## CSP

June 21, 2021

```
[14]: %matplotlib inline
from pathlib import Path
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import subprocess
import pprint
import operator
import math
import copy
import json
import time
```

#### 1 Utilities

```
[32]: maximum_history_recording = 10000
      class NumpyEncoder(json.JSONEncoder):
          """ Special json encoder for numpy types """
          def default(self, obj):
              if isinstance(obj, np.integer):
                  return int(obj)
              elif isinstance(obj, np.floating):
                  return float(obj)
              elif isinstance(obj, np.ndarray):
                  return obj.tolist()
              return json.JSONEncoder.default(self, obj)
      # printing result more prettier that 'pprint'!
      def print results(results):
          dumped = json.dumps(results, cls=NumpyEncoder)
          pprint.pprint(json.loads(dumped), width=50)
      # visualiser
      def draw_config(config, save=False, path=None ,file_name=None, show=True,_
       →dpi=100):
                    = config['map']
          matrix
```

```
lists
          = matrix.tolist()
domains = config['domains']
size = len(matrix)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(size, size))
kwargs = {
    's'
                 : 1000,
    'c'
                 : '#bdc3c7',
    'marker'
                 : "s",
    'alpha'
                 : 0.5,
}
zeros = []
ones = []
nans = []
total = []
ax.set_xlim(-1, +1 * size)
ax.set_ylim(-1, +1 * size)
for row_idx, row in enumerate(lists):
    for col_idx, col in enumerate(row):
        cords = (row_idx, col_idx)
        if np.isnan(matrix[cords]):
           nans.append(cords)
        elif matrix[cords] == 0:
            zeros.append(cords)
        elif matrix[cords] == 1:
            ones.append(cords)
        total.append(cords)
zero_only_domain = []
one_only_domain = []
full_domain = []
for cell in nans:
    if len(domains[cell]) == 1 and 1 in domains[cell]:
        one_only_domain.append(cell)
    elif len(domains[cell]) == 1 and 0 in domains[cell]:
        zero_only_domain.append(cell)
    else:
        full_domain.append(cell)
kwargs['c'] = '#e74c3c'
```

```
ax.scatter([cord[1] for cord in zero_only_domain], [cord[0] for cord in _{\sqcup}
 →zero_only_domain], **kwargs)
   kwargs['c'] = '#27ae60'
   ax.scatter([cord[1] for cord in one_only_domain], [cord[0] for cord in_u
 →one only domain], **kwargs)
   kwargs['c'] = '#b1a467'
   ax.scatter([cord[1] for cord in full_domain], [cord[0] for cord in_u
 →full_domain], **kwargs)
   kwargs['c'] = '\#bdc3c7'
   kwargs['marker'] = 's'
   ax.scatter([cord[1] for cord in ones], [cord[0] for cord in ones], **kwargs)
   kwargs['c'] = '#27ae60'
   kwargs['marker'] = '$1$'
   ax.scatter([cord[1] for cord in ones], [cord[0] for cord in ones], **kwargs)
   kwargs['c'] = '\#bdc3c7'
   kwargs['marker'] = 's'
   ax.scatter([cord[1] for cord in zeros], [cord[0] for cord in zeros],
 →**kwargs)
   kwargs['c'] = '#e74c3c'
   kwargs['marker'] = '$0$'
   ax.scatter([cord[1] for cord in zeros], [cord[0] for cord in zeros],
 →**kwargs)
   ax.invert_yaxis()
   if show:
       plt.show()
   if save:
        if not path:
            path = "../default_export_path/"
       Path(path).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
        fig.savefig(f'{path}{file_name}', dpi=dpi)
       plt.close(fig)
# reports results and draw start and final states
def report(configurations, results, initial):
   assert len(results) == len(initial) , 'please provide valied inputs'
   for i in range(len(results)):
       print(f'#problem number {i} -----')
       print(f'@successful: {results[i]["result"]["successful"]}')
```

```
print(f'@elapsed time: {round(results[i]["result"]["time"], 3)}__
 ⇔seconds')
        print(f'@start state:')
        s = len(configurations[i]['map'])
        mat = Matrix(s)
        mat.clear_populate(initial[i]['assignment'])
        print('--graphical')
        draw_config({'map': mat.matrix, 'domains': initial[i]['domains']})
        print('--textual')
        pprint.pprint(mat.matrix.tolist())
        print('\n')
        if results[i]["result"]["successful"]:
            print(f'@result:')
            print('--graphical')
            draw_config({'map': results[i]['result']['final'], 'domains':__
→results[i]['domains']})
            print('--textual')
            print_results(results[i]["result"]["final"])
            print('\n')
        else:
            print(f'@result:')
            print('NO solution found...')
# export each step image to make video from
def export_images(history, output_dir):
    print(f'exporting images in {output_dir}')
    for problem_index, problem_records in enumerate(history):
        print(f'exporting images for problem {problem_index}', end='')
        start = time.time()
        # too many images!
        if isinstance(problem_records, list):
            if len(problem_records) > maximum_history_recording:
                print(f', too many images [{len(problem_records)}] => aborted')
                continue
        else:
            print(f', too many images [{(problem_records)}] => aborted')
            continue
        counter = 0
        for index, record in enumerate(problem_records):
            path = f'{output_dir}/{problem_index}/'
            Path(path).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
```

```
try:
                size = len(configurations[problem_index]['map'])
                mat = Matrix(size)
                mat.clear_populate(record['assignment'])
                draw_config({'map': mat.matrix, 'domains': record['domains']},__
⇒save=True, path=path,
                            file_name=f'{index + 1:04d}.png', show=False,__
\rightarrowdpi=70)
                counter += 1
            except Exception as e:
                print(e)
        end = time.time()
        print(f' ,elapsed time: {end - start}, images: {counter}')
def make_animation(frame_rates, base_dir):
    for problem_index, rate in enumerate(frame_rates):
        if rate:
            print(f'making animation for problem {problem_index}')
            input_path = f'../images/{base_dir}/{problem_index}'
            output_path = f'../animations/{base_dir}'
            file_name = f'animation-{problem_index}'
            Path(output_path).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
            cmd = ['ffmpeg', '-y', '-framerate', str(rate) , '-i', _

→f'{input_path}/%04d.png', f'{output_path}/{file_name}.mp4']

            process = subprocess.run(cmd, capture_output=True, text=True)
print("done")
```

done

#### 1.1 Constraints

```
[16]: from typing import Generic, TypeVar, Dict, List, Optional, Tuple
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

V = TypeVar('V') # variable type
D = TypeVar('D') # domain type

# Base class for all constraints
class Constraint(Generic[V, D], ABC):
    # The variables that the constraint is between
```

```
def __init__(self, variables: List[V]) -> None:
        self.variables = variables
    # Must be overridden by subclasses
   @abstractmethod
   def satisfied(self, assignment: Dict[V, D]) -> bool:
# In each column or row, the numbers of zeros and ones must be equal
class FirstConstraint(Constraint[Tuple, int]):
   def __init__(self, variables: List[Tuple], problem_size: int) -> None:
        super().__init__(variables)
                   = problem_size
        self.ps
        self.matrix = Matrix(problem_size)
    # checks that the assignment satisfies the constraint or not
    \# checks for equality of 'sum of each row and column' to 'numbers of cells
\hookrightarrow divided by two'
   def satisfied(self, assignment: Dict[Tuple, int]) -> bool:
        self.matrix.clear_populate(assignment)
       matrix = self.matrix.matrix
       for i in range(0, self.ps):
            if not np.isnan(matrix[i,:]).any():
                if np.sum(matrix[i,:]) != self.ps / 2.0:
                    return False
        for i in range(0, self.ps):
            if not np.isnan(matrix[:,i]).any():
                if np.sum(matrix[:,i]) != self.ps / 2.0:
                    return False
        return True
# each column an row must be unique
class SecondConstraint(Constraint[Tuple, int]):
    def __init__(self, variables: List[Tuple], problem_size: int) -> None:
        super().__init__(variables)
        self.ps
                       = problem_size
        self.matrix = Matrix(problem_size)
    # checks that the assignment satisfies the constraint or not
    # checks for the uniqueness of each row and column in a pair
   def satisfied(self, assignment: Dict[Tuple, int]) -> bool:
       self.matrix.clear populate(assignment)
        matrix = self.matrix.matrix
```

```
for i in range(self.ps): # generate pairs
            for j in range(i + 1, self.ps):
                if not np.isnan(matrix[i]).any() and np.isnan(matrix[j]).any():
                    if np.array_equal(matrix[i], matrix[j]): # compare rows
                        return False
        for i in range(self.ps): # generate pairs
            for j in range(i + 1, self.ps):
                if not np.isnan(matrix[:, i]).any() and np.isnan(matrix[:, j]).
\rightarrowany():
                    if np.array_equal(matrix[:,i], matrix[:, j]): # compare_
 \hookrightarrow columns
                        return False
        return True
# In each column or row, there must not be more than two equal numbers(zero or
\rightarrowone)
class ThirdConstraint(Constraint[Tuple, int]):
    def __init__(self, variables: List[Tuple], problem_size: int) -> None:
        super().__init__(variables)
        self.ps
                      = problem size
                       = Matrix(problem_size)
        self.matrix
    # checks that the assignment satisfies the constraint or not
    # checks for the triple similarity for each variable in the assignment
    def satisfied(self, assignment: Dict[Tuple, int]) -> bool:
        self.matrix.clear_populate(assignment)
        matrix = self.matrix
        for var in assignment:
            if matrix.left(var) == matrix.matrix[var] == matrix.right(var):
                return False
            if matrix.up(var) == matrix.matrix[var] == matrix.down(var):
                return False
        return True
```

