repeated blocks of code** over a set period.

Each for loop is composed of a:

Variable declaration or counter (iterator)

Loop condition

Iteration (addition)

```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];

// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var i = 0; i < vegetables.length; i++) {
   console.log("I love " + vegetables[i]);
}</pre>
```

```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];
// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var | i = 0; | i < vegetables.length; | i++) {</pre>
  console.leg("I love " + regetables[i])
// Logs:
  I love (
             rots
   I love
   I love
             tuce
  I love
             atoes
                      Condition
                                     Increment
        Iterator
```

Code between the  $\{\}$  gets repeated each time the iterator is smaller than the condition (in this case, as long as i < 4).

```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];
// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var i = 0; i < vegetables.length; i++) {</pre>
 console.log("I love " + vegetables[i]);
// Logs:
// I love Carrots
   I love Peas
// I love Lettuce
  I love Tomatoes
```

Running the code "loops" through and prints each element in the array.

```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];
// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var i = 0; i < vegetables.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log("I love " + vegetables[i]);
   I love Carrots
     love Peas
     love Lettuce
   I love Tomatoes
```

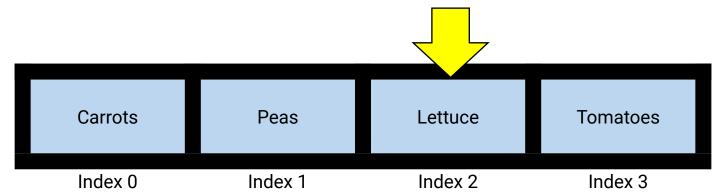
```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];
// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var i = 0; i < vegetables.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log("I love " + vegetables[i]);
     When i = 0 ... console.log("I love Carrots")
    Carrots
                      Peas
                                      Lettuce
                                                      Tomatoes
    Index 0
                     Index 1
                                      Index 2
                                                       Index 3
```

```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];
// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var i = 0; i < vegetables.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log("I love " + vegetables[i]);
                       When i = 1 ... console.log("I love Peas")
    Carrots
                      Peas
                                      Lettuce
                                                      Tomatoes
    Index 0
                     Index 1
                                      Index 2
                                                       Index 3
```

```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];

// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var i = 0; i < vegetables.length; i++) {
   console.log("I love " + vegetables[i]);
}</pre>
```

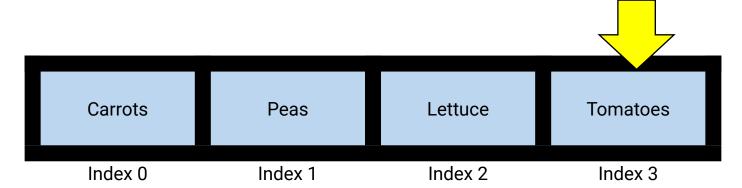
When i = 2 ... console.log("I love Lettuce")



```
// Start with an Array.
var vegetables = ["Carrots", "Peas", "Lettuce", "Tomatoes"];

// Loops through each index of the Array.
for (var i = 0; i < vegetables.length; i++) {
   console.log("I love " + vegetables[i]);
}</pre>
```

When i = 3 ... console.log("I love Tomatoes")





# **Breakout Activity:**

for Loop Zoo

18-ZooLoop/Unsolved/zoo-loop-unsolved.html

#### **Activity:** for Loop Zoo

01

Spend a few moments rewriting the code below using a for loop.

02

If you need help, use the code from the previous example as a guide.

03

Then try to explain to the person next to you how your code works.

```
// Array of zoo animals.
var zooAnimals = ["Zebra", "Rhino", "Giraffe", "Owl"];

console.log(zooAnimals[0]);
console.log(zooAnimals[1]);
console.log(zooAnimals[2]);
console.log(zooAnimals[3]);
```



Suggested Time: 15 minutes





# **Code-Along Activity:**

Another Loop

03-JavaScript/01-Activities/19-AnotherLoop

### **Activity:** Another Loop

Starting from scratch, create a for loop that prints the following lines:

I am 0

I am 1

I am 2

I am 3

I am 4



This time, don't use an array!





# **Code-Along Activity:**

Loop with Conditions
03-JavaScript/01-Activities/20-HardLoop

### **Activity:** Loop with Conditions



Starting from scratch, write code that loops through the following array:

```
// This is our starting myFarm array.
var myFarm = ["chickens", "pigs", "cows", "horses", "ostriches"];
```



Use *console*.log to display the name of each animal on the farm.



Using the .charAt() method (research it), check if the first letter in the animal's name begins with a "c" or "o". If it does, create an alert saying: "Starts with c or an o!"





# **Code-Along Activity:**

Random Numbers

03-JavaScript/01-Activities/21-RandomNumbers/Unsolved/random-numbers-unsolved.html

#### **Activity:** Random Numbers



Research how to use Math.random() to generate a whole number between 1 and 10.



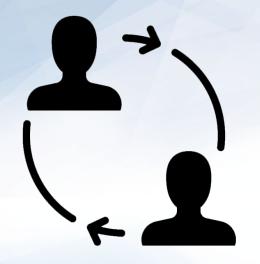
Open 21-RandomNumbers/Unsolved and modify the code so that is logs random whole numbers from 1 to 10 inclusive.



### **Rock-Paper-Scissors with a Partner!**

Play five rounds.





# **Partner Activity:**

Pseudocode

Rock-Paper-Scissors (RPS)
03-JavaScript/01-Activities/22-PseudoCode

#### **Breakout Activity:** Pseudocode RPS



In your breakout room, spend a few moments outlining all the steps and conditions that go into a single game of Rock-Paper-Scissors.



Try to break it down into steps that you could "code out."



Think of basic elements like loops, if-then statements, arrays, alerts, etc.



And now, for the rest of the class you will be coding it out!

**Don't worry.** We'll be here to help you along the way.



### **Group Challenge:** Coding RPS



In your breakout room, begin the process of coding out the Rock-Paper-Scissors game.



Do as much as you can on your own. We will be rotating through the breakout rooms regularly during the activity, so ping us on Slack in **#01-mw-live** if you get totally stuck in the second half of the activity, but keep trying to brainstorm with your team on what the solution might be!



