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Cost Optimization in Economic Computational Grids Using Learning Automata

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Abstract

In economic computational grids, resources have price and the users must pay for executing their applications. The user determines his deadline and budget and then requests cost or time optimization. A scheduling algorithm that adopts cost optimization strategy, should allocate heterogeneous grid resources to heterogeneous user jobs so that their execution finishes in the specified deadline with minimum cost. In this paper, two new algorithms are introduced for this purpose that use learning automata. It is shown by using simulation that suggested algorithms have higher performance and perform users' requests with less cost with respect to the reported heuristics.

Keywords: Computational Grid, Economic Scheduling, Cost Optimization, Learning Automata

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.[6-9]

() ()

BCO ()
 AEBCO EBCO ABCO [10,11]
 []
 ALACO⁸ LACO⁷

[12] GridSim

$$\begin{array}{cccccc}
(\) & & E \equiv \{\alpha, \beta, c\} & & & \\
\alpha = \{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_r\} & & & & & \\
& \beta & & c = \{c_1, \dots, c_r\} & & \beta = \{\beta_1, \dots, \beta_m\} \\
& \beta(n) & Q & \beta_2 = 0 & \beta_1 = 1 & P \\
c_i & [0,1] & S & [0,1] & c_i &
\end{array}$$



:()

$$\{\alpha, \beta, p, T\}$$

$$\beta = \{\beta_1, \beta_2, \dots, \beta_m\}$$

$$\alpha = \{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_r\}$$

$$p(n+1) = T[\alpha(n), \beta(n), p(n)]$$



$p_i(n)$

n

α_i

$p_i(n)$

$$\begin{aligned} p_i(n+1) &= p_i(n) + a[1 - p_i(n)] \\ p_j(n+1) &= (1-a)p_j(n) \quad \forall j \neq i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p_i(n+1) &= (1-b)p_i(n) \\ p_j(n+1) &= \frac{b}{r-1} + (1-b)p_j(n) \quad \forall j \neq i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} b & a & & b & a & & b & & a \\ L_{RI} & & & L_{Rep} & & & a & b & L_{RP} \\ & & & [13,14] & & & & & \end{array}$$

() MI¹⁴

()

NP-Complete

MI

[]

[]

(G\$/sec)

(MI/sec

(G\$/MI)

ς



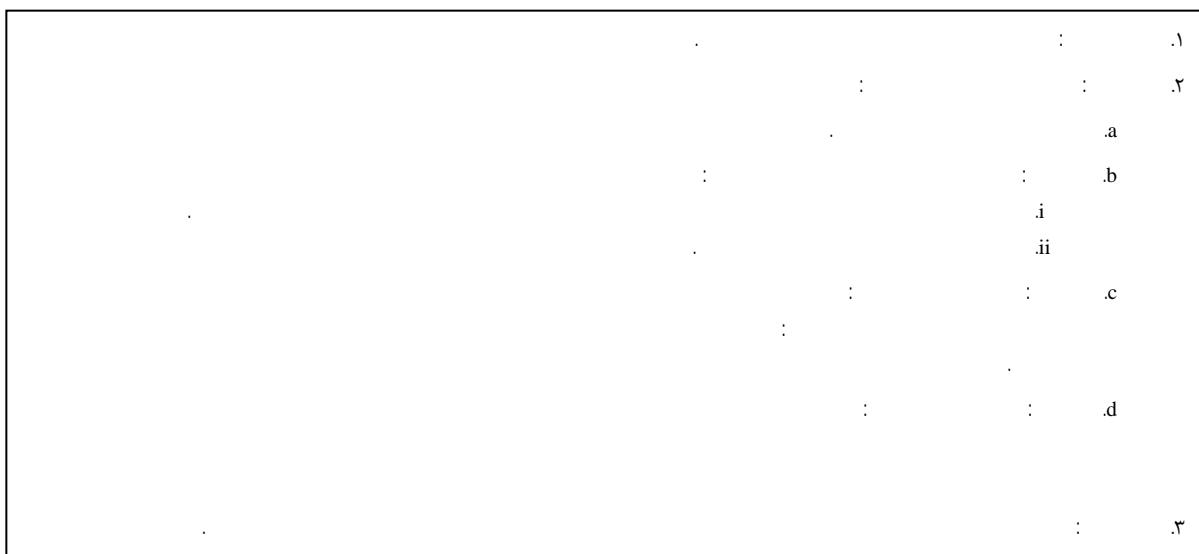
[]

LACO : (LACO)

1/r i i i
 r
 LACO

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LACO



LACO : ()

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ALACO : (ALACO)