#### 1.2 CSP and solvers implementation

```
[17]: # A helper class for this specific problem to make calculations easier
# used for representing of each state (via a matrix)
class Matrix():
    def __init__(self, size:int) -> None:
        self.matrix = np.empty((size, size))
```

```
self.matrix[:] = np.nan
       self.size = size
   def clear_populate(self, assignment: Dict[V, D]) -> None:
       self.matrix[:] = np.nan
       for variable in assignment:
           self.matrix[variable] = assignment[variable]
   def up(self, variable: V) -> V:
       if variable[0] == 0:
           return None
           new_variable = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (-1, 0)))
           return self.matrix[new_variable]
   def down(self, variable: V) -> V:
       if variable[0] == self.size - 1:
           return None
       else:
           new_variable = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (+1, 0)))
           return self.matrix[new_variable]
   def left(self, variable: V) -> V:
       if variable[1] == 0:
           return None
       else:
           new_variable = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, ( 0, -1)))
           return self.matrix[new_variable]
   def right(self, variable: V) -> V:
       if variable[1] == self.size - 1:
           return None
       else:
           new_variable = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, ( 0, +1)))
           return self.matrix[new_variable]
   def not_populated_adjacents(self, variable: V) -> List[V]:
       s = self.size - 1
       left_var = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (0, -1))) if variable[1]_
→> 0 else None
       right_var = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (0, +1))) if variable[1]_u
→< s else None</pre>
       down_var = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (+1, 0))) if variable[0]
→< s else None
       up_var
                 = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (-1, 0))) if variable[0]
→> 0 else None
```

```
result = []
       if left_var is not None and np.isnan(self.matrix[left_var]): result.
→append(left_var)
        if right_var is not None and np.isnan(self.matrix[right_var]): result.
 →append(right var)
        if down_var is not None and np.isnan(self.matrix[down_var]): result.
 →append(down_var)
       if up_var is not None and np.isnan(self.matrix[up_var
→append(up var)
       return result
   def adjacents(self, variable: V) -> List[V]:
       s = self.size - 1
       left_var = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (0, -1))) if variable[1]
 →> 0 else None
       right_var = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (0, +1))) if variable[1]
→< s else None
       down_var = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (+1, 0))) if variable[0]_u
 →< s else None
       up var
                = tuple(map(operator.add, variable, (-1, 0))) if variable[0]
 →> 0 else None
       result = []
       if left_var is not None: result.append(left_var)
       if right_var is not None: result.append(right_var)
       if down var is not None: result.append(down var)
       if up_var is not None: result.append(up_var)
       return result
# A constraint satisfaction problem consists of variables of type V
# that have ranges of values known as domains of type D and constraints
# that determine whether a particular variable's domain selection is valid
class CSP(Generic[V, D]):
   def __init__(self, variables: List[V], domains: Dict[V, List[D]]) -> None:
       self.variables:
                          List[V]
                                                          = variables #
→variables to be constrained
       self.domains:
                          Dict[V, List[D]]
                                                          = domains
                                                                      # domain
\rightarrow of each variable
       self.constraints: Dict[V, List[Constraint[V, D]]] = {}
                                                                      #__
 →constraints of each variable
```

```
self.problem_size: int
                                                          = int(math.
self.matrix:
                         Matrix
                                                          = Matrix(self.
→problem size)
       assert math.isqrt(len(variables)) , "please provide valid size of ⊔
⇔variables"
       # these lists are for visualizing and do not participate in solvingu
\rightarrowprocedure
       self.backtracking_history
                                   = []
       self.backtracking_FC_history = []
       self.backtracking_MAC_history = []
       self.history_gathering_time = 0
       # in start each variable has an empty list of constraints
       for variable in self.variables:
           self.constraints[variable] = []
           if variable not in self.domains:
               raise LookupError("Every variable should have a domain assigned_
→to it.")
   # Adding constraint to CSP problem
   # each constraint has a list target varibles,
   # we using that for assign 'the constraint' to each variable in that list
   def add_constraint(self, constraint: Constraint[V, D]) -> None:
       for variable in constraint.variables:
           if variable not in self.variables:
               raise LookupError("Variable in constraint not in CSP")
           else:
               self.constraints[variable].append(constraint)
   # Check if the value assignment is consistent by checking all constraints
   # for the given variable against it
   def consistent(self, variable: V, assignment: Dict[V, D]) -> bool:
       for constraint in self.constraints[variable]:
           if not constraint.satisfied(assignment):
               return False
      return True
   # Does 'Forward Checking' for values in 'domains' for adjacents of \Box
→ 'variable' in 'assignment'
   def forward checking(self, domains: Dict[V, List[D]], assignment: Dict[V, L
→D], variable: Tuple) -> Dict[V, List[D]]:
```

```
# the representaion of assignmetrs in form of a matirx
       # clearing the previous matrix and fill it with new assignments
       self.matrix.clear_populate(assignment)
       matrix = self.matrix # get rid of 'self'
      new_domains = copy.deepcopy(domains)
       queue = matrix.not_populated_adjacents(variable)
       for adj in queue:
           bad values in domain = []
           for value in new_domains[adj]:
               assignment[adj] = value
               if not self.consistent(adj, assignment):
                   bad_values_in_domain.append(value)
               del assignment[adj]
           new_values_in_domain = [d for d in new_domains[adj] if d not in_
→bad_values_in_domain]
           if not new values in domain:
               return None
           new_domains[adj] = new_values_in_domain
      return new_domains
   # make variable1 arc consistent with respect to variable2
   # this method changes domains
  def arc_consistent(self, variable1: V, variable2: V, domains: Dict[V,_
→List[D]], assignment: Dict[V, D]) -> bool:
       removed = False
       for var1_value in domains[variable1]:
           fake_assignment = copy.deepcopy(assignment)
           fake_assignment[variable1] = var1_value
           found_indefectible_value = False
           for var2_value in domains[variable2]:
               fake_assignment[variable2] = var2_value
               if self.consistent(variable2, fake_assignment):
                   found_indefectible_value = True
                   break
           del fake_assignment[variable2]
           if not found_indefectible_value:
               domains[variable1].remove(var1_value)
               removed = True
```

```
return removed
   # Gives a queue of paired arcs and makes the first arc arc_consistent to_{\sqcup}
\rightarrow the second arc
   # and considers cascading changes to domains
   def AC_3(self, queue: List[Tuple], domains: Dict[V, List[D]], assignment:
\rightarrowDict[V, D]) -> bool:
       # the representaion of assignmetrs in form of a matirx
       # clearing the previous matrix and fill it with new assignments
       self.matrix.clear populate(assignment)
       matrix = self.matrix # get rid of 'self'
       while len(queue) > 0:
           pair = queue.pop(0)
           var1 = pair[0] # adj
           var2 = pair[1] # var
           domain_changed = self.arc_consistent(var1, var2, domains,__
→assignment)
           if not domain_changed:
               continue
           if len(domains[var1]) == 0:
               return False
           adjacents = matrix.adjacents(var1)
           adjacents.remove(var2)
           for adj in adjacents:
               queue.append((adj, var1))
       return True
   # MAC algorithm
   def MAC(self, domains: Dict[V, List[D]], assignment: Dict[V, D], variable:⊔
→Tuple) -> bool:
       # the representaion of assignmetrs in form of a matirx
       # clearing the previous matrix and fill it with new assignments
       self.matrix.clear_populate(assignment)
       matrix = self.matrix # get rid of 'self'
       new_domains = copy.deepcopy(domains)
       adjacents = matrix.not_populated_adjacents(variable)
       queue = [(adj, variable) for adj in adjacents]
```

```
if self.AC_3(queue, new_domains, assignment):
           return new_domains
       else:
           return None
  # Minimum Remaining Values
  def MRV(self, domain: List[D]) -> int:
      return len(domain)
   # Solver
   # using backtrack algorithm with MRV
  def backtracking_search(self, assignment: Dict[V, D] = {}) ->__
→Optional[Dict[V, D]]:
       # return condition
       # assignment is complete if every variable is assigned (our base case)
       if len(assignment) == len(self.variables):
           return assignment
       # select a variable for assigning a value to it
       unassigned: List[V] = [v for v in self.variables if v not in assignment]
      unassigned.sort(key=lambda v: (self.MRV(self.domains[v]))) # MRV
      first: V = unassigned[0]
       # select a value from domain of variable
       for value in self.domains[first]:
           local_assignment = assignment.copy()
           local_assignment[first] = value
           copy start = time.time()
           # recording this assignment and domains for visualization
           if isinstance(self.backtracking history, list):
               if len(self.backtracking_history) < maximum_history_recording:</pre>
                   self.backtracking_history.append({
                       'assignment': copy.deepcopy(local_assignment),
                       'domains': copy.deepcopy(domains),
                   })
               elif len(self.backtracking_history) ==__
→maximum_history_recording:
                   del self.backtracking_history
                   self.backtracking_history = maximum_history_recording
           else:
               self.backtracking_history += 1
           copy_end = time.time()
           self.history_gathering_time += (copy_end - copy_start)
```

```
if self.consistent(first, local_assignment): # there is no problem_
→with this assignment
               result: Optional[Dict[V, D]] = self.
→backtracking_search(local_assignment)
               # if we're still consistent, we continue
               if result is not None:
                   return result
       return None
   # Solver
   # using backtrack algorithm with FC and MRV
   def backtracking_search_with_FC(self, assignment: Dict[V, D], domains:
→Dict[V, List[D]]) -> Optional[Dict[V, D]]:
       # return condition
       # assignment is complete if every variable is assigned (our base case)
       if len(assignment) == len(self.variables):
           return assignment
       # select a variable for assigning a value to it
       unassigned: List[V] = [v for v in self.variables if v not in assignment]
       unassigned.sort(key=lambda v: (self.MRV(domains[v])))
       first: V = unassigned[0]
       # select a value from domain of variable
       for value in domains[first]:
           local_assignment = assignment.copy()
           local_assignment[first] = value
           # forward checking
           new_domains = self.forward_checking(domains, local_assignment,_
⇔first)
           if not new domains:
               continue
           # recording this assignment and domains for visualization
           copy_start = time.time()
           self.backtracking_FC_history.append({
               'assignment': copy.deepcopy(local_assignment),
               'domains': copy.deepcopy(new_domains),
           })
           copy_end = time.time()
           self.history_gathering_time += (copy_end - copy_start)
```

```
result: Optional[Dict[V, D]] = self.
→backtracking_search_with_FC(local_assignment, new_domains)
           if result is not None:
               return result
       return None
   # Solver
   # using backtrack algorithm with MAC and MRV
   def backtracking search with MAC(self, assignment: Dict[V, D], domains:
→Dict[V, List[D]]) -> Optional[Dict[V, D]]:
       # return condition
       # assignment is complete if every variable is assigned (our base case)
       if len(assignment) == len(self.variables):
           return assignment
       # select a variable for assigning a value to it
       unassigned: List[V] = [v for v in self.variables if v not in assignment]
       unassigned.sort(key=lambda v: (self.MRV(domains[v])))
       first: V = unassigned[0]
       # select a value from domain of variable
       for value in domains[first]:
           local_assignment = assignment.copy()
           local assignment[first] = value
           local_domains = copy.deepcopy(domains)
           local_domains[first] = [value]
           # MAC
           new_domains = self.MAC(local_domains, local_assignment, first)
           if not new_domains:
               continue
           # recording this assignment and domains for visualization
           copy_start = time.time()
           self.backtracking_MAC_history.append({
               'assignment': copy.deepcopy(local_assignment),
               'domains': copy.deepcopy(new_domains),
           })
           copy_end = time.time()
           self.history_gathering_time += (copy_end - copy_start)
           result: Optional[Dict[V, D]] = self.
→backtracking_search_with_MAC(local_assignment, new_domains)
           if result is not None:
```

```
return result
```

