# LOGICAL RELATIONAL MODEL

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Introduction

Please note that the content of this document may be changed throughout the project's

development.

**Project Overview** 

The purpose of this database is to manage, track, and generate various reports of the operations

and inventory of a small library.

Scope

From our original project plan:

"This project encompasses the end-to-end creation of a relational database system

tailored for a small library. Specifically, it includes analyzing library requirements,

designing data models, implementing the schema in a DBMS, and setting up the rules for

borrowing and membership management. The database will track a variety of loanable

items, enforce borrowing restrictions, and provide meaningful reports to support library

operations."

Glossary

DBMS: Database Management System

- SQL: Structured Query Language

PK: Primary Key

FK: Foreign Key

IDE: Integrated Development Environment

ER: Entity-Relationship

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# Relational Schema Mapping Identified Relations and Attributes

Relation Name: Media Item

Attributes: media id, title, author id, isbn, publication year, genre, availability

**Relation Name:** Media\_Type **Attributes:** media type id, name

Relation Name: Genre Attributes: genre\_id, name

**Relation Name:** Author

Attributes: author id, first name, last name

Relation Name: User

Attributes: user id, first name, last name, email, phone, is staff, membership type, account status id

Relation Name: Account Status

Attributes: account status id, name, description

Relation Name: Fee

Attributes: fee id, user id, date issued, amount, fee status id

**Relation Name:** Fee\_Status **Attributes:** name, description

Relation Name: Transaction

Attributes: transaction\_id, media\_id, user\_id, checkout\_date, due\_date, return\_date

Relation Name: Membership Type

Attributes: membership type id, name, description, borrowing limit

#### **Defined Domains**

For the domains of the relational schema mapping, please refer to the data dictionary.

#### Primary Keys

Relation	Primary Key(s)
Media_Item	media_id
Author	author_id
User	user_id
Fee	fee_id

Transaction	transaction_id
Fee_Status	fee_status_id
Genre	genre_id
Media_Type	media_type_id
Membership_Type	membership_type_id
Account_Status	account_status_id

## Foreign Keys

Relation	Foreign Key(s)	References
Media_Item	author_id, genre_id,	Author(author_id),
	media_type_id	Genre(genre_id),
		Media Type(media type id)
Fee	user_id, fee_status_id	User(user_id),
		Fee Status(fee status id)
Transaction	media_id, user_id	Media_Item(media_id),
		User(user id)
User	membership_type_id,	Membership_Type(membersh
	account_status_id	ip_type_id),
		Account_Status(account_stat
		us_id)

#### **Functional Dependencies**

#### Media\_Item:

- media\_id o title, author\_id, isbn, publication\_year, genre\_id, availability, media\_type\_id
- isbn → title, author id, publication year, genre id, media type id

#### Media\_Type:

• media\_type\_id → name

#### Genre:

• genre\_id  $\rightarrow$  name

#### **Author:**

• author\_id → first\_name, last\_name

#### User:

user\_id 

first\_name, last\_name, email, phone, is\_staff, membership\_type\_id, account\_status\_id

email → user\_id, first\_name, last\_name, phone, is\_staff, membership\_type\_id, account status id

#### Membership\_Type:

• membership\_type\_id → name, description, borrowing\_limit

#### Account\_Status:

• account\_status\_id → name, description

#### Fee:

- fee id  $\rightarrow$  user id, date issued, amount, active
- user\_id, date\_issued → fee\_id, amount, active

#### Fee Status:

• fee status id  $\rightarrow$  name, description

#### **Transaction:**

- transaction id → user id, media id, checkout date, due date, return date
- user\_id, media\_id, checkout\_date → transaction\_id, due\_date, return\_date