LACO

LACO

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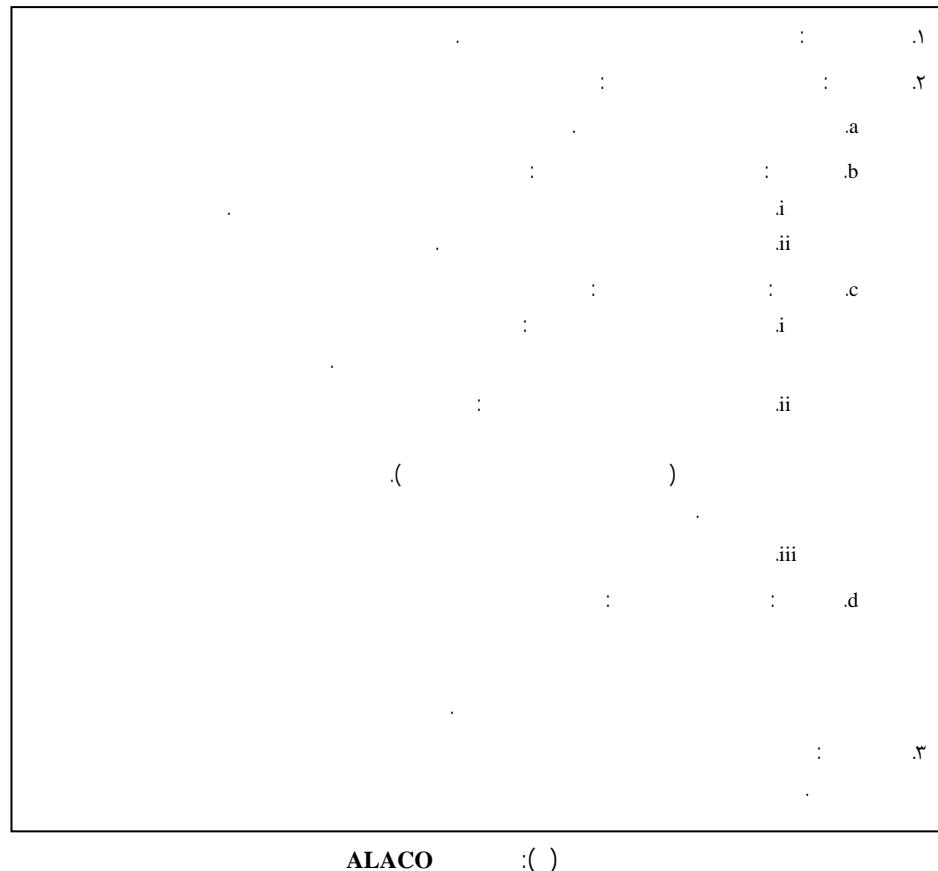
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ALACO



ALACO
() ALACO



[11] GridSim

()
a = b = 0.01 L_{RP}
:()

(G\$/1000MI)	(G\$/sec)	(MI/sec)	
			R1
			R2
			R3
			R4
			R5
			R6
			R7
			R8



ALACO LACO [] AEBCO EBCO ABCO BCO

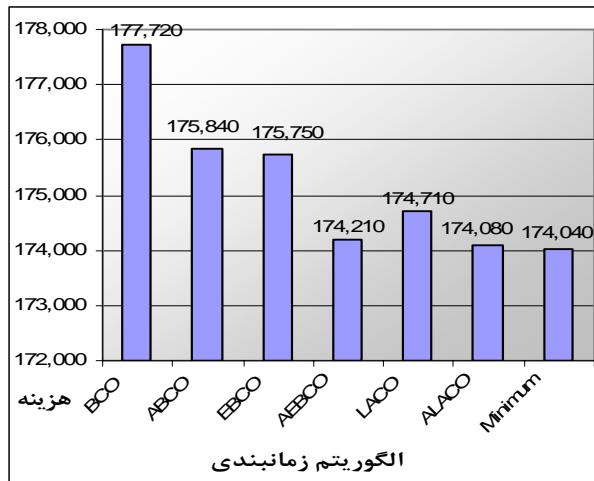
ALACO

(,)

(AEBCO)

ALACO

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GridSim

(ALACO)

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¹ Computational Grids

² Heterogeneous

³ Workstations

⁴ Commodity Market Model

⁵ Deadline

⁶ Heuristic

⁷ Learning Automata Cost Optimization

⁸ Advanced Learning Automata Cost Optimization

⁹ Finite State Machine

¹⁰ Variable structure

¹¹ Linear reward penalty

¹² Linear reward epsilon penalty

¹³ Linear reward inaction

¹⁴ Million Instruction

¹⁵ Homogeneous

¹⁶ Resource Discovery

¹⁷ Resource Trading

¹⁸ Admission Control

¹⁹ Dispatching