## 1.3 importing problems and initializing configurations

```
[18]: input_files = [
          '../puzzles/puzzle0.txt',
          '../puzzles/puzzle1.txt',
          '../puzzles/puzzle2.txt',
          '../puzzles/puzzle3.txt',
          '../puzzles/puzzle4.txt',
          '../puzzles/puzzle5.txt',
      ]
      configurations = []
      # initializing 'map' for each config
      for index, f in enumerate(input_files):
          configuration = {}
          with open(f, 'r') as file:
              lines = file.readlines()
              lines = [line.strip() for line in lines]
              first_line = lines.pop(0)
              row, col = first line.split(' ')
              row, col = int(row), int(col)
              initial_map = np.empty((row, col))
              initial_map[:] = np.nan
              for i, line in enumerate(lines):
                  temp = line.split(' ')
                  for j, element in enumerate(temp):
                      if element =='1':
                          initial_map[(i, j)] = 1
                      elif element == '0':
                          initial_map[(i, j)] = 0
                      else:
                          pass
              configuration['map'] = initial_map
          configurations.append(configuration)
      # initializing 'domains', 'variables', 'asssignment' for each config
      for config in configurations:
          initial_map = config['map']
          size = len(initial_map)
          r = range(0, size)
```

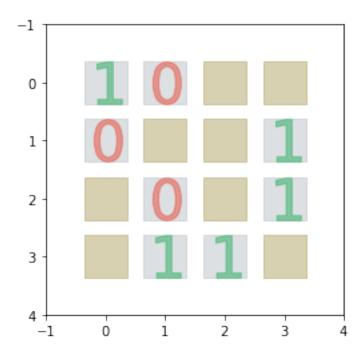
```
assignment = {}
   domains = {}
   for i in r:
       for j in r:
           variable = (i, j)
            if initial_map[variable] == 1:
                assignment[variable] = 1
                domains[variable] = [1]
            elif initial_map[variable] == 0:
                assignment[variable] = 0
                domains[variable] = [0]
            else:
                domains[variable] = [0, 1]
    config['domains']
                       = domains
    config['variables'] = domains.keys()
    config['assignment'] = assignment
# showing results
print('\n')
print('** A little hint: the yellowish color of the cell means it can be filled \sqcup
→with either 0 or 1')
print('**
                        the green color of the cell means it can be filled_{\sqcup}
→only with 1')
print('**
                        the red
                                      color of the cell means it can be filled \sqcup
→only with 0')
print('**
                        some cells are already filled with 0 or 1\n'
for index, config in enumerate(configurations):
   print(f"Problem number {index} -----")
   pprint.pprint(config['map'])
   draw_config(config)
```

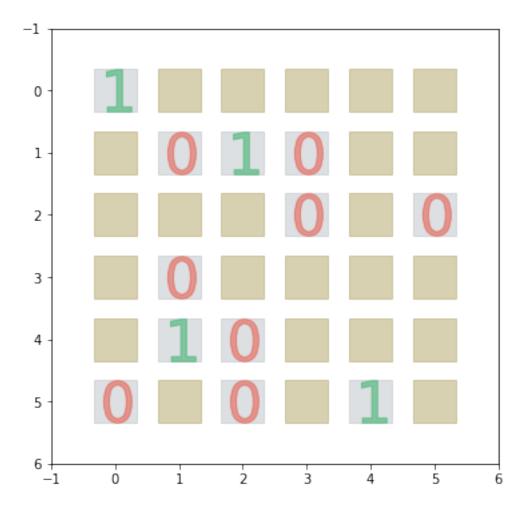
```
** A little hint: the yellowish color of the cell means it can be filled with
either 0 or 1

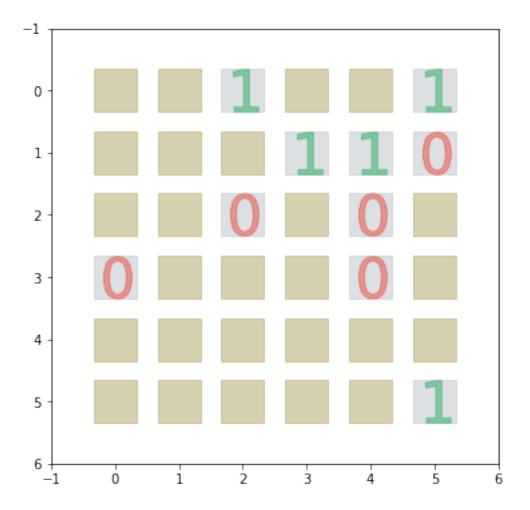
** the green color of the cell means it can be filled only
with 1

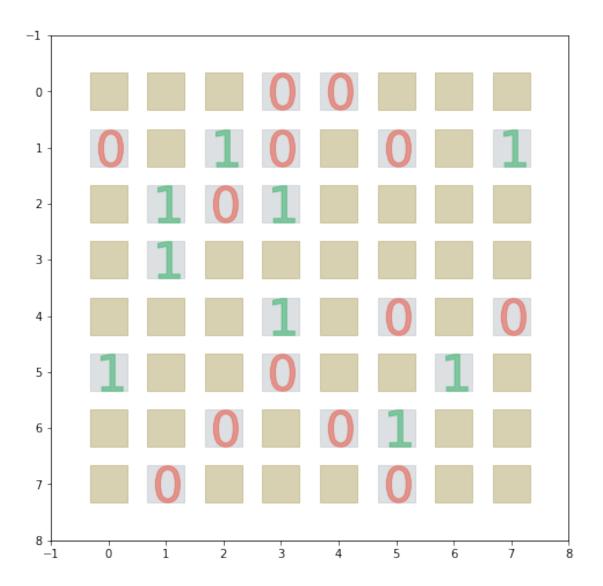
** the red color of the cell means it can be filled only
with 0

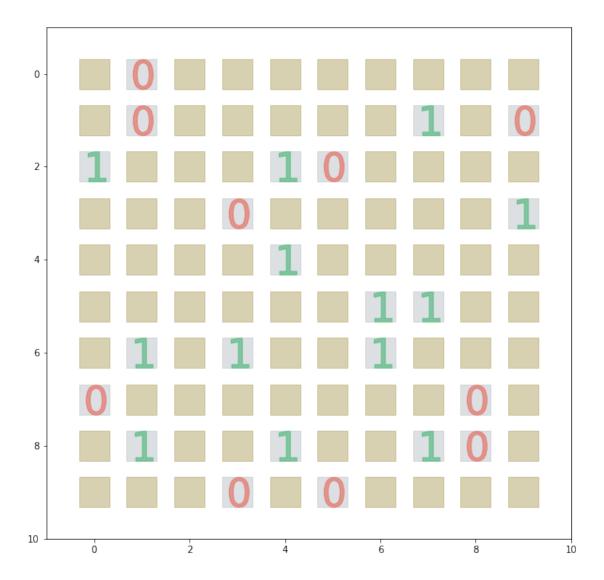
** some cells are already filled with 0 or 1
```