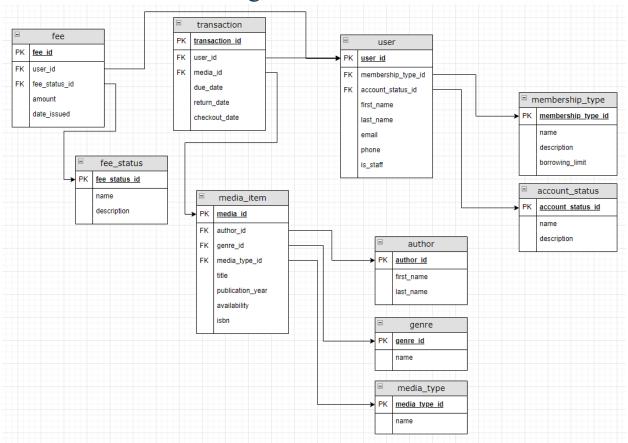
#### Membership\_Type:

• membership type id → name, description, borrowing limit

#### Account\_Status:

• account status → name, description

# Relational Schema Diagram



# Schema Documentation Data Dictionary

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description	Domain/Range
media_id	INT	Media id is given to distinguish media into different types such as books, magazines, or others.	Min: 1 Max: N/A
title	NVARCHAR(255)	Title of the media	Min: 1 character Max: 255 characters
author_id	INT	Author id of a specific media	Min: 1 Max: N/A

isbn	NVARCHAR(13)	The isbn number given to media	As per ISBN-13, each must start with either 978 or 979. Min: 9780000000001 Max: 9799999999999
publication_year	DATE	Year that media was published	Min: 0001-01-01 00:00:00.000000 Max: 9999-12-31 23:59:59.999999
genre_id	INT	A number is given to a piece of media that matches to a specific genre	Min: 1 Max: N/A
availability	BIT	To show if a piece of media is available for checkout	Min: 0 Max: 1
first_name	NVARCHAR(100)	First name of a person (user, author)	Min: 1 character Max: 100 characters
last_name	NVARCHAR(100)	Last name of a person (user, author)	Min: 1 character Max: 100 characters
user_id	INT	Specific id given to a user	Min: 1 Max: N/A
is_staff	BIT	Shows if a user is a staff member or not	Min: 0 Max: 1
email	NVARCHAR(320)	Email of user	Must be in a valid email address format. Min: N/A Max: 320 characters

phone	NVARCHAR(10)	Phone number of user	Must be a valid phone number format. Only digits. Min: 10 digits Max: 10 digits
membership_type_id	INT	An id that determines membership type of a user	Min: 1 Max: N/A
borrowing_limit	INT	The maximum amount of books a user with the associated membership can check out	Min: 0 Max: 50
account_status_id	INT	An id that determines the status of an account	Min: 1 Max: N/A
status_name	NVARCHAR(50)	The textual/readable name of the associated account status	Min: 1 character Max: 50 characters
media_type_id	INT	The ID of the associated media type	Min: 1 Max: N/A
name	NVARCHAR(50)	The textual/readable format of the given identity (fee_status, account_status, genre, media_type, membership_type)	Min: 1 character Max: 50 characters
description	NVARCHAR(300)	Describes the purpose of the associated identity (fee_status, account_status, membership_type)	Min: 0 characters Max: 300 characters
fee_id	INT	Id to what type of fee for a user	Min: 1 Max: N/A
date_issued	DATETIME	Date of when fee was issued	Min: 0001-01-01 00:00:00.000000 Max: 9999-12-31 23:59:59.999999

amount	DECIMAL(10,2)	Fee amount that was issued	Min: 0.00 Max: 999999999999
fee_status_id	INT	The ID of the associated fee status	Min: 1 Max: N/A
transaction_id	INT	Id for any transaction that is made	Min: 1 Max: N/A
checkout_date	DATETIME	Date when media was checked out	Min: 0001-01-01 00:00:00.000000 Max: 9999-12-31 23:59:59.999999
due_date	DATETIME	Date the piece of media is due to be returned	Min: 0001-01-01 00:00:00.000000 Max: 9999-12-31 23:59:59.999999
return_date	DATETIME	Date of when checked out media was returned	Min: 0001-01-01 00:00:00.000000 Max: 9999-12-31 23:59:59.999999

### **Normalization Considerations**

The team has considered normalization for 3NF and have observed the following:

- We originally planned to have specific attributes as enums to make the system more modular. However, this might not entirely be in SQL, so we created tables and associated IDs instead of enums.

# Appendices

N/A