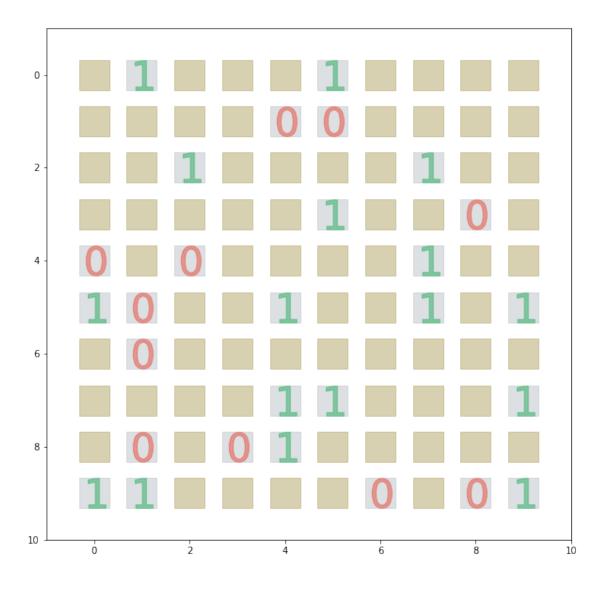












```
csp.add_constraint(SecondConstraint(variables, s))
    csp.add_constraint(ThirdConstraint(variables, s))
    start = time.time()
    initial_.append({
        'assignment': copy.deepcopy(assignment),
         'domains': copy.deepcopy(domains),
    })
    solution: Optional[Dict[Tuple, int]] = csp.
 →backtracking_search(assignment=assignment)
    end = time.time()
    history_.append(copy.deepcopy(csp.backtracking_history))
    if solution is None:
        print("No solution found!")
        result['final'] = None
        result['time'] = (end - start) - csp.history_gathering_time
        result['successful'] = False
        result['waste']
                           = csp.history_gathering_time
    else:
        print(f'elapsed time for problem {index}: {round(end - start, 5)}')
        mat = Matrix(s)
        mat.clear_populate(solution)
        m = mat.matrix
        assert np.where(np.isnan(m) == True)[0].size == 0 , "find np.nan in_
 ⇔result!"
        assert np.where(np.isnan(m) == True)[1].size == 0 , "find np.nan inu
 ⇔result!"
        result['final']
                             = m.astype(np.int8, copy=False)
        result['time']
                           = (end - start) - csp.history_gathering_time
        result['successful'] = True
        result['waste'] = csp.history_gathering_time
    results_.append({
        'result': result,
        'domains': csp.domains
    })
elapsed time for problem 0: 0.005
elapsed time for problem 1: 0.113
elapsed time for problem 2: 0.12623
elapsed time for problem 3: 0.22604
elapsed time for problem 4: 111.13367
No solution found!
```

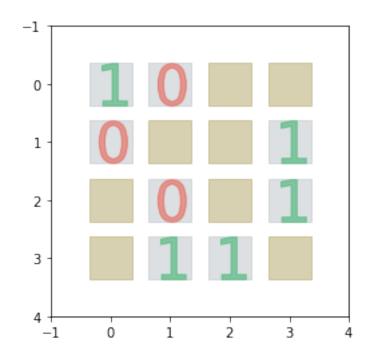
# [20]: report(configurations, results\_, initial\_)

#problem number 0 -----

@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.001 seconds

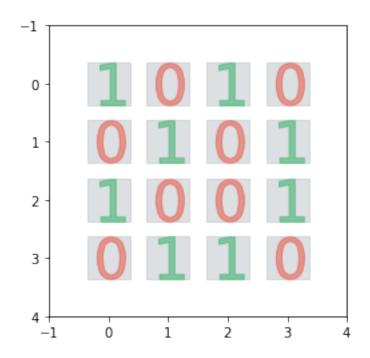
@start state:
--graphical



```
--textual
[[1.0, 0.0, nan, nan],
[0.0, nan, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 1.0, 1.0, nan]]
```

## @result:

--graphical



[[1, 0, 1, 0],

[0, 1, 0, 1],

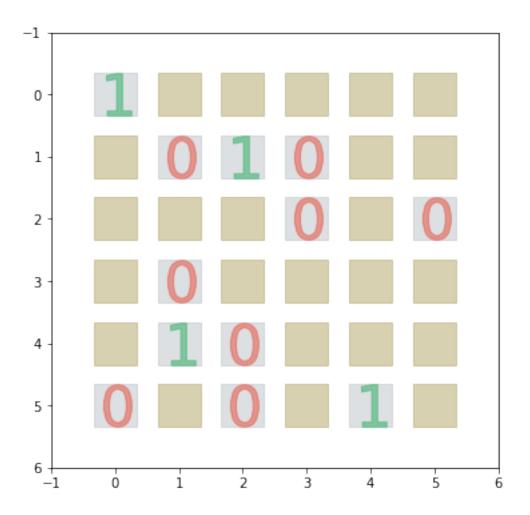
[1, 0, 0, 1],

[0, 1, 1, 0]]

#problem number 1 -----

@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.053 seconds



```
[[1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],

[nan, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, nan, nan],

[nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0],

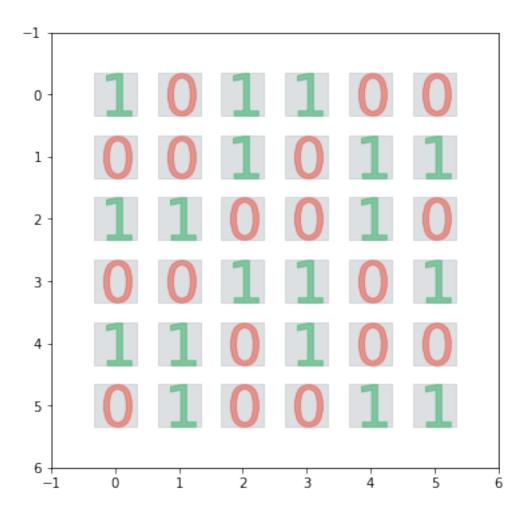
[nan, 0.0, nan, nan, nan, nan],

[nan, 1.0, 0.0, nan, nan, nan],

[0.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0, nan]]
```

## @result:

--graphical



[[1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1],

[1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0],

[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1],

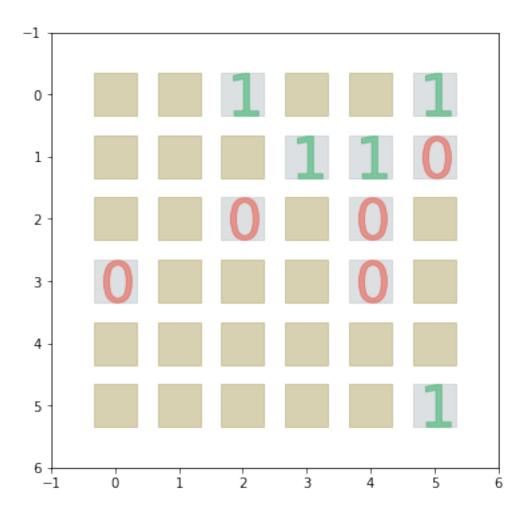
[1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1]]

#problem number 2 ------

@successful: True

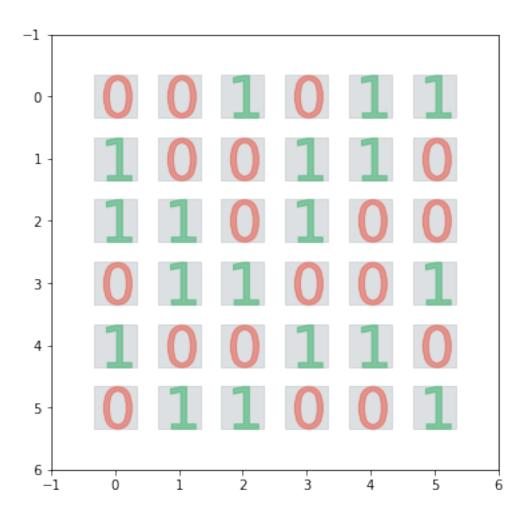
@elapsed time: 0.051 seconds



```
[[nan, nan, 1.0, nan, nan, 1.0],
[nan, nan, nan, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0],
[nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, nan],
[0.0, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, 1.0]]
```

## @result:

--graphical



[[0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1],

[1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0],

[1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1],

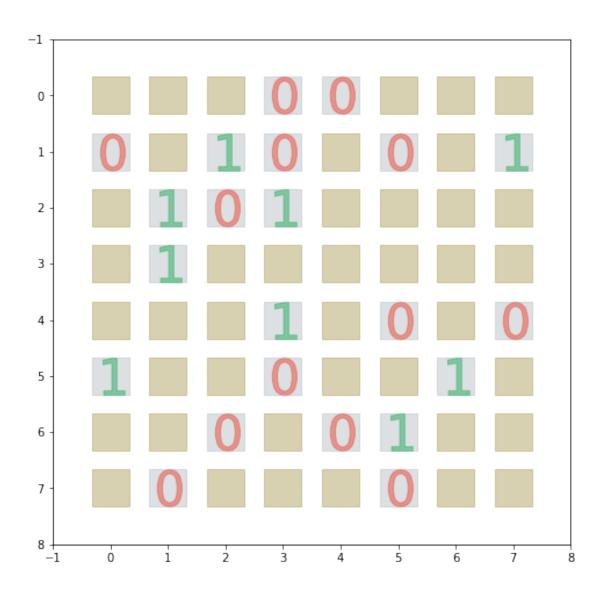
[1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0],

[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]]

#problem number 3 -----

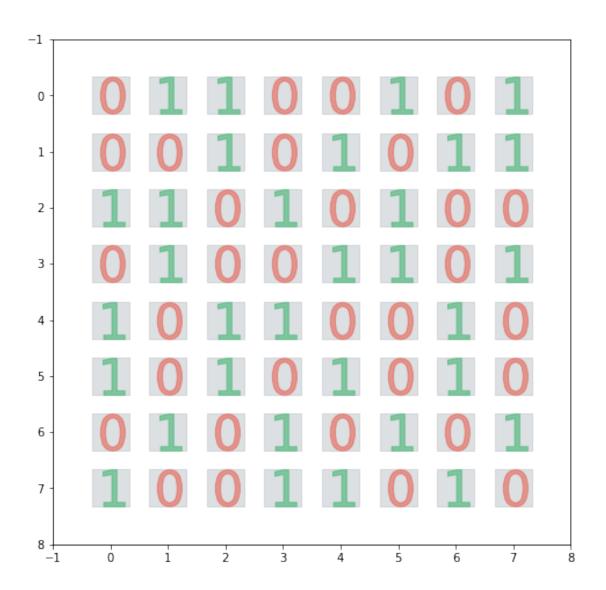
@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.105 seconds



```
--textual
[[nan, nan, nan, 0.0, 0.0, nan, nan, nan],
[0.0, nan, 1.0, 0.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, 1.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0],
[1.0, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, nan, 1.0, nan],
[nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan],
[nan, 0.0, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, nan]]
```

# @result: --graphical



```
--textual
```

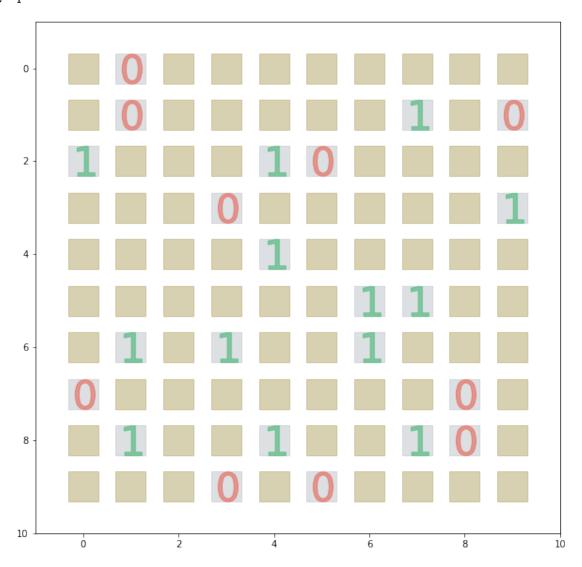
```
[[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0]]
```

#problem number 4 -----

@successful: True

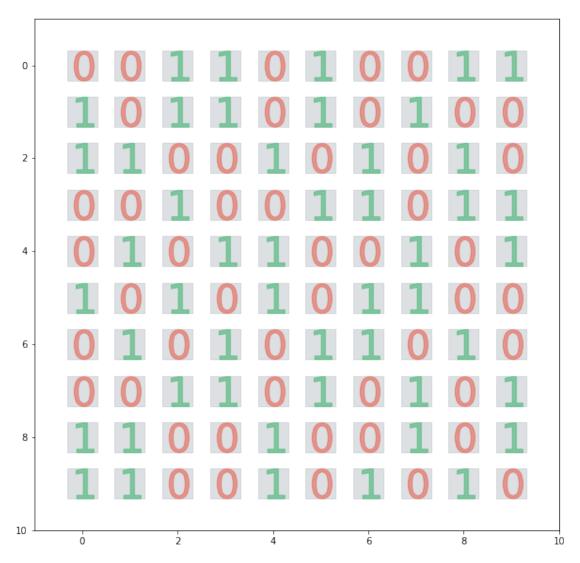
@elapsed time: 99.51 seconds

# @start state: --graphical



#### --textual

@result:
--graphical

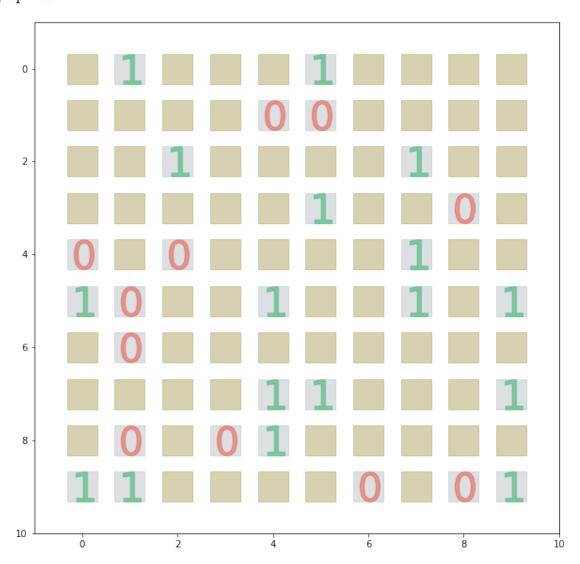


```
[[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1], [0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]]
```

#problem number 5 ------

@successful: False

@elapsed time: 228.97 seconds



```
--textual
```

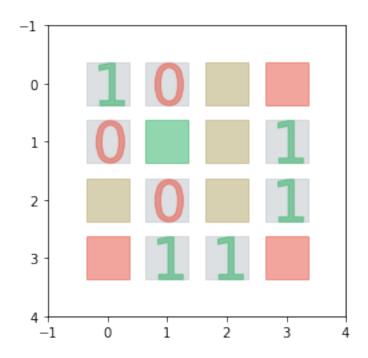
```
[nan, nan, nan, nan, 1.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, 1.0],
      [nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
      [1.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, 1.0]]
     @result:
     NO solution found...
[21]: initial_FC = [] # after first updating domains
     results_FC = [] # final results
     history_FC = [] # history of each assignment in solving procedure
     for index, config in enumerate(configurations):
         result = {}
         domains:
                     Dict[Tuple, List[int]] = config['domains']
         variables: List[Tuple]
                                         = config['variables']
         assignment: Dict[Tuple, int] = config['assignment']
         s = len(config['map'])
         csp: CSP[Tuple, int] = CSP(variables, domains)
         csp.add_constraint(FirstConstraint(variables, s))
         csp.add constraint(SecondConstraint(variables, s))
         csp.add_constraint(ThirdConstraint(variables, s))
         start = time.time()
         for a in assignment:
             domains = csp.forward_checking(domains, assignment, a)
         initial_FC.append({
             'assignment': copy.deepcopy(assignment),
             'domains': copy.deepcopy(domains),
         })
         solution: Optional[Dict[Tuple, int]] = csp.
      →backtracking_search_with_FC(assignment=assignment, domains=domains)
         end = time.time()
         history_FC.append(copy.deepcopy(csp.backtracking_FC_history))
         if solution is None:
             print("No solution found!")
             result['final']
                                 = None
                                = (end - start) - csp.history_gathering_time
             result['time']
             result['successful'] = False
             result['waste']
                                = csp.history_gathering_time
```

```
else:
        print(f'elapsed time for problem {index}: {round(end - start, 5)}')
        mat = Matrix(s)
        mat.clear_populate(solution)
        m = mat.matrix
         assert np.where(np.isnan(m) == True)[0].size == 0 , "find np.nan inu
 {\hookrightarrow} \texttt{result!"}
         assert np.where(np.isnan(m) == True)[1].size == 0 , "find np.nan inu
 ⇔result!"
        result['final']
                              = m.astype(np.int8, copy=False)
        result['time']
                              = (end - start) - csp.history_gathering_time
        result['successful'] = True
        result['waste']
                            = csp.history_gathering_time
    results_FC.append({
         'result': result,
         'domains': csp.domains
    })
elapsed time for problem 0: 0.00703
elapsed time for problem 1: 0.03917
```

```
elapsed time for problem 2: 0.04899
elapsed time for problem 3: 0.18359
elapsed time for problem 4: 28.48573
No solution found!
```

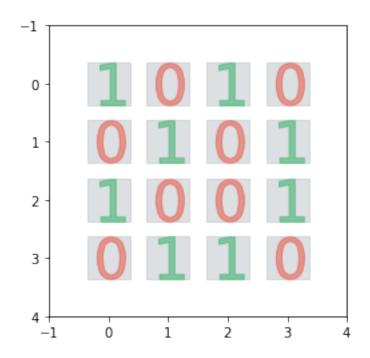
#### [22]: report(configurations, results\_FC, initial\_FC)

```
#problem number 0 -----
@successful: True
@elapsed time: 0.005 seconds
@start state:
--graphical
```



```
--textual
[[1.0, 0.0, nan, nan],
[0.0, nan, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 1.0, 1.0, nan]]
```

# @result: --graphical



[[1, 0, 1, 0],

[0, 1, 0, 1],

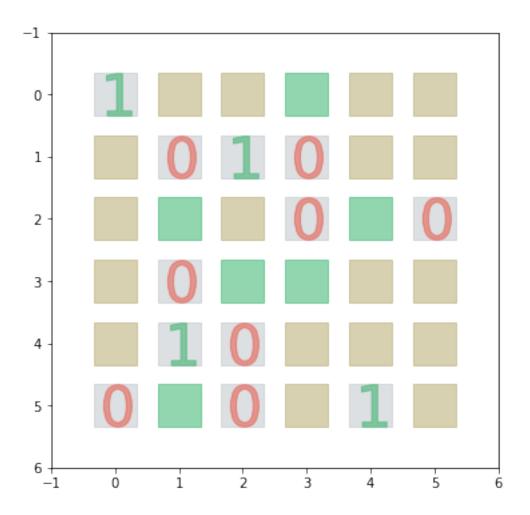
[1, 0, 0, 1],

[0, 1, 1, 0]]

#problem number 1 -----

@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.026 seconds



```
[[1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],

[nan, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, nan, nan],

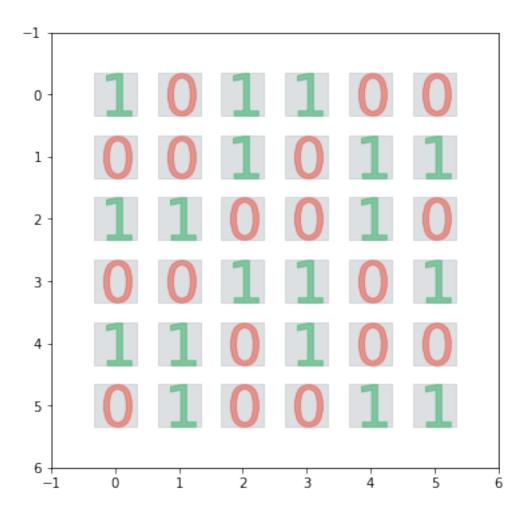
[nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0],

[nan, 0.0, nan, nan, nan, nan],

[nan, 1.0, 0.0, nan, nan, nan],

[0.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0, nan]]
```

### @result:



[[1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1],

[1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0],

[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1],

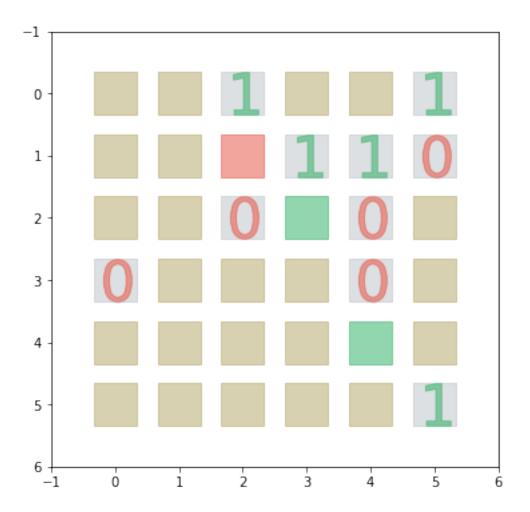
[1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1]]

#problem number 2 ------

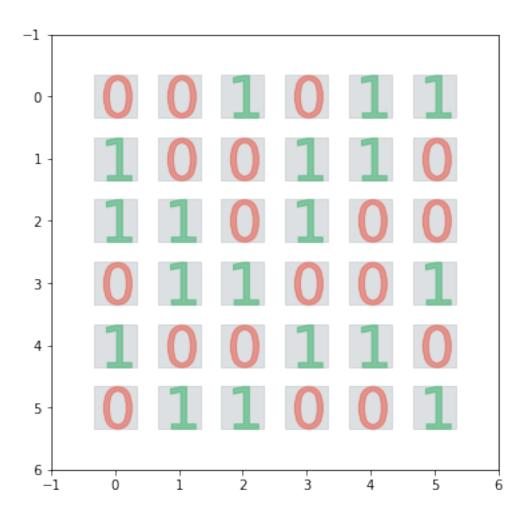
@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.041 seconds



```
[[nan, nan, 1.0, nan, nan, 1.0],
[nan, nan, nan, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0],
[nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, nan],
[0.0, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, 1.0]]
```

### @result:



[[0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1],

[1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0],

[1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1],

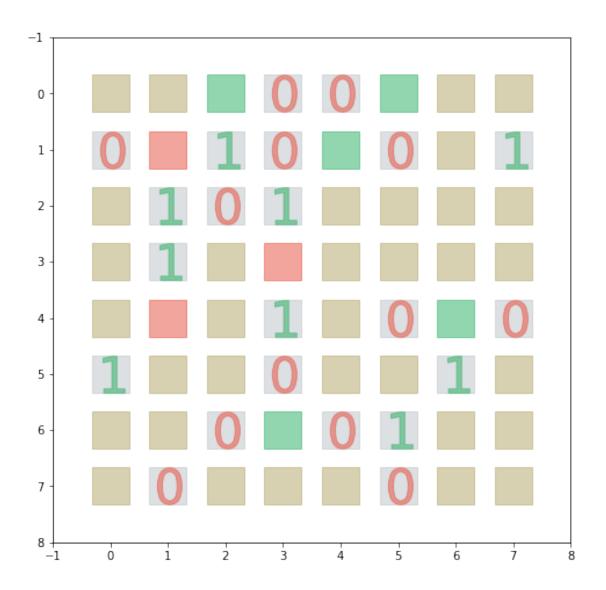
[1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0],

[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]]

#problem number 3 -----

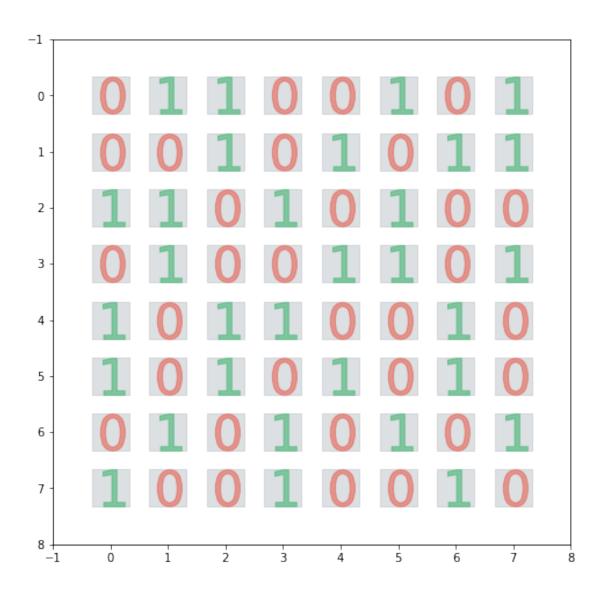
@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.15 seconds



```
--textual
[[nan, nan, nan, 0.0, 0.0, nan, nan, nan],
[0.0, nan, 1.0, 0.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, 1.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0],
[1.0, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, nan, 1.0, nan],
[nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan],
[nan, 0.0, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, nan]]
```

# @result: --graphical



```
--textual
```

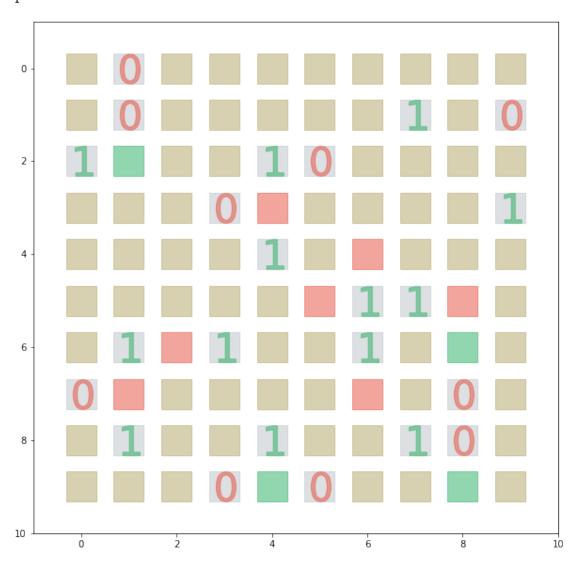
```
[[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]]
```

#problem number 4 ------

@successful: True

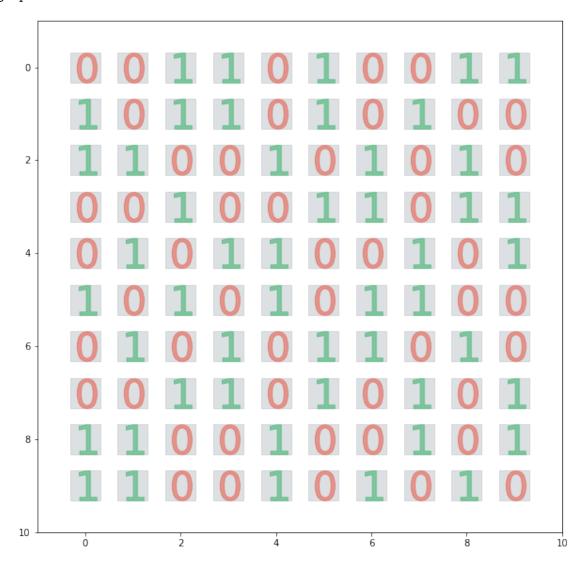
@elapsed time: 21.872 seconds

# @start state: --graphical



#### --textual

@result:
--graphical

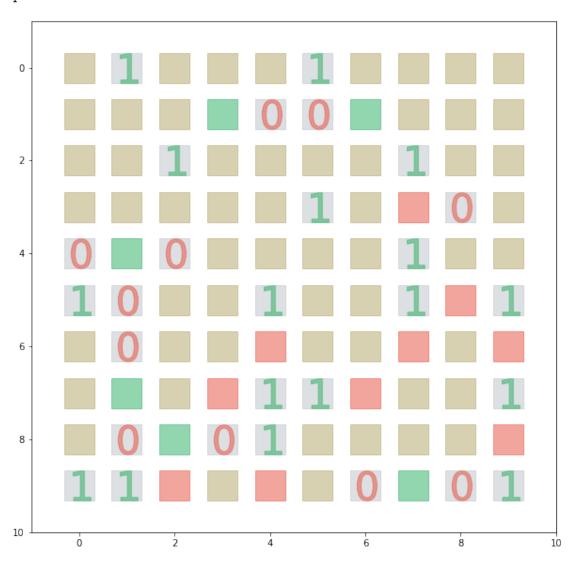


```
[[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1], [0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]]
```

#problem number 5 ------

@successful: False

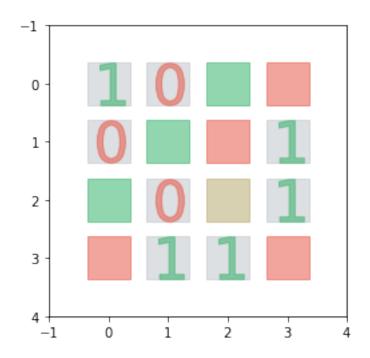
@elapsed time: 0.115 seconds



```
--textual
```

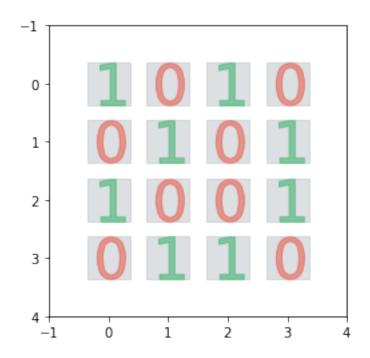
```
results_MAC = [] # final results
history_MAC = [] # history of each assignment in solving procedure
for index, config in enumerate(configurations):
   result = {}
   domains:
               Dict[Tuple, List[int]] = config['domains']
   variables: List[Tuple]
                                     = config['variables']
   assignment: Dict[Tuple, int] = config['assignment']
   s = len(config['map'])
   csp: CSP[Tuple, int] = CSP(variables, domains)
    csp.add_constraint(FirstConstraint(variables, s))
    csp.add constraint(SecondConstraint(variables, s))
    csp.add_constraint(ThirdConstraint(variables, s))
   start = time.time()
   for a in assignment:
       domains = csp.MAC(domains, assignment, a)
    initial_MAC.append({
        'assignment': copy.deepcopy(assignment),
        'domains': copy.deepcopy(domains),
   })
    solution: Optional[Dict[Tuple, int]] = csp.
 →backtracking_search_with_MAC(assignment=assignment, domains=domains)
    end = time.time()
   history_MAC.append(copy.deepcopy(csp.backtracking_MAC_history))
    if solution is None:
       print("No solution found!")
       result['final']
                            = None
       result['time']
                            = (end - start) - csp.history_gathering_time
       result['successful'] = False
       result['waste'] = csp.history_gathering_time
    else:
```

```
print(f'elapsed time for problem {index}: {round(end - start, 5)}')
              mat = Matrix(s)
              mat.clear_populate(solution)
              m = mat.matrix
              assert np.where(np.isnan(m) == True)[0].size == 0 , "find np.nan in_
       \hookrightarrow \texttt{result!"}
              assert np.where(np.isnan(m) == True)[1].size == 0 , "find np.nan inu
       →result!"
              result['final']
                                   = m.astype(np.int8, copy=False)
                                   = (end - start) - csp.history_gathering_time
              result['time']
              result['successful'] = True
              result['waste']
                                   = csp.history_gathering_time
          results_MAC.append({
              'result': result,
              'domains': csp.domains
          })
     elapsed time for problem 0: 0.01106
     elapsed time for problem 1: 0.06098
     elapsed time for problem 2: 0.08978
     elapsed time for problem 3: 0.34405
     elapsed time for problem 4: 64.11356
     No solution found!
 []: print(fuck you)
[25]: report(configurations, results_MAC, initial_MAC)
     #problem number 0 -----
     @successful: True
     @elapsed time: 0.01 seconds
     @start state:
     --graphical
```



```
--textual
[[1.0, 0.0, nan, nan],
[0.0, nan, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 1.0, 1.0, nan]]
```

## @result:



[[1, 0, 1, 0],

[0, 1, 0, 1],

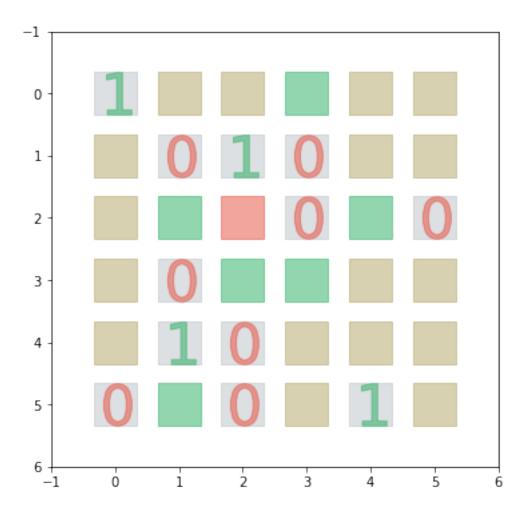
[1, 0, 0, 1],

[0, 1, 1, 0]]

#problem number 1 -----

@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.058 seconds



```
[[1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],

[nan, 0.0, 1.0, 0.0, nan, nan],

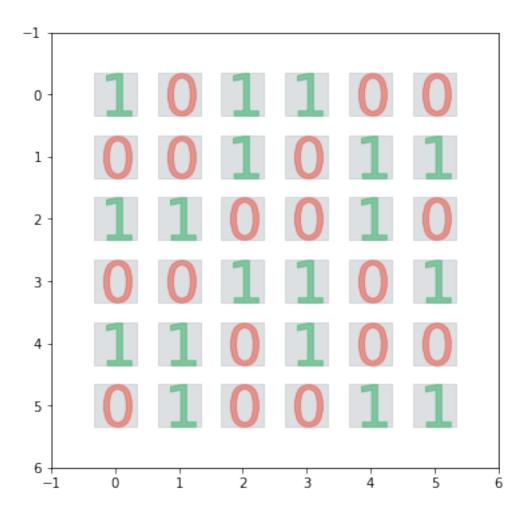
[nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0],

[nan, 0.0, nan, nan, nan, nan],

[nan, 1.0, 0.0, nan, nan, nan],

[0.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0, nan]]
```

### @result:



[[1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1],

[1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0],

[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1],

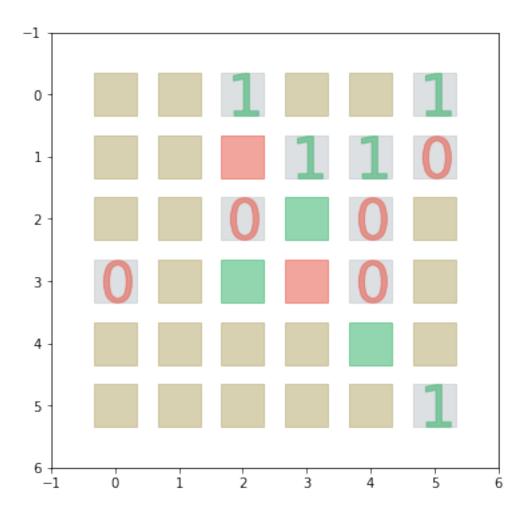
[1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1]]

#problem number 2 ------

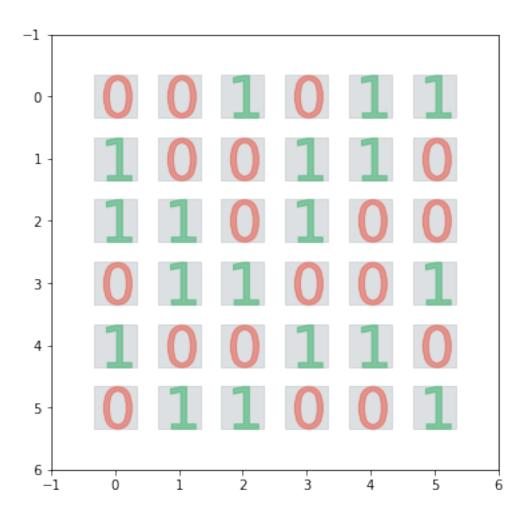
@successful: True

@elapsed time: 0.082 seconds



```
[[nan, nan, 1.0, nan, nan, 1.0],
[nan, nan, nan, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0],
[nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, nan],
[0.0, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, 1.0]]
```

### @result:



[[0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1],

[1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0],

[1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],

[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1],

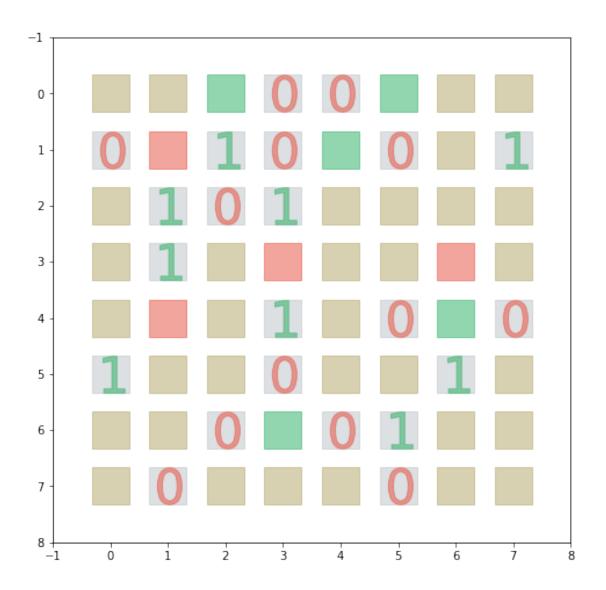
[1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0],

[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]]

#problem number 3 -----

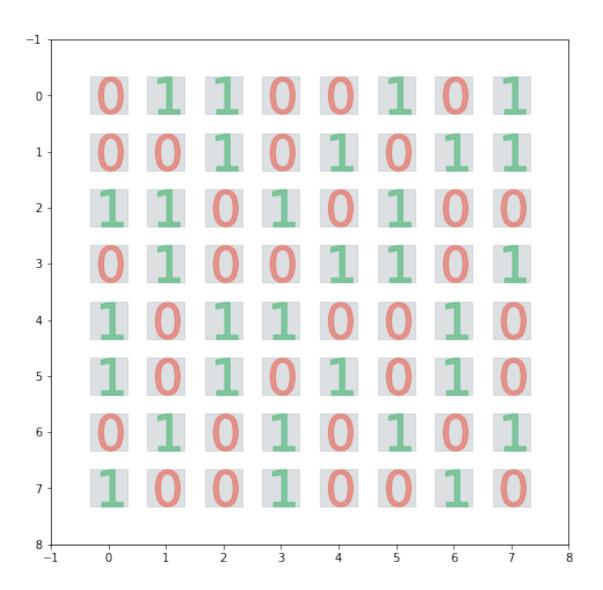
Osuccessful: True

@elapsed time: 0.308 seconds



```
--textual
[[nan, nan, nan, 0.0, 0.0, nan, nan, nan],
[0.0, nan, 1.0, 0.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 1.0],
[nan, 1.0, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
[nan, nan, nan, 1.0, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0],
[1.0, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, nan, 1.0, nan],
[nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan],
[nan, 0.0, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, nan]]
```

# @result: --graphical



```
--textual
```

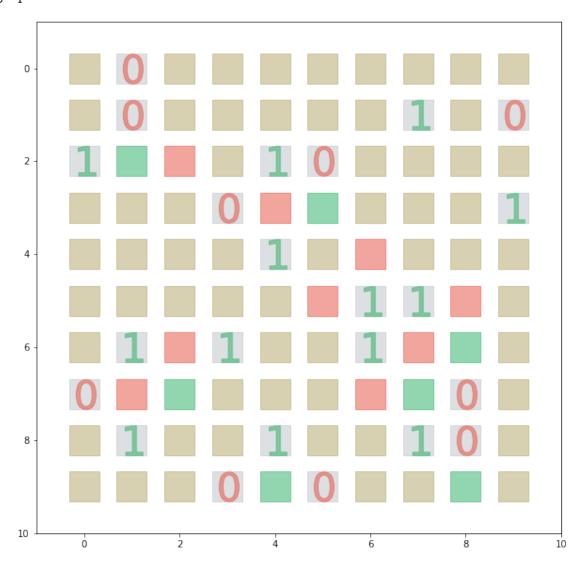
```
[[0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0], [0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]]
```

#problem number 4 -----

@successful: True

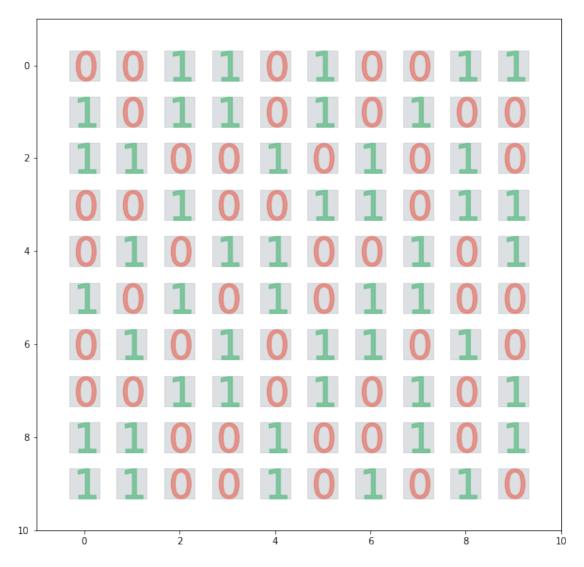
@elapsed time: 57.387 seconds

# @start state: --graphical



#### --textual

@result:
--graphical

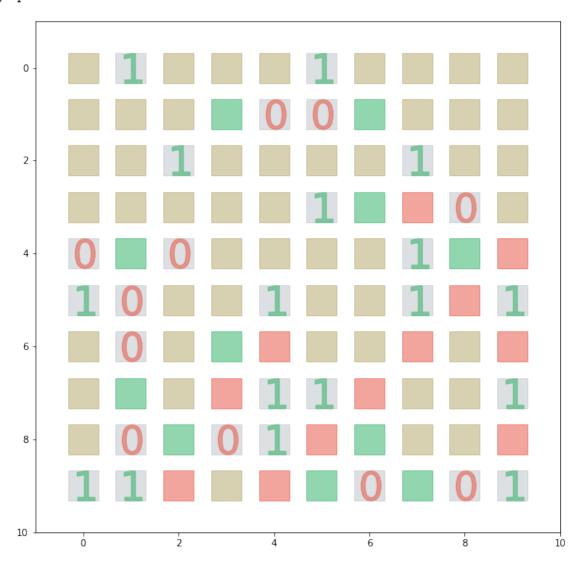


```
[[0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0], [0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1], [0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]]
```

#problem number 5 ------

@successful: False

@elapsed time: 0.266 seconds



```
--textual
```

```
[nan, nan, nan, nan, 1.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, 1.0],
      [nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, nan],
      [1.0, 1.0, nan, nan, nan, nan, 0.0, nan, 0.0, 1.0]]
     @result:
     NO solution found...
[28]: export_images(history_, '../images/vanilla')
     exporting images in ../images/vanilla
     exporting images for problem 0 ,elapsed time: 0.7695629596710205, images: 15
     exporting images for problem 1 ,elapsed time: 12.853966236114502, images: 174
     exporting images for problem 2 ,elapsed time: 15.172691106796265, images: 199
     exporting images for problem 3 ,elapsed time: 23.192261695861816, images: 235
     exporting images for problem 4, too many images [144541] => aborted
     exporting images for problem 5, too many images [345895] => aborted
[29]: export_images(history_FC, '../images/FC')
     exporting images in ../images/FC
     exporting images for problem 0 ,elapsed time: 0.42652058601379395, images: 8
     exporting images for problem 1 ,elapsed time: 1.5740976333618164, images: 25
     exporting images for problem 2 ,elapsed time: 2.3200955390930176, images: 37
     exporting images for problem 3 ,elapsed time: 5.530399560928345, images: 74
     exporting images for problem 4 ,elapsed time: 625.7136776447296, images: 7609
     exporting images for problem 5 ,elapsed time: 2.106293201446533, images: 26
[30]: export_images(history_MAC, '../images/MAC')
     exporting images in ../images/MAC
     exporting images for problem 0 ,elapsed time: 0.435619592666626, images: 8
     exporting images for problem 1 ,elapsed time: 1.528517723083496, images: 25
     exporting images for problem 2 ,elapsed time: 2.331545114517212, images: 37
     exporting images for problem 3 ,elapsed time: 5.54382061958313, images: 71
     exporting images for problem 4 ,elapsed time: 644.7141005992889, images: 7415
     exporting images for problem 5 ,elapsed time: 2.223836898803711, images: 26
[34]: frame_rates = []
     for index, history in enumerate(history_):
          if isinstance(history, list):
             if len(history) < 10:</pre>
                 frame rates.append(1)
              elif 10 <= len(history) < 1000 :</pre>
                 frame rates.append(5)
              elif 1000 <= len(history):</pre>
                 frame_rates.append(15)
```

```
else:
              frame_rates.append(None)
      make_animation(frame_rates, 'vanilla')
     making animation for problem 0
     making animation for problem 1
     making animation for problem 2
     making animation for problem 3
[35]: frame_rates = []
      for index, history in enumerate(history_FC):
          if isinstance(history, list):
              if len(history) < 10:</pre>
                   frame_rates.append(1)
              elif 10 <= len(history) < 1000 :</pre>
                   frame_rates.append(5)
               elif 1000 <= len(history):</pre>
                   frame_rates.append(15)
          else:
              frame_rates.append(None)
      make_animation(frame_rates, 'FC')
     making animation for problem 0
     making animation for problem 1
     making animation for problem 2
     making animation for problem 3
     making animation for problem 4
     making animation for problem 5
[36]: | frame_rates = []
      for index, history in enumerate(history_MAC):
          if isinstance(history, list):
               if len(history) < 10:</pre>
                   frame_rates.append(1)
               elif 10 <= len(history) < 1000 :</pre>
                   frame_rates.append(5)
               elif 1000 <= len(history):</pre>
                   frame_rates.append(15)
          else:
              frame_rates.append(None)
      make_animation(frame_rates, 'MAC')
     making animation for problem 0
     making animation for problem 1
     making animation for problem 2
```

```
making animation for problem 3 making animation for problem 4 making animation for problem 5
```

#### 1.4 Conclusion

1.4.1 as we see in FC we have less computation time (especially on problem 4) but in MAC we have less wrong assignments. (the amount of this differences, heavily depends on the type of problem)

```
[37]: # headers = ['', 'simple BT', 'BT with FC', 'BT with MAC']
     headers = ['', 'time', 'branchs', 'successful']
      records = []
      records_ = []
      records_FC = []
      records_MAC = []
      import tabulate
      for index, config in enumerate(configurations):
          records_.append((f'. puzzle {index}',
                           f"{round(results_[index]['result']['time'], 4):.4f}",
                           len(history_[index]) if isinstance(history_[index], list)__
       →else history_[index],
                           results_[index]['result']['successful']))
      # records .append((f'# puzzle {index + 1}', f'very long!', 'many!', False))
      for index, config in enumerate(configurations):
          records_FC.append((f'. puzzle {index}',
                           f"{round(results_FC[index]['result']['time'], 4):.4f}",
                           len(history_FC[index]),
                           results_FC[index]['result']['successful']))
      for index, config in enumerate(configurations):
          records_MAC.append((f'. puzzle {index}',
                           f"{round(results MAC[index]['result']['time'], 4):.4f}",
                           len(history_MAC[index]),
                           results_MAC[index]['result']['successful']))
      records.append(('# simple BT', None, None, None))
      records.extend(records_)
      records.append((None, None, None, None))
      records.append(('# BT with FC', None, None, None))
      records.extend(records_FC)
      records.append((None, None, None, None))
      records.append(('# BT with MAC', None, None, None))
      records.extend(records_MAC)
```

print(tabulate.tabulate(records, headers=headers, tablefmt='psql'))

+	+	+	+
	time	branchs	successful
# simple BT		 	 
. puzzle 0	0.001	l 15	True
. puzzle 1	0.0531	174	True
. puzzle 2	0.0507	199	True
. puzzle 3	0.1049	l 235	True
. puzzle 4	99.5105	144541	True
. puzzle 5	228.97	345895	False
]		l	
# BT with FC		l	
. puzzle 0	0.005	8	True
. puzzle 1	0.0261	l 25	True
. puzzle 2	0.041	J 37	True
. puzzle 3	0.1502	74	True
. puzzle 4	21.8716	7609	True
. puzzle 5	0.1146	l 26	False
]		l	
# BT with MAC		l	
. puzzle 0	0.0101	8	True
. puzzle 1	0.0579	l 25	True
. puzzle 2	0.0817	J 37	True
. puzzle 3	0.3081	71	True
. puzzle 4	57.3866	7415	True
. puzzle 5	0.266	l 26	False
+	<b>+</b>	+	